

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

JANUARY 2023

LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS REPORT

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

LABOUR FORCE REPORT MALAYSIA

JANUARY 2023

Announcement:

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) will conduct the Economic Census in 2023. DOSM greatly appreciates the cooperation from respondents to provide information with DOSM and make this census a success. Please visit www.dosm.gov.my for more information.

DOSM has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a platform that provides a catalogue of data and visualisation that facilitates users in analysing various types of data. OpenDOSM NextGen is an open source data sharing medium and accessible through https://open.dosm.gov.my portal.

Please be informed that the Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20 each year. MyStats Day theme is "Connecting the World with Data We Can Trust".

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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PREFACE

The monthly Labour Force Report, Malaysia, presents the statistics of labour force, employment and unemployment obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The implementation of the LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are used as a vital input for labour market analysis, policy formulation as well as planning, implementing, and monitoring programmes particularly related to human resource development. These statistics also serve as an essential references to researchers, economists, academicians, private sector, and individuals in research related to employment and the labour market.

The Labour Force Report for January 2023 describes the labour supply situation as the country was in the transition phase to endemicity. The report also elaborates on the month-on-month changes to examine the immediate effects of recent events. In addition, annual changes from the same month of the previous year are also reported.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and contribution rendered by all parties in making this publication a success. Every feedback and suggestion towards improving future reports are highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN Chief Statistician Malaysia

March 2023

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CONTENTS

Contents	i
Glossary	ii
Acronyms	iv
Infographic	V
Key Reviews	1
1. Introduction	2
2. Employment	2
3. Unemployment	4
4. Labour Force	5
5. Outside Labour Force	6
6. Looking Ahead	7

List of Tables

Table A	:	Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-1
Table B	:	Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Fourth Quarter 2022	A-2
Table B1	:	Employed person working less than 30 hours by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2022	A-4
Table B2	:	Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2022	A-5
Table B3	:	Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2022	A-6
Table C	:	Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2023	A-7
Table C1	:	Seasonally adjusted of principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - January 2023	A-11
Table C2	:	Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - January 2023	A-15
Table C3	:	Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - January 2023	A-17
Table C4	:	Employed persons by status in employment, January 2016 - January 2023	A-19
Table D	:	Employed persons by occupation, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-21
Table E	:	Employed persons by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-22
Table F	:	Employed persons by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-24
Table G	:	Labour force indicators for selected countries, January 2022 - January 2023	A-25

GLOSSARY

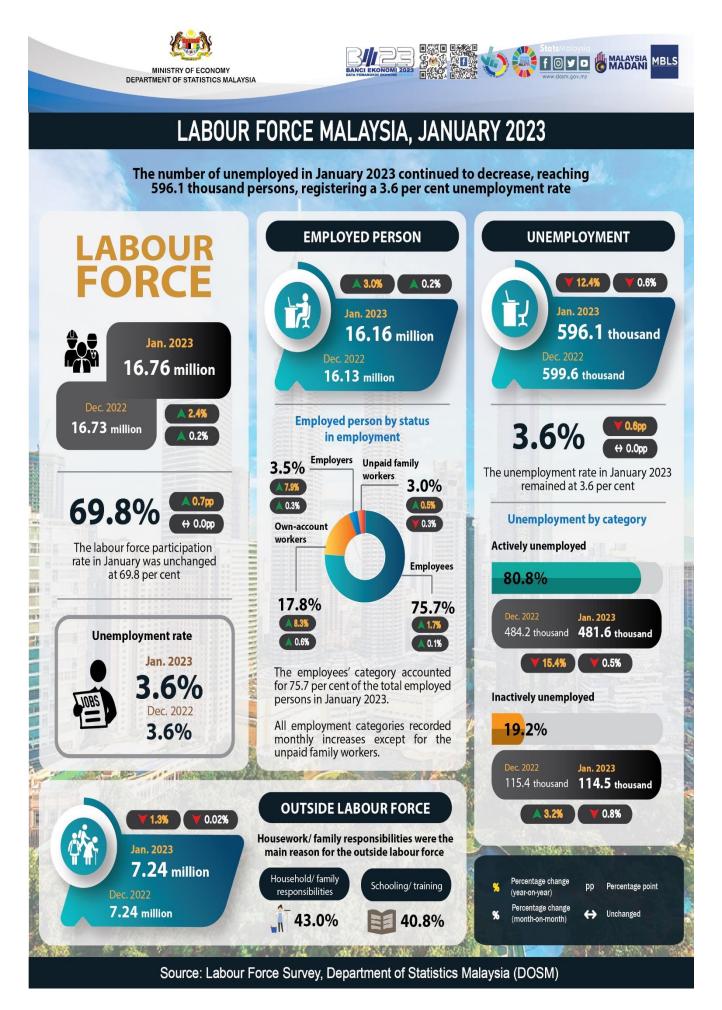
Actively unemployed	:	Persons who were available for work and were actively looking for work during the reference week.
Category of skills	:	For reporting purpose, the category of occupation is regrouped into three levels of skills based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2013 as below:
		Skilled workers:
		1. Managers;
		2. Professionals; and
		3. Technicians and associate professionals.
		Semi-skilled workers:
		4. Clerical support workers;
		5. Services and sales workers;
		6. Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock, and fishery workers;
		7. Craft and related trades workers; and
		8. Plant and machine operators and assemblers.
		Low-skilled workers:
		9. Elementary occupations.
		Starting on January 2022, the category of occupation is based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2020 with an addition of group 0 - Armed forces occupations.
Economic activity	:	Classification of industries according to the Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 version 1.0 into five main sectors namely Agriculture, Mining & quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services. In the meantime, Manufacturing and Services are further disaggregated into subsectors.
Employed	:	All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker.
Employee	:	A person who works for a public or private employer and receives regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind.
Employer	:	A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and employs one or more workers to help him.
Employment-to- population ratio	:	The proportion of employed population to working-age population.
Inactively unemployed	:	Did not look for work because they believed no work was available or that they were not qualified; Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather condition; and had looked for work prior to the reference week and were waiting for result of job applications.

GLOSSARY

Labour force participation rate	:	The ratio of labour force to the working-age population, expressed as a percentage.
Outside labour force	:	All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.
Own account worker	:	A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business.
Skill-related underemployment	:	Those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories.
Time-related underemployment	:	A group of people who were employed less than 30 hours during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and were able and willing to accept additional hours of work. Persons who were employed more than 30 hours during the reference week are considered to be in full employment.
Unemployed	:	Those who did not work during the reference week but were interested to work and seeking for a job. Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.
Unemployment rate	:	The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force, expressed as a percentage.
Unpaid family worker	:	A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family.

ACRONYMS

CATI	:	Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview
DOSM	:	Department of Statistics Malaysia
GDP	:	Malaysia's Gross Domestic Product
ILO	:	International Labour Organizations
IMF	:	International Monetary Fund
LFPR	:	Labour Force Participation Rate
LFS	:	Labour Force Survey
LI	:	Leading Index
MIDF	:	Malaysian Industrial Development Finance
12MP	:	12th Malaysia Plan







CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS



What is Labour Force Survey (LFS)?

Labour Force Survey (LFS) was conducted to collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment from the perspective of labour supply.

The survey population comprises persons who live in the private living quarters, hence excludes persons residing in institutions such as hotels, hospitals, hostels, prisons, and workers residing in construction worksite. LFS encompasses both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within all states in Malaysia using multi-modal data collection approach through the personal interview and a Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI). The LFS are conducted based on the standard guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organizations (ILO).

The working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of 15 to 64 years during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE

- The population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years (in completed years at last birthday).
- Either employed or unemployed in the reference week.

EMPLOYED

- Persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain (as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker).
- Persons who did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- Those on temporary lay-off with pay who would definitely be called back to work.

UNEMPLOYED

- Those who did not work during the reference week but are interested to work and seeking for a job.
- Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

- All persons not classified as employed or unemployed.
- Example: housewives, students, retirees, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force.
- Percentage of the unemployed population in the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

- The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population.
- The proportion of the economically active population, hence differs between sub-groups of that population.
- These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed as labour force participation rate.
- Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 to 64 years), expressed as a percentage.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- Time-series data are very useful for economist, policy & decision makers and time-series analysts to identify the important features of economics series such as direction, turning point and consistency between other economic indicators. Sometimes this feature is difficult to observe because of seasonal movements. Thus, if seasonal effect can be removed, the behaviour of the series would be better viewed. The estimation and removal of the seasonal effects is called seasonal adjusment.
- Seasonal adjustment is a process to identify and to remove the regular within-a-year seasonal pattern, which may also include the influences of moving holidays and working/trading days effect in each period. The ultimate objective of the process is to highlight the underlying trends and short-term movements in the series.
- In Malaysia, most of the time series data are affected by seasonal effects. Hence, to eliminate the seasonal effect as well as to seasonally adjust the Malaysian economic time series data, a standard seasonal adjustment package, X-12 ARIMA was used by Department of Statistics Malaysia.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

KEY REVIEWS

- The number of employed persons in January 2023 further increased by 0.2 per cent (+28.9 thousand persons) to record 16.16 million persons (December 2022: 16.13 million persons). In January, the employment-to-population ratio, which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment, remained at 67.3 per cent.
- In terms of economic sectors, Services sector continued to register increases in the number of employed persons, largely in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverage services; and Administrative & support service activities. Similar trend of employment was also observed in the Manufacturing, Construction and Mining & quarrying sectors, as well as in the Agriculture sector.
- The employees' category accounted for 75.7 per cent of the total employed persons in January 2023. As compared to the previous month, this category recorded a marginal increase of 0.1 per cent (+11.8 thousand persons), reaching a total of 12.24 million persons (December 2022: 12.23 million persons). A similar trend was also observed in the own-account workers, with an increase of 0.6 per cent (+16.9 thousand persons) to record 2.88 million persons (December 2022: 2.86 million persons).
- The number of unemployed persons declined further in January 2023 to record 596.1 thousand persons, reduced by 0.6 per cent (-3.5 thousand persons) as against 599.6 thousand persons in December 2022. The unemployment rate during the month remained at 3.6 per cent.
- The number of labour force improved further in January 2023, increased by 0.2 per cent or 25.4 thousand persons to record 16.76 million persons (December 2022: 16.73 million persons). The labour force participation rate (LFPR) in January was unchanged at 69.8 per cent.
- In January 2023, the number of persons outside the labour force posted a decline of 1.2 thousand persons (-0.02%) to 7.24 million persons (December 2022: 7.24 million persons).
 Housework/ family responsibilities were the main reason for the outside labour force with a contribution share of 43.0 per cent, followed by schooling/ training with 40.8 per cent.
- In tandem with the transition phase of the country to the endemic and the reopening of international borders, Malaysia is foreseen to be benefitted from the spillover of the increase in the number of tourist arrivals, as well as more productive trade and business activities in Malaysia, which will in turn contribute towards a stable recovery, particularly in the Services sector. Thus, business activity is expected to continue to grow in early 2023, contributing to more job opportunities, hence encouraging more labour force participation in the market and subsequently strengthening the labour market and improving the country's economic performance. In line with the situation, the labour market position is also anticipated to remain stable and expand in the upcoming months.

MALAYSIA'S LABOUR MARKET PERFORMANCE REMAINS RESILIENT IN JANUARY 2023, RESULTING FROM THE CONTINUOUS EXPANSION OF EMPLOYMENT AND LOWER UNEMPLOYMENT

Moving into 2023, the global economy remains in better shape despite the prolonged inflation across the world. According to The World Economic Outlook Update, which was released by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in January 2023, the world economy is projected to grow by 2.9 per cent in 2023 and improve to 3.1 per cent in 2024¹. Meanwhile, by looking at Malaysia's economic prospects, the country's economy increased by 7.0 per cent in the fourth quarter of 2022 (Q3 2022: 14.2%) and the year 2022 concluded with an economic growth of 8.7 per cent as compared to 3.1 per cent in the preceding year, outstanding to the promising performance that was driven by a healthier growth in all sectors and a low base effect in 2021.

Following this, the labour market in 2023 is predicted to post a strong performance due to the firm domestic demand, China's reopening, the revival of construction projects, the expansion of primary sectors due to elevated global commodity prices and modest external trade activities (MIDF, 2023)². In addition, during the month, the tourism sector was also paving the way recovery consequent to the sharp uptick in the number of tourist arrivals since the reopening of the international borders. Coupled with the public holidays of New Year celebrations, domestic travel increased as Malaysians preferred to celebrate New Year and Chinese New Year as well as staycations with family and friends. Therefore, Malaysia's labour market performance remains resilient in January 2023, resulting from the continuous expansion of employment and lower unemployment.

On another note, the Malaysia's Leading Index (LI) was decreased by 0.6 per cent to 110.7 points (December 2021: 111.4 points). The LI's monthly performance recorded an increase of 0.2 per cent in December 2022 as against 0.8 per cent in the previous month. The smoothed long-term trend of LI in December 2022 remains below the trend of 100.0 points. Therefore, Malaysia's economy is expected to be at ease in the next few months in line with the IMF expectations for global economic growth. As for the monthly external trade indicators for January 2023, exports decreased by 14.4 per cent (December 2022: 1.6%) as well as imports, which continued to decline with a reduction of 8.6 per cent (December 2022: -4.0%).

The number of employed persons further increased in January 2023

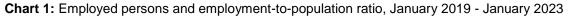
The number of **employed persons** further increased in January 2023 by **0.2 per cent (+28.9 thousand persons)** to record **16.16 million persons** (December 2022: 16.13 million persons). Similarly, in seasonally adjusted terms, the number of employed persons increased by 0.2 per cent. By comparing with the same month of last year, the number of employed persons surged by 3.0 per cent or 473.2 thousand persons (January 2022: 15.69 million persons).

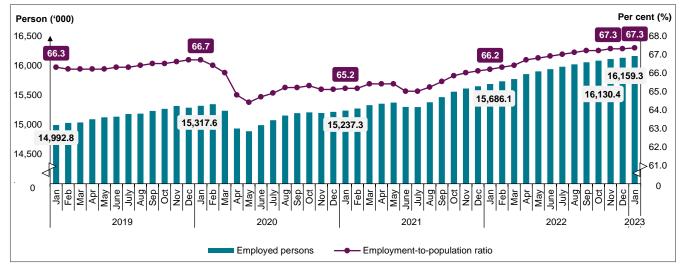
In terms of economic sector, Services sector continued to register increases in the number of employed persons, largely in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverage services and Administrative & support service activities. Similar trend of employment was also observed in the Manufacturing, Construction and Mining & quarrying sectors, as well as in the Agriculture sector.

In January, the **employment-to-population ratio** which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment remained at **67.3 per cent**. Year-on-year, the ratio rose by 1.1 percentage points (January 2022: 66.2%) [Chart 1].

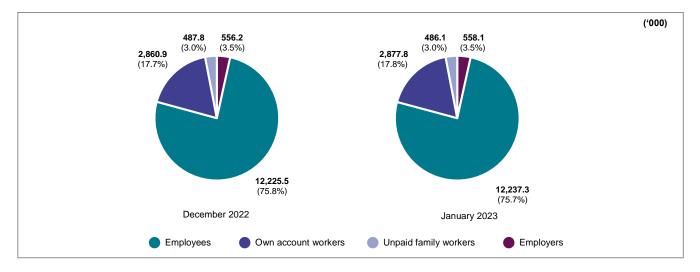
¹ <u>https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO</u>

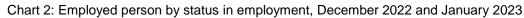
² MIDF Research: Malaysia's job market to improve in 2023 amid external concerns | Malay Mail





The employees' category accounted for **75.7 per cent** of the total employed persons in January 2023. As compared to the previous month, this category recorded a marginal increase of **0.1 per cent** (+11.8 thousand persons), reaching a total of **12.24 million persons** (December 2022: 12.23 million persons). A similar trend was also observed in the own-account workers, with an increase of **0.6 per cent** (+16.9 thousand persons) to record **2.88 million persons** (December 2022: 2.86 million persons). This group consists mostly of daily income earners working as small business operators such as retailers; hawkers; sellers in markets and stalls, as well as smallholders [Chart 2].





During the month, the number of employed persons who were temporarily not working declined by **10.3 thousand persons (-11.3%)** to **81.3 thousand persons** (December 2022: 91.6 thousand persons). In the meantime, this category fell by 13.0 per cent year-on-year (-12.2 thousand persons) as compared to 93.5 thousand persons recorded in January 2022. This group of persons, who were most likely unable to work, was not classified as unemployed as they had work to return to.

The unemployment rate in January 2023 remained at 3.6 per cent

The number of unemployed persons declined further in January 2023 to record **596.1 thousand** persons, reduced by **0.6 per cent (-3.5 thousand persons)** as against 599.6 thousand persons in December 2022. The unemployment rate during the month remained at **3.6 per cent**. In seasonally adjusted terms, the number of unemployed persons decreased by 0.3 per cent, and subsequently the unemployment rate declined to 3.6 per cent.

As compared to the same month of the preceding year, the number of unemployed persons posted a decrease of 12.4 per cent or equivalent to a reduction of 84.3 thousand persons (January 2022: 680.4 thousand persons). Subsequently, the unemployment rate edged down by 0.6 percentage points as compared to 4.2 per cent in January 2022 [Chart 3].

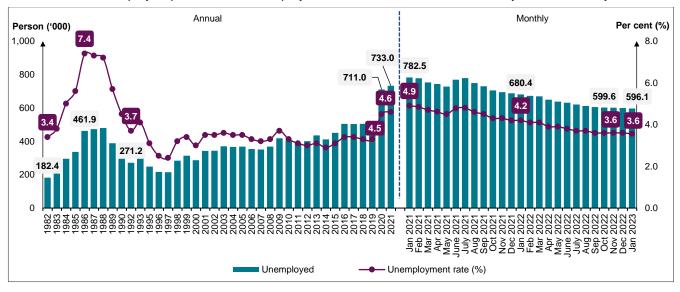
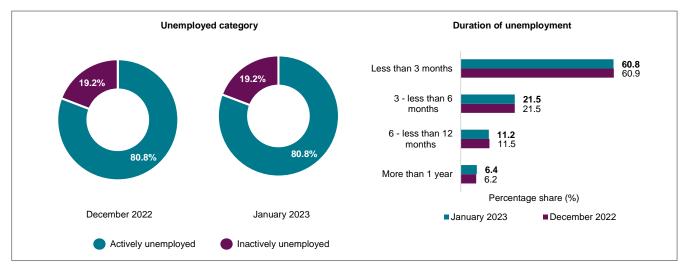


Chart 3: Unemployed persons and unemployment rate, 1982 - 2021 and January 2021 - January 2023

By category of unemployment, the majority of the unemployed persons were the **actively unemployed** or those who were available for work and actively seeking jobs, encompassed **80.8 per cent**. This category registered a decline of **0.5 per cent (-2.6 thousand persons)** to record **481.6 thousand persons** (December 2022: 484.2 thousand persons). With regards to the total number of actively unemployed, **60.8 per cent** were those who were **unemployed for less than three months**, while those who were **unemployed for more than a year**³ comprised **6.4 per cent**. Meanwhile, those who believed that no jobs were available or the **inactively unemployed**, decreased by **0.8 per cent** to register **114.5 thousand persons** (December 2022: 115.4 thousand persons) [Chart 4].

³ Referring to person who have been unemployed for one year or longer (Source: KILM: Long-term unemployment) https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/wcms_422451.pdf

Chart 4: Unemployed category and duration of unemployment, December 2022 and January 2023



The unemployment rate for youth aged **15 to 24 years** edged down by 0.3 percentage points to record **11.5 per cent**, recording the number of unemployed youths at **328.8 thousand persons** (December 2022: 331.0 thousand person). Meanwhile, the unemployment rate for youth aged **15 to 30 years** rose to 7.0 per cent, with a total of **449.7 thousand unemployed youths** (December 2022: 6.9%; 444.5 thousand persons) [Chart 5].

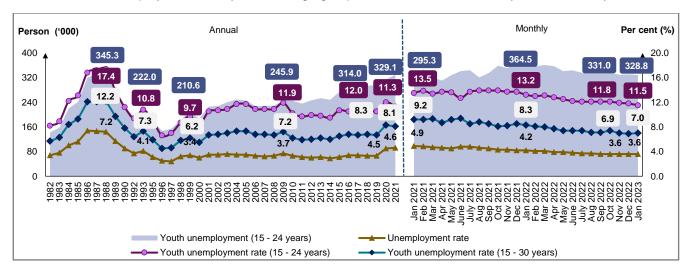
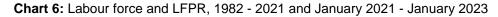


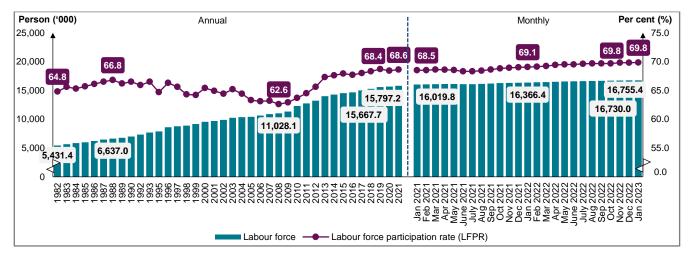
Chart 5: Unemployment rate by selected age groups, 1982 - 2021 and January 2021 - January 2023

Labour force improved further in January 2023

The number of **labour force** improved further in January 2023, increased by **0.2 per cent** or **25.4 thousand persons** to record **16.76 million persons** (December 2022: 16.73 million persons). Meanwhile, the **labour force participation rate (LFPR)** was unchanged at **69.8 per cent**. In seasonally adjusted estimate, the number of labour force increased marginally by 0.1 per cent, while the LFPR stood at 69.7 per cent.

By comparing with twelve months earlier, the number of labour force remained stable, with an increase of 2.4 per cent (+389.0 thousand persons) (January 2022: 16.37 million persons). Accordingly, the LFPR increased by 0.7 percentage points as against 69.1 per cent recorded in January 2022 [Chart 6].





In January 2023, both **male** and **female** registered increases in the number of **labour force** by recording **10.22 million persons** and **6.53 million persons** respectively (December 2022: 10.20 million persons, 6.53 million persons). In terms of LFPR, **male LFPR** stood at **82.9 per cent**, while **female LFPR** increased by **0.1 percentage points** to **56.0 per cent**.

On a yearly comparison, both male and female labour force continued to rise, with an addition of 1.7 per cent and 3.4 per cent respectively (January 2022: 10.1 million persons; 6.3 million persons). Subsequently, the male LFPR rose by 1.0 percentage points (January 2022: 81.9%), as well as the female LFPR, edged up by 0.7 percentage points (January 2022: 55.3%) [Chart 7].

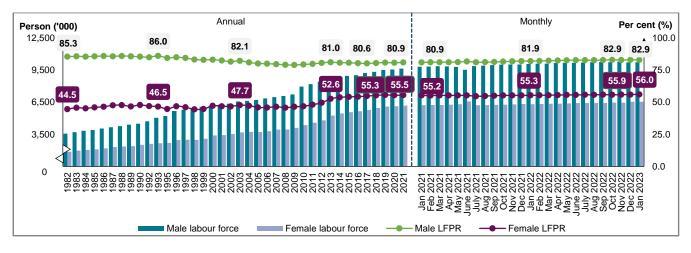


Chart 7: Labour force and LFPR by sex, 1982 - 2021 and January 2021 - January 2023

5 Housework/ family responsibilities were the main reason of the outside labour force

In January 2023, the number of persons **outside the labour force** posted a decline of **1.2 thousand persons (-0.02%)** to **7.24 million persons** (December 2022: 7.24 million persons). In the meantime, the number of outside labour force continued to fall by 93.8 thousand persons (-1.3%) year-on-year (January 2022: 7.33 million persons). Housework/ family responsibilities were the main reason for the outside labour force with a contribution share of **43.0 per cent**, followed by **schooling/ training** with **40.8 per cent [Chart 8]**.

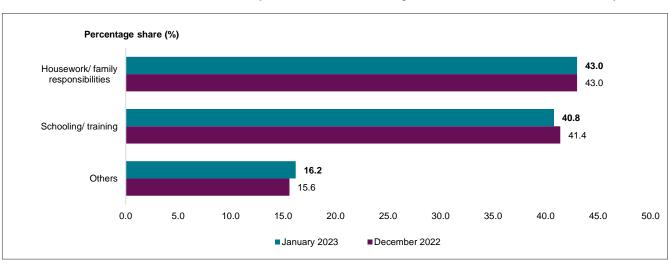


Chart 8: Share of outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, December 2022 and January 2023

6 LOOKING AHEAD

In 2023, the Malaysian economy is expected to moderate, following the economic challenges and possible geopolitical tensions. Malaysia's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is also expected to register moderate growth of around 4.5 per cent in 2023, although supported by the strength of the country's macroeconomic fundamentals, the strength of domestic demand, and the effectiveness of the implementation of the 12th Malaysia Plan (12MP)⁴. In addition, according to the Minister of Economy, Malaysia is also on track to join the ranks of high-income countries if the country's economic growth continues to grow between four and five per cent with a stronger ringgit.

Furthermore, in tandem with the transition phase of the country to the endemic and the reopening of international borders, Malaysia is foreseen to be benefitted from the spillover of the increase in the number of tourist arrivals, as well as more productive trade and business activities in Malaysia, which will in turn contributed towards a stable recovery, particularly in the Services sector. This scenario is seen as being in line with the business performance forecast for the first quarter of 2023, whereby the sentiment among Malaysian traders remained positive at the beginning of 2023, with confidence indicators in the first quarter of 2023 showing a slight improvement to +3.6 per cent as compared to +3.2 per cent recorded in the previous quarter.

Thus, business activity is expected to continue to grow in early 2023, contributing to more job opportunities, hence encouraging more labour force participation in the market and subsequently strengthening the labour market and improving the country's economic performance. In line with the situation, the labour market position is also anticipated to remain stable and expand in the upcoming months.

⁴ <u>https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/656298</u>

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TABLES

LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA JANUARY 2023

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Table A: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

		(%)					
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
1982	5,431.4	5,249.0	182.4	2,944.6	64.8	62.7	3.4
1983	5,671.8	5,457.0	214.9	2,969.4	65.6	63.2	3.8
1984	5,862.5	5,566.7	295.8	3,119.6	65.3	62.0	5.0
1985	5,990.1	5,653.4	336.8	3,124.9	65.7	62.0	5.6
1986	6,222.1	5,760.1	461.9	3,188.3	66.1	61.2	7.4
1987	6,456.8	5,983.9	472.9	3,246.1	66.5	61.7	7.3
1988	6,637.0	6,157.2	479.8	3,301.5	66.8	62.0	7.2
1989	6,779.4	6,390.9	388.5	3,463.5	66.2	62.4	5.7
1990	7,000.2	6,685.0	315.2	3,519.7	66.5	63.6	4.5
1992	7,319.0	7,047.8	271.2	3,783.6	65.9	63.5	3.7
1993	7,700.1	7,383.4	316.8	3,874.9	66.5	63.8	4.1
1995	7,893.1	7,645.0	248.1	4,297.7	64.7	62.7	3.1
1996	8,616.0	8,399.3	216.8	4,379.0	66.3	64.6	2.5
1997	8,784.0	8,569.2	214.9	4,605.1	65.6	64.0	2.4
1998	8,883.6	8,599.6	284.0	4,934.0	64.3	62.2	3.2
1999	9,151.5	8,837.8	313.7	5,098.4	64.2	62.0	3.4
2000	9,556.1	9,269.2	286.9	5,065.1	65.4	63.4	3.0
2001	9,699.4	9,357.0	342.4	5,239.9	64.9	62.6	3.5
2002	9,886.2	9,542.6	343.5	5,473.8	64.4	62.1	3.5
2003	10,239.6	9,869.7	369.8	5,458.6	65.2	62.9	3.6
2004	10,346.2	9,979.5	366.6	5,730.5	64.4	62.1	3.5
2005	10,413.4	10,045.4	368.1	6,048.2	63.3	61.0	3.5
2006	10,628.9	10,275.4	353.6	6,205.1	63.1	61.0	3.3
2007	10,889.5	10,538.1	351.4	6,330.1	63.2	61.2	3.2
2008	11,028.1	10,659.6	368.5	6,575.7	62.6	60.6	3.3
2009	11,315.3	10,897.3	418.0	6,665.7	62.9	60.6	3.7
2010	12,303.9	11,899.5	404.4	7,023.0	63.7	61.6	3.3
2011	12,740.7	12,351.5	389.2	7,023.3	64.5	62.5	3.1
2012	13,221.7	12,820.5	401.2	6,927.4	65.6	63.6	3.0
2013	13,980.5	13,545.4	435.1	6,781.2	67.3	65.2	3.1
2014	14,263.6	13,852.6	411.1	6,821.0	67.6	65.7	2.9
2015	14,518.0	14,067.7	450.3	6,869.9	67.9	65.8	3.1
2016	14,667.8	14,163.7	504.1	6,987.6	67.7	65.4	3.4
2017	14,980.1	14,476.8	503.3	7,065.0	68.0	65.7	3.4
2018	15,280.3	14,776.0	504.3	7,094.4	68.3	66.0	3.3
2019	15,581.6	15,073.4	508.2	7,103.5	68.7	66.4	3.3
2020	15,667.7	14,956.7	711.0	7,225.5	68.4	65.3	4.5
2021	15,797.2	15,064.2	733.0	7,221.4	68.6	65.4	4.6

Table B: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Fourth Quarter 2022

	('000)										
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate				
2010											
Q1	12,239.3	11,801.2	438.1	7,030.8	63.5	61.2	3.6				
Q2	12,304.9	11,900.6	404.3	7,047.5	63.6	61.5	3.3				
Q3	12,354.6	11,961.3	393.3	7,073.5	63.6	61.6	3.2				
Q4	12,522.4	12,137.4	385.0	6,992.9	64.2	62.2	3.1				
2011											
Q1	12,718.3	12,333.5	384.8	7,004.9	64.5	62.5	3.0				
Q2	12,756.0	12,367.4	388.6	7,048.8	64.4	62.4	3.0				
Q3	12,889.0	12,493.0	396.0	6,977.2	64.9	62.9	3.1				
Q4	12,842.5	12,447.9	394.7	7,098.6	64.4	62.4	3.1				
2012											
Q1	13,169.2	12,765.2	404.0	6,915.1	65.6	63.6	3.1				
Q2	13,237.0	12,837.1	400.0	6,946.1	65.6	63.6	3.0				
Q3	13,401.7	13,005.4	396.3	6,897.9	66.0	64.1	3.0				
Q4	13,376.2	12,971.2	405.0	7,062.8	65.4	63.5	3.0				
2013											
Q1	13,539.5	13,118.0	421.5	7,090.0	65.6	63.6	3.1				
Q2	13,945.1	13,524.1	421.0	6,819.6	67.2	65.1	3.0				
Q3	14,214.2	13,776.0	438.3	6,613.0	68.2	66.1	3.1				
Q4	14,195.1	13,739.5	455.6	6,730.7	67.8	65.7	3.2				
2014											
Q1	14,230.8	13,791.4	439.4	6,805.9	67.6	65.6	3.1				
Q2	14,296.1	13,888.5	407.6	6,793.0	67.8	65.9	2.9				
Q3	14,346.9	13,960.6	386.3	6,810.3	67.8	66.0	2.7				
Q4	14,403.3	13,998.7	404.6	6,860.9	67.7	65.8	2.8				
2015											
Q1	14,544.8	14,091.0	453.9	6,798.5	68.1	66.0	3.1				
Q2	14,535.6	14,087.8	447.8	6,897.9	67.8	65.7	3.1				
Q3	14,561.0	14,093.7	467.3	6,930.6	67.8	65.6	3.2				
Q4	14,600.2	14,127.9	472.3	6,952.7	67.7	65.6	3.2				
2016											
Q1	14,596.8	14,095.8	501.0	7,011.5	67.6	65.2	3.4				
Q2	14,665.4	14,161.5	503.9	7,026.0	67.6	65.3	3.4				
Q3	14,710.6	14,202.0	508.5	7,044.6	67.6	65.3	3.5				
Q4	14,771.4	14,260.6	510.8	7,071.7	67.6	65.3	3.5				
2017											
Q1	14,870.1	14,355.9	514.2	7,093.8	67.7	65.4	3.5				
Q2	14,926.4	14,414.8	511.6	7,123.3	67.7	65.4	3.4				
Q3	15,000.2	14,484.0	516.2	7,091.0	67.9	65.6	3.4				
Q4	15,088.3	14,580.5	507.8	7,085.0	68.0	65.8	3.4				
2018											
Q1	15,192.4	14,683.6	508.9	7,093.7	68.2	65.9	3.3				
Q2	15,278.3	14,767.2	511.1	7,073.4	68.4	66.1	3.3				
Q3	15,381.3	14,856.8	524.4	7,077.9	68.5	66.2	3.4				
Q4	15,449.9	14,933.4	516.5	7,070.7	68.6	66.3	3.3				
2019	,	,				· · · ·					
Q1	15,526.8	15,010.2	516.6	7,064.2	68.7	66.4	3.3				
Q2	15,598.8	15,078.2	520.6	7,088.1	68.8	66.5	3.3				
Q3	15,674.3	15,162.1	512.1	7,088.7	68.9	66.6	3.3				
Q4	15,766.7	15,254.5	512.2	7,066.1	69.1	66.8	3.2				
2020	-,		0.2.2	.,			0.2				
Q1	15,790.1	15,243.5	546.6	7,163.1	68.8	66.4	3.5				
Q2	15,675.5	14,883.7	791.8	7,350.5	68.1	64.6	5.1				
Q3	15,840.6	15,095.6	745.0	7,324.6	68.4	65.2	4.7				
	15,922.3	15,161.6	743.0	7,318.4	68.5	65.2	4.8				

Table B: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Fourth Quarter 2022

		('000)								
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate			
2021										
Q1	16,008.4	15,236.5	771.8	7,316.0	68.6	65.3	4.8			
Q2	15,972.2	15,207.3	764.9	7,424.9	68.3	65.0	4.8			
Q3	16,021.0	15,274.8	746.2	7,430.1	68.3	65.1	4.7			
Q4	16,135.0	15,440.7	694.4	7,361.5	68.7	65.7	4.3			
2022										
Q1	16,246.1	15,574.9	671.2	7,289.9	69.0	66.2	4.1			
Q2	16,343.3	15,701.2	642.0	7,258.5	69.2	66.5	3.9			
Q3	16,442.9	15,831.1	611.8	7,250.6	69.4	66.8	3.7			
Q4	16,542.2	15,941.7	600.5	7,246.1	69.5	67.0	3.6			

Table B1 : Employed person working less than 30 hours by sex and age group, Malaysia,First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2022

Time Series	Sex				('000) Age Group			
	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above	
2017								
Q1	415.5	177.3	238.2	57.4	79.7	90.8	187.6	
Q2	396.8	168.8	228.0	52.8	79.0	95.1	170.0	
Q3	393.0	163.2	229.7	57.3	91.1	81.4	163.1	
Q4	419.3	173.1	246.2	60.2	105.4	84.3	169.4	
2018								
Q1	462.3	172.9	289.3	61.2	119.5	98.7	182.9	
Q2	497.2	207.7	289.5	75.5	132.4	101.3	188.0	
Q3	442.4	172.7	269.7	56.4	96.7	98.3	191.0	
Q4	370.0	140.9	229.0	39.2	80.4	78.9	171.4	
2019								
Q1	352.6	143.7	209.0	52.2	90.9	68.9	140.7	
Q2	374.3	171.5	202.8	43.6	84.1	87.8	158.8	
Q3	326.6	118.9	207.6	42.5	73.6	79.7	130.8	
Q4	304.0	112.3	191.8	39.1	62.9	72.8	129.3	
2020								
Q1	667.5	320.1	347.4	91.0	189.1	146.5	240.9	
Q2	789.6	444.0	345.7	134.6	229.1	182.0	244.0	
Q3	403.8	151.4	252.4	116.1	118.0	72.1	97.6	
Q4	533.7	345.6	188.0	165.5	189.5	71.0	107.6	
2021								
Q1	441.9	281.3	160.5	57.0	209.4	106.3	69.2	
Q2	474.1	317.8	156.3	102.2	110.1	95.9	165.9	
Q3	464.6	282.9	181.6	69.0	166.4	123.7	105.4	
Q4	393.8	137.6	256.2	87.0	108.4	97.5	100.9	
2022								
Q1	336.3	112.1	224.1	39.1	103.6	77.8	115.8	
Q2	324.5	154.5	170.0	76.4	94.3	63.0	90.8	
Q3	287.2	132.9	154.3	35.3	99.5	68.4	84.0	
Q4	268.5	115.4	153.0	46.1	88.0	56.2	78.3	

Table B2 : Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2022

							('000
	Sex			Age (Group		
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above
2017							
Q1	211.8	105.9	105.8	36.8	51.0	48.6	75.4
Q2	195.4	97.7	97.8	34.7	45.2	48.9	66.6
Q3	224.8	109.1	115.7	46.3	59.3	49.8	69.4
Q4	238.5	115.3	123.2	45.7	69.4	44.9	78.5
2018							
Q1	242.5	102.4	141.0	37.3	74.1	52.3	79.7
Q2	231.7	108.1	123.5	40.2	65.8	43.2	82.5
Q3	235.5	116.5	119.0	43.4	54.4	49.4	88.3
Q4	204.1	88.1	115.9	30.8	47.5	44.0	81.7
2019							
Q1	210.5	98.0	112.5	43.6	61.4	36.9	68.6
Q2	204.5	107.2	97.2	32.0	53.8	45.7	73.0
Q3	178.7	70.4	108.2	28.6	44.8	50.9	54.4
Q4	170.7	69.2	101.5	28.7	44.2	40.6	57.1
2020							
Q1	383.2	183.2	199.9	63.2	114.1	82.4	123.5
Q2	413.5	257.6	156.0	76.3	99.3	106.1	131.9
Q3	300.8	102.3	198.5	108.4	97.2	47.4	47.8
Q4	369.1	267.8	101.3	130.3	117.4	53.1	68.4
2021							
Q1	310.5	226.7	83.8	46.4	159.3	67.2	37.6
Q2	329.7	236.1	93.5	86.6	82.6	46.6	113.8
Q3	326.2	232.2	93.9	40.4	137.0	87.7	61.0
Q4	293.1	101.2	191.9	80.8	78.9	70.2	63.2
2022							
Q1	245.1	71.3	173.8	21.8	76.1	62.6	84.5
Q2	212.8	111.6	101.3	64.5	59.8	37.0	51.6
Q3 Q4	186.8 167.4	92.3 79.3	94.5 88.1	16.7 29.9	67.4 63.8	49.0 32.5	53.7 41.2
V 4	107.4	19.0	00.1	29.9	03.0	32.3	41.2

Table B3 : Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia,First Quarter 2017 - Fourth Quarter 2022

		Sex			Age Group			
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above	
2017								
Q1	1,182.9	567.0	615.9	280.8	569.0	209.3	123.8	
Q2	1,280.6	584.9	695.7	317.9	587.7	226.9	148.1	
Q3	1,311.6	623.9	687.7	306.1	632.6	227.4	145.5	
Q4	1,332.8	648.4	684.4	303.2	631.8	254.8	142.9	
2018								
Q1	1,306.9	629.2	677.7	279.2	629.2	259.0	139.5	
Q2	1,408.1	647.2	760.9	314.5	687.4	257.7	148.4	
Q3	1,446.3	704.1	742.2	351.3	683.3	266.9	144.8	
Q4	1,404.0	667.8	736.2	337.2	679.1	245.4	142.3	
2019								
Q1	1,460.8	673.2	787.6	329.5	696.4	263.0	172.0	
Q2	1,417.2	665.3	751.9	338.6	666.0	259.7	152.8	
Q3	1,554.5	699.3	855.2	393.5	705.8	279.1	176.0	
Q4	1,540.9	746.8	794.1	348.4	732.4	287.4	172.7	
2020								
Q1	1,637.3	815.1	822.2	338.3	786.3	310.8	201.8	
Q2	1,674.1	847.7	826.4	393.7	701.9	331.6	246.9	
Q3	1,762.7	865.9	896.9	405.1	811.4	355.3	190.9	
Q4 ^r	1,886.8	1,066.6	820.2	353.5	862.6	443.0	227.6	
2021								
Q1	1,899.9	951.5	948.4	437.2	848.4	401.7	212.5	
Q2	1,852.5	949.0	903.5	336.9	776.0	426.1	313.5	
Q3	1,873.8	931.7	942.2	426.8	835.3	392.0	219.7	
Q4	1,838.3	877.1	961.2	309.0	816.4	454.6	258.3	
2022								
Q1	1,810.1	874.4	935.6	364.9	821.3	428.2	195.7	
Q2	1,799.6	892.3	907.3	356.3	799.4	433.3	210.6	
Q3	1,839.6	857.9	981.7	344.1	861.4	432.2	201.9	
Q4	1,891.4	1,022.0	869.5	326.3	894.9	476.0	194.2	

^r Revised

				('000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2010							
January	12,367.9	11,931.2	436.7	6,927.5	64.1	61.8	3.5
February	12,059.8	11,632.3	427.4	7,225.1	62.5	60.3	3.5
March	12,324.2	11,895.9	428.3	6,993.0	63.8	61.6	3.5
April	12,512.0	12,133.5	378.5	6,894.5	64.5	62.5	3.0
May	12,197.6	11,798.9	398.7	7,186.0	62.9	60.9	3.3
June	12,331.8	11,882.2	449.6	7,065.0	63.6	61.3	3.6
July	12,516.2	12,099.5	416.7	6,900.5	64.5	62.3	3.3
August	12,320.9	11,936.5	384.3	7,157.9	63.3	61.3	3.1
September	12,289.9	11,912.1	377.8	7,194.4	63.1	61.1	3.1
October	12,689.5	12,342.6	346.8	6,846.7	65.0	63.2	2.7
November	12,277.5	11,874.1	403.4	7,298.3	62.7	60.7	3.3
December	12,822.3	12,418.3	404.1	6,722.3	65.6	63.5	3.2
2011							
January	12,804.2	12,376.0	428.2	6,881.6	65.0	62.9	3.3
February	12,618.9	12,245.3	373.6	7,110.3	64.0	62.1	3.0
March	12,862.2	12,491.8	370.4	6,940.1	65.0	63.1	2.9
April	12,921.7	12,537.1	384.6	6,930.6	65.1	63.2	3.0
May	12,726.6	12,330.3	396.3	7,133.2	64.1	62.1	3.1
June	12,782.7	12,372.6	410.1	7,073.7	64.4	62.3	3.2
July	12,967.4	12,581.5	385.9	6,920.5	65.2	63.3	3.0
August	12,887.9	12,486.7	401.2	7,038.6	64.7	62.7	3.1
September	12,875.9	12,456.9	419.0	7,032.2	64.7	62.6	3.3
October	12,938.2	12,550.1	388.1	7,045.7	64.7	62.8	3.0
November	12,722.4	12,323.7	398.7	7,245.7	63.7	61.7	3.1
December	13,092.1	12,687.2	404.9	6,997.3	65.2	63.2	3.1
2012							
January	13,191.6	12,781.3	410.4	6,878.5	65.7	63.7	3.1
February	13,054.5	12,645.6	408.9	7,042.3	65.0	62.9	3.1
March	13,295.4	12,893.8	401.6	6,897.3	65.8	63.9	3.0
April	13,331.8	12,936.9	394.8	6,851.3	66.1	64.1	3.0
May	13,245.6	12,861.2	384.4	6,952.9	65.6	63.7	2.9
June	13,232.5	12,811.4	421.0	7,013.7	65.4	63.3	3.2
July	13,511.7	13,093.3	418.4	6,777.3	66.6	64.5	3.1
August	13,313.6	12,963.4	350.2	7,039.9	65.4	63.7	2.6
September	13,408.5	12,984.5	424.0	6,993.2	65.7	63.6	3.2
October	13,341.4	12,908.9	432.6	7,056.2	65.4	63.3	3.2
November	13,429.2	13,044.6	384.6	7,094.6	65.4	63.6	2.9
December	13,538.6	13,114.3	424.3	7,060.6	65.7	63.7	3.1
2013							
January	13,569.6	13,109.8	459.8	7,035.5	65.9	63.6	3.4
February	13,598.8	13,195.9	402.9	7,119.8	65.6	63.7	3.0
March	13,684.4	13,241.7	442.6	7,116.7	65.8	63.7	3.2
April	13,835.7	13,422.9	412.8	6,922.7	66.7	64.7	3.0
May	13,815.3	13,368.9	446.4	7,005.6	66.4	64.2	3.2
June	14,217.1	13,816.9	400.2	6,668.6	68.1	66.2	2.8
July	14,194.6	13,763.0	431.6	6,655.9	68.1	66.0	3.0
August	14,176.6	13,734.2	442.4	6,689.8	67.9	65.8	3.1
September	14,309.4	13,859.5	449.9	6,557.3	68.6	66.4	3.1
October	14,169.2	13,699.1	470.1	6,746.3	67.7	65.5	3.3
November	14,220.9	13,730.4	490.5	6,716.2	67.9	65.6	3.4
December	14,276.5	13,836.2	440.3	6,724.3	68.0	65.9	3.1

Time Series Labour Force Employed Unemployed Outside Labour Force Labour Force Participation Rate Employment to Population Ratio Une Population Ratio 2014 January 14,244.4 13,775.9 468.5 6,734.7 67.9 65.7 February 14,249.9 13,788.0 462.0 6,808.7 67.7 65.5 March 14,198.4 13,768.3 430.1 6,956.1 67.1 65.1 April 14,206.7 13,793.2 413.5 6,849.4 67.5 65.5 May 14,430.2 14,023.0 407.2 6,693.2 68.3 66.4 June 14,373.4 13,967.0 406.4 6,826.6 67.8 65.9 July 14,333.4 13,935.8 397.6 6,846.2 67.7 65.8 August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,404.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 <t< th=""><th>employment Rate 3.3 3.2 3.0 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.2</th></t<>	employment Rate 3.3 3.2 3.0 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.1 3.2
January 14,244.4 13,775.9 468.5 6,734.7 67.9 65.7 February 14,249.9 13,788.0 462.0 6,808.7 67.7 65.5 March 14,198.4 13,768.3 430.1 6,956.1 67.1 65.1 April 14,206.7 13,793.2 413.5 6,849.4 67.5 65.5 May 14,430.2 14,023.0 407.2 6,693.2 68.3 66.4 June 14,373.4 13,967.0 406.4 6,826.6 67.8 65.9 July 14,333.4 13,935.8 397.6 6,846.2 67.7 65.8 August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.3 65.5 September 14,40.2 14,058.4 381.8 6,763.7 68.1 66.3 October 14,403.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.6 65.5 February 14,442.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 <	3.2 3.0 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1
February 14,249.9 13,788.0 462.0 6,808.7 67.7 65.5 March 14,198.4 13,768.3 430.1 6,956.1 67.1 65.1 April 14,206.7 13,793.2 413.5 6,849.4 67.5 65.5 May 14,430.2 14,023.0 407.2 6,693.2 68.3 66.4 June 14,373.4 13,967.0 406.4 6,826.6 67.8 65.9 July 14,333.4 13,935.8 397.6 6,846.2 67.7 65.8 August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.3 65.5 September 14,40.2 14,058.4 381.8 6,763.7 68.1 66.3 October 14,404.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.6 65.5 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 <td< td=""><td>3.2 3.0 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1</td></td<>	3.2 3.0 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1
March 14,198.4 13,768.3 430.1 6,956.1 67.1 65.1 April 14,206.7 13,793.2 413.5 6,849.4 67.5 65.5 May 14,430.2 14,023.0 407.2 6,693.2 68.3 66.4 June 14,373.4 13,967.0 406.4 6,826.6 67.8 65.9 July 14,333.4 13,935.8 397.6 6,846.2 67.7 65.8 August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.3 65.5 September 14,403.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,404.1 14,022.4 378.7 6,823.7 67.6 65.5 September 14,404.1 14,022.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.0 65.5	3.0 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
April14,206.713,793.2413.56,849.467.565.5May14,430.214,023.0407.26,693.268.366.4June14,373.413,967.0406.46,826.667.865.9July14,333.413,935.8397.66,846.267.765.8August14,266.313,881.4384.96,934.167.365.5September14,40.214,058.4381.86,763.768.166.3October14,403.114,023.3379.96,926.767.565.7November14,404.114,025.4378.76,887.167.765.9December14,512.014,060.2451.76,784.868.166.0 2015 January14,42.013,991.8450.36,923.767.665.5February14,554.714,092.9461.86,847.868.065.9March14,601.214,160.5440.76,839.368.166.1April14,569.514,136.2433.36,903.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	2.9 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
May 14,430.2 14,023.0 407.2 6,693.2 68.3 66.4 June 14,373.4 13,967.0 406.4 6,826.6 67.8 65.9 July 14,333.4 13,935.8 397.6 6,846.2 67.7 65.8 August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.3 65.5 September 14,40.2 14,058.4 381.8 6,763.7 68.1 66.3 October 14,403.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.1 66.0 2015 January 14,42.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 67.6 65.5 February 14,554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1
June 14,373.4 13,967.0 406.4 6,826.6 67.8 65.9 July 14,333.4 13,935.8 397.6 6,846.2 67.7 65.8 August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.3 65.5 September 14,400.2 14,058.4 381.8 6,763.7 68.1 66.3 October 14,403.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.1 66.0 2015 January 14,442.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 67.6 65.5 February 14,554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.9 May 14,575.0 14,126.7 448.3 <td< td=""><td>2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1</td></td<>	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1
July 14,333.4 13,935.8 397.6 6,846.2 67.7 65.8 August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.3 65.5 September 14,440.2 14,058.4 381.8 6,763.7 68.1 66.3 October 14,403.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.1 66.0 2015 January 14,442.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 67.6 65.5 February 14,554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.7 May 14,575.0 14,126.7 448.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.7 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 <td< td=""><td>2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1</td></td<>	2.8 2.7 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
August 14,266.3 13,881.4 384.9 6,934.1 67.3 65.5 September 14,440.2 14,058.4 381.8 6,763.7 68.1 66.3 October 14,403.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.1 66.0 2015 January 14,442.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 67.6 65.5 February 14,554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6,993.5 67.8 65.7 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 6,896.2 67.9 65.8 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 6,896.2 67.9 65.8 July 14,579.1 14,106.2 472.9 <t< td=""><td>2.7 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1</td></t<>	2.7 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1
September 14,440.2 14,058.4 381.8 6,763.7 68.1 66.3 October 14,403.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.1 66.0 2015 January 14,442.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 67.6 65.5 February 14,554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6,890.2 67.9 65.9 May 14,575.0 14,126.7 448.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.7 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 6,896.2 67.9 65.8 July 14,579.1 14,106.2 472.9 6,937.7 67.8<	2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1
October 14,403.1 14,023.3 379.9 6,926.7 67.5 65.7 November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.1 66.0 2015 January 14,4554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.9 May 14,575.0 14,126.7 448.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.7 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 6,896.2 67.9 65.8 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 6,896.2 67.9 65.8 July 14,579.1 14,106.2 472.9 6,937.7 67.8 65.6	2.6 2.6 3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.1
November 14,404.1 14,025.4 378.7 6,887.1 67.7 65.9 December 14,512.0 14,060.2 451.7 6,784.8 68.1 66.0 2015 January 14,442.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 67.6 65.5 February 14,554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.1 66.1 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6,90.2 67.9 65.9 May 14,575.0 14,126.7 448.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.7 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 6,896.2 67.9 65.8 July 14,579.1 14,106.2 472.9 6,937.7 67.8 65.6	2.6 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
December14,512.014,060.2451.76,784.868.166.02015January14,442.013,991.8450.36,923.767.665.5February14,554.714,092.9461.86,847.868.065.9March14,601.214,160.5440.76,839.368.166.1April14,569.514,136.2433.36,890.267.965.9May14,575.014,126.7448.36,933.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	3.1 3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
2015 January 14,442.0 13,991.8 450.3 6,923.7 67.6 65.5 February 14,554.7 14,092.9 461.8 6,847.8 68.0 65.9 March 14,601.2 14,160.5 440.7 6,839.3 68.1 66.1 April 14,569.5 14,136.2 433.3 6,890.2 67.9 65.9 May 14,575.0 14,126.7 448.3 6,933.5 67.8 65.7 June 14,609.9 14,146.7 463.2 6,896.2 67.9 65.8 July 14,579.1 14,106.2 472.9 6,937.7 67.8 65.6	3.1 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
January14,442.013,991.8450.36,923.767.665.5February14,554.714,092.9461.86,847.868.065.9March14,601.214,160.5440.76,839.368.166.1April14,569.514,136.2433.36,890.267.965.9May14,575.014,126.7448.36,933.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
February14,554.714,092.9461.86,847.868.065.9March14,601.214,160.5440.76,839.368.166.1April14,569.514,136.2433.36,890.267.965.9May14,575.014,126.7448.36,933.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	3.2 3.0 3.0 3.1
March14,601.214,160.5440.76,839.368.166.1April14,569.514,136.2433.36,890.267.965.9May14,575.014,126.7448.36,933.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	3.0 3.0 3.1
April14,569.514,136.2433.36,890.267.965.9May14,575.014,126.7448.36,933.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	3.0 3.1
April14,569.514,136.2433.36,890.267.965.9May14,575.014,126.7448.36,933.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	3.0 3.1
May14,575.014,126.7448.36,933.567.865.7June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	3.1
June14,609.914,146.7463.26,896.267.965.8July14,579.114,106.2472.96,937.767.865.6	
July 14,579.1 14,106.2 472.9 6,937.7 67.8 65.6	
	3.2
	3.2
September 14,642.0 14,151.7 490.3 6,925.4 67.9 65.6	3.3
October 14,665.9 14,184.7 481.3 6,894.8 68.0 65.8	3.3
November 14,687.2 14,215.7 471.5 6,945.0 67.9 65.7	3.2
December 14,690.0 14,185.7 504.3 6,945.3 67.9 65.6	3.4
2016	
January 14,652.0 14,150.5 501.5 6,984.2 67.7 65.4	3.4
February 14,703.3 14,196.9 506.4 7,063.1 67.6 65.2	3.4
March 14,710.1 14,200.7 509.5 6,964.0 67.9 65.5	3.5
April 14,675.3 14,163.7 511.5 7,012.5 67.7 65.3	3.5
May 14,705.0 14,200.2 504.8 7,021.1 67.7 65.4	3.4
June 14,720.1 14,218.4 501.8 7,036.5 67.7 65.4	3.4
July 14,729.0 14,212.8 516.2 7,008.4 67.8 65.4	3.5
August 14,822.2 14,306.9 515.2 7,053.3 67.8 65.4	3.5
September 14,762.2 14,249.6 512.6 7,084.3 67.6 65.2	3.5
October 14,765.1 14,253.4 511.7 7,071.1 67.6 65.3	3.5
November 14,827.9 14,317.2 510.7 7,081.8 67.7 65.3	3.4
December 14,788.9 14,276.7 512.2 7,072.8 67.6 65.3	3.5
2017	
January 14,880.9 14,366.8 514.1 7,090.4 67.7 65.4	3.5
February 14,916.7 14,401.8 514.8 7,086.9 67.8 65.5	3.5
March 14,932.5 14,421.7 510.8 7,121.8 67.7 65.4	3.4
April 14,941.5 14,429.6 511.9 7,122.5 67.7 65.4	3.4
May 14,961.9 14,454.4 507.5 7,120.8 67.8 65.5	3.4
June 15,027.6 14,519.9 507.7 7,141.1 67.8 65.5	3.4
July 15,016.4 14,497.4 519.0 7,150.4 67.7 65.4	3.5
August 15,030.2 14,513.4 516.9 7,138.4 67.8 65.5	3.4
September 15,058.8 14,544.3 514.5 7,122.1 67.9 65.6	3.4
October 15,090.4 14,581.7 508.8 7,117.7 68.0 65.7	3.4
November 15,084.0 14,578.9 505.1 7,121.4 67.9 65.7	3.3
December 15,145.9 14,640.1 505.8 7,084.1 68.1 65.9	3.3

	('000)						(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2018							
January	15,187.0	14,670.5	516.5	7,074.8	68.2	65.9	3.4
February	15,230.0	14,721.5	508.5	7,112.3	68.2	65.9	3.3
March	15,241.2	14,732.5	508.7	7,115.0	68.2	65.9	3.3
April	15,313.1	14,803.1	510.0	7,130.9	68.2	66.0	3.3
May	15,357.5	14,852.6	504.8	7,097.1	68.4	66.1	3.3
June	15,379.0	14,863.2	515.8	7,062.2	68.5	66.2	3.4
July	15,401.0	14,882.4	518.6	7,044.5	68.6	66.3	3.4
August	15,421.4	14,896.5	525.0	7,133.9	68.4	66.0	3.4
September	15,442.9	14,926.5	516.4	7,096.8	68.5	66.2	3.3
October	15,450.0	14,937.1	512.9	7,093.7	68.5	66.3	3.3
November	15,457.5	14,941.3	516.2	7,151.2	68.4	66.1	3.3
December	15,500.1	14,986.0	514.2	7,120.1	68.5	66.3	3.3
2019							
January	15,508.5	14,992.8	515.6	7,095.9	68.6	66.3	3.3
February	15,543.2	15,026.8	516.4	7,145.9	68.5	66.2	3.3
March	15,556.6	15,035.2	521.3	7,169.4	68.5	66.2	3.4
April	15,613.1	15,089.8	523.3	7,184.4	68.5	66.2	3.4
May	15,642.3	15,122.5	519.8	7,190.0	68.5	66.2	3.3
June	15,655.9	15,134.6	521.4	7,156.7	68.6	66.3	3.3
July	15,704.6	15,179.8	524.8	7,207.7	68.5	66.3	3.3
August	15,706.0	15,185.8	520.2	7,172.4	68.6	66.4	3.3
September	15,751.2	15,229.9	520.2	7,159.8	68.7	66.5	3.3
October	15,777.7	15,265.6	512.1	7,175.0	68.7	66.5	3.2
November	15,828.9	15,315.0	512.1	7,174.2	68.8	66.6	3.2
December	15,803.0	15,286.0	517.0	7,129.8	68.9	66.7	3.3
2020	10,000.0	10,200.0	517.0	7,120.0	00.9	00.7	5.5
January	15,829.3	15,317.6	511.7	7,128.9	68.9	66.7	3.2
February	15,869.8	15,344.5	525.2	7,120.9	68.7	66.4	3.3
March	15,842.9	15,232.4	610.5	7,239.8	68.6	66.0	3.9
April	15,712.2	14,933.4	778.8	7,239.0	68.1	64.8	5.0
May	15,714.0	14,887.9	826.1	7,392.1	68.0	64.4	5.3
June	15,763.5	14,887.9	773.2	7,398.5	68.1	64.7	4.9
July	15,818.5	15,073.4	745.1	7,399.8	68.1	64.9	4.5
-	15,818.5		743.1		68.4	65.2	4.7
August	15,895.1	15,153.5		7,351.5	68.4	65.2	
September October	15,955.3	15,193.1	737.5 748.2	7,359.8			4.6
November		15,207.1		7,347.7	68.5	65.3	4.7
	15,960.5	15,196.1	764.4	7,374.8	68.4	65.1	4.8
December	15,988.3	15,215.4	772.9	7,372.2	68.4	65.1	4.8
2021	10.010.0	45 007 0	700 5	7 000 0	C0 F		1.0
January	16,019.8	15,237.3	782.5	7,366.2	68.5	65.2	4.9
February	16,048.2	15,270.6	777.5	7,371.4	68.5	65.2	4.8
March	16,082.5	15,329.3	753.2	7,363.7	68.6	65.4	4.7
April	16,094.7	15,352.0	742.7	7,376.8	68.6	65.4	4.6
May	16,098.9	15,370.8	728.1	7,398.0	68.5	65.4	4.5
June	16,066.2	15,297.5	768.7	7,456.8	68.3	65.0	4.8
July	16,072.9	15,294.8	778.2	7,475.4	68.3	65.0	4.8
August	16,125.4	15,376.6	748.8	7,448.5	68.4	65.2	4.6
September	16,193.1	15,463.5	729.6	7,405.9	68.6	65.5	4.5
October	16,259.6	15,554.6	705.0	7,364.5	68.8	65.8	4.3
November	16,304.7	15,610.3	694.4	7,344.4	68.9	66.0	4.3
December	16,336.2	15,648.6	687.6	7,337.8	69.0	66.1	4.2

				('000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2022							
January	16,366.4	15,686.1	680.4	7,332.1	69.1	66.2	4.2
February	16,402.7	15,730.9	671.8	7,320.7	69.1	66.3	4.1
March	16,438.5	15,769.4	669.2	7,309.7	69.2	66.4	4.1
April	16,502.8	15,853.5	649.3	7,270.2	69.4	66.7	3.9
May	16,537.8	15,900.0	637.7	7,260.1	69.5	66.8	3.9
June	16,566.9	15,936.3	630.6	7,255.5	69.5	66.9	3.8
July	16,599.2	15,978.4	620.7	7,247.9	69.6	67.0	3.7
August	16,629.7	16,017.7	612.0	7,242.0	69.7	67.1	3.7
September	16,657.2	16,052.2	605.0	7,239.2	69.7	67.2	3.6
October	16,683.5	16,081.5	602.0	7,237.3	69.7	67.2	3.6
November	16,709.4	16,108.6	600.9	7,235.7	69.8	67.3	3.6
December	16,730.0	16,130.4	599.6	7,239.5	69.8	67.3	3.6
2023							
January	16,755.4	16,159.3	596.1	7,238.3	69.8	67.3	3.6

	('000)						
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate		
2010							
January	12,368.0	11,959.8	408.2	64.0	3.3		
February	12,120.1	11,712.8	402.2	62.9	3.3		
March	12,242.4	11,817.2	416.7	63.4	3.4		
April	12,382.1	12,025.3	377.6	63.8	3.0		
May	12,197.5	11,790.7	405.7	63.0	3.3		
June	12,338.5	11,898.3	423.8	63.6	3.4		
July	12,419.9	11,996.4	422.5	64.0	3.4		
August	12,353.8	11,945.3	400.9	63.4	3.2		
September	12,330.7	11,957.7	386.3	63.3	3.1		
October	12,772.3	12,407.0	370.8	65.4	2.9		
November	12,392.6	11,966.9	418.2	63.3	3.4		
December	12,794.9	12,391.6	406.9	65.4	3.2		
2011							
January	12,782.4	12,383.1	399.6	64.8	3.		
February	12,674.9	12,312.5	357.2	64.3	2.8		
March	12,778.0	12,409.9	363.4	64.6	2.8		
April	12,792.6	12,426.6	388.4	64.5	3.0		
May	12,757.1	12,352.4	403.0	64.3	3.2		
June	12,805.0	12,403.0	390.8	64.5	3.1		
July	12,858.3	12,466.3	389.1	64.7	3.0		
August	12,930.6	12,501.4	415.0	64.9	3.2		
September	12,906.1	12,496.0	424.3	64.8	3.3		
October	13,013.1	12,616.9	409.0	65.1	3.4		
November	12,829.7	12,410.9	412.6	64.3	3.2		
December	13,053.8	12,651.3	405.4	64.9	3.4		
2012	,						
January	13,164.0	12,781.1	383.3	65.5	2.9		
February	13,103.1	12,699.1	394.1	65.3	3.0		
March	13,221.1	12,822.6	397.2	65.5	3.0		
April	13,226.3	12,841.5	403.0	65.6	3.0		
May	13,293.7	12,903.8	389.0	65.9	2.1		
June	13,256.6	12,841.1	407.8	65.5	3.		
July	13,413.8	12,988.9	422.4	66.1	3.		
August	13,348.9	12,972.1	359.1	65.6	2.		
September	13,416.1	13,002.8	425.0	65.8	3.2		
October	13,400.9	12,964.4	448.1	65.7	3.3		
November	13,520.3	13,119.3	398.4	65.9	2.1		
December	13,499.3	13,079.5	423.0	65.5	3.		
2013	10,400.0	10,070.0	420.0	00.0	5.		
January	13,550.1	13,113.1	432.8	65.6	3.2		
February			389.3	65.9			
-	13,641.8	13,242.5			2.		
March	13,625.3	13,188.7	439.5	65.5	3.		
April May	13,763.5 13 867 0	13,353.9	422.7	66.3 66.7	3.		
May	13,867.0	13,414.9	451.7	66.7	3.3		
June	14,232.8	13,838.3	392.6	68.2	2.		
July	14,119.5	13,683.2	434.0	67.7	3.		
August	14,200.8	13,730.9	451.5	68.0	3.		
September	14,295.2	13,852.9	450.0	68.5	3.		
October	14,214.8	13,743.2	481.1	67.9	3.		
November	14,279.3	13,773.3	510.8	68.2	3.		
December	14,248.6	13,816.1	437.2	67.8	3.		

	('000)						
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate		
2014							
January	14,243.3	13,795.5	444.1	67.8	3.1		
February	14,275.9	13,820.1	445.8	67.9	3.1		
March	14,160.8	13,738.1	427.2	67.0	3.0		
April	14,173.1	13,757.5	422.4	67.4	3.0		
May	14,470.8	14,060.1	411.3	68.6	2.8		
June	14,376.6	13,970.9	404.0	67.8	2.8		
July	14,289.4	13,888.2	399.6	67.5	2.8		
August	14,268.0	13,861.9	391.0	67.3	2.		
September	14,415.2	14,036.1	381.9	68.0	2.0		
October	14,436.8	14,054.6	385.1	67.7	2.		
November	14,436.2	14,046.6	393.9	67.8	2.1		
December	14,500.1	14,055.7	449.4	68.0	3.		
2015							
January	14,458.4	14,023.9	431.1	67.6	3.		
February	14,561.5	14,109.1	444.8	68.1	3.		
March	14,574.3	14,143.1	436.8	68.0	3.		
April	14,558.8	14,125.3	440.1	67.9	3.		
May	14,605.0	14,151.8	453.1	68.0	3.		
June	14,600.5	14,133.6	464.2	67.9	3.		
July	14,563.4	14,088.5	473.4	67.7	3.		
August	14,678.0	14,190.0	476.5	68.1	3.		
September	14,619.1	14,128.4	492.4	67.8	3.		
October	14,688.0	14,202.2	487.6	68.1	3.		
November	14,701.0	14,219.9	488.0	68.0	3.		
December	14,685.2	14,189.8	501.7	67.8	3.		
2016	,						
January	14,677.1	14,188.7	482.7	67.7	3.		
February	14,697.5	14,202.8	488.1	67.6	3.		
March	14,688.0	14,187.5	505.4	67.8	3.		
April	14,677.5	14,166.4	517.0	67.7	3.		
May	14,727.8	14,217.7	509.8	67.8	3.		
June	14,703.3	14,195.4	505.6	67.6	3.		
July	14,735.0	14,217.1	516.1	67.8	3		
August	14,806.5	14,279.5	520.4	67.7	3.		
September	14,749.0	14,234.6	515.4	67.5	3.		
October	14,775.6	14,257.2	519.0	67.7	3.		
November	14,836.2	14,316.0	525.5	67.7	3.		
December	14,786.4	14,283.4	509.6	67.6	3		
2017	14,700.4	14,200.4	000.0	01.0	5		
January	14,908.5	14,405.2	497.2	67.7	3		
February	14,906.1	14,405.5	496.2	67.8	3		
March	14,908.1	14,405.5	496.2 507.3	67.8	3.		
April	14,908.1	14,405.5	507.3	67.8	3		
May	14,979.3	14,438.2	513.5	67.8	3		
-			513.5	67.9			
June	15,011.4 15.032.2	14,496.7 14,512.9			3		
July	15,032.2	14,512.9	517.7	67.8	3		
August	15,009.4	14,482.6	521.8	67.7	3		
September	15,054.6	14,538.1	516.9	67.9	3		
October	15,095.9	14,580.1	517.2	68.0	3		
November	15,087.6	14,571.1	518.9	68.0	3		
December	15,145.0	14,649.4	502.7	68.1	3		

	('000)						
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate		
2018							
January	15,216.2	14,709.5	500.7	68.2	3.3		
February	15,216.8	14,724.2	490.2	68.2	3.2		
March	15,215.2	14,714.5	505.4	68.1	3.3		
April	15,324.0	14,815.0	512.8	68.4	3.3		
May	15,372.4	14,860.2	511.3	68.5	3.3		
June	15,362.9	14,839.6	521.4	68.5	3.4		
July	15,422.1	14,904.0	516.7	68.7	3.4		
August	15,397.5	14,863.4	529.7	68.3	3.4		
September	15,443.4	14,924.7	518.6	68.5	3.4		
October	15,452.9	14,932.8	522.0	68.5	3.4		
November	15,458.7	14,930.0	529.8	68.4	3.4		
December	15,499.9	14,996.8	510.7	68.4	3.3		
2019							
January	15,503.1	15,013.4	502.1	68.5	3.2		
February	15,525.9	15,016.0	506.5	68.5	3.3		
March	15,556.1	15,025.9	520.0	68.5	3.3		
April	15,607.4	15,092.9	527.6	68.5	3.4		
May	15,632.6	15,111.9	526.2	68.5	3.4		
June	15,637.3	15,116.0	524.7	68.6	3.4		
July	15,705.0	15,188.9	522.6	68.5	3.3		
August	15,708.8	15,159.7	519.6	68.7	3.		
September	15,754.5	15,238.9	521.9	68.8	3.3		
October	15,786.7	15,275.4	517.2	68.8	3.3		
November	15,855.3	15,323.0	522.6	69.0	3.3		
December	15,817.1	15,303.4	516.6	68.9	3.3		
2020	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
January	15,825.8	15,299.4	516.9	68.8	3.3		
February	15,849.8	15,334.8	528.8	68.7	3.3		
March	15,864.3	15,255.1	607.2	68.8	3.		
April	15,713.9	14,943.7	765.7	68.2	4.		
May	15,715.9	14,895.9	815.0	68.1	5.2		
June	15,788.6	15,008.4	754.8	68.2	4.8		
July	15,818.8	15,086.4	729.7	68.1	4.		
August	15,889.1	15,167.8	733.5	68.3	4.0		
September	15,920.9	15,179.7	740.5	68.4	4.		
October	15,951.2	15,189.0	764.1	68.4	4.		
November	15,952.4	15,183.8	784.1	68.4	4.		
December	15,988.9	15,194.2	795.6	68.4	5.		
2021	10,000.0	10,101.2	100.0	00.1	0.		
January	16,016.3	15,219.2	790.4	68.4	4.		
February	16,028.0	15,261.0	782.9	68.5	4.		
March	16,104.2	15,352.2	749.1	68.7	4.		
April	16,096.5	15,362.6	730.2	68.6	4.		
May	16,100.8	15,379.1	718.3	68.6	4.		
June	16,091.8	15,316.0	750.4	68.4	4.		
July	16,073.2	15,307.9	762.1	68.3	4.		
-			762.1 740.6	68.3			
August Soptombor	16,119.3 16,182.7	15,391.1 15 449 3			4.		
September	16,182.7	15,449.3	732.6	68.6	4.		
October	16,255.3	15,536.1	720.0	68.8	4.		
November	16,296.4 16,336.9	15,597.7 15,626.9	712.3 707.8	68.9 68.9	4.		

			('000)		(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate
2022					
January	16,350.3	15,651.6	688.3	68.9	4.2
February	16,392.6	15,720.2	675.4	69.1	4.1
March	16,437.2	15,768.1	667.8	69.2	4.1
April	16,507.1	15,866.5	640.6	69.5	3.9
May	16,553.2	15,921.7	631.6	69.6	3.8
June	16,620.9	16,034.8	603.9	69.8	3.6
July	16,611.0	15,996.5	601.8	69.7	3.6
August	16,647.2	16,058.0	604.7	69.7	3.6
September	16,640.1	16,030.1	607.5	69.7	3.7
October	16,656.8	16,033.7	618.8	69.6	3.7
November	16,686.4	16,063.3	620.1	69.7	3.7
December	16,719.8	16,097.7	622.2	69.7	3.7
2023					
January	16,739.7	16,129.0	603.3	69.7	3.6

Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - January 2023

							('000)
Time Series	Unemployed	Actively Unemployed	Less than 3 month	3- Less than 6 month	6- Less than 12 month	More than year	Inactively unemployed
2016							
January	501.5	361.9	180.3	110.0	36.0	35.6	139.7
February	506.4	254.0	115.8	83.7	34.9	19.6	252.4
March	509.5	332.8	176.8	92.9	44.8	18.3	176.7
April	511.5	328.0	170.6	93.3	43.9	20.2	183.4
May	504.8	297.3	153.6	92.5	37.6	13.6	207.6
June	501.8	298.2	146.8	83.6	51.7	16.2	203.5
July	516.2	306.0	131.1	90.9	54.6	29.4	210.2
August	515.2	305.6	149.0	81.4	44.7	30.5	209.6
September	512.6	292.6	148.1	77.9	45.6	21.0	220.0
October	511.7	299.7	143.1	74.7	48.4	33.5	212.0
November	510.7	286.5	125.6	86.8	47.5	26.6	224.2
December	512.2	374.4	192.2	93.2	59.4	29.6	137.9
2017							
January	514.1	328.4	147.1	108.1	47.3	25.9	185.7
February	514.8	338.1	151.8	118.6	46.7	21.0	176.7
March	510.8	315.2	168.2	80.8	43.0	23.2	195.6
April	511.9	359.5	151.9	107.5	66.2	33.9	152.4
May	507.5	372.1	171.9	128.8	38.9	32.5	135.3
June	507.7	319.1	151.1	89.8	49.2	29.0	188.5
July	519.0	345.6	144.6	115.0	47.6	38.4	173.3
August	516.9	351.5	160.7	115.7	45.0	30.1	165.4
September		322.0	142.4	105.8	45.1	28.7	192.5
October	508.8	356.1	182.1	110.6	35.7	27.7	152.8
November	505.1	338.1	143.3	105.5	51.1	38.2	167.0
December	505.8	327.5	127.6	109.1	46.6	44.2	178.3
2018							
January	516.5	356.6	133.2	125.9	58.2	39.3	160.0
February	508.5	349.8	155.3	106.6	41.4	46.4	158.7
March	508.7	349.8	161.7	108.5	42.0	37.7	158.9
April	510.0	373.6	167.7	140.9	44.7	20.2	136.4
May	504.8	319.4	134.2	112.0	38.5	34.7	185.4
June	515.8	324.5	136.2	108.5	52.4	27.4	191.2
July	518.6	360.7	189.7	86.1	47.9	37.0	157.9
August	525.0	308.7	149.1	84.4	46.1	29.0	216.3
September		361.6	174.1	103.0	37.5		154.8
October	512.9	331.1	165.2	85.5	49.2		181.8
November	516.2	347.8	168.9	87.2	52.6		168.3
December	514.2	329.7	149.3	92.6	34.3	53.5	184.4
2019					0.10		
January	515.6	400.8	184.7	107.3	73.3	35.4	114.9
February	516.4	362.6	147.1	99.5	72.7		153.7
March	521.3	345.4	175.6	74.7	37.8	57.3	175.9
April	523.3	365.5	150.1	116.9	67.6		157.8
May	519.8	343.2	110.9	132.4	65.7		176.6
June	521.4	425.3	220.8	124.1	53.0		96.0
July	524.8	362.5	162.7	105.8	53.9		162.3
August	520.2	411.7	180.2	128.9	50.0		102.5
September		411.7	213.0	120.9	52.1	19.3	111.2
October	521.4 512.1	340.3	168.2	125.7	42.4		171.9
				92.7			
November	513.9 517.0	339.5	141.1		46.2		174.4
December	517.0	389.5	182.0	119.3	53.9	34.3	127.5

Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - January 2023

							('000)
Time Series	Unemployed	Actively Unemployed	Less than 3 month	3- Less than 6 month	6- Less than 12 month	More than year	Inactively unemployed
2020							
January	511.7	319.8	132.4	103.2	48.7	35.6	191.9
February	525.2	343.2	148.5	96.6	52.6	45.4	182.1
March	610.5	422.9	200.0	100.2	72.7	50.1	187.6
April	778.8	459.8	235.9	156.6	38.1	29.2	319.0
May	826.1	573.7	308.1	136.1	78.6	50.8	252.4
June	773.2	594.0	298.7	159.3	85.8	50.3	179.2
July	745.1	620.2	307.4	168.5	87.2	57.1	124.9
August	741.6	615.1	302.4	164.9	89.7	58.0	126.5
September	737.5	610.4	300.5	163.6	88.2	58.0	127.1
October	748.2	623.1	304.5	167.4	89.0	62.2	125.1
November	764.4	637.7	311.2	169.8	90.4	66.3	126.7
December	772.9	644.7	313.9	172.0	92.0	66.8	128.2
2021							
January	782.5	657.2	321.5	175.9	90.4	69.3	125.3
February	777.5	647.4	327.8	155.5	91.0	73.1	130.1
March	753.2	626.9	320.1	152.5	85.6	68.6	126.3
April	742.7	618.7	322.6	151.0	80.7	64.4	124.0
May	728.1	609.9	318.2	148.3	81.2	62.2	118.2
June	768.7	642.9	335.9	157.4	86.7	62.9	125.8
July	778.2	651.3	351.4	156.7	86.1	57.1	126.9
August	748.8	627.5	337.3	153.6	80.1	56.5	121.3
September	729.6	611.0	333.3	147.3	78.9	51.4	118.7
October	705.0	589.5	327.3	142.3	74.0	45.9	115.4
November	694.4	581.8	324.3	137.6	74.8	45.1	112.6
December	687.6	576.5	322.3	136.5	74.1	43.5	111.1
2022							
January	680.4	569.5	320.8	134.2	72.0	42.5	110.9
February	671.8	562.5	318.7	131.8	71.0	41.0	109.3
March	669.2	561.0	320.4	130.1	70.4	40.1	108.1
April	649.3	542.9	315.3	124.3	64.9	38.4	106.4
May	637.7	534.0	312.9	122.5	61.9	36.6	103.8
June	630.6	528.5	311.6	120.6	61.3	35.0	102.1
July	620.7	517.4	307.7	115.7	60.0	34.0	103.3
August	612.0	507.3	304.2	110.7	59.7	32.7	104.7
September		496.6	298.7	108.2	58.2	31.5	108.4
October	602.0	491.3	297.1	106.4	57.0	30.8	110.7
November	600.9	488.0	295.9	105.2	56.7	30.2	112.9
December	599.6	484.2	294.7	103.9	55.7	29.9	115.4
2023							
January	596.1	481.6	292.9	103.7	54.1	31.0	114.5

	('000)	(%)	('000)	('
Time Series	Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years)	Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years)	Youth unemployment ra (15 - 30 years)
2016				
January	283.6	10.7	402.8	6.
February	236.1	9.0	340.6	5.
March	285.0	10.9	416.1	7.
April	305.6	11.5	405.7	6
May	291.6	11.1	395.2	6.
June	240.5	9.6	387.3	6.
July	309.0	11.8	446.9	7.
August	305.3	11.6	412.9	6
September	266.3	10.6	369.9	6.
October	290.5	11.4	399.7	6
November	253.7	9.5	391.2	6
December	267.4	10.2	393.6	6
2017	201.4	10.2	000.0	
January	306.2	12.0	410.6	7
February	285.4	11.1	413.7	7
March	258.9	10.1	392.2	6
April	272.2	10.1	414.5	6
May	320.2	12.2	418.8	7
June	296.5	12.2	418.8	7
July				
-	281.1	11.3	445.1	7
August	295.9	11.6	423.1	7
September	267.4	10.3	377.5	6
October	303.6	11.7	418.8	7
November	314.4	11.7	406.7	6
December	309.0	11.7	404.7	6
2018				_
January	328.5	12.3	437.6	7
February	310.9	11.6	423.0	e
March	306.2	11.7	414.4	6
April	287.9	10.6	420.3	6
May	292.5	10.6	391.9	6
June	284.3	10.4	426.9	6
July	320.6	11.8	425.4	6
August	303.2	11.5	407.0	6
September	289.5	10.5	413.3	6
October	277.2	10.1	429.1	7
November	289.0	10.5	415.1	6
December	328.7	11.7	428.8	6
2019				
January	290.1	10.6	409.3	6
February	282.1	10.5	424.3	6
March	266.3	9.9	403.0	6
April	288.1	10.3	430.0	6
May	289.3	10.5	414.4	6
June	287.0	10.5	418.5	6
July	291.3	10.2	434.4	7
August	297.8	11.2	441.2	7
September	307.1	11.1	443.4	7
October	244.5	9.0	404.8	6
November	274.2	9.5	411.8	6
December	309.9	11.2	412.9	6

	('000)	(%)	('000)	(%)
Time Series	Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years)	Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years)
2020				
January	268.1	10.0	396.9	6.4
February	288.0	10.8	395.0	6.4
March	291.4	11.3	470.5	7.8
April	324.2	12.9	528.0	9.0
May	362.4	14.2	573.7	10.0
June	335.8	13.1	581.7	9.7
July	313.2	13.9	544.5	9.7
August	331.0	13.7	502.3	8.9
September	325.5	13.0	502.6	8.5
October	321.6	13.4	513.2	8.9
November	344.5	13.0	528.4	8.8
December	312.2	13.2	497.2	8.7
2021				
January	295.3	13.5	509.2	9.2
February	347.6	13.9	544.3	9.2
March	321.1	13.4	537.3	9.3
April	310.7	13.7	507.3	8.7
Мау	328.1	13.6	545.7	9.2
June	340.9	12.7	565.1	9.4
July	344.1	13.7	520.6	8.5
August	321.1	13.9	524.1	8.8
September	335.1	13.9	507.8	8.5
October	358.8	13.9	508.4	8.1
November	350.9	13.7	517.9	8.2
December	367.7	13.7	533.8	8.5
2022				
January	364.5	13.2	521.8	8.3
February	356.9	13.0	513.7	8.1
March	361.0	13.1	502.4	8.0
April	357.2	12.8	501.2	7.7
May	341.4	12.5	475.7	7.4
June	343.9	12.2	474.7	7.4
July	336.2	12.1	476.5	7.4
August	337.6	12.1	467.5	7.1
September	339.1	12.1	460.4	7.1
October	337.2	12.1	476.9	7.4
November	329.3	11.9	453.1	7.0
December	331.0	11.8	444.5	6.9
2023				
January	328.8	11.5	449.7	7.0

Table C3 : Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - January 2023

Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - January 2023

				('00
Time Series	Employer	Employee	Own account worker	Unpaid family worker
2016				
January	449.0	10,534.1	2,570.3	597.
February	543.9	10,582.3	2,437.5	633.
March	539.4	10,381.2	2,660.3	619.
April	456.2	10,280.6	2,805.9	621.1
May	532.0	10,407.9	2,573.1	687.
June	534.3	10,535.6	2,453.5	694.9
July	427.2	10,536.4	2,605.4	643.8
August	452.3	10,719.5	2,527.0	608.
September	460.7	10,814.3	2,331.0	643.0
October	458.8	10,719.6	2,508.7	566.3
November	466.6	10,929.5	2,311.2	609.9
December	443.0	10,865.9	2,354.2	613.0
2017	443.0	10,003.3	2,004.2	013.
	550.0	10,652.0	2,548.6	616.2
January February	464.6	10,652.0	2,548.6	711. ⁻
•				
March	575.4	10,624.8	2,630.1	591.4
April	590.9	10,525.1	2,687.8	625.8
May	637.9	10,357.7	2,736.1	722.
June	578.8	10,745.8	2,590.1	605.
July	549.2	10,656.4	2,734.8	557.
August	608.4	10,703.7	2,623.1	578.
September	646.0	10,701.8	2,554.6	641.
October	593.9	10,949.6	2,446.1	592.
November	401.7	10,935.5	2,709.4	532.
December	546.1	10,982.5	2,504.3	607.
2018				
January	533.0	10,749.4	2,757.7	630.
February	472.7	10,746.4	2,825.9	676.
March	493.9	10,585.3	2,920.7	732.
April	550.2	10,832.6	2,719.5	700.
May	517.2	10,751.8	2,880.6	703.
June	529.0	10,823.6	2,817.7	692.
July	518.2	10,651.2	3,012.8	700.
August	599.4	10,758.4	2,865.7	673.
September	639.1	10,690.0	2,907.8	689.
October	513.7	10,764.5	2,944.6	714.
November	545.8	10,899.2	2,836.9	659.
December	593.5	10,899.2		671.
	593.5	10,011.7	2,909.6	071.
2019	F70.4	10.001.0	0,000,0	5 02
January	570.4	10,961.6	2,823.0	637.
February	619.4	11,098.6	2,752.4	556.
March	560.0	11,327.2	2,574.5	573
April	578.3	11,156.7	2,764.8	590
May	597.9	11,345.6	2,640.8	538
June	551.6	11,243.3	2,746.5	593
July	541.6	11,535.9	2,557.7	544
August	582.2	11,235.5	2,855.0	513
September	510.8	11,633.8	2,500.3	584
October	547.5	11,659.3	2,452.0	606
November	527.6	11,565.1	2,679.8	542
December	482.0	11,563.4	2,669.6	571

Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - January 2023

				('0
Time Series	Employer	Employee	Own account worker	Unpaid family worker
2020				
January	552.3	11,375.4	2,757.1	632
February	513.2	11,513.8	2,691.0	626
March	515.7	11,280.0	2,812.2	624
April	563.1	11,146.3	2,585.4	638
May	470.3	11,399.4	2,423.9	594
June	497.9	11,438.2	2,417.8	630
July	434.8	11,647.4	2,380.9	610
August	434.9	11,719.9	2,416.0	583
September	445.1	11,734.9	2,433.7	579
October	450.5	11,763.0	2,425.4	56
November	456.8	11,782.5	2,412.0	54
December	462.9	11,806.1	2,399.4	54
2021				
January	469.7	11,846.9	2,394.6	52
February	481.0	11,870.8	2,429.9	48
March	491.8	11,898.9	2,478.2	46
April	493.0	11,914.8	2,490.5	45
May	495.7	11,930.8	2,492.9	45
June	486.3	11,874.1	2,497.0	44
July	485.1	11,869.7	2,503.8	43
August	491.4	11,897.6	2,537.7	44
September	499.7	11,925.9	2,572.6	46
October	506.0	11,971.2	2,607.9	46
November	509.8	11,998.3	2,628.0	47
December	512.9	12,015.9	2,640.2	47
2022			· · · ·	
January	517.2	12,028.9	2,656.2	48
February	521.4	12,046.2	2,674.8	48
March	525.7	12,060.2	2,691.7	49
April	536.0	12,092.5	2,723.6	50
May	539.6	12,112.6	2,744.0	50
June	542.5	12,125.6	2,766.2	50
July	545.1	12,144.9	2,787.5	50
August	546.9	12,167.0	2,804.7	49
September	548.0	12,182.7	2,823.2	49
October	552.4	12,200.4	2,833.6	49
November	554.5	12,214.6	2,848.1	49
December	556.2	12,225.5	2,860.9	48
2023		,	,	
January	558.1	12,237.3	2,877.8	48

										('000)
					C	Occupation				
Year	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Diction	ary of Occu	pational Cla	ssification,			
1982	5,249.0	375.7	111.5	493.4	510.5	573.2	1,655.3	1,529.4	n.a	n.a
1983	5,457.0	381.3	132.3	520.6	522.7	593.7	1,678.5	1,628.0	n.a	n.a
1984	5,566.7	409.8	115.4	541.3	600.0	638.1	1,694.1	1,567.7	n.a	n.a
1985	5,653.4	426.6	129.2	551.5	625.9	643.0	1,720.0	1,556.9	n.a	n.a
1986	5,760.1	449.0	140.4	544.9	638.5	686.6	1,757.2	1,543.6	n.a	n.a
1987	5,983.9	452.0	117.7	566.1	711.9	704.3	1,845.8	1,586.1	n.a	n.a
1988	6,157.2	454.1	127.9	574.4	728.1	728.3	1,892.5	1,651.7	n.a	n.a
1989	6,390.9	477.0	131.3	605.5	726.0	727.0	1,848.9	1,875.0	n.a	n.a
1990	6,685.0	519.8	144.8	655.6	758.7	762.6	1,750.7	2,092.8	n.a	n.a
1992	7,047.8	586.4	187.8	732.3	763.5	790.1	1,549.7	2,437.9	n.a	n.a
1993	7,383.4	639.5	219.9	789.2	771.8	879.0	1,576.0	2,508.0	n.a	n.a
1995	7,645.0	756.6	247.7	832.0	834.9	845.8	1,539.5	2,588.4	n.a	n.a
1996	8,399.3	838.0	298.2	905.8	935.7	943.1	1,644.8	2,833.6	n.a	n.a
1997	8,569.2	896.6	329.5	963.2	918.5	985.1	1,516.4	2,960.0	n.a	n.a
1998	8,599.6	913.1	346.2	946.9	937.5	1,007.9	1,632.6	2,815.4	n.a	n.a
1999	8,837.8	937.0	348.3	985.6	991.7	1,052.8	1,633.1	2,889.2	n.a	n.a
2000	9,269.2	1,020.4	391.9	1,012.5	1,044.8	1,189.3	1,569.3	3,040.9	n.a	n.a
			Mala	aysia Standa	ard Classific	ation of Oco	cupations (M	/IASCO) 199	8 ²	
2001	9,357.0	695.0	457.2	1,126.1	890.6	1,291.1	1,265.3	1,160.2	1,476.6	994.9
2002	9,542.6	786.3	483.5	1,194.6	890.3	1,307.7	1,260.8	1,168.1	1,373.0	1,078.2
2003	9,869.7	793.5	530.3	1,219.9	937.8	1,399.4	1,249.8	1,235.6	1,420.7	1,082.6
2004	9,979.5	859.3	561.3	1,211.6	931.2	1,479.7	1,292.8	1,165.2	1,409.9	1,068.5
2005	10,045.4	777.4	555.1	1,266.8	992.3	1,483.7	1,268.6	1,145.5	1,427.5	1,128.3
2006	10,275.4	829.6	565.9	1,307.5	968.3	1,597.1	1,335.9	1,154.8	1,408.0	1,108.4
2007	10,538.1	770.4	596.8	1,400.5	1,029.5	1,705.6	1,355.3	1,133.2	1,347.4	1,199.3
2008	10,659.6	748.8	613.7	1,496.4	1,053.4	1,776.1	1,271.3	1,153.8	1,344.1	1,202.0
2009	10,897.3	822.9	684.6	1,560.0	1,086.6	1,869.1	1,255.7	1,132.9	1,242.7	1,242.8
2010	11,899.5	856.7	737.4	1,695.8	1,183.2	1,959.6	1,382.0	1,228.3	1,502.8	1,353.7
			Mal	aysia Standa		ation of Oco	cupations (M	IASCO) 200	8 ³	
2011	12,351.5	692.4	1,221.0	1,306.3	1,180.3	2,503.2	1,011.8	1,345.8	1,570.2	1,520.4
2012	12,820.5	684.4	1,244.0	1,283.4	1,168.8	2,640.7	1,184.1	1,428.5	1,576.8	1,609.8
2013	13,545.4	695.5	1,284.7	1,292.6	1,190.7	2,911.0	1,180.2	1,492.1	1,694.4	1,804.0
2014	13,852.6	664.4	1,376.5	1,367.2	1,237.8	3,169.3	1,002.4	1,555.1	1,659.1	1,820.8
2015	14,067.7	718.6	1,462.0	1,406.9	1,241.1	3,188.9	940.3	1,578.8	1,585.2	1,945.9
			Mala	aysia Standa	ard Classific	ation of Oco	cupations (M	/IASCO) 201	3 ⁴	
2016	14,163.7	658.5	1,755.2	1,453.5	1,163.8	3,176.3	872.0	1,570.3	1,669.8	1,844.2
2017	14,476.8	690.3	1,771.6	1,522.9	1,236.5	3,212.6	898.9	1,517.1	1,766.5	1,860.4
2018	14,776.0	660.5	1,824.4	1,536.7	1,247.7	3,422.8	921.9	1,545.5	1,787.9	1,828.7
2019	15,073.4	694.5	1,883.5	1,573.9	1,272.1	3,411.6	932.8	1,577.1	1,865.4	1,862.5
2020	14,956.7	808.4	1,867.7	1,547.2	1,242.1	3,632.3	916.3	1,472.5	1,689.9	1,780.3
2021	15,064.2	687.0	1,961.4	1,806.7	1,507.3	3,611.5	720.3	1,301.0	1,553.7	1,915.2
otes:										

Notes:

¹For 1982- 2000, category of occupation are classified according to the "Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980" as follows:

1: Professional, technical and related workers

2: Administrative and managerial workers

3: Clerical and related workers

4: Sales workers

5: Service workers

6: Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters

7: Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers

²For 2001 - 2010, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998" as follows:

1: Legislators, senior officials and managers

- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trade workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

³For 2011 - 2015, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical support workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁴For 2016 - 2021, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service and sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

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Year	Total	•	В	С	D	Indu E	-	•	н		J
i cai	- I Otal	Α	Ð				F	G			J
4000	5 0 40 0	4 005 0	54 7	Mala	aysia Indust					4.040.0	
1982	5,249.0	1,635.8	51.7	816.0	34.9	377.5	860.9	223.1	202.1	1,046.9	n.a
1983	5,457.0	1,670.9	55.1	894.1	39.3	425.6	897.3	235.9	197.7	1,041.0	n.a
1984	5,566.7	1,695.0	46.5	858.4	32.9	428.0	956.6	242.8	200.5	1,106.0	n.a
1985 1986	5,653.4 5,760.1	1,717.4 1,764.5	44.4	850.4 874.0	31.5 32.4	419.4 369.4	994.3 1,035.1	244.3 242.0	218.9	1,132.7	n.a
1986	,	,	40.6	874.0 928.9	32.4 35.9	369.4 336.3	,	242.0 252.0	234.6	1,167.6	n.
	5,983.9	1,846.4	33.0				1,091.7		241.6	1,218.0	n.
1988	6,157.2	1,883.8	30.7	978.1	41.3	339.9	1,112.6	265.1	229.4	1,276.1	n.
1989	6,390.9	1,832.5	33.1	1,171.1	40.6	376.9	1,143.9	277.6	253.2	1,262.0	n.
1990	6,685.0	1,737.6	36.8	1,332.8	46.7	423.9	1,217.8	301.9	258.4	1,329.0	n.
1992	7,047.8	1,535.8	36.3	1,639.6	45.9	506.7	1,254.5	326.2	299.8	1,403.1	n.
1993	7,383.4	1,558.6	37.6	1,726.9	60.3	538.8	1,266.2	344.0	330.1	1,520.9	n.
1995	7,645.0	1,526.8	32.5	1,780.5	48.0	611.3	1,370.7	359.2	363.7	1,552.2	n.a
1996	8,399.3	1,626.2	35.0	1,912.1	44.1	716.5	1,566.7	400.7	412.0	1,686.0	n.
1997	8,569.2	1,481.3	38.5	2,002.5	50.9	793.0	1,577.9	423.3	447.2	1,754.5	n.
1998	8,599.6	1,616.5	28.4	1,907.8	50.0	745.9	1,616.0	421.7	425.8	1,787.5	n.
1999	8,837.8	1,623.7	37.8	1,990.7	50.2	722.8	1,660.6	420.3	466.2	1,865.4	n.
2000	9,269.2	1,552.4	27.7	2,174.2	49.3	759.9	1,787.2	433.9	474.3	2,010.3	n.
0004	0.057.0	4 000 0	407.7		ia Standard			tion (MSIC)		100.0	005.0
2001	9,357.0	1,288.2	127.7	26.7	2,184.1	57.3	829.8	1,458.1	585.1	468.3	225.3
2002	9,542.6	1,316.8	107.7	27.5	2,068.9	50.6	905.1	1,497.0	616.1	496.8	240.5
2003	9,869.7	1,301.2	107.0	29.5	2,131.0	57.6	942.5	1,592.2	644.2	481.6	223.4
2004	9,979.5	1,326.5	126.1	34.7	2,023.0	57.9	890.8	1,607.2	698.2	532.9	236.1
2005	10,045.4	1,355.2	115.2	36.1	1,989.3	56.6	904.4	1,620.3	671.8	544.7	247.4
2006	10,275.4	1,375.3	128.2	42.0	2,082.8	75.4	908.9	1,650.5	721.3	539.7	242.3
2007	10,538.1	1,437.3	120.9	39.4	1,977.3	60.8	922.5	1,712.1	760.7	538.2	282.2
2008	10,659.6	1,365.6	122.1	54.5	1,944.7	60.5	998.0	1,729.4	783.6	583.4	276.0
2009	10,897.3	1,349.6	121.5	62.7	1,807.1	58.1	1,015.9	1,831.8	800.5	592.0	271.5
					ia Standard						1=0.0
2010	11,899.5	1,614.9	57.2	2,108.5	55.5	66.7	1,082.7	1,887.8	554.7	856.7	178.9
2011	12,351.5	1,421.7	73.5	2,244.0	51.0	71.9	1,151.5	2,005.4	604.0	951.1	206.5
2012	12,820.5	1,628.2	80.8	2,263.7	61.9	81.0	1,174.7	2,125.6	624.3	965.1	208.8
2013	13,545.4	1,758.9	87.9	2,315.8	61.5	83.7	1,292.1	2,261.4	626.5	1,041.5	194.1
2014	13,852.6	1,694.2	84.7	2,372.5	65.6	81.2	1,277.7	2,324.4	598.2	1,149.3	213.2
2015	14,067.7	1,753.9	104.4	2,322.7	61.7	72.1	1,309.9	2,361.4	615.0	1,150.8	214.2
2016	14,163.7	1,609.9	96.3	2,390.6	77.9	76.4	1,251.7	2,428.5	630.4	1,260.7	208.7
2017	14,476.8	1,635.0	97.2	2,513.3	62.2	81.0	1,258.9	2,485.4	658.2	1,323.2	220.3
2018	14,776.0	1,570.3	90.8	2,499.9	68.8	88.6	1,257.8	2,544.6	697.9	1,473.4	216.4
2019 ^r	15,073.4	1,541.1	91.0	2,612.0	75.4	88.8	1,246.7	2,604.6	677.8	1,549.7	223.9
2020	14,956.7	1,566.0	82.2	2,498.0	76.4	83.7	1,173.4	2,765.6	689.2	1,540.0	223.4
2021	15,064.2	1,550.0	81.9	2,501.4	77.7	85.5	1,159.6	2,826.5	704.5	1,535.5	235.1

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing

B: Mining and quarrying

C: Manufacturing

- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction

F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels

G: Transport, storage and communications

H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services

I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- B: Fishing

C: Mining and quarrying

D: Manufacturing

- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{P}}\xspace$: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

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- $\boldsymbol{A}\!\!:$ Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts. entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

'Revised

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021 (cont'd)

						Indus	try				
Year	Total	К	L	М	Ν	Ο	Р	Q	R	S	Т
				Mala	ysia Indust	rial Classif	ication, (Up	odated) 197	72 ¹		
1982	5,249.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1983	5,457.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1984	5,566.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1985	5,653.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1986	5,760.1	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1987	5,983.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.
1988	6,157.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.
1989	6,390.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.
1990	6,685.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.
1992	7,047.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.
1993	7,383.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.
1995	7,645.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1996	8,399.3	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1997	8,569.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1998	8,599.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1999	8,837.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.:
2000	9,269.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.:
				Malaysia	a Standard	Industrial	Classificati	on (MSIC)	2000 ²		
2001	9,357.0	348.6	664.6	508.6	173.3	190.4	219.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2002	9,542.6	397.1	663.6	508.6	189.3	192.5	262.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2003	9,869.7	404.2	666.5	594.3	217.3	216.1	258.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2004	9,979.5	458.5	684.3	610.7	198.2	231.3	260.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2005	10,045.4	459.0	728.5	607.1	212.6	234.9	260.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2006	10,275.4	508.4	674.1	600.1	223.2	247.1	254.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2007	10,538.1	558.1	716.1	632.7	238.9	266.5	272.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2008	10,659.6	553.2	751.1	656.5	252.6	274.2	253.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2009	10,897.3	601.9	813.9	731.4	271.7	303.3	262.5	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
				Malaysia	a Standard	Industrial	Classificati	on (MSIC)	2008 ³		
2010	11,899.5	323.4	58.5	285.6	359.2	787.7	779.3	280.0	91.6	182.9	285.4
2011	12,351.5	319.3	61.2	328.4	448.0	750.2	782.3	384.1	87.5	181.8	225.8
2012	12,820.5	322.1	68.9	307.3	532.2	696.4	784.9	414.3	84.8	190.5	202.7
2013	13,545.4	318.9	72.7	306.8	566.9	761.4	816.6	490.0	79.4	192.4	214.8
2014	13,852.6	329.1	79.7	328.8	654.3	741.7	871.4	532.9	94.1	199.1	159.1
2015	14,067.7	354.4	71.2	359.3	634.8	751.0	899.0	573.1	81.7	233.1	142.3
2016	14,163.7	346.9	82.4	361.8	657.0	748.2	928.7	570.3	80.9	230.8	124.7
2017	14,476.8	369.0	84.5	348.1	677.2	742.2	880.3	588.0	84.3	260.1	106.9
2018	14,776.0	338.6	97.2	367.7	747.6	720.2	988.7	551.2	85.6	264.8	103.9
2019 ^r	15,073.4	355.1	90.3	394.7	809.2	737.1	992.1	527.7	84.0	266.1	104.3
2020	14,956.7	372.1	82.1	379.3	801.9	734.9	937.6	559.6	58.2	267.0	66.1
2021	15,064.2	386.5	83.4	358.9	846.0	725.1	924.3	582.2	60.5	274.7	64.6

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
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- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
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- P: Private households with employed persons

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- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

'Revised

Table F: Employed person by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

			Status of E	mployment	('000)
Time Series	Total	Employer	Employee	Own Account Worker	Unpaid Family Worker
1982	5,249.0	158.1	3,320.7	1,159.8	610.4
1983	5,457.0	175.4	3,447.2	1,242.6	591.7
1984	5,566.7	141.4	3,673.4	1,130.1	621.8
1985	5,653.4	167.8	3,636.1	1,189.8	659.5
1986	5,760.1	180.4	3,560.7	1,308.2	710.6
1987	5,983.9	167.9	3,747.9	1,280.1	788.1
1988	6,157.2	204.7	3,799.1	1,377.1	776.3
1989	6,390.9	154.2	4,164.7	1,324.3	747.4
1990	6,685.0	194.6	4,412.4	1,383.9	694.0
1992	7,047.8	158.5	5,047.7	1,277.3	564.2
1993	7,383.4	209.5	5,272.8	1,350.7	550.1
1995	7,645.0	188.1	5,553.3	1,396.4	506.9
1996	8,399.3	251.1	6,071.4	1,514.2	562.6
1997	8,569.2	222.7	6,380.7	1,449.6	516.1
1998	8,599.6	252.7	6,307.9	1,521.6	517.4
1999	8,837.8	202.2	6,602.5	1,489.1	543.9
2000	9,269.2	275.8	6,882.6	1,586.0	524.8
2001	9,357.0	306.8	7,056.2	1,514.9	478.5
2002	9,542.6	288.6	7,320.2	1,479.8	453.9
2003	9,869.7	333.0	7,523.8	1,536.3	476.3
2004	9,979.5	354.7	7,445.0	1,678.1	501.7
2005	10,045.4	337.0	7,583.4	1,671.7	453.2
2006	10,275.4	396.9	7,632.9	1,733.4	512.2
2007	10,538.1	362.5	7,824.0	1,831.5	520.1
2008	10,659.6	371.4	7,951.1	1,851.1	486.0
2009	10,897.3	399.4	8,153.6	1,862.7	481.7
2010	11,899.5	439.3	9,010.2	1,954.7	495.4
2011	12,351.5	446.1	9,483.7	1,907.4	514.3
2012	12,820.5	476.2	9,620.0	2,117.3	607.0
2013	13,545.4	523.9	10,073.5	2,316.8	631.3
2014	13,852.6	511.5	10,447.6	2,267.2	626.3
2015	14,067.7	568.6	10,395.5	2,476.2	627.4
2016	14,163.7	486.4	10,534.2	2,522.3	620.9
2017	14,476.8	553.5	10,710.1	2,606.7	606.4
2018	14,776.0	547.2	10,700.4	2,859.2	669.1
2019	15,073.4	552.9	11,218.3	2,724.2	578.1
2020	14,956.7	512.2	11,554.2	2,383.0	507.4
2021	15,064.2	508.4	11,821.4	2,231.0	503.3

Table G: Labour force indicators for selected countries, January 2022 - January 2023

Indicators						20	22						2023	Data Source
Indicators	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Data Source
Labour Force Partic	cipatio	n Rate	(LFPR)	(%)										
South East Asia														
Malaysia	69.1	69.1	69.2	69.4	69.5	69.5	69.6	69.7	69.7	69.7	69.8	69.8	69.8	DOSM
Philipphine	60.5	63.8	65.4	63.4	64.0	64.8	65.2	66.1	65.2	64.2	67.5	66.4	n.a	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia														
Hong Kong	58.7	58.7	58.5	58.2	58.1	58.3	58.5	58.6	58.6	58.6	58.4	58.3	58.1	Census and Statistics Department
Taiwan	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.1	59.1	59.3	59.3	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	National Statistics Republic of China
South Korea	62.2	62.7	63.3	64.0	64.9	64.9	64.8	64.1	64.2	64.3	64.2	63.3	62.6	Statistics Korea
Japan	61.7	61.8	62.1	62.6	62.7	63.0	62.9	62.9	63.0	62.8	62.4	62.3	62.2	Statistics Bureau of Japan
Oceania														
Australia	66.2	66.5	66.4	66.4	66.7	66.8	66.5	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.7	66.6	66.5	ABS
North America														
USA	62.2	62.2	62.4	62.2	62.3	62.2	62.1	62.3	62.3	62.2	62.2	62.3	62.4	BLS
Canada	65.0	65.4	65.4	65.3	65.3	64.9	64.7	64.8	64.7	64.9	64.8	65.4	65.7	Statistics Canada
Europe														
United Kingdom	78.6	78.5	78.6	78.7	78.9	78.6	78.3	78.3	78.4	78.5	78.5	78.6	n.a	ONS
Sweden	73.1	73.7	73.7	74.6	75.1	77.4	76.7	75.2	73.6	74.1	74.2	73.1	74.8	Statistics Sweden
Finland	66.4	66.8	67.1	67.5	69.6	71.1	69.9	68.1	68.0	67.9	67.6	67.7	67.1	Statistics Finland
Russia	62.2	62.2	61.9	62.1	62.1	62.3	62.3	62.7	62.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	Trading economics
Italy	65.1	65.3	65.5	65.5	65.5	65.8	65.5	65.3	65.6	65.7	65.5	65.7	66.1	National Institute of Statistics
Netherland	74.1	74.1	74.5	74.6	74.7	74.7	74.8	75.0	75.0	75.1	75.3	75.5	75.6	Statistics Netherlands
Unemployment rate	e (%)					l l								
South East Asia														
Malaysia	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	DOSM
Philipphine	6.4	6.4	5.8	5.7	6.0	6.0	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.5	4.2	4.3	n.a	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia							-							
Hong Kong	3.9	4.5	F 0											
		4.5	5.0	5.4	5.1	4.7	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.4	Census and Statistics Department
Taiwan	3.6	3.7	5.0 3.7	5.4 3.6	5.1 3.7	4.7 3.7	4.3 3.8	4.1 3.8	3.9 3.7	3.8 3.6	3.7 3.6	3.5 3.5	3.4 3.5	
Taiwan South Korea		-									-			Department National Statistics
	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	Department National Statistics Republic of China
South Korea	3.6 4.1	3.7 3.4	3.7 3.0	3.6 3.0	3.7 3.0	3.7 3.0	3.8 2.9	3.8 2.1	3.7 2.4	3.6 2.4	3.6 2.3	3.5 3.0	3.5 3.6	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of
South Korea Japan	3.6 4.1	3.7 3.4	3.7 3.0	3.6 3.0	3.7 3.0	3.7 3.0	3.8 2.9	3.8 2.1	3.7 2.4	3.6 2.4	3.6 2.3	3.5 3.0	3.5 3.6	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America	3.6 4.1 2.8	3.7 3.4 2.7	3.7 3.0 2.6	3.6 3.0 2.5	3.7 3.0 2.6	3.7 3.0 2.6	3.8 2.9 2.6	3.8 2.1 2.5	3.7 2.4 2.6	3.6 2.4 2.6	3.6 2.3 2.5	3.5 3.0 2.5	3.5 3.6 2.4	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia	3.6 4.1 2.8	3.7 3.4 2.7	3.7 3.0 2.6	3.6 3.0 2.5	3.7 3.0 2.6	3.7 3.0 2.6	3.8 2.9 2.6	3.8 2.1 2.5	3.7 2.4 2.6	3.6 2.4 2.6	3.6 2.3 2.5	3.5 3.0 2.5	3.5 3.6 2.4	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America USA Canada	3.6 4.1 2.8 4.2	3.7 3.4 2.7 4.0	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9	3.6 3.0 2.5 3.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.6	3.8 2.9 2.6 3.5	3.8 2.1 2.5 3.5	3.72.42.63.6	3.6 2.4 2.6 3.4	3.6 2.3 2.5 3.5	 3.5 3.0 2.5 3.5 	3.5 3.6 2.4 3.7	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America USA Canada Europe	3.6 4.1 2.8 4.2 4.0 6.5	3.7 3.4 2.7 4.0 3.8 5.5	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.3	3.6 3.0 2.5 3.9 3.6 5.2	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.1	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.6 4.9	3.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 3.5 4.9	3.8 2.1 2.5 3.5 3.7 5.4	3.7 2.4 2.6 3.6 3.5 5.2	3.6 2.4 2.6 3.4 3.7 5.2	3.6 2.3 2.5 3.5 3.6 5.1	3.5 3.0 2.5 3.5 3.5 5.0	3.5 3.6 2.4 3.7 3.4 5.0	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS BLS Statistics Canada
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America USA Canada Europe United Kingdom	3.6 4.1 2.8 4.2 4.0 6.5 4.0	3.7 3.4 2.7 4.0 3.8 5.5 3.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.3 3.8	3.6 3.0 2.5 3.9 3.6 5.2 3.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.1 3.8	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.6 4.9 3.9	3.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.9 3.7	3.8 2.1 2.5 3.5 3.7 5.4 3.6	3.7 2.4 2.6 3.6 3.5 5.2 3.7	3.6 2.4 2.6 3.4 3.7 5.2 3.7	3.6 2.3 2.5 3.5 3.6 5.1 3.7	3.5 3.0 2.5 3.5 5.0 3.7	3.5 3.6 2.4 3.7 3.4 5.0 n.a	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS BLS
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America USA Canada Europe	3.6 4.1 2.8 4.2 4.0 6.5 4.0 8.3	3.7 3.4 2.7 4.0 3.8 5.5	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.3	3.6 3.0 2.5 3.9 3.6 5.2	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.1	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.6 4.9	3.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 3.5 4.9	3.8 2.1 2.5 3.5 3.7 5.4	3.7 2.4 2.6 3.6 3.5 5.2	3.6 2.4 2.6 3.4 3.7 5.2	3.6 2.3 2.5 3.5 3.6 5.1	3.5 3.0 2.5 3.5 3.5 5.0	3.5 3.6 2.4 3.7 3.4 5.0	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS BLS Statistics Canada
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America USA Canada Europe United Kingdom	3.6 4.1 2.8 4.2 4.0 6.5 4.0	3.7 3.4 2.7 4.0 3.8 5.5 3.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.3 3.8	3.6 3.0 2.5 3.9 3.6 5.2 3.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.1 3.8	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.6 4.9 3.9	3.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.9 3.7	3.8 2.1 2.5 3.5 3.7 5.4 3.6	3.7 2.4 2.6 3.6 3.5 5.2 3.7	3.6 2.4 2.6 3.4 3.7 5.2 3.7	3.6 2.3 2.5 3.5 3.6 5.1 3.7	3.5 3.0 2.5 3.5 5.0 3.7	3.5 3.6 2.4 3.7 3.4 5.0 n.a	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS BLS Statistics Canada ONS
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America USA Canada Europe United Kingdom Sweden	3.6 4.1 2.8 4.2 4.0 6.5 4.0 8.3	3.7 3.4 2.7 4.0 3.8 5.5 3.9 7.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.3 3.8 8.2	3.6 3.0 2.5 3.9 3.6 5.2 3.9 8.2	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.1 3.8 8.5	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.6 4.9 3.9 8.6	3.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.9 3.7 6.4	3.8 2.1 2.5 3.5 3.7 5.4 3.6 6.6	3.7 2.4 2.6 3.6 3.5 5.2 3.7 6.5	3.6 2.4 2.6 3.4 3.7 5.2 3.7 7.1	3.6 2.3 2.5 3.5 3.6 5.1 3.7 6.4	3.5 3.0 2.5 3.5 3.5 5.0 3.7 6.9	3.5 3.6 2.4 3.7 3.4 5.0 n.a 7.2	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS BLS Statistics Canada ONS Statistics Sweden
South Korea Japan Oceania Australia North America USA Canada Europe United Kingdom Sweden Finland	3.6 4.1 2.8 4.2 4.0 6.5 4.0 8.3 7.5	3.7 3.4 2.7 4.0 3.8 5.5 3.9 7.9 6.7	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.3 3.8 8.2 7.0	3.6 3.0 2.5 3.9 3.6 5.2 3.9 8.2 6.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.9 3.6 5.1 3.8 8.5 7.9	3.7 3.0 2.6 3.6 4.9 3.9 8.6 6.8	3.8 2.9 2.6 3.5 3.5 4.9 3.7 6.4 6.6	3.8 2.1 2.5 3.5 3.7 5.4 3.6 6.6 6.7	3.7 2.4 2.6 3.6 3.5 5.2 3.7 6.5 6.7	3.6 2.4 2.6 3.4 3.7 5.2 3.7 7.1 5.8	3.6 2.3 2.5 3.5 3.6 5.1 3.7 6.4 5.9	3.5 3.0 2.5 3.5 5.0 3.7 6.9 6.7	3.5 3.6 2.4 3.7 3.4 5.0 n.a 7.2 7.6	Department National Statistics Republic of China Statistics Korea Statistics Bureau of Japan ABS BLS Statistics Canada ONS Statistics Sweden Statistics Finland

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