



MALAYSIA

LAPORAN SURVEI PERBELANJAAN ISI RUMAH MENGIKUT NEGERI DAN DAERAH PENTADBIRAN

*HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE SURVEY REPORT
BY STATE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT*

SARAWAK
2019

Pemakluman/Announcement:

Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober setiap tahun. Tema sambutan MyStats Day 2020 adalah “Connecting The World With Data We Can Trust”.

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KATA PENGANTAR

Laporan Survei Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah Mengikut Negeri dan Daerah Pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 yang julung kali disediakan ini membentangkan statistik perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah meliputi 12 Kumpulan Utama barang dan perkhidmatan serta merupakan analisis secara terperinci kepada Survei Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah. Pengelasan Kumpulan Utama ini adalah berdasarkan *Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP)* yang diterbitkan oleh *United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD)*. Statistik dalam laporan ini adalah berdasarkan konsep dan garis panduan *System of National Accounts 2008* oleh *United Nations* dan *Framework for Statistics on the Distribution of Household Income, Consumption and Wealth, 2013* yang diterbitkan oleh *Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)*.

Statistik ini digunakan terutamanya oleh agensi kerajaan sebagai input dalam perancangan, pembentukan dan pemantauan rancangan pembangunan negara. Statistik ini juga penting bagi tujuan pengemaskinian wajaran dan penentuan item dalam bakul barang dan perkhidmatan bagi penyusunan Indeks Harga Pengguna Malaysia. Statistik ini boleh digunakan oleh ahli ekonomi, ahli akademik serta individu lain bagi tujuan penyelidikan dan penganalisisan.

Laporan ini mengandungi tiga bahagian utama. Bahagian pertama memaparkan penemuan utama, jadual statistik terperinci disediakan di bahagian kedua dan bahagian ketiga menerangkan aspek teknikal seperti konsep, definisi dan metodologi survei bagi membantu pengguna memahami statistik yang diterbitkan.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia merakamkan setinggi-tinggi penghargaan kepada semua pihak yang telah menyumbang secara langsung dan tidak langsung dalam merealisasikan penerbitan ini. Setiap maklum balas dan cadangan daripada semua pihak untuk penambahbaikan penerbitan ini pada masa hadapan amat dihargai.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia

Julai 2020

PREFACE

The Household Expenditure Survey Report by State and Administrative District, Sarawak, 2019 is an inaugural report which provides statistics on household consumption expenditure encompassing 12 Main Groups of goods and services. It also provides detailed analysis of the Household Expenditure Survey. The classification of these Main Groups is based on the Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP) published by United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). The statistics on expenditure published in this report are based on the concepts and guidelines of the System of National Accounts 2008 by United Nations and Framework for Statistics on the Distribution of Household Income, Consumption and Wealth, 2013 by Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Statistics from this report are primarily used by government agencies as an input in the planning, formulating and monitoring of national development plans. These statistics are also important for the purpose of updating the weights and to identify the items in the basket of goods and services for the compilation of the Consumer Price Index Malaysia. These statistics can be used by economists, academicians and other individuals for research and analysis purposes.

The report consists of three main parts. The first part displays main findings and summary of findings. The detailed statistical tables are provided in the second part. Meanwhile, the third part describes technical aspects such as concepts, definition and methodology of the survey to assist the users to understand the published statistics.

The Department of Statistics, Malaysia gratefully acknowledges the cooperation rendered by all parties who have contributed directly and indirectly in realising this publication. Every feedback and suggestions towards improving the future publication is highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN

Chief Statistician Malaysia

July 2020

KANDUNGAN CONTENTS

	Muka Surat <i>Page</i>
Kata Pengantar <i>Preface</i>	iii
Kandungan <i>Contents</i>	v
Senarai Jadual <i>List of Tables</i>	vii
Ringkasan Penemuan <i>Summary of Findings</i>	1
Jadual Statistik <i>Statistical Tables</i>	
Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Ciri-ciri Demografi <i>Household Consumption Expenditure by Demographic Characteristics</i>	31
Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Kumpulan Utama Perbelanjaan <i>Household Consumption Expenditure by Main Group of Expenditure</i>	43
Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Kumpulan Perbelanjaan Terperinci <i>Household Consumption Expenditure by Detailed Expenditure Groups</i>	63
Statistik Terpilih Malaysia <i>Selected Statistics of Malaysia</i>	81
Ralat Piawai Relatif <i>Relative Standard Error</i>	95
Nota Teknikal <i>Technical Notes</i>	101

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Senarai Jadual

List of Tables

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SENARAI JADUAL
LIST OF TABLES

Muka Surat
Page

1

Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Ciri-ciri Demografi
Household Consumption Expenditure by Demographic Characteristics

1.1	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan penengah, purata dan kadar pertumbuhan tahunan dikompaun mengikut kumpulan etnik ketua isi rumah dan strata, Sarawak, 2016 dan 2019 <i>Median, mean and compounded annual growth rate of monthly household consumption expenditure by ethnic group of head of household and strata, Sarawak, 2016 and 2019</i>	33
1.2	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan penengah dan purata mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Median and mean of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019</i>	34
1.3	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and strata, Sarawak, 2019</i>	35
1.4	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019</i>	36

2

Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Kumpulan Utama Perbelanjaan
Household Consumption Expenditure by Main Group of Expenditure

2.1	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut jenis barang, Malaysia, 2019 <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by types of goods, Malaysia, 2019</i>	45
2.2	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut jenis barang, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by types of goods, Sarawak, 2019</i>	45

SENARAI JADUAL
LIST OF TABLES

Muka Surat
Page

2.3	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut strata, Malaysia, 2019 <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by strata, Malaysia, 2019</i>	46
2.4	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut strata, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by strata, Sarawak, 2019</i>	47
2.5	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019</i>	48
2.6	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kumpulan etnik ketua isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by ethnic group of head of household, Sarawak, 2019</i>	57
2.7	Peratusan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut kumpulan etnik ketua isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Percentage of monthly household consumption expenditure by ethnic group of head of household, Sarawak, 2019</i>	58
2.8	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut saiz, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by size, Sarawak, 2019</i>	59
2.9	Peratusan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut saiz, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Percentage of monthly household consumption expenditure by size, Sarawak, 2019</i>	60
2.10	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut kumpulan pendapatan isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by household income group, Sarawak, 2019</i>	61
2.11	Siri masa komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan, Sarawak, 2004 - 2019 <i>Time series of composition of monthly household consumption expenditure, Sarawak, 2004 - 2019</i>	62

SENARAI JADUAL
LIST OF TABLES

Muka Surat
Page

3

Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Kumpulan Perbelanjaan Terperinci

Household Consumption Expenditure by Detailed Expenditure Groups

3.1	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019	65
	<i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019</i>	
3.2	Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019	73
	<i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019</i>	

4

Statistik Terpilih Malaysia
Selected Statistics of Malaysia

4.1	Bilangan penduduk mengikut negeri, daerah pentadbiran dan kewarganegaraan, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019	83
	<i>Number of population by state, administrative district and citizenship, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019</i>	
4.2	KDNK per kapita mengikut negeri, 2016 - 2018 pada harga semasa - Ringgit Malaysia	86
	<i>GDP per capita by state, 2016 - 2018 at current prices - Ringgit Malaysia</i>	
4.3	Indeks Harga Pengguna (2010=100) dan perubahan peratus mengikut kumpulan utama, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019	87
	<i>Consumer Price Index (2010=100) and percentage change by main groups, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019</i>	
4.4	Indeks Harga Pengguna (2010=100) dan perubahan peratus mengikut negeri, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019	88
	<i>Consumer Price Index (2010=100) and percentage change by state, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019</i>	
4.5	Indeks Harga Pengguna (2010=100) dan perubahan peratus mengikut kumpulan utama, Sarawak, 2016 - 2019	89
	<i>Consumer Price Index (2010=100) and percentage change by main groups, Sarawak, 2016 - 2019</i>	

SENARAI JADUAL
LIST OF TABLES

Muka Surat
Page

4.6	Pendapatan isi rumah kasar bulanan purata mengikut negeri dan daerah pentadbiran, Malaysia, 2016 dan 2019 <i>Mean of monthly household gross income by state and administrative district, Malaysia, 2016 and 2019</i>	90
4.7	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut negeri dan daerah pentadbiran, Malaysia, 2019 <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by state and administrative district, Malaysia, 2019</i>	93

5

Ralat Piawai Relatif
Relative Standard Error

5.1	Ralat piawai relatif bagi anggaran perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata dan komposisi perbelanjaan isi rumah mengikut strata, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Relative standard error of estimate for mean monthly household consumption expenditure and the composition of household expenditure by strata, Sarawak, 2019</i>	97
5.2	Ralat piawai relatif bagi anggaran perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 <i>Relative standard error of estimate for mean monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019</i>	100

Ringkasan Penemuan

Summary of Findings

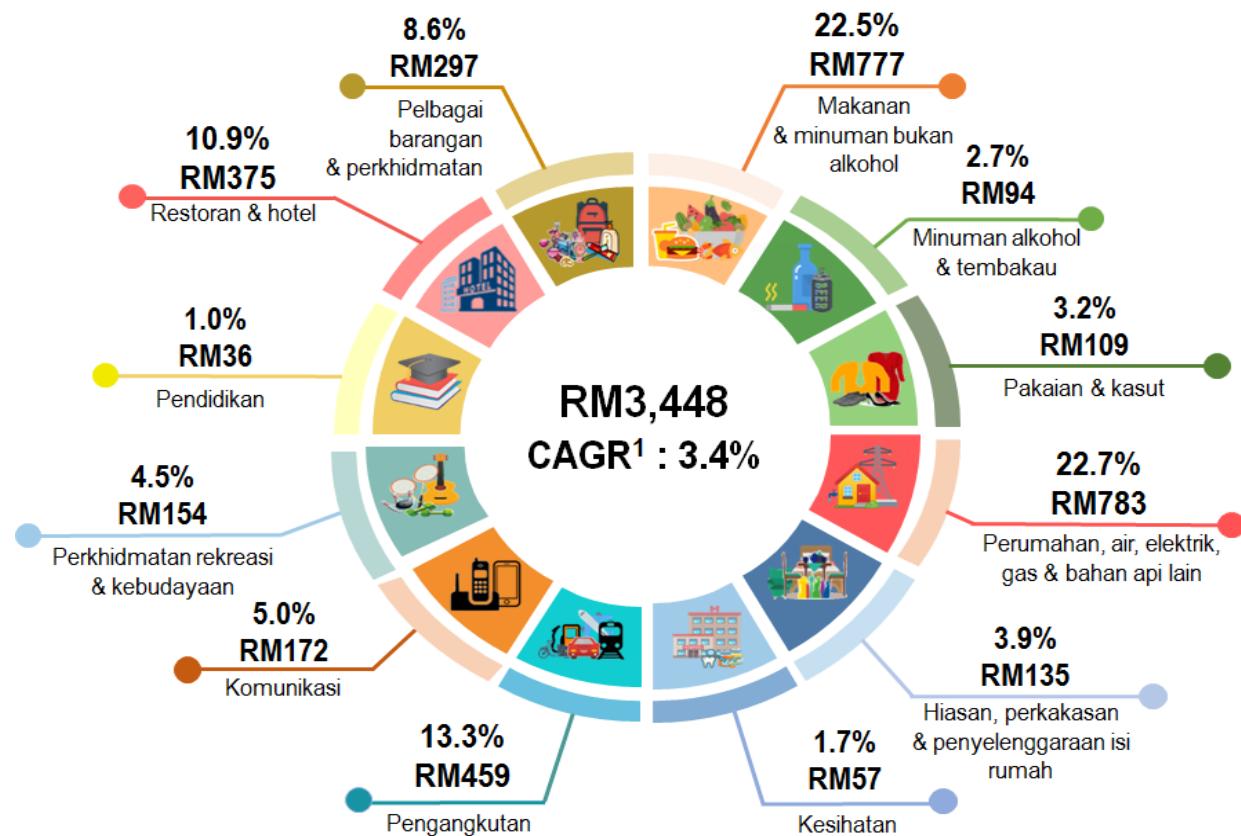
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PERBELANJAAN ISI RUMAH 2019

SARAWAK

Komposisi Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah Bulanan Purata mengikut Kumpulan Utama, 2019



Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah Bulanan Purata mengikut Daerah Pentadbiran, 2019

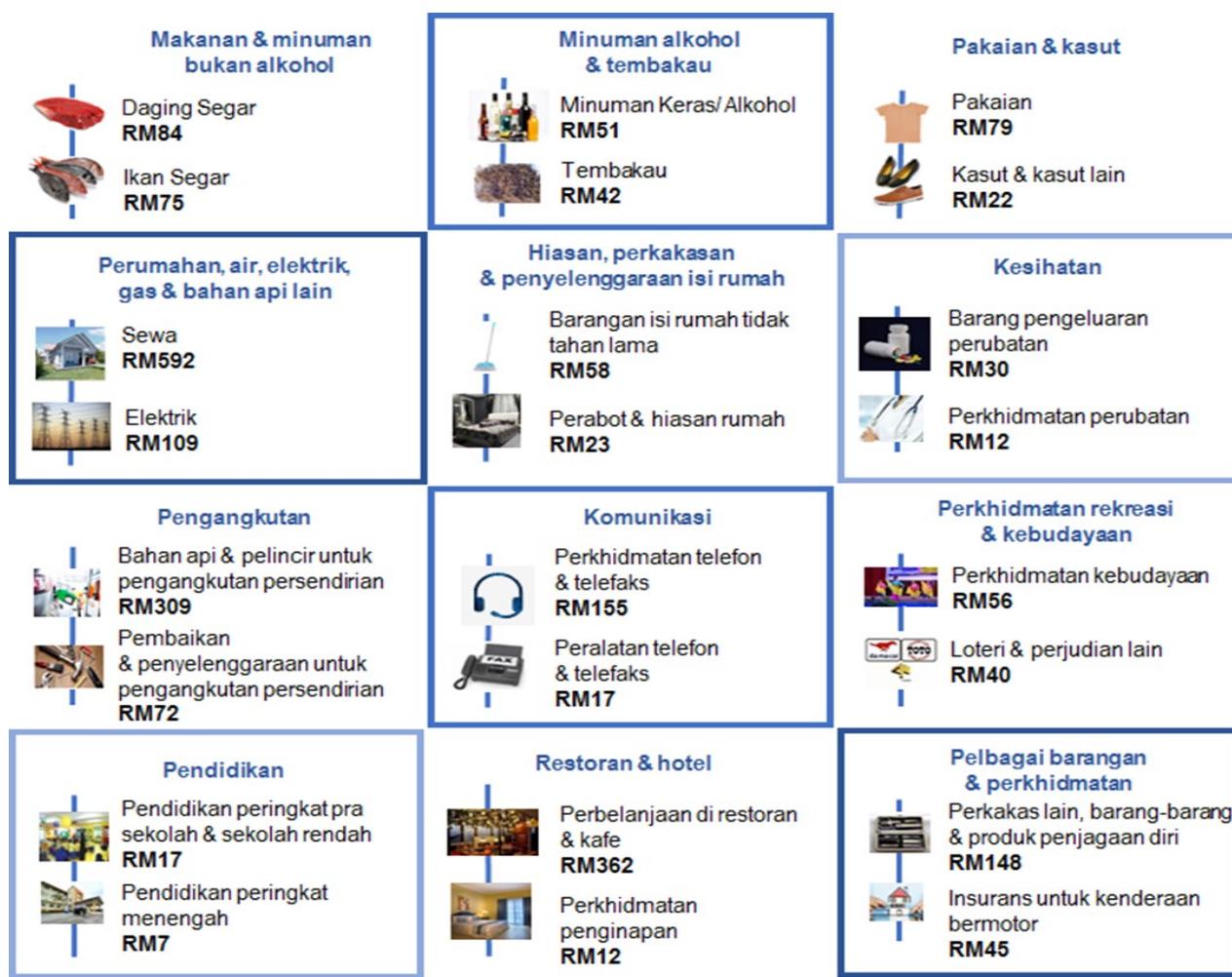
Kuching RM4,227	Kapit RM3,462	Dalat RM3,075	Betong RM2,851	Lubok antu RM2,837	Julau RM2,769	Tanjung Manis RM2,733	Asajaya RM2,690
Bintulu RM4,046	Limbang RM3,394	Mukah RM2,972	Lundu RM2,621	Kanowit RM2,497	Beluru RM2,473	Marudi RM2,433	Daro RM2,403
Samarahan RM3,980	Lawas RM3,324	Serian RM2,971	Matu RM2,619	Pakan RM2,402	Selangau RM2,211	Telang Usan RM2,203	
Miri RM3,864	Tatau RM3,237	Bau RM2,954	Meradong RM2,600	Subis RM2,312	Simunjan RM2,290	Belaga RM2,187	Tebedu RM2,160
Sibu RM3,618	Bukit Mabong RM3,222	Sri Aman RM2,907	Song RM2,574	Sebauh RM2,241	Pusa RM2,160		
	Sarikei RM3,207	Saratok RM2,868	Kabong RM2,571				

¹CAGR - Kadar Pertumbuhan Tahunan Dikompaun (2016-2019)

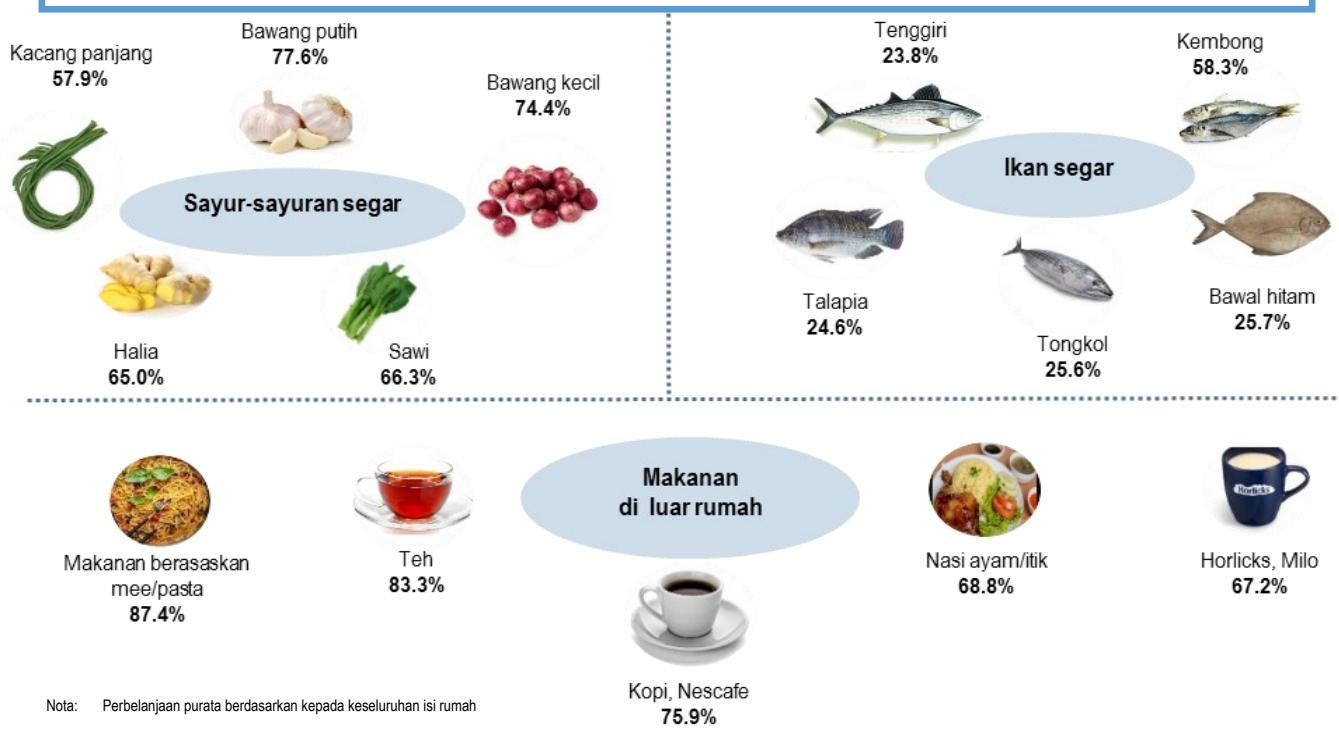
Nota: Perbelanjaan purata berdasarkan kepada keseluruhan isi rumah



Dua Subkumpulan Tertinggi Perbelanjaan Bulanan Purata, 2019



Lima Barang Popular mengikut Peratusan Tertinggi Isi Rumah Berbelanja, 2019

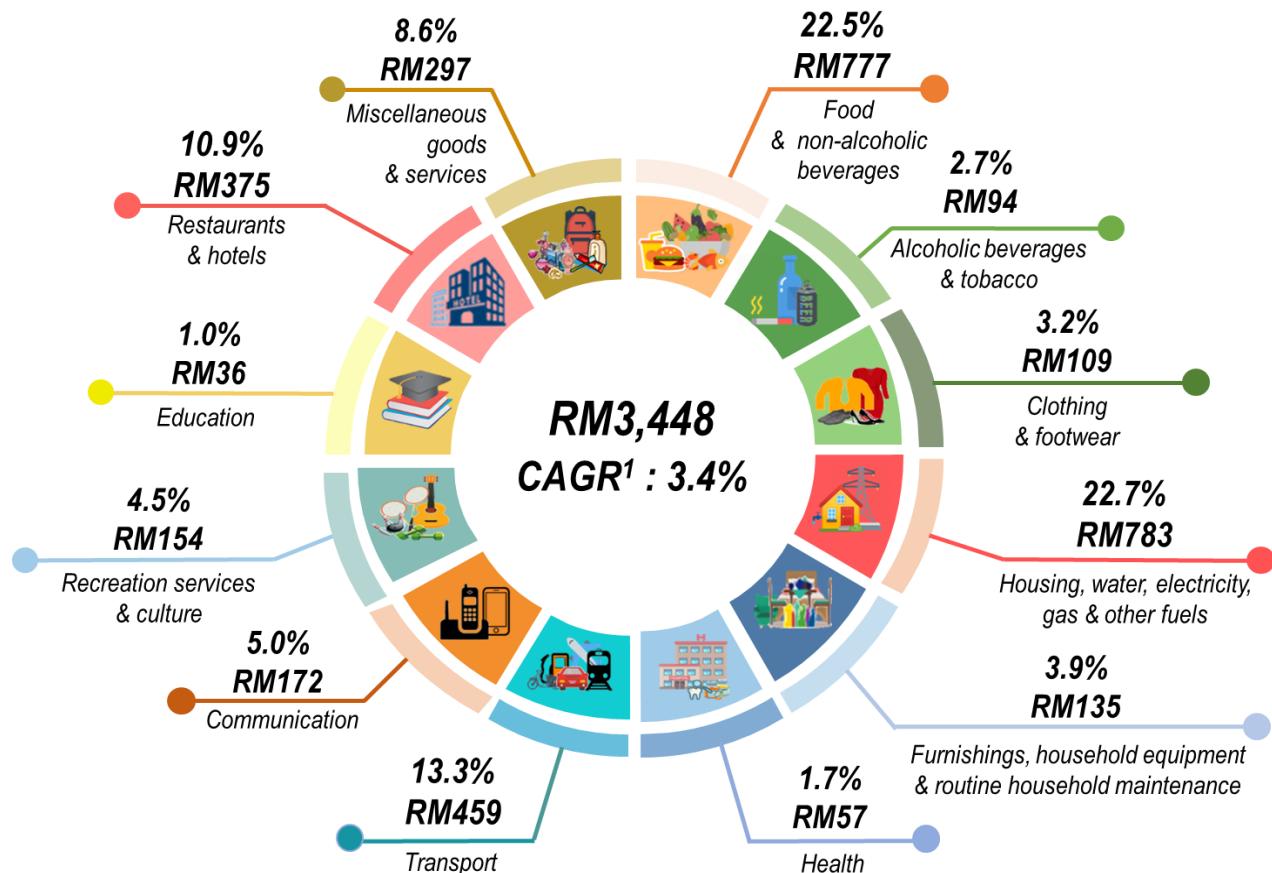




HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE 2019

SARAWAK

Composition of Mean Monthly Household Consumption Expenditure by Main Group, 2019



Mean Monthly Household Consumption Expenditure by Administrative District, 2019

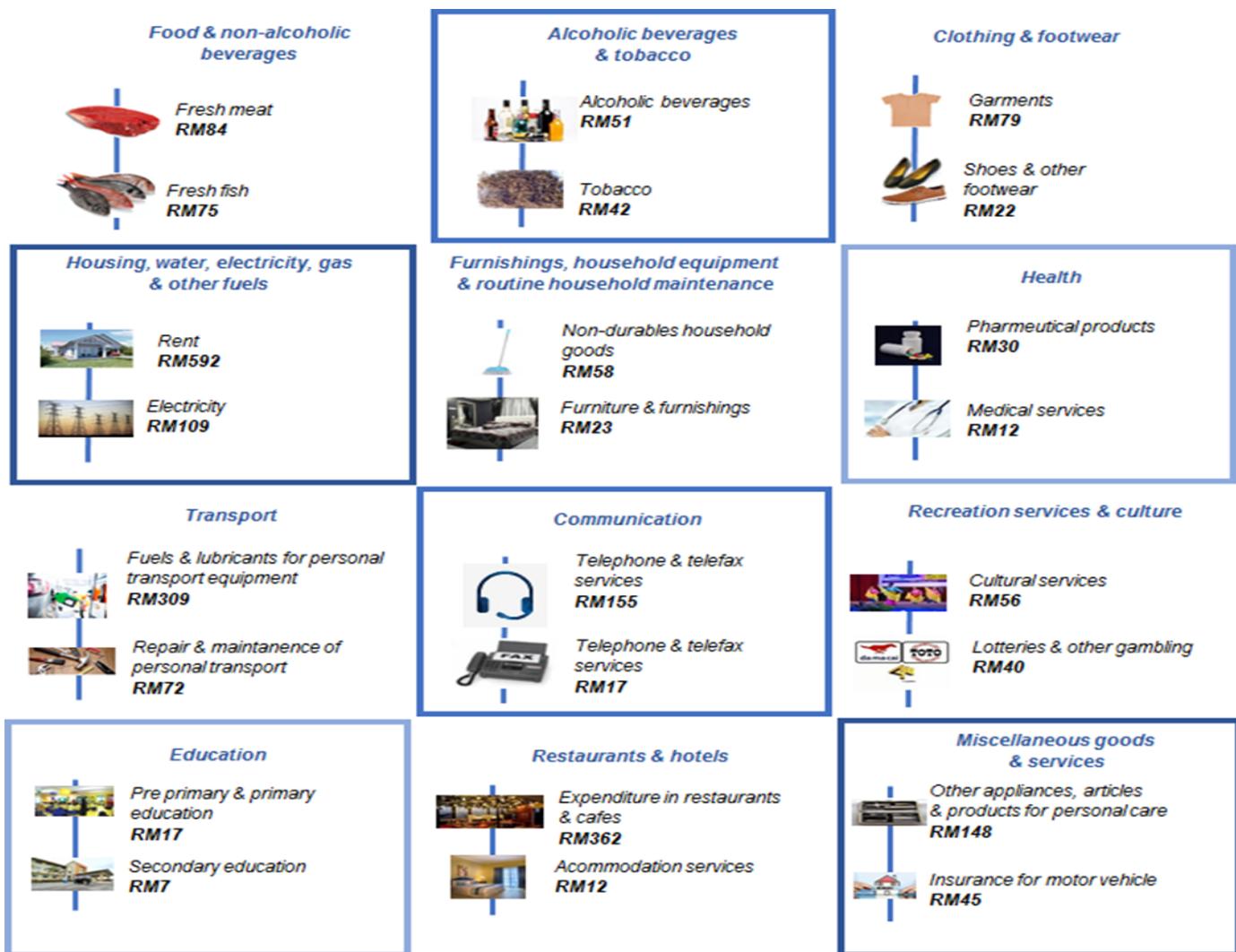
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	Sarikei RM3,207	Sarawak RM2,868	Kabong RM2,571				

¹ CAGR - Compounded Annual Growth Rate (2016-2019)

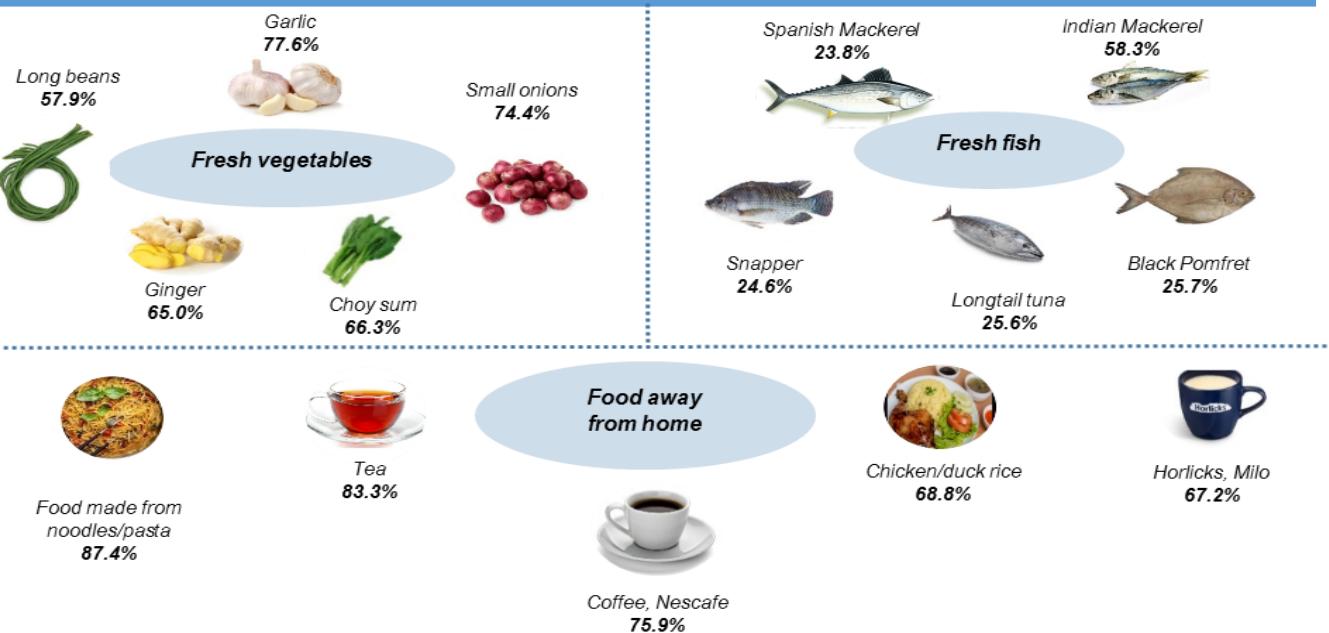
Note: Mean expenditure is based on total household



Two Highest Subgroup of Mean Monthly Expenditure, 2019



Top Five Items by Highest Percentage of Household Expenditure, 2019



Note: Mean expenditure is based on total household

A. PENGENALAN

Perbelanjaan penggunaan akhir swasta merupakan komponen penting dan menjadi pemancau utama dalam pertumbuhan ekonomi Malaysia. Pada 2019, perbelanjaan penggunaan akhir swasta kekal sebagai pendorong utama dari segi permintaan dengan sumbangan 58.7 peratus kepada KDNK. Pertumbuhan ini berlaku dalam konteks peningkatan penyertaan tenaga buruh, pendapatan boleh guna yang meningkat serta perbelanjaan penggunaan yang stabil. Perbelanjaan penggunaan secara tidak langsung mewujudkan permintaan dan seterusnya merancakkan ekonomi negara.

Terdapat banyak faktor yang boleh mempengaruhi perubahan dalam komposisi dan corak penggunaan isi rumah di Malaysia. Antaranya ialah tingkat pendapatan, harga barang dan cita rasa. Oleh itu, pemahaman tentang gelagat pengguna memainkan peranan penting dalam pelaksanaan strategi yang berkesan untuk mencapai matlamat pertumbuhan ekonomi negara dan meningkatkan kesejahteraan serta taraf hidup masyarakat.

Gelagat pengguna ini boleh difahami dan dikaji melalui survei yang dibuat khas berdasarkan perbelanjaan harian isi rumah. Dalam konteks ini, Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) melalui Survei Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah (HES) mengumpul data yang komprehensif berkaitan corak perbelanjaan yang dibuat oleh isi rumah.

B. LATAR BELAKANG SURVEI

Survei Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah 2019 merupakan survei kali ke-15 setelah kali pertama dilaksanakan pada 1957/1958. Objektif utama pelaksanaan Survei ini adalah untuk mendapatkan data komprehensif mengenai tingkat dan pola perbelanjaan pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan. Sebelum tahun 2014, survei ini dijalankan setiap lima tahun dan kemudiannya disepadukan dengan Survei Pendapatan Isi Rumah dengan kekerapan dua kali setiap lima tahun. Sebagaimana Survei Pendapatan Isi Rumah, survei ini turut dilaksanakan secara saintifik dengan kaedah pensampelan berkebarangkalian. Sampel yang dipilih adalah berdasarkan senarai isi rumah yang diperoleh daripada Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan yang dilaksanakan setiap sepuluh tahun. Senarai yang dikemaskini secara berterusan berdasarkan data pentadbiran ini menjadi asas kepada rangka isi rumah yang menyeluruh meliputi semua negeri mengikut lokaliti kawasan bandar dan luar bandar. Ianya membolehkan sampel yang dipilih lebih terperinci sehingga ke peringkat daerah pentadbiran serta dapat mewakili seluruh 8.0 juta populasi isi rumah.

Pada awal pelaksanaannya, kegunaan data adalah terhad kepada penyediaan wajaran bagi pembentukan Indeks Harga Pengguna dan kajian tentang pola perbelanjaan

isi rumah dan penetapan. Namun begitu, seiring dengan perkembangan dan kemajuan negara, maklumat berkaitan perbelanjaan semakin penting sebagai indikator makro dan mikro negara termasuklah pengukuran Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK), pendapatan garis kemiskinan, kos sara hidup dan kuasa beli pengguna.

C. KONSEP DAN KLASIFIKASI PERBELANJAAN ISI RUMAH

Statistik perbelanjaan digunakan oleh kerajaan dalam membentuk, memantau dan menilai kesan polisi ekonomi dan sosial seperti perubahan dasar fiskal, permintaan produk & perkhidmatan serta menjadi pelengkap kepada penyusunan akaun negara dalam konteks sektor isi rumah dalam negara. Oleh itu, adalah penting untuk menggunakan konsep dan definisi yang setara dengan saranan dan amalan antarabangsa. Rujukan yang diguna pakai pada masa ini adalah *System of National Account, United Nations; Framework for Statistics on the Distribution of Household Income, Consumption and Wealth (2013), Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; and Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP), United Nations*.

Terdapat tiga konsep utama perbelanjaan yang perlu difahami dalam menganalisis data perbelanjaan isi rumah ialah perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah, perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan isi rumah dan perbelanjaan semasa.

Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah merupakan perbelanjaan penggunaan persendirian bagi barang dan perkhidmatan sepanjang tempoh rujukan¹. Perbelanjaan ini merujuk kepada nilai barang & perkhidmatan pengguna yang diperoleh, diguna atau dibayar oleh isi rumah melalui pembelian langsung, hasil pengeluaran sendiri, melalui pertukaran barang & perkhidmatan atau pendapatan dalam bentuk mata benda untuk memenuhi keperluan dan kehendak ahli isi rumah.

Sementara itu, perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan isi rumah merujuk kepada pembayaran ke atas perkhidmatan kewangan dan lain-lain bayaran kepada negara bagi tujuan menambah hasil negara. Ini bermaksud, bayaran tersebut tidak mendapat pulangan atau faedah. Contoh perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan adalah pembayaran dalam bentuk pindahan seperti cukai pendapatan, caruman keselamatan sosial, bayaran pampasan, bayaran wajib & denda, pemberian kepada isi rumah lain dan pembayaran balik pinjaman

¹ Tempoh pengumpulan data dilaksanakan selama 12 bulan bagi merekod gelagat pembelian sepanjang tahun termasuk musim perayaan pada bulan semasa dan 11 bulan yang lalu. Pada bulan semasa, segala perbelanjaan yang dibuat oleh isi rumah terpilih bermula pada hari pertama hingga hari terakhir bulan berkenaan akan direkodkan dalam diari harian. Manakala bagi tempoh kedua melibatkan barang yang tidak kerap dibeli seperti barang tahan lama dan item terpilih yang telah dibeli oleh isi rumah sepanjang tempoh 11 bulan yang lalu.

RINGKASAN PENEMUAN

seperti perumahan, kenderaan dan pelaburan. Jumlah bagi kedua-dua perbelanjaan ini membentuk perbelanjaan semasa isi rumah. Selain daripada ketiga-tiga konsep perbelanjaan ini, terdapat juga istilah penggunaan kolektif isi rumah yang biasanya berbentuk kemudahan dan perkhidmatan oleh kerajaan seperti keselamatan, pendidikan dan kesihatan. Walau bagaimanapun, penggunaan ini tidak diambil kira sebagai sebahagian daripada jumlah perbelanjaan isi rumah.

Bagi menentukan nilai perbelanjaan bagi sesuatu barang & perkhidmatan pula, tiga pendekatan digunakan iaitu secara perolehan, penggunaan dan pembayaran. Perolehan merupakan nilai pembelian yang direkodkan pada masa barang dan perkhidmatan diperoleh manakala kaedah penggunaan adalah bagi barang tahan lama yang mempunyai jangka hayat yang panjang seperti perabot dan alat pertukangan. Kaedah ini juga digunakan dalam menilai penggunaan utiliti seperti air dan elektrik. Pendekatan pembayaran pula melibatkan bayaran pendahuluan bagi mendapatkan sesuatu barang & perkhidmatan yang mana barang & perkhidmatan tersebut belum diterima dalam bulan rujukan seperti bayaran yuran pendidikan dan perkhidmatan asuhan.

COICOP menyediakan panduan klasifikasi item barang dan perkhidmatan berdasarkan 13 kumpulan perbelanjaan. Kumpulan perbelanjaan 01-12 merupakan item perbelanjaan penggunaan manakala kumpulan perbelanjaan 13 adalah merujuk kepada perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan seperti **Jadual 1**. Klasifikasi COICOP ini telah disesuaikan dengan item perbelanjaan isi rumah di Malaysia dan digunakan dalam pengumpulan dan analisis data.

Jadual 1: Kumpulan perbelanjaan COICOP

Kod	Kumpulan perbelanjaan
Perbelanjaan penggunaan	
01	Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol
02	Minuman alkohol & tembakau
03	Pakaian & kasut
04	Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain
05	Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah
06	Kesihatan
07	Pengangkutan
08	Komunikasi
09	Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan
10	Pendidikan
11	Restoran & hotel
12	Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan
Perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan	
13	Pelbagai perbelanjaan & perbelanjaan kewangan

D. PENEMUAN SURVEI

Analisis yang terkandung di dalam laporan ini dipaparkan mengikut segmen iaitu statistik perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah, corak perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah, barang popular mengikut kumpulan utama terpilih dan penggunaan barang harian terpilih.

1. STATISTIK PERBELANJAAN PENGGUNAAN ISI RUMAH

Perbelanjaan penggunaan yang merujuk kepada bahagian pendapatan yang dibelanjakan untuk kegunaan persendirian ke atas barang & perkhidmatan memainkan peranan penting dalam menggerakkan ekonomi dalam negara. Perbelanjaan penggunaan yang tinggi menggambarkan kuasa beli isi rumah yang kukuh seterusnya menjamin kestabilan pembangunan masyarakat dan kepesatan ekonomi.

Pada 2019, perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata di Sarawak meningkat daripada RM3,118 pada 2016 kepada RM3,448 iaitu dengan kadar pertumbuhan 3.4 peratus setahun. Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut strata menunjukkan perbelanjaan isi rumah di bandar meningkat 3.7 peratus setahun daripada RM3,689 (2016) kepada RM4,117 (2019) dan di luar bandar meningkat lebih tinggi pada kadar 3.9 peratus setahun daripada RM2,306 kepada RM2,595 bagi tempoh sama.

Perbelanjaan penggunaan per kapita bulanan purata mencapai RM1,093 iaitu meningkat 5.2 peratus daripada RM936 pada 2016. Perbelanjaan penggunaan per kapita dikira dengan membahagikan jumlah perbelanjaan isi rumah dengan saiz isi rumah (3.9 orang²). Sementara itu, perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan penengah pula adalah RM2,945 berbanding RM2,659 pada 2016.

1.1 PERBELANJAAN PENGGUNAAN ISI RUMAH MENGIKUT KUMPULAN UTAMA

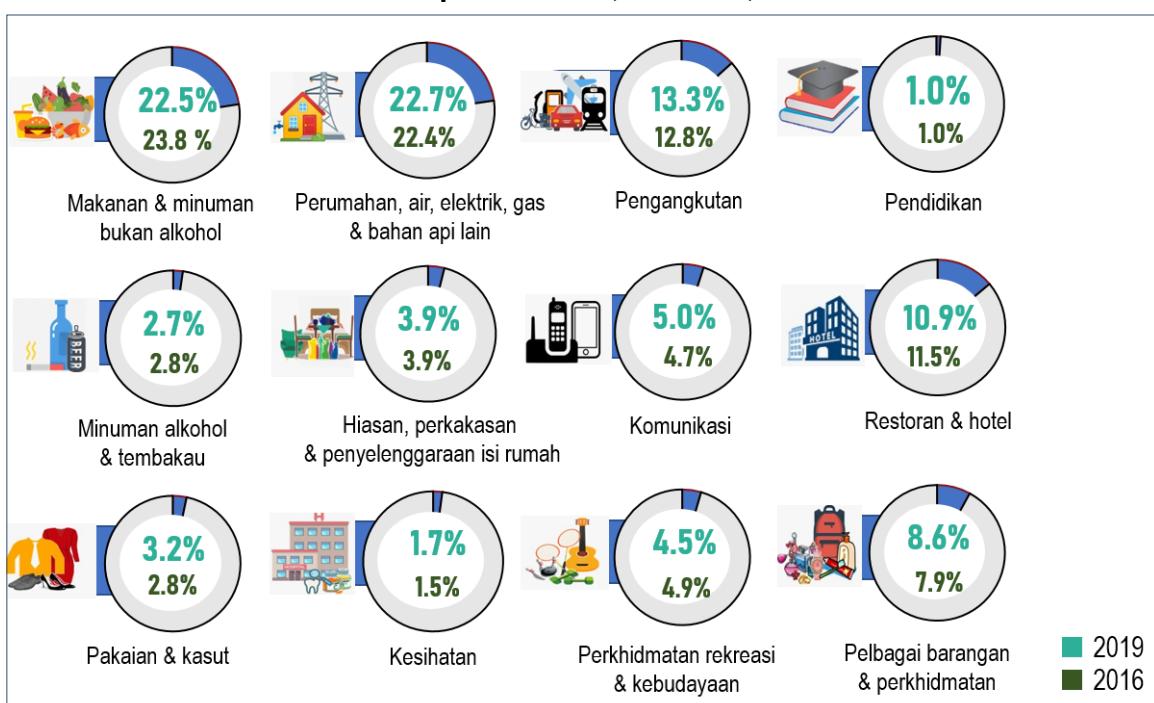
Corak perbelanjaan isi rumah boleh dipengaruhi oleh pelbagai faktor berdasarkan keutamaan keperluan sesebuah isi rumah. Lazimnya, kumpulan barang keperluan asas mendominasi perbelanjaan isi rumah. Di Sarawak, keadaan sama berlaku di mana kumpulan Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain; Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol; Restoran & hotel; dan Pengangkutan kekal menjadi empat kumpulan perbelanjaan tertinggi iaitu 69.4 peratus pada 2019 berbanding 70.5 peratus pada 2016. Kumpulan perbelanjaan Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain (22.7%) menjadi penyumbang tertinggi kepada keseluruhan

² Termasuk warganegara dan bukan warganegara Malaysia

RINGKASAN PENEMUAN

perbelanjaan penggunaan, diikuti oleh Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol (22.5%); Pengangkutan (13.3%); dan Restoran & hotel (10.9%). Selain itu, perbelanjaan ke atas Restoran dan hotel juga merupakan kombinasi barang kegunaan dan pilihan. Komposisi Pengangkutan meningkat 0.5 mata peratus pada 2019 berbanding 12.8 peratus pada 2016. Walau bagaimanapun, komposisi bagi Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol berkurang 1.3 mata peratus pada 2019 berbanding 23.8 peratus pada 2016. Empat kumpulan utama lain yang turut terdiri daripada barang keperluan asas ialah Pakaian & kasut, Komunikasi, Kesihatan dan Pendidikan. Manakala, baki empat kumpulan lain terdiri sebahagian besarnya daripada barang pilihan.

Paparan 1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah mengikut 12 kumpulan utama, Sarawak, 2019



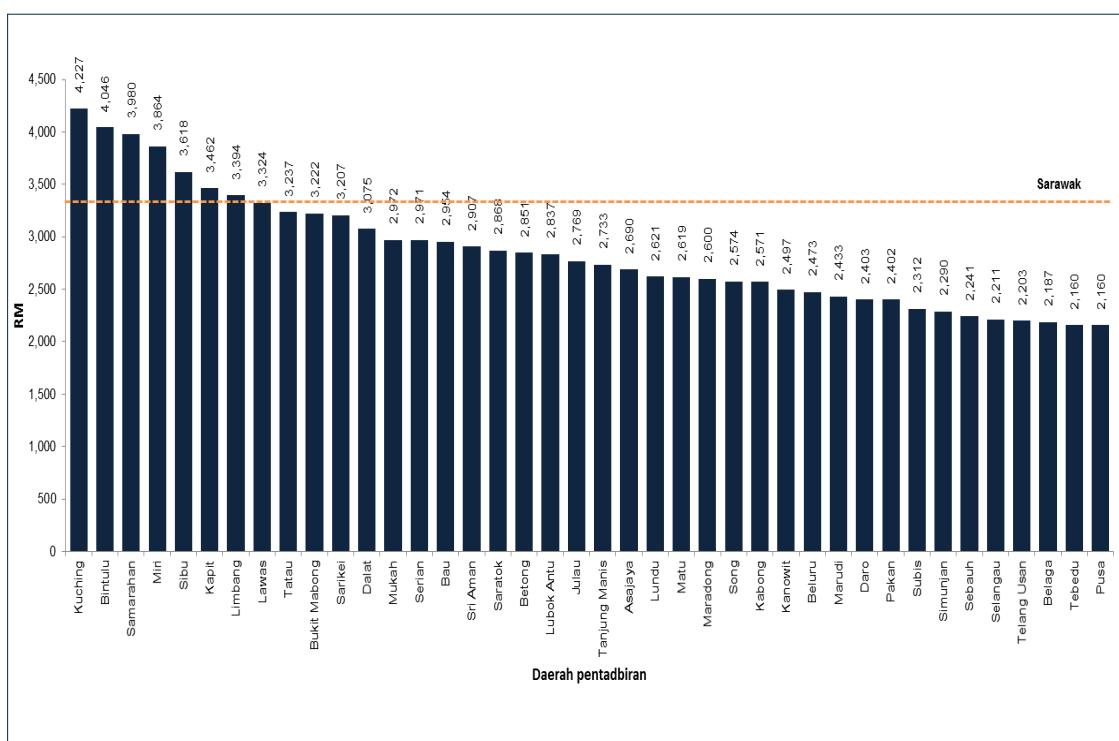
1.2 CORAK PERBELANJAAN MENGIKUT DAERAH PENTADBIRAN

Kos sara hidup secara relatif berbeza antara negeri disebabkan wujud perbezaan dari aspek harga barang dan pendapatan isi rumah serta kemampuan isi rumah menampung kenaikan harga barang juga berbeza. Perbelanjaan isi rumah meningkat seiring dengan peningkatan pendapatan isi rumah. Di Sarawak, perbelanjaan purata meningkat 3.4 peratus selari dengan peningkatan pendapatan purata sebanyak 3.4 peratus. Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah mengikut daerah pentadbiran di Sarawak merekodkan perbelanjaan tertinggi di daerah Kuching dan terendah di daerah Pusa. Secara perbandingan, enam daerah pentadbiran mencatatkan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata melebihi paras negeri (RM3,448) iaitu Kuching (RM4,227), Bintulu (RM4,046), Samarahan (RM3,980), Miri (RM3,864),

Sibu (RM3,618) dan Kapit (RM3,462). Manakala, daerah pentadbiran lain merekodkan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata di bawah paras negeri.

Pusa dan Kabong merekodkan komposisi perbelanjaan makanan & minuman bukan alkohol yang dominan iaitu masing-masing 40.1 peratus dan 39.3 peratus. Sementara itu, Bintulu mencatatkan komposisi tertinggi bagi perbelanjaan Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain (28.4%). Kumpulan Pengangkutan bagi daerah Dalat mencatatkan komposisi perbelanjaan tertinggi (18.7%). Bagi kumpulan Restoran & hotel pula, komposisi perbelanjaan tertinggi dicatatkan oleh daerah Lubok Antu (14.9%).

Carta 1: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019



1.3 CORAK PERBELANJAAN MENGIKUT SAIZ ISI RUMAH

Saiz isi rumah merupakan elemen penting dalam menentukan tingkat perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah kerana isi rumah adalah berbeza dari segi bilangan ahli. Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah meningkat selaras dengan pertambahan saiz isi rumah. Dapatan survei menunjukkan Isi rumah perseorangan di Sarawak membuat perbelanjaan bulanan purata sebanyak RM2,041 berbanding isi rumah yang menanggung empat ahli dan lebih (RM4,010).

RINGKASAN PENEMUAN

Umumnya, komposisi kumpulan Pakaian & kasut akan meningkat selaras dengan peningkatan saiz isi rumah. Isi rumah perseorangan memerlukan 2.7 peratus manakala isi rumah dengan ahli empat orang dan lebih sebanyak 3.4 peratus. Corak sama berlaku kepada perbelanjaan penggunaan bagi Pengangkutan, Pendidikan dan Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan.

Namun begitu, walaupun isi rumah bersaiz besar berhadapan dengan perbelanjaan yang besar tetapi mereka masih dapat mengurangkan perbelanjaan ke atas perkara-perkara yang dapat dikongsi bersama seperti perbelanjaan Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain. Dapatkan menunjukkan isi rumah perseorangan berbelanja 26.9 peratus ke atas Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain. Namun, ia semakin berkurang kepada 26.7 peratus bagi isi rumah dua orang, 23.9 peratus bagi isi rumah tiga orang dan 21.0 peratus bagi isi rumah empat orang dan lebih.

Jadual 2: Peratusan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut saiz isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019

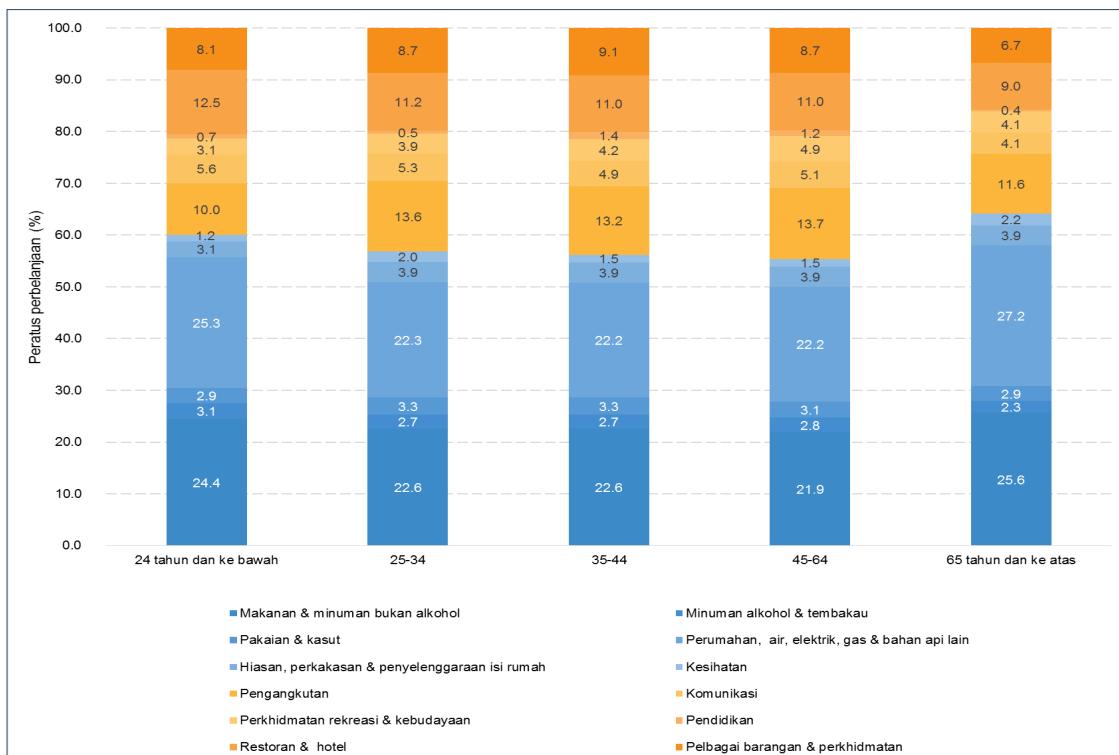
Kumpulan perbelanjaan	Saiz isi rumah (orang)				
	Satu	Dua	Tiga	Empat dan lebih	Jumlah
Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol	23.0	23.0	22.2	22.5	22.5
Minuman alkohol & tembakau	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7
Pakaian & kasut	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.4	3.2
Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain	26.9	26.7	23.9	21.0	22.7
Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah	3.9	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.9
Kesihatan	2.7	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.7
Pengangkutan	11.7	12.3	13.1	13.8	13.3
Komunikasi	4.4	4.5	5.1	5.1	5.0
Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan	3.9	4.7	4.9	4.3	4.5
Pendidikan	0.0	0.3	0.7	1.4	1.0
Restoran & hotel	10.8	9.3	10.6	11.3	10.9
Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan	7.0	7.5	8.1	9.2	8.6
Jumlah	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

1.4 CORAK PERBELANJAAN MENGIKUT KUMPULAN UMUR

Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah berbeza mengikut kumpulan umur. Ketua isi rumah dalam kumpulan umur 45 hingga 64 tahun merekodkan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata tertinggi iaitu RM3,741 manakala bagi kumpulan umur 24 tahun dan ke bawah merekodkan perbelanjaan penggunaan terendah iaitu RM2,687.

Perbelanjaan bagi isi rumah yang mempunyai ketua isi rumah berumur 65 tahun dan ke atas hanya berbelanja dengan purata RM2,689 sebulan. Isi rumah ini lebih menumpukan kepada perbelanjaan perumahan, makan di rumah dan kesihatan.

Carta 2: Peratus perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah mengikut kumpulan umur ketua isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019



1.5 CORAK PERBELANJAAN MENGIKUT KUMPULAN ISI RUMAH

Di Sarawak, isi rumah³ dibahagikan kepada tiga kumpulan isi rumah Terendah 40% (B40), Pertengahan 40% (M40) dan Tertinggi 20% (T20). Kumpulan isi rumah B40 merujuk kepada isi rumah yang berpendapatan kurang daripada RM3,720. Isi rumah yang berpendapatan di antara RM3,720 hingga RM8,649 diklasifikasikan sebagai kumpulan isi rumah M40 manakala T20 adalah kumpulan isi rumah yang berpendapatan RM8,650 dan lebih.

Kumpulan B40 memperuntukkan 26.0 peratus perbelanjaannya ke atas perumahan, berbanding hanya 22.8 peratus dan 20.2 peratus masing-masing oleh M40 dan T20. Bagi perbelanjaan ke atas makanan juga menunjukkan kumpulan B40 memperuntukkan lebih tinggi sebanyak 28.9 peratus berbanding 23.4 peratus oleh M40 dan hanya 17.4 peratus oleh T20. Sebaliknya bagi Pengangkutan, T20 mencatatkan komposisi tertinggi sebanyak 15.3 peratus. M40 dan B40 pula membelanjakan masing-masing 13.6 peratus dan 10.3 peratus ke atas Pengangkutan.

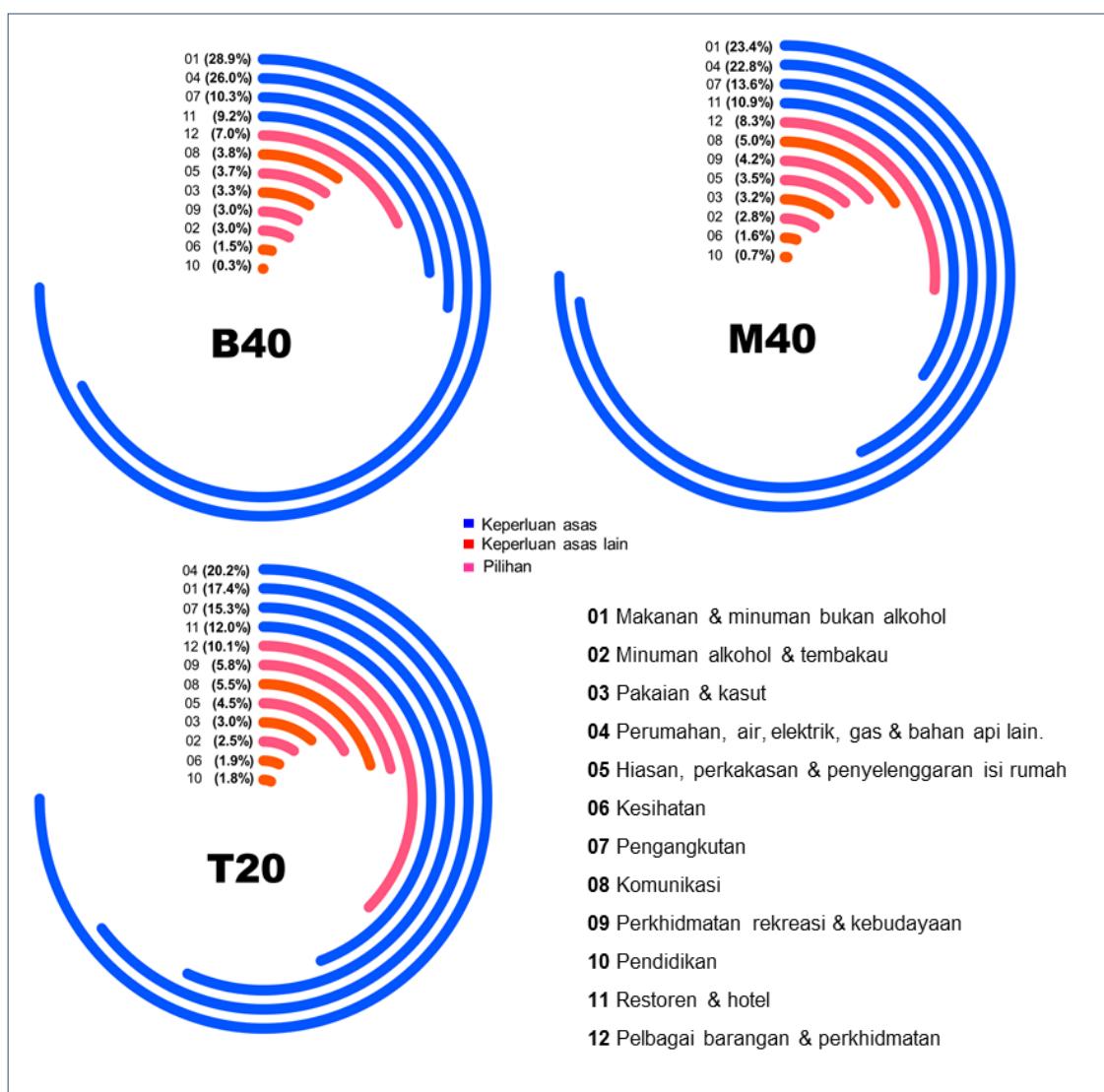
³Merujuk kepada isi rumah Malaysia

RINGKASAN PENEMUAN

Berbeza pula dengan perbelanjaan ke atas perkhidmatan restoran & hotel, di mana T20 memperuntukkan komposisi tertinggi iaitu 12.0 peratus sementara kumpulan M40 dan B40 membelanjakan masing-masing 10.9 peratus dan 9.2 peratus. Keadaan ini menunjukkan pendapatan memainkan peranan penting dalam mencorakkan perbelanjaan keperluan asas isi rumah.

Senario yang sama dapat dilihat bagi perbelanjaan kesihatan dan pendidikan yang di mana kumpulan T20 memperuntukkan komposisi yang tinggi masing-masing sebanyak 1.9 peratus dan 1.8 peratus. Kumpulan M40 memperuntukkan 1.6 peratus dan 0.7 peratus masing-masing ke atas kesihatan dan pendidikan. Manakala kumpulan B40 hanya memperuntukkan 1.5 peratus ke atas kesihatan dan 0.3 peratus untuk pendidikan.

Carta 3: Peratus perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah mengikut kumpulan isi rumah Sarawak, 2019



2. BARANGAN POPULAR MENGIKUT KUMPULAN UTAMA TERPILIH

Barangan popular merujuk kepada barang dengan peratusan isi rumah yang berbelanja tertinggi dalam kumpulan utama terpilih. Populariti barang ini disebabkan antaranya oleh barang asas serta gaya hidup dan ketersediaan perkhidmatan tersebut. Kumpulan utama terpilih tertumpu kepada empat kumpulan iaitu Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol; Pengangkutan; Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah; dan Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan. Dari segi perincian, perbelanjaan kumpulan Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol meliputi 422 item barang keperluan asas yang dikelaskan kepada 33 sub kumpulan antaranya beras, buah segar, ikan segar, sayur, roti dan tepung. Dapatan survei menunjukkan 99.9 peratus isi rumah berbelanja beras pada tahun 2019. Ini diikuti oleh telur ayam (92.6%), gula putih (91.7%) dan minyak masak (80.6%).

Bagi kumpulan pengangkutan pula, sebanyak 86.9 peratus isi rumah berbelanja ke atas bahan api kenderaan bermotor diikuti oleh servis kereta/motosikal (79.9%), bayaran meletak kenderaan (18.4%) dan mencuci/menggilap kereta (16.7%).

Kumpulan hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah yang lebih bersifat pilihan pengguna pula mempunyai nilai populariti yang lebih rendah berbanding barang keperluan asas. Dalam kumpulan ini, sebanyak 92.2 peratus isi rumah berbelanja ke atas sabun pencuci pakaian. Penyembur racun serangga adalah barang popular kedua tertinggi di mana sebanyak 42.2 peratus isi rumah berbelanja item ini pada tahun 2019. Dua lagi barang popular adalah tuala (35.5%) dan cecair peluntur (22.3%).

Seterusnya, bagi kumpulan perkhidmatan rekreasi dan kebudayaan, sebanyak 35.6 peratus isi rumah membuat perbelanjaan siaran TV berbayar diikuti 17.5 peratus berbelanja ke atas makanan untuk binatang peliharaan. Sebanyak 17.0 peratus berbelanja ke atas tiket panggung wayang dan 11.6 peratus ke atas buku rujukan peperiksaan.

Paparan 2: Barang popular bagi kumpulan Pengangkutan, Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol dan Perkhidmatan rekreatif & kebudayaan



3. PENGGUNAAN BARANGN HARIAN TERPILIH

Barang harian terpilih merangkumi barang basah dan kering di mana membabitkan barang kawalan seperti beras, minyak masak, gula dan susu. Analisis dibuat bagi penggunaan barang harian terpilih dari segi kuantiti dan kos. Dapatkan menunjukkan beras merupakan item yang paling tinggi dibelanjakan oleh isi rumah iaitu sebanyak 99.9 peratus. Kuantiti purata yang dibelanjakan adalah 20.5 kg bagi setiap isi rumah dengan kos sebanyak RM56.35. Ayam dan gula putih juga merupakan item yang tinggi dibelanjakan oleh isi rumah dengan anggaran masing-masing 5.0 kg (RM48.58 sebulan) dan 2.4 kg (RM6.92 sebulan). **Jadual 3** menunjukkan 17 barang harian terpilih berserta kuantiti dan kos sebulan.

Jadual 3: Kuantiti dan kos barangans harian terpilih setiap isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019

Bil.	Barangan	Isi rumah berbelanja (%)	Harga purata (RM)	Unit	Kuantiti penggunaan	Kos sebulan (RM)
1	Beras	99.9	2.75	kg	20.5	56.35
2	Telur ayam	92.6	0.36	biji	47.9	17.33
3	Gula putih	91.7	2.85	kg	2.4	6.92
4	Minyak masak	89.1	5.16	kg	3.9	19.99
5	Ayam	77.3	9.72	kg	5.0	48.58
6	Sawi	66.3	7.47	kg	0.8	5.90
7	Kubis bulat	49.3	3.47	kg	1.7	5.86
8	Susu pekat manis	59.2	2.90	tin	2.2	6.50
9	Ikan kembong	58.3	13.00	kg	1.5	18.89
10	Bawang-besar	57.6	4.56	kg	1.1	5.05
11	Pisang	55.4	3.81	kg	1.9	7.06
12	Tepung gandum	46.5	2.37	kg	1.7	4.10
13	Sotong	43.5	16.79	kg	1.3	21.08
14	Epal	29.2	1.64	biji	6.6	10.83
15	Daging lembu	20.3	44.03	kg	0.9	41.24
16	Udang	38.5	28.99	kg	1.5	42.49
17	Santan segar	6.3	7.73	kg	0.7	5.40

A. INTRODUCTION

Private final consumption expenditure is an important component and a key driver of Malaysia's economic growth. In 2019, private final consumption expenditure remained the major driver of demand with 58.7 per cent contribution to GDP. This growth occurred in the context of rising labour force participation, rising disposable income and stable consumption expenditure. Consumption expenditure has indirectly created demand and thus stimulated the country's economy.

There are many factors that can influence changes in the composition and patterns of household consumption in Malaysia. Among them are income levels, price of goods and preferences. Therefore, understanding consumer behavior plays an important role in the implementation of effective strategies to achieve national economic growth goals and improve the well-being and standard of living of the people.

Consumer behaviour can be studied and comprehended through surveys specifically tailor-made based on household daily expenditure. In this context, the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) through the Household Expenditure Survey (HES) collects comprehensive data on household expenditure patterns.

B. SURVEY BACKGROUND

Household Expenditure Survey 2019 is the 15th round of the survey since it was first implemented in 1957/1958. The main objective of this survey is to obtain comprehensive data on the level and patterns of expenditure of various goods & services. Implementation of the survey can measure and evaluate changes in household expenditure patterns in Malaysia. Prior to 2014, the survey was conducted every five years and was then integrated with the Household Income Survey twice every five years. Similar to the Household Income Survey, this survey is scientifically conducted with probability sampling methods. The sample selected is based on the list of households obtained from the Population and Housing Census which is conducted every ten years. The household list which is constantly updated based on administrative data forms the basis of a comprehensive household framework covering all states by urban and rural locality. It allows the selected sample to be more comprehensive up to the administrative district level and represent the entire 8.0 million household populations.

At the early stage of its implementation, the use of data was limited to providing a basis for the formation of Consumer Price Index and studies on household expenditure patterns. However, as the country progresses and develops, information on expenditure becomes increasingly important at par with macro and micro indicators of the country including

measures of Gross Domestic Product (GDP), poverty line income, cost of living and consumer purchasing power.

C. CONCEPTS AND CLASSIFICATIONS OF HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE

Statistics on expenditure are used by the government in formulating, monitoring and evaluating the impact of economic and social policies such as fiscal policy changes, demand for products & services as well as complementing the compilation of national account compilation in the context of the domestic household sector. Therefore, it is important to apply concepts and definitions that are in line with international recommendations and practices. The current references used in conducting this survey are System of National Account, United Nations; Framework for Statistics on the Distribution of Household Income, Consumption and Wealth (2013), Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; and the Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP), United Nations.

There are three basic expenditure concepts that need to be understood in analysing the household expenditure data namely household consumption expenditure, household non-consumption expenditure and current expenditure.

Household consumption expenditure is the private consumption expenditure of goods and services during the reference period¹. This expenditure refers to the value of consumer goods & services acquired, used or paid for by household through direct monetary purchase, own-account production, barter or has income in kind for the satisfaction of needs and wants of its members.

Meanwhile, household non-consumption expenditure refers to payments on financial services, others and government payments for the purpose of increasing national income. This means that the payment has no return or benefit. Examples of non-consumption expenditures are payments in the form of transfers such as income tax, social security contributions, compensation payments, mandatory fees & fines, gifts to other households and repayment of loans such as housing, vehicles and investments. The sum of both of these expenditures constitutes the current household expenditure. In addition to these three concepts of expenditure, there is also collective household consumption that are typically in the form of government facilities and services such as security, education

¹ The data collection period is 12 months to record the purchasing behaviour throughout the year including the festive season in the current month and 11 months ago. During the current month, all expenses incurred by the selected household from the first day to the last day of the month will be recorded in the daily diary. The second period involves items that are not often purchased such as durable items and selected items that households have purchased over the last 11 months.

and health. However, this consumption is not considered part of total household expenditure.

To determine the cost of goods & services, three approaches are used: acquisition, consumption and payment. Acquisition is the purchase value recorded at the time the goods and services are acquired while consumption approach is used for long-term durable goods such as furniture and carpentry. This method is also used in assessing the use of utilities such as water and electricity. The payment approach involves prepayment of goods & services for which goods & services have not been received during the reference month such as payment of educational and nursing fees.

COICOP provides guidance on the classification of items of goods & services based on 13 expenditure groups. Expenditure groups 01-12 are consumption expenditure items while expenditure group 13 refers to non-consumption expenditure shown in **Table 1**. This COICOP classification has been adapted to household expenditure items in Malaysia and used in data collection and analysis.

Table 1: COICOP expenditure groups

Code	Expenditure groups
Consumption expenditure	
 01	Food & non-alcoholic beverages
 02	Alcoholic beverages & tobacco
 03	Clothing & footwear
 04	Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels
 05	Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance
 06	Health
 07	Transport
 08	Communication
 09	Recreation services & culture
 10	Education
 11	Restaurants & hotels
 12	Miscellaneous goods & services
Non-consumption expenditure	
 13	Miscellaneous expenses & financial expenses

D. SURVEY FINDINGS

The analysis included in this report is segmented by household consumption expenditure statistics, household consumption patterns, popular items by selected main group and consumption on selected daily items.

1. HOUSEHOLD CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE STATISTICS

Consumption expenditure which refers to the portion of income spent on private consumption of goods & services plays an important role in driving the domestic economy. High consumption expenditure reflects high purchasing power of the household and thus guarantees stability of community development and economic growth.

In 2019, the mean monthly household consumption expenditure for Sarawak increased from RM3,118 in 2016 to RM3,448 in 2019, grew at 3.4 per cent annual growth rate. The mean monthly household consumption expenditure by strata shows that household expenditure in urban increased by 3.7 per cent yearly from RM3,689 (2016) to RM4,117 (2019) and in rural increased by 3.9 per cent yearly from RM2,306 to RM2,595 for the same period.

The mean monthly per capita consumption expenditure reached RM1,093 up to 5.2 per cent from RM936 in 2016. The consumption expenditure per capita which is derived by dividing the value of mean monthly household expenditure by household size (3.9 persons²). In addition, the median monthly household consumption expenditure was RM2,945 as compared to RM2,659 in 2016.

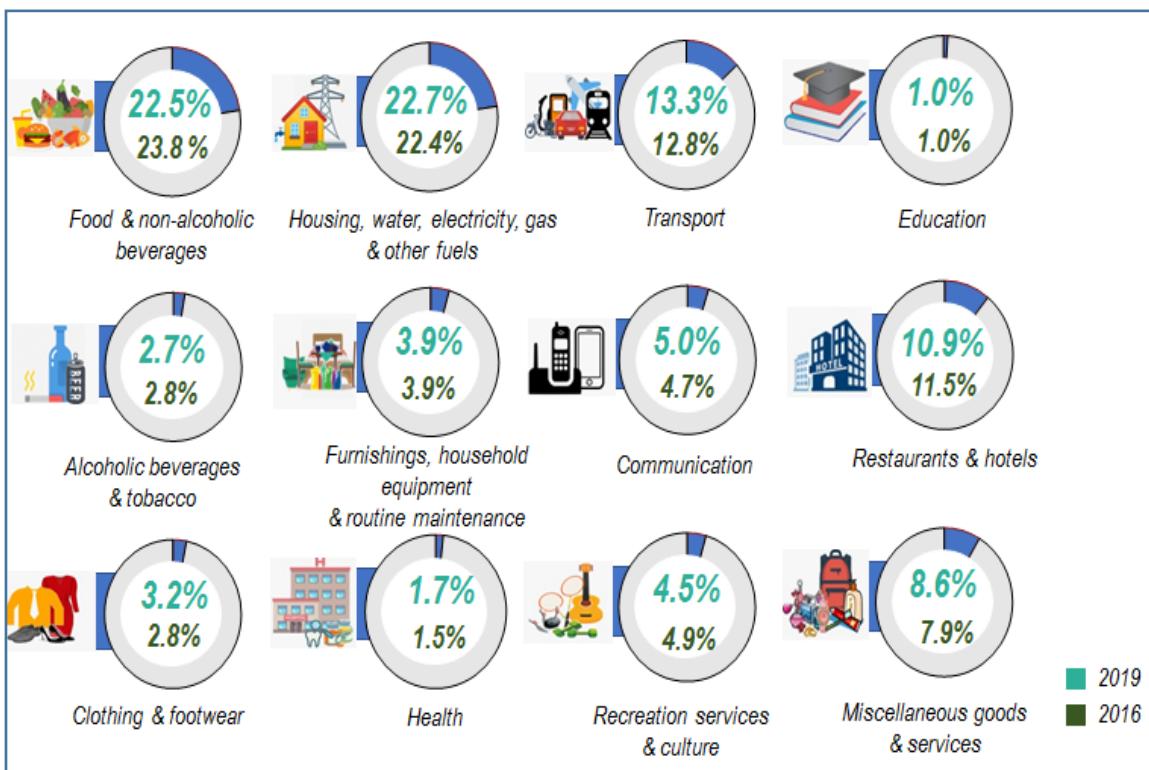
1.1 HOUSEHOLD CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE BY MAIN GROUPS

Household expenditure patterns can be influenced by a number of factors based on a household's prioritised needs. Normally, basic necessities usually dominate household expenditure. In Sarawak, similar situation occur where Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels; Food & non-alcoholic beverages; Restaurants & hotels; and Transport remained as top four major components of expenditure which 69.4 per cent in 2019 compared to 70.5 per cent in 2016. Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels (22.7%) was the highest contributor to the overall household consumption expenditure, followed by Food & non-alcoholic beverages (22.5%); Transport (13.3%) and Restaurants & hotels (10.9%). Other than that, expenditure on

² Includes Malaysian citizens and non-citizens

Restaurants & hotels also a combination of basic and selected goods. The composition of Transport by 0.5 percentage points in 2019 as compared to 12.8 per cent in 2016. However, the composition of Food & non-alcoholic beverages decreased by 1.3 percentage points in 2019 as compared to 23.8 per cent in 2016. Other four main group also consist of basic necessities are Clothing & footwear, Communication, Health and Education. Meanwhile, the remaining four group mainly from selected goods.

Exhibit 1: The composition of household consumption expenditure by 12 main groups, Sarawak, 2019



1.2 EXPENDITURE PATTERN BY ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT

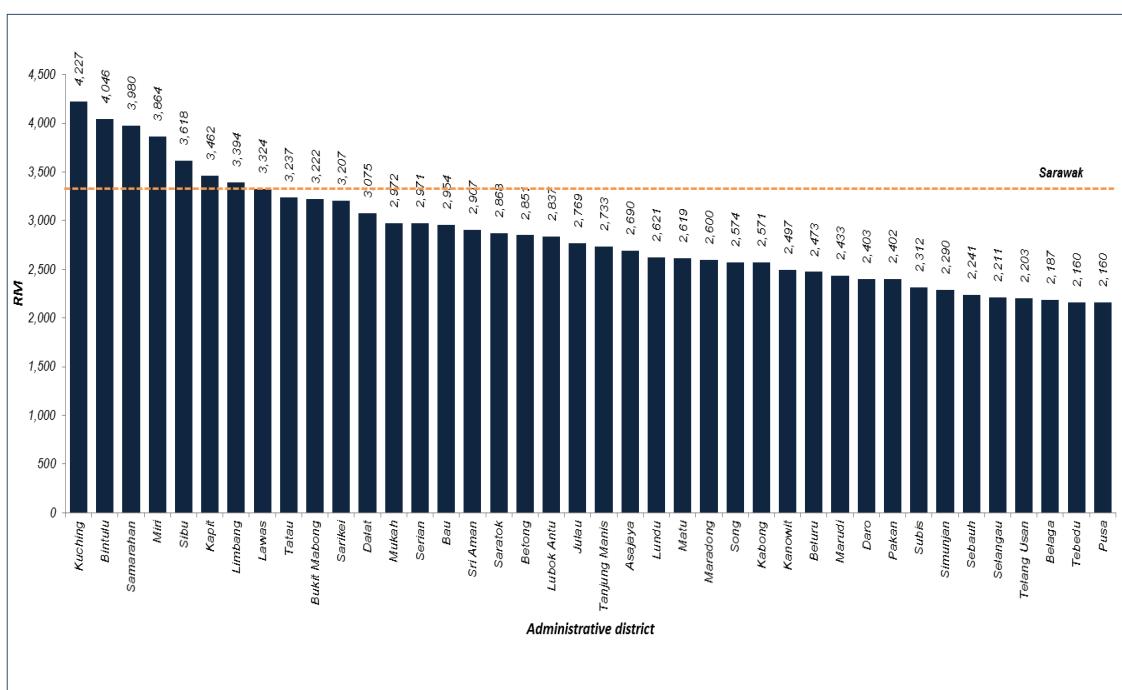
Cost of living relatively varies between states due to differences in commodity prices, household income levels and the ability of households to cope with rising prices. Household expenditure increased proportionally with an increase in household income. In Sarawak, mean of expenditure increased 3.4 per cent accordance to increasing of mean of income at 3.4 per cent. The household consumption expenditure by administrative district in Sarawak recorded the highest expenditure in Kuching district and the lowest in Pusa district. By comparison, six administrative districts recorded mean monthly household consumption expenditure higher than state level (RM3,448) namely Kuching (RM4,227), Bintulu (RM4,046), Samarahan (RM3,980), Miri (RM3,864), Sibu (RM3,618) and Kapit (RM3,462). Meanwhile, other

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

administrative districts recorded mean monthly household expenditure below than the state level.

Pusa and Kabong recorded the dominant composition of Food & non-alcoholic beverages, which were 40.1 per cent and 39.3 per cent respectively. Meanwhile, Bintulu recorded the highest composition for expenditure on Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels (28.4%). For Transport, the highest expenditure composition was recorded by Dalat district (18.7%). For Restaurants & hotels, the highest expenditure composition was recorded by Lubok Antu district (14.9%).

Chart 1: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019



1.3 EXPENDITURE PATTERN BY HOUSEHOLD SIZE

Household size is one of the most important elements in determining household consumption expenditure where each household has its own size. The expenditure pattern for each household is determined by the needs of their household members. Household consumption expenditure increased as household size increased. In Sarawak, a single household spent on average RM2,041 per month as compared to a household with four members and above (RM4,010).

In general, the expenditure composition on Clothing & footwear will increase accordingly with an increase of household size. Single households accounted 2.7 per cent while households with four members and above made up 3.4 per cent.

The same pattern occurred on Education, Communication and Miscellaneous goods & services.

Despite a large-sized household facing with huge expenditure, they are still able to reduce their expenditure towards items that can be shared together such as on Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels. The findings depicted that a single household spent 26.9 per cent of its expenditure towards Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels. However, it has gradually decreased to 26.7 per cent for a two member households, 23.9 per cent for a three member households and 21.0 per cent for households with four members and above.

Table 2: Percentage of monthly household consumption expenditure by size, Sarawak, 2019

Expenditure group	Household size (person)				
	One	Two	Three	Four and more	Total
Food & non-alcoholic beverages	23.0	23.0	22.2	22.5	22.5
Alcoholic beverages & tobacco	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7
Clothing & footwear	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.4	3.2
Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels	26.9	26.7	23.9	21.0	22.7
Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance	3.9	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.9
Health	2.7	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.7
Transport	11.7	12.3	13.1	13.8	13.3
Communication	4.4	4.5	5.1	5.1	5.0
Recreation services & culture	3.9	4.7	4.9	4.3	4.5
Education	0.0	0.3	0.7	1.4	1.0
Restaurants & hotels	10.8	9.3	10.6	11.3	10.9
Miscellaneous goods & services	7.0	7.5	8.1	9.2	8.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

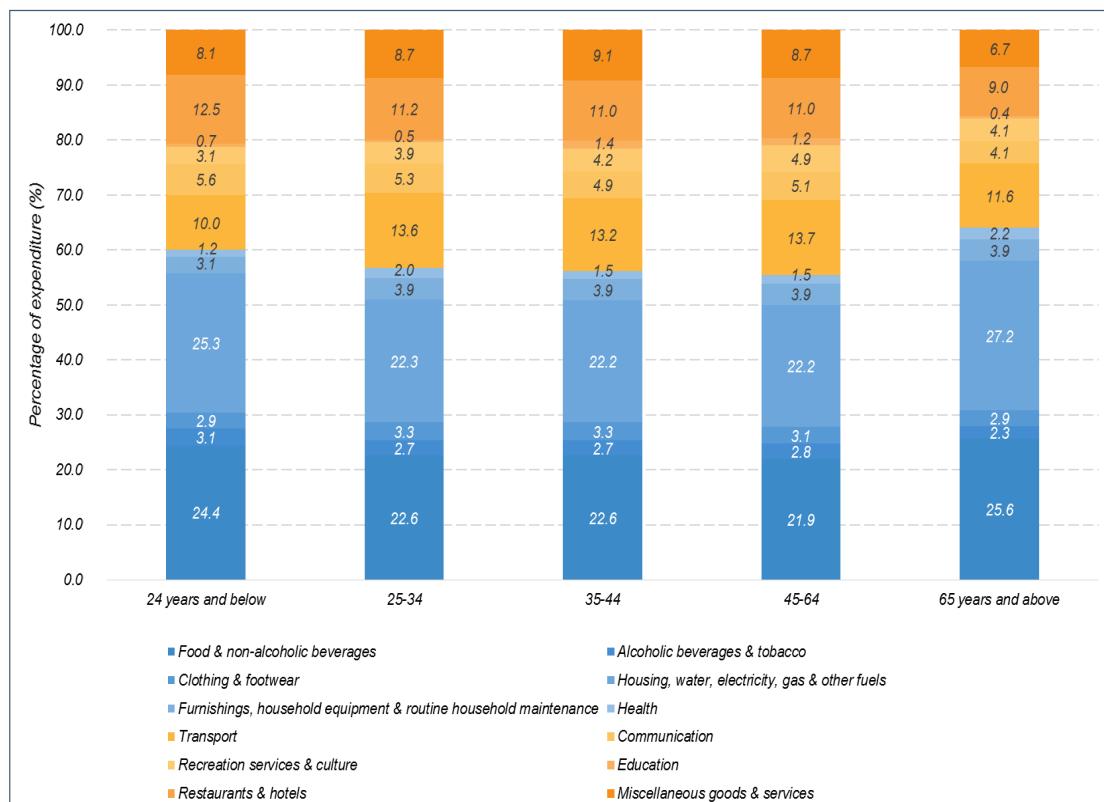
1.4 EXPENDITURE PATTERN BY AGE GROUP

Household consumption expenditure differs by age group. Households headed by individuals aged between 45 to 64 years recorded the highest mean monthly household consumption expenditure with RM3,741 meanwhile households headed by individuals aged 24 years and above recorded the lowest mean monthly household consumption expenditure with RM2,687.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The expenditure for households with household heads aged 65 years and above spent on average RM2,689 per month. These households concentrated their expenditure towards housing, food from home as well as health.

Chart 2: The percentage of household consumption expenditure by the age group of head of household, Sarawak, 2019



1.5 EXPENDITURE PATTERN BY HOUSEHOLD GROUP

In Sarawak, households³ can be divided into three main groups namely Bottom 40% (B40), Middle 40% (M40) and Top 20% (T20). The B40 household group refers to households earning less than RM3,720. Households earning between RM3,720 to RM8,649 are classified as M40 households while T20 are households earning RM8,650 and above.

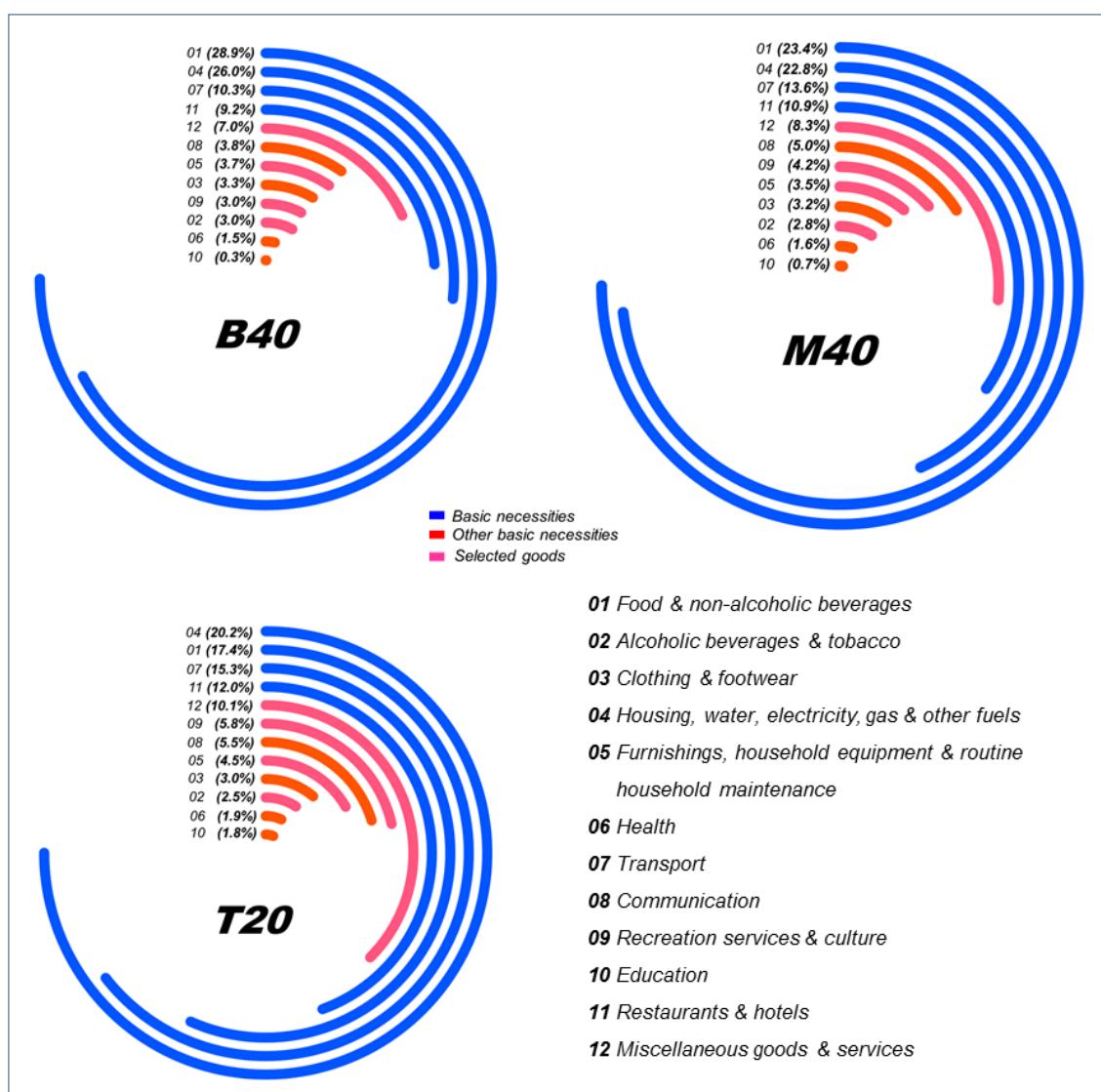
The group B40 allocated 26.0 per cent of its expenditures on housing, compared to just 22.8 per cent and 20.2 per cent by M40 and T20 respectively. Expenditure on food also showed that the composition for B40 group was higher at 28.9 per cent compared to 23.4 per cent by M40 and 17.4 per cent by T20. On the other hand, T20 allocated the highest composition of expenditure on transport at 15.3 per cent. M40 and B40 spent 13.6 per cent and 10.3 per cent respectively on transport.

³ Refers to Malaysian households

In contrast, for the expenditure group restaurants & hotels, the T20 recorded the highest composition of 12.0 per cent while the M40 and B40 groups spent 10.9 per cent and 9.2 per cent respectively. This situation shows that income plays an important role in shaping household expenditure pattern.

The same scenario can be seen for expenditure groups health and education where the T20 group allocated high compositions of 1.9 per cent and 1.8 per cent. Whereas the M40 group allocated 1.6 per cent and 0.7 per cent on health and education. Meanwhile, the B40 group only spent 1.5 per cent on health and 0.3 per cent on education.

Chart 3: The percentage of household consumption expenditure by household group, Sarawak, 2019



2. POPULAR ITEMS BY SELECTED MAIN GROUP

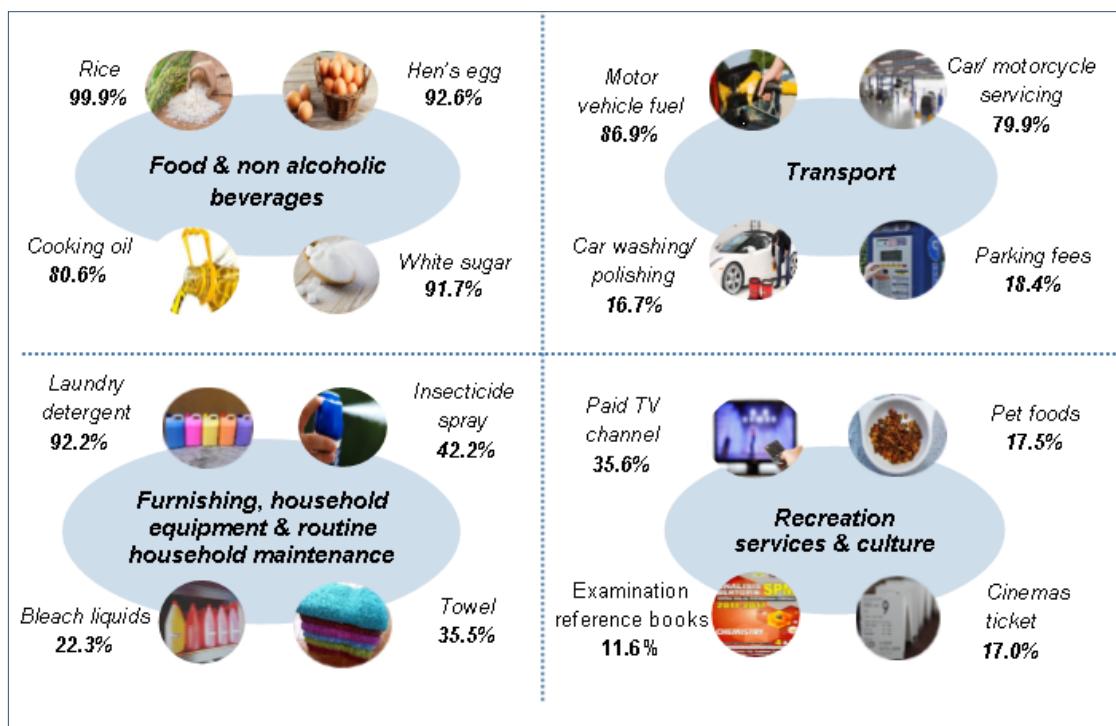
Popular items refer to items with the highest percentage of spending by households in the selected main group. The popularity of these items is due to basic needs as well as lifestyle and availability of the goods. The four selected groups which are Food & non-alcoholic beverages; Transportation; Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance; and Recreation services & culture were reviewed. In terms of details, the Food & non-alcoholic beverages expenditure group comprises 422 items of necessities classified into 33 sub groups including rice, fresh fruit, fresh fish, vegetables, bread and flour. The survey results showed that 99.9 per cent of the households spent on rice in 2019. This is followed by hen's egg (92.6%), white sugar (91.7%) and cooking oil (80.6%).

For Transport group, 86.9 per cent of the households spent on motor vehicles fuels followed by car/motorcycle service (79.9%), parking fees (18.4%) and car washing/polishing (16.7%).

For Furnishing, household equipment & routine household maintenance that is more preferred by consumers have lower popularity values than basic necessities. In this group, 92.2 per cent of households spent on laundry detergent. Insecticide spray are the second most popular item of all where 42.2% of households spent on this item in 2019. The other two popular items were towels (35.5%) and bleach liquids (22.3%).

Furthermore, for Recreation services & culture, 35.6 per cent of households spent on paid TV channel followed by 17.5 per cent on pet foods. About 17.0 per cent of households spent on cinema tickets and 11.6 per cent on examination reference books.

Exhibit 2: Popular items for Food & non-alcoholic beverages; Transport; Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance and Recreation services & culture



3. CONSUMPTION ON SELECTED DAILY ITEMS

Selected daily items includes wet and dry goods which involves controlled goods such as rice, cooking oil, sugar and milk. The analysis was also made on the consumption on selected daily items in terms of its quantity and cost. The findings showed that rice registered as the item with the highest expenditure made by households of 99.9 per cent. The average quantity bought was 20.5 kg for every household costed RM56.35. White sugar and chicken were among the items with higher expenditure made by households with approximately 2.4 kg (RM6.92 per month) and 5.0 kg (RM48.58 per month), respectively. Table 3 shows 17 selected daily items associated with its quantity and cost per month.

Table 3: The quantity and cost of selected daily items for every household, Sarawak, 2019

No.	Items	Household spending (%)	Average price (RM)	Unit	Quantity consumed	Cost per month (RM)
1	Rice	99.9	2.75	kg	20.5	56.35
2	Hen's eggs	92.6	0.36	one	47.9	17.33
3	White sugar	91.7	2.85	kg	2.4	6.92
4	Cooking oil	89.1	5.16	kg	3.9	19.99
5	Chicken	77.3	9.72	kg	5.0	48.58
6	Choy sum	66.3	7.47	kg	0.8	5.90
7	Round cabbage	49.3	3.47	kg	1.7	5.86
8	Condensed milk	59.2	2.90	can	2.2	6.50
9	Indian mackerel fish	58.3	13.00	kg	1.5	18.89
10	Big onion	57.6	4.56	kg	1.1	5.05
11	Banana	55.4	3.81	kg	1.9	7.06
12	Wheat flour	46.5	2.37	kg	1.7	4.10
13	Cuttlefish	43.5	16.79	kg	1.3	21.08
14	Apple	29.2	1.64	one	6.6	10.83
15	Beef	20.3	44.03	kg	0.9	41.24
16	Prawn	38.5	28.99	kg	1.5	42.49
17	Fresh coconut milk	6.3	7.73	kg	0.7	5.40

Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Ciri-ciri Demografi

*Household Consumption Expenditure
by Demographic Characteristics*

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Jadual 1.1: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan penengah, purata dan kadar pertumbuhan tahunan dikompaun mengikut kumpulan etnik ketua isi rumah dan strata, Sarawak, 2016 dan 2019
Table 1.1: Median, mean and compounded annual growth rate of monthly household consumption expenditure by ethnic group of head of household and strata, Sarawak, 2016 and 2019

Kumpulan etnik <i>Ethnic group</i>	Penengah <i>Median</i>			Purata <i>Mean</i>		
			Kadar pertumbuhan tahunan dikompaun <i>Compounded annual growth rate (%)</i>			Kadar pertumbuhan tahunan dikompaun <i>Compounded annual growth rate (%)</i>
	2016	2019	2016 - 2019	2016	2019	2016 - 2019
Sarawak	2,659	2,945	3.4	3,118	3,448	3.4
Bandar/ <i>Urban</i>	3,244	3,612	3.6	3,689	4,117	3.7
Luar Bandar/ <i>Rural</i>	2,071	2,268	3.0	2,306	2,595	3.9
Jumlah/ <i>Total</i>	2,659	2,945	3.4	3,118	3,448	3.4
Jumlah warganegara <i>Total citizens</i>	2,707	3,040	3.9	3,168	3,533	3.6
Bumiputera	2,481	2,764	3.6	2,870	3,222	3.9
Bukan Bumiputera/ <i>Non Bumiputera</i>	3,556	3,859	2.7	4,023	4,366	2.7
Bukan warganegara Malaysia <i>Non-Malaysian citizens</i>	1,478	1,584	2.3	1,899	2,043	2.4

Jadual 1.2: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan penengah dan purata mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019

Table 1.2: Median and mean of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Penengah/ Median (RM)	Purata/ Mean (RM)
Sarawak	2,945	3,448
Kuching	3,632	4,227
Bau	2,802	2,954
Lundu	2,255	2,621
Samarahan	3,523	3,980
Serian	2,578	2,971
Simunjan	2,105	2,290
Sri Aman	2,644	2,907
Lubok Antu	2,535	2,837
Betong	2,477	2,851
Saratok	2,436	2,868
Sarikei	2,803	3,207
Maradong	2,191	2,600
Daro	2,227	2,403
Julau	2,308	2,769
Sibu	3,258	3,618
Dalat	2,538	3,075
Mukah	2,481	2,972
Kanowit	2,465	2,497
Bintulu	3,632	4,046
Tatau	3,159	3,237
Kapit	2,967	3,462
Song	2,152	2,574
Belaga	1,860	2,187
Miri	3,499	3,864
Marudi	2,206	2,433
Limbang	3,016	3,394
Lawas	2,822	3,324
Matu	2,360	2,619
Asajaya	2,381	2,690
Pakan	2,357	2,402
Selangau	2,037	2,211
Pusa	1,964	2,160
Kabong	2,380	2,571
Tanjung Manis	2,428	2,733
Sebauh	2,127	2,241
Subis	2,015	2,312
Tebedu	1,927	2,160
Bukit Mabong	3,134	3,222
Beluru	2,111	2,473
Telang Usan	1,885	2,203

Jadual 1.3: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019

Table 1.3: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and strata, Sarawak, 2019

Kelas pendapatan <i>Expenditure class</i>	Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Bandar <i>Urban</i>	Luar Bandar <i>Rural</i>
Jumlah <i>Total</i>	3,448	4,117	2,595
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,367	1,437	1,343
2,000 - 2,999	1,977	2,023	1,949
3,000 - 3,999	2,507	2,675	2,372
4,000 - 4,999	3,021	3,144	2,858
5,000 - 5,999	3,442	3,573	3,217
6,000 - 6,999	3,863	3,990	3,576
7,000 - 7,999	4,282	4,402	3,974
8,000 - 8,999	4,574	4,735	4,148
9,000 - 9,999	4,911	4,890	4,974
10,000 - 14,999	5,818	5,948	5,224
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	8,660	8,901	6,751

Jadual 1.4: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019

Table 1.4: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019

Kelas pendapatan Expenditure class	Jumlah Total	Daerah Pentadbiran/ Administrative district					(RM)
		Kuching	Bau	Lundu	Samarahan	Serian	
Jumlah Total	3,448	4,227	2,954	2,621	3,980	2,971	
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,367	1,482	1,317	1,371	1,402	1,314	
2,000 - 2,999	1,977	2,033	1,948	1,637	1,859	1,958	
3,000 - 3,999	2,507	2,605	2,408	2,383	2,642	2,443	
4,000 - 4,999	3,021	3,211	3,018	2,874	2,951	2,857	
5,000 - 5,999	3,442	3,555	3,231	3,054	3,763	3,451	
6,000 - 6,999	3,863	3,962	3,337	1,935	4,034	3,292	
7,000 - 7,999	4,282	4,441	3,817	2,914	4,269	4,422	
8,000 - 8,999	4,574	4,712	3,739	3,406	4,743	4,221	
9,000 - 9,999	4,911	5,039	4,369	2,957	5,058	5,078	
10,000 - 14,999	5,818	6,143	5,624	5,806	6,290	5,120	
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	8,660	9,417	5,754	5,749	8,773	6,965	

Jadual 1.4: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 1.4: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kelas pendapatan Expenditure class	Daerah Pentadbiran/ Administrative district						(RM)
	Simunjan	Sri Aman	Lubok Antu	Betong	Saratak	Sarikei	
Jumlah Total	2,290	2,907	2,837	2,851	2,868	3,207	
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,266	1,390	1,330	1,466	1,404	1,620	
2,000 - 2,999	1,881	2,172	2,094	1,997	2,092	2,179	
3,000 - 3,999	2,492	2,635	2,877	2,732	2,719	2,894	
4,000 - 4,999	2,851	3,352	3,249	3,311	2,848	3,440	
5,000 - 5,999	3,058	3,463	4,110	3,576	4,032	3,625	
6,000 - 6,999	3,188	3,836	4,178	3,947	3,779	3,592	
7,000 - 7,999	4,540	3,796	4,583	3,999	5,910	4,139	
8,000 - 8,999	4,348	5,576	3,803	4,361	5,242	5,207	
9,000 - 9,999	4,285	4,731	5,149	4,108	6,067	4,980	
10,000 - 14,999	4,171	5,928	5,484	5,087	5,371	6,014	
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	4,414	6,436	-	8,613	9,285	9,402	

Jadual 1.4: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 1.4: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kelas pendapatan Expenditure class	Daerah Pentadbiran/ Administrative district						(RM)
	Maradong	Daro	Julau	Sibu	Dalat	Mukah	
Jumlah Total	2,600	2,403	2,769	3,618	3,075	2,972	
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,398	1,483	1,432	1,215	1,794	1,341	
2,000 - 2,999	2,112	2,151	2,095	1,935	2,051	1,775	
3,000 - 3,999	2,674	2,465	2,828	2,630	2,807	2,447	
4,000 - 4,999	3,163	3,057	4,069	3,045	2,714	2,937	
5,000 - 5,999	3,994	3,280	3,506	3,676	3,340	3,402	
6,000 - 6,999	3,888	3,380	4,085	4,171	3,707	4,321	
7,000 - 7,999	4,035	3,342	-	4,763	4,857	5,335	
8,000 - 8,999	4,712	5,170	5,011	4,853	3,219	4,553	
9,000 - 9,999	4,748	3,906	4,383	5,138	8,318	4,917	
10,000 - 14,999	5,857	4,326	5,860	5,776	5,113	5,765	
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	-	-	6,619	8,051	4,298	7,717	

Jadual 1.4: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 1.4: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kelas pendapatan Expenditure class	Daerah Pentadbiran/ Administrative district						(RM)
	Kanowit	Bintulu	Tatau	Kapit	Song	Belaga	
Jumlah Total	2,497	4,046	3,237	3,462	2,574	2,187	
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,351	1,445	-	1,390	1,482	1,085	
2,000 - 2,999	2,106	1,943	2,392	2,081	2,170	1,827	
3,000 - 3,999	2,533	2,128	2,357	2,796	2,977	2,028	
4,000 - 4,999	2,806	2,440	2,903	3,431	3,301	2,633	
5,000 - 5,999	3,034	3,394	3,212	3,750	4,660	2,769	
6,000 - 6,999	3,845	3,735	3,870	4,343	4,426	2,458	
7,000 - 7,999	3,724	4,078	4,068	5,351	4,900	4,008	
8,000 - 8,999	5,387	4,592	3,915	5,475	5,005	-	
9,000 - 9,999	-	4,802	4,384	6,672	5,164	-	
10,000 - 14,999	7,078	5,735	4,342	8,044	8,895	5,107	
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	-	8,426	-	12,325	-	-	

Jadual 1.4: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 1.4: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kelas pendapatan Expenditure class	Daerah Pentadbiran/ Administrative district						(RM)
	Miri	Marudi	Limbang	Lawas	Matu	Asajaya	
Jumlah Total	3,864	2,433	3,394	3,324	2,619	2,690	
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,598	1,159	1,288	1,287	1,463	1,174	
2,000 - 2,999	1,860	1,679	2,053	2,241	2,369	2,100	
3,000 - 3,999	2,496	2,291	2,598	2,662	3,166	2,202	
4,000 - 4,999	2,882	2,621	3,364	3,120	3,215	2,733	
5,000 - 5,999	3,408	2,795	3,247	3,341	3,302	2,984	
6,000 - 6,999	3,700	2,891	4,441	4,512	3,642	4,102	
7,000 - 7,999	4,115	3,124	4,458	4,108	2,840	4,092	
8,000 - 8,999	4,643	3,747	4,479	4,796	4,082	4,121	
9,000 - 9,999	4,595	3,927	4,500	5,966	3,135	5,570	
10,000 - 14,999	5,526	4,368	5,139	6,046	5,480	5,522	
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	8,515	6,415	8,089	10,091	5,932	4,406	

Jadual 1.4: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 1.4: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kelas pendapatan Expenditure class	Daerah Pentadbiran/ Administrative district						(RM)
	Pakan	Selangau	Pusa	Kabong	Tanjung Manis	Sebauh	
Jumlah Total	2,402	2,211	2,160	2,571	2,733	2,241	
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,510	1,343	1,446	1,432	1,502	900	
2,000 - 2,999	2,339	1,888	2,005	2,133	1,975	1,448	
3,000 - 3,999	2,750	2,359	2,595	2,675	3,094	2,121	
4,000 - 4,999	3,010	2,357	3,030	3,671	2,893	2,687	
5,000 - 5,999	3,056	3,285	3,763	3,610	3,640	3,020	
6,000 - 6,999	3,497	3,460	3,200	3,419	3,841	3,519	
7,000 - 7,999	-	4,307	4,194	3,842	3,790	4,463	
8,000 - 8,999	4,747	2,504	-	-	-	4,294	
9,000 - 9,999	3,983	4,291	-	-	-	3,890	
10,000 - 14,999	3,424	4,147	-	4,291	5,625	3,897	
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	-	5,975	-	-	7,122	-	

Jadual 1.4: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kelas pendapatan isi rumah bulanan dan daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 1.4: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by monthly household income class and administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kelas pendapatan Expenditure class	Daerah Pentadbiran/ Administrative district					(RM)
	Subis	Tebedu	Bukit Mabong	Beluru	Telang Usan	
Jumlah Total	2,312	2,160	3,222	2,473	2,203	
1,999 dan ke bawah 1,999 and below	1,026	1,319	1,485	1,212	1,216	
2,000 - 2,999	1,548	1,909	1,997	1,903	1,644	
3,000 - 3,999	2,094	2,177	3,192	2,220	1,833	
4,000 - 4,999	2,555	3,021	3,339	3,968	2,461	
5,000 - 5,999	2,201	2,705	3,348	3,383	2,866	
6,000 - 6,999	2,746	3,862	4,624	4,138	3,607	
7,000 - 7,999	3,089	4,705	4,348	-	2,524	
8,000 - 8,999	2,615	3,457	4,465	-	2,523	
9,000 - 9,999	4,242	3,699	-	-	-	
10,000 - 14,999	5,139	4,741	-	5,762	4,122	
15,000 dan ke atas 15,000 and above	4,770	-	15,123	7,681	6,063	

Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Kumpulan Utama Perbelanjaan

*Household Consumption Expenditure
by Main Group of Expenditure*

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Jadual 2.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut jenis barang, Malaysia, 2019
 Table 2.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by types of goods, Malaysia, 2019

Jenis barang Types of goods	Purata Mean	Peratus Per cent
Jumlah/ Total	4,534	100.0
Barang Tahan Lama/ Durable goods	237	5.2
Barang Semi Tahan Lama/ Semi-durable goods	204	4.5
Barang Tidak Tahan Lama/ Non-durable goods	1,733	38.2
Perkhidmatan/ Services	2,360	52.1

Jadual 2.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut jenis barang, Sarawak, 2019
 Table 2.2: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by types of goods, Sarawak, 2019

Jenis barang Types of goods	Purata Mean	Peratus Per cent
Jumlah/ Total	3,448	100.0
Barang Tahan Lama/ Durable goods	126	3.7
Barang Semi Tahan Lama/ Semi-durable goods	150	4.3
Barang Tidak Tahan Lama/ Non-durable goods	1,634	47.4
Perkhidmatan/ Services	1,538	44.6

Jadual 2.3: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut strata, Malaysia, 2019

Table 2.3: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by strata, Malaysia, 2019*

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	783	17.3	794	16.1	742	24.4
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	105	2.3	111	2.3	81	2.7
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	152	3.3	163	3.3	109	3.6
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	1,068	23.6	1,179	24.0	631	20.8
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	200	4.4	218	4.4	132	4.3
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	95	2.1	102	2.1	65	2.1
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	611	13.5	669	13.6	386	12.7
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	229	5.0	252	5.1	137	4.5
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	229	5.1	258	5.2	117	3.9
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	70	1.5	80	1.6	30	1.0
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	631	13.9	699	14.3	364	12.0
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	361	8.0	391	8.0	244	8.0
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan (01-12) <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	4,534	100.0	4,916	100.0	3,038	100.0

Jadual 2.4: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut strata, Sarawak, 2019
 Table 2.4: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by strata, Sarawak, 2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	777	22.5	815	19.8	729	28.1
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	94	2.7	96	2.3	90	3.5
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	109	3.2	123	3.0	90	3.5
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	783	22.7	986	23.9	524	20.2
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	135	3.9	163	4.0	100	3.8
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	57	1.7	73	1.8	37	1.4
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	459	13.3	569	13.8	319	12.3
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	172	5.0	217	5.3	115	4.4
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	154	4.5	196	4.8	101	4.0
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	36	1.0	56	1.4	9	0.3
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	375	10.9	455	11.0	273	10.5
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	297	8.6	368	8.9	208	8.0
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,448	100.0	4,117	100.0	2,595	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district							
	Jumlah Total		Kuching		Bau		Lundu	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	777	22.5	806	19.1	706	23.9	634	24.2
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	94	2.7	113	2.7	122	4.1	93	3.5
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	109	3.2	128	3.0	91	3.1	83	3.2
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	783	22.7	997	23.6	694	23.5	594	22.7
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	135	3.9	159	3.8	91	3.1	86	3.3
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	57	1.7	81	1.9	41	1.4	37	1.4
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	459	13.3	545	13.0	312	10.6	325	12.4
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	172	5.0	217	5.1	133	4.5	123	4.7
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	154	4.5	230	5.4	169	5.7	99	3.8
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	36	1.0	51	1.2	7	0.2	12	0.5
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	375	10.9	513	12.1	365	12.3	289	11.0
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	297	8.6	385	9.1	224	7.6	246	9.3
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,448	100.0	4,227	100.0	2,954	100.0	2,621	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district							
	Samarahan		Serian		Simunjan		Sri Aman	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	809	20.3	716	24.1	630	27.5	859	29.5
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	117	2.9	112	3.8	75	3.3	135	4.6
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	117	2.9	98	3.3	77	3.4	89	3.1
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	867	21.8	670	22.6	590	25.8	536	18.4
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	134	3.4	105	3.5	81	3.5	95	3.3
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	63	1.6	35	1.2	36	1.5	27	0.9
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	567	14.3	356	12.0	247	10.8	356	12.2
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	194	4.9	143	4.8	89	3.9	121	4.2
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	216	5.4	124	4.2	55	2.4	156	5.4
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	49	1.2	10	0.3	7	0.3	12	0.4
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	480	12.1	367	12.3	215	9.4	302	10.4
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	367	9.2	235	7.9	188	8.2	220	7.6
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,980	100.0	2,971	100.0	2,290	100.0	2,907	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district							
	Lubok Antu		Betong		Saratok		Sarikei	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	889	31.3	1,023	35.9	988	34.4	707	22.1
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	141	5.0	111	3.9	127	4.4	74	2.3
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	81	2.9	111	3.9	110	3.8	168	5.2
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	396	13.9	464	16.3	458	16.0	604	18.9
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	77	2.7	88	3.1	92	3.2	202	6.3
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	20	0.7	35	1.2	23	0.8	64	2.0
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	367	12.9	326	11.4	295	10.3	434	13.5
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	84	3.0	104	3.6	102	3.6	122	3.8
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	137	4.8	113	4.0	135	4.7	185	5.8
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	2	0.1	7	0.2	17	0.6	49	1.5
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	423	14.9	251	8.8	296	10.3	273	8.5
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	221	7.8	219	7.7	227	7.9	325	10.1
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	2,837	100.0	2,851	100.0	2,868	100.0	3,207	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district							
	Maradong		Daro		Julau		Sibu	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	655	25.2	763	31.7	778	28.1	859	23.8
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	73	2.8	46	1.9	161	5.8	68	1.9
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	147	5.7	151	6.3	125	4.5	110	3.0
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	520	20.0	458	19.1	445	16.0	861	23.8
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	134	5.2	114	4.7	157	5.7	149	4.1
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	53	2.0	34	1.4	30	1.1	65	1.8
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	316	12.2	271	11.3	368	13.3	529	14.6
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	91	3.5	77	3.2	83	3.0	186	5.1
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	123	4.7	59	2.4	152	5.5	109	3.0
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	20	0.7	9	0.4	8	0.3	44	1.2
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	207	8.0	208	8.7	220	8.0	353	9.8
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	261	10.0	213	8.9	241	8.7	286	7.9
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	2,600	100.0	2,403	100.0	2,769	100.0	3,618	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district									
	Dalat		Mukah		Kanowit		Bintulu		Tatau	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	750	24.4	792	26.7	660	26.5	742	18.3	768	23.7
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	48	1.6	64	2.1	53	2.1	124	3.1	134	4.1
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	121	3.9	100	3.4	71	2.9	70	1.7	54	1.7
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	547	17.8	639	21.5	555	22.2	1,162	28.4	762	23.5
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	137	4.4	149	5.0	97	3.9	171	4.2	137	4.2
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	70	2.3	50	1.7	45	1.8	74	1.8	41	1.3
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	575	18.7	401	13.5	295	11.8	464	11.5	450	13.9
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	150	4.9	159	5.4	129	5.1	272	6.7	167	5.2
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	90	2.9	86	2.9	98	3.9	221	5.5	184	5.7
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	18	0.6	30	1.0	11	0.4	45	1.1	13	0.4
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	314	10.2	285	9.6	261	10.5	352	8.7	267	8.2
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	255	8.3	216	7.2	222	8.9	349	8.6	262	8.1
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,075	100.0	2,972	100.0	2,497	100.0	4,046	100.0	3,237	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district									
	Kapit		Song		Belaga		Miri		Marudi	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	818	23.6	614	23.9	609	27.9	747	19.3	659	27.1
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	112	3.2	74	2.9	93	4.3	53	1.3	66	2.7
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	63	1.8	60	2.3	35	1.6	123	3.2	83	3.4
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	764	22.1	516	20.0	409	18.7	954	24.7	495	20.3
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	125	3.6	115	4.5	79	3.6	156	4.0	126	5.2
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	71	2.1	55	2.1	33	1.5	55	1.4	28	1.2
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	432	12.5	320	12.4	289	13.2	621	16.1	317	13.0
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	181	5.2	125	4.9	134	6.1	208	5.4	133	5.5
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	184	5.3	136	5.3	88	4.1	135	3.5	79	3.3
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	24	0.7	3	0.1	2	0.1	75	2.0	15	0.6
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	460	13.3	360	14.0	224	10.2	372	9.6	200	8.2
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	228	6.6	195	7.6	190	8.7	366	9.5	231	9.5
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,462	100.0	2,574	100.0	2,187	100.0	3,864	100.0	2,433	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district									
	Limbang		Lawas		Matu		Asajaya		Pakan	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	877	25.8	947	28.5	737	28.1	750	27.9	689	28.7
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	70	2.1	49	1.4	69	2.6	56	2.1	70	2.9
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	120	3.5	130	3.9	180	6.9	119	4.4	148	6.2
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	672	19.8	630	19.0	528	20.2	626	23.2	430	17.9
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	108	3.2	88	2.7	171	6.5	89	3.3	174	7.3
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	53	1.6	38	1.1	36	1.4	32	1.2	34	1.4
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	508	15.0	450	13.5	266	10.2	266	9.9	249	10.4
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	149	4.3	133	4.0	116	4.4	127	4.7	88	3.7
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	116	3.4	95	2.9	74	2.8	90	3.3	130	5.4
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	26	0.8	10	0.3	19	0.7	7	0.3	8	0.3
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	502	14.8	491	14.8	206	7.9	304	11.3	181	7.5
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	194	5.7	263	7.9	217	8.3	226	8.4	200	8.3
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,394	100.0	3,324	100.0	2,619	100.0	2,690	100.0	2,402	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district									
	Selangau		Pusa		Kabong		Tanjung Manis		Sebauh	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	651	29.4	865	40.1	1,011	39.3	754	27.6	601	26.8
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	82	3.7	86	4.0	73	2.8	37	1.4	160	7.2
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	72	3.3	83	3.8	102	4.0	225	8.2	33	1.5
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	392	17.7	379	17.5	432	16.8	418	15.3	435	19.4
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	102	4.6	61	2.8	84	3.3	165	6.0	83	3.7
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	36	1.6	14	0.6	15	0.6	42	1.6	26	1.2
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	331	14.9	155	7.2	242	9.4	347	12.7	297	13.2
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	107	4.9	74	3.4	82	3.2	119	4.3	106	4.7
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	57	2.6	45	2.1	76	2.9	122	4.5	104	4.6
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	6	0.3	3	0.1	1	0.1	6	0.2	1	0.1
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	203	9.2	219	10.2	253	9.9	250	9.1	241	10.8
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	172	7.8	177	8.2	198	7.7	247	9.1	152	6.8
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	2,211	100.0	2,160	100.0	2,571	100.0	2,733	100.0	2,241	100.0

Jadual 2.5: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 2.5: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Daerah pentadbiran/ Administrative district									
	Subis		Tebedu		Bukit Mabong		Beluru		Telang Usan	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	681	29.5	593	27.4	721	22.4	639	25.8	601	27.3
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	82	3.5	90	4.1	125	3.9	48	1.9	29	1.3
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	111	4.8	55	2.6	63	2.0	71	2.9	58	2.6
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	396	17.1	501	23.2	652	20.2	528	21.4	411	18.7
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	97	4.2	92	4.3	122	3.8	91	3.7	108	4.9
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	41	1.8	25	1.2	56	1.7	22	0.9	36	1.7
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	340	14.7	228	10.5	526	16.3	407	16.5	388	17.6
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	103	4.5	75	3.5	157	4.8	75	3.0	104	4.7
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	42	1.8	74	3.4	167	5.2	63	2.6	62	2.8
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	15	0.6	13	0.6	2	0.1	13	0.5	5	0.2
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	188	8.2	258	12.0	435	13.5	305	12.3	196	8.9
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	215	9.3	156	7.2	196	6.1	211	8.5	205	9.3
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	2,312	100.0	2,160	100.0	3,222	100.0	2,473	100.0	2,203	100.0

Jadual 2.6: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut kumpulan etnik ketua isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019

Table 2.6: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by ethnic group of head of household, Sarawak, 2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia Malaysian citizens			Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
		Jumlah warganegara Total citizens	Bumiputera	Bukan Bumiputera Non Bumiputera	
		(RM)			
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	777	791	782	815	546
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	94	96	90	112	62
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	109	112	110	116	61
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	783	796	679	1,109	560
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	135	138	127	168	89
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	57	58	45	94	32
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	459	477	434	593	158
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	172	175	155	227	129
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	154	160	131	239	55
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	36	37	28	60	15
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	375	386	360	456	193
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	297	307	281	377	143
Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah purata (01-12) <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,448	3,533	3,222	4,366	2,043

Jadual 2.7: Peratusan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut kumpulan etnik ketua isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019

Table 2.7: Percentage of monthly household consumption expenditure by ethnic group of head of household, Sarawak, 2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia Malaysian citizens			Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
		Jumlah warganegara Total citizens	Bumiputra	Bukan bumiputra Non Bumiputra	
		(%)			
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	22.5	22.4	24.3	18.7	26.7
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6	3.1
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	3.2	3.2	3.4	2.7	3.0
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	22.7	22.5	21.1	25.4	27.4
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.8	4.3
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	1.7	1.7	1.4	2.1	1.6
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	13.3	13.5	13.5	13.6	7.8
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	5.0	5.0	4.8	5.2	6.3
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	4.5	4.5	4.0	5.5	2.7
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.4	0.7
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	10.9	10.9	11.1	10.4	9.4
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.6	7.0
Peratusan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan (01-12) <i>Percentage of monthly household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Jadual 2.8: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut saiz, Sarawak, 2019
 Table 2.8: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by size, Sarawak, 2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Saiz Isi Rumah (Orang)/ Household Size (Person)			
	Satu One	Dua Two	Tiga Three	Empat dan lebih Four and more
	(RM)			
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	470	631	752	902
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	61	77	95	106
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	56	74	100	135
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	548	734	811	841
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	79	119	138	152
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	54	53	56	59
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	238	337	444	554
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	90	125	171	206
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	81	130	167	174
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	1	8	23	57
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	220	256	360	454
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	143	206	276	370
Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah purata (01–12) <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure (01–12)</i>	2,041	2,750	3,393	4,010

Jadual 2.9: Peratusan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut saiz, Sarawak, 2019

Table 2.9: Percentage of monthly household consumption expenditure by size, Sarawak, 2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Saiz Isi Rumah (Orang)/ Household Size (Person)			
	Satu One	Dua Two	Tiga Three	Empat dan lebih Four and more
	(%)			
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	23.0	23.0	22.2	22.5
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.7
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.4
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	26.9	26.7	23.9	21.0
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	3.9	4.3	4.1	3.8
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	2.7	1.9	1.6	1.5
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	11.7	12.3	13.1	13.8
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	4.4	4.5	5.1	5.1
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	3.9	4.7	4.9	4.3
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	0.0	0.3	0.7	1.4
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	10.8	9.3	10.6	11.3
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	7.0	7.5	8.1	9.2
Peratusan perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan (01-12) <i>Percentage of monthly household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Jadual 2.10: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut kumpulan pendapatan isi rumah, Sarawak, 2019

Table 2.10: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by household income group, Sarawak, 2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Jumlah Total		Tertinggi 20% Top 20%		Pertengahan 40% Middle 40%		Terendah 40% Bottom 40%	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	791	22.4	1,100	17.4	834	23.4	580	28.9
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	96	2.7	155	2.5	99	2.8	59	3.0
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	112	3.2	187	3.0	116	3.2	67	3.3
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	796	22.5	1,275	20.2	814	22.8	521	26.0
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	138	3.9	282	4.5	125	3.5	75	3.7
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	58	1.7	118	1.9	56	1.6	30	1.5
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	477	13.5	963	15.3	486	13.6	207	10.3
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	175	5.0	350	5.5	178	5.0	77	3.8
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	160	4.5	368	5.8	149	4.2	61	3.0
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	37	1.0	116	1.8	26	0.7	6	0.3
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	386	10.9	756	12.0	389	10.9	184	9.2
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	307	8.7	636	10.1	298	8.3	140	7.0
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01–12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01–12)</i>	3,533	100.0	6,306	100.0	3,570	100.0	2,007	100.0

Nota/ Note:
Mengikut had bagi Sarawak 2019
Refer to thresholds Sarawak 2019

Terendah/ Bottom 40%: < 3,720
Pertengahan/ Middle 40%: 3,720-8,649
Tertinggi/ Top 20%: ≥ 8,650

Jadual 2.11: Siri masa komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan, Sarawak, 2004-2019
 Table 2.11: Time series of composition of monthly household consumption expenditure, Sarawak, 2004-2019

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group										
	2004/ 2005		2009/ 2010		2014		2016		2019	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	442	23.2	570	26.3	706	25.0	741	23.8	777	22.5
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	35	1.8	41	1.9	71	2.5	89	2.8	94	2.7
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	67	3.5	68	3.1	87	3.1	90	2.8	109	3.2
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	387	20.4	461	21.3	646	22.9	697	22.4	783	22.7
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	97	5.1	105	4.9	118	4.2	122	3.9	135	3.9
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	23	1.2	32	1.5	39	1.4	47	1.5	57	1.7
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	345	18.1	311	14.4	346	12.2	398	12.8	459	13.3
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	72	3.8	103	4.8	138	4.9	148	4.7	172	5.0
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	84	4.4	99	4.6	151	5.3	153	4.9	154	4.5
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	31	1.6	22	1.0	24	0.8	30	1.0	36	1.0
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	202	10.7	183	8.4	292	10.3	358	11.5	375	10.9
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	118	6.2	170	7.8	208	7.4	246	7.9	297	8.6
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	1,902	100.0	2,166	100.0	2,826	100.0	3,118	100.0	3,448	100.0

Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Isi Rumah mengikut Kumpulan Perbelanjaan Terperinci

*Household Consumption Expenditure
by Detailed Expenditure Groups*

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Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019

Table 3.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	783.18	17.28	793.64	16.14	742.25	24.43
0111	Beras <i>Rice</i>	42.17	0.93	41.40	0.84	45.17	1.49
0112	Tepung & bijirin lain <i>Flour & other cereals</i>	16.24	0.36	17.27	0.35	12.18	0.40
0113	Biskut <i>Biscuits</i>	21.68	0.48	21.79	0.44	21.26	0.70
0114	Roti & kuih <i>Bread & bakery products</i>	57.82	1.28	61.07	1.24	45.11	1.48
0115	Keluaran lain yang di buat daripada bijirin <i>Other products made from cereal grains</i>	12.23	0.27	12.10	0.25	12.77	0.42
0121	Daging segar <i>Fresh meat</i>	79.70	1.76	79.08	1.61	82.15	2.70
0122	Daging beku <i>Frozen meat</i>	11.08	0.24	10.69	0.22	12.60	0.41
0123	Daging yang diproses <i>Processed meat</i>	18.30	0.40	19.37	0.39	14.12	0.46
0131	Ikan segar <i>Fresh fish</i>	91.92	2.03	90.43	1.84	97.74	3.22
0132	Makanan laut segar <i>Fresh seafood</i>	54.06	1.19	55.88	1.14	46.94	1.54
0133	Ikan & makanan laut yang diproses <i>Processed fish & seafood</i>	22.59	0.50	21.95	0.45	25.08	0.83
0141	Susu segar & dibancuh semula <i>Fresh & reconstituted milk</i>	8.11	0.18	8.97	0.18	4.74	0.16
0142	Susu cair/pekat <i>Evaporated/condensed milk</i>	7.22	0.16	7.04	0.14	7.90	0.26
0143	Susu tepung & keluaran susu lain <i>Milk powder & other dairy products</i>	33.45	0.74	34.92	0.71	27.71	0.91
0144	Telur <i>Eggs</i>	15.67	0.35	15.30	0.31	17.14	0.56
0151	Mentega, minyak & lemak binatang yang disediakan <i>Butter, fat & prepared animal oils</i>	1.92	0.04	2.04	0.04	1.47	0.05
0152	Minyak <i>Oils</i>	19.02	0.42	19.40	0.39	17.56	0.58
0153	Marjerin, mentega kacang, dll. <i>Margarine, peanut butter, etc.</i>	3.05	0.07	3.28	0.07	2.17	0.07
0161	Buah-buahan segar <i>Fresh fruit</i>	39.86	0.88	41.26	0.84	34.40	1.13
0162	Buah-buahan yang diproses <i>Preserved fruit</i>	3.44	0.08	3.53	0.07	3.06	0.10
0163	Kelapa & kacang <i>Coconut & nuts</i>	9.30	0.21	9.32	0.19	9.20	0.30
0171	Sayur-sayuran segar <i>Fresh vegetables</i>	71.26	1.57	70.81	1.44	73.05	2.40

Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019 (cont'd)

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
0172	Sayur-sayuran yang dikering / jeruk <i>Preserved vegetables</i>	7.06	0.16	7.54	0.15	5.19	0.17
0173	Ubi kentang & ubi lain <i>Potatoes & other tubers</i>	7.22	0.16	7.50	0.15	6.14	0.20
0181	Gula <i>Sugar</i>	7.14	0.16	6.76	0.14	8.61	0.28
0182	Coklat, gula-gula & aiskrim <i>Chocolate, sweets & ice cream</i>	12.17	0.27	13.21	0.27	8.14	0.27
0183	Jem, madu, dll. <i>Jam, honey, etc.</i>	6.05	0.13	6.26	0.13	5.26	0.17
0191	Rempah-rempah <i>Spices</i>	23.77	0.52	23.88	0.49	23.35	0.77
0192	Makanan lain <i>Other foods</i>	28.26	0.62	28.87	0.59	25.88	0.85
0193	Barang-barang runcit <i>Sundry goods</i>	3.43	0.08	3.77	0.08	2.08	0.07
0101	Kopi <i>Coffee</i>	9.36	0.21	9.23	0.19	9.87	0.32
0102	Teh, koko, dll. <i>Tea, cocoa, etc.</i>	17.63	0.39	17.97	0.37	16.33	0.54
0103	Air mineral, minuman ringan, jus buah & jus sayuran <i>Mineral water, soft drinks, fruits & vegetable juices</i>	21.00	0.46	21.79	0.44	17.89	0.59
Kumpulan Group	02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	105.02	2.32	111.04	2.26	81.47	2.68
021	Minuman keras/alkohol <i>Alcoholic beverages</i>	34.86	0.77	39.35	0.80	17.30	0.57
022	Tembakau <i>Tobacco</i>	70.16	1.55	71.69	1.46	64.17	2.11
Kumpulan Group	03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	151.62	3.34	162.52	3.31	108.98	3.59
0311	Material pakaian <i>Clothing materials</i>	2.42	0.05	2.52	0.05	2.02	0.07
0312	Pakaian <i>Garments</i>	105.27	2.32	112.31	2.28	77.73	2.56
0313	Lain-lain jenis pakaian & aksesori pakaian <i>Other articles of clothing & clothing accessories</i>	8.17	0.18	8.63	0.18	6.37	0.21
0314	Pembersihan, pembaiakan & sewa pakaian <i>Cleaning, repair & hire of clothing</i>	5.86	0.13	6.51	0.13	3.32	0.11
0321	Kasut & kasut lain <i>Shoes & other footwear</i>	29.33	0.65	31.92	0.65	19.23	0.63
0322	Pembaiakan & sewa kasut <i>Repair & hire of footwear</i>	0.56	0.01	0.63	0.01	0.30	0.01

Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019 (cont'd)

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	1,067.65	23.55	1,179.23	23.99	631.20	20.78
0411	Sewa dibayar <i>Rental paid</i>	169.51	3.74	202.92	4.13	38.82	1.28
0421	Sewa dinilai <i>Imputed rent</i>	641.54	14.15	699.81	14.24	413.60	13.61
0431	Bahan-bahan untuk pembaikan rumah kediaman <i>Materials for the maintenance & repair of the dwelling</i>	27.53	0.61	30.07	0.61	17.61	0.58
0432	Bayaran perkhidmatan untuk pemberian rumah kediaman (termasuk bahan-bahan) <i>Services for the maintenance & repair of the dwelling (including materials)</i>	28.98	0.64	31.50	0.64	19.09	0.63
0441	Bekalan air <i>Water supply</i>	39.79	0.88	41.91	0.85	31.48	1.04
0442	Kutipan sampah <i>Refuse collection</i>	0.79	0.02	0.94	0.02	0.20	0.01
0443	Pembentungan <i>Sewage collection</i>	2.32	0.05	2.77	0.06	0.52	0.02
0444	Lain-lain perkhidmatan yang berkait dengan rumah kediaman <i>Other services relating to the dwelling</i>	9.86	0.22	12.02	0.24	1.41	0.05
0451	Elektrik <i>Electricity</i>	126.69	2.79	137.58	2.80	84.08	2.77
0452	Gas <i>Gas</i>	20.22	0.45	19.38	0.39	23.48	0.77
0453	Bahan api cecair <i>Liquid fuels</i>	0.10	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.17	0.01
0454	Bahan api lain <i>Other fuels</i>	0.34	0.01	0.24	0.00	0.72	0.02
Kumpulan Group	05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	200.40	4.42	217.91	4.43	131.90	4.34
0511	Perabot & hiasan rumah <i>Furniture & furnishings</i>	40.97	0.90	44.75	0.91	26.19	0.86
0512	Permaidani & penutup lantai lain <i>Carpets & other floor coverings</i>	8.29	0.18	8.74	0.18	6.53	0.21
0513	Pembaikan perabot, hiasan & penutup lantai <i>Repair of furniture, furnishings & floor coverings</i>	1.15	0.03	1.32	0.03	0.47	0.02
0520	Kain hiasan rumah <i>Household textiles</i>	11.20	0.25	11.93	0.24	8.35	0.27
0531	Alat-Alat memasak <i>Cooking appliances</i>	6.67	0.15	7.19	0.15	4.62	0.15

Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019 (cont'd)

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure	Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
0532 Penghawa dingin <i>Air-conditioning</i>	4.94	0.11	5.65	0.11	2.15	0.07
0533 Mesin pencuci <i>Washing machines</i>	2.90	0.06	3.13	0.06	2.00	0.07
0534 Peti sejuk & alat pembeku <i>Refrigerators & freezers</i>	4.79	0.11	5.24	0.11	3.06	0.10
0535 Lain-lain perkakas utama isi rumah <i>Other major household appliances</i>	5.17	0.11	5.86	0.12	2.45	0.08
0536 Perkakas elektrik kecil isi rumah <i>Small electric household appliances</i>	4.87	0.11	5.32	0.11	3.10	0.10
0537 Pembaikan perkakas isi rumah <i>Repair of household appliances</i>	4.61	0.10	5.04	0.10	2.95	0.10
0540 Barang kaca, alat makan & perkakas isi rumah <i>Glassware, tableware & household utensils</i>	5.26	0.12	5.56	0.11	4.07	0.13
0551 Alat pertukangan & peralatan utama <i>Major tools & equipment</i>	0.97	0.02	0.84	0.02	1.47	0.05
0552 Alat pertukangan yang kecil & pelbagai aksesori <i>Small tools & miscellaneous accessories</i>	0.86	0.02	0.81	0.02	1.08	0.04
0561 Barang-barang isi rumah tidak tahan lama <i>Non-durable household goods</i>	48.11	1.06	49.60	1.01	42.30	1.39
0562 Perkhidmatan urusan rumah tangga <i>Domestic services & household services</i>	49.64	1.09	56.93	1.16	21.11	0.69
Kumpulan Group 06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	94.69	2.09	102.34	2.08	64.76	2.13
0611 Barang pengeluaran perubatan <i>Pharmaceutical products</i>	52.70	1.16	56.57	1.15	37.57	1.24
0612 Lain-lain pengeluaran perubatan <i>Other medical products</i>	3.62	0.08	3.80	0.08	2.91	0.10
0613 Perkakas & alat rawatan <i>Therapeutic appliances & equipment</i>	6.92	0.15	7.48	0.15	4.70	0.15
0621 Perkhidmatan perubatan <i>Medical services</i>	13.62	0.30	14.56	0.30	9.94	0.33
0622 Perkhidmatan pergigian <i>Dental services</i>	7.74	0.17	8.83	0.18	3.49	0.11
0623 Perkhidmatan sampingan <i>Ancillary services</i>	1.15	0.03	1.32	0.03	0.47	0.02
0631 Hospital kerajaan <i>Government hospital</i>	1.23	0.03	1.29	0.03	0.99	0.03
0632 Hospital kerajaan yang di korporatkan <i>Government corporate hospital</i>	1.30	0.03	1.52	0.03	0.42	0.01
0633 Hospital swasta <i>Private hospital</i>	6.41	0.14	6.96	0.14	4.28	0.14

Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019 (cont'd)

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	07 Pengangkutan Transport	611.31	13.48	669.04	13.61	385.52	12.69
0711	Kereta <i>Motor cars</i>	58.14	1.28	65.83	1.34	28.09	0.92
0712	Motosikal <i>Motor cycles</i>	6.84	0.15	7.52	0.15	4.18	0.14
0713	Basikal <i>Bicycles</i>	1.81	0.04	1.94	0.04	1.31	0.04
0721	Alat ganti & aksesori untuk pengangkutan persendirian <i>Spare parts & accessories for personal transport equipment</i>	17.77	0.39	19.22	0.39	12.07	0.40
0722	Bahan api & pelincir untuk pengangkutan persendirian <i>Fuels & lubricants for personal transport equipment</i>	334.40	7.38	358.95	7.30	238.34	7.84
0723	Pembaikan & penyelenggaraan untuk pengangkutan persendirian (termasuk alat-alat) <i>Repair & maintenance of personal transport (including parts)</i>	97.80	2.16	105.41	2.14	68.07	2.24
0724	Perkhidmatan lain yang berkaitan dengan alat pengangkutan persendirian <i>Other services in respect of personal transport equipment</i>	42.35	0.93	50.02	1.02	12.35	0.41
0731	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan rel <i>Passenger transport by railway</i>	1.76	0.04	2.12	0.04	0.35	0.01
0732	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan jalan raya <i>Passenger transport by road</i>	17.55	0.39	18.53	0.38	13.72	0.45
0733	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan udara <i>Passenger transport by air</i>	30.36	0.67	37.34	0.76	3.06	0.10
0734	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan air <i>Passenger transport by waterway</i>	1.37	0.03	0.84	0.02	3.42	0.11
0735	Pembayaran pengangkutan lain <i>Other transport charges</i>	1.18	0.03	1.33	0.03	0.57	0.02
Kumpulan Group	08 Komunikasi Communication	228.81	5.05	252.39	5.13	136.56	4.49
0810	Perkhidmatan pos <i>Postal services</i>	0.43	0.01	0.45	0.01	0.36	0.01
0820	Peralatan telefon & telefaks <i>Telephone & telefax equipment</i>	30.88	0.68	34.66	0.70	16.09	0.53
0830	Perkhidmatan telefon & telefaks <i>Telephone & telefax services</i>	197.50	4.36	217.28	4.42	120.10	3.95

Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019 (cont'd)

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	229.15	5.05	257.72	5.24	117.38	3.86
0911	Televisyen, perakam kaset video, dll. <i>Television, video cassette recorders, etc.</i>	10.46	0.23	11.71	0.24	5.59	0.18
0912	Peralatan fotografi & penggambaran <i>Photographic & cinematographic equipment</i>	1.73	0.04	2.03	0.04	0.55	0.02
0913	Peralatan memproses maklumat <i>Information processing equipment</i>	7.71	0.17	9.00	0.18	2.64	0.09
0914	Media rakaman <i>Recording media</i>	0.84	0.02	0.95	0.02	0.40	0.01
0915	Pembaikan alat pandang dengar, fotografi & peralatan memproses maklumat <i>Repair of audio-visual, photographic & information processing equipment</i>	0.33	0.01	0.35	0.01	0.23	0.01
0921	Peralatan tahan lama utama untuk rekreasi luar <i>Major durables for outdoor recreation</i>	0.58	0.01	0.67	0.01	0.25	0.01
0922	Alat muzik <i>Musical instruments</i>	0.75	0.02	0.88	0.02	0.24	0.01
0923	Penyelenggaraan & pembaikan peralatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Maintenance & repair of other major durables for recreation & culture</i>	0.13	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.17	0.01
0931	Barang-barang permainan & hobi <i>Games, toys & hobbies</i>	1.36	0.03	1.48	0.03	0.90	0.03
0932	Alat sukan <i>Sports equipment</i>	2.15	0.05	2.41	0.05	1.11	0.04
0933	Kebun, tumbuhan & bunga <i>Garden, plants & flowers</i>	7.76	0.17	8.11	0.16	6.40	0.21
0934	Haiwan peliharaan & barang pengeluaran berkaitan <i>Pets & related products</i>	10.66	0.24	11.69	0.24	6.65	0.22
0935	Lain-lain perkhidmatan untuk haiwan peliharaan <i>Veterinary & other services for pets</i>	1.56	0.03	1.83	0.04	0.52	0.02
0936	Barang-barang tidak kekal lain <i>Other non durables</i>	11.93	0.26	13.48	0.27	5.89	0.19
0941	Perkhidmatan hiburan, rekreasi & sukan <i>Entertainment, recreation & sports</i>	9.62	0.21	11.43	0.23	2.52	0.08
0942	Perkhidmatan kebudayaan <i>Cultural services</i>	96.26	2.12	108.23	2.20	49.43	1.63
0943	Loteri & perjudian lain <i>Lotteries & other gambling</i>	15.45	0.34	17.06	0.35	9.17	0.30

Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.1: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
0951	Buku Books	2.46	0.05	2.58	0.05	1.97	0.06
0952	Suratkhabar Newspapers	4.69	0.10	5.15	0.10	2.90	0.10
0953	Majalah & bacaan berkala Magazines & periodicals	1.04	0.02	1.17	0.02	0.53	0.02
0954	Alat tulis & peralatan melukis Writing & drawing equipment & supplies	11.69	0.26	12.57	0.26	8.25	0.27
0960	Pakej pelancongan Package tours	29.97	0.66	34.81	0.71	11.06	0.36
Kumpulan Group	10 Pendidikan Education	69.65	1.54	79.74	1.62	30.18	0.99
1010	Pendidikan peringkat pra sekolah & sekolah rendah Pre primary & primary education	34.54	0.76	39.62	0.81	14.68	0.48
1020	Pendidikan peringkat menengah Secondary education	15.00	0.33	17.38	0.35	5.68	0.19
1030	Pendidikan peringkat sijil Post-secondary non-tertiary education	5.30	0.12	6.10	0.12	2.16	0.07
1040	Pendidikan peringkat diploma & ke atas Tertiary education diploma level & above	6.66	0.15	7.79	0.16	2.23	0.07
1050	Pendidikan yang tidak dikelaskan di mana-mana Education not definable by level	8.16	0.18	8.85	0.18	5.44	0.18
Kumpulan Group	11 Restoran & hotel Restaurants & hotels	631.18	13.92	699.48	14.23	364.02	11.98
1111	Perbelanjaan di restoran & kafe Expenditure in restaurants & cafes	603.60	13.31	667.41	13.58	353.98	11.65
1120	Perkhidmatan penginapan Accommodation services	27.58	0.61	32.06	0.65	10.04	0.33
Kumpulan Group	12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan Miscellaneous goods & services	360.88	7.96	390.76	7.95	243.99	8.03
1211	Salon mendandan rambut & kedai solek Hairdressing salons & personal grooming establishments	31.27	0.69	34.51	0.70	18.60	0.61
1212	Perkakas elektrik untuk penjagaan diri Electric appliances for personal care	0.97	0.02	1.11	0.02	0.44	0.01
1213	Perkakas lain, barang-barang & produk untuk penjagaan diri Other appliances, articles & products for personal care	142.81	3.15	152.21	3.10	106.05	3.49

Jadual 3.1: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Malaysia, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.1: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Malaysia, 2019 (cont'd)

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure	Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
1231 Barang kemas, cincin & batu berharga <i>Jewellery, rings & precious stones</i>	23.57	0.52	26.11	0.53	13.63	0.45
1232 Jam <i>Watches</i>	12.88	0.28	14.54	0.30	6.40	0.21
1233 Barang peribadi lain <i>Other personal effects</i>	11.44	0.25	12.65	0.26	6.69	0.22
1240 Perlindungan sosial <i>Social protection</i>	0.12	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.03	0.00
1251 Insurans nyawa <i>Life insurance</i>	13.72	0.30	16.08	0.33	4.48	0.15
1252 Insurans untuk harta benda isi rumah <i>Insurance connected with the dwelling</i>	0.87	0.02	1.03	0.02	0.24	0.01
1253 Insurans kemalangan & kesihatan <i>Insurance connected with accident & health</i>	10.44	0.23	12.35	0.25	2.99	0.10
1254 Insurans untuk kenderaan bermotor <i>Insurance for motor vehicles</i>	57.65	1.27	60.79	1.24	45.34	1.49
1261 Perkhidmatan kewangan <i>Financial services</i>	8.20	0.18	9.37	0.19	3.64	0.12
1270 Perkhidmatan lain <i>Other services</i>	46.94	1.04	49.87	1.01	35.45	1.17
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan (01-12) <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	4,533.53	100.00	4,915.81	100.00	3,038.20	100.00

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019

Table 3.2: Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	777.14	22.54	814.76	19.79	729.19	28.10
0111	Beras <i>Rice</i>	56.31	1.63	55.17	1.34	57.77	2.23
0112	Tepung & bijirin lain <i>Flour & other cereals</i>	10.41	0.30	12.06	0.29	8.30	0.32
0113	Biskut <i>Biscuits</i>	25.10	0.73	26.62	0.65	23.16	0.89
0114	Roti & kuih <i>Bread & bakery products</i>	34.10	0.99	39.62	0.96	27.07	1.04
0115	Keluaran lain yang di buat daripada bijirin <i>Other products made from cereal grains</i>	15.56	0.45	15.16	0.37	16.06	0.62
0121	Daging segar <i>Fresh meat</i>	84.01	2.44	85.27	2.07	82.41	3.18
0122	Daging beku <i>Frozen meat</i>	31.61	0.92	30.99	0.75	32.40	1.25
0123	Daging yang diproses <i>Processed meat</i>	28.21	0.82	32.14	0.78	23.20	0.89
0131	Ikan segar <i>Fresh fish</i>	74.72	2.17	74.59	1.81	74.89	2.89
0132	Makanan laut segar <i>Fresh seafood</i>	43.15	1.25	47.40	1.15	37.74	1.45
0133	Ikan & makanan laut yang diproses <i>Processed fish & seafood</i>	27.15	0.79	25.16	0.61	29.68	1.14
0141	Susu segar & dibancuh semula <i>Fresh & reconstituted milk</i>	4.76	0.14	6.41	0.16	2.65	0.10
0142	Susu cair/ pekat <i>Evaporated/ condensed milk</i>	5.93	0.17	5.81	0.14	6.10	0.23
0143	Susu tepung & keluaran susu lain <i>Milk powder & other dairy products</i>	35.05	1.02	39.34	0.96	29.59	1.14
0144	Telur <i>Eggs</i>	19.64	0.57	19.53	0.47	19.79	0.76
0151	Mentega, minyak & lemak binatang yang disediakan <i>Butter, fat & prepared animal oils</i>	2.10	0.06	2.44	0.06	1.68	0.06
0152	Minyak <i>Oils</i>	19.43	0.56	21.43	0.52	16.88	0.65
0153	Marjerin, mentega kacang, dll. <i>Margarine, peanut butter, etc.</i>	1.97	0.06	2.49	0.06	1.32	0.05
0161	Buah-buahan segar <i>Fresh fruit</i>	38.32	1.11	43.31	1.05	31.97	1.23
0162	Buah-buahan yang diproses <i>Preserved fruit</i>	1.70	0.05	2.03	0.05	1.30	0.05
0163	Kelapa & kacang <i>Coconut & nuts</i>	5.03	0.15	5.75	0.14	4.10	0.16
0171	Sayur-sayuran segar <i>Fresh vegetables</i>	74.70	2.17	75.08	1.82	74.22	2.86

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.2: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
0172	Sayur-sayuran yang dikering/ jeruk <i>Preserved vegetables</i>	6.25	0.18	6.88	0.17	5.46	0.21
0173	Ubi kentang & ubi lain <i>Potatoes & other tubers</i>	4.42	0.13	4.86	0.12	3.85	0.15
0181	Gula <i>Sugar</i>	6.78	0.20	6.50	0.16	7.14	0.28
0182	Coklat, gula-gula & aiskrim <i>Chocolate, sweets & ice cream</i>	8.71	0.25	10.77	0.26	6.07	0.23
0183	Jem, madu, dll. <i>Jam, honey, etc.</i>	4.40	0.13	5.12	0.12	3.49	0.13
0191	Rempah-rempah <i>Spices</i>	16.87	0.49	16.76	0.41	17.01	0.66
0192	Makanan lain <i>Other foods</i>	28.55	0.83	30.54	0.74	26.00	1.00
0193	Barang-barang runcit <i>Sundry goods</i>	1.56	0.05	2.09	0.05	0.88	0.03
0101	Kopi <i>Coffee</i>	11.79	0.34	11.82	0.29	11.76	0.45
0102	Teh, koko, dll. <i>Tea, cocoa, etc.</i>	18.51	0.54	20.00	0.49	16.63	0.64
0103	Air mineral, minuman ringan, jus buah & jus sayuran <i>Mineral water, soft drinks, fruits & vegetable juices</i>	30.32	0.88	31.63	0.77	28.66	1.10
Kumpulan Group	02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	93.56	2.71	96.31	2.34	90.04	3.47
021	Minuman keras/ alkohol <i>Alcoholic beverages</i>	51.26	1.49	54.67	1.33	46.91	1.81
022	Tembakau <i>Tobacco</i>	42.30	1.23	41.64	1.01	43.13	1.66
Kumpulan Group	03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	108.75	3.15	123.14	2.99	90.40	3.48
0311	Material pakaian <i>Clothing materials</i>	0.84	0.02	0.68	0.02	1.04	0.04
0312	Pakaian <i>Garments</i>	78.74	2.28	88.33	2.15	66.51	2.56
0313	Lain-lain jenis pakaian & aksesori pakaian <i>Other articles of clothing & clothing accessories</i>	4.06	0.12	4.47	0.11	3.53	0.14
0314	Pembersihan, pumbaikan & sewa pakaian <i>Cleaning, repair & hire of clothing</i>	3.23	0.09	3.68	0.09	2.66	0.10
0321	Kasut & kasut lain <i>Shoes & other footwear</i>	21.63	0.63	25.66	0.62	16.51	0.64
0322	Pumbaikan & sewa kasut <i>Repair & hire of footwear</i>	0.25	0.01	0.33	0.01	0.15	0.01

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.2: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	782.89	22.71	985.70	23.94	524.41	20.21
0411	Sewa dibayar <i>Rental paid</i>	59.26	1.72	92.46	2.25	16.95	0.65
0421	Sewa dinilai <i>Imputed rent</i>	532.47	15.44	668.84	16.25	358.67	13.82
0431	Bahan-bahan untuk pemberian rumah kediaman <i>Materials for the maintenance & repair of the dwelling</i>	10.68	0.31	8.38	0.20	13.61	0.52
0432	Bayaran perkhidmatan untuk pemberian rumah kediaman (termasuk bahan-bahan) <i>Services for the maintenance and repair of the dwelling (including materials)</i>	9.82	0.28	9.99	0.24	9.60	0.37
0441	Bekalan air <i>Water supply</i>	30.77	0.89	37.88	0.92	21.72	0.84
0442	Kutipan sampah <i>Refuse collection</i>	0.08	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.01	0.00
0443	Pembentungan <i>Sewage collection</i>	0.03	0.00	0.06	0.00	-	-
0444	Lain-lain perkhidmatan yang berkait dengan rumah kediaman <i>Other services relating to the dwelling</i>	0.37	0.01	0.66	0.02	-	-
0451	Elektrik <i>Electricity</i>	109.15	3.17	139.42	3.39	70.58	2.72
0452	Gas <i>Gas</i>	28.71	0.83	27.15	0.66	30.69	1.18
0453	Bahan api cecair <i>Liquid fuels</i>	0.17	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.23	0.01
0454	Bahan api lain <i>Other fuels</i>	1.37	0.04	0.60	0.01	2.34	0.09
Kumpulan Group	05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	135.43	3.93	163.42	3.97	99.77	3.84
0511	Perabot & hiasan rumah <i>Furniture & furnishings</i>	22.74	0.66	27.26	0.66	16.97	0.65
0512	Permaidani & penutup lantai lain <i>Carpets & other floor coverings</i>	5.33	0.15	5.68	0.14	4.90	0.19
0513	Pemberian perabot, hiasan & penutup lantai <i>Repair of furniture, furnishings & floor coverings</i>	0.09	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.07	0.00
0520	Kain hiasan rumah <i>Household textiles</i>	7.50	0.22	8.98	0.22	5.61	0.22
0531	Alat-Alat memasak <i>Cooking appliances</i>	4.71	0.14	5.31	0.13	3.96	0.15

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.2: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
0532	Penghawa dingin <i>Air-conditioning</i>	2.99	0.09	4.38	0.11	1.21	0.05
0533	Mesin pencuci <i>Washing machines</i>	2.10	0.06	2.48	0.06	1.61	0.06
0534	Peti sejuk & alat pembeku <i>Refrigerators & freezers</i>	3.07	0.09	3.19	0.08	2.92	0.11
0535	Lain-lain perkakas utama isi rumah <i>Other major household appliances</i>	1.90	0.06	2.60	0.06	1.01	0.04
0536	Perkkas elektrik kecil isi rumah <i>Small electric household appliances</i>	3.19	0.09	3.79	0.09	2.42	0.09
0537	Pembaikan perkakas isi rumah <i>Repair of household appliances</i>	1.21	0.03	1.91	0.05	0.31	0.01
0540	Barang kaca, alat makan & perkakas isi rumah <i>Glassware, tableware & household utensils</i>	4.58	0.13	4.88	0.12	4.21	0.16
0551	Alat pertukangan & peralatan utama <i>Major tools & equipment</i>	0.95	0.03	0.68	0.02	1.30	0.05
0552	Alat pertukangan yang kecil & pelbagai aksesori <i>Small tools & miscellaneous accessories</i>	1.01	0.03	0.71	0.02	1.39	0.05
0561	Barang-barang isi rumah tidak tahan lama <i>Non-durable household goods</i>	57.58	1.67	67.69	1.64	44.71	1.72
0562	Perkhidmatan urusan rumah tangga <i>Domestic services & household services</i>	16.49	0.48	23.80	0.58	7.18	0.28
Kumpulan Group	06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	56.90	1.65	72.83	1.77	36.60	1.41
0611	Barang pengeluaran perubatan <i>Pharmaceutical products</i>	30.23	0.88	38.15	0.93	20.13	0.78
0612	Lain-lain pengeluaran perubatan <i>Other medical products</i>	3.23	0.09	3.66	0.09	2.69	0.10
0613	Perkkas & alat rawatan <i>Therapeutic appliances & equipment</i>	3.96	0.11	5.13	0.12	2.48	0.10
0621	Perkhidmatan perubatan <i>Medical services</i>	12.04	0.35	14.37	0.35	9.06	0.35
0622	Perkhidmatan pergigian <i>Dental services</i>	2.46	0.07	3.83	0.09	0.71	0.03
0623	Perkhidmatan sampingan <i>Ancillary services</i>	0.28	0.01	0.43	0.01	0.10	0.00
0631	Hospital kerajaan <i>Government hospital</i>	0.56	0.02	0.55	0.01	0.56	0.02
0632	Hospital kerajaan yang di korporatkan <i>Government corporate hospital</i>	0.20	0.01	0.15	0.00	0.27	0.01
0633	Hospital swasta <i>Private hospital</i>	3.94	0.11	6.56	0.16	0.59	0.02

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.2: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	07 Pengangkutan Transport	459.00	13.31	568.88	13.82	318.96	12.29
0711	Kereta Motor cars	31.42	0.91	40.04	0.97	20.43	0.79
0712	Motosikal Motor cycles	1.65	0.05	1.45	0.04	1.90	0.07
0713	Basikal Bicycles	0.55	0.02	0.66	0.02	0.40	0.02
0721	Alat ganti & aksesori untuk pengangkutan persendirian Spare parts & accessories for personal transport equipment	13.36	0.39	14.59	0.35	11.79	0.45
0722	Bahan api & pelincir untuk pengangkutan persendirian Fuels & lubricants for personal transport equipment	308.70	8.95	394.94	9.59	198.78	7.66
0723	Pembaikan & penyelenggaraan untuk pengangkutan persendirian (termasuk alat-alat) Repair & maintenance of personal transport (including parts)	72.30	2.10	90.26	2.19	49.41	1.90
0724	Perkhidmatan lain yang berkaitan dengan alat pengangkutan persendirian Other services in respect of personal transport equipment	6.98	0.20	7.28	0.18	6.59	0.25
0731	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan rel Passenger transport by railway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-
0732	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan jalan raya Passenger transport by road	14.25	0.41	10.22	0.25	19.40	0.75
0733	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan udara Passenger transport by air	5.02	0.15	7.91	0.19	1.33	0.05
0734	Pengangkutan awam menggunakan laluan air Passenger transport by waterway	4.37	0.13	1.13	0.03	8.50	0.33
0735	Pembayaran pengangkutan lain Other transport charges	0.41	0.01	0.40	0.01	0.44	0.02
Kumpulan Group	08 Komunikasi Communication	172.09	4.99	216.91	5.27	114.97	4.43
0810	Perkhidmatan pos Postal services	0.27	0.01	0.37	0.01	0.13	0.00
0820	Peralatan telefon & telefaks Telephone & telefax equipment	16.65	0.48	20.44	0.50	11.83	0.46
0830	Perkhidmatan telefon & telefaks Telephone & telefax services	155.18	4.50	196.10	4.76	103.02	3.97

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.2: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
Kumpulan Group	09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	154.36	4.48	196.31	4.77	100.90	3.89
0911	Televisyen, perakam kaset video, dll. <i>Television, video cassette recorders, etc.</i>	5.25	0.15	5.76	0.14	4.60	0.18
0912	Peralatan fotografi & penggambaran <i>Photographic & cinematographic equipment</i>	0.69	0.02	0.99	0.02	0.30	0.01
0913	Peralatan memproses maklumat <i>Information processing equipment</i>	3.35	0.10	4.67	0.11	1.67	0.06
0914	Media rakaman <i>Recording media</i>	0.76	0.02	0.94	0.02	0.53	0.02
0915	Pembaikan alat pandang dengar, fotografi & peralatan memproses maklumat <i>Repair of audio-visual, photographic & information processing equipment</i>	0.10	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.10	0.00
0921	Peralatan tahan lama utama untuk rekreasi luar <i>Major durables for outdoor recreation</i>	0.41	0.01	0.24	0.01	0.63	0.02
0922	Alat muzik <i>Musical instruments</i>	0.37	0.01	0.54	0.01	0.15	0.01
0923	Penyelenggaraan & pembaikan peralatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Maintenance & repair of other major durables for recreation & culture</i>	0.14	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.23	0.01
0931	Barang-barang permainan & hobi <i>Games, toys & hobbies</i>	1.00	0.03	1.21	0.03	0.73	0.03
0932	Alat sukan <i>Sports equipment</i>	0.98	0.03	1.10	0.03	0.83	0.03
0933	Kebun, tumbuhan & bunga <i>Garden, plants & flowers</i>	5.36	0.16	6.15	0.15	4.35	0.17
0934	Haiwan peliharaan & barang pengeluaran berkaitan <i>Pets & related products</i>	10.49	0.30	12.17	0.30	8.34	0.32
0935	Lain-lain perkhidmatan untuk haiwan peliharaan <i>Veterinary and other services for pets</i>	0.81	0.02	1.12	0.03	0.41	0.02
0936	Barang-barang tidak kekal lain <i>Other non durables</i>	6.57	0.19	9.79	0.24	2.47	0.10
0941	Perkhidmatan hiburan, rekreasi & sukan <i>Entertainment, recreation & sports</i>	2.22	0.06	3.38	0.08	0.74	0.03
0942	Perkhidmatan kebudayaan <i>Cultural services</i>	56.34	1.63	74.43	1.81	33.29	1.28
0943	Loteri & perjudian lain <i>Lotteries & other gambling</i>	40.14	1.16	47.80	1.16	30.37	1.17

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.2: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure		Jumlah Total		Bandar Urban		Luar Bandar Rural	
		(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
0951	Buku <i>Books</i>	1.91	0.06	2.33	0.06	1.36	0.05
0952	Suratkhabar <i>Newspapers</i>	1.15	0.03	1.64	0.04	0.53	0.02
0953	Majalah & bacaan berkala <i>Magazines & periodicals</i>	1.09	0.03	1.62	0.04	0.40	0.02
0954	Alat tulis & peralatan melukis <i>Writing & drawing equipment and supplies</i>	9.73	0.28	11.09	0.27	7.98	0.31
0960	Pakej pelancongan <i>Package tours</i>	5.50	0.16	9.14	0.22	0.86	0.03
Kumpulan Group	10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	35.46	1.03	56.31	1.37	8.89	0.34
1010	Pendidikan peringkat pra sekolah & sekolah rendah <i>Pre primary & primary education</i>	17.27	0.50	26.75	0.65	5.18	0.20
1020	Pendidikan peringkat menengah <i>Secondary education</i>	6.89	0.20	10.67	0.26	2.07	0.08
1030	Pendidikan peringkat sijil <i>Post-secondary non-tertiary education</i>	2.22	0.06	3.39	0.08	0.74	0.03
1040	Pendidikan peringkat diploma & ke atas <i>Tertiary education diploma level & above</i>	6.75	0.20	11.52	0.28	0.67	0.03
1050	Pendidikan yang tidak dikelaskan di mana-mana <i>Education not definable by level</i>	2.33	0.07	3.98	0.10	0.22	0.01
Kumpulan Group	11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	374.83	10.87	454.61	11.04	273.14	10.52
1111	Perbelanjaan di restoran & kafe <i>Expenditure in restaurants & cafes</i>	362.36	10.51	442.88	10.76	259.74	10.01
1120	Perkhidmatan penginapan <i>Accommodation services</i>	12.47	0.36	11.73	0.29	13.40	0.52
Kumpulan Group	12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	297.41	8.63	367.46	8.93	208.13	8.02
1211	Salon mendandan rambut & kedai solek <i>Hairdressing salons & personal grooming establishments</i>	34.93	1.01	44.95	1.09	22.17	0.85
1212	Perkakas elektrik untuk penjagaan diri <i>Electric appliances for personal care</i>	0.61	0.02	0.86	0.02	0.28	0.01
1213	Perkakas lain, barang-barang & produk untuk penjagaan diri <i>Other appliances, articles & products for personal care</i>	148.50	4.31	178.85	4.34	109.82	4.23

Jadual 3.2: Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan mengikut subkumpulan perbelanjaan dan strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 3.2: *Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure by subgroups of expenditure and strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Subkumpulan perbelanjaan Subgroups of expenditure	Jumlah <i>Total</i>		Bandar <i>Urban</i>		Luar Bandar <i>Rural</i>	
	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)	(RM)	(%)
1231 Barang kemas, cincin & batu berharga <i>Jewellery, rings & precious stones</i>	9.05	0.26	11.28	0.27	6.21	0.24
1232 Jam <i>Watches</i>	9.01	0.26	11.96	0.29	5.25	0.20
1233 Barang peribadi lain <i>Other personal effects</i>	9.38	0.27	11.69	0.28	6.43	0.25
1240 Perlindungan sosial <i>Social protection</i>	0.09	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.03	0.00
1251 Insurans nyawa <i>Life insurance</i>	2.40	0.07	3.62	0.09	0.84	0.03
1252 Insurans untuk harta benda isi rumah <i>Insurance connected with the dwelling</i>	0.86	0.02	1.45	0.04	0.11	0.00
1253 Insurans kemalangan & kesihatan <i>Insurance connected with accident & health</i>	3.62	0.10	5.27	0.13	1.50	0.06
1254 Insurans untuk kenderaan bermotor <i>Insurance for motor vehicles</i>	45.38	1.32	55.53	1.35	32.45	1.25
1261 Perkhidmatan kewangan <i>Financial services</i>	1.74	0.05	2.66	0.06	0.56	0.02
1270 Perkhidmatan lain <i>Other services</i>	31.86	0.92	39.21	0.95	22.49	0.87
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan (01-12) <i>Composition of monthly household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,447.82	100.00	4,116.65	100.00	2,595.40	100.00

Statistik Terpilih Malaysia

Selected Statistics of Malaysia

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Jadual 4.1: Bilangan penduduk mengikut negeri, daerah pentadbiran dan kewarganegaraan, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019

Table 4.1: Number of population by state, administrative district and citizenship, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019

('000)

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	2016		2017		2018		2019	
	Bukan Warganegara		Bukan Warganegara		Bukan Warganegara		Bukan Warganegara	
	Citizens	Non-citizens	Citizens	Non-citizens	Citizens	Non-citizens	Citizens	Non-citizens
Malaysia	28,819.4	3,093.1	29,241.1	3,151.4	29,659.6	3,203.6	30,074.2	3,251.2
01 Johor	3,386.8	330.5	3,434.6	335.8	3,482.0	340.7	3,529.1	345.4
01 Batu Pahat	438.6	23.7	444.9	24.1	451.2	24.5	457.4	24.8
02 Johor Bahru	1,390.6	146.2	1,409.8	148.5	1,428.8	150.6	1,447.6	152.7
03 Kluang	288.8	44.3	292.8	45.0	296.8	45.7	300.8	46.3
04 Kota Tinggi	196.7	20.6	199.9	20.9	203.1	21.2	206.2	21.5
05 Mersing	71.6	8.3	72.8	8.4	74.0	8.5	75.2	8.6
06 Muar	256.6	17.4	260.1	17.7	263.6	17.9	267.1	18.2
07 Pontian	159.4	13.6	161.7	13.8	164.0	14.0	166.3	14.2
08 Segamat	197.2	12.8	199.9	13.0	202.6	13.2	205.3	13.4
09 Kulai	245.2	34.3	248.6	34.9	251.9	35.4	255.1	35.9
10 Tangkak	142.1	9.3	144.1	9.5	146.0	9.6	148.0	9.7
02 Kedah	2,052.4	92.2	2,081.3	94.0	2,110.4	95.6	2,139.6	97.1
01 Baling	146.4	3.1	148.6	3.2	150.9	3.2	153.1	3.3
02 Bandar Baharu	45.6	1.0	46.2	1.0	46.9	1.0	47.5	1.1
03 Kota Setar	392.1	9.1	397.4	9.3	402.8	9.4	408.2	9.6
04 Kuala Muda	472.5	28.4	478.8	28.9	485.0	29.4	491.3	29.9
05 Kubang Pasu	236.1	7.2	239.6	7.3	243.1	7.4	246.6	7.6
06 Kulim	295.3	21.7	299.2	22.1	303.1	22.5	307.0	22.8
07 Langkawi	94.0	12.5	95.4	12.8	96.8	13.0	98.3	13.2
08 Padang Terap	67.5	2.2	68.5	2.3	69.6	2.3	70.7	2.3
09 Sik	72.4	2.3	73.5	2.3	74.6	2.3	75.8	2.4
10 Yan	74.4	0.9	75.5	1.0	76.7	1.0	77.8	1.0
11 Pendang	103.6	1.3	105.2	1.4	106.8	1.4	108.5	1.4
12 Pokok Sena	52.5	2.5	53.3	2.5	54.1	2.6	54.9	2.6
03 Kelantan	1,761.8	48.6	1,798.0	49.4	1,834.4	50.1	1,870.9	50.8
01 Bachok	154.9	1.2	158.0	1.3	161.3	1.3	164.5	1.3
02 Kota Bharu	560.4	13.3	571.8	13.5	583.2	13.7	594.7	13.9
03 Machang	107.7	1.4	109.9	1.5	112.1	1.5	114.4	1.5
04 Pasir Mas	217.5	5.2	222.0	5.3	226.5	5.3	231.0	5.4
05 Pasir Puteh	136.1	1.3	138.9	1.3	141.7	1.4	144.6	1.4
06 Tanah Merah	137.6	5.8	140.4	5.9	143.3	6.0	146.1	6.0
07 Tumpat	177.4	2.6	181.0	2.7	184.6	2.7	188.2	2.8
08 Gua Musang	100.9	8.3	103.1	8.4	105.3	8.5	107.6	8.7
09 Kuala Krai	122.4	7.6	124.9	7.7	127.4	7.8	129.9	8.0
10 Jeli	46.9	1.8	48.0	1.9	49.0	1.9	50.0	1.9
11 Lojing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
04 Melaka	862.3	46.0	874.5	46.9	886.8	47.8	899.0	48.6
01 Alor Gajah	193.6	9.2	196.5	9.4	199.4	9.6	202.3	9.8
02 Jasin	143.6	6.3	145.7	6.4	147.8	6.5	150.0	6.6
03 Melaka Tengah	525.1	30.5	532.4	31.1	539.6	31.7	546.8	32.2
05 Negeri Sembilan	1,037.1	79.6	1,047.6	81.5	1,057.8	83.1	1,067.4	84.6
01 Jelebu	40.6	3.1	41.1	3.2	41.5	3.2	41.9	3.3
02 Kuala Pilah	69.2	3.0	70.0	3.1	70.7	3.1	71.3	3.2
03 Port Dickson	119.3	7.3	120.6	7.4	121.7	7.6	122.8	7.7
04 Rembau	44.8	2.6	45.3	2.7	45.7	2.7	46.2	2.8
05 Seremban	552.5	53.5	558.0	54.7	563.3	55.8	568.4	56.8
06 Tampin	89.0	3.7	90.0	3.8	90.8	3.9	91.6	3.9
07 Jempol	121.5	6.5	122.7	6.6	124.0	6.8	125.1	6.9
06 Pahang	1,554.2	101.0	1,576.3	102.8	1,598.4	104.4	1,620.7	105.9
01 Bentong	121.4	9.2	122.8	9.4	124.2	9.5	125.7	9.6
02 Cameron Highlands	35.3	7.0	35.7	7.1	36.0	7.3	36.3	7.4
03 Jerantut	95.0	5.8	96.4	5.9	97.9	6.0	99.3	6.0
04 Kuantan	485.9	21.8	492.8	22.2	499.7	22.5	506.7	22.8
05 Lipis	93.4	6.0	94.8	6.1	96.2	6.2	97.6	6.3
06 Pekan	116.1	7.3	117.9	7.4	119.8	7.5	121.7	7.6
07 Raub	99.4	4.5	100.6	4.6	101.9	4.7	103.1	4.7
08 Temerloh	171.5	10.7	173.9	10.9	176.3	11.0	178.7	11.2

Nota/ Notes:

1. Unjuran Penduduk (Semakan Semula) berdasarkan data Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2010

The mid-year population estimates is based on the Population and Housing Census Malaysia 2010

2. Hasil tambah mungkin berbeza kerana pembundaran

Summation may differ due to rounding

Jadual 4.1: Bilangan penduduk mengikut negeri, daerah pentadbiran dan kewarganegaraan, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019 (samb.)

Table 4.1: Number of population by state, administrative district and citizenship, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019 (cont'd)

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	2016		2017		2018		2019	
	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens
09 Rompin	116.2	12.7	118.0	12.9	119.9	13.1	121.7	13.3
10 Maran	122.6	5.7	124.6	5.8	126.6	5.9	128.5	6.0
11 Bera	97.5	10.3	98.8	10.5	100.0	10.7	101.3	10.9
07 Pulau Pinang	1,584.8	141.0	1,602.8	144.0	1,620.6	146.6	1,638.2	148.9
01 Seberang Perai Tengah	369.9	47.5	374.4	48.5	378.9	49.3	383.3	50.1
02 Seberang Perai Utara	312.2	15.3	316.3	15.6	320.4	15.9	324.5	16.1
03 Seberang Perai Selatan	176.4	12.7	178.5	13.0	180.5	13.2	182.4	13.4
04 Timur Laut	517.2	49.8	521.7	50.8	526.2	51.7	530.6	52.6
05 Barat Daya	209.1	15.8	211.9	16.2	214.7	16.5	217.4	16.7
08 Perak	2,428.0	98.1	2,448.0	100.0	2,468.0	101.6	2,487.8	103.1
01 Batang Padang	119.7	6.5	121.0	6.6	122.3	6.8	123.6	6.9
02 Manjung	238.7	11.4	240.6	11.7	242.5	11.9	244.4	12.0
03 Kinta	786.4	31.0	792.0	31.6	797.7	32.1	803.3	32.5
04 Kerian	188.3	4.4	189.9	4.5	191.5	4.6	193.0	4.6
05 Kuala Kangsar	166.9	4.7	168.4	4.8	169.8	4.9	171.3	5.0
06 Larut & Matang	346.1	10.1	348.9	10.3	351.7	10.4	354.4	10.6
07 Hulu Perak	142.0	9.9	143.3	10.1	144.6	10.3	145.8	10.5
08 Hulu Perak	97.4	3.1	98.5	3.2	99.6	3.3	100.7	3.3
09 Perak Tengah	105.0	4.9	106.0	5.0	107.0	5.1	108.1	5.1
10 Kampar	103.4	2.7	104.2	2.8	104.9	2.8	105.7	2.9
11 Muallim	66.0	4.3	66.6	4.4	67.3	4.5	67.9	4.5
12 Bagan Datuk	68.4	4.9	68.7	5.0	69.0	5.1	69.3	5.2
09 Perlis	245.3	8.3	248.0	8.4	250.6	8.6	253.3	8.7
10 Selangor	5,671.0	618.0	5,769.1	632.0	5,864.5	644.9	5,957.1	656.9
01 Gombak	710.8	75.6	723.7	77.3	736.3	78.9	748.5	80.3
02 Klang	878.8	112.7	893.3	115.3	907.4	117.7	921.0	119.9
03 Kuala Langat	244.1	16.4	248.6	16.8	253.0	17.1	257.2	17.5
04 Kuala Selangor	226.9	15.1	231.3	15.4	235.5	15.7	239.6	16.0
05 Petaling	1,863.4	222.5	1,894.6	227.6	1,924.8	232.2	1,954.2	236.5
06 Sabak Bernam	117.6	4.0	119.8	4.1	122.0	4.1	124.1	4.2
07 Sepang	217.2	30.4	221.3	31.1	225.2	31.7	229.1	32.3
08 Hulu Langat	1,195.5	128.9	1,215.9	131.8	1,235.8	134.5	1,255.1	137.0
09 Hulu Selangor	216.6	12.5	220.6	12.7	224.6	13.0	228.5	13.3
11 Terengganu	1,167.1	30.5	1,190.3	31.2	1,213.6	31.8	1,237.2	32.4
01 Besut	159.4	3.2	162.6	3.3	165.8	3.3	169.1	3.4
02 Dungun	174.8	4.1	178.3	4.2	181.8	4.3	185.3	4.3
03 Kemaman	191.8	8.3	195.6	8.4	199.4	8.6	203.3	8.8
04 Kuala Terengganu	244.0	4.8	248.8	4.9	253.6	5.0	258.5	5.1
05 Marang	110.4	2.3	112.6	2.3	114.8	2.4	117.0	2.4
06 Hulu Terengganu	80.4	3.5	82.0	3.5	83.6	3.6	85.3	3.7
07 Setiu	62.7	2.0	64.0	2.0	65.2	2.0	66.5	2.1
08 Kuala Nerus	143.5	2.5	146.4	2.6	149.3	2.6	152.2	2.7
12 Sabah	2,691.8	1,094.2	2,740.8	1,112.9	2,790.3	1,129.1	2,840.2	1,143.4
01 Tawau	279.0	212.1	283.4	215.7	287.9	218.8	292.4	221.6
02 Lahad Datu	152.1	94.6	154.8	96.2	157.6	97.6	160.4	98.8
03 Semporna	112.2	51.8	114.3	52.6	116.5	53.4	118.8	54.1
04 Sandakan	305.5	181.0	310.8	184.1	316.1	186.8	321.4	189.2
05 Kinabatangan	41.6	147.6	42.3	150.1	43.1	152.3	43.9	154.2
06 Beluran	69.9	57.4	71.1	58.4	72.3	59.2	73.5	60.0
07 Kota Kinabalu	407.6	136.6	415.0	138.9	422.4	140.9	429.9	142.7
08 Ranau	101.3	7.1	103.1	7.2	104.8	7.3	106.6	7.4
09 Kota Belud	98.7	7.4	100.5	7.6	102.2	7.7	104.0	7.8
10 Tuaran	115.0	6.4	117.1	6.5	119.3	6.6	121.5	6.7
11 Penampang	120.3	25.4	122.3	25.8	124.3	26.2	126.4	26.5
12 Papar	131.1	25.2	134.4	25.7	137.6	26.1	140.9	26.4
13 Kudat	86.6	10.5	88.0	10.7	89.3	10.9	90.7	11.0
14 Kota Marudu	74.8	2.4	76.1	2.4	77.4	2.5	78.8	2.5
15 Pitas	41.8	1.6	42.4	1.6	43.1	1.7	43.7	1.7

Notal Notes:

1. Unjurian Penduduk (Semakan Semula) berdasarkan data Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2010

The mid-year population estimates is based on the Population and Housing Census Malaysia 2010

2. Hasil tambah mungkin berbeza kerana pembundaran

Summation may differ due to rounding

Jadual 4.1: Bilangan penduduk mengikut negeri, daerah pentadbiran dan kewarganegaraan, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019 (samb.)

Table 4.1: Number of population by state, administrative district and citizenship, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019 (cont'd)

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	('000)							
	2016		2017		2018		2019	
	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens	Warganegara Citizens	Bukan Warganegara Non-citizens
16 Beaufort	73.7	4.7	75.3	4.8	76.9	4.9	78.5	4.9
17 Kuala Penyu	22.0	1.1	22.4	1.1	22.9	1.1	23.4	1.1
18 Sipitang	38.1	4.3	39.0	4.4	39.8	4.5	40.6	4.5
19 Tenom	59.6	5.5	60.7	5.6	61.9	5.7	63.0	5.8
20 Nabawan	31.9	5.7	32.6	5.8	33.3	5.8	33.9	5.9
21 Keningau	159.3	48.9	162.2	49.8	165.1	50.5	168.0	51.1
22 Tambunan	38.5	2.6	39.2	2.7	39.9	2.7	40.6	2.8
23 Kunak	38.3	38.1	39.0	38.8	39.7	39.3	40.5	39.8
24 Tongod	30.2	12.0	30.7	12.2	31.2	12.4	31.7	12.5
25 Putatan	62.6	4.2	64.1	4.3	65.6	4.3	67.1	4.4
26 Telupid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13 Sarawak	2,580.0	169.9	2,616.3	173.4	2,652.9	176.4	2,689.7	178.9
01 Kuching	661.7	14.4	670.3	14.6	679.0	14.9	687.6	15.1
02 Bau	57.5	1.7	58.2	1.8	58.9	1.8	59.6	1.8
03 Lundu	35.1	2.0	35.6	2.1	36.1	2.1	36.6	2.1
04 Samarahan	95.8	1.2	97.2	1.2	98.6	1.2	100.0	1.3
05 Serian	97.8	2.6	99.1	2.6	100.4	2.7	101.7	2.7
06 Simunjan	42.3	1.8	42.9	1.8	43.6	1.9	44.3	1.9
07 Sri Arman	72.9	0.9	74.0	1.0	75.1	1.0	76.2	1.0
08 Lubok antu	30.6	0.5	31.1	0.5	31.6	0.6	32.1	0.6
09 Betong	68.2	0.8	69.3	0.9	70.4	0.9	71.5	0.9
10 Saratok	50.7	0.5	51.5	0.5	52.3	0.5	53.1	0.5
11 Sarikei	62.1	1.8	62.9	1.9	63.7	1.9	64.6	1.9
12 Maradong	31.1	1.7	31.6	1.8	32.0	1.8	32.4	1.9
13 Daro	32.3	3.1	32.8	3.2	33.4	3.3	33.9	3.3
14 Julau	17.5	0.1	17.8	0.1	18.0	0.1	18.3	0.1
15 Sibu	253.3	20.9	256.4	21.3	259.5	21.7	262.7	22.0
16 Dalat	21.3	0.4	21.6	0.4	22.0	0.5	22.4	0.5
17 Mukah	43.5	5.6	44.2	5.7	44.9	5.8	45.6	5.9
18 Kanowit	31.8	0.5	32.2	0.5	32.7	0.5	33.2	0.6
19 Bintulu	175.6	41.1	178.1	41.9	180.6	42.6	183.2	43.1
20 Tatau	28.9	5.9	29.4	6.0	29.8	6.1	30.3	6.2
21 Kapit	61.1	1.0	62.0	1.0	62.9	1.0	63.8	1.0
22 Song	22.7	0.3	23.1	0.3	23.4	0.3	23.8	0.3
23 Belaga	34.4	7.4	34.9	7.6	35.5	7.7	36.1	7.8
24 Miri	297.8	40.1	301.9	40.9	306.1	41.6	310.2	42.1
25 Marudi	66.1	6.2	67.1	6.3	68.2	6.4	69.2	6.5
26 Limbang	52.0	1.6	52.8	1.6	53.6	1.6	54.4	1.7
27 Lawas	40.3	3.0	40.9	3.1	41.6	3.1	42.3	3.2
28 Matu	19.2	0.7	19.5	0.7	19.9	0.8	20.2	0.8
29 Asajaya	35.1	0.4	35.7	0.4	36.3	0.4	36.9	0.4
30 Pakan	17.2	0.1	17.5	0.2	17.8	0.2	18.1	0.2
31 Selangau	24.2	1.5	24.6	1.5	25.0	1.6	25.4	1.6
32 Pusa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33 Kabong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34 Tanjung Manis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 Sebauh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
36 Subis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
37 Tebedu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
38 Bukit Mabong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
39 Beluru	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 Telang Usan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14 W.P. Kuala Lumpur	1,622.9	223.5	1,636.4	227.4	1,649.2	231.0	1,661.2	234.5
15 W.P. Labuan	88.7	8.9	90.1	8.9	91.4	9.0	92.6	9.1
16 W.P. Putrajaya	85.2	2.8	87.0	2.8	88.7	2.9	90.2	2.9

Nota/ Notes:

1. Unjuran Penduduk (Semakan Semula) berasaskan data Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2010

The mid-year population estimates is based on the Population and Housing Census Malaysia 2010

2. Hasil tambah mungkin berbeza kerana pembundaran

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Jadual 4.2: KDNK per kapita mengikut negeri, 2016 - 2018 pada harga semasa - Ringgit Malaysia

Table 4.2: GDP per capita by state, 2016 - 2018 at current prices - Ringgit Malaysia

Negeri State	2016	2017 ^e	2018 ^p
MALAYSIA	39,505	42,834	44,682
Johor	32,894	35,322	36,394
Kedah	19,835	20,960	21,410
Kelantan	12,909	13,700	13,668
Melaka	42,088	46,799	47,960
Negeri Sembilan	38,744	41,733	43,047
Pahang	32,688	35,754	35,554
Perak	27,343	29,335	30,303
Perlis	22,588	23,611	24,442
Pulau Pinang	48,633	51,115	52,937
Sabah	21,169	24,636	25,861
Sarawak	45,346	50,149	52,301
Selangor	45,506	49,013	51,528
Terengganu	27,434	29,855	30,216
W.P. Kuala Lumpur ¹	103,506	113,182	121,293
W.P. Labuan	66,348	70,820	74,337

Nota/ Notes:

1. ¹ Bagi data KDNK W.P. Kuala Lumpur adalah termasuk W.P. Putrajaya

¹ GDP for W.P. Kuala Lumpur includes W.P. Putrajaya

2. **KDNK: Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar**

GDP: Gross Domestic Product

3. ^e Anggaran

^e Estimate

4. ^p Permulaan

^p Preliminary

Jadual 4.3: Indeks Harga Pengguna (2010=100) dan perubahan peratus mengikut kumpulan utama, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019

Table 4.3: Consumer Price Index (2010=100) and percentage change by main groups, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019

Kumpulan Utama Main Groups	Wajaran Weight	Nombor Indeks Index Numbers					Perubahan Peratus (%) Percentage Change (%)		
		2016	2017	2018	2019	2017/ 2016	2018/ 2017	2018/ 2019	
Jumlah Total	100.0	115.2	119.5	120.7	121.5	3.7	1.0	0.7	
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	29.5	123.9	128.8	130.9	133.1	4.0	1.6	1.7	
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	2.4	165.2	165.5	165.3	167.8	0.2	-0.1	1.5	
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	3.2	98.5	98.2	96.2	94.3	-0.3	-2.0	-2.0	
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	23.8	114.2	116.7	119.0	121.3	2.2	2.0	1.9	
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	4.1	112.0	114.4	114.8	116.4	2.1	0.3	1.4	
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	1.9	117.9	120.9	121.9	122.7	2.5	0.8	0.7	
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	14.6	102.4	115.9	117.7	114.0	13.2	1.6	-3.1	
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	4.8	98.1	97.7	96.0	96.4	-0.4	-1.7	0.4	
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	4.8	109.4	111.5	111.0	111.8	1.9	-0.4	0.7	
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	1.3	114.8	116.7	118.0	119.7	1.7	1.1	1.4	
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	2.9	125.1	128.2	130.2	131.8	2.5	1.6	1.2	
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	6.7	112.9	114.2	112.6	113.0	1.2	-1.4	0.4	

Jadual 4.4: Indeks Harga Pengguna (2010=100) dan perubahan peratus mengikut negeri, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019

Table 4.4: Consumer Price Index (2010=100) and percentage change by state, Malaysia, 2016 - 2019

Negeri State	Nomor Indeks Index Numbers				Perubahan Peratus (%) Percentage Change (%)		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2017/ 2016	2018/ 2017	2018/ 2019
MALAYSIA	115.2	119.5	120.7	121.5	3.7	1.0	0.7
Johor	118.0	123.0	124.3	125.1	4.2	1.1	0.6
Kedah & Perlis	114.1	118.6	118.9	119.1	3.9	0.3	0.2
Kelantan	115.3	119.3	120.1	120.6	3.5	0.7	0.4
Melaka	114.7	119.4	120.3	120.4	4.1	0.8	0.1
Negeri Sembilan	115.4	120.2	121.6	122.5	4.2	1.2	0.7
Pahang	114.4	118.0	118.7	119.0	3.1	0.6	0.3
Pulau Pinang	116.2	120.9	122.0	123.3	4.0	0.9	1.1
Perak	112.3	116.0	116.8	117.5	3.3	0.7	0.6
Selangor & W.P. Putrajaya	116.2	120.7	122.0	123.1	3.9	1.1	0.9
Terengganu	113.0	116.5	117.0	117.1	3.1	0.4	0.1
Sabah & W.P. Labuan	110.8	114.1	114.9	115.1	3.0	0.7	0.2
Sarawak	112.6	116.0	116.7	116.8	3.0	0.6	0.1
W.P. Kuala Lumpur	115.5	119.8	121.5	123.0	3.7	1.4	1.2

Nota/ Note:

*Indeks bagi negeri Perlis digabungkan dengan Kedah; W.P. Putrajaya dengan Selangor dan W.P. Labuan dengan Sabah

*The index for state of Perlis is combined with Kedah; W.P. Putrajaya with Selangor and W.P. Labuan with Sabah

Jadual 4.5: Indeks Harga Pengguna (2010=100) dan perubahan peratus mengikut kumpulan utama, Sarawak, 2016 - 2019

Table 4.5: Consumer Price Index (2010=100) and percentage change by main groups, Sarawak, 2016 - 2019

Kumpulan Utama Main Groups	Nomor Indeks Index Numbers				Perubahan Peratus (%) Percentage Change (%)		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2017/ 2016	2018/ 2017	2018/ 2019
Jumlah Total	112.6	116.0	116.7	116.8	3.0	0.6	0.1
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	121.3	124.4	126.4	127.7	2.6	1.6	1.0
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	148.7	148.5	145.7	146.6	-0.1	-1.9	0.6
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	96.6	95.4	93.3	91.0	-1.2	-2.2	-2.5
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	108.4	109.3	110.2	111.2	0.8	0.8	0.9
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	106.0	108.3	107.3	108.1	2.2	-0.9	0.7
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	120.1	122.9	125.5	127.1	2.3	2.1	1.3
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	104.5	120.4	122.6	117.6	15.2	1.8	-4.1
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	97.0	96.4	94.9	95.3	-0.6	-1.6	0.4
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	104.1	104.7	104.6	104.9	0.6	-0.1	0.3
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	108.2	109.4	110.7	111.3	1.1	1.2	0.5
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	119.7	122.1	124.1	126.7	2.0	1.6	2.1
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	112.1	113.9	111.8	111.4	1.6	-1.8	-0.4

Jadual 4.6: Pendapatan isi rumah kasar bulanan purata mengikut negeri dan daerah pentadbiran, Malaysia, 2016 dan 2019

Table 4.6: Mean of monthly household gross income by state and administrative district, Malaysia, 2016 and 2019

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Purata Mean		(RM)
	2016	2019	
Malaysia	6,928	7,901	
01 Johor	6,928	8,013	
01 Batu Pahat	8,198	7,392	
02 Johor Bahru	6,901	9,315	
03 Kluang	6,377	5,953	
04 Kota Tinggi	6,178	6,982	
05 Mersing	5,692	4,937	
06 Muar	5,637	7,540	
07 Pontian	5,560	6,776	
08 Segamat	5,391	6,431	
09 Kulai	5,121	8,602	
10 Tangkak	4,332	6,659	
02 Kedah	4,971	5,522	
01 Baling	6,005	4,313	
02 Bandar Baharu	5,513	4,959	
03 Kota Setar	5,397	5,773	
04 Kuala Muda	5,051	5,656	
05 Kubang Pasu	4,904	6,291	
06 Kulim	4,561	5,476	
07 Langkawi	4,512	6,737	
08 Padang Terap	4,455	4,781	
09 Sik	4,442	4,960	
10 Yan	4,263	4,397	
11 Pendang	3,894	4,680	
12 Pokok Sena	3,793	5,046	
03 Kelantan	4,214	4,874	
01 Bachok	4,923	4,728	
02 Kota Bharu	4,081	5,577	
03 Machang	4,044	4,841	
04 Pasir Mas	3,934	4,745	
05 Pasir Puteh	3,929	4,688	
06 Tanah Merah	3,866	4,338	
07 Tumpat	3,789	4,838	
08 Gua Musang	3,551	4,009	
09 Kuala Krai	3,526	3,979	
10 Jeli	3,290	3,872	
11 Lojing	n.a	3,002	
04 Melaka	6,849	7,741	
01 Alor Gajah	7,142	7,050	
02 Jasin	6,296	7,340	
03 Melaka Tengah	6,218	8,100	
05 Negeri Sembilan	5,887	6,707	
01 Jelebu	6,621	5,414	
02 Kuala Pilah	5,614	5,040	
03 Port Dickson	4,721	6,393	
04 Rembau	4,599	5,163	
05 Seremban	4,580	7,611	
06 Tampin	4,500	5,786	
07 Jempol	4,406	4,926	
06 Pahang	5,012	5,667	
01 Bentong	6,042	5,300	
02 Cameron Highlands	5,449	6,576	
03 Jerantut	4,850	4,452	
04 Kuantan	4,494	7,071	
05 Lipis	4,413	4,504	
06 Pekan	4,407	5,026	
07 Raub	4,313	5,005	
08 Temerloh	4,271	5,205	
09 Rompin	4,238	4,641	
10 Maran	4,177	4,678	
11 Bera	3,858	4,566	

Nota/ Notes:

1. Data merujuk warganegara Malaysia

Data refers to Malaysian citizens

2. n.a: Tidak berkenaan

Not applicable

Jadual 4.6: Pendapatan isi rumah kasar bulanan purata mengikut negeri dan daerah pentadbiran, Malaysia, 2016 dan 2019 (samb.)

Table 4.6: Mean of monthly household gross income by state and administrative district, Malaysia, 2016 and 2019 (cont'd)

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Purata Mean		(RM)
	2016	2019	
07 Pulau Pinang	6,771	7,774	
01 Seberang Perai Tengah	6,105	7,457	
02 Seberang Perai Utara	5,846	6,914	
03 Seberang Perai Selatan	5,630	6,843	
04 Timur Laut	7,756	8,493	
05 Barat Daya	7,232	8,393	
08 Perak	5,065	5,645	
01 Batang Padang	4,763	5,637	
02 Manjung	5,609	6,137	
03 Kinta	5,569	6,120	
04 Kerian	4,777	5,532	
05 Kuala Kangsar	4,638	5,156	
06 Larut & Matang	4,589	5,364	
07 Hilir Perak	4,422	4,783	
08 Hulu Perak	4,246	4,554	
09 Perak Tengah	4,552	5,390	
10 Kampar	4,342	4,845	
11 Mualim	n.a	5,488	
12 Bagan Datuk	n.a	5,705	
09 Perlis	4,998	5,476	
10 Selangor	9,463	10,827	
01 Gombak	9,908	11,536	
02 Klang	8,606	9,980	
03 Kuala Langat	6,615	8,375	
04 Kuala Selangor	6,532	7,866	
05 Petaling	10,792	12,145	
06 Sabak Bernam	4,956	6,042	
07 Sepang	10,121	12,254	
08 Hulu Langat	9,593	10,252	
09 Hulu Selangor	6,140	7,598	
11 Terengganu	5,776	6,815	
01 Besut	4,798	5,819	
02 Dungun	6,180	7,564	
03 Kemaman	6,565	7,854	
04 Kuala Terengganu	6,059	6,691	
05 Marang	5,152	5,928	
06 Hulu Terengganu	4,502	5,363	
07 Setiu	4,697	5,600	
08 Kuala Nerus	n.a	7,647	
12 Sabah	5,354	5,745	
01 Tawau	5,254	6,212	
02 Lahad Datu	5,048	5,681	
03 Semporna	5,207	5,933	
04 Sandakan	5,223	6,020	
05 Kinabatangan	4,879	5,128	
06 Beluran	3,992	3,907	
07 Kota Kinabalu	7,043	7,665	
08 Ranau	4,462	4,756	
09 Kota Belud	4,130	4,382	
10 Tuaran	4,698	5,050	
11 Penampang	6,207	6,570	
12 Papar	5,469	5,733	
13 Kudat	3,824	3,966	
14 Kota Marudu	3,367	3,771	
15 Pitas	3,076	3,378	
16 Beaufort	4,621	4,861	
17 Kuala Penyu	4,118	4,275	
18 Sipitang	5,270	5,271	
19 Tenom	4,495	4,734	
20 Nabawan	4,736	4,443	

Nota/ Notes:

1. Data merujuk warganegara Malaysia

Data refers to Malaysian citizens

2. n.a: Tidak berkenaan

Not applicable

Jadual 4.6: Pendapatan isi rumah kasar bulanan purata mengikut negeri dan daerah pentadbiran, Malaysia, 2016 dan 2019 (samb.)

Table 4.6: Mean of monthly household gross income by state and administrative district, Malaysia, 2016 and 2019 (cont'd)

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Purata Mean		(RM)
	2016	2019	
21 Keningau	5,180	5,445	
22 Tambunan	4,541	4,826	
23 Kunak	4,960	5,194	
24 Tongod	3,057	3,364	
25 Putatan	6,264	6,471	
26 Telupid	n.a	4,762	
13 Sarawak	5,387	5,959	
01 Kuching	6,281	7,376	
02 Bau	4,818	5,183	
03 Lundu	4,107	4,428	
04 Samarahan	6,232	6,789	
05 Serian	4,159	4,878	
06 Simunjan	3,156	3,833	
07 Sri Aman	4,154	4,621	
08 Lubok antu	3,086	3,905	
09 Betong	3,495	3,962	
10 Saratok	3,596	4,202	
11 Sarakei	4,012	4,609	
12 Maradong	3,641	4,091	
13 Daro	3,311	3,712	
14 Julau	3,344	3,506	
15 Sibu	5,386	6,140	
16 Dalat	3,966	4,790	
17 Mukah	4,297	5,447	
18 Kanowit	3,147	3,480	
19 Bintulu	7,125	8,324	
20 Tatau	4,314	5,345	
21 Kapit	3,707	4,344	
22 Song	3,116	3,443	
23 Belaga	3,909	4,229	
24 Miri	6,525	7,235	
25 Marudi	4,179	4,605	
26 Limbang	4,555	5,989	
27 Lawas	4,949	5,288	
28 Matu	3,504	3,901	
29 Asajaya	3,933	4,316	
30 Pakan	2,760	3,175	
31 Selangau	3,174	3,588	
32 Pusa	n.a	2,758	
33 Kabong	n.a	3,294	
34 Tanjung Manis	n.a	3,849	
35 Sebauh	n.a	4,202	
36 Subis	n.a	5,528	
37 Tebedu	n.a	3,439	
38 Bukit Mabong	n.a	4,665	
39 Beluru	n.a	4,119	
40 Telang Usan	n.a	4,415	
14 W.P. Kuala Lumpur	11,693	13,257	
15 W.P. Labuan	8,174	8,319	
16 W.P. Putrajaya	11,555	12,840	

Nota/ Notes:

1. Data merujuk warganegara Malaysia

Data refers to Malaysian citizens

2. n.a: Tidak berkenaan

Not applicable

Jadual 4.7: Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut negeri dan daerah pentadbiran, Malaysia, 2019

Table 4.7: Mean monthly household consumption expenditure by state and administrative district, Malaysia, 2019

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Purata Mean 2019	Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Purata Mean 2019	Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Purata Mean 2019
Malaysia	4,534	08 Temerloh	2,935	14 Kota Marudu	2,538
01 Johor	4,793	09 Rompin	3,337	15 Pitas	2,064
01 Batu Pahat	4,493	10 Maran	3,523	16 Beaufort	2,748
02 Johor Bahru	5,488	11 Bera	2,839	17 Kuala Penyu	2,135
03 Kluang	3,671	07 Pulau Pinang	4,630	18 Sipitang	2,279
04 Kota Tinggi	3,940	01 Seberang Perai Tengah	4,390	19 Tenom	2,606
05 Mersing	3,225	02 Seberang Perai Utara	3,796	20 Nabawan	2,483
06 Muar	4,908	03 Seberang Perai Selatan	3,956	21 Keningau	2,770
07 Pontian	3,790	04 Timur Laut	5,126	22 Tambunan	2,842
08 Segamat	4,139	05 Barat Daya	5,414	24 Tongod	2,000
09 Kulai	4,881			25 Putatan	3,113
10 Tangkak	4,226			26 Telupid	1,903
02 Kedah	3,359	08 Perak	3,564	13 Sarawak	3,448
01 Baling	2,535	01 Batang Padang	2,934	01 Kuching	4,227
02 Bandar Baharu	2,425	02 Manjung	3,742	02 Bau	2,954
03 Kota Setar	4,043	03 Kinta	3,881	03 Lundu	2,621
04 Kuala Muda	3,215	04 Kerian	3,751	04 Samarahan	3,980
05 Kubang Pasu	4,042	05 Kuala Kangsar	3,366	05 Serian	2,971
06 Kulim	3,175	06 Larut & Matang	3,692	06 Simunjan	2,290
07 Langkawi	3,334	07 Hilir Perak	3,153	07 Sri Aman	2,907
08 Padang Terap	3,419	08 Hulu Perak	2,611	08 Lubok antu	2,837
09 Sik	2,921	09 Perak Tengah	3,492	09 Betong	2,851
10 Yan	2,643	10 Kampar	2,571	10 Saratok	2,868
11 Pendang	2,798	11 Muallim	3,459	11 Sarakei	3,207
12 Pokok Sena	3,142	12 Bagan Datuk	3,407	12 Maradong	2,600
03 Kelantan	3,223	09 Perlis	3,468	13 Daro	2,403
01 Bachok	2,742	10 Selangor	5,830	14 Julau	2,769
02 Kota Bharu	3,746	01 Gombak	5,644	15 Sibu	3,618
03 Machang	3,056	02 Klang	5,530	16 Dalat	3,075
04 Pasir Mas	3,180	03 Kuala Langat	4,872	17 Mukah	2,972
05 Pasir Puteh	3,105	04 Kuala Selangor	4,790	18 Kanowit	2,497
06 Tanah Merah	2,869	05 Petaling	6,787	19 Bintulu	4,046
07 Tumpat	3,377	06 Sabak Bernam	3,941	20 Tatau	3,237
08 Gua Musang	2,929	07 Sepang	5,751	21 Kapit	3,462
09 Kuala Krai	2,505	08 Hulu Langat	5,223	22 Song	2,574
10 Jeli	2,289	09 Hulu Selangor	4,165	23 Belaga	2,187
11 Lojing	2,592	11 Terengganu	4,336	24 Miri	3,864
04 Melaka	4,955	01 Besut	3,773	25 Marudi	2,433
01 Alor Gajah	4,625	02 Dungun	4,687	26 Limbang	3,394
02 Jasin	4,779	03 Kemaman	4,652	27 Lawas	3,324
03 Melaka Tengah	5,120	04 Kuala Terengganu	4,500	28 Matu	2,619
05 Negeri Sembilan	4,350	05 Marang	4,008	29 Asajaya	2,690
01 Jelebu	3,796	06 Hulu Terengganu	3,759	30 Pakan	2,402
02 Kuala Pilah	3,909	07 Setiu	3,494	31 Selangau	2,211
03 Port Dickson	4,083	08 Kuala Nerus	4,696	32 Pusa	2,160
04 Rembau	3,329	12 Sabah	2,792	33 Kabong	2,571
05 Seremban	4,802	01 Tawau	2,671	35 Sebauh	2,241
06 Tampin	3,700	02 Lahad Datu	2,829	36 Subis	2,312
07 Jempol	3,428	03 Semporna	2,578	37 Tebedu	2,160
06 Pahang	3,652	04 Sandakan	3,076	38 Bukit Mabong	3,222
01 Bentong	3,634	05 Kinabatangan	1,895	39 Beluru	2,473
02 Cameron Highlands	4,061	06 Beluran	1,805	40 Telang Usan	2,203
03 Jerantut	2,783	07 Kota Kinabalu	3,338	14 W.P. Kuala Lumpur	6,913
04 Kuantan	4,346	08 Ranau	2,682	15 W.P. Labuan	4,097
05 Lipis	3,312	09 Kota Belud	2,371	16 W.P. Putrajaya	7,980
06 Pekan	3,174	10 Tuaran	2,932		
07 Raub	4,059	11 Penampang	3,198		
		12 Papar	2,887		
		13 Kudat	2,523		

Nota/ Note:

Data merujuk warganegara dan bukan warganegara Malaysia

Data refers to Malaysian and non-Malaysian citizens

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Ralat Piawai Relatif

Relative Standard Error

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Jadual 5.1: Ralat piawai relatif bagi anggaran perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata dan komposisi perbelanjaan isi rumah mengikut strata, Sarawak, 2019

Table 5.1: *Relative standard error of estimate for mean monthly household consumption expenditure and the composition of household expenditure by strata, Sarawak, 2019*

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Jumlah/ Total		Ralat piawai bagi anggaran Standard error of estimate		Julat perbelanjaan penggunaan purata pada 95% selang keyakinan Range of mean consumption expenditure at 95% confidence interval	
	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure</i>	(RM)	Nilai relatif Relative value	Ralat piawai Standard error	(RM)	(RM)
			(%)	(RM)		
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	777	0.7	5.11	767.12	-	787.16
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	94	2.2	2.04	89.57	-	97.55
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	109	1.1	1.23	106.34	-	111.15
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	783	1.0	7.94	767.32	-	798.46
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	135	1.8	2.47	130.59	-	140.27
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	57	4.1	2.34	52.32	-	61.48
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	459	1.6	7.45	444.40	-	473.60
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	172	1.1	1.85	168.48	-	175.71
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	154	2.1	3.26	147.96	-	160.76
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	36	5.3	1.89	31.75	-	39.17
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	375	1.3	4.77	365.48	-	384.17
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	297	1.3	3.98	289.62	-	305.21
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	3,448	0.8	26.98	3,394.94	-	3,500.71

Jadual 5.1: Ralat piawai relatif bagi anggaran perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata dan komposisi perbelanjaan isi rumah mengikut strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 5.1: *Relative standard error of estimate for mean monthly household consumption expenditure and the composition of household expenditure by strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)*

Kumpulan perbelanjaan <i>Expenditure group</i>	Bandar/ Urban		Ralat piawai bagi anggaran <i>Standard error of estimate</i>		Julat perbelanjaan penggunaan purata pada 95% selang keyakinan <i>Range of mean consumption expenditure at 95% confidence interval</i>	
	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure</i>	(RM)	Nilai relatif <i>Relative value</i>	Ralat piawai Standard error <i>Standard error</i>	(RM)	
			(%)	(RM)	(RM)	
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>	815	0.9	7.30	800.46	-	829.07
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>	96	3.1	2.97	90.49	-	102.14
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>	123	1.5	1.80	119.60	-	126.68
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>	986	1.3	13.05	960.12	-	1,011.27
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>	163	2.5	4.08	155.42	-	171.42
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>	73	5.6	4.07	64.86	-	80.80
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>	569	2.1	11.73	545.88	-	591.88
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>	217	1.3	2.92	211.18	-	222.64
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>	196	2.7	5.26	186.01	-	206.61
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>	56	5.9	3.34	49.78	-	62.85
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>	455	1.6	7.40	440.11	-	469.12
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>	368	1.7	6.43	354.86	-	380.06
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>	4,117	1.0	41.88	4,034.55	-	4,198.74

Jadual 5.1: Ralat piawai relatif bagi anggaran perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata dan komposisi perbelanjaan isi rumah mengikut strata, Sarawak, 2019 (samb.)

Table 5.1: Relative standard error of estimate for mean monthly household consumption expenditure and the composition of household expenditure by strata, Sarawak, 2019 (cont'd)

Kumpulan perbelanjaan Expenditure group	Luar Bandar/ Rural		Ralat piawai bagi anggaran Standard error of estimate		Julat perbelanjaan penggunaan purata pada 95% selang keyakinan Range of mean consumption expenditure at 95% confidence interval		
	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata Mean monthly household consumption expenditure	(RM)	Nilai relatif Relative value	Ralat piawai Standard error	(RM)		
			(%)	(RM)	(RM)		
01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol <i>Food & non-alcoholic beverages</i>		729	0.9	6.84	715.79	-	742.60
02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau <i>Alcoholic beverages & tobacco</i>		90	3.0	2.66	84.82	-	95.26
03 Pakaian & kasut <i>Clothing & footwear</i>		90	1.7	1.53	87.41	-	93.40
04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain <i>Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels</i>		524	0.9	4.69	515.21	-	533.61
05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah <i>Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance</i>		100	2.0	1.98	95.88	-	103.65
06 Kesihatan <i>Health</i>		37	3.2	1.16	34.32	-	38.88
07 Pengangkutan <i>Transport</i>		319	2.3	7.43	304.41	-	333.52
08 Komunikasi <i>Communication</i>		115	1.6	1.85	111.35	-	118.60
09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan <i>Recreation services & culture</i>		101	2.9	2.96	95.09	-	106.71
10 Pendidikan <i>Education</i>		9	6.9	0.62	7.68	-	10.10
11 Restoran & hotel <i>Restaurants & hotels</i>		273	1.8	4.88	263.57	-	282.71
12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan <i>Miscellaneous goods & services</i>		208	1.7	3.45	201.38	-	214.89
Komposisi perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah (01-12) <i>Composition of household consumption expenditure (01-12)</i>		2,595	1.0	24.77	2,546.85	-	2,643.96

Jadual 5.2: Ralat piawai relatif bagi anggaran perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut daerah pentadbiran, Sarawak, 2019

Table 5.2: *Relative standard error of estimate for mean monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district, Sarawak, 2019*

Daerah pentadbiran Administrative district	Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata <i>Mean monthly household consumption expenditure</i>	Ralat piawai bagi anggaran <i>Standard error of estimate</i>		Julat perbelanjaan penggunaan purata pada 95% selang keyakinan <i>Range of mean consumption expenditure at 95% confidence interval</i>	
		Nilai relatif <i>Relative value</i>	Ralat piawai <i>Standard error</i>	(RM)	(RM)
Sarawak	3,448	0.8	26.98	3,394.94	- 3,500.71
Kuching	4,227	1.6	66.26	4,096.94	- 4,356.71
Bau	2,954	4.0	118.47	2,722.02	- 3,186.46
Lundu	2,621	5.3	138.55	2,349.43	- 2,892.62
Samarahan	3,980	3.2	125.61	3,733.54	- 4,226.01
Serian	2,971	3.1	92.10	2,790.45	- 3,151.54
Simunjan	2,290	4.3	97.91	2,098.33	- 2,482.19
Sri Aman	2,907	3.9	112.30	2,686.49	- 3,126.76
Lubok Antu	2,837	6.1	171.73	2,499.95	- 3,173.20
Betong	2,851	4.4	125.73	2,604.14	- 3,097.07
Saratok	2,868	5.1	147.50	2,579.20	- 3,157.49
Sarikei	3,207	3.9	125.12	2,962.12	- 3,452.65
Maradong	2,600	4.6	119.33	2,365.60	- 2,833.43
Daro	2,403	4.5	108.21	2,191.24	- 2,615.46
Julau	2,769	6.5	180.23	2,415.52	- 3,122.11
Sibu	3,618	2.5	90.39	3,440.82	- 3,795.21
Dalat	3,075	7.1	218.86	2,645.84	- 3,503.89
Mukah	2,972	5.8	171.35	2,635.87	- 3,307.63
Kanowit	2,497	5.2	131.07	2,240.28	- 2,754.14
Bintulu	4,046	4.7	188.14	3,677.16	- 4,414.78
Tatau	3,237	3.5	112.13	3,017.53	- 3,457.13
Kapit	3,462	4.1	143.51	3,180.82	- 3,743.47
Song	2,574	6.5	167.57	2,245.36	- 2,902.32
Belaga	2,187	4.9	108.00	1,975.51	- 2,398.92
Miri	3,864	2.1	82.03	3,703.10	- 4,024.71
Marudi	2,433	4.3	104.79	2,227.71	- 2,638.53
Limbang	3,394	4.7	160.20	3,080.33	- 3,708.37
Lawas	3,324	6.6	219.93	2,893.01	- 3,755.26
Matu	2,619	4.9	129.00	2,365.74	- 2,871.48
Asajaya	2,690	4.8	129.99	2,435.50	- 2,945.13
Pakan	2,402	4.6	109.81	2,186.69	- 2,617.19
Selangau	2,211	4.2	93.90	2,027.21	- 2,395.36
Pusa	2,160	3.9	83.73	1,996.10	- 2,324.36
Kabong	2,571	4.0	103.95	2,366.92	- 2,774.45
Tanjung Manis	2,733	5.2	140.87	2,457.09	- 3,009.36
Sebauh	2,241	6.8	152.12	1,942.54	- 2,538.93
Subis	2,312	6.0	139.77	2,038.37	- 2,586.35
Tebedu	2,160	5.2	112.08	1,939.96	- 2,379.38
Bukit mabong	3,222	8.4	272.09	2,688.26	- 3,755.00
Beluru	2,473	6.8	167.48	2,144.99	- 2,801.59
Telang Usan	2,203	6.7	147.00	1,914.41	- 2,490.72

Nota Teknikal

Technical Notes

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1. PENGENALAN

Statistik yang diterbitkan dalam laporan ini adalah hasil dapatan Survei Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah (HES) 2019 yang dijalankan oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM). Bermula tahun 2016, survei ini dijalankan dua kali dalam tempoh lima tahun. Laporan ini menyediakan statistik perbelanjaan bagi keseluruhan isi rumah di Malaysia. Nota teknikal ini merangkumi penerangan terperinci bagi membantu pengguna untuk memahami dengan lebih jelas berkaitan HES 2019.

2. OBJEKTIF SURVEI

Objektif utama survei adalah seperti berikut:

- i) Mengumpul maklumat tentang paras dan trend perbelanjaan penggunaan oleh isi rumah (IR) ke atas pelbagai jenis barang dan perkhidmatan;
- ii) Merupakan asas bagi menentukan jenis barang dan perkhidmatan yang akan dimasukkan ke dalam bakul Indeks Harga Pengguna (IHP); dan
- iii) Digunakan untuk mengemaskini wajaran IHP di mana IHP merupakan pengukur kepada kadar perubahan purata harga bagi sekumpulan barang dan perkhidmatan yang mewakili trend perbelanjaan IR di Malaysia.

3. KAEADAH PENGUMPULAN DATA

- 3.1 Survei ini menggunakan kaedah temu ramah bersemuka dengan menggunakan borang soal selidik bagi mendapatkan maklumat daripada responden. Dalam tempoh survei, penemuramah yang dilatih akan melawat IR di tempat kediaman (TK) terpilih bagi mengumpul maklumat berkaitan demografi ahli isi rumah dan maklumat terperinci berkaitan pendapatan dan perbelanjaan mengikut klasifikasi barang dan perkhidmatan.
- 3.2 Semakan kualiti data akan dibuat oleh pegawai berpengalaman dari DOSM Negeri bagi mengesan dan membetulkan sebarang kesilapan atau maklumat yang tertinggal ketika survei dilaksanakan. Proses semakan semula di lapangan juga dilaksanakan bagi IR terpilih untuk memastikan kualiti pungutan data.

4. TEMPOH RUJUKAN

Data perbelanjaan IR dipungut bagi dua tempoh rujukan. Tempoh rujukan pertama ialah selama sebulan merujuk kepada perbelanjaan harian yang dilakukan oleh IR bermula hari pertama hingga hari terakhir bulan berkenaan. Tempoh rujukan kedua ialah bagi barang yang tidak kerap dibeli seperti barang tahan lama dan item terpilih yang mana tempoh rujukan dikira bagi 11 bulan yang lalu.

Sebagai contoh, sekiranya bulan survei adalah Disember 2019, maka tempoh rujukan sebulan IR yang dikira adalah dari 1 Disember 2019 sehingga 31 Disember 2019 manakala bagi tempoh rujukan kedua ialah dari 1 Januari 2019 sehingga 30 November 2019.

5. SKOP DAN LIPUTAN

- 5.1 Pemilihan sampel bagi survei ini telah mengambil kira kedua-dua kawasan bandar dan luar bandar dalam daerah pentadbiran bagi semua negeri di Malaysia.
- 5.2 Survei ini meliputi IR yang tinggal di TK persendirian dan **tidak termasuk** mereka yang tinggal di TK institusi seperti asrama, hotel, hospital, rumah orang tua, penjara, rumah kebajikan, rumah tumpangan dan pekerja yang tinggal di rumah kongsi.

6. KONSEP DAN DEFINISI

6.1 Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah

Definisi perbelanjaan isi rumah yang diguna pakai adalah mengikut konsep dan garis panduan *System of National Accounts, 2008* oleh *United Nations* dan *Framework for Statistics on the Distribution of Household Income, Consumption and Wealth, 2013* oleh *Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)*. Perbelanjaan IR ini boleh dibahagikan kepada dua jenis iaitu **perbelanjaan penggunaan** dan **perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan**.

i) Perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah

Perbelanjaan penggunaan IR adalah segala perbelanjaan untuk kegunaan persendirian ke atas barang dan perkhidmatan sepanjang tempoh rujukan. Perbelanjaan ini termasuk:

- Semua perbelanjaan sama ada tunai atau kredit oleh ahli-ahli IR ke atas barang dan perkhidmatan untuk kegunaan persendirian. Jenis perbelanjaan ini termasuk juga cukai-cukai yang dibayar untuk mendapatkan barang dan perkhidmatan tersebut;
 - Semua barang, perkhidmatan dan kemudahan yang diterima dalam bentuk mata benda sama ada secara percuma atau konsesi, diambil kira sebagai perbelanjaan. Contohnya, makanan dan tempat penginapan percuma atau dengan bayaran konsesi. Nilai daripada makanan dan tempat penginapan tersebut dikira sebagai perbelanjaan kepada IR berkenaan;
 - Barang penggunaan sendiri. Contohnya sayur-sayuran hasil tanaman sendiri atau barang yang diambil dari kedai runcit sendiri untuk kegunaan persendirian perlu dibuat imputasi mengikut harga runcit. Nilai harga tersebut dikira sebagai perbelanjaan IR berkenaan; dan
 - Nilai sewa bersih rumah yang diduduki oleh pemiliknya juga diambil kira sebagai perbelanjaan. Nilai sewa tersebut perlu dibuat imputasi mengikut nilai sewa pasaran semasa untuk jenis rumah yang sama di kawasan yang sama.
- ii) **Perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan isi rumah**
Perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan isi rumah adalah merujuk kepada perbelanjaan berikut:
- Pembayaran yang dikenakan kepada pembayar ke atas perkhidmatan yang tidak dapat dikenalpasti dan bertujuan untuk menambah hasil kerajaan;
 - Pembayaran yang tidak mempunyai hubungan secara langsung dengan perolehan perkhidmatan yang diterima (misalnya yuran keahlian, hadiah, pemberian kepada derma amal / badan agama).

Contoh perbelanjaan bukan penggunaan isi rumah ialah:

- i) Cukai pendapatan dan cukai langsung lain seperti zakat, fitrah dan cukai jalan;
- ii) Pencaruman keselamatan sosial dari majikan dan pekerja iaitu KWSP dan PERKESO;
- iii) Bayaran gantirugi;
- iv) Bayaran wajib dan denda seperti bayaran membuat pasport, bayaran ujian memandu dan denda untuk kesalahan trafik;
- v) Pemberian kepada badan amal / badan agama;
- vi) Yuran keahlian kelab;
- vii) Pemberian kepada IR lain;
- viii) Bayaran nafkah; dan
- ix) Hadiah berupa wang tunai dan mata benda.

Selain itu, survei ini juga meliputi simpanan wang, amaun yang dilabur atau dipinjam dan pembayaran balik pinjaman termasuk pinjaman perumahan, kerugian perjudian, pemberian tunai dan derma. Walaupun ini adalah di luar daripada konsep perbelanjaan, maklumat ini adalah sebahagian daripada survei perbelanjaan dan perlu diliputi. Tujuannya ialah untuk mendapatkan rekod akaun IR yang lengkap dan juga membantu dalam perseimbangan secara kasar antara pendapatan dan penerimaan lain dengan perbelanjaan dan pembayaran lain dalam tempoh rujukan bagi setiap IR. Maklumat ini juga secara langsung memberi gambaran dan jaminan kualiti data yang tinggi.

Perkara-perkara yang **TIDAK TERMASUK** dalam perbelanjaan IR adalah seperti berikut:

- i) Perbelanjaan untuk makanan, penginapan, perjalanan dan hiburan semasa bertugas sama ada untuk perniagaan atau urusan kerajaan, perbelanjaan pakaian seragam, peralatan & kelengkapan kerja dan lain-lain untuk kegunaan pekerjaan yang dibayar oleh seorang kakitangan berkaitan dengan perniagaan majikannya dan dibayar balik oleh majikan; dan
- ii) Perkhidmatan yang diberi percuma kepada orang awam contohnya perkhidmatan rekreasi dan kebudayaan di taman permainan kanak-kanak dan tempat letak kereta awam.

6.2 Ukuran Perbelanjaan Penggunaan

Dalam menentukan nilai perbelanjaan penggunaan, tiga pendekatan biasa digunakan iaitu:

i) Pendekatan Perolehan

Nilai pembelian yang direkodkan pada masa barang dan perkhidmatan diperoleh tanpa mengira sama ada digunakan kesemuanya atau tidak; atau dibayar sepenuhnya atau tidak dalam tempoh rujukan. Pendekatan perolehan ini juga telah dikembangkan untuk mengambil kira anggaran nilai bagi barang tidak tahan lama daripada hasil keluaran sendiri dan barang serta perkhidmatan yang diberi atau diterima dalam bentuk mata benda.

ii) Pendekatan Penggunaan

Pendekatan ini digunakan pada keadaan tertentu bagi barang tahan lama yang mempunyai jangka hayat yang panjang (contoh: kereta, kenderaan pengguna lain atau alat pertukangan) dan penggunaan utiliti seperti air dan elektrik.

iii) Pendekatan Pembayaran

Pembayaran yang melibatkan bayaran pendahuluan bagi mendapatkan sesuatu barang dan perkhidmatan yang mana barang dan perkhidmatan tersebut belum diterima dalam bulan rujukan (contoh: bayaran pendahuluan pembelian kereta).

6.3 Pengelasan Item Perbelanjaan

Perbelanjaan diklasifikasikan kepada 13 Kumpulan Utama mengikut *Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP)*, United Nations:

- 01 Makanan & minuman bukan alkohol;
- 02 Minuman alkohol & tembakau;
- 03 Pakaian & kasut;
- 04 Perumahan, air, elektrik, gas & bahan api lain;
- 05 Hiasan, perkakasan & penyelenggaraan isi rumah;
- 06 Kesihatan;
- 07 Pengangkutan;
- 08 Komunikasi;
- 09 Perkhidmatan rekreasi & kebudayaan;
- 10 Pendidikan;

- 11 Restoran & hotel;
- 12 Pelbagai barang & perkhidmatan; dan
- 13 Pelbagai perbelanjaan & perbelanjaan kewangan.

Walau bagaimanapun, dalam penerbitan ini, item-item perbelanjaan penggunaan merangkumi 12 Kumpulan Utama (01 - 12) sahaja.

6.4 **Jenis Barang**

Pengelasan perbelanjaan isi rumah kepada **5 kategori** jenis barang seperti berikut:-

1 Barang Tahan Lama

Barang-barang yang mempunyai **jangka hayat** penggunaan yang **melebihi satu tahun** dan secara relatifnya **mempunyai nilai yang tinggi**, seperti motokar, peti sejuk dan televisyen.

2 Barang Semi Tahan Lama

Barang-barang yang mempunyai **jangka hayat** penggunaan selama **lebih kurang setahun** atau secara relatifnya **tidak mempunyai harga yang tinggi**, seperti pakaian, tekstil dan alat berkebun.

3 Barang Tidak Tahan Lama

Barang-barang yang mempunyai **jangka hayat** penggunaan **yang pendek** dan mempunyai harga secara relatifnya **tidak tinggi**. Contohnya ialah beras, daging, ikan, susu, buah-buahan, sayur, air minuman, petrol dan lain-lain.

4 Perkhidmatan

Perbelanjaan yang dibayar oleh IR ke atas segala perkhidmatan seperti rawatan perubatan, hiburan, rekreasi, kebudayaan, pendidikan dan lain-lain yang dibekalkan sama ada oleh kerajaan atau pun swasta; termasuk juga perbelanjaan makanan atau minuman di restoran, kafe atau hotel.

5 Lain-lain

Pembayaran dalam bentuk pindahan seperti cukai pendapatan, pencaruman keselamatan pampasan, bayaran pampasan, denda, bayaran wajib serta pemberian kepada IR lain. Pembayaran lain seperti amaun yang dilabur atau dipinjam, bayaran balik pinjaman dan tambahan kepada simpanan.

6.5 Tempat Kediaman

Tempat kediaman adalah suatu struktur yang dibina **berasingan** dan **bebas** yang lazimnya digunakan untuk tempat tinggal.

- i) **Berasingan:** Struktur dianggap sebagai berasingan jika ia dikelilingi oleh dinding, pagar atau lain-lain serta ditutupi oleh bumbung.
- ii) **Bebas:** Struktur dikatakan bebas apabila ia mempunyai jalan masuk terus dari laluan umum, tempat lalu lintas atau ruang lapang (iaitu penghuni boleh masuk atau keluar dari TK mereka tanpa melalui perkaranan orang lain).

6.6 Isi Rumah

Seorang atau sekumpulan orang yang bersaudara atau tidak bersaudara yang biasanya tinggal bersama dalam satu tempat kediaman serta membuat peruntukan (perbelanjaan) secara bersama untuk makanan dan keperluan hidup yang lain.

6.7 Ketua Isi Rumah

Ketua IR ditakrifkan sebagai seorang ahli biasa sama ada lelaki atau perempuan yang dianggap sebagai ketua oleh ahli IR yang lain. Ketua IR mesti seorang penerima pendapatan dan berumur 15 tahun dan ke atas.

6.8 Kumpulan Etnik

Kumpulan etnik dikategorikan di kalangan warganegara Malaysia setelah mengasingkan bukan warganegara. Pengelasan tersebut adalah seperti berikut:

- i) Warganegara Malaysia
 - a. Bumiputera
 - b. Cina
 - c. India
 - d. Lain-lain

- ii) Bukan warganegara Malaysia

7. RANGKA PENSAMPELAN

- 7.1 Rangka yang digunakan bagi pemilihan sampel HES 2019 adalah berdasarkan Rangka Pensampelan Isi Rumah yang terdiri daripada Blok Penghitungan (BP) yang diwujudkan untuk Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2010 yang dikemas kini dari semasa ke semasa. BP merupakan suatu kawasan muka bumi yang diwujudkan untuk tujuan pelaksanaan operasi survei yang secara puratanya mengandungi antara 80 hingga 120 TK. Semua BP dibentuk dalam lingkungan sempadan yang diwartakan iaitu di dalam daerah pentadbiran, mukim atau kawasan pihak berkuasa tempatan.
- 7.2 BP dalam rangka pensampelan dikelaskan mengikut kawasan bandar dan luar bandar. Kawasan bandar ditakrif sebagaimana yang telah digunakan dalam Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2010. Kawasan **bandar** ialah kawasan yang diwartakan serta kawasan tepu bina yang bersempadan dengannya dan gabungan kedua-dua kawasan ini mempunyai penduduk seramai 10,000 orang atau lebih semasa Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2010. Kawasan selainnya, yang diwartakan dan mempunyai jumlah penduduk kurang daripada 10,000 orang serta kawasan yang tidak diwartakan dikelaskan sebagai kawasan **luar bandar**.
- 7.3 Kawasan tepu bina adalah kawasan yang terletak bersebelahan kawasan yang diwartakan dan mempunyai sekurang-kurangnya 60 peratus penduduk (berumur 15 tahun dan ke atas) yang terlibat dalam aktiviti bukan pertanian.
- 7.4 Definisi kawasan bandar juga mengambil kira kawasan pembangunan khusus iaitu kawasan pembangunan yang tidak diwartakan dan boleh dikenalpasti serta terpisah dari kawasan yang diwartakan atau kawasan tepu bina melebihi 5 kilometer dan mempunyai penduduk sekurang-kurangnya 10,000 orang dengan 60 peratus penduduk (berumur 15 tahun dan ke atas) yang terlibat dalam aktiviti bukan pertanian.
- 7.5 Pembandaran merupakan proses yang dinamik dan sentiasa berubah mengikut kemajuan dan pembangunan. Oleh itu, kawasan bandar bagi Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2000 dan 2010 tidak semestinya merujuk kepada kawasan yang sama kerana kawasan yang memenuhi kriteria bandar akan terus bertambah dan berkembang mengikut masa.

7.6 Klasifikasi kawasan mengikut strata yang digunakan adalah seperti berikut:

Strata	Jumlah penduduk dalam kawasan yang diwartakan, tumpuan bina dan kawasan pembangunan khusus
Metropolitan	75,000 dan lebih
Bandar besar	10,000 hingga 74,999
Bandar kecil	1,000 hingga 9,999
Luar bandar	Kawasan selebihnya

7.7 Bagi tujuan pensampelan, klasifikasi kawasan seperti di perkara 7.6 adalah digunakan untuk semua negeri serta Wilayah Persekutuan. Bagi Sabah dan Sarawak, memandangkan masalah kesukaran untuk akses ke kawasan pedalaman, strata luar bandar disesuaikan *accessibility* dari pusat bandar yang terdekat.

7.8 Bagi tujuan penjadualan laporan, strata-strata dicantumkan seperti berikut:

$$\text{Bandar} = \text{Metropolitan} + \text{Bandar besar}$$

$$\text{Luar bandar} = \text{Bandar kecil} + \text{Keseluruhan luar bandar}$$

8. REKA BENTUK PENSAMPELAN

8.1 Reka bentuk pensampelan berstrata dua peringkat telah digunakan dalam HES 2019. Pembentukan strata adalah seperti berikut:

Strata utama	Melibuti semua negeri di Malaysia
Strata kedua	Melibuti semua daerah pentadbiran mengikut negeri di Malaysia
Strata ketiga	Melibuti bandar dan luar bandar seperti yang dinyatakan di perkara 7.8

8.2 Pemilihan sampel dilakukan pada peringkat BP dengan menggunakan kaedah *probability proportionate to size*. Seterusnya sampel TK dipilih dari BP yang terpilih menggunakan kaedah sistematik melalui penjanaan nombor rawak dan menetapkan selang pemilihan supaya setiap TK mempunyai kebarangkalian yang sama untuk terpilih. Prosedur ini dilaksanakan secara teratur dan saintifik untuk menghasilkan sampel yang tidak pincang (*unbiased*) dan boleh mewakili keseluruhan populasi isi rumah di Malaysia.

9. SAIZ SAMPEL

- 9.1 Saiz sampel HES 2019 perlu mewakili populasi mengikut keperluan peringkat analisis yang ditetapkan. Saiz sampel ini telah mengambil kira elemen berikut:
- Penemuan daripada survei yang lepas iaitu HES 2016;
 - Peringkat reka bentuk pensampelan; dan
 - Ralat yang disasarkan.
- 9.2 Prosedur penganggaran saiz sampel dikira secara *independent* di setiap strata (bandar dan luar bandar) mengikut daerah pentadbiran. Kaedah Pensampelan Rawak Mudah (*Simple Random Sampling - SRS*) digunakan dengan mengambil kira purata perbelanjaan, *design effect*, dan kadar respon daripada survei yang lepas. Saiz sampel yang optimum dianggarkan di peringkat BP dengan mengambil kira kehomogenan ciri-ciri pembolehubah kajian dan kos yang terlibat.
- 9.3 Pengiraan saiz sampel bagi sub populasi j , n_{1j} dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$n_{1j} = \frac{n_{0j}}{1 + \frac{n_{0j}}{N_j}} ; \quad j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, k$$

di mana:

$$n_{0j} = \frac{z^2 p_j (1 - p_j)}{d_j^2}$$

Bagi memenuhi andaian-andaian dalam Pensampelan Berstrata, maka faktor kesan rekabentuk (D.E.) diambil kira:

$$D.E = \frac{\text{Varians bagi reka bentuk kompleks}}{\text{Varians bagi SRS}}$$

Saiz sampel dengan mengambilkira D.E. bagi sub populasi j , n_{2j} diberikan oleh:

$$n_{2j} = n_{1j} \times D.E.$$

Dan seterusnya, mengambilkira kadar respon penyiasatan lepas, maka saiz sampel keseluruhan bagi sub populasi j , n_3 adalah seperti berikut:

$$n_{3j} = n_{2j} \times \frac{1}{\text{Kadar Respon}}$$

Maka, jumlah saiz sampel, n diberi oleh:

$$n = \sum_{j=1}^k n_{0j}$$

di mana:

- n_{0j} saiz sampel asas yang diperoleh menggunakan kaedah SRS bagi sub populasi j
- n_{1j} saiz sampel yang mengambil kira faktor populasi bagi sub populasi j
- n_{2j} saiz sampel yang mengambil kira faktor kesan rekabentuk bagi sub populasi j
- n_{3j} saiz sampel yang mengambil kira faktor kadar respon bagi sub populasi j
- N jumlah unit elemen dalam populasi
- n saiz sampel keseluruhan
- d ralat yang disasarkan
- Z paras keyakinan
- p purata perbelanjaan

9.4 Agihan saiz sampel HES 2019 adalah seperti berikut:

Negeri	Bilangan BP Terpilih	Bilangan TK Terpilih	Bilangan IR respon
Johor	691	5,528	4,912
Kedah	524	4,199	3,978
Kelantan	420	3,357	3,005
Melaka	214	1,706	1,593
Negeri Sembilan	287	2,287	2,102
Pahang	402	3,259	2,982
Pulau Pinang	440	3,550	3,196
Perak	604	4,886	4,375
Perlis	123	987	902
Selangor	795	6,295	5,935
Terengganu	357	2,866	2,726
Sabah	911	7,527	6,892
Sarawak	1,085	8,742	8,213
W.P. Kuala Lumpur	421	3,365	2,927
W.P. Labuan	61	487	464
W.P. Putrajaya	43	343	299
MALAYSIA	7,378	59,176	54,501

10. PENGANGGARAN

Dalam prosedur penganggaran, pemberat (*non-response weight*) digunakan untuk mengambil kira kes tidak respon. Pemberat asal (*design weight*) disesuaikan dengan mengambil kira kadar tidak respon bagi setiap domain atau strata. Sebagai contoh, sekiranya 5,000 isi rumah terpilih tetapi sebanyak 4,000 isi rumah sahaja yang respon kepada survei maka pemberat asal (*design weight*) akan disesuaikan dengan mengambil kira 20 peratus tidak respon. Sekiranya pemberat asal (*design weight*) adalah 2.0 yang memberi maksud satu sampel isi rumah mewakili dua isi rumah dalam populasi maka pemberat (*non-response weight*) akan menjadi 2.5 yang memberi maksud satu sampel isi rumah mewakili 2.5 isi rumah yang lain.

11. PENILAIAN DATA

Data yang diperoleh daripada survei atau kajian berdasarkan sampel berkebarangkalian tidak boleh dipisahkan daripada dua jenis ralat. Ralat yang dimaksudkan ialah ralat pensampelan dan ralat bukan pensampelan.

i) Ralat pensampelan

Ralat pensampelan berpunca daripada anggaran data yang terhasil daripada sampel berkebarangkalian. Ralat ini boleh diukur dengan menganggarkan Ralat Piawai Relatif dan dinyatakan dalam bentuk peratusan. Ia digunakan sebagai penunjuk kepada kepersisan anggaran parameter yang dikaji. Ini memberi gambaran tahap variasi anggaran pembolehubah yang dianggarkan melalui penyiasatan berbanding dengan parameter populasi.

Sebagai contoh, penemuan HES 2019 mendapati perbelanjaan penggunaan bulanan purata bagi Sarawak adalah RM3,448 dengan Ralat Piawai Relatif 0.8 peratus. Dalam erti kata lain, nilai Ralat Piawai adalah RM27. Berasaskan 95 peratus selang keyakinan ($\alpha=0.05$), perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata berada dalam batasan antara RM3,395 - RM3,501 sebulan.

ii) Ralat bukan pensampelan

Ralat ini boleh berpunca daripada liputan penyiasatan yang tidak lengkap, kelemahan rangka, ralat maklum balas, tiada respon dan kesilapan semasa prosesan seperti di peringkat penyuntingan, pengekodan dan tangkapan data. Bagi memastikan kualiti data berada pada tahap yang tinggi, beberapa langkah pentadbiran telah diambil supaya **ralat bukan pensampelan** berada di tahap

minimum. Antaranya, latihan intensif kepada penyelia dan penemuramah. Selain daripada itu, penyeliaan yang rapi dan semakan rambang dijalankan ke atas isi rumah yang telah diliputi oleh penemuramah untuk memastikan kesahihan maklumat yang direkodkan.

Bagi mengatasi kes tiada respon yang berpunca daripada beberapa sebab seperti TK kosong, tiada penghuni di rumah, enggan bekerjasama atau TK tidak layak diliputi dalam survei, maka penganggaran saiz sampel HES 2019 telah mengambil kira semua kemungkinan tersebut.

Pengemaskinian rangka pensampelan yang dilaksanakan dari semasa ke semasa telah dapat mengurangkan kadar tiada respon yang berpunca daripada TK kosong. Publisiti yang meluas dilaksanakan melalui media elektronik serta media cetak bagi mengurangkan kes tiada penghuni di rumah dan enggan bekerjasama.

Selain daripada itu, di peringkat prosesan data, semakan konsistensi bagi setiap pembolehubah dan proses validasi telah dilaksanakan secara sistematis bagi meminimumkan kesemua ralat bukan pensampelan.

12. LIMITASI ANALISIS

Penemuan HES 2019 mendapati kepersisan anggaran perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata mengikut daerah pentadbiran berada pada tahap kebolehpercayaan yang tinggi. Sebagai contoh, perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata di daerah Kuching adalah RM4,227 dengan Ralat Piawai Relatif 1.6 peratus. Dalam erti kata lain, nilai Ralat Piawai adalah RM66. Berdasarkan 95 peratus selang keyakinan ($\alpha=0.05$), perbelanjaan penggunaan isi rumah bulanan purata bagi daerah Kuching berada dalam batasan antara RM4,097 - RM4,357 sebulan. Analisis terperinci data perbelanjaan bagi peringkat daerah pentadbiran adalah berdasarkan kebolehpercayaan nilai relatif sehingga tidak melebihi selang toleransi 20 peratus.

13. KADAR PERTUMBUHAN TAHUNAN DIKOMPAUN

Pengiraan kadar pertumbuhan tahunan di kompaun adalah berdasarkan kepada fungsi eksponen seperti berikut:

$$\text{CAGR} = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{Y_t}{Y_0}\right)}{t}$$

di mana,

CAGR kadar pertumbuhan tahunan di kompaun

Y_t perbelanjaan isi rumah bulanan tahun semasa

Y_0 perbelanjaan isi rumah bulanan tahun sebelumnya

t tempoh masa

14. PEMBUNDARAN ANGGARAN

Pengiraan bagi sesuatu kategori mungkin tidak sentiasa sama antara jadual disebabkan oleh pembundaran secara bebas. Walau bagaimanapun, perbezaan ini adalah tidak ketara. Peratusan yang ditunjukkan dalam jadual adalah diperoleh daripada angka sebenar dan tidak semestinya memberikan jumlah genap 100 peratus disebabkan pembundaran, walaupun jumlah yang ditunjukkan adalah 100 peratus.

15. NOTA DAN SIMBOL

0.0 Kurang daripada setengah unit terkecil yang ditunjukkan. Misalnya, kurang daripada 0.05 peratus

- Tiada / kosong / tiada kes

W.P. Wilayah Persekutuan

RM Ringgit Malaysia

n.a Tidak berkenaan

n.s Tidak signifikan

1. INTRODUCTION

The statistics released in this report are findings of the Household Expenditure Survey (HES) 2019 which is conducted by the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM). Starting from 2016, this survey will be carried out twice in five years. This report provides the statistics regarding the expenditures for overall households in Malaysia. These technical notes contain the detailed descriptions to facilitate users with better understanding pertaining to HES 2019.

2. OBJECTIVE OF SURVEY

The main objectives of the survey are as follows:

- i) To collect information on the level and pattern of consumption expenditure by households (HH) on varieties of goods and services;
- ii) As the basis to determine the types of goods and services to be included in the basket of the Consumer Price Index (CPI); and
- iii) To update the CPI weights where the CPI is a measure of the average rate of change in prices of a fixed basket of goods and services which represent the expenditure pattern of all HH in Malaysia.

3. METHOD OF DATA COLLECTION

- 3.1 This survey uses the personal interview method using the questionnaire form to obtain information from respondents. During the survey period, trained interviewers will visit households in selected living quarters (LQs) to collect demographic information on all household members and detailed information on income and expenditure by classification of goods and services.
- 3.2 Quality check were done by experienced officers from the DOSM State office to detect and correct any possibility of errors or omissions at the time when the survey is conducted. The review processes were also implemented for selected HH to ensure the quality of the data collected.

4. REFERENCE PERIOD

Household expenditure data were collected over two reference periods. The first reference period of one month referred to the daily expenditure incurred by the HH from the first until the last day of the month.

The second reference period as for infrequent expenditure items such as consumer durables and selected items, and covered the past 11 month.

For example, if the month of survey is December 2019, then the reference period of HH for one month is calculated from 1st December 2019 until 31st December 2019, while the second reference period is from 1st January 2019 until 30th November 2019.

5. SCOPE AND COVERAGE

- 5.1 *The selection of the sample of this survey has taken into consideration both urban and rural areas in administrative district for all states in Malaysia.*
- 5.2 *Coverage of the survey is HH living in private LQs only, excluding those who are living in residential institutions such as hostels, hotels, hospitals, old folk's homes, prisons and welfare homes.*

6. CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

6.1 Household Expenditure

*The definition of household expenditure used is based on the concepts and guidelines System of National Accounts, 2008 by United Nations and Framework for Statistics on the Distribution of Household Income, Consumption and Wealth, 2013 by Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). This expenditure can be divided into two types, namely **consumption expenditure** and **non-consumption expenditure**.*

i) Household consumption expenditure

Household consumption expenditure is the expenditure for private consumption on goods and services during the reference period. These expenditure include:

- *All expenditure either in cash or credit by HH members on goods and services for personal use. This type of expenditure also includes taxes paid for goods and services;*

- All goods, services and facilities received in kind, whether free or concession is considered as expenditure. For example, free or concession food and lodging.
- The value from food and lodging is calculated as the expenditure to the respective HH;
- Goods for own consumption. For instance, vegetables taken from own farm or goods from own shop consumed by HH were imputed at retail prices. The imputed prices were regarded as expenditure for the HH; and
- Net rental value of owner-occupied house was also included as expenditure. This rental value has to be imputed referring to the present market value of similar type of house in the same area.

ii) Household non-consumption expenditure

Household non-consumption expenditure refer to the following items:

- Payments made by payers for services that cannot be identified and aimed to increase government revenue;
- Payments that have no direct relation to the acquisition of services received (e.g. membership fees, gifts, gifts to charity donations / religious bodies).

Examples of non-consumption expenditure are:

- i) Income tax and other direct taxes such as zakat, fitrah and road tax;
- ii) Contributions to social security from employers and employees namely EPF and SOCSO;
- iii) Payment of compensation;
- iv) Mandatory fees and fines such as passport fees, driving test fees and fines for traffic offenses;
- v) Giving to charity / religious bodies;
- vi) Club membership fees;
- vii) Extension to other HH;
- viii) Alimony fees; and
- ix) Gift in cash or in kind.

Apart from that, this survey also includes savings, amounts invested or loaned, and repayments of loans including housing loans, gambling losses, cash grants and donations. Even though this is out of the concept of expenditure, this information is part of the survey and need to be covered. The aim is to get a complete HH account record and to assist in gross balancing between revenues and other receipts and expenditures and other payments in the reference period for each HH. This information was also directly giving an overview and the guarantee of high data quality.

The details that are NOT INCLUDED in the HH expenditure are as follows:

- i) *Expenses for food, accommodation, travel and entertainment while on duty either for business or government affairs, expenses on uniforms, tools & equipment for work and others which was paid by an employee relating to his employer's business and repaid by the employer; and*
- ii) *Free services given to the public such as recreational and cultural services at the children's playground and free public parking.*

6.2 Measurement of Consumption Expenditure

Three common approaches were used to determine the consumption expenditure namely:

i) Acquisition Approach

Value of purchasing during the acquisition of goods and services without taking into account whether they are fully used or no; or paid in full or not in the Reference period. Acquisition was extended to include the estimated value of own production of non-durable goods and services and those given or received as in kind.

ii) Consumption Approach

This approach used at certain condition for durable items that having long period (example: car, other user vehicles and carpentry tools) and use utility such as water and electricity.

iii) Payment Approach

Payments that involve advance payment to obtain goods and services where the goods and services have yet received in the reference month (example: advance payment in purchasing car).

6.3 Classification of Expenditure Item

*Expenditure is classified to 13 Main Group based on **Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP)**, United Nations:*

- 01 Food & non-alcoholic beverages;
- 02 Alcoholic beverages & tobacco;
- 03 Clothing & footwear;
- 04 Housing, water, electricity, gas & other fuels;
- 05 Furnishings, household equipment & routine household maintenance;
- 06 Health;
- 07 Transport;
- 08 Communication;
- 09 Recreation services & culture;
- 10 Education;
- 11 Restaurants & hotels;
- 12 Miscellaneous goods & services; and
- 13 Miscellaneous expenses & financial expenses.

However, in this publication, items of consumption expenditure include 12 Main Groups (01 - 12) only.

6.4 Types Of Goods

Classification of household expenditure into 5 categories types of goods as follows:

1 Durable Goods

Items that have a useful life of more than one year and are relatively high in value, such as cars, refrigerators and televisions.

2 Semi-Durable Goods

Items that have a shelf life of approximately one year or relatively inexpensive, such as clothing, textiles and gardening tools.

3 Non-Durable Goods

Items that have a short shelf life and are relatively inexpensive. Examples are rice, meat, fish, milk, fruits, vegetables, beverages, petrol and others.

4 Service

Expenses paid by household on all services such as medical care, entertainment, recreation, culture, education and others provided by the government or the private sector; including spending on food or drinks at restaurants, cafes or hotels.

5 Other Expenses

Payment in the form of transfers such as income tax, security payments, compensation payments, fines, compulsory payments and other household payments. Other payments such as the amount invested or borrowed, loan repayments and additional to savings.

6.5 Living Quarters

*Living quarters are defined as independent and separate structures, which are usually used as place of abode. The terms, **separate** and **independent** mean the following:*

*i) **Separate***

A structure is considered separate if it is surrounded by walls, fence, etc. and is covered by roof.

*ii) **Independent***

A structure is said to be independent if it has direct access via public path, communal passageway or space (that is, occupants can come in or go out of their LQs without passing through others' premises).

6.6 Household

*A person or group of people whether related or unrelated who usually live together in a **living quarters** and make provision (expenses) for food and other necessities of life together.*

6.7 Head of Household

Head of household is defined as any usual members whether male or female which is considered as head by other members. Head of HH must be an income recipient and age 15 years and above.

6.8 **Ethnic Group**

The ethnic group is categorised within Malaysian citizens after separating those who are non-citizens. The classification is as follows:

- i) *Malaysian citizens*
 - a. *Bumiputera*
 - b. *Chinese*
 - c. *Indians*
 - d. *Others*
- ii) *Non-Malaysian citizens*

7. SAMPLING FRAME

- 7.1 *The frame used for the selection of sample for HES 2019 was based on the Household Sampling Frame which made up of Enumeration Blocks (EBs) created for the 2010 Population and Housing Census that was updated from time to time. EBs are geographical contiguous areas of land which identifiable boundaries created for survey operation purposes, which is on average, contains about 80 to 120 LQs. All EBs are formed within gazetted boundaries i.e. within administrative districts, mukim or local authority areas.*
- 7.2 *The EBs in the sampling frame is classified by urban and rural areas. Urban areas are as defined in the 2010 Population and Housing Census. **Urban** areas are gazetted areas with their adjoining built-up areas which had a combined population of 10,000 or more. While, gazetted area with population less than 10,000 and not gazetted area are classified as **rural** area.*
- 7.3 *Built-up areas were the areas contiguous to a gazetted area and had at least 60 per cent of their population (aged 15 years and over) engaged in non-agricultural activities.*
- 7.4 *The definition of urban areas also takes into account the special development areas i.e. areas that are not gazetted and development can be identified and separated from the gazetted areas or built-up area of more than 5 kilometre and has a population of at least 10,000 people with 60 percent of the population (aged 15 years and over) engaged in non-agricultural activities.*

7.5 *Urbanisation is a dynamic process and keeps changing with development and growth. Thus, the urban areas for 2000 and 2010 Censuses do not necessarily refer to the same areas, as areas fulfilling the above criteria of urban continue to expand and grow within the time.*

7.6 *The classification of area by strata is as follows:*

Strata	Population of gazetted, adjoining built-up areas and special development area
Metropolitan	75,000 and above
Urban large	10,000 to 74,999
Urban small	1,000 to 9,999
Rural	All other areas

7.7 *For sampling purposes, classification of area as stated in item 7.6 is used for all states and federal territories. For Sabah and Sarawak, due to inaccessibility, the rural strata had to be further stratified based on accessibility the area from the nearest urban center.*

7.8 *For purposes of tabulation, the strata were combined as follows:*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Urban} &= \text{Metropolitan} + \text{Urban large} \\ \text{Rural} &= \text{Urban small} + \text{All rural} \end{aligned}$$

8. SAMPLE DESIGN

8.1 *Two-stage stratified sampling design was adopted in HES 2019. The level of stratification is as follows:*

Primary strata	Covered all state in Malaysia
Secondary strata	Covered all administrative district by state in Malaysia
Tertiary strata	Covered urban and rural strata as defined in Item 7.8

- 8.2 The selections of samples have been done at EBs level using probability proportionate to size method. Then, sample for LQs were selected from the selected EBs by using systematic method that generate random number and interval class to ensure every LQs have an equal probability to be selected as a sample. This procedure is performed systematically and scientific to produce unbiased sample and can represent the entire population of households in Malaysia.

9. SAMPLE SIZE

- 9.1 The sample size for HES 2019 required to represent overall population at the analysis level. The sample size has been considered the following elements:

- i) Findings from the previous HES 2016;
- ii) Level of sampling design; and
- iii) Desired error.

- 9.2 Procedures for estimating the sample size is calculated independently both urban and rural areas in administrative district for all states. Simple Random Sampling Method (SRS) is used to take into account the average expenditure, design effect and response rate from the previous survey. The optimum sample size was estimated at the level of EBs with regard to homogeneity characteristic variables and the costs involved.

- 9.3 Sample size calculation for sub population j , n_{1j} is calculated as follow:

$$n_{1j} = \frac{n_{0j}}{1 + \frac{n_{0j}}{N_j}} ; j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, k$$

where:

$$n_{0j} = \frac{z^2 p_j (1 - p_j)}{d_j^2}$$

To satisfy the assumptions in the Stratified Sampling, the design effect (D.E.) factor is taken into account:

$$D.E = \frac{\text{Variance for complex sample}}{\text{Variance for SRS}}$$

Sample size taking into account D.E. for sub population j , n_{2j} is given by

$$n_{2j} = n_{1j} \times D.E.$$

Next, taking into account the rate of response of the last survey, the overall sample size for sub population j , n_{3j} is as follows:

$$n_{3j} = n_{2j} \times \frac{1}{Response\ Rate}$$

Thus, the total sample size, n is given by:

$$n = \sum_{j=1}^k n_{3j}$$

where:

- n_{0j} basic sample size obtained using SRS method for sub population j
- n_{1j} sample size taking into account the population factor for the sub population j
- n_{2j} sample size taking into account the design effect factor for sub population j
- n_{3j} sample size taking into account the response rate factor for the sub population j
- N the number of element units in the population
- n total sample size
- d desired error
- Z level of confidence
- p average of expenditure

9.4 The distribution of sample size for the HES 2019 are as follows:

State	Number of selected EBs	Number of selected LQs	Number of HH response
Johor	691	5,528	4,912
Kedah	524	4,199	3,978
Kelantan	420	3,357	3,005
Melaka	214	1,706	1,593
Negeri Sembilan	287	2,287	2,102
Pahang	402	3,259	2,982
Pulau Pinang	440	3,550	3,196
Perak	604	4,886	4,375
Perlis	123	987	902
Selangor	795	6,295	5,935
Terengganu	357	2,866	2,726
Sabah	911	7,527	6,892
Sarawak	1,085	8,742	8,213
W.P. Kuala Lumpur	421	3,365	2,927
W.P. Labuan	61	487	464
W.P. Putrajaya	43	343	299
MALAYSIA	7,378	59,176	54,501

10. ESTIMATION

In the estimation procedure, non-response weight is used to account for non-response cases. The design weight is adjusted considering the non-response rate for each domain or strata. For example, if 5,000 households are selected but only 4,000 households respond to the survey then the design weight will be adjusted taking into account 20% of the non-response. Furthermore, If the design weight is 2.0 which means 1 sample of households represents 2 households in the population then non-response weight will be 2.5 which means 1 sample of households represents 2.5 other households.

11. EVALUATION OF THE DATA

Data obtained from surveys or research based on probability sample may encounter two types of errors. These errors are the sampling and non-sampling error.

i) Sampling Error

Sampling error is a result of estimating data based on a probability sampling. This error can be measured by estimating the Relative Standard Error and expressed as a percentage. It is used as an indicator of the precision of the estimated parameters studied. This estimate reflects the level of variation was estimated through a survey variables compared with the population parameter.

For instance, in HES 2019, the mean monthly household consumption expenditure for Sarawak was RM3,448 with RSE of 0.8 per cent. In other words, the standard error (SE) is approximately RM27. Based on a 95 per cent confidence level ($\alpha=0.05$), the mean monthly household consumption expenditure was found to be in the range of RM3,395 - RM3,501 per month.

ii) Non-sampling Error

*These errors may arise through incomplete survey coverage, weaknesses in the frame, response errors, non-response errors and also errors during processing such as editing, coding and data capture. To ensure high quality data, several administrative procedures were taken to keep **non-sampling errors** to a minimum. Intensive training was conducted for the supervisors and enumerators. In addition, close supervision and random checks were carried out on households which were covered by the enumerators to ensure the validity of the information recorded.*

In order to resolve the case of non-response error due to several reasons such as vacant house, 'no one at home', refusal to co-operate or not qualified LQs, the sample size estimation for HES 2019 has taken into account all the possibilities.

The survey frame is updated regularly to overcome the problem of non-response due to vacant home. Wide publicity was carried out through electronic and printed media to minimise the case of 'no one at home' and refusal to cooperate.

In addition, at the data processing stage, each variable consistency checking and validation process has been systematically implemented in order to minimise the non-sampling error.

12. LIMITATION ANALYSIS

The findings of HES 2019 found that the precision of the mean monthly household consumption expenditure by administrative district possesses a high degree of reliability level. For example, the mean monthly household consumption expenditure in Kuching is RM4,227 with a relative standard error of 1.6 per cent. In other words, the standard error is RM66. based on the 95 per cent confidence interval ($\alpha=0.05$), the mean monthly household consumption expenditure of Kuching district is within the range of RM4,097 - RM4,357 per month. Detailed analysis of expenditure data by administrative district level is based on the relative value reliability of not more than 20 per cent tolerance interval.

13. COMPOUNDED ANNUAL GROWTH RATE

Calculation of the compounded annual growth rate based on the exponent function as follows:

$$CAGR = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{Y_t}{Y_0}\right)}{t}$$

Where,

CAGR *compounded annual growth rate*

Y_t *current year household monthly expenditure*

Y_0 *previous year household monthly expenditure*

t *period*

14. ROUNDING OF ESTIMATES

The calculation of certain categories may not always be the same between tables due to independent rounding. However, the differences were insignificant. Percentages shown in the tables were computed from actual absolute figures and may not always add up exactly to 100 per cent due to rounding, although the totals were shown as 100 per cent.

15. NOTES AND SYMBOLS

0.0	<i>Less than half the smallest unit shown. For example, less than 0.05 per cent</i>
-	<i>Nil / blank / no case</i>
W.P.	<i>Wilayah Persekutuan</i>
RM	<i>Ringgit Malaysia</i>
n.a	<i>Not applicable</i>
n.s	<i>Not significant</i>

**PERTANYAAN BERHUBUNG DENGAN PENERBITAN INI BOLEH JUGA DIBUAT DI PEJABAT
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