

REPORT

OF SPECIAL SURVEY
ON EFFECTS OF
COVID-19 ON
COMPANIES AND
BUSINESS FIRMS
(ROUND 1)















SURVEY HIGHLIGHT

This report provides summary findings of the Special Survey pertaining Effects of Covid-19 on Companies and Business Firms (Round 1) which has been conducted online by the Department of Statistics, Malaysia from 10th April – 1st May 2020.

A total of 4,094 companies / business firms has participated in this survey. Information collected through this survey is subject to the provisions of the Statistics Act 1965 (Revised-1989) where the information received is CONFIDENTIAL and is used only for statistical purposes.

The findings of the study will be used as input to the Government of Malaysia to measure the impact of COVID-19 on the economy and companies / business firms in Malaysia.

DISCLAIMER

The presented analysis are based on respondents who participated in this survey and cannot be generalised to represent the views of all Malaysians. It should be interpreted with caution to assess the impact of Covid-19 in Malaysia and not as official statistics. However, it can be used to support in reflecting the current situation. DOSM is not responsible for any implications of using the statistics

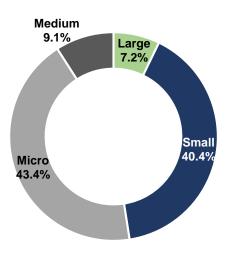
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RESPONDENT PROFILE

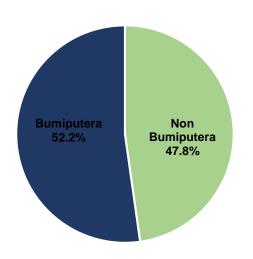
Exhibit 1: Companies / Business Firms by Company Categories



Micro sized companies / firms were the highest respondents in the survey at 43.4 per cent, followed by small sized companies / business firms (40.4%) while medium and large sized companies / business firms with only 9.1 per cent and 7.2 per cent respectively.

52.2 per cent of the respondents involved in this survey were Bumiputera companies / businesses while **47.8 per cent** were Non Bumiputera.

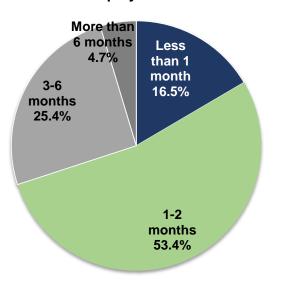
Exhibit 2: Companies / Business Firms by Bumiputera Status





IMPACT ON COMPANIES / BUSINESS FIRMS

Exhibit 3: Companies / Business Firms Survival Period if Providing Full Paid / Half Paid Leave to Employees

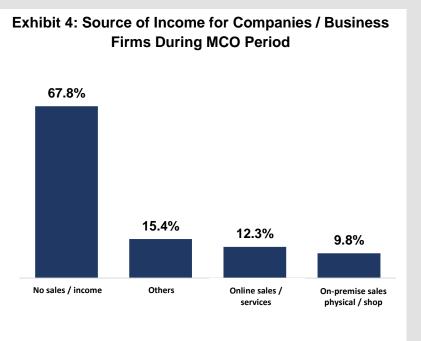


53.4 per cent of companies / business firms **can only survive for 1 to 2 months** if they continue to provide full paid / half paid leave to employees.

25.4 per cent could last between 3 and 6 months while 16.5 per cent lasted less than 1 month.

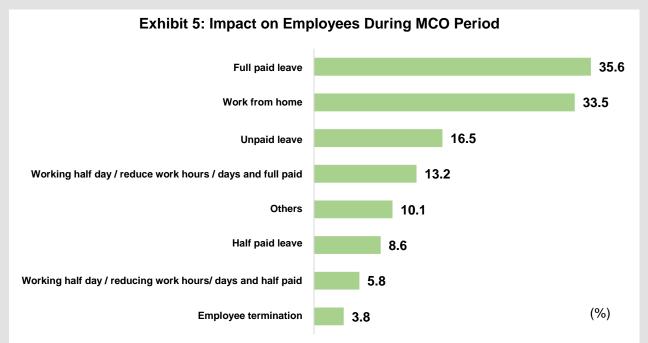
Only **4.7 per cent** of companies / business firms **could survive more than 6 months**.

67.8 per cent of companies / business firms informed they had no source of income during the MCO period. While 12.3 per cent of companies / business firms earned revenue through online sales / services and 9.8 per cent on-premise sales physical / shop



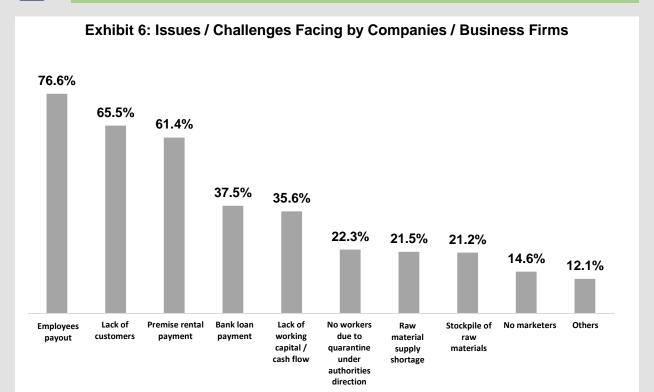


IMPACT ON COMPANIES / BUSINESS FIRMS



Out of the 4,094 companies / business firms, **35.6 per cent** of companies / business firms stated that they provided **full paid leave to employees during the MCO period**. **33.5 per cent** of companies / business firms had opted **work from home** approach. Meanwhile, **16.5 per cent** of companies gave employees **unpaid leave** during the MCO period.





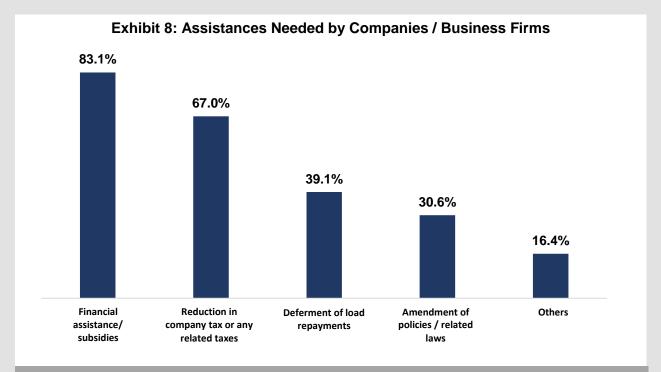
Employees payout dominates the issues / challenges faced by companies / business firms by **76.6 per cent**. This was followed by a **65.5 per cent with lack of customers** during the MCO period.

88.8 per cent of Private Limited **Companies** faced issues / challenges employees payout, lack followed by of customers (63.2%). On the other hand, Sole Proprietorship stated that the main challenge was the lack of customers at **70.7 per cent** followed by employees payout (62.5%)

Exhibit 7: Issues / Challeges Facing by Companies / Business Firms Outbreak by Types of Business Entity

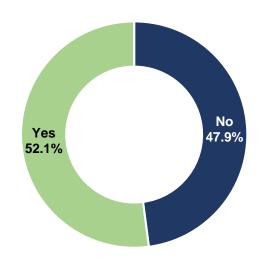
Legal Entity	Employees payout	Lack of customers	Premise rental payment
Overall	76.6%	65.5%	61.4%
Sole Proprietorship	62.5%	70.7%	60.5%
Partnership	76.5%	68.8%	68.4%
Private Limited Company	88.8%	63.2%	63.5%





83.1 per cent of companies / business firms required **financial assistance / subsidies from the Government**. This was followed by **reduction in company tax or any related taxes (67.0%)**. **39.1 per cent** indicated they **needed deferment of loan repayments** and **amendment of policies / related laws (30.6%)**.



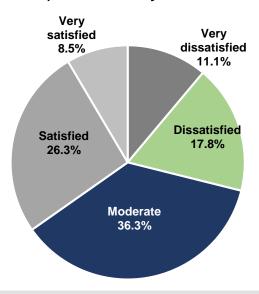


52.1 4,094 per cent of respondents informed the announcement of the Prihatin **Stimulus** Rakyat **Economic** (PRIHATIN) Package reduce the burden of companies / business firms while 47.9 per cent said it could not reduce the burden of companies / business.



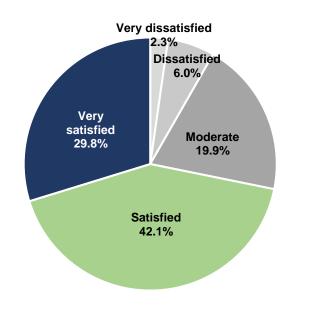
Overall, 36.3 per cent of companies/ business firms stated the process for getting assistances / incentives (such as workers' subsidies) announced by the government was moderate, while 26.3 per cent said they were satisfied and 17.8 per cent dissatisfied.

Exhibit 10: Experience of Companies / Business Firms in Getting Assistances / Incentives from *Prihatin Rakyat* Economic Stimulus Package (PRIHATIN) Announced by the Government

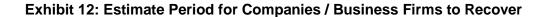


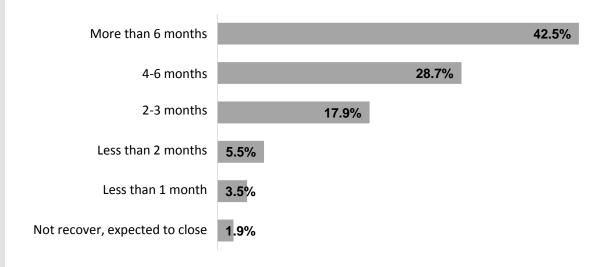
At least 71.9 per cent of companies / business firms were satisfied with the government in handling COVID-19. Only 8.3 per cent dissatisfied with the way the government handled COVID-19.

Exhibit 11: Perception of Companies / Business Firms Towards the Government in Handling Covid-19









42.5 per cent of respondents estimated that it would take more than 6 months for their companies/business firms to recover and back to business as usual. Meanwhile, **28.7** per cent of respondents estimated they require **4-6** months. In contrast, **1.9** per cent of respondents said companies/business firms would not recover and expected to close down their businesses.

It was found that **68.9 per cent** of companies / business firms' operating costs or working capital during the MCO period were from savings. Meanwhile, **19.8 per cent through loans** and **11.3 per cent were capital injections**.

Exhibit 13: Source of Companies / Business Firms in Accommodating Operating Costs or Working Capital During MCO Period

