MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

TODAY'S STATISTICS
by DOSM at 12:00 pm

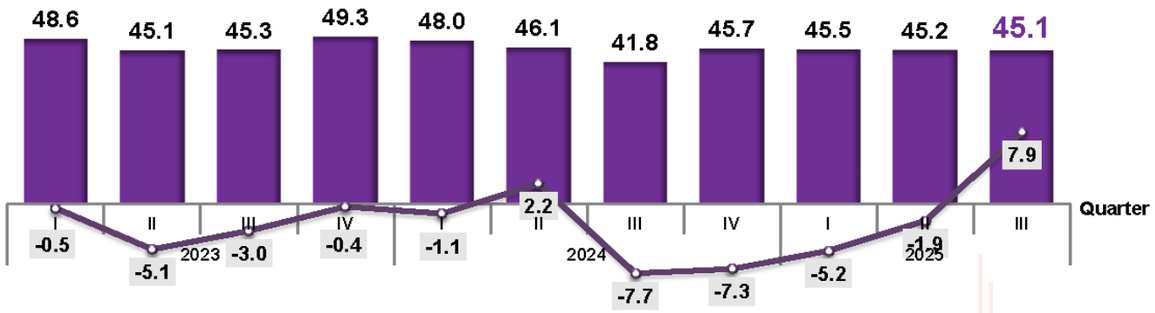
3 DECEMBER 2025 | #285

MINING OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS STATISTICS THIRD QUARTER OF 2025

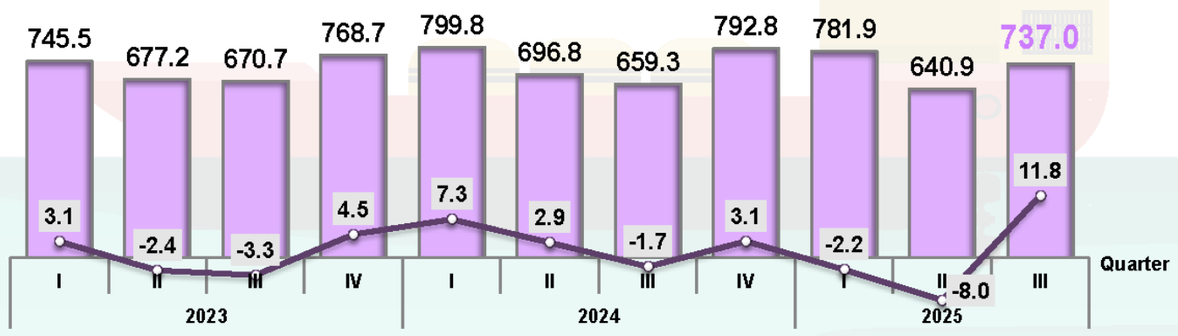
Production

Crude oil and condensate (Million barrels)

Q1 2023 - Q3 2025



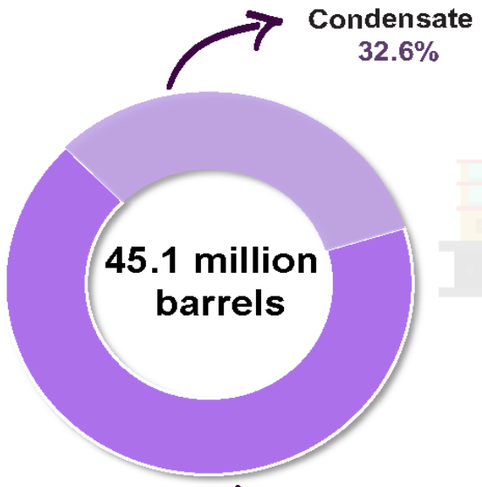
Natural Gas (Billion cubic feet)



Annual percentage change, %

Note: Calculation by DOSM using the statistics from PETRONAS and MTJA

Share of Crude Oil and Condensate Production



Price

WALP[1] (Malaysia)	USD71.9	-12.3%
WTI[2]	USD65.7	-13.8%
Brent	USD69.0	-13.6%
Henry Hub	USD3.0	43.4%

Annual percentage change, %

[1] WALP: Weighted Average Lifting Price
[2] WTI: West Texas Intermediate
Source: PETRONAS and EIA

Industrial Production Index (IPI), Q3 2025

IPI Malaysia
4.9%

IPI Mining
10.3%

Crude oil and condensate	8.1%
Natural gas	11.8%

Annual percentage change, %

Source: Malaysia Industrial Production Index (2015=100) September 2025, DOSM

Sales Value of Petroleum Products, Q3 2025

Refined petroleum products[3]
RM54.3 billion
-3.4%

Wholesale of solid liquid & gaseous fuels and related products[4]
RM41.6 billion
4.7%

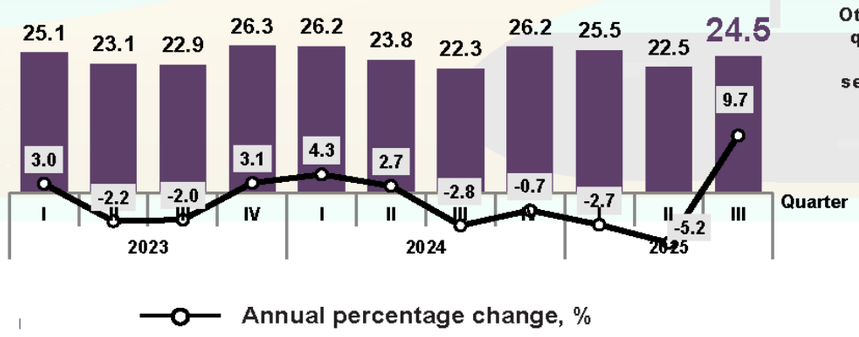
Retail sale of automative fuel in specialised stores[4]
RM18.9 billion
6.3%

Source:
[3]Monthly Manufacturing Statistics September 2025, DOSM
[4]Performance of Wholesale & Retail Trade in September 2025, DOSM

Annual percentage change, %

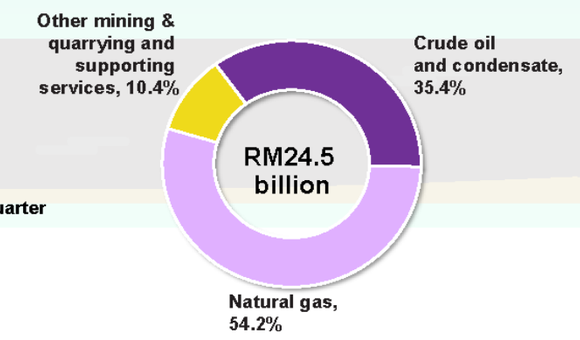
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Constant 2015 Prices, Q3 2025

GDP of Mining and Quarrying



Annual percentage change, %

Percentage Share of Mining and Quarrying by Subsectors



Source: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Q3 2025, DOSM

Exports and Imports, Q3 2025

Exports by Major Country of Destination | Imports by Major Country of Origin

Crude petroleum and condensate

Exports	Imports
RM5.3 billion	RM16.0 billion
Thailand (34.6%)	United Arab Emirates (26.5%)
Australia (21.5%)	Saudi Arabia (22.2%)
Japan (20.9%)	Oman (18.4%)

Refined petroleum products

Exports	Imports
RM23.8 billion	RM24.1 billion
Singapore (23.0%)	Singapore (39.5%)
Indonesia (22.2%)	China (14.2%)
Australia (13.9%)	Republic of Korea (9.0%)

Liquefied natural gas (LNG)

Exports	Imports
RM12.2 billion	RM1.3 billion
Japan (37.7%)	Australia (100.0%)
China (29.6%)	
Republic of Korea (25.6%)	

%: Share
Source: DOSM, September 2025
Note: The statistics refer to the highest percentage share by country of origin and destination

Source : Mining of Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, Third Quarter of 2025, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

Crude oil & condensate and Natural gas strengthened in the third quarter of 2025, rising by 7.9 per cent and 11.8 per cent respectively

- Crude oil **production** in the third quarter of 2025, rose by 7.0 per cent (Q2 2025: -2.2%), following four consecutive quarters of contraction. Condensate also registered positive growth of 9.7 per cent (Q2 2025: -1.2%), after three consecutive quarters of negative growth. At the same time, production of Natural gas recorded double-digit growth of 11.8 per cent (Q2 2025: -8.0%) following two consecutive quarters of contraction, bringing total production of gas to 737.0 billion cubic feet (Q2 2025: 640.9 billion cubic feet).

- The **Weighted Average Lifting Price (WALP)** for Crude oil and condensate in Malaysia increased to USD71.9 per barrel (Q2 2025: USD70.4 per barrel). This increase was in line with global benchmark prices, with WTI at USD65.7 per barrel (Q2 2025: USD64.6 per barrel) and Brent at USD69.0 per barrel (Q2 2025: USD68.0 per barrel).

- The **export** value of **Crude petroleum and condensate** reached RM5.3 billion in the third quarter of 2025. Thailand dominated the export with RM1.8 billion, accounting for 34.6 per cent of the total, followed by Australia (21.5%) and Japan (20.9%). **Refined petroleum products** increased to RM23.8 billion from RM22.7 billion in the previous quarter. Singapore was the largest of destination country for petroleum products amounting to RM5.5 billion or 23.0 per cent, followed by Indonesia (22.2%) and Australia (13.9%). The export value of **LNG** rose to RM12.2 billion in this quarter compared to RM10.3 billion in the second quarter of 2025, with 37.7 per cent exported to Japan, followed by China (29.6%) and the Republic of Korea (25.6%).

- The value of **Crude petroleum and condensate imports** recorded RM16.0 billion in the third quarter of 2025 (Q2 2025: RM12.9 billion). The United Arab Emirates was the main country of origin, accounting for 26.5 per cent, followed by Saudi Arabia (22.2%) and Oman (18.4%). **Refined petroleum products** rose to RM24.1 billion (Q2 2025: RM22.0 billion), with Singapore continuing to lead as the largest contributor (39.5%), followed by China (14.2%) and the Republic of Korea (9.0%). The **LNG** imports amounted to RM1.3 billion (Q2 2025: RM1.5 billion), with Australia as the sole country of origin in the third quarter of 2025.