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JABATAN PERDANA MENTERI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA

PRESTASI EKONOMI MALAYSIA PADA SUKU TAHUN KETIGA 2022

Ekonomi Malaysia terus mengukuh 14.2 peratus bagi suku ketiga 2022

PUTRAJAYA, 11 November 2022 - Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) telah menerbitkan Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) bagi suku tahun ketiga 2022 hari ini. Malaysia ekonomi terus berkembang 14.2 peratus berbanding 8.9 peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2022 disebabkan oleh asas ekonomi yang lebih rendah pada suku tahun ketiga. Ketua Perangkawan menjelaskan, "Kerancakan semula aktiviti ekonomi & sosial serta peningkatan jumlah ketibaan pelancong hasil daripada pembukaan semula sempadan antarabangsa, membawa kepada pertumbuhan kukuh. Justeru, ini juga merupakan salah satu faktor yang menyumbang kepada rangsangan dalam pemulihan sektor berkaitan pelancongan."

Bagi suku tahun ke suku tahun terma pelarasan musim, ekonomi bertumbuh kepada 1.9 peratus (ST2 2022: 3.5%). Tambahan pula, prestasi ekonomi bulanan mengukuh kepada 15.8 peratus pada Julai, diikuti Ogos pada 15.3 peratus dan menyederhana kepada 11.6 peratus pada September 2022. Secara keseluruhan, ekonomi mencatatkan pertumbuhan 9.3 peratus (ST3 2021: 2.9%) bagi tiga suku tahun pertama 2022.

Pertumbuhan pada suku ketiga 2022 disumbangkan oleh kedua-dua sektor Perkhidmatan dan Pembuatan yang menyumbang 82.0 peratus daripada KDNK Malaysia. Disamping itu, sektor Perkhidmatan dan Pembuatan telah melepassi paras pra-pandemik suku tahun ketiga 2019 masing-masing 6.6 peratus dan 15.9 peratus. Namun begitu, beberapa aktiviti dalam sektor Perkhidmatan iaitu Makanan & minuman, Penginapan, Hartanah dan Perkhidmatan perniagaan kekal di bawah paras pra-pandemik. Begitu juga sektor Perlombongan & pengkuarian, Pembinaan dan Pertanian masih di bawah paras pra-pandemik pada suku tahun ketiga 2019.

Menurut Ketua Perangkawan, "Semua sektor ekonomi mencatatkan pertumbuhan positif pada suku ketiga 2022. Sektor **Perkhidmatan** sebagai pemacu utama terus meningkat sebanyak 16.7 peratus berbanding 12.0 peratus pada suku kedua 2022. Semua subsektor mencatatkan pertumbuhan positif terutamanya dalam subsektor

Perdagangan borong & runcit; Pengangkutan & penyimpanan dan Makanan & minuman dan penginapan yang merekodkan pertumbuhan dua digit pada suku tahun ini. Perkembangan yang kukuh juga dapat dilihat pada subsektor Perkhidmatan perniagaan dan Hartanah. Bagi terma pelarasan musim, sektor ini bertumbuh 1.3 peratus berbanding 4.2 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya.”

Sektor **Pembuatan** terus berkembang kepada 13.2 peratus berbanding 9.2 peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2022. Prestasi memberangsangkan didorong oleh subsektor Produk elektrik, elektronik & optikal yang terus meningkat kepada 17.3 peratus, diikuti oleh Peralatan pengangkutan, pembuatan lain & pembaikan (36.9%) dan Produk mineral bukan logam, logam asas & produk logam yang direka (13.4%). Pada masa yang sama, subsektor Petroleum, kimia, getah & produk plastik kembali pulih kepada 4.1 peratus (ST2 2022:-0.9%) pada suku tahun ini. Bagi terma pelarasan musim, sektor Pembuatan bertumbuh 1.8 peratus (ST2 2022: 2.6%).

Sektor **Perlombongan dan pengkuarian** pulih kepada 9.2 peratus (ST2 2022: -0.5%) pada suku ketiga 2022. Pertumbuhan itu disokong oleh prestasi kukuh dalam kesemua subsektor terutamanya Gas asli (13.6%), diikuti oleh Minyak mentah & kondensat (2.5%). Bagi terma pelarasan musim, sektor ini meningkat 7.5 peratus berbanding 0.3 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya.

Ketua Perangkawan menjelaskan bahawa sektor **Pembinaan** berkembang kepada 15.3 peratus daripada 2.4 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Prestasi ini dipacu oleh Bangunan bukan kediaman dan Aktiviti pembinaan pertukangan khas yang masing-masing berkembang kepada 30.5 peratus dan 13.7 peratus. Selain itu, sektor **Pertanian** memulih kepada 1.2 peratus daripada penurunan 2.4 peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2022. Pertumbuhan ini disokong oleh subsektor Kelapa sawit (5.1%), Perikanan (3.8%) dan Penternakan (2.5%). Bagi terma pelarasan musim, kedua-dua sektor Pembinaan dan Pertanian masing-masing meningkat sebanyak 0.8 peratus dan 2.5 peratus.

Beliau juga menambah, kesemua komponen perbelanjaan mencatatkan pertumbuhan positif pada suku tahun ketiga 2022 disokong oleh Perbelanjaan penggunaan akhir swasta dan Pembentukan modal tetap kasar.

Perbelanjaan penggunaan akhir swasta yang menyumbang 61.5 peratus daripada KDNK pada suku tahun ketiga 2022 mencatatkan pertumbuhan kukuh sebanyak 15.1 peratus (ST2 2022: 18.3%) disokong oleh penggunaan yang lebih tinggi dalam Pengangkutan, Restoran & hotel dan Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan. Penggunaan Pengangkutan disumbangkan oleh Bahan api & pelincir untuk peralatan pengangkutan peribadi dan pembelian Kenderaan bermotor oleh isi rumah. Bagi terma pelarasan musim, prestasi keseluruhan Perbelanjaan penggunaan akhir swasta menguncup 1.2 peratus (ST2 2022: 6.8%).

Pembentukan modal tetap kasar (PMTK) meningkat 13.1 peratus (ST2 2022: 5.8%). Pertumbuhan kukuh ini diterajui oleh kesemua jenis aset pada suku tahun ini. Kedua-dua sektor Swasta dan Awam masing-masing mencatatkan pertumbuhan dua digit sebanyak 13.2 peratus dan 13.1 peratus. Bagi terma pelarasaran musim, PMTK bertumbuh 2.0 peratus (ST2 2022: 1.3%). Pemulihan berterusan dalam PMTK menggalakkan peningkatan kapasiti dalam ekonomi dan seterusnya meningkatkan potensi output dalam jangka masa panjang.

Perbelanjaan penggunaan akhir kerajaan bertumbuh 4.5 peratus (ST2 2022: 2.6%) yang disumbangkan oleh peningkatan dalam bekalan dan perkhidmatan pada suku tahun ini. Selain itu, sektor ini memulih kepada 4.3 peratus (ST2 2022: -3.1%) bagi terma pelarasaran musim.

Kedua-dua **Eksport** dan **Import** masing-masing meningkat kepada 23.9 peratus (ST2 2022: 10.4%) dan 24.4 peratus (ST2 2022: 14.0%) berikutan dagangan barang dan perkhidmatan yang lebih tinggi. Lanjutnya, **Eksport bersih** kembali pulih kepada 18.7 peratus berbanding penurunan 28.7 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya.

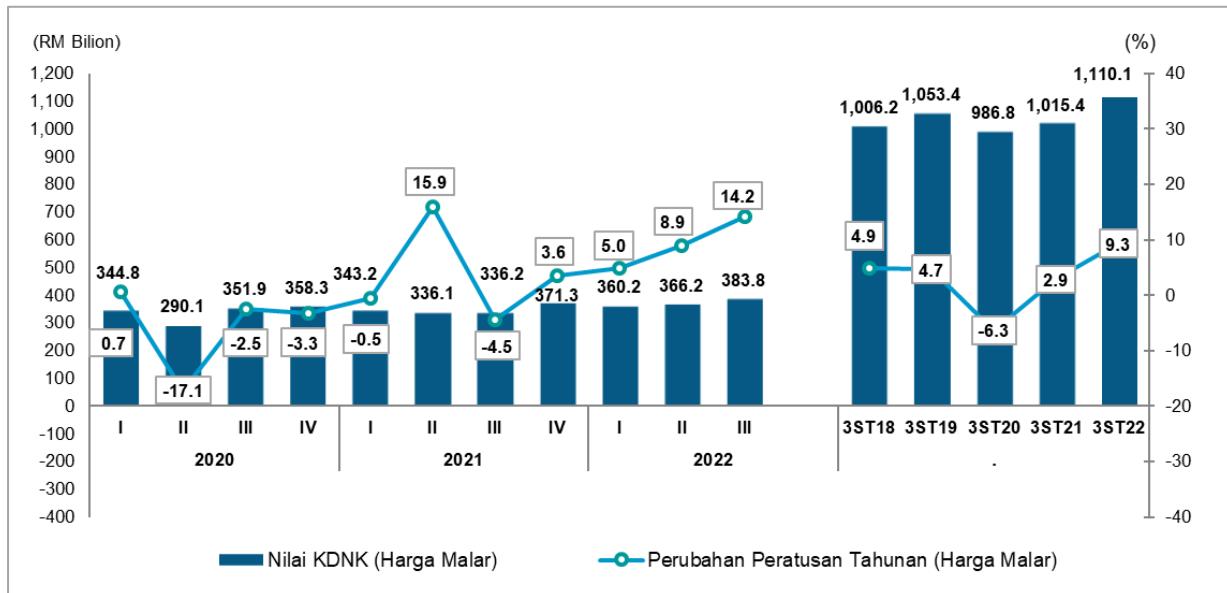
Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang menjalankan Survei Pendapatan, Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah dan Kemudahan Asas (HIES/BA) 2022 bermula dari 1 Januari 2022 sehingga 31 Disember 2022 dan Survei Ekonomi Tahunan 2022 (AES 2022) bermula 15 April sehingga 30 September 2022. DOSM amat menghargai kerjasama daripada responden yang terpilih untuk memberikan maklumat kepada DOSM serta menjayakan survei ini. Sila layari www.dosm.gov.my untuk maklumat lanjut.

DOSM juga menerbitkan statistik ekonomi dan sosial iaitu PocketStats yang mengandungi statistik suku tahunan dan tahunan yang boleh diperoleh dari portal DOSM atau melalui pautan https://bit.ly/PocketStats_2022.

Dikeluarkan oleh:

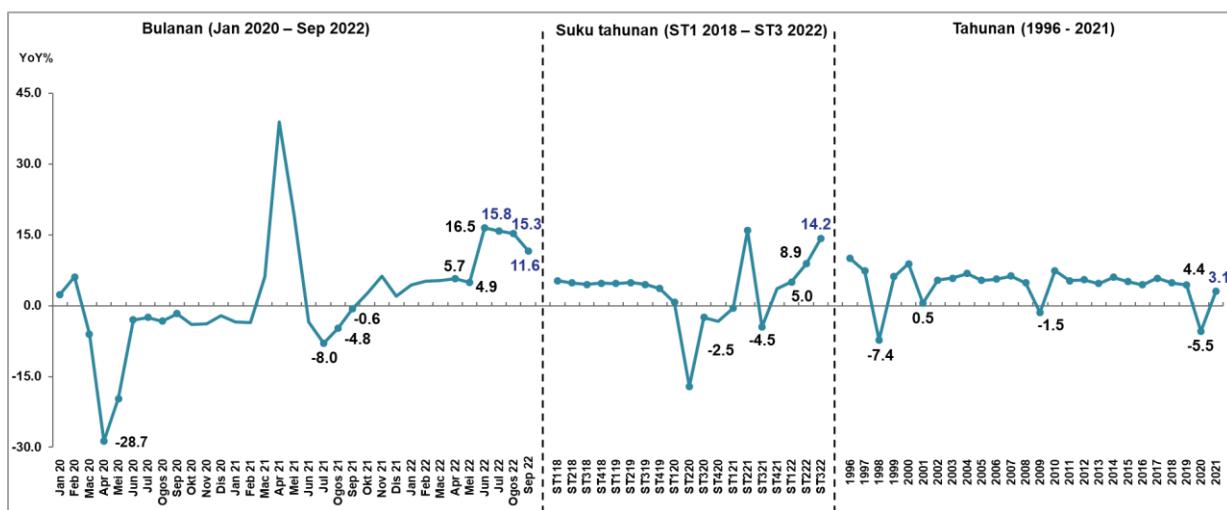
**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
11 NOVEMBER 2022**

Carta 1: Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) pada Harga Malar 2015, ST1 2020 – ST3 2022 dan 3ST 2018- 3ST 2022



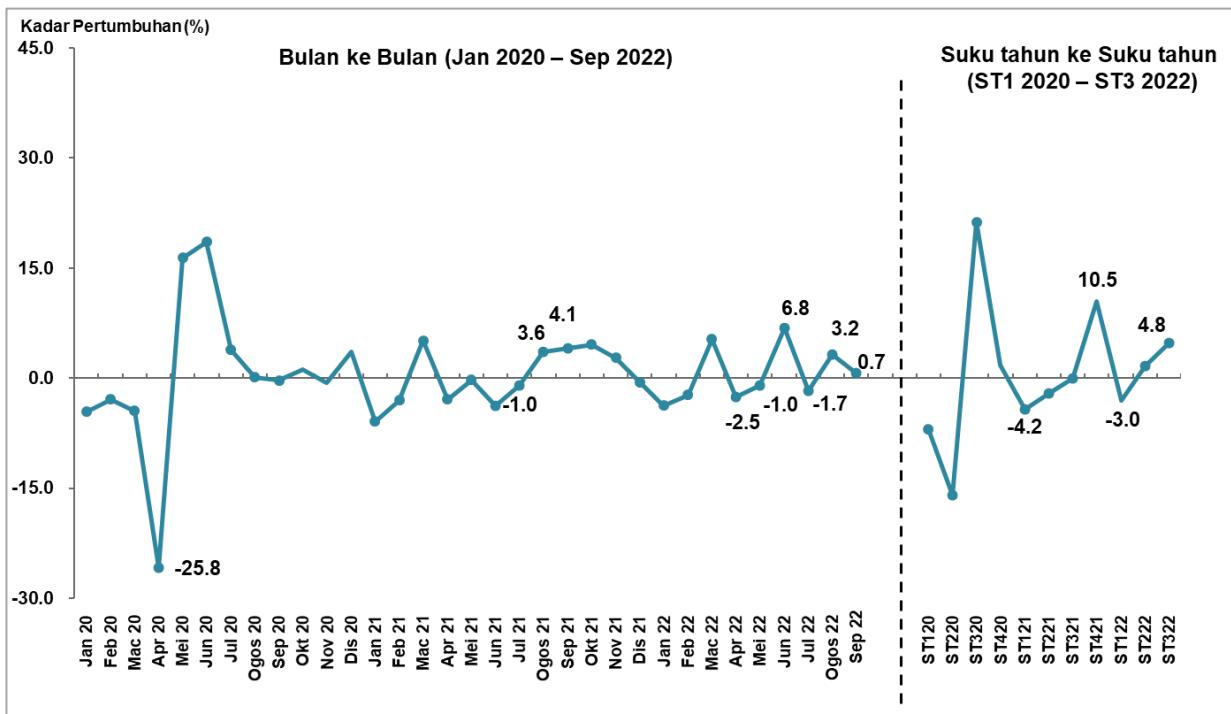
Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 2: Pertumbuhan KDNK Bulanan, Suku Tahunan dan Tahunan pada Harga Malar 2015



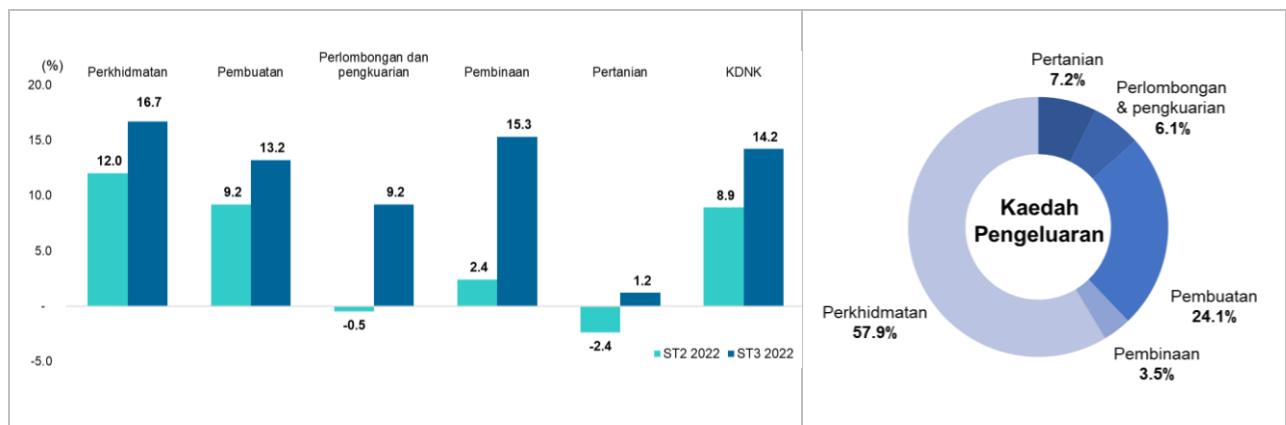
Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 3: Pertumbuhan KDNK Bulanan dan Suku Tahunan pada Harga Malar 2015



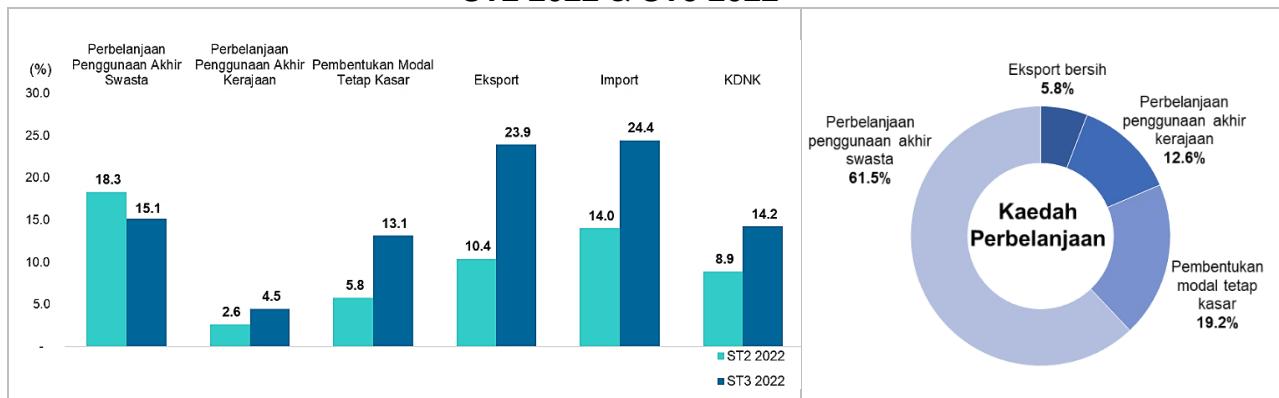
Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 4: Pertumbuhan KDNK Suku Tahunan mengikut Jenis Aktiviti Ekonomi, ST2 2022 & ST3 2022



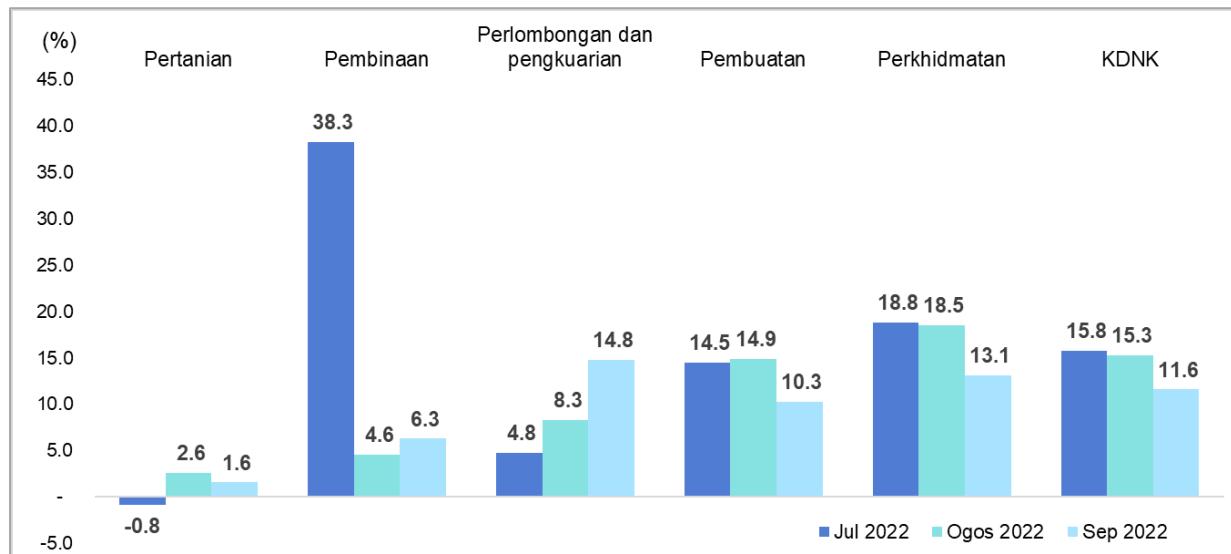
Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 5: Pertumbuhan KDNK Suku Tahunan mengikut Jenis Perbelanjaan, ST2 2022 & ST3 2022



Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 6: Pertumbuhan KDNK Bulanan Mengikut Jenis Aktiviti Ekonomi, Jul 2022 – Sep 2022



Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 7: KDNK Pelarasan Musim (Perubahan Peratusan dari Suku Tahun Sebelumnya), ST3 2015 – ST3 2022



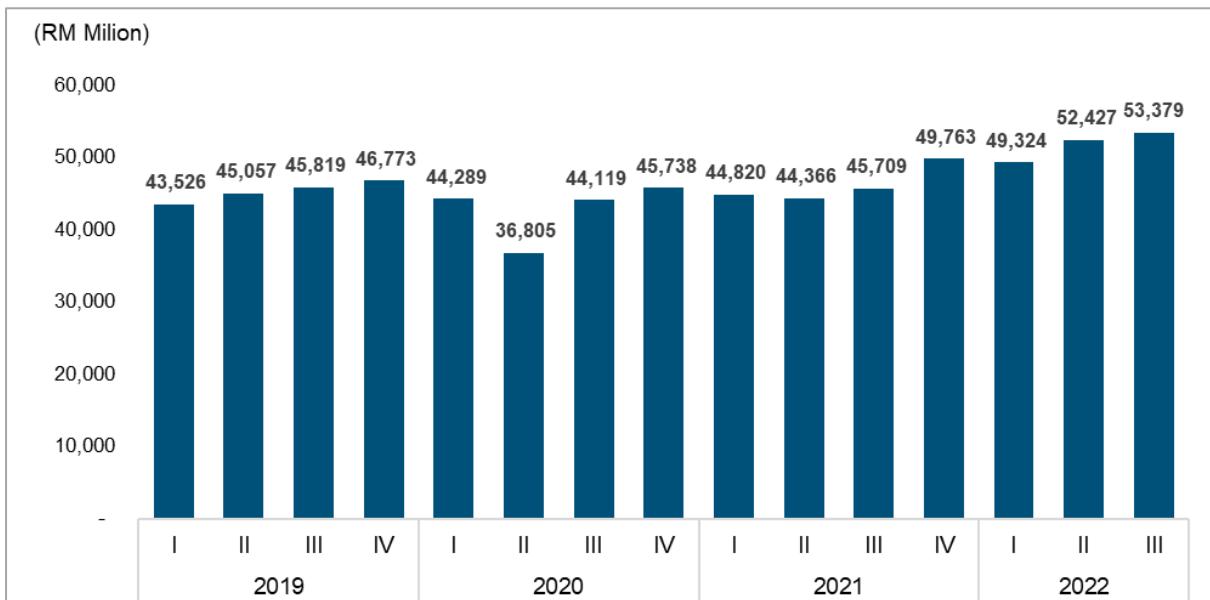
Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 8: Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) Nominal, ST1 2020 – ST3 2022 dan 3ST 2018 – 3ST 2022



Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Carta 9: Pendapatan Negara Kasar (PNK) Per Kapita, ST1 2019 – ST3 2022



Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Embargo: Only to be published or disseminated at 1200 hours, Friday, 11th November 2022



PRIME MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT

MALAYSIA ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE THIRD QUARTER OF 2022

Malaysia's economy continued to strengthen by 14.2 per cent for the third quarter of 2022

PUTRAJAYA, 11 November 2022 - The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) released the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) today for the third quarter of 2022. Malaysia's economy continued to expand by 14.2 per cent as compared to 8.9 per cent in the second quarter of 2022, reflected by the lower base in the third quarter of the previous year. Chief Statistician explained, "The resumption of economic and social activities as well as the increase in the number of tourist arrivals resulting from the reopening of international borders, led to the strong growth. Hence, this is also one of the factors that contributes to the boost in the recovery of the tourism-related sector."

On a quarter-on-quarter seasonally adjusted basis, the economy grew by 1.9 per cent (Q2 2022: 3.5%). Moreover, the monthly economic performance strengthened to 15.8 per cent in July, followed by August at 15.3 per cent and moderated to 11.6 per cent in September 2022. Overall, the economy posted a growth of 9.3 per cent (3Q 2021: 2.9%) for the first three quarters of 2022.

The growth in the third quarter of 2022 was attributed by both the Services and Manufacturing sectors which contributed 82.0 per cent of Malaysia's GDP. In addition, the Services and Manufacturing sectors have surpassed the pre-pandemic level of the third quarter of 2019 by 6.6 per cent and 15.9 per cent, respectively. Nevertheless, several activities in the Services sector namely Food & beverage, Accommodation, Real estate and Business services remained below their pre-pandemic levels. Likewise, the Mining & quarrying, Construction and Agriculture sectors were still below the pre-pandemic level in the third quarter of 2019.

According to Chief Statistician, "All sectors of the economy registered positive growth during the third quarter of 2022. The **Services** sector as the main driver has further increased by 16.7 per cent as compared to 12.0 per cent in the second quarter of 2022. All sub-sectors registered positive growth, particularly in Wholesale & retail trade; Transport & storage and Food & beverage and accommodation sub-sectors, which

recorded double-digit growth in this quarter. The strong expansion was also seen in the Business services and Real estate sub-sectors. In terms of seasonally adjusted, this sector grew 1.3 per cent as compared to 4.2 per cent in the preceding quarter.”

The **Manufacturing** sector accelerated to 13.2 per cent as compared to 9.2 per cent in the second quarter of 2022. The favourable performance was propelled by Electrical, electronic & optical products, which picked up further to 17.3 per cent, followed by Transport equipment, other manufacturing & repair (36.9%) and Non-metallic mineral products, basic metal & fabricated metal products (13.4%) sub-sectors. Concurrently, Petroleum, chemicals, rubber & plastics products sub-sectors turned around to 4.1 per cent (Q2 2022: -0.9%) in this quarter. In terms of seasonally adjusted, the Manufacturing sector grew 1.8 per cent (Q2 2022: 2.6%).

The **Mining and quarrying** sector rebounded 9.2 per cent (Q2 2022: -0.5%) in the third quarter of 2022. The growth was supported by the robust performance in all sub-sectors, mainly from Natural gas (13.6%) followed by Crude oil & condensate (2.5%). In terms of seasonally adjusted, this sector rose 7.5 per cent as compared to 0.3 per cent in the previous quarter.

Chief Statistician mentioned that the **Construction** sector expanded to 15.3 per cent from 2.4 per cent in the preceding quarter. The performance was driven by Non-residential buildings and Specialised construction activities, which expanded to 30.5 per cent and 13.7 per cent, respectively. Besides that, the **Agriculture** sector turned around to 1.2 per cent from a decline of 2.4 per cent in the second quarter of 2022. The growth was underpinned by the Oil palm (5.1%), Fishing (3.8%) and Livestock (2.5%) sub-sectors. In terms of seasonally adjusted, both the Construction and Agriculture sectors grew by 0.8 per cent and 2.5 per cent, respectively.

He also added that all components of expenditure registered positive growth in the third quarter of 2022, fuelled by Private final consumption expenditure and Gross fixed capital formation.

Private final consumption expenditure which constituted 61.5 per cent of GDP in the third quarter of 2022 registered a sturdy growth of 15.1 per cent (Q2 2022: 18.3%), backed by higher consumption in the Transport, Restaurants & hotels and Recreation services & culture. The consumption of Transport was contributed by Fuels & lubricant for personal transport equipment and purchasing of Motor vehicles by households. In terms of seasonally adjusted, the overall performance of Private final consumption expenditure contracted 1.2 per cent (Q2 2022: 6.8%).

Gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) increased 13.1 per cent (Q2 2022: 5.8%). The robust growth was led by all types of assets in this quarter. Both Private and Public sectors registered double digit growth of 13.2 per cent and 13.1 per cent, respectively. In terms of seasonally adjusted, GFCF grew 2.0 per cent (Q2 2022: 1.3%). The gradual recovery of the GFCF encouraged a higher economic capacity, thus increasing potential output in the long run.

Government final consumption expenditure grew 4.5 per cent (Q2 2022: 2.6%), which was attributed to the expansion in supplies and services in this quarter. Moreover, this sector rebounded to 4.3 per cent (Q2 2022: -3.1%) in terms of seasonally adjusted.

Both **Exports** and **Imports** accelerated to 23.9 per cent (Q2 2022: 10.4%) and 24.4 per cent (Q2 2022: 14.0%), respectively, following the higher trade of goods and services. Consequently, **Net exports** turned around to 18.7 per cent as compared to a decrease of 28.7 per cent in the preceding quarter.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the Household Income, Expenditure and Basic Amenities Survey (HIES/BA) 2022 from 1st January 2022 to 31st December 2022 and the Annual Economic Survey 2022 (AES 2022) from 15th April 2022 to 30th September 2022. DOSM greatly appreciates the cooperation given by selected respondents by sharing their information with DOSM and making the survey a success. Please visit www.dosm.gov.my for more information.

DOSM also released economic and social statistics, namely *PocketStats* which contain quarterly and annual statistics that can be obtained from the DOSM portal or via the link [https://bit.ly/PocketStats 2022](https://bit.ly/PocketStats_2022).

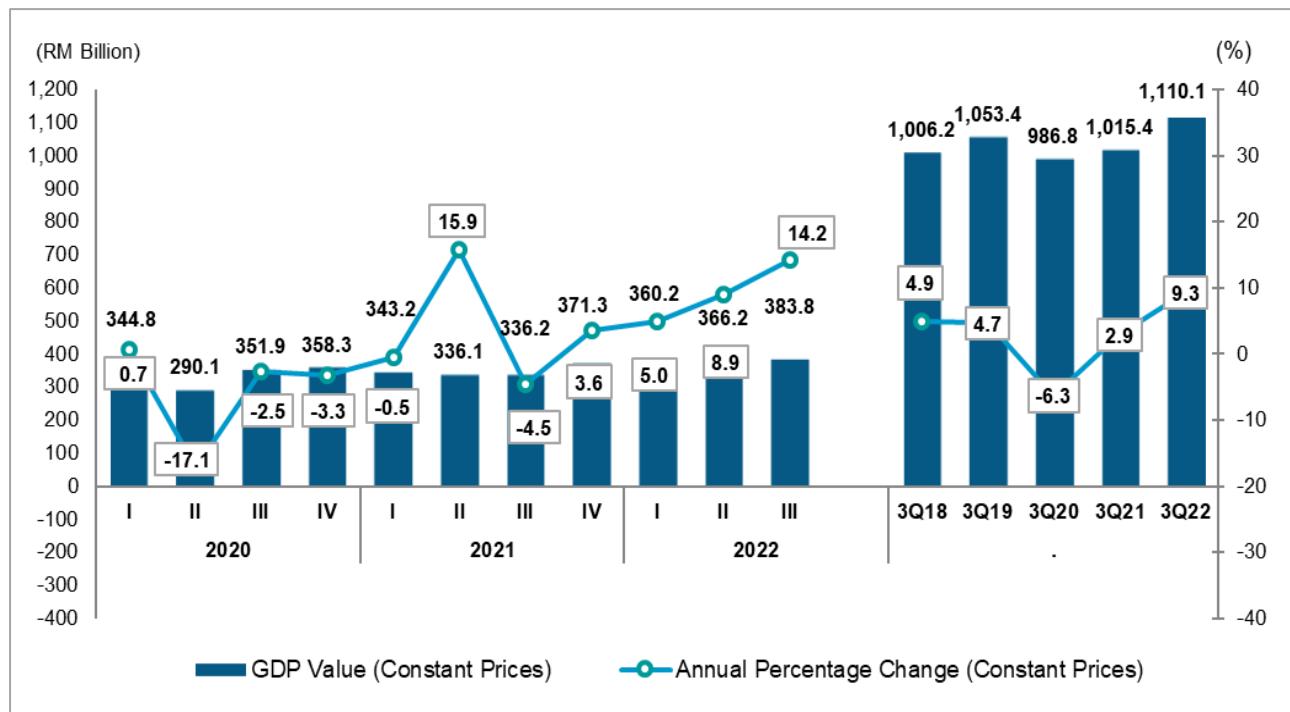
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DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, MALAYSIA

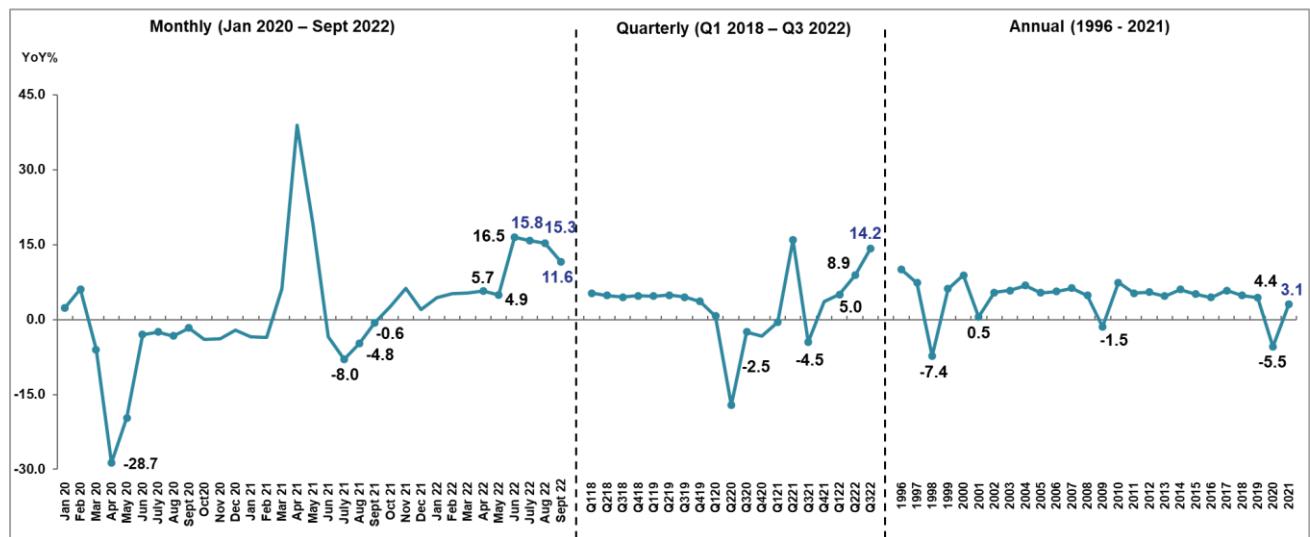
11 NOVEMBER 2022

**Chart 1: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Constant 2015 Prices,
Q1 2020- Q3 2022 and 3Q 2018- 3Q 2022**



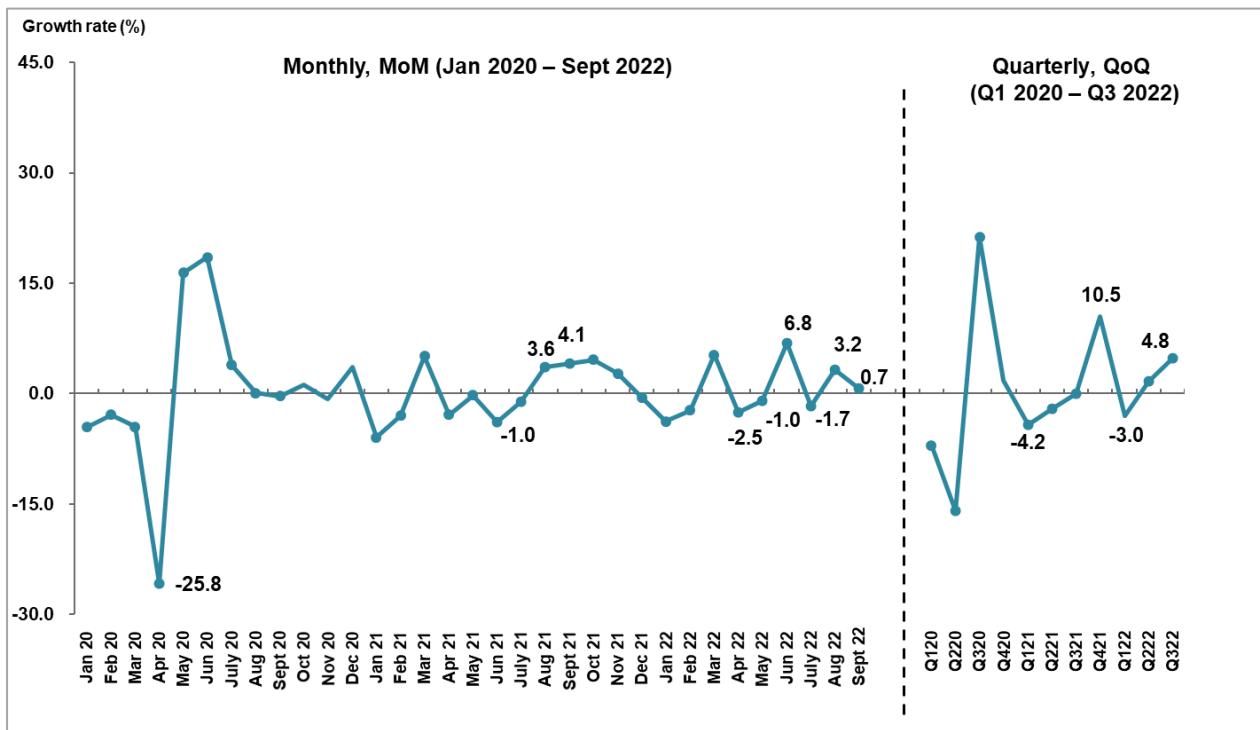
Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 2: Monthly, Quarterly and Annual GDP Growth at Constant 2015 Prices



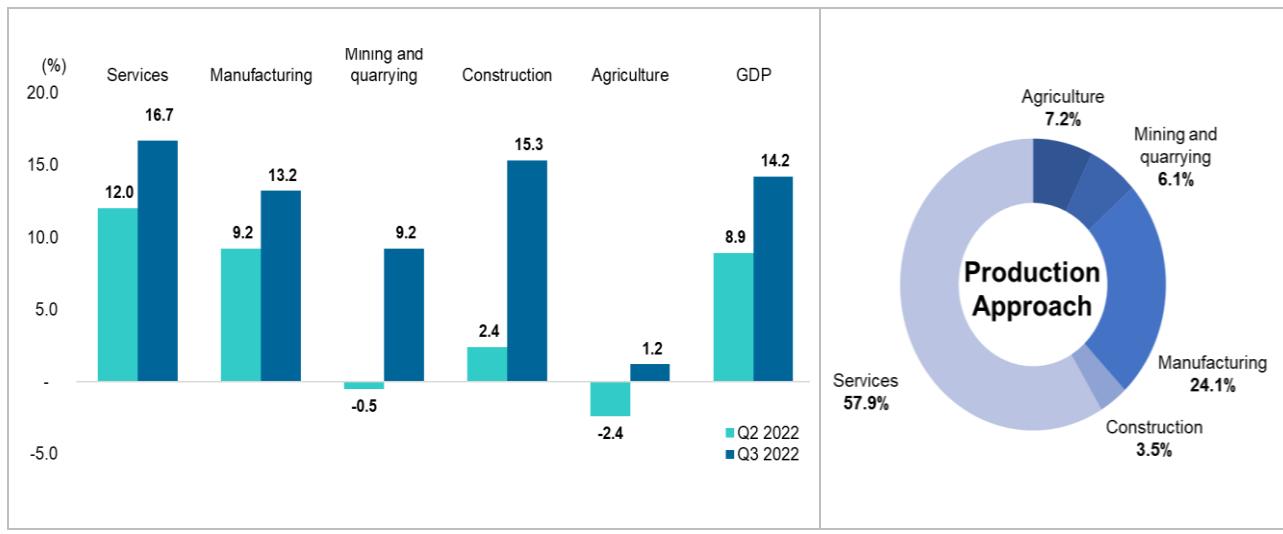
Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 3: Monthly and Quarterly GDP Growth at Constant 2015 Prices



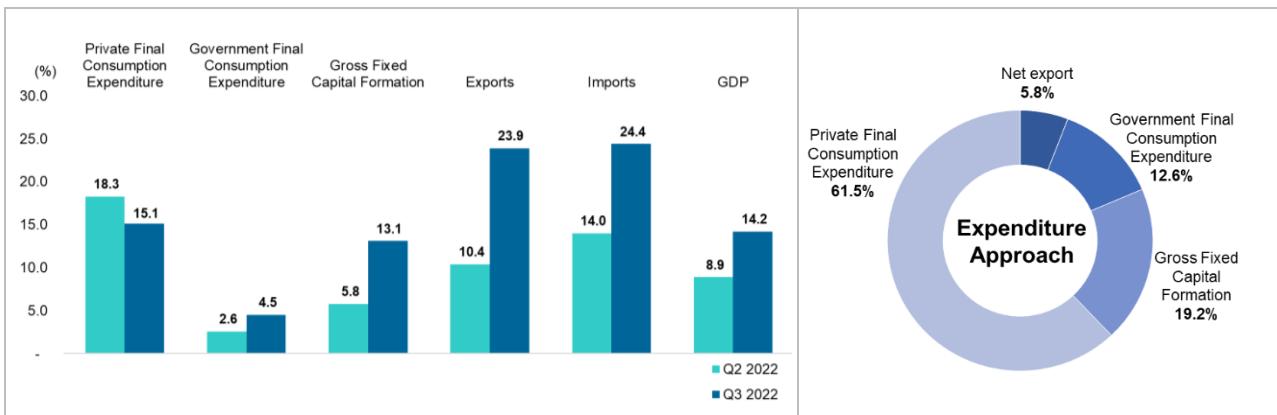
Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 4: Quarterly GDP Growth by Kind of Economic Activity, Q2 2022 & Q3 2022



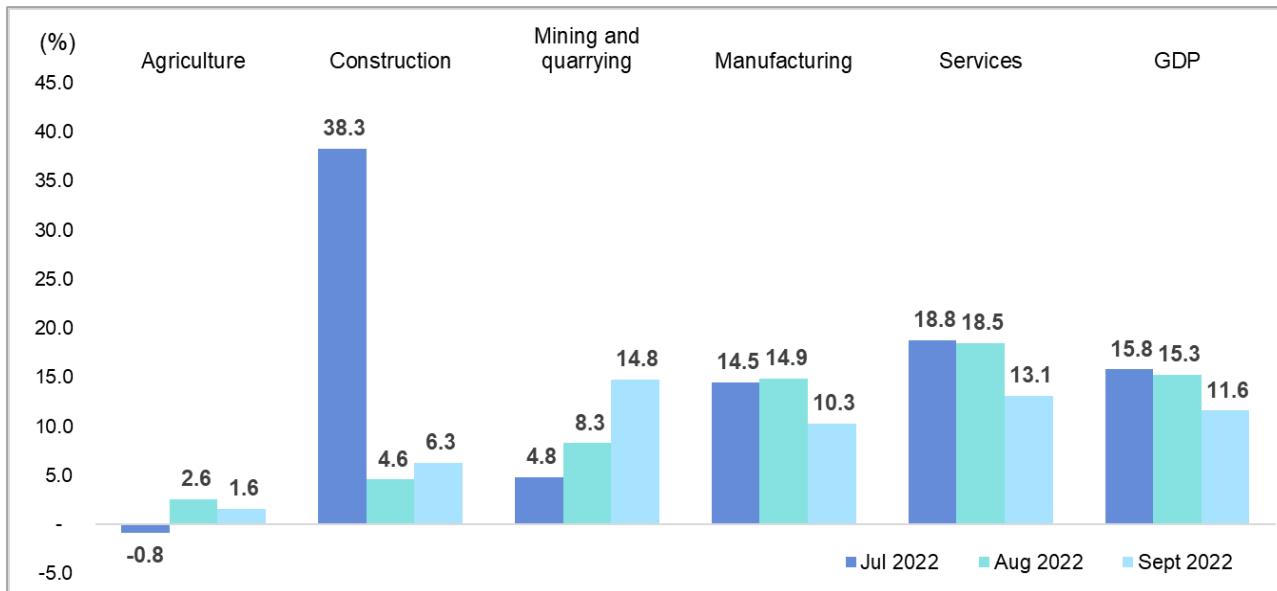
Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 5: Quarterly GDP Growth by Type of Expenditure, Q2 2022 & Q3 2022



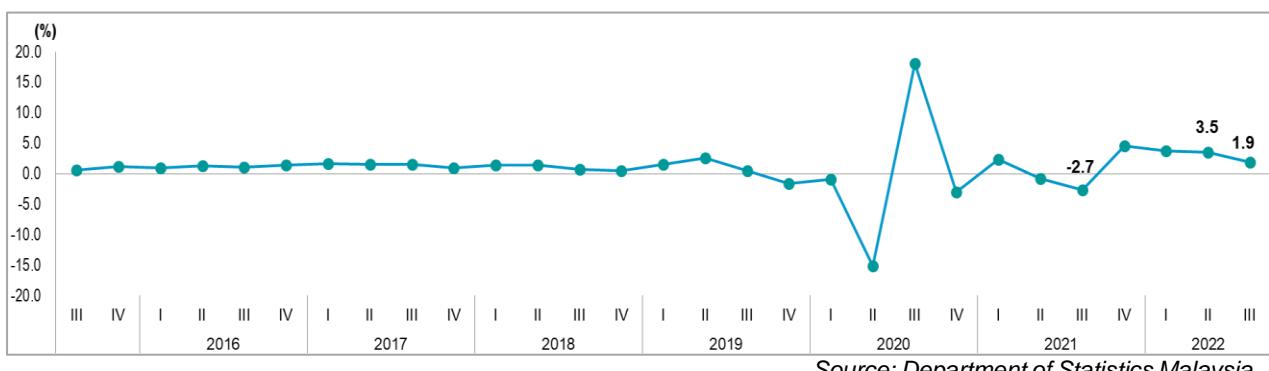
Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 6: Monthly GDP Growth by Kind of Economic Activity, July 2022 – Sept 2022



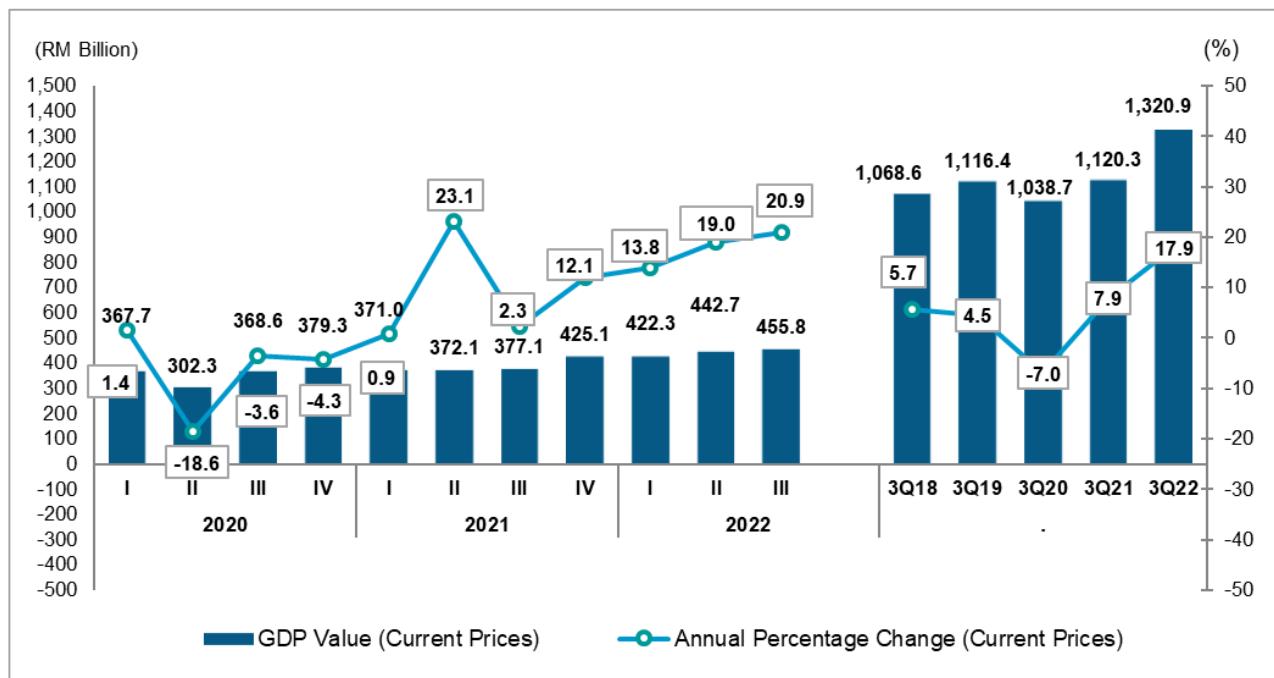
Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 7: Seasonally Adjusted GDP (Percentage Change from Preceding Quarter), Q3 2015 – Q3 2022



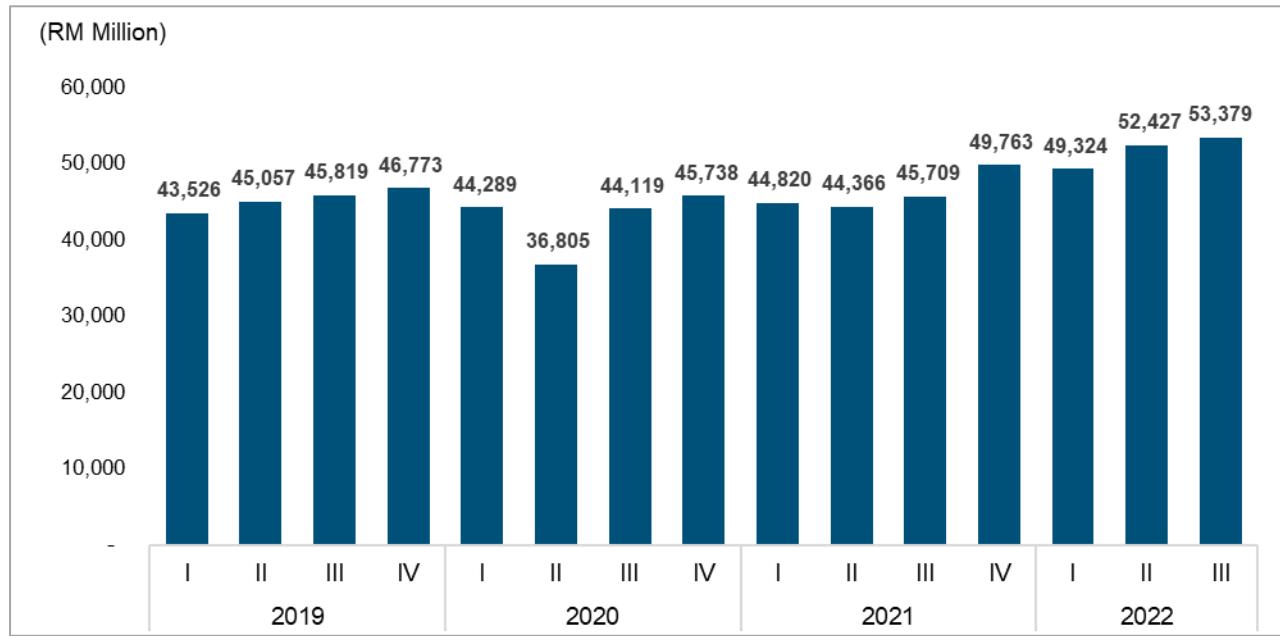
Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 8: Nominal Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Q1 2020 – Q3 2022 and 3Q 2018 – 3Q 2022



Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Chart 9: Gross National Income (GNI) Per Capita, Q1 2019 – Q3 2022



Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia