



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

LAPORAN SURVEI TENAGA BURUH

LABOUR FORCE SURVEY REPORT

SUKU TAHUN KEDUA
SECOND QUARTER 2026

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

LAPORAN SURVEI TENAGA BURUH *LABOUR FORCE SURVEY REPORT*

MALAYSIA

SUKU TAHUN KEDUA 2026 *SECOND QUARTER 2026*

Pemakluman

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang melaksanakan **Banci Ekonomi 2026 (BE2026)** dengan tema “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. Pelaksanaan Banci Ekonomi kali keenam ini berlangsung **dari 5 Januari hingga 31 Oktober 2026**. BE2026 bertujuan untuk mengumpul data yang menyeluruh dan berstruktur daripada semua pertubuhan perniagaan berdaftar dan tidak berdaftar di Malaysia, bagi menilai prestasi, struktur serta ciri-ciri ekonomi negara secara komprehensif dan berasaskan bukti.

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Announcement

*The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the **Economic Census 2026 (BE2026)**, with themed “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. The sixth Economic Census, will be carried out from **5th January to 31st October 2026**. BE2026 aims to collect comprehensive and structured data from all registered and unregistered business establishments in Malaysia to assess the nation’s economic performance, structure and characteristics in an evidence-based manner.*

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KATA PENGANTAR

Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Kedua 2026 membentangkan statistik suku tahunan berkaitan tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran yang diperoleh daripada Survei Tenaga Buruh (STB) melalui pendekatan isi rumah. Laporan ini juga membekalkan statistik utama tenaga buruh mengikut ciri-ciri demografi dan sosioekonomi antaranya jantina, kumpulan umur, kumpulan etnik, pencapaian pendidikan dan pekerjaan. Statistik utama tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, kadar bagi penduduk bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu, kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa dan kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran juga diterbitkan di dalam laporan ini.

Pelaksanaan STB adalah berdasarkan garis panduan dan syor *International Labour Organization (ILO)* dengan merujuk kepada *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods*.

Statistik tenaga buruh merupakan maklumat penting yang digunakan sebagai input untuk menganalisis pasaran buruh, menggubal dasar serta merancang, melaksana dan memantau program berkaitan pembangunan sumber manusia. Statistik ini juga digunakan oleh ahli akademik dan penyelidik dalam kajian berkaitan guna tenaga dan pasaran buruh.

Ringkasan penemuan daripada survei ini dibentangkan di bahagian pertama, manakala jadual statistik dipaparkan di bahagian kedua. Seterusnya, bahagian ketiga mengandungi nota teknikal untuk menerangkan konsep, definisi dan metodologi survei yang digunakan bagi memudahkan pengguna memahami statistik yang diterbitkan dalam laporan ini.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) merakamkan setinggi-tinggi penghargaan kepada responden dan semua pihak yang menyumbang kepada pelaksanaan survei dan penyediaan penerbitan ini. Pandangan dan cadangan ke arah penambahbaikan penerbitan ini pada masa hadapan amat dihargai.

SITI ASIAH AHMAD

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia
Ogos 2026

PREFACE

The Labour Force Survey Report, Malaysia, Second Quarter 2026 presents the quarterly statistics of labour force, employment and unemployment obtained from Labour Force Survey (LFS) through a household approach. This report also presents principal statistics of the labour force according to demographic and socioeconomic characteristics such as sex, age group, ethnic groups, educational attainment and occupation. The principal statistics of labour force by state, the rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week, rate of time-related underemployment and rate of skill-related underemployment were also published in this report

The implementation of LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are important information which is used as inputs for labour market analysis, policy formulation as well as for planning, implementing and monitoring programmes related to human resource development. These statistics are also used by academicians and researchers for their studies related to employment and the labour market.

The summary findings from this report is presented in the first part while the statistical tables are provided at the second part. Subsequently, the third part consists of the technical notes explaining the concepts, definition and survey methodology used to assist users in understanding the published statistics in this report.

The Department of Statistics (DOSM), Malaysia gratefully wishes the utmost appreciation towards the respondents and all parties involved in the survey and preparation of this publication. Feedbacks and suggestions towards the improvement of future publications are highly appreciated.

SITI ASIAH AHMAD

Department of Statistics Malaysia
August 2026

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STATISTIK UTAMA TENAGA BURUH

Principal Statistics of Labour Force



TENAGA BURUH MALAYSIA

SUKU TAHUN KEDUA 2026

Kadar pengangguran suku tahun kedua 2026 meningkat kepada **3.0 peratus**, dengan **509.7 ribu** penganggur

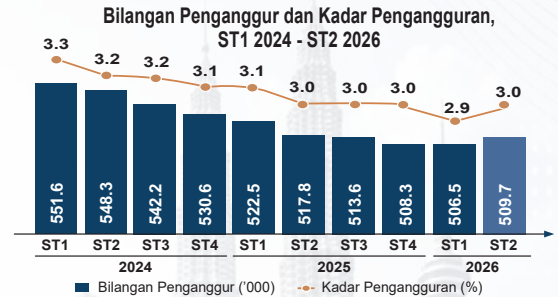
PENGANGGURAN

KADAR PENGANGGURAN

3.0%
ST2 2026 ▲ +0.1mp
ST1 2026 **2.9%**

BILANGAN PENGANGGUR

509.7 ribu
ST2 2026 ▲ +0.6%
506.5 ribu
ST1 2026

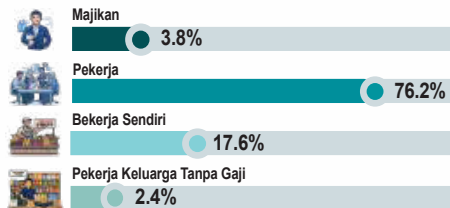


PENDUDUK BEKERJA

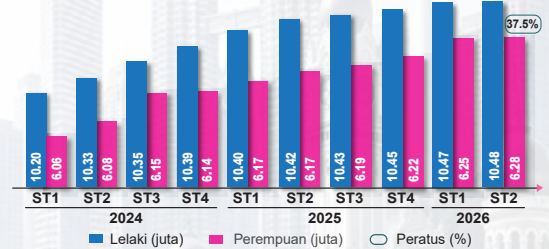
PENDUDUK BEKERJA

16.77 juta
ST2 2026 ▲ +0.2%
16.73 juta
ST1 2026

Penduduk Bekerja Mengikut Taraf Pekerjaan, ST2 2026



Penduduk Bekerja Mengikut Jantina, ST1 2024 - ST2 2026



TENAGA BURUH

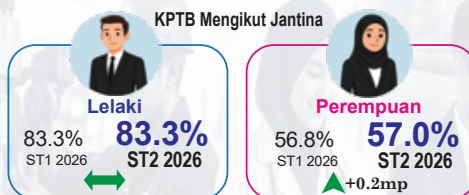
TENAGA BURUH

17.28 juta
ST2 2026 ▲ +0.3%
17.23 juta
ST1 2026

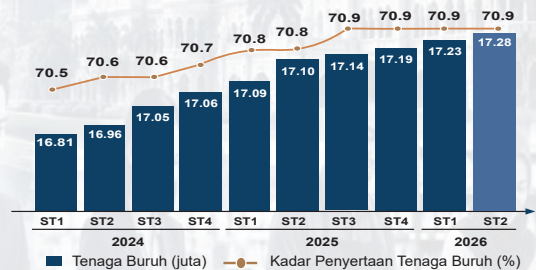
KADAR PENYERTAAN TENAGA BURUH

70.9%
ST1 2026 **70.9%**
ST2 2026

KPTB Mengikut Jantina



Tenaga Buruh dan Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh, ST1 2024 - ST2 2026



LUAR TENAGA BURUH

LUAR TENAGA BURUH

7.08 juta
ST2 2026 ↔
7.08 juta
ST1 2026

Kerja rumah/
tanggungjawab keluarga
merupakan komponen
terbesar luar tenaga buruh

45.2%



Kerja rumah/
tanggungjawab keluarga

40.1%



Bersekolah/
masih belajar/
program latihan



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Nota: ▲ ▼ ↔ Suku tahun ke suku tahun ; mp Mata peratus

Sumber: Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh, Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM)

TENAGA BURUH MALAYSIA

SUKU TAHUN KEDUA 2026

PENGANGGURAN

Pengangguran Mengikut Jantina,
ST2 2026

Lelaki

2.8%
303.3 ribu



3.2%
206.3 ribu



Perempuan

Kadar Pengangguran (%)
Bilangan Penganggur ('000)

Kategori Penganggur,
ST1 2026 & ST2 2026

ST2 2026

79.6% 20.4%

ST1 2026

79.8% 20.2%

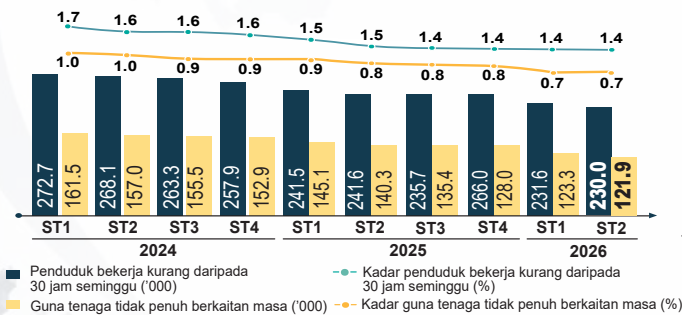
■ Penganggur Aktif
■ Penganggur Tidak Aktif

Penganggur Mengikut Kumpulan Umur, ST1 2026 & ST2 2026

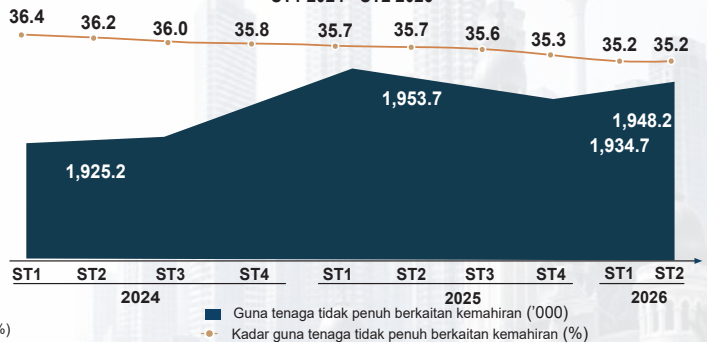
	ST1 2026	ST2 2026
15 - 24 tahun	279.9 ribu	285.6 ribu
25 - 34 tahun	128.4 ribu	135.7 ribu
35 - 44 tahun	47.0 ribu	38.0 ribu
45 - 54 tahun	32.2 ribu	32.3 ribu
55 - 64 tahun	18.9 ribu	18.0 ribu

GUNA TENAGA TIDAK PENUH

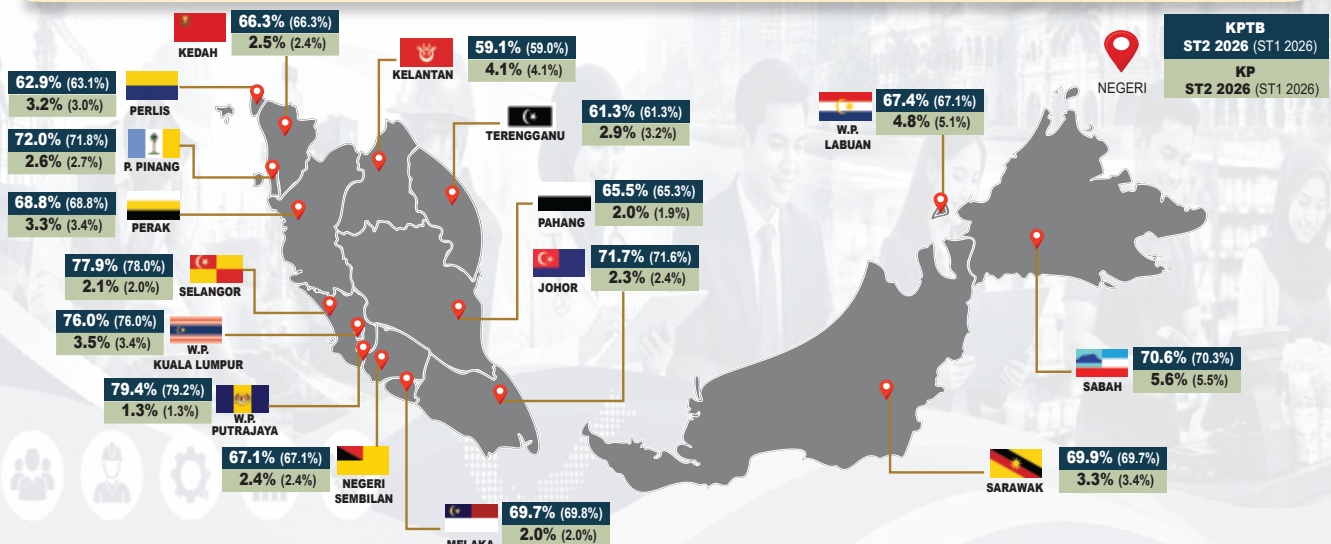
Penduduk Bekerja Kurang Daripada 30 Jam Seminggu
dan Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Masa, ST1 2024 - ST2 2026



Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Kemahiran,
ST1 2024 - ST2 2026



KADAR PENYERTAAN TENAGA BURUH (KPTB) DAN KADAR PENGANGGURAN (KP) MENGIKUT NEGERI, ST1 2026 & ST2 2026



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Nota: ▲ ▼ ↔ Suku tahun ke suku tahun ; mp Mata peratus

Sumber: Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh, Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM)

2

MALAYSIA LABOUR FORCE

SECOND QUARTER 2026

The unemployment rate in second quarter of 2026 rose to **3.0 per cent**, with **509.7 thousand** unemployed

UNEMPLOYMENT

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

3.0%

Q2 2026 ▲ +0.1pp

Q1 2026 **2.9%**

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS

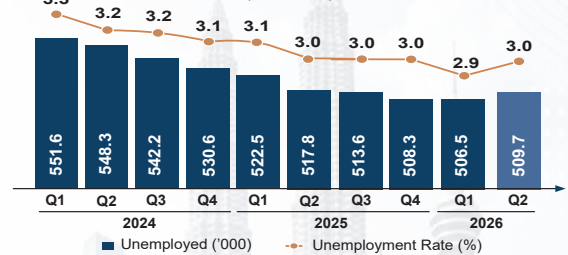
509.7 thousand

Q2 2026 ▲ +0.6%

506.5 thousand

Q1 2026

Unemployed and Unemployment Rate, Q1 2024 - Q2 2026



EMPLOYED PERSONS

EMPLOYED PERSONS

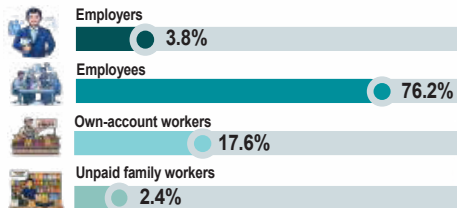
16.77 million

Q2 2026 ▲ +0.2%

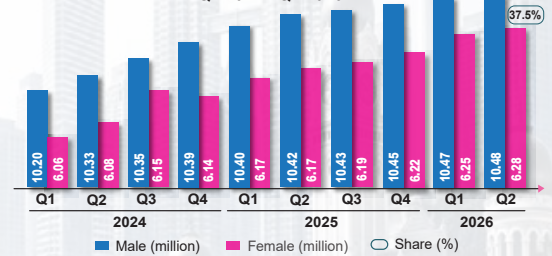
16.73 million

Q1 2026

Employed Persons by Employment Status, Q2 2026



Employed Persons by Sex, Q1 2024 - Q2 2026



LABOUR FORCE

LABOUR FORCE

17.28 million

Q2 2026 ▲ +0.3%

17.23 million

Q1 2026

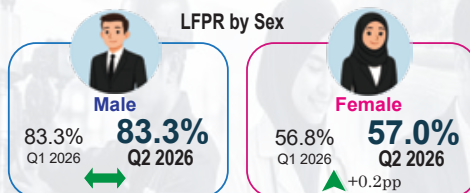
LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

70.9% Q1 2026

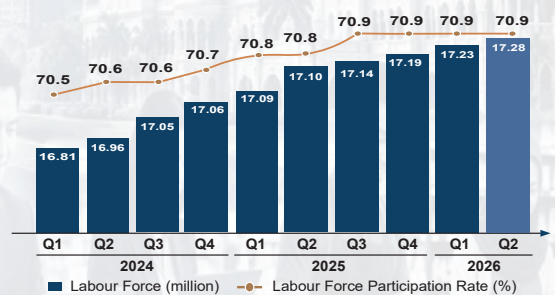
70.9%

Q2 2026

LFP by Sex



Labour Force and Labour Force Participation Rate, Q1 2024 - Q2 2026



OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

7.08 million

Q2 2026 ↔

7.08 million

Q1 2026

Housework/
family responsibilities
were the largest
component of the
outside labour force

45.2%



Housework/
family responsibilities



Schooling/
training program

40.1%




 @StatsMalaysia

Notes: ▲ ▼ ↔ Quarter-on-quarter ; **pp** Percentage point

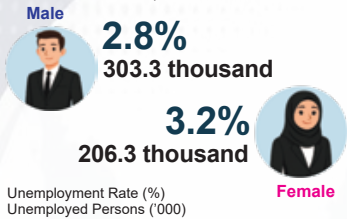
Source: Labour Force Survey Report, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

MALAYSIA LABOUR FORCE

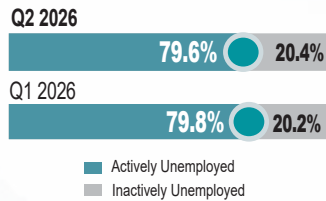
SECOND QUARTER 2026

UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment by Sex,
Q2 2026



Unemployment Category,
Q1 2026 & Q2 2026

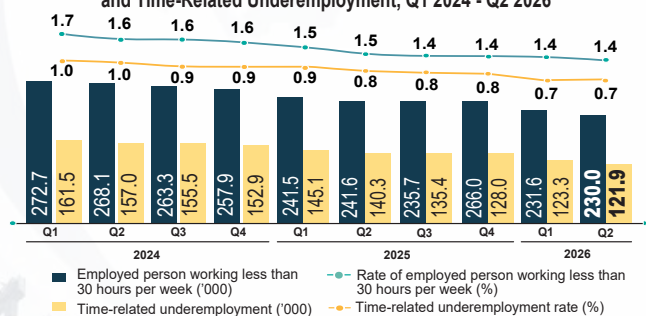


Unemployment by Age Group, Q1 2026 & Q2 2026

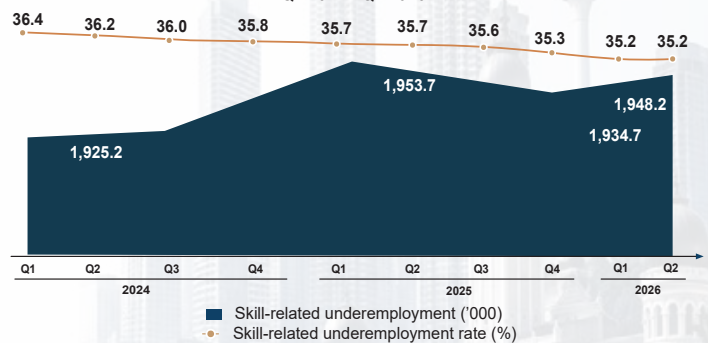
	Q1 2026	Q2 2026
15 - 24 year	279.9 thousand	285.6 thousand
25 - 34 year	128.4 thousand	135.7 thousand
35 - 44 year	47.0 thousand	38.0 thousand
45 - 54 year	32.2 thousand	32.3 thousand
55 - 64 year	18.9 thousand	18.0 thousand

UNDEREMPLOYMENT

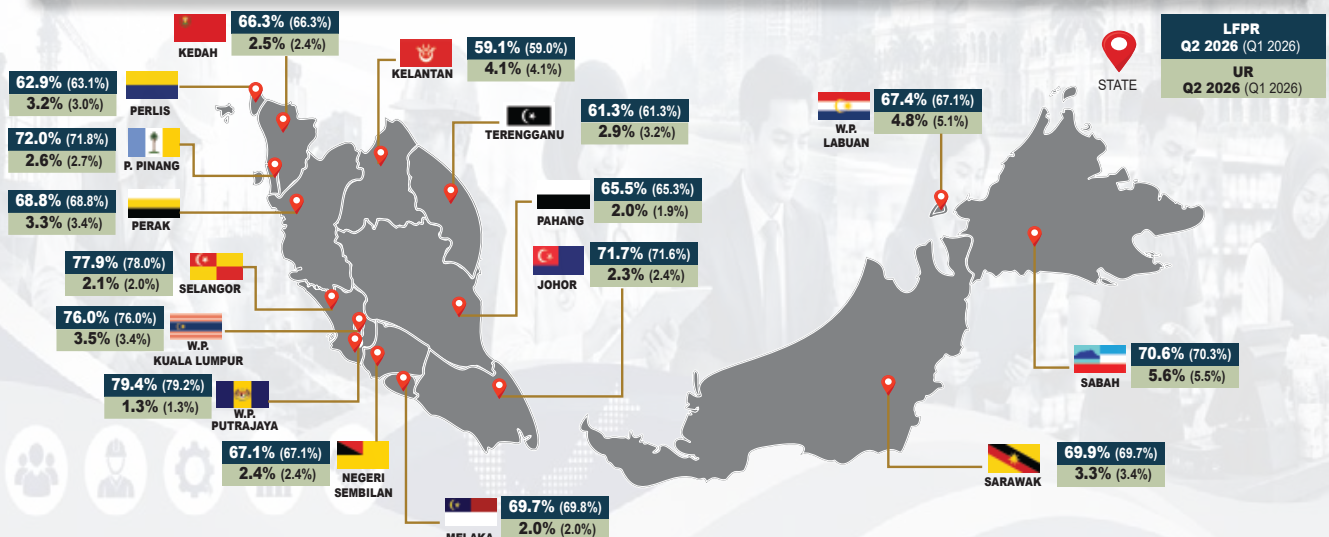
Employed Persons Working Less Than 30 Hours Per Week
and Time-Related Underemployment, Q1 2024 - Q2 2026



Skill-Related Underemployment,
Q1 2024 - Q2 2026



LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE (LFPR) AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (UR) BY STATE, Q1 2026 & Q2 2026




 @StatsMalaysia

Notes: ▲ ▼ ↔ Quarter-on-quarter ; pp Percentage point

Source: Labour Force Survey Report, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

2

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NOTA

PENERANGAN

Explanatory Notes



Nota Penerangan

Bermula dengan penerbitan Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh (STB), Suku Tahun Pertama 2026, Malaysia, statistik utama tenaga buruh dianggarkan berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa Malaysia.

Seiring itu, data STB bagi Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 sehingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2025 turut disemak semula menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.

Semakan semula siri data STB Suku Tahun Kedua 2020 hingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2023 masih dilaksanakan. Data tersebut akan diterbitkan selepas proses analisis dan pemukatamadan data selesai dijalankan secara berperingkat.

Bagi perincian penjadualan siri data semakan semula, sila layari <https://newss.statistics.gov.my/>.

Explanatory Notes

Starting with the release of Labour Force Survey (LFS), First Quarter 2026, Malaysia, the principal statistics of the labour force are estimated based on the current population estimates of Malaysia.

On the same note, revisions are carried out on LFS data for the First Quarter of 2024 to the Fourth Quarter of 2025 using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

The review of the LFS data series for the Second Quarter of 2020 to the Fourth Quarter of 2023 is still ongoing. The data will be published progressively upon the completion of the analysis and finalisation process.

For the details on tabulation of revised data series, please visit <https://newss.statistics.gov.my/>.



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RINGKASAN PENEMUAN

Summary of Findings



1. Pengenalan

Anggaran awalan Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) Malaysia mencatatkan pertumbuhan 5.8 peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2026, meningkat lebih baik daripada 5.4 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Pertumbuhan yang lebih kukuh ini disokong oleh perkembangan dalam sektor Perkhidmatan, Pembuatan, Perlombongan & pengkuarian serta Pembinaan. Sebaliknya, sektor Pertanian merekodkan penurunan pada suku tahun ini. Dari segi prestasi suku tahun ke suku tahun, ekonomi Malaysia meningkat 1.7 peratus, berbanding penurunan 4.4 peratus yang direkodkan pada suku tahun pertama 2026.

Ekonomi Malaysia bagi tempoh enam bulan pertama 2026 terus memperlihatkan prestasi perdagangan yang memberangsangkan, dengan jumlah perdagangan luar negara meningkat 22.4 peratus kepada RM1.796 trilion. Peningkatan ini disokong oleh pertumbuhan eksport sebanyak 27.5 peratus kepada RM971.59 bilion, menunjukkan permintaan yang kekal kukuh terhadap barangan Malaysia di pasaran antarabangsa serta daya tahan sektor perdagangan negara¹. Dalam masa yang sama, pelaksanaan insentif pelaburan yang lebih bersasar dijangka memperkukuh ekosistem industri serta meningkatkan daya saing negara dalam menarik pelaburan berkualiti tinggi dan bernilai tambah². Perkembangan ini berpotensi merangsang peningkatan aktiviti ekonomi, khususnya dalam sektor Pembuatan dan industri berorientasikan eksport, di samping menyumbang kepada permintaan terhadap tenaga kerja berkemahiran serta memperluas peluang pekerjaan, sekali gus menyokong pertumbuhan ekonomi Malaysia.

Perkembangan positif dalam aktiviti sektor Perkhidmatan, peningkatan pelaburan strategik dan usaha memperkasa tenaga kerja terus memperkukuh momentum pertumbuhan ekonomi negara. Penganjuran MATTA Fair April 2026 yang berskala lebih besar dijangka menjadi pemangkin kepada pertumbuhan sektor pelancongan domestik dan antarabangsa melalui peningkatan perbelanjaan pengguna, sekali gus merangsang aktiviti ekonomi dalam sektor penginapan, pengangkutan, makanan dan minuman serta perkhidmatan sokongan pelancongan³. Pada masa yang sama, usaha Kementerian Sumber Manusia (KESUMA) memperkukuh ekosistem pekerja gig melalui penyediaan latihan dan pembangunan kemahiran mencerminkan komitmen berterusan dalam meningkatkan kebolehpasaran serta daya saing golongan pekerja gig, di samping memperluas peluang penyertaan dalam pasaran buruh⁴. Selain itu, pelaburan bernilai RM11.6 bilion dari Korea Selatan di Sarawak menandakan keyakinan pelabur asing terhadap prospek ekonomi negara serta berpotensi memperkukuh pembangunan industri bernilai tambah tinggi. Perkembangan ini dijangka meningkatkan permintaan terhadap tenaga kerja berkemahiran, di samping merangsang pertumbuhan ekonomi di peringkat wilayah⁵. Secara keseluruhannya, sinergi antara perkembangan aktiviti ekonomi, pembangunan kemahiran tenaga kerja dan kemasukan pelaburan berkualiti menjadi pemangkin kepada pengukuhan pasaran buruh yang lebih dinamik, inklusif dan berdaya tahan.

Di samping itu, pengukuhan agenda pekerjaan berkualiti terus menjadi keutamaan dalam meningkatkan daya saing tenaga buruh serta menyokong peralihan ekonomi Malaysia ke arah aktiviti bernilai tambah tinggi⁶. Penekanan terhadap peningkatan kemahiran, produktiviti dan penyediaan pekerjaan dengan pendapatan lebih baik dijangka memperkukuh struktur pasaran buruh serta meningkatkan kesejahteraan pekerja secara berterusan. Penerapan kecerdasan buatan (AI) dalam sektor tenaga sebagai pelengkap kepada tenaga kerja mencerminkan usaha berterusan ke arah transformasi digital dan pembangunan modal insan berkemahiran tinggi⁷. Perkembangan

¹ <https://www.matrade.gov.my/ms/about-matrade/press-release/prestasi-perdagangan-luar-bagi-bulan-jun-2026>

² <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/insentif-pelaburan-bantu-bangunan-ekosistem-industri-tengku-zafrul>

³ <https://www.sinarharian.com.my/article/774230/berita/nasional/matta-fair-april-2026-buka-tirai-penganjuran-terbesar>

⁴ <https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/nasional/2026/05/1562618/kesuma-perkukuh-ekosistem-pekerja-gig-menerusi-latihan-dan>

⁵ <https://www.utusanborneo.com.my/2026/05/31/sarawak-rekod-pelaburan-rm116-bilion-dari-korea-selatan>

⁶ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/kesuma-perkukuh-agenda-pekerjaan-berkualiti-pacu-gaji-lebih-baik>

⁷ <https://www.hmetro.com.my/bisnes/2026/06/1365003/tnb-bangunan-masa-depan-tenaga-pintar-melalui-ai-sinergi-tenaga-kerja>

ini dijangka meningkatkan permintaan terhadap tenaga kerja yang memiliki kemahiran digital dan teknikal, sekali gus menyokong pengukuhan pasaran buruh serta daya saing ekonomi negara.

Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh bagi suku tahun kedua 2026 membentangkan statistik tenaga buruh berdasarkan Survei Tenaga Buruh yang dijalankan oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia. Survei ini dijalankan menggunakan pensampelan kebarangkalian melalui pendekatan isi rumah untuk mengumpul data mengenai struktur tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran, yang meliputi warganegara Malaysia dan bukan warganegara. Statistik utama dibentangkan mengikut ciri-ciri demografi dan sosioekonomi yang terpilih seperti jantina, kumpulan umur, pencapaian pendidikan, taraf pekerjaan dan pekerjaan. Laporan ini menghuraikan perubahan suku tahun ke suku tahun untuk mengkaji kesan langsung peristiwa sosioekonomi yang berlaku sepanjang suku tahun tersebut. Pengguna dinasihatkan untuk mentafsir perubahan jangka pendek ini dengan berhati-hati kerana data adalah tidak dilaraskan mengikut musim. Di samping itu, perubahan tahunan daripada suku tahun yang sama tahun sebelumnya turut dilaporkan.

2. Konsep dan definisi

Pelaksanaan Survei Tenaga Buruh di Malaysia adalah berdasarkan garis panduan dan syor *International Labour Organization (ILO)* dengan merujuk *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods*.

Paparan 1 : Konsep dan Definisi



PENDUDUK UMUR BEKERJA

Semua orang yang berumur 15 hingga 64 tahun, sama ada berada di dalam tenaga buruh atau di luar tenaga buruh.



TENAGA BURUH

Semua orang yang berada dalam kumpulan umur bekerja, sama ada bekerja atau menganggur.



PENDUDUK BEKERJA

Semua orang yang bekerja sekurang-kurangnya sejam semasa minggu rujukan untuk mendapatkan upah, keuntungan atau keuntungan keluarga sama ada sebagai majikan, pekerja, bekerja sendiri atau pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji.



PENGANGGUR

Semua orang yang tidak bekerja semasa minggu rujukan dan dikelaskan kepada dua kumpulan iaitu penganggur aktif dan penganggur tidak aktif.



LUAR TENAGA BURUH

Semua orang yang tidak dikelaskan sebagai bekerja atau menganggur dikategorikan sebagai luar tenaga buruh. Kategori ni terdiri daripada suri rumah, pelajar (termasuk mereka yang akan melanjutkan pelajaran), mereka yang telah bersara, tidak berkeupayaan dan tidak berminat untuk mencari pekerjaan.

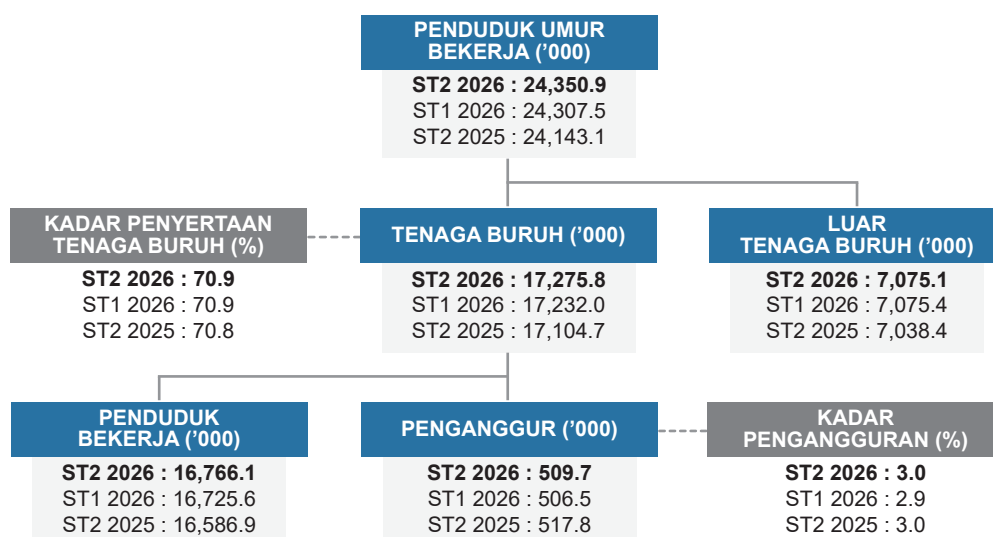
3. Tenaga buruh

Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh kekal 70.9 peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2026

Tenaga buruh pada suku tahun kedua 2026 berkembang 0.3 peratus, meningkat sebanyak 43.7 ribu orang kepada 17.28 juta orang (ST1 2026: 17.23 juta orang). Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh (KPTB) mengekalkan kadar yang sama iaitu 70.9 peratus seperti yang dicatatkan pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Manakala bagi perbandingan tahun ke tahun, tenaga buruh meningkat sebanyak 171.1 ribu orang (ST2 2025: 17.10 juta orang). Selaras dengan itu, KPTB meningkat sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus (ST2 2025: 70.8%).

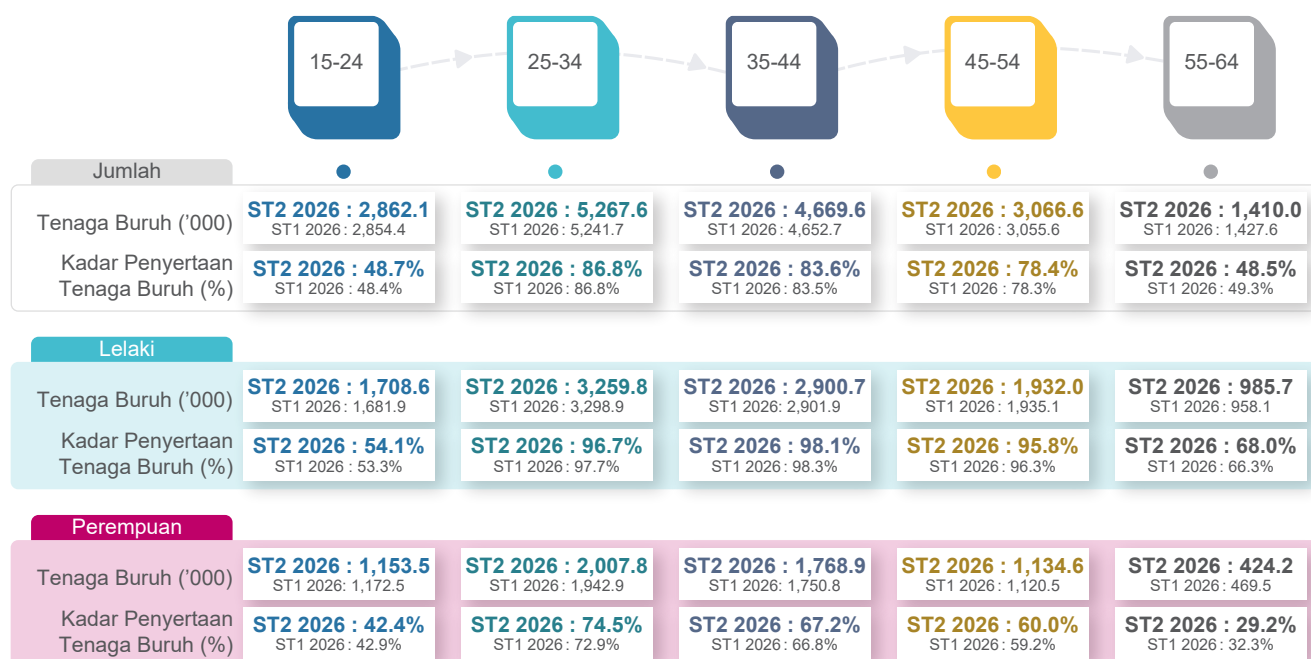
Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk, yang mencerminkan keupayaan sesebuah ekonomi untuk mewujudkan pekerjaan, terus meningkat sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus kepada 68.9 peratus (ST1 2026: 68.8%). Dalam tempoh yang sama, bilangan luar tenaga buruh berkurang sebanyak 0.3 ribu orang, mencapai jumlah seramai 7.08 juta orang (ST1 2026: 7.08 juta orang) seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 2**.

Paparan 2 : Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Kedua 2025, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



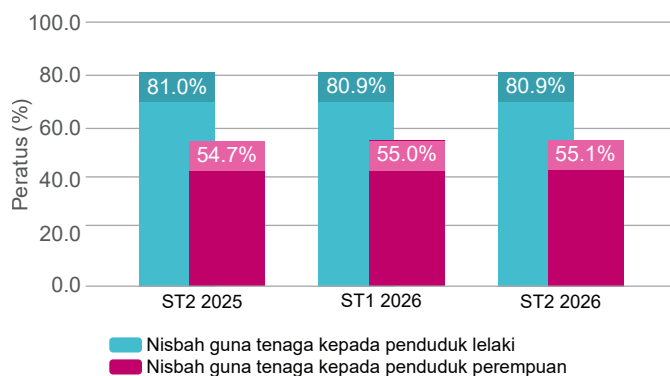
KPTB lelaki kekal pada 83.3 peratus, manakala KPTB perempuan meningkat 0.2 mata peratus kepada 57.0 peratus. Mengikut kategori umur, KPTB tertinggi di kalangan lelaki direkodkan oleh kategori umur 35 hingga 44 tahun pada 98.1 peratus, diikuti oleh mereka yang berumur 25 hingga 34 tahun (96.7%) dan 45 hingga 54 tahun (95.8%). Bagi KPTB perempuan, kumpulan umur 25 hingga 34 tahun mencatatkan kadar tertinggi pada 74.5 peratus, diikuti oleh umur 35 hingga 44 tahun (67.2%) dan 45 hingga 54 tahun (60.0%) seperti yang dipaparkan dalam **Paparan 3**.

Paparan 3: Tenaga Buruh dan Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh mengikut Jantina dan Kumpulan Umur, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



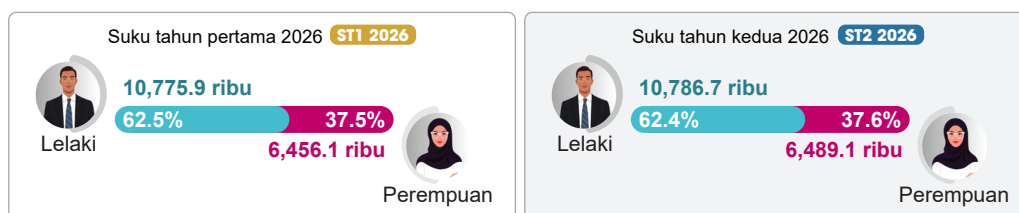
Dalam pada itu, nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk lelaki kekal pada 80.9 peratus, manakala nisbah bagi perempuan meningkat sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus kepada 55.1 peratus berbanding suku tahun sebelumnya [Carta 1].

Carta 1: Nisbah Guna Tenaga Kepada Penduduk mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Kedua 2025, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



Bilangan tenaga buruh lelaki dan perempuan pada suku tahun kedua 2026 merekodkan pertumbuhan positif, masing-masing meningkat sebanyak 10.8 ribu orang (+0.1%) dan 32.9 ribu orang (+0.5%). Tenaga buruh lelaki mencapai seramai 10.79 juta orang, merangkumi sebanyak 62.4 peratus daripada keseluruhan tenaga buruh, manakala tenaga buruh perempuan mencatatkan 6.49 juta orang, menyumbang sebanyak 37.6 peratus [Paparan 4].

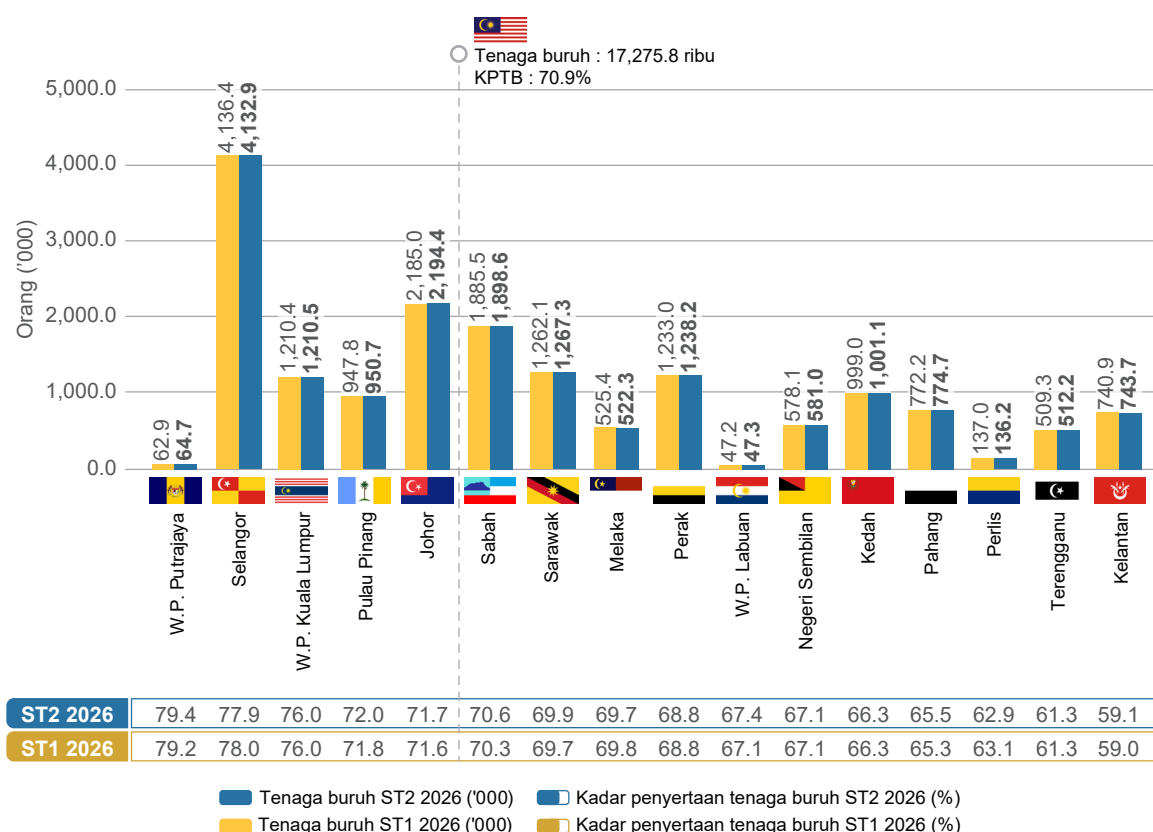
Paparan 4: Tenaga Buruh mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



W.P. Putrajaya merekodkan kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh tertinggi pada 79.4 peratus

Di peringkat nasional, KPTB kekal 70.9 peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2026. Sebanyak lima negeri mencatatkan KPTB yang melebihi kadar nasional, dengan W.P. Putrajaya merekodkan KPTB tertinggi, 79.4 peratus, diikuti oleh negeri Selangor (77.9%) dan W.P. Kuala Lumpur (76.0%) seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Carta 2**.

Carta 2: Tenaga Buruh dan Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh mengikut Negeri, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



4. Penduduk bekerja

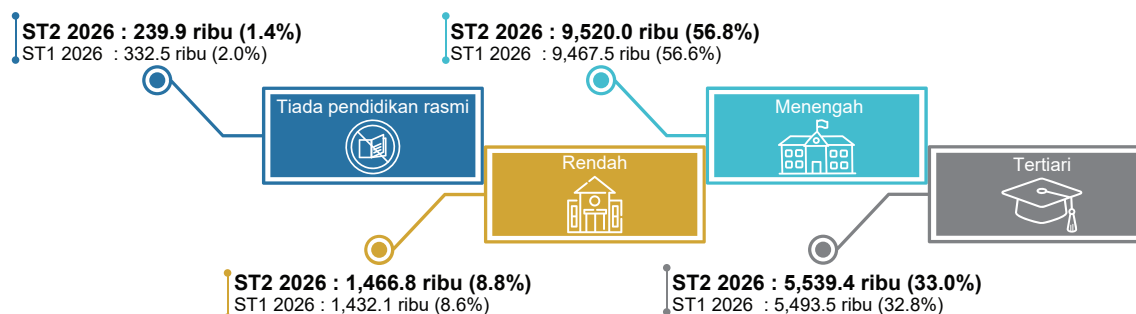
Bilangan penduduk bekerja mengekalkan trend peningkatan, merekodkan kenaikan sebanyak 0.2 peratus

Bilangan penduduk bekerja mengekalkan trend peningkatan pada suku tahun kedua 2026, merekodkan pertambahan sebanyak 40.5 ribu orang (0.2%) kepada 16.77 juta orang (ST1 2026: 16.73 juta orang). Perbandingan tahun ke tahun, penduduk bekerja meningkat 1.1 peratus, bersamaan dengan pertambahan 179.2 ribu orang berbanding tempoh yang sama pada tahun 2025 (ST2 2025: 16.59 juta orang).

Penduduk bekerja lelaki meningkat sebanyak 0.1 peratus kepada 10.48 juta orang berbanding suku tahun sebelumnya, dengan sumbangan 62.5 peratus daripada jumlah penduduk bekerja. Sementara itu, perempuan mewakili 37.5 peratus daripada jumlah penduduk bekerja, meningkat 0.5 peratus kepada 6.28 juta orang. Mengikut kumpulan umur, penduduk bekerja berumur 25 hingga 34 tahun terus mencatatkan peratus tertinggi dengan 30.6 peratus (5.13 juta orang), diikuti oleh kumpulan umur 35 hingga 44 tahun dengan 27.6 peratus (4.63 juta orang) dan kumpulan umur 45 hingga 54 tahun sebanyak 18.1 peratus (3.03 juta orang).

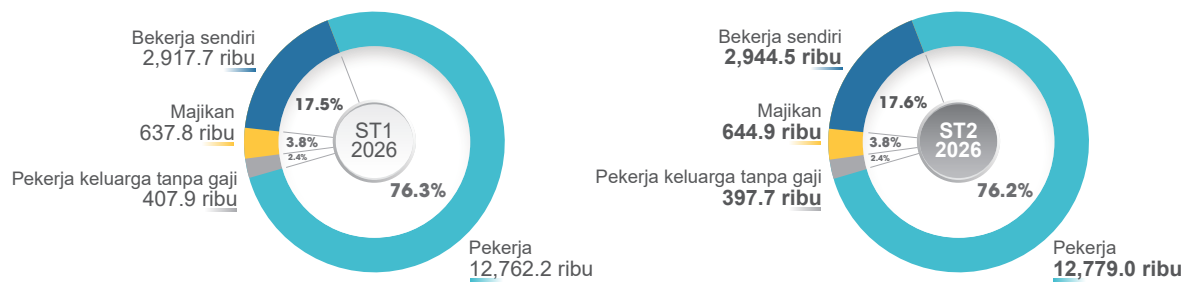
Dari segi pencapaian pendidikan, penduduk bekerja berpendidikan menengah kekal sebagai kategori terbesar, merangkumi 56.8 peratus daripada jumlah penduduk bekerja dengan 9.52 juta orang (ST1 2026: 56.6%; 9.47 juta orang). Ini diikuti oleh penduduk bekerja berpendidikan tertiar pada 33.0 peratus atau 5.54 juta orang (ST1 2026: 32.8%; 5.49 juta orang) seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 5**.

Paparan 5: Penduduk Bekerja mengikut Pencapaian Pendidikan, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026, ('000)



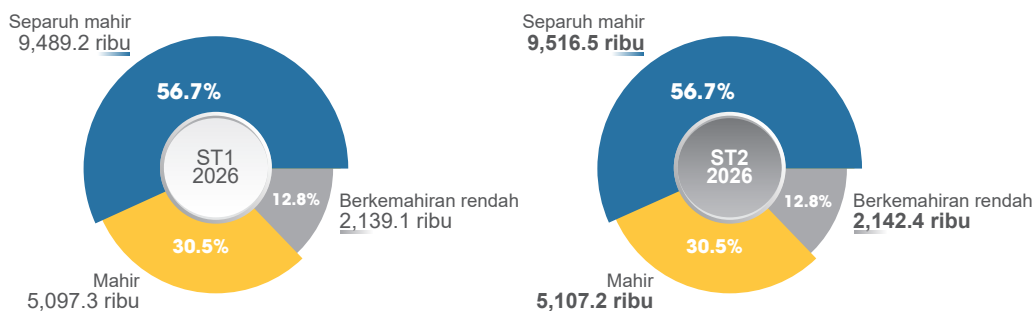
Mengikut taraf pekerjaan, kategori pekerja terus menyumbang peratus terbesar daripada jumlah guna tenaga dengan 76.2 peratus. Kategori ini bertambah 0.1 peratus (+16.8 ribu orang) kepada 12.78 juta orang pada suku tahun kedua 2026 (ST1 2026: 12.76 juta orang). Penduduk bekerja sendiri turut merekodkan peningkatan 0.9 peratus (+26.8 ribu orang) kepada 2.94 juta orang. Trend yang sama turut dilihat dalam kategori majikan, meningkat sebanyak 1.1 peratus kepada 644.9 ribu orang (ST1 2026: 637.8 ribu orang). Pada masa yang sama, pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji terus menurun kepada 397.7 ribu orang (ST1 2026: 407.9 ribu orang), seperti yang dipaparkan dalam **Carta 3**.

Carta 3: Penduduk Bekerja mengikut Taraf Pekerjaan, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026, ('000)



Merujuk kepada tahap kemahiran, majoriti penduduk bekerja adalah dalam kategori separuh mahir, merangkumi 56.7 peratus atau bersamaan 9.52 juta orang. Ini diikuti oleh pekerja mahir, yang mewakili 30.5 peratus, merekodkan 5.11 juta orang, manakala pekerja berkemahiran rendah menyumbang 12.8 peratus atau 2.14 juta orang. Dari suku tahun ke suku tahun, bilangan penduduk bekerja meningkat bagi semua kategori kemahiran, dengan pekerja separuh mahir mencatatkan peningkatan sebanyak 0.3 peratus, manakala kategori mahir dan berkemahiran rendah masing-masing meningkat 0.2 peratus. Pada suku tahun tersebut, bilangan penduduk bekerja kategori mahir naik sebanyak 9.9 ribu orang seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Carta 4**.

Carta 4: Penduduk Bekerja mengikut Tahap Kemahiran, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026, ('000)

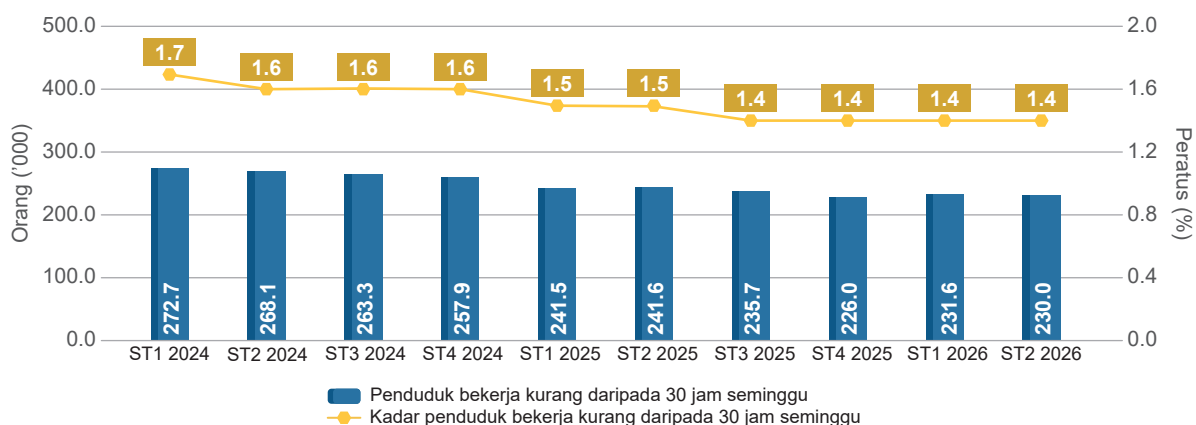


Indikator Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh: Bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu

Pemahaman yang komprehensif berkenaan pasaran buruh memerlukan analisis indikator tambahan di samping indikator pengangguran. Oleh itu, indikator bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu, guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa dan guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran dapat memberi lebih banyak gambaran mengenai kedudukan penawaran tenaga buruh Malaysia selaras dengan situasi semasa.

Penduduk **bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu** merujuk kepada individu yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam dalam minggu rujukan disebabkan keadaan kerja atau kerana kerja tidak mencukupi. Pada suku tahun kedua 2026, bilangan yang bekerja dalam kategori ini berkurang sebanyak 0.7 peratus kepada 230.0 ribu orang (ST1 2026: 231.6 ribu orang). Sementara itu, kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu kekal pada 1.4 peratus daripada jumlah penduduk bekerja (ST1 2026: 1.4%) seperti yang digambarkan dalam **Carta 5**.

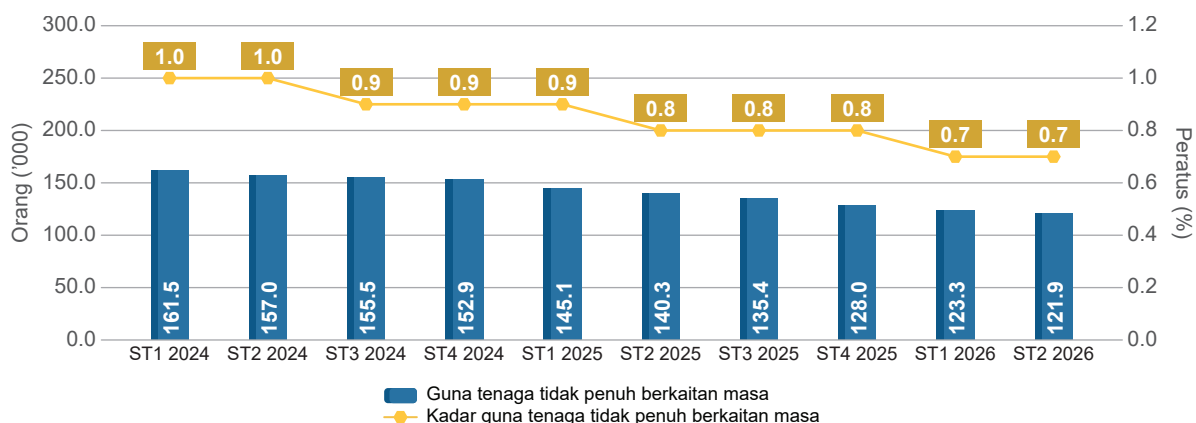
Carta 5: Penduduk Bekerja Kurang Daripada 30 Jam Seminggu, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 - Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



Indikator Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh: Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa

Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa, ditakrifkan sebagai mereka yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu serta mampu dan sanggup menerima tambahan jam bekerja pada minggu rujukan berkurang kepada 121.9 ribu orang, manakala kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa kekal pada 0.7 peratus (ST1 2026: 123.3 ribu orang; 0.7%) seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Carta 6**.

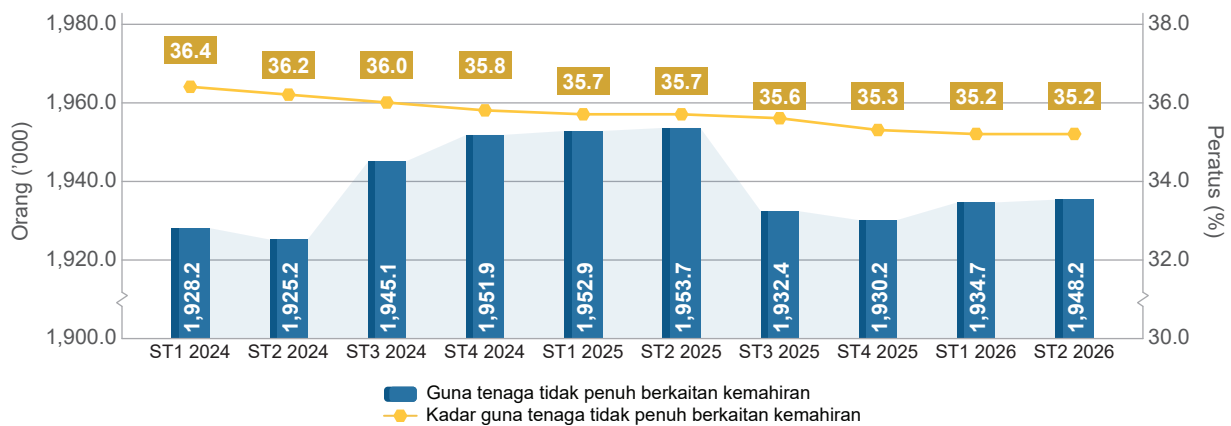
Carta 6: Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Masa, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 - Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



Indikator Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh: Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran

Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran, ditakrifkan sebagai penduduk bekerja berpendidikan tertiar tetapi bekerja dalam kategori separuh mahir dan berkemahiran rendah, meningkat 0.7 peratus (+13.6 ribu orang) kepada 1.95 juta orang. Walau bagaimanapun, kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran dalam kalangan penduduk bekerja berpendidikan tertiar kekal pada 35.2 peratus (ST1 2026: 35.2%) seperti yang dipaparkan dalam **Carta 7**.

**Carta 7: Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Kemahiran,
Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 - Suku Tahun Kedua 2026**



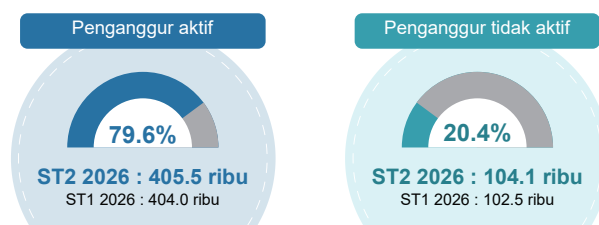
5. Pengangguran

Kadar pengangguran meningkat kepada 3.0 peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2026, dengan 509.7 ribu orang penganggur

Pada suku tahun kedua 2026, bilangan penganggur meningkat sebanyak 0.6 peratus, merekodkan 509.7 ribu orang berbanding 506.5 ribu orang pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Begitu juga, kadar pengangguran meningkat sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus kepada 3.0 peratus (ST1 2026: 2.9%). Perbandingan tahunan menunjukkan bilangan penganggur menurun sebanyak 1.6 peratus (-8.1 ribu orang) berbanding suku tahun kedua 2025, manakala kadar pengangguran kekal tidak berubah (ST2 2025: 517.8 ribu orang; 3.0%).

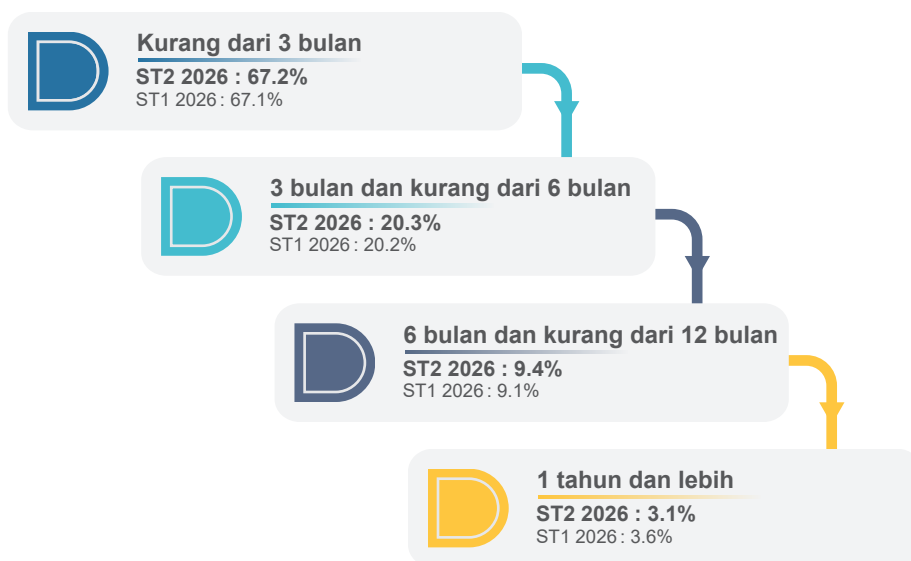
Mengikut kategori pengangguran, penganggur aktif atau mereka yang sedia untuk bekerja dan aktif mencari pekerjaan merangkumi 79.6 peratus daripada jumlah penganggur. Kumpulan ini meningkat 0.4 peratus dengan mencatatkan 405.5 ribu orang pada suku tahun kedua 2026, berbanding 404.0 ribu orang pada suku tahun pertama 2026, (ST1 2026: 79.8%). Sementara itu, penganggur tidak aktif atau mereka yang percaya tiada pekerjaan kosong sedia ada, meningkat sebanyak 1.7 ribu orang kepada 104.1 ribu orang (ST1 2026: 102.5 ribu orang) seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 6**.

**Paparan 6: Kategori Penganggur, Malaysia,
Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026, ('000)**



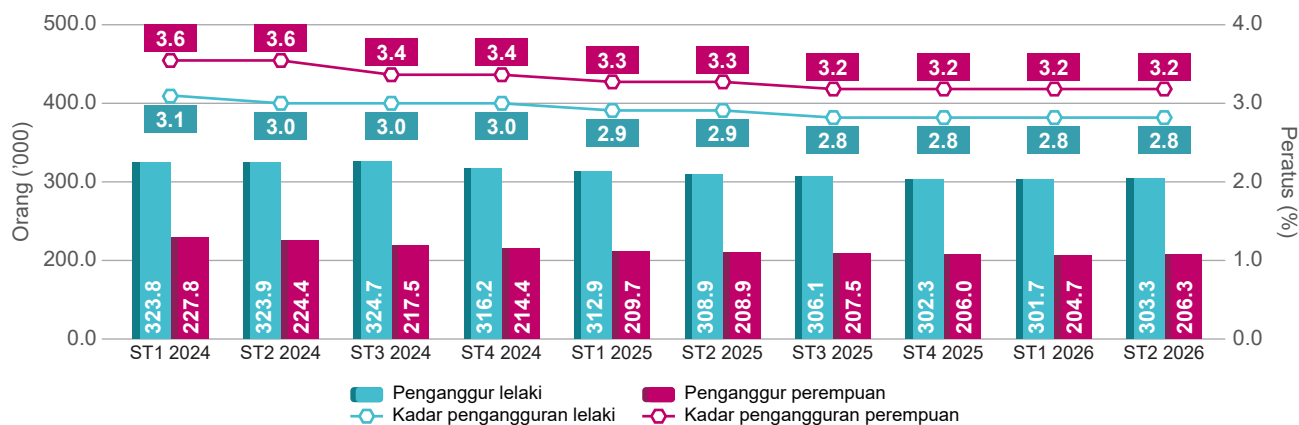
Analisis mengenai tempoh pengangguran menunjukkan 67.2 peratus daripada penganggur aktif, menganggur kurang daripada tiga bulan pada suku tahun kedua 2026. Sebaliknya, penganggur aktif yang menganggur melebihi satu tahun hanya mewakili 3.1 peratus, seperti yang digambarkan dalam **Paparan 7**.

Paparan 7: Penganggur Aktif mengikut Tempoh Menganggur, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



Mengikut jantina, kadar pengangguran lelaki kekal pada 2.8 peratus. Sementara itu, bilangan penganggur lelaki meningkat sebanyak 1.6 ribu orang kepada 303.3 ribu orang (ST1 2026: 301.7 ribu orang). Bilangan penganggur perempuan turut mencatatkan peningkatan sebanyak 0.8 ribu orang kepada 206.3 ribu orang berbanding 204.7 ribu orang pada suku tahun sebelumnya, namun kadar pengangguran perempuan turun kepada 69.3 peratus seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Carta 8**.

Carta 8: Pengangguran mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 - Suku Tahun Kedua 2026

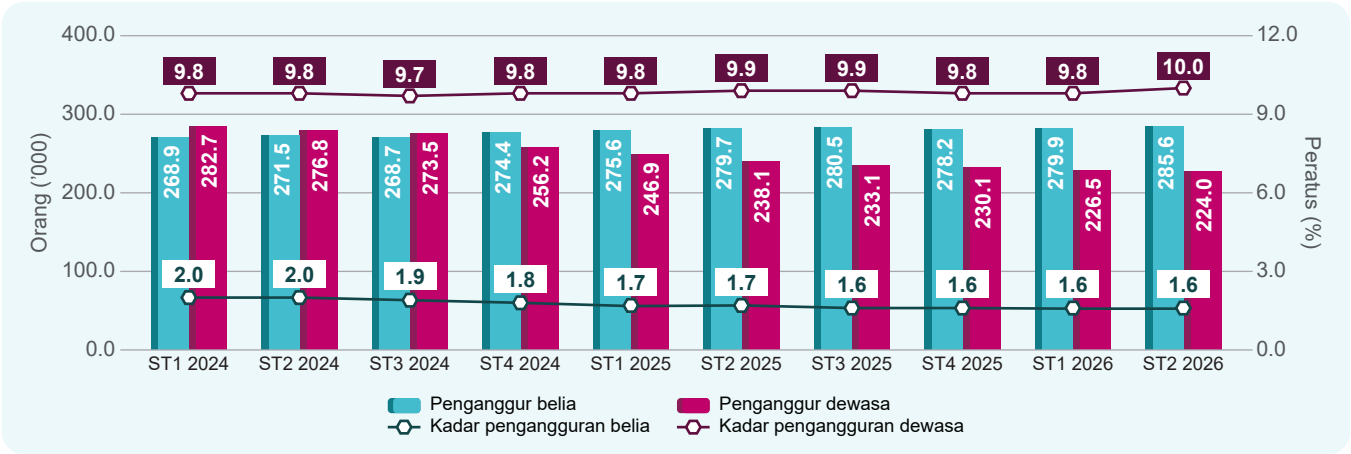


Pada suku tahun kedua 2026, bilangan penganggur belia meningkat 2.0 peratus kepada 285.6 ribu orang (ST1 2026: 279.9 ribu orang), dengan kadar pengangguran meningkat kepada 10.0 peratus. Sebaliknya, bilangan penganggur dewasa berkurang sebanyak 2.5 ribu orang kepada 224.0 ribu orang (ST1 2026: 226.5 ribu orang), dengan kadar pengangguran yang kekal tidak berubah pada 1.6 peratus.

Perbandingan tahun ke tahun, bilangan penganggur belia meningkat sebanyak 5.9 ribu orang, begitu juga kadar pengangguran belia meningkat 0.1 mata peratus pada suku tahun kedua 2025 (ST2 2025: 279.7 ribu orang; 9.9%). Sebaliknya, bilangan dewasa yang menganggur mencatatkan

penurunan sebanyak 14.1 ribu orang, dengan kadar pengangguran dewasa menurun sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus (ST2 2025: 238.1 ribu orang; 1.7%) seperti yang dipaparkan dalam **Carta 9**.

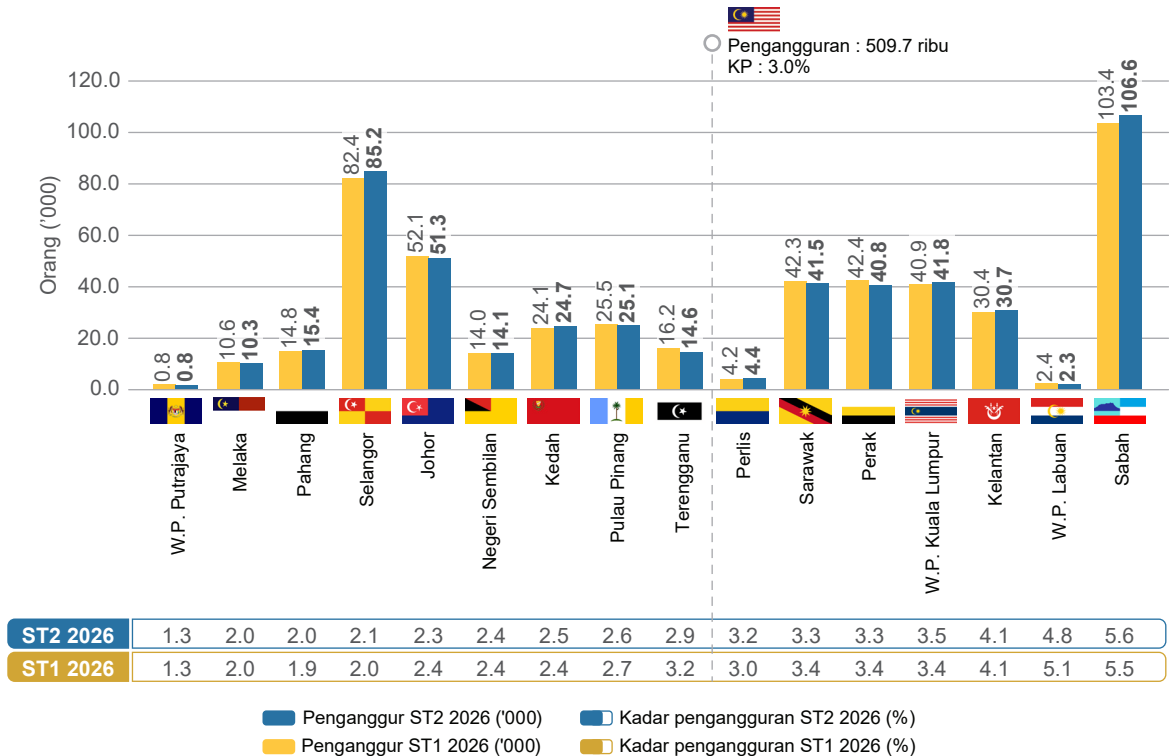
Carta 9: Pengangguran Belia dan Dewasa, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 - Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



W.P. Putrajaya merekodkan kadar pengangguran terendah pada 1.3 peratus

Di peringkat negeri, sembilan negeri merekodkan kadar pengangguran di bawah kadar pengangguran nasional iaitu 3.0 peratus. W.P. Putrajaya mencatatkan kadar pengangguran terendah pada 1.3 peratus, diikuti oleh negeri Melaka & Pahang (2.0%) dan negeri Selangor (2.1%) seperti di **Carta 10**.

Carta 10: Pengangguran mengikut Negeri, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



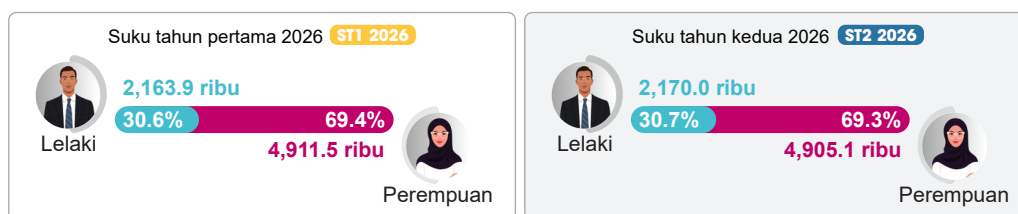
6. Luar tenaga buruh

Perempuan merangkumi 69.3 peratus daripada penduduk luar tenaga buruh

Bilangan penduduk luar tenaga buruh menurun sebanyak 0.3 ribu orang kepada 7.08 juta orang pada suku kedua tahun 2026 (ST1 2026: 7.08 juta orang). Dari perspektif tahun ke tahun, bilangan penduduk luar tenaga buruh mencatatkan peningkatan sebanyak 0.5 peratus atau 36.7 ribu orang berbanding suku kedua tahun 2025 (7.04 juta orang).

Perempuan kekal sebagai kumpulan terbesar dalam kalangan penduduk luar tenaga buruh dengan merangkumi 69.3 peratus atau 4.91 juta orang. Penduduk luar tenaga buruh lelaki mencatatkan sebanyak 30.7 peratus, bersamaan 2.17 juta orang, seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 8**.

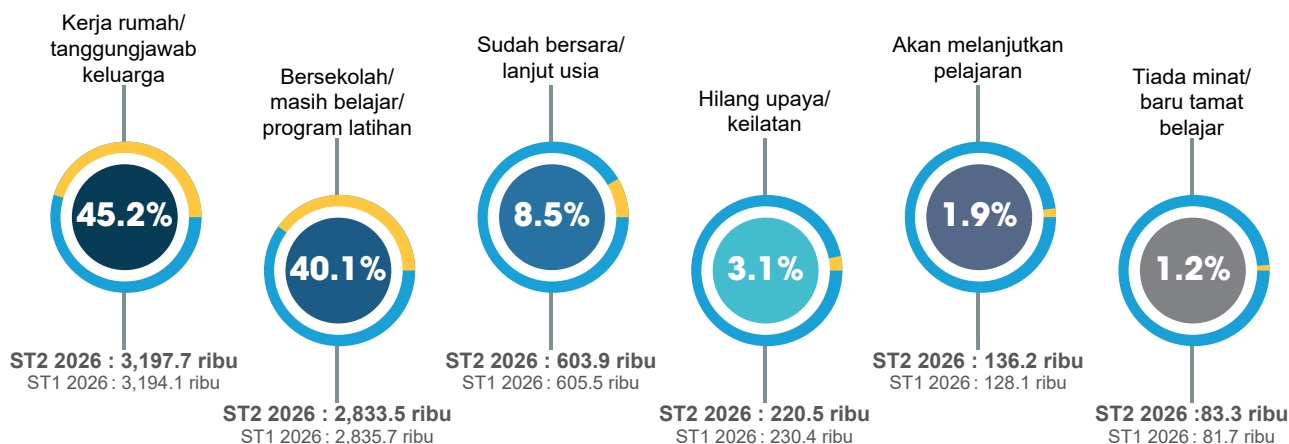
Paparan 8: Luar Tenaga Buruh mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



Sebab utama penduduk luar tenaga buruh adalah kerja rumah/ tanggungjawab keluarga

Dalam kalangan penduduk di luar tenaga buruh, sebab-sebab kerja rumah/ tanggungjawab keluarga merupakan komponen terbesar yang merangkumi 45.2 peratus atau 3.20 juta orang. Bersekolah/ masih belajar/ program latihan pula merupakan komponen kedua terbesar dalam kalangan penduduk luar tenaga buruh dengan mencatatkan 40.1 peratus atau 2.83 juta orang seperti ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 9**.

Paparan 9: Luar Tenaga Buruh mengikut Sebab Tidak Mencari Kerja, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 & Suku Tahun Kedua 2026



1. Introduction

Malaysia's advance Gross Domestic Product (GDP) estimates recorded a growth of 5.8 per cent in the second quarter of 2026, improving from 5.4 per cent in the preceding quarter. The stronger growth was supported by expansion in the Services, Manufacturing, Mining and quarrying, and Construction sectors. In contrast, the Agriculture sector contracted during this quarter. In terms of quarter-on-quarter performance, Malaysia's economy rose by 1.7 per cent, reversing the 4.4 per cent decline registered in the first quarter of 2026.

Malaysia's economy continued to record encouraging trade performance in the first six months of 2026, with total external trade increasing by 22.4 per cent to RM1.796 trillion. This was supported by a 27.5 per cent growth in exports to RM971.59 billion, reflecting sustained demand for Malaysian goods in international markets and the resilience of the country's trade sector¹. At the same time, the implementation of more targeted investment incentives is expected to strengthen the industrial ecosystem and enhance Malaysia's competitiveness in attracting high-quality and high-value-added investments². These developments are anticipated to stimulate economic activities, particularly in the manufacturing sector and export-oriented industries, while contributing to the demand for skilled labour and expanding employment opportunities, thereby supporting Malaysia's economic growth.

Positive developments in Services sector activities, increased strategic investments and efforts to empower the workforce continued to strengthen the country's economic growth momentum. The larger-scale organisation of MATTA Fair in April 2026 is expected to serve as a catalyst for the growth of the domestic and international tourism sectors through higher consumer spending, thereby enhanced economic activities in related sectors such as accommodation, transportation, food and beverages, as well as tourism support services³. Concurrently, efforts by the Ministry of Human Resources (KESUMA) to strengthen the gig workers' ecosystem through training and skills development reflect its continuous commitment to enhancing the employability and competitiveness of gig workers, while expanding their participation opportunities in the labour market⁴. In addition, the RM11.6 billion investment from South Korea in Sarawak reflects foreign investors' confidence in the country's economic prospects and has the potential to strengthen the development of high-value-added industries. This investment is expected to increase demand for skilled labour, while contributing to regional economic growth⁵. Overall, the synergy between economic activity expansion, workforce skills development and quality investment inflows serves as a catalyst for strengthening a more dynamic, inclusive and resilient labour market.

Furthermore, strengthening the quality employment agenda remains a key priority in enhancing labour force competitiveness and supporting Malaysia's economic transition towards higher value-added activities⁶. Emphasis on skills enhancement, productivity improvement and the provision of better-paying employment is expected to further strengthen the labour market structure and continuously improve workers' well-being. The adoption of artificial intelligence (AI) in the energy sector as a complement to the workforce reflects the country's ongoing commitment to digital transformation and the development of a highly skilled workforce⁷. These initiatives are expected to increase demand for workers with digital and technical skills, thereby strengthening the labour market while enhancing Malaysia's economic competitiveness.

¹ <https://www.matrade.gov.my/ms/about-matrade/press-release/prestasi-perdagangan-luar-bagi-bulan-jun-2026>

² <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/insentif-pelaburan-bantu-bangunkan-ekosistem-industri-tengku-zafrul>

³ <https://www.sinarharian.com.my/article/774230/berita/nasional/matta-fair-april-2026-buka-tirai-pengeluaran-terbesar>

⁴ <https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/nasional/2026/05/1562618/kesuma-perkukuh-ekosistem-pekerja-gig-menerusi-latihan-dan>

⁵ <https://www.utusanborneo.com.my/2026/05/31/sarawak-rekod-pelaburan-rm116-bilion-dari-korea-selatan>

⁶ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/kesuma-perkukuh-agenda-pekerjaan-berkualiti-pacu-gaji-lebih-baik>

⁷ <https://www.hmetro.com.my/bisnes/2026/06/1365003/tnb-bangunkan-masa-depan-tenaga-pintar-melalui-ai-sinergi-tenaga-kerja>

The Labour Force Survey Report for the second quarter of 2026 presents statistics of the labour force based on the Labour Force Survey conducted by the Department of Statistics Malaysia. The survey is carried out using probability sampling through a household approach to collect data on the structure of the labour force, employment, and unemployment, covering Malaysian citizens and non-citizens. The principal statistics are presented according to selected demographic and socioeconomic characteristics such as sex, age group, educational attainment, status in employment and occupation. The report elaborates on the quarter on-quarter changes to examine the immediate effect of socioeconomic events that occurred throughout the quarter. Users are advised to interpret these short-term changes with caution since the data are not seasonally adjusted. In addition, annual changes from the same quarter of the preceding year are also reported.

2. Concepts and definitions

The implementation of Labour Force Survey in Malaysia is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the **International Labour Organization (ILO)** with reference to the **Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods**.

Exhibit 1: Concepts and Definitions



WORKING AGE POPULATION

All persons aged between 15 to 64 years who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.



LABOUR FORCE

All persons in the working age who are either employed or unemployed.



EMPLOYED

All persons who at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as employers, employees, own-account workers or unpaid family workers.



UNEMPLOYED

All persons who did not work during the reference week and are classified into two groups that are actively unemployed and inactively unemployed.



OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled person and those not interested in looking for jobs.

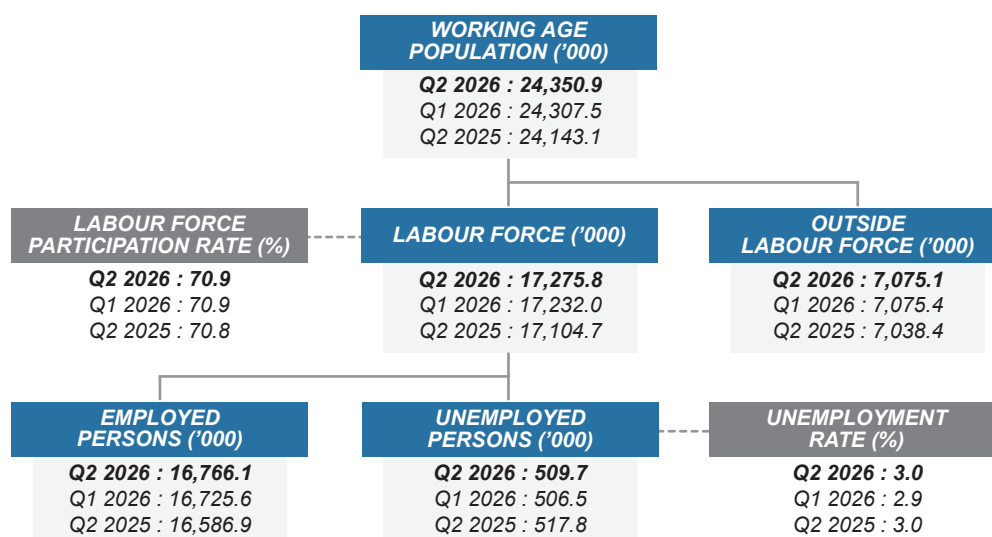
3. Labour force

The labour force participation rate remained unchanged at 70.9 per cent in the second quarter of 2026

The labour force expanded by 0.3 per cent in the second quarter of 2026, increasing by 43.7 thousand persons to 17.28 million persons (Q1 2026: 17.23 million persons). The Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) remained unchanged at 70.9 per cent, the same rate recorded in the preceding quarter. Meanwhile, year-on-year comparison, the labour force edged up by 171.1 thousand persons (Q2 2025: 17.10 million persons). In line with this, the LFPR increased by 0.1 percentage points (Q2 2025: 70.8%).

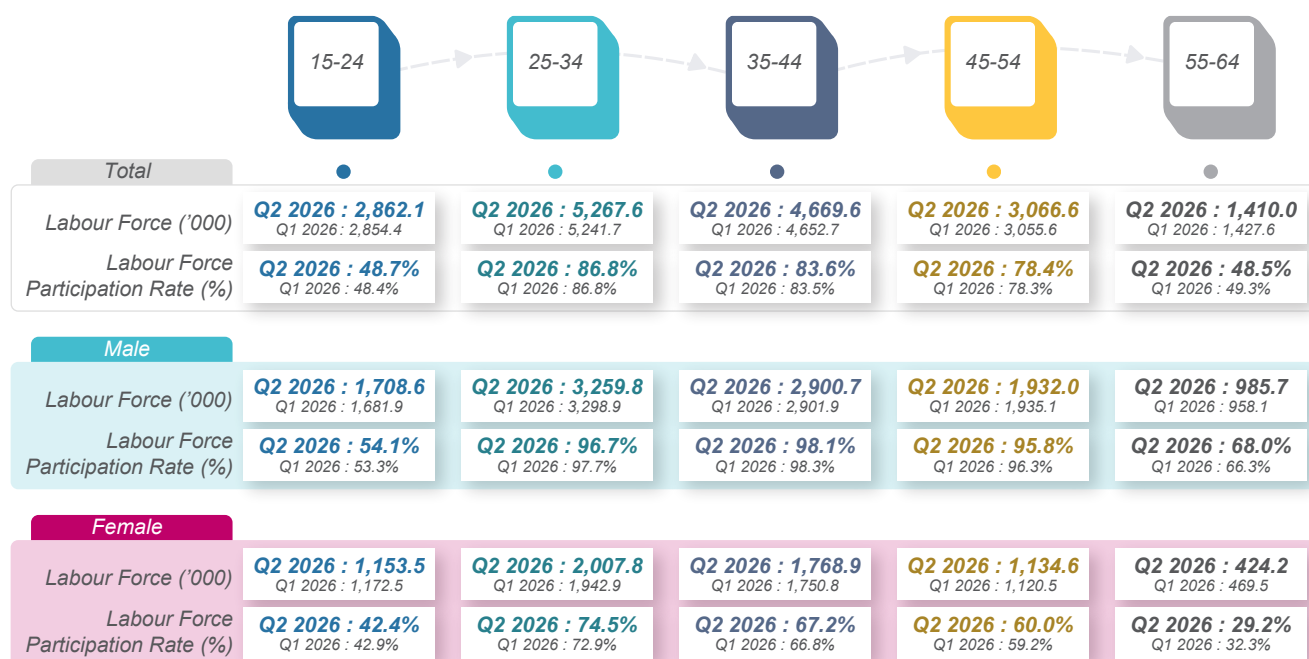
The employment-to-population ratio, which reflects the economy's capacity for job creation, further increased by 0.1 percentage points to post 68.9 per cent (Q1 2026: 68.8%). During the same period, the number of outside labour force declined by 0.3 thousand persons, reaching a total of 7.08 million persons (Q1 2026: 7.08 million persons) as shown in **Exhibit 2**.

**Exhibit 2: Principal Statistics of Labour Force, Malaysia,
Second Quarter of 2026, First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2025**



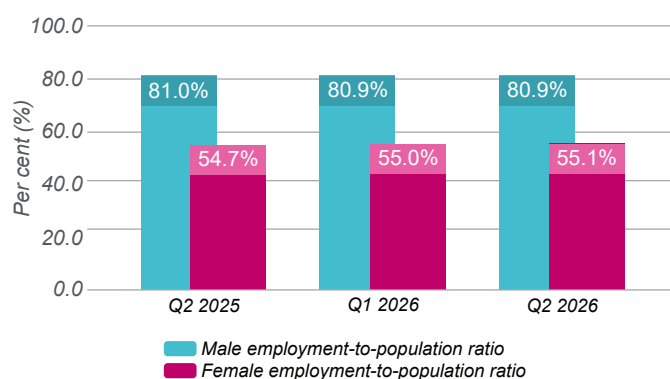
LFPR for males stood at 83.3 per cent, while the LFPR for females increased by 0.2 percentage points to 57.0 per cent. By age category, the highest LFPR among males was recorded for those aged 35 to 44 years at 98.1 per cent, followed by those aged 25 to 34 years (96.7%) and 45 to 54 years (95.8%). As for female LFPR, the 25 to 34 age group registered the highest rate at 74.5 per cent, followed by the 35 to 44 years (67.2%) and 45 to 54 years (60.0%), as depicted in **Exhibit 3**.

Exhibit 3: Labour Force and Labour Force Participation Rate by Sex and Age Group, Malaysia, First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026



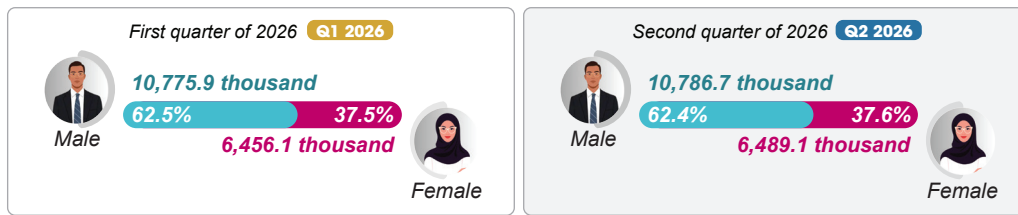
In the meantime, the male employment-to-population ratio remained at 80.9 per cent, while the female ratio edged up by 0.1 percentage points to 55.1 per cent compared to the preceding quarter [Chart 1].

Chart 1: Employment-to-population Ratio by Sex, Malaysia, Second Quarter of 2025, First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026



The number of male and female labour force participants recorded positive growth in the second quarter of 2026, increasing by 10.8 thousand persons (+0.1%) and 32.9 thousand persons (+0.5%), respectively. The male labour force reached 10.79 million persons, accounting for 62.4 per cent of the total labour force, while the female labour force registered at 6.49 million persons, contributing 37.6 per cent. [Exhibit 4].

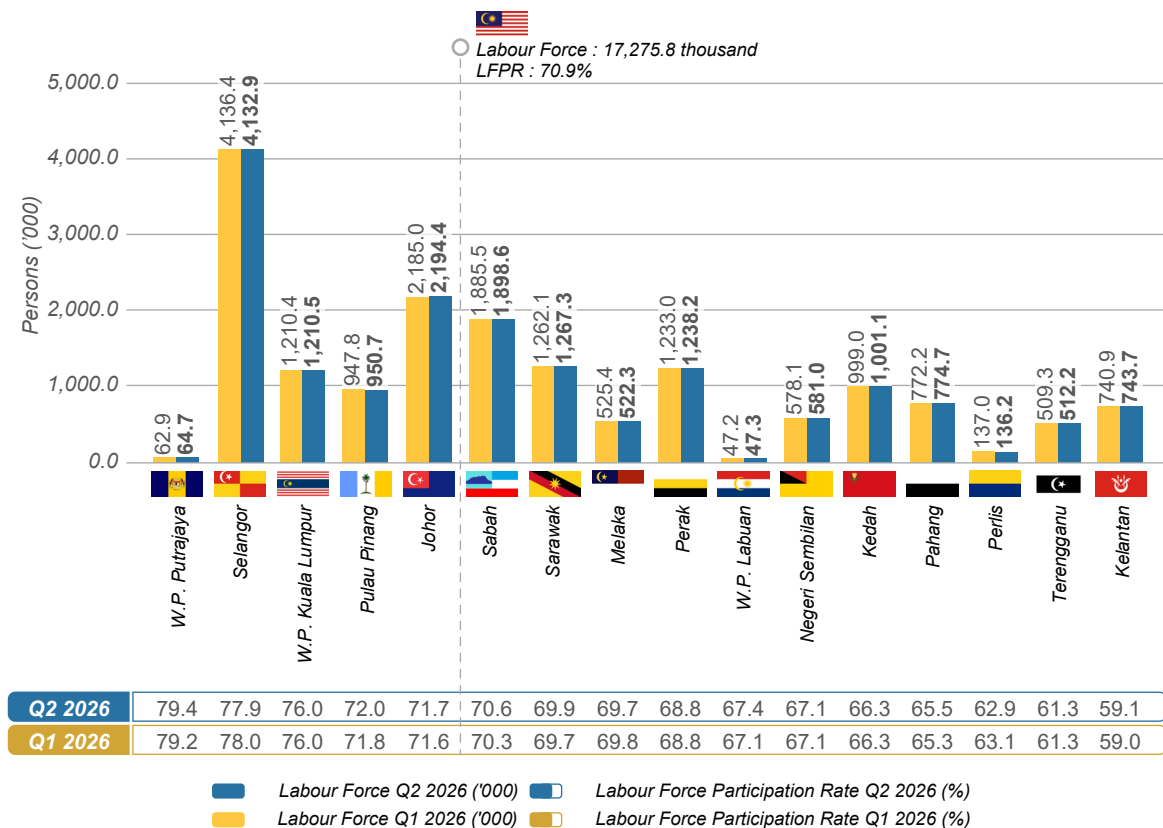
**Exhibit 4: Labour Force by Sex, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026**



W.P. Putrajaya recorded the highest labour force participation rate at 79.4 per cent

At the national level, the LFPR held steady at 70.9 per cent in the second quarter of 2026. Five states recorded LFPR above the national rate with W.P. Putrajaya registered the highest LFPR at 79.4 per cent, followed by Selangor (77.9%) and W.P. Kuala Lumpur (76.0%) as illustrated in **Chart 2**.

**Chart 2: Labour Force and Labour Force Participation Rate by State,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026**



4. Employed persons

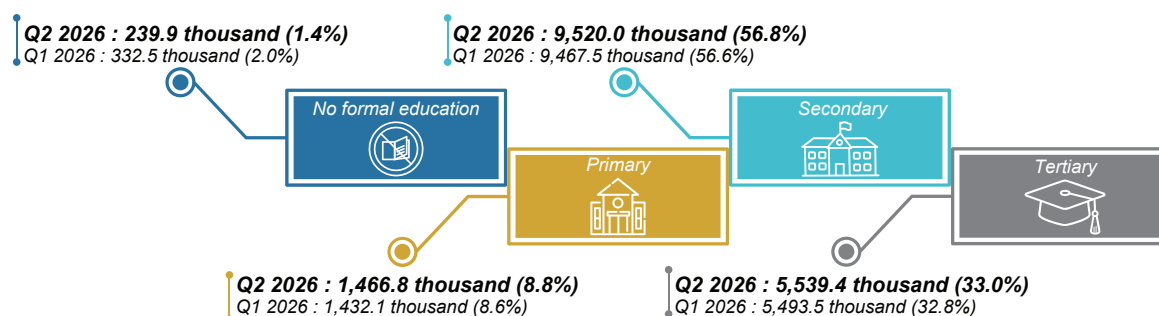
The number of employed persons continued its upward trend, recording an increase of 0.2 per cent

The number of employed persons maintained its upward trend in the second quarter of 2026, recording an additional 40.5 thousand persons (0.2%) to 16.77 million persons (Q1 2026: 16.73 million persons). On year-on-year comparison, the number of employed persons increased by 1.1 per cent or 179.2 thousand persons compared with the same period of the previous year (Q2 2025: 16.59 million persons).

The number of males employed persons increased by 0.1 per cent to 10.48 million persons compared with the preceding quarter, accounting for 62.5 per cent of total employed persons. In the meantime, females represented 37.5 per cent of the total employed persons, rising by 0.5 per cent to 6.28 million persons. By age group, employed persons aged 25 to 34 years continued to constitute the highest share at 30.6 per cent (5.13 million persons), followed by those aged 35 to 44 years with 27.6 per cent (4.63 million persons), and those aged 45 to 54 years at 18.1 per cent (3.03 million persons).

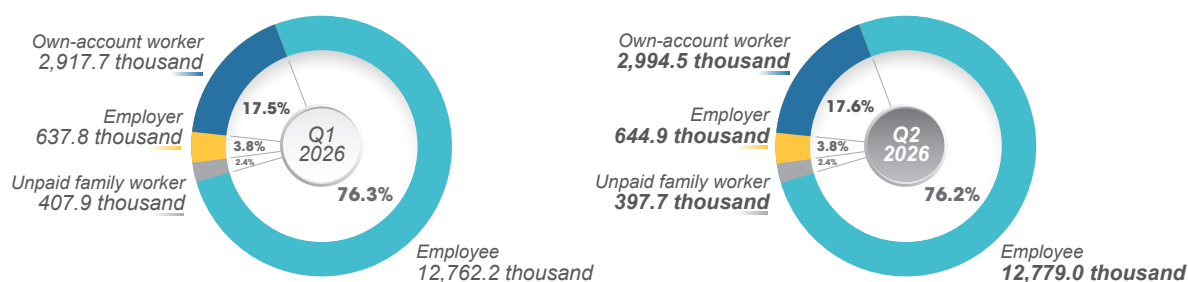
In terms of educational attainment, employed persons with secondary education remained the largest category, comprising 56.8 per cent of total employed persons with 9.52 million persons (Q1 2026: 56.6%; 9.47 million persons). This was followed by employed persons with tertiary education at 33.0 per cent or 5.54 million persons (Q1 2026: 32.8%; 5.49 million persons) as shown in **Exhibit 5**.

**Exhibit 5: Employed Person by Educational Attainment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026, ('000)**



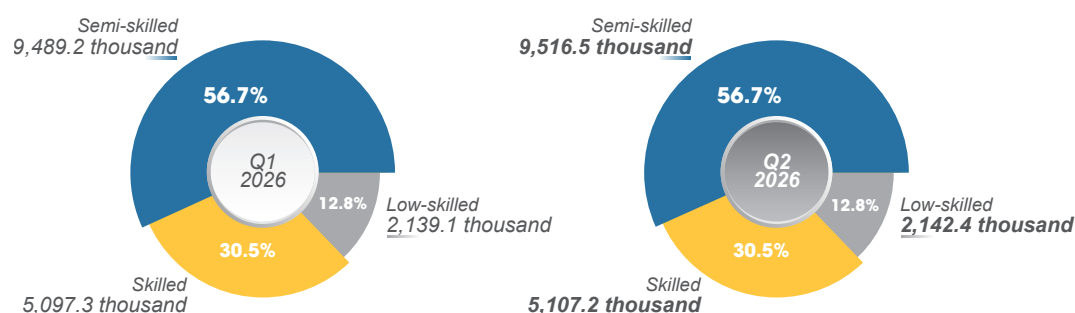
By employment status, employees continued to account for the largest share of total employment at 76.2 per cent. This category increased by 0.1 per cent (+16.8 thousand persons) to 12.78 million persons in the second quarter of 2026 (Q1 2026: 12.76 million persons). Own-account workers also recorded an increase of 0.9 per cent (+26.8 thousand persons) to 2.94 million persons. A similar trend was observed in the employer's category increased by 1.1 per cent to 644.9 thousand persons (Q1 2026: 637.8 thousand persons). At the same time, unpaid family workers declined to 397.7 thousand persons (Q1 2026: 407.9 thousand persons), and as depicted in **Chart 3**.

**Chart 3: Employed Person by Status in Employment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026, ('000)**



According to the skill level, the majority of employed persons were in the semi-skilled category, accounting for 56.7 per cent or 9.52 million persons. This was followed by skilled category, which represented 30.5 per cent or 5.11 million persons, while low-skilled employment accounted for 12.8 per cent or 2.14 million persons. On a quarter-on-quarter basis, the number of employed persons increased across all skill categories, with semi-skilled rising by 0.3 per cent, while both skilled and low-skilled employment increased by 0.2 per cent. During the quarter, the number of skilled employed persons went up by 9.9 thousand persons, as shown in **Chart 4**.

**Chart 4: Employed Person by Skill Level, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026, ('000)**

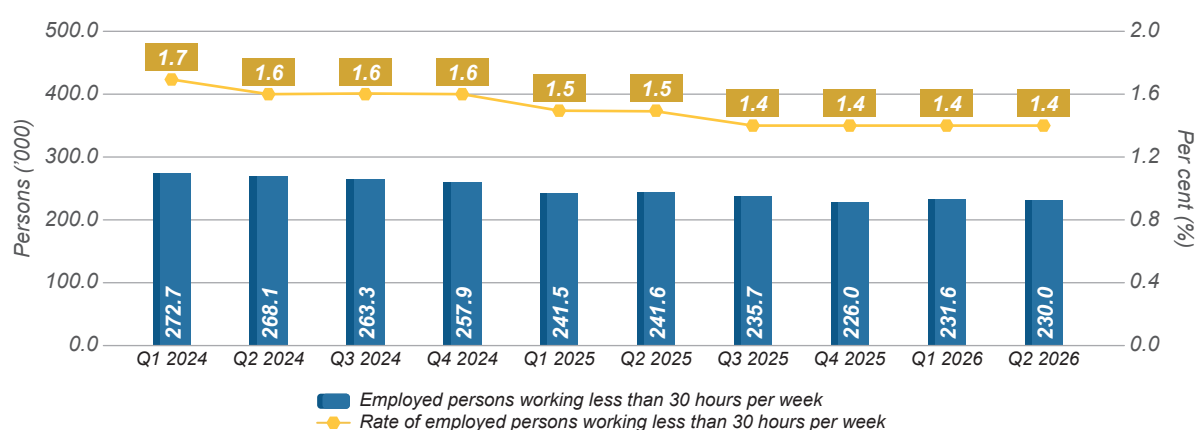


Underemployment Indicators: Working less than 30 hours per week

A comprehensive understanding of the labour market requires analysing additional indicators alongside the unemployment indicator. Hence, the indicators of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week, time-related underemployment and skill-related underemployment may be able to provide more insight into Malaysia's labour supply condition in line with the current situation.

Employed persons **working less than 30 hours per week** refer to those who worked less than 30 hours during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work. In the second quarter of 2026, the number of employed persons in this category decreased by 0.7 per cent to 230.0 thousand persons (Q1 2026: 231.6 thousand persons). Meanwhile, the rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week remained unchanged at 1.4 per cent of the total employment (Q1 2026: 1.4%) as illustrated in **Chart 5**.

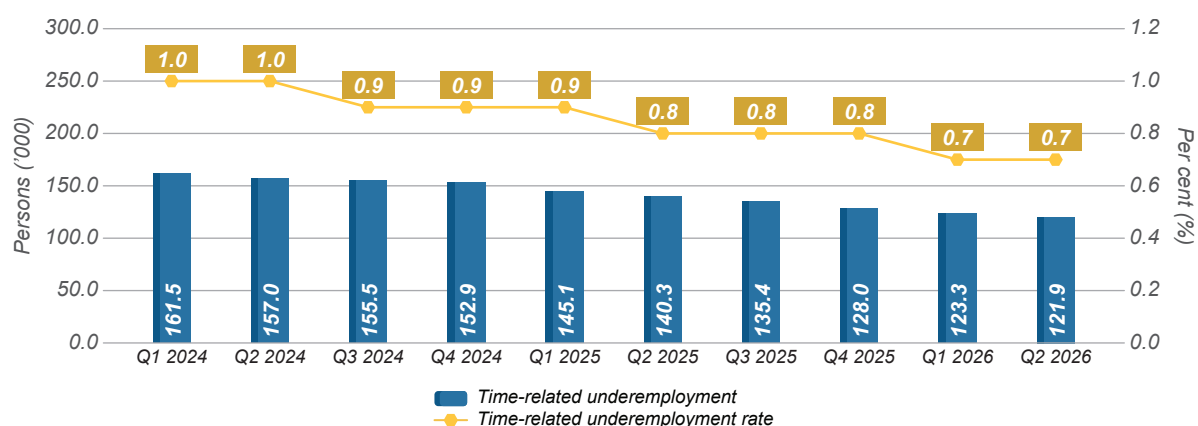
**Chart 5: Employed Person Working Less Than 30 Hours Per Week, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2024 - Second Quarter of 2026**



Underemployment Indicators: Time-related underemployment

Time-related underemployment, defined as employed persons who worked less than 30 hours per week and were able and willing to work extra hours during the reference week, declined to 121.9 thousand persons, while rate of time-related underemployment remained at 0.7 per cent (Q1 2026: 123.3 thousand persons; 0.7%), as shown in **Chart 6**.

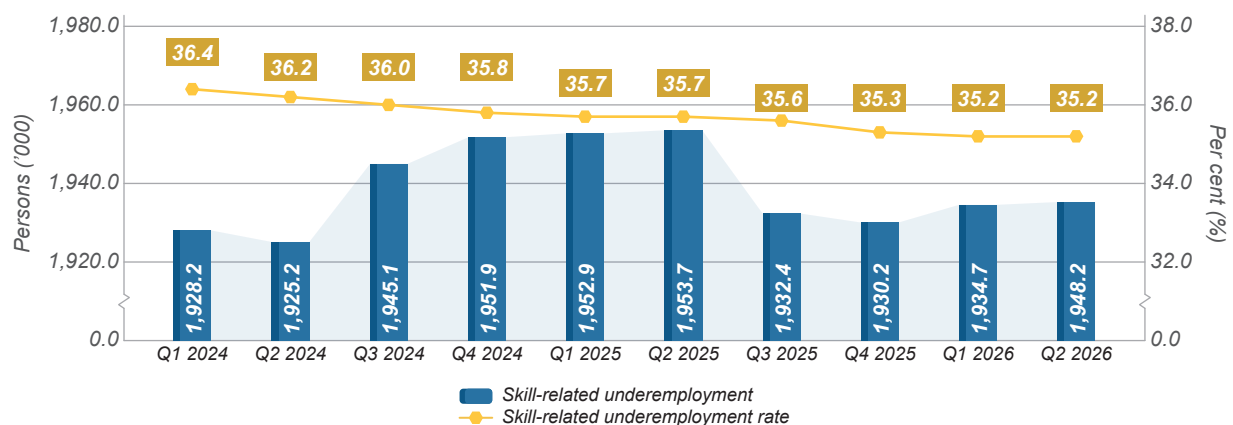
**Chart 6: Time-related Underemployment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2024 - Second Quarter of 2026**



Underemployment Indicators: Skill-related underemployment

Skill-related underemployment, which comprises employed persons with tertiary education but working in semi-skilled and low-skilled categories, increased by 0.7 per cent (+13.6 thousand persons) to 1.95 million persons. However, the skill-related underemployment rate among tertiary-educated employed persons remained unchanged at 35.2 per cent (Q1 2026: 35.2 per cent), as depicted in **Chart 7**.

**Chart 7: Skill-related Underemployment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2024 - Second Quarter of 2026**



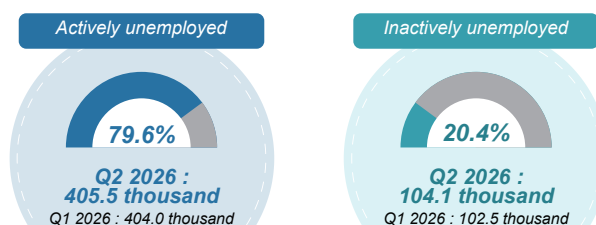
5. Unemployed and unemployment rate

The unemployment rate increased to 3.0 per cent in the second quarter of 2026, with 509.7 thousand unemployed persons

In the second quarter of 2026, the number of unemployed persons increased by 0.6 per cent, recording 509.7 thousand persons as compared to 506.5 thousand persons in the preceding quarter. Similarly, the unemployment rate increased by 0.1 percentage points to 3.0 per cent (Q1 2026: 2.9%). Yearly comparison shows the number of unemployed persons decreased by 1.6 per cent (-8.1 thousand persons) compared with the second quarter of 2025, while the unemployment rate remained unchanged (Q2 2025: 517.8 thousand persons; 3.0 per cent).

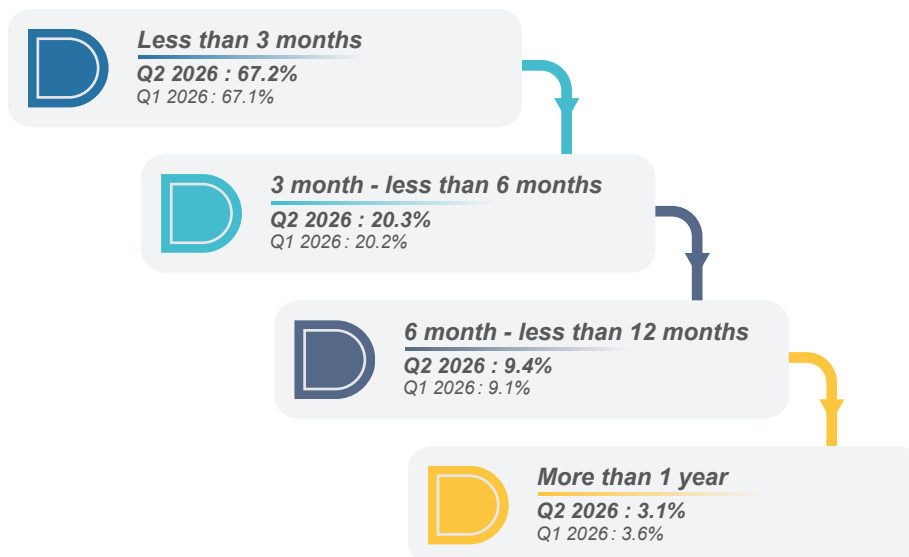
By category of unemployment, the actively unemployed or those who were available for work and actively seeking jobs made 79.6 per cent of the total unemployed persons. This group increased by 0.4 per cent, recording 405.5 thousand persons in the second quarter of 2026, as compared with 404.0 thousand persons in the first quarter of 2026 (Q1 2026: 79.8%). Meanwhile, the inactively unemployed or those who believed that there were no jobs available, increased by 1.7 thousand persons to 104.1 thousand persons (Q1 2026: 102.5 thousand persons), as shown in **Exhibit 6**.

**Exhibit 6: Unemployment Category, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026, ('000)**



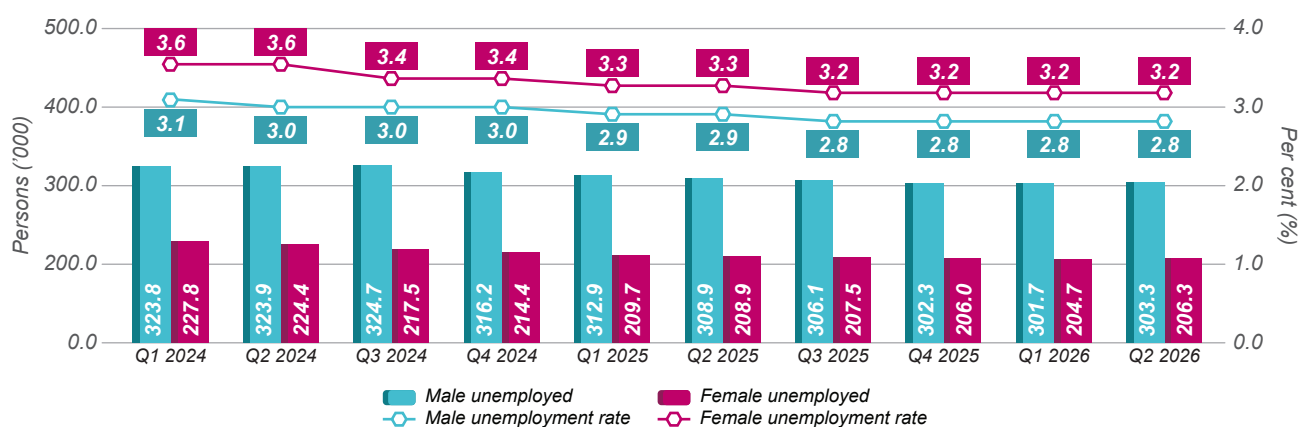
An analysis on the duration of unemployment shows that 67.2 per cent from actively unemployed persons, were unemployed for less than three months in the second quarter of 2026. Conversely, the actively unemployed for more than a year represented just 3.1 per cent, as shown in **Exhibit 7**.

Exhibit 7: Active Unemployed Persons by Duration of Unemployment, Malaysia, First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026



By sex, male unemployment rate remained at 2.8 per cent. Meanwhile, the number of unemployed males increased by 1.6 thousand persons to 303.3 thousand persons (Q1 2026: 301.7 thousand persons). The number of unemployed females also increased by 0.8 thousand persons to 206.3 thousand persons as compared with 204.7 thousand persons in the preceding quarter, but female unemployment rate decreased to 69.3 per cent as shown in **Chart 8**.

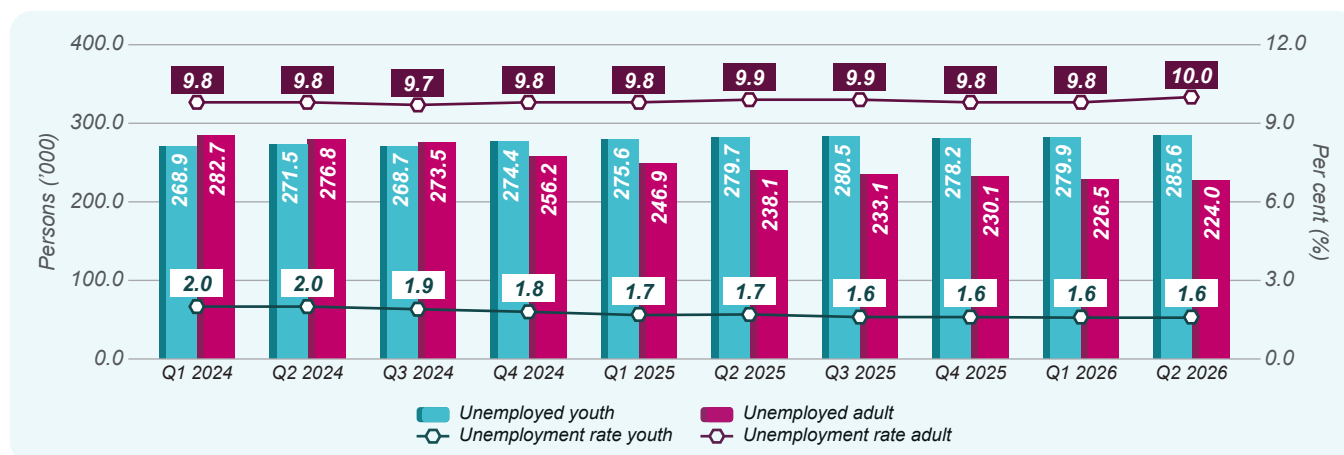
Chart 8: Unemployment by Sex, Malaysia, First Quarter of 2026 - Second Quarter of 2026



In the second quarter of 2026, the number of unemployed youths increased by 2.0 per cent to 285.6 thousand persons (Q1 2026: 279.9 thousand persons), with the youth unemployment rate increased to 10.0 per cent. In contrast, the number of unemployed adults decreased by 2.5 thousand persons to 224.0 thousand persons (Q1 2026: 226.5 thousand persons), while the adult unemployment rate remained unchanged at 1.6 per cent.

On a year-on-year comparison, the number of unemployed youth increased by 5.9 thousand persons, as well as the youth unemployment rate rose by 0.1 percentage points in the second quarter of 2026 (Q2 2025: 279.7 thousand persons; 9.9 per cent). In contrast, the number of unemployed adults decreased by 14.1 thousand persons, with the adult unemployment rate declining by 0.1 percentage points (Q2 2025: 238.1 thousand persons; 1.7 per cent) as depicted in **Chart 9**.

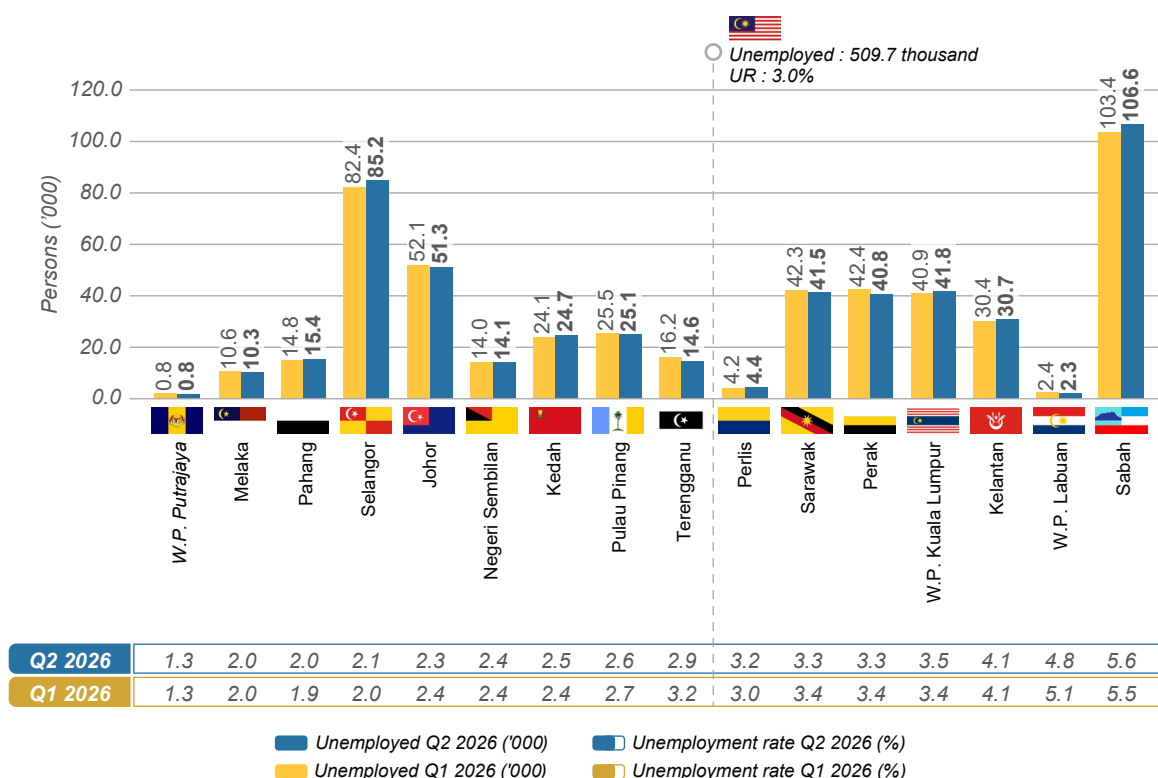
**Chart 9: Youth and Adult Unemployment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 - Second Quarter of 2026**



W.P. Putrajaya recorded the lowest unemployment rate at 1.3 per cent

At the state level, nine states recorded unemployment rates below the national unemployment rate of 3.0 per cent. W.P. Putrajaya registered the lowest unemployment rate at 1.3 per cent, followed by Melaka & Pahang (2.0%) and Selangor (2.1%) as illustrated in **Chart 10**.

Chart 10: Unemployment by State, First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026



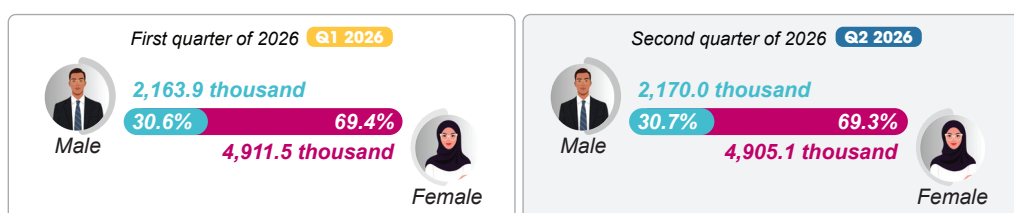
6. Outside labour force

Females accounted for 69.3 per cent of persons outside the labour force

The number of persons outside the labour force decreased by 0.3 thousand persons to 7.08 million in the second quarter of 2026 (Q1 2026: 7.08 million persons). From a year-on-year perspective, the number of persons outside the labour force increased by 0.5 per cent or 36.7 thousand persons compared with the second quarter of 2025 (7.04 million persons).

Females remained the largest group among persons outside the labour force, accounting for 69.3 per cent or 4.91 million persons. Males accounted for 30.7 per cent of persons outside the labour force, equivalent to 2.17 million persons, as shown in **Exhibit 8**.

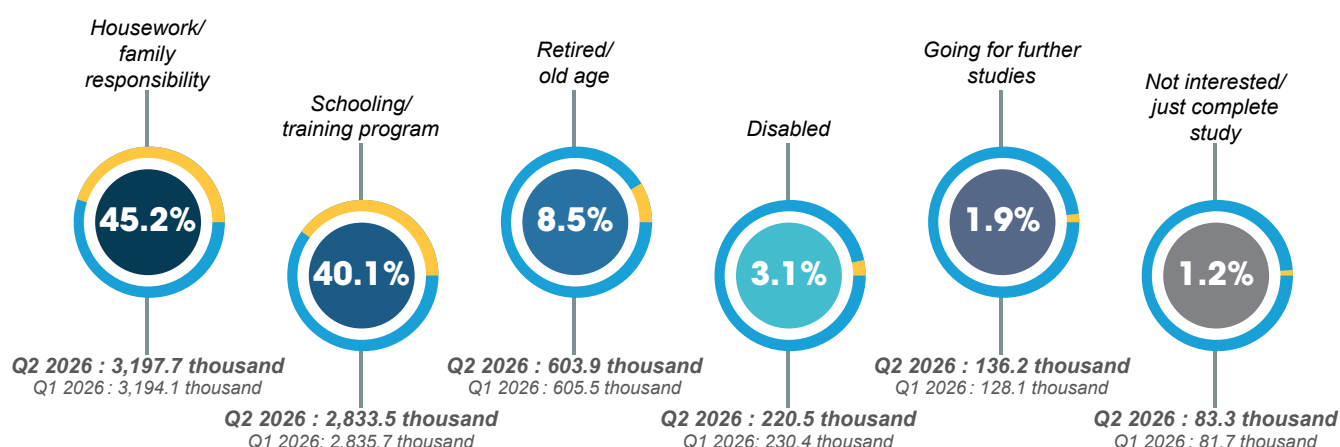
**Exhibit 8: Outside Labour Force by Sex, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026**



The main reason for being outside the labour force was due to housework/ family responsibilities

Among persons in the outside the labour force, reasons of housework/ family responsibilities constituted the largest component, representing 45.2 per cent or 3.20 million persons. Schooling/ training programme reason were the second largest component among persons outside the labour force, accounting for 40.1 per cent or 2.83 million persons as shown in **Exhibit 9**.

**Exhibit 9: Outside Labour Force by Reasons for Not Seeking Work, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2026 & Second Quarter of 2026**





JADUAL STATISTIK: MALAYSIA

Statistical Tables: Malaysia



Jadual 1 : Statistik utama tenaga buruh, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 1 : Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh <i>Labour force participation rate (%)</i>			Tenaga buruh <i>Labour force ('000)</i>			Bekerja <i>Employed ('000)</i>			Penganggur <i>Unemployed ('000)</i>	Kadar pengangguran <i>Unemployment rate (%)</i>
		Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Lelaki <i>Male</i>	Perempuan <i>Female</i>	Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Lelaki <i>Male</i>	Perempuan <i>Female</i>	Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Lelaki <i>Male</i>	Perempuan <i>Female</i>		
2020	I	68.8	80.8	55.8	15,790.1	9,625.5	6,164.6	15,243.5	9,294.5	5,949.0	546.6	3.5
	II	68.1	80.2	55.0	15,675.5	9,583.0	6,092.5	14,883.7	9,129.1	5,754.7	791.8	5.1
	III	68.4	80.5	55.3	15,840.6	9,689.3	6,151.3	15,095.6	9,229.8	5,865.8	745.0	4.7
	IV	68.5	80.7	55.3	15,922.3	9,738.4	6,183.9	15,161.6	9,273.1	5,888.6	760.7	4.8
2021	I	68.6	80.9	55.4	16,008.4	9,778.9	6,229.5	15,236.5	9,314.1	5,922.4	771.8	4.8
	II	68.3	80.8	55.0	15,972.2	9,729.1	6,243.1	15,207.3	9,285.0	5,922.3	764.9	4.8
	III	68.3	80.9	55.0	16,021.0	9,772.6	6,248.4	15,274.8	9,335.9	5,938.9	746.2	4.7
	IV	68.7	81.0	55.4	16,135.0	9,858.4	6,276.6	15,440.7	9,444.3	5,996.3	694.4	4.3
2022	I	69.0	81.5	55.6	16,246.1	9,929.2	6,316.9	15,574.9	9,534.2	6,040.6	671.2	4.1
	II	69.2	81.8	55.8	16,343.3	9,979.6	6,363.7	15,701.2	9,596.3	6,104.9	642.0	3.9
	III	69.4	82.1	55.8	16,442.9	10,057.6	6,385.3	15,831.1	9,692.0	6,139.1	611.8	3.7
	IV	69.5	82.3	55.9	16,542.2	10,118.8	6,423.3	15,941.7	9,763.0	6,178.7	600.5	3.6
2023	I	69.8	82.6	56.1	16,648.9	10,186.3	6,462.5	16,062.0	9,840.8	6,221.2	586.9	3.5
	II	70.0	82.8	56.2	16,727.4	10,240.7	6,486.7	16,146.1	9,901.6	6,244.5	581.4	3.5
	III	70.1	83.0	56.3	16,824.0	10,300.2	6,523.8	16,250.9	9,968.4	6,282.5	573.1	3.4
	IV	70.1	83.0	56.3	16,911.7	10,355.4	6,556.3	16,346.7	10,029.4	6,317.3	565.0	3.3
2024	I	70.5	83.1	56.3	16,810.1	10,525.7	6,284.3	16,258.5	10,202.0	6,056.5	551.6	3.3
	II	70.6	83.1	56.3	16,956.5	10,656.6	6,299.8	16,408.2	10,332.7	6,075.4	548.3	3.2
	III	70.6	83.1	56.3	17,045.6	10,674.7	6,370.8	16,503.4	10,350.1	6,153.3	542.2	3.2
	IV	70.7	83.2	56.4	17,061.2	10,709.0	6,352.2	16,530.7	10,392.9	6,137.8	530.6	3.1
2025	I	70.8	83.3	56.5	17,086.6	10,711.4	6,375.3	16,564.1	10,398.5	6,165.6	522.5	3.1
	II	70.8	83.4	56.6	17,104.7	10,728.5	6,376.2	16,586.9	10,419.6	6,167.3	517.8	3.0
	III	70.9	83.4	56.6	17,136.4	10,740.5	6,395.9	16,622.8	10,434.4	6,188.4	513.6	3.0
	IV	70.9	83.5	56.6	17,185.4	10,755.5	6,430.0	16,677.1	10,453.2	6,223.9	508.3	3.0
2026	I	70.9	83.3	56.8	17,232.0	10,775.9	6,456.1	16,725.6	10,474.2	6,251.4	506.5	2.9
	II	70.9	83.3	57.0	17,275.8	10,786.7	6,489.1	16,766.1	10,483.4	6,282.7	509.7	3.0

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Jadual 2 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 2 : Labour force participation rate by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total							
2020	I	68.8	43.3	86.0	83.5	76.7	51.4
	II	68.1	42.8	84.8	82.8	76.9	50.2
	III	68.4	41.8	84.5	83.1	78.3	53.6
	IV	68.5	42.4	85.5	83.0	77.1	51.8
2021	I	68.6	43.2	83.9	86.1	76.3	49.9
	II	68.3	42.8	85.3	84.1	77.0	48.6
	III	68.3	42.6	83.7	85.9	76.8	48.4
	IV	68.7	43.6	87.4	86.6	74.4	43.1
2022	I	69.0	45.2	87.4	84.6	75.2	44.0
	II	69.2	45.4	87.9	84.6	75.5	44.2
	III	69.4	45.7	87.1	85.2	75.1	46.3
	IV	69.5	45.7	86.9	86.8	73.9	46.3
2023	I	69.8	46.5	87.3	86.2	76.2	44.2
	II	70.0	46.1	88.1	86.0	76.0	45.6
	III	70.1	46.3	88.5	85.2	76.4	45.8
	IV	70.1	46.6	87.6	85.1	77.9	46.0
2024	I	70.5	46.8	87.2	84.9	78.3	46.3
	II	70.6	47.0	87.2	85.7	77.3	46.4
	III	70.6	47.1	86.7	85.9	75.5	48.5
	IV	70.7	47.8	86.5	84.9	75.8	50.3
2025	I	70.8	48.1	86.4	84.7	76.1	50.5
	II	70.8	48.2	86.5	83.9	76.9	50.9
	III	70.9	47.9	86.3	83.6	78.1	50.9
	IV	70.9	48.3	86.5	83.3	78.3	50.2
2026	I	70.9	48.4	86.8	83.5	78.3	49.3
	II	70.9	48.7	86.8	83.6	78.4	48.5

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Table 2 : Labour force participation rate by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male							
2020	I	80.8	49.9	95.5	97.5	94.7	71.4
	II	80.2	49.0	95.6	97.1	94.9	67.8
	III	80.5	49.9	94.9	97.3	95.2	69.3
	IV	80.7	50.7	95.6	97.7	92.4	69.4
2021	I	80.9	52.1	92.4	97.4	95.4	72.7
	II	80.8	48.5	93.8	97.1	95.6	76.9
	III	80.9	51.8	93.5	97.3	94.4	70.7
	IV	81.0	56.5	92.8	96.5	96.6	62.4
2022	I	81.5	57.9	93.5	97.3	95.0	61.5
	II	81.8	56.7	95.8	95.3	95.3	64.2
	III	82.1	56.7	94.7	97.7	95.1	65.7
	IV	82.3	58.4	95.3	96.6	93.8	65.0
2023	I	82.6	60.5	94.0	97.7	95.4	62.5
	II	82.8	58.8	96.2	97.9	93.4	65.4
	III	83.0	58.5	96.8	98.1	95.2	63.0
	IV	83.0	58.5	96.8	98.5	95.9	62.0
2024	I	83.1	58.0	93.8	97.1	96.2	66.9
	II	83.1	59.4	95.7	91.9	95.5	71.5
	III	83.1	61.3	95.3	95.5	90.7	66.7
	IV	83.2	61.2	94.3	95.3	91.7	69.2
2025	I	83.3	52.0	96.0	97.0	96.3	76.7
	II	83.4	55.2	93.5	97.6	93.2	78.4
	III	83.4	53.8	96.2	96.8	93.9	76.4
	IV	83.5	53.2	97.9	98.3	92.7	72.7
2026	I	83.3	53.3	97.7	98.3	96.3	66.3
	II	83.3	54.1	96.7	98.1	95.8	68.0

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Table 2 : Labour force participation rate by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Perempuan / Female							
2020	I	55.8	36.0	75.4	68.4	58.5	31.0
	II	55.0	35.9	72.6	67.3	58.8	32.2
	III	55.3	33.1	72.8	67.4	61.1	37.3
	IV	55.3	33.4	74.1	67.2	61.7	33.2
2021	I	55.4	33.3	74.4	74.0	57.3	27.0
	II	55.0	36.4	75.6	70.5	59.2	21.7
	III	55.0	32.4	72.8	73.8	59.3	27.3
	IV	55.4	29.4	81.3	75.9	52.0	23.6
2022	I	55.6	31.2	80.6	71.2	55.3	26.5
	II	55.8	33.0	79.1	73.2	55.6	24.2
	III	55.8	33.7	78.6	72.0	55.2	26.6
	IV	55.9	31.7	77.5	76.5	53.9	27.6
2023	I	56.1	31.1	79.7	74.0	57.0	25.8
	II	56.2	32.1	79.1	73.2	58.5	25.7
	III	56.3	32.9	79.1	71.4	57.5	28.6
	IV	56.3	33.5	77.2	70.8	60.0	29.9
2024	I	56.3	33.8	79.1	71.0	59.4	25.5
	II	56.3	32.6	76.4	78.7	57.9	21.0
	III	56.3	30.6	75.9	75.1	59.4	30.2
	IV	56.4	32.4	76.5	73.2	58.7	31.5
2025	I	56.5	43.6	74.3	70.8	54.6	24.5
	II	56.6	40.0	77.6	68.4	59.4	23.5
	III	56.6	41.2	73.9	68.7	61.3	25.2
	IV	56.6	42.6	72.3	66.6	62.8	28.1
2026	I	56.8	42.9	72.9	66.8	59.2	32.3
	II	57.0	42.4	74.5	67.2	60.0	29.2

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Jadual 3 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 3 : Labour force participation rate by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Jumlah / Total						
2020	I	68.8	63.7	71.8	67.6	70.5
	II	68.1	61.7	70.0	67.1	70.0
	III	68.4	58.7	70.7	66.9	71.4
	IV	68.5	55.9	69.9	63.6	79.0
2021	I	68.6	58.7	69.1	64.8	77.3
	II	68.3	62.3	67.2	66.2	73.3
	III	68.3	61.2	66.2	67.0	72.4
	IV	68.7	63.4	68.4	67.1	72.4
2022	I	69.0	62.7	66.9	67.0	74.4
	II	69.2	67.4	68.6	66.8	74.6
	III	69.4	65.2	69.5	67.4	73.8
	IV	69.5	61.7	69.2	67.5	74.5
2023	I	69.8	63.5	68.8	67.7	74.8
	II	70.0	61.7	68.1	67.4	76.8
	III	70.1	57.9	65.0	68.7	75.6
	IV	70.1	62.7	68.2	68.4	74.8
2024	I	70.5	66.7	71.5	67.8	76.0
	II	70.6	67.6	70.2	67.9	76.6
	III	70.6	67.2	69.4	68.2	75.8
	IV	70.7	68.5	71.8	68.4	74.9
2025	I	70.8	68.6	71.7	68.7	74.6
	II	70.8	68.1	71.3	68.8	74.8
	III	70.9	68.7	71.0	68.7	75.1
	IV	70.9	67.5	70.3	68.8	75.2
2026	I	70.9	67.0	70.1	68.8	75.3
	II	70.9	67.9	70.2	69.0	75.0

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Table 3 : Labour force participation rate by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Lelaki / Male						
2020	I	80.8	76.1	89.7	81.9	75.3
	II	80.2	76.4	87.2	81.6	75.0
	III	80.5	73.4	87.8	80.8	78.0
	IV	80.7	80.5	91.3	77.8	83.1
2021	I	80.9	85.0	89.5	78.1	83.5
	II	80.8	77.7	88.8	80.7	78.4
	III	80.9	83.9	90.4	79.3	80.6
	IV	81.0	79.2	88.8	80.3	80.2
2022	I	81.5	80.5	88.3	80.4	81.6
	II	81.8	78.1	86.6	79.0	87.3
	III	82.1	84.4	87.5	81.9	80.2
	IV	82.3	81.5	89.5	80.7	83.3
2023	I	82.6	74.3	86.8	81.4	84.7
	II	82.8	81.5	89.2	80.7	85.9
	III	83.0	75.1	85.9	82.6	83.9
	IV	83.0	80.2	87.3	82.4	83.3
2024	I	83.1	78.5	89.3	81.6	85.0
	II	83.1	88.0	93.1	81.5	82.8
	III	83.1	84.5	90.5	81.5	83.9
	IV	83.2	80.8	91.6	81.4	84.8
2025	I	83.3	84.0	92.6	82.7	81.4
	II	83.4	87.0	93.8	82.0	82.2
	III	83.4	86.3	94.8	82.2	81.6
	IV	83.5	86.0	90.9	82.6	82.6
2026	I	83.3	87.5	92.3	82.4	81.8
	II	83.3	91.7	91.9	82.5	81.3

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Table 3 : Labour force participation rate by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Perempuan / Female						
2020	I	55.8	52.1	51.0	51.1	66.0
	II	55.0	50.0	49.4	50.3	65.3
	III	55.3	47.4	50.7	50.7	65.0
	IV	55.3	33.2	44.8	47.5	75.0
2021	I	55.4	37.5	43.8	48.2	72.2
	II	55.0	44.1	40.9	49.6	68.8
	III	55.0	34.8	38.2	53.1	64.9
	IV	55.4	47.4	42.7	51.2	66.0
2022	I	55.6	45.3	41.4	51.3	68.1
	II	55.8	58.3	47.6	52.1	64.1
	III	55.8	48.0	47.4	49.8	68.5
	IV	55.9	41.9	42.5	52.0	67.1
2023	I	56.1	53.2	47.9	51.9	65.8
	II	56.2	41.3	43.9	51.8	68.9
	III	56.3	41.5	41.9	51.5	69.0
	IV	56.3	44.8	47.0	51.4	67.8
2024	I	56.3	53.8	47.1	50.4	68.1
	II	56.3	42.4	39.7	50.6	71.0
	III	56.3	48.3	41.5	51.6	68.4
	IV	56.4	54.6	45.2	51.8	66.3
2025	I	56.5	40.8	39.5	51.8	68.5
	II	56.6	35.1	34.1	52.9	68.2
	III	56.6	41.4	34.5	52.0	69.4
	IV	56.6	41.1	42.4	51.8	68.5
2026	I	56.8	41.1	37.6	52.3	69.3
	II	57.0	40.1	35.5	52.9	69.0

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 4 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 4 : Labour force participation rate by ethnic group, Malaysia first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year	Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan waganegara Malaysia Non- Malaysian citizens	
		Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indians	Lain-lain Others		
Kadar / Rate (%)								
2020	I	68.8	66.7	65.3	70.5	67.0	69.5	84.2
	II	68.1	65.8	64.1	70.4	67.2	62.2	84.7
	III	68.4	66.1	64.4	71.4	66.0	61.7	84.9
	IV	68.5	67.0	65.2	71.3	70.8	66.7	79.3
2021	I	68.6	67.2	64.9	72.3	71.8	65.5	79.1
	II	68.3	66.6	65.8	69.6	63.5	90.2	80.2
	III	68.3	66.6	66.0	68.7	66.4	67.2	80.6
	IV	68.7	67.3	65.7	71.2	69.1	68.3	79.0
2022	I	69.0	67.6	65.9	72.5	67.7	68.9	79.5
	II	69.2	67.8	66.1	73.0	65.9	77.4	80.4
	III	69.4	67.9	66.1	72.6	68.8	81.5	80.6
	IV	69.5	68.0	66.1	73.2	69.9	73.0	80.8
2023	I	69.8	68.2	66.2	73.3	70.5	75.2	81.2
	II	70.0	68.4	66.8	72.9	69.1	70.5	82.0
	III	70.1	68.5	66.9	73.0	69.2	67.3	82.4
	IV	70.1	68.5	66.9	72.8	69.7	73.2	82.4
2024	I	70.5	68.5	67.8	70.7	67.8	61.0	86.9
	II	70.6	68.3	67.8	70.3	67.5	59.0	88.0
	III	70.6	68.2	67.7	70.0	67.8	62.3	88.2
	IV	70.7	68.5	67.8	70.7	68.6	65.2	87.3
2025	I	70.8	68.9	68.0	71.2	70.3	66.6	85.5
	II	70.8	69.4	68.3	72.0	71.2	68.3	82.4
	III	70.9	69.5	68.3	72.5	71.8	70.5	81.4
	IV	70.9	69.6	68.4	72.6	72.4	69.9	80.8
2026	I	70.9	69.8	68.5	72.8	72.4	74.9	79.2
	II	70.9	69.9	68.5	73.2	72.7	72.5	79.0

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Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.



Jadual 5 : Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2019 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 5 : Labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total													
2020	I	15,790.1	2,648.9	5,383.1	3,785.7	2,624.7	1,347.7	100.0	16.8	34.1	24.0	16.6	8.5
	II	15,675.5	2,622.2	5,321.2	3,765.6	2,643.6	1,322.9	100.0	16.7	33.9	24.0	16.9	8.4
	III	15,840.6	2,566.6	5,297.7	3,819.4	2,711.4	1,445.5	100.0	16.2	33.4	24.1	17.1	9.1
	IV	15,922.3	2,588.6	5,426.0	3,832.0	2,676.1	1,399.5	100.0	16.3	34.1	24.1	16.8	8.8
2021	I	16,008.4	2,624.6	5,304.7	4,061.6	2,664.4	1,353.0	100.0	16.4	33.1	25.4	16.6	8.5
	II	15,972.2	2,580.2	5,331.1	3,929.6	2,707.1	1,424.2	100.0	16.2	33.4	24.6	16.9	8.9
	III	16,021.0	2,595.9	5,333.5	4,078.3	2,690.6	1,322.7	100.0	16.2	33.3	25.5	16.8	8.3
	IV	16,135.0	2,685.1	5,564.5	4,104.1	2,608.5	1,172.8	100.0	16.6	34.5	25.4	16.2	7.3
2022	I	16,246.1	2,737.8	5,555.4	4,089.3	2,637.7	1,225.9	100.0	16.9	34.2	25.2	16.2	7.5
	II	16,343.3	2,767.4	5,590.8	4,095.1	2,657.5	1,232.5	100.0	16.9	34.2	25.1	16.3	7.5
	III	16,442.9	2,800.8	5,553.2	4,131.2	2,655.4	1,302.3	100.0	17.0	33.8	25.1	16.1	7.9
	IV	16,542.2	2,801.3	5,590.9	4,239.9	2,606.0	1,304.1	100.0	16.9	33.8	25.6	15.8	7.9
2023	I	16,648.9	2,859.3	5,612.4	4,208.0	2,711.4	1,257.8	100.0	17.2	33.7	25.3	16.3	7.6
	II	16,727.4	2,850.6	5,678.5	4,201.3	2,710.9	1,286.1	100.0	17.0	33.9	25.1	16.2	7.7
	III	16,824.0	2,869.9	5,722.7	4,200.1	2,733.9	1,297.4	100.0	17.1	34.0	25.0	16.3	7.7
	IV	16,911.7	2,903.8	5,704.0	4,195.8	2,800.1	1,308.0	100.0	17.2	33.7	24.8	16.6	7.7
2024	I	16,810.1	2,737.2	5,208.3	4,635.4	2,930.9	1,298.2	100.0	16.3	31.0	27.6	17.4	7.7
	II	16,956.5	2,771.8	5,273.2	4,705.8	2,903.8	1,301.7	100.0	16.3	31.1	27.8	17.1	7.7
	III	17,045.6	2,765.6	5,237.3	4,738.4	2,914.3	1,389.9	100.0	16.2	30.7	27.8	17.1	8.2
	IV	17,061.2	2,801.9	5,203.2	4,688.3	2,930.0	1,437.8	100.0	16.4	30.5	27.5	17.2	8.4
2025	I	17,086.6	2,821.4	5,213.0	4,669.2	2,934.7	1,448.3	100.0	16.5	30.5	27.3	17.2	8.5
	II	17,104.7	2,824.3	5,209.8	4,649.1	2,971.9	1,449.6	100.0	16.5	30.5	27.2	17.4	8.5
	III	17,136.4	2,819.9	5,204.7	4,631.6	3,023.6	1,456.6	100.0	16.5	30.4	27.0	17.6	8.5
	IV	17,185.4	2,851.0	5,219.3	4,631.9	3,049.6	1,433.5	100.0	16.6	30.4	27.0	17.7	8.3
2026	I	17,232.0	2,854.4	5,241.7	4,652.7	3,055.6	1,427.6	100.0	16.6	30.4	27.0	17.7	8.3
	II	17,275.8	2,862.1	5,267.6	4,669.6	3,066.6	1,410.0	100.0	16.6	30.5	27.0	17.8	8.2

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 5 : Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2019 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 5 : Labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male													
2020	I	9,625.5	1,599.1	3,161.4	2,296.9	1,624.4	943.7	100.0	16.6	32.8	23.9	16.9	9.8
	II	9,583.0	1,570.1	3,177.0	2,294.6	1,638.7	902.6	100.0	16.4	33.2	23.9	17.1	9.4
	III	9,689.3	1,597.3	3,139.6	2,340.6	1,662.3	949.6	100.0	16.5	32.4	24.2	17.2	9.8
	IV	9,738.4	1,609.9	3,217.2	2,342.1	1,606.4	962.7	100.0	16.5	33.0	24.1	16.5	9.9
2021	I	9,778.9	1,664.0	3,091.6	2,372.8	1,662.0	988.4	100.0	17.0	31.6	24.3	17.0	10.1
	II	9,729.1	1,542.0	3,119.8	2,323.3	1,645.6	1,098.5	100.0	15.8	32.1	23.9	16.9	11.3
	III	9,772.6	1,655.5	3,146.2	2,383.7	1,648.3	938.8	100.0	16.9	32.2	24.4	16.9	9.6
	IV	9,858.4	1,825.5	3,118.4	2,363.5	1,698.1	852.9	100.0	18.5	31.6	24.0	17.2	8.7
2022	I	9,929.2	1,840.1	3,140.8	2,420.1	1,669.9	858.4	100.0	18.5	31.6	24.4	16.8	8.6
	II	9,979.6	1,806.3	3,222.3	2,373.5	1,681.2	896.2	100.0	18.1	32.3	23.8	16.8	9.0
	III	10,057.6	1,819.0	3,193.2	2,434.0	1,678.9	932.5	100.0	18.1	31.7	24.2	16.7	9.3
	IV	10,118.8	1,876.9	3,240.6	2,428.0	1,656.6	916.7	100.0	18.5	32.0	24.0	16.4	9.1
2023	I	10,186.3	1,946.0	3,195.1	2,456.7	1,696.2	892.4	100.0	19.1	31.4	24.1	16.7	8.8
	II	10,240.7	1,903.9	3,273.1	2,471.9	1,668.8	922.9	100.0	18.6	32.0	24.1	16.3	9.0
	III	10,300.2	1,898.8	3,307.4	2,494.1	1,707.2	892.7	100.0	18.4	32.1	24.2	16.6	8.7
	IV	10,355.4	1,910.3	3,334.8	2,504.9	1,721.6	883.8	100.0	18.4	32.2	24.2	16.6	8.5
2024	I	10,525.7	1,818.9	3,096.8	2,816.9	1,852.2	940.9	100.0	17.3	29.4	26.8	17.6	8.9
	II	10,656.6	1,883.8	3,228.2	2,686.9	1,850.5	1,007.3	100.0	17.7	30.3	25.2	17.4	9.5
	III	10,674.7	1,933.4	3,201.9	2,779.1	1,802.5	957.8	100.0	18.1	30.0	26.0	16.9	9.0
	IV	10,709.0	1,925.4	3,170.7	2,791.6	1,833.9	987.5	100.0	18.0	29.6	26.1	17.1	9.2
2025	I	10,711.4	1,640.3	3,233.7	2,824.8	1,916.7	1,095.9	100.0	15.3	30.2	26.4	17.9	10.2
	II	10,728.5	1,739.5	3,144.3	2,865.6	1,864.7	1,114.4	100.0	16.2	29.3	26.7	17.4	10.4
	III	10,740.5	1,695.6	3,230.7	2,837.3	1,878.1	1,098.8	100.0	15.8	30.1	26.4	17.5	10.2
	IV	10,755.5	1,685.6	3,284.6	2,888.0	1,869.2	1,028.1	100.0	15.7	30.5	26.9	17.4	9.6
2026	I	10,775.9	1,681.9	3,298.9	2,901.9	1,935.1	958.1	100.0	15.6	30.6	26.9	18.0	8.9
	II	10,786.7	1,708.6	3,259.8	2,900.7	1,932.0	985.7	100.0	15.8	30.2	26.9	17.9	9.1

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Jadual 5 :Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2019 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 5 : Labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Perempuan / Female													
2020	I	6,164.6	1,049.8	2,221.8	1,488.8	1,000.3	403.9	100.0	17.0	36.0	24.2	16.2	6.6
	II	6,092.5	1,052.1	2,144.2	1,471.0	1,004.9	420.3	100.0	17.3	35.2	24.1	16.5	6.9
	III	6,151.3	969.3	2,158.2	1,478.8	1,049.1	495.9	100.0	15.8	35.1	24.0	17.1	8.1
	IV	6,183.9	978.7	2,208.8	1,489.9	1,069.7	436.8	100.0	15.8	35.7	24.1	17.3	7.1
2021	I	6,229.5	960.6	2,213.1	1,688.8	1,002.4	364.6	100.0	15.4	35.5	27.1	16.1	5.9
	II	6,243.1	1,038.2	2,211.3	1,606.4	1,061.5	325.7	100.0	16.6	35.4	25.7	17.0	5.2
	III	6,248.4	940.4	2,187.3	1,694.6	1,042.3	383.8	100.0	15.1	35.0	27.1	16.7	6.1
	IV	6,276.6	859.6	2,446.1	1,740.6	910.4	319.9	100.0	13.7	39.0	27.7	14.5	5.1
2022	I	6,316.9	897.7	2,414.6	1,669.3	967.8	367.6	100.0	14.2	38.2	26.4	15.3	5.8
	II	6,363.7	961.1	2,368.5	1,721.5	976.3	336.2	100.0	15.1	37.2	27.1	15.3	5.3
	III	6,385.3	981.8	2,360.1	1,697.2	976.5	369.8	100.0	15.4	37.0	26.6	15.3	5.8
	IV	6,423.3	924.4	2,350.2	1,811.9	949.4	387.4	100.0	14.4	36.6	28.2	14.8	6.0
2023	I	6,462.5	913.3	2,417.2	1,751.4	1,015.1	365.5	100.0	14.1	37.4	27.1	15.7	5.7
	II	6,486.7	946.7	2,405.3	1,729.4	1,042.1	363.2	100.0	14.6	37.1	26.7	16.1	5.6
	III	6,523.8	971.1	2,415.3	1,706.0	1,026.7	404.7	100.0	14.9	37.0	26.2	15.7	6.2
	IV	6,556.3	993.5	2,369.2	1,691.0	1,078.5	424.2	100.0	15.2	36.1	25.8	16.4	6.5
2024	I	6,284.3	918.4	2,111.5	1,818.5	1,078.6	357.3	100.0	14.6	33.6	28.9	17.2	5.7
	II	6,299.8	888.1	2,045.1	2,019.0	1,053.4	294.4	100.0	14.1	32.5	32.0	16.7	4.7
	III	6,370.8	832.3	2,035.4	1,959.3	1,111.8	432.0	100.0	13.1	31.9	30.8	17.5	6.8
	IV	6,352.2	876.5	2,032.5	1,896.7	1,096.1	450.3	100.0	13.8	32.0	29.9	17.3	7.1
2025	I	6,375.3	1,181.2	1,979.3	1,844.4	1,018.0	352.5	100.0	18.5	31.0	28.9	16.0	5.5
	II	6,376.2	1,084.7	2,065.6	1,783.4	1,107.3	335.2	100.0	17.0	32.4	28.0	17.4	5.3
	III	6,395.9	1,124.3	1,974.0	1,794.3	1,145.4	357.8	100.0	17.6	30.9	28.1	17.9	5.6
	IV	6,430.0	1,165.4	1,934.7	1,743.9	1,180.5	405.5	100.0	18.1	30.1	27.1	18.4	6.3
2026	I	6,456.1	1,172.5	1,942.9	1,750.8	1,120.5	469.5	100.0	18.2	30.1	27.1	17.4	7.3
	II	6,489.1	1,153.5	2,007.8	1,768.9	1,134.6	424.2	100.0	17.8	30.9	27.3	17.5	6.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 6 : Tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 6 : Labour force by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Jumlah / Total											
2020	I	15,790.1	448.4	1,809.6	8,834.3	4,697.9	100.0	2.8	11.5	55.9	29.8
	II	15,675.5	442.5	1,618.7	8,783.0	4,831.3	100.0	2.8	10.3	56.0	30.8
	III	15,840.6	382.2	1,655.5	8,771.5	5,031.5	100.0	2.4	10.5	55.4	31.8
	IV	15,922.3	358.0	1,641.6	8,595.4	5,327.3	100.0	2.2	10.3	54.0	33.5
2021	I	16,008.4	455.0	1,650.4	8,667.4	5,235.5	100.0	2.8	10.3	54.1	32.7
	II	15,972.2	584.9	1,526.9	8,675.1	5,185.3	100.0	3.7	9.6	54.3	32.5
	III	16,021.0	624.3	1,360.1	8,834.7	5,202.0	100.0	3.9	8.5	55.1	32.5
	IV	16,135.0	596.8	1,389.9	9,019.5	5,128.9	100.0	3.7	8.6	55.9	31.8
2022	I	16,246.1	554.0	1,461.7	9,109.6	5,120.8	100.0	3.4	9.0	56.1	31.5
	II	16,343.3	505.2	1,501.8	9,250.0	5,086.3	100.0	3.1	9.2	56.6	31.1
	III	16,442.9	518.4	1,452.4	9,280.5	5,191.6	100.0	3.2	8.8	56.4	31.6
	IV	16,542.2	438.4	1,450.6	9,428.9	5,224.3	100.0	2.7	8.8	57.0	31.6
2023	I	16,648.9	464.8	1,487.2	9,438.1	5,258.8	100.0	2.8	8.9	56.7	31.6
	II	16,727.4	502.4	1,443.8	9,503.4	5,277.9	100.0	3.0	8.6	56.8	31.6
	III	16,824.0	428.3	1,333.1	9,749.2	5,313.3	100.0	2.5	7.9	57.9	31.6
	IV	16,911.7	431.2	1,406.9	9,736.0	5,337.7	100.0	2.5	8.3	57.6	31.6
2024	I	16,810.1	454.9	1,437.5	9,472.0	5,445.6	100.0	2.7	8.6	56.3	32.4
	II	16,956.5	449.0	1,506.9	9,542.2	5,458.3	100.0	2.6	8.9	56.3	32.2
	III	17,045.6	402.4	1,561.0	9,520.7	5,561.5	100.0	2.4	9.2	55.9	32.6
	IV	17,061.2	424.4	1,512.1	9,522.7	5,602.0	100.0	2.5	8.9	55.8	32.8
2025	I	17,086.6	425.0	1,514.9	9,547.0	5,599.7	100.0	2.5	8.9	55.9	32.8
	II	17,104.7	430.0	1,482.3	9,573.7	5,618.7	100.0	2.5	8.7	56.0	32.8
	III	17,136.4	369.4	1,474.4	9,719.4	5,573.2	100.0	2.2	8.6	56.7	32.5
	IV	17,185.4	350.8	1,451.5	9,758.8	5,624.3	100.0	2.0	8.4	56.8	32.7
2026	I	17,232.0	347.7	1,461.7	9,778.2	5,644.4	100.0	2.0	8.5	56.7	32.8
	II	17,275.8	251.1	1,497.2	9,831.2	5,696.3	100.0	1.5	8.7	56.9	33.0

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 6 : Tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 6 : Labour force by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Lelaki / Male											
2020	I	9,625.5	258.0	1,213.7	5,743.2	2,410.6	100.0	2.7	12.6	59.7	25.0
	II	9,583.0	242.6	1,099.4	5,731.6	2,509.5	100.0	2.5	11.5	59.8	26.2
	III	9,689.3	208.3	1,107.7	5,689.4	2,684.0	100.0	2.1	11.4	58.7	27.7
	IV	9,738.4	247.5	1,157.8	5,593.8	2,739.3	100.0	2.5	11.9	57.4	28.1
2021	I	9,778.9	293.8	1,182.3	5,781.6	2,521.2	100.0	3.0	12.1	59.1	25.8
	II	9,729.1	394.1	1,109.5	5,643.6	2,582.0	100.0	4.1	11.4	58.0	26.5
	III	9,772.6	459.7	996.6	5,548.9	2,767.4	100.0	4.7	10.2	56.8	28.3
	IV	9,858.4	375.0	1,006.0	5,899.9	2,577.6	100.0	3.8	10.2	59.8	26.1
2022	I	9,929.2	351.7	1,048.3	5,901.3	2,628.0	100.0	3.5	10.6	59.4	26.5
	II	9,979.6	269.5	1,019.4	5,980.4	2,710.4	100.0	2.7	10.2	59.9	27.2
	III	10,057.6	317.0	1,008.3	6,187.0	2,545.3	100.0	3.2	10.0	61.5	25.3
	IV	10,118.8	290.1	1,064.8	6,092.1	2,671.9	100.0	2.9	10.5	60.2	26.4
2023	I	10,186.3	265.8	1,007.5	6,096.3	2,816.8	100.0	2.6	9.9	59.8	27.7
	II	10,240.7	337.2	1,011.4	6,151.2	2,740.9	100.0	3.3	9.9	60.1	26.8
	III	10,300.2	271.9	925.6	6,492.2	2,610.5	100.0	2.6	9.0	63.0	25.3
	IV	10,355.4	279.1	946.4	6,448.3	2,681.5	100.0	2.7	9.1	62.3	25.9
2024	I	10,525.7	279.1	1,038.6	6,350.2	2,857.8	100.0	2.7	9.9	60.3	27.2
	II	10,656.6	322.8	1,141.4	6,391.9	2,800.6	100.0	3.0	10.7	60.0	26.3
	III	10,674.7	264.3	1,158.3	6,314.0	2,938.2	100.0	2.5	10.9	59.1	27.5
	IV	10,709.0	266.2	1,104.8	6,366.6	2,971.4	100.0	2.5	10.3	59.5	27.7
2025	I	10,711.4	335.0	1,186.9	6,282.2	2,907.3	100.0	3.1	11.1	58.6	27.1
	II	10,728.5	349.5	1,214.9	6,233.0	2,931.0	100.0	3.3	11.3	58.1	27.3
	III	10,740.5	281.7	1,192.0	6,424.4	2,842.5	100.0	2.6	11.1	59.8	26.5
	IV	10,755.5	262.8	1,080.0	6,464.9	2,947.7	100.0	2.4	10.0	60.1	27.4
2026	I	10,775.9	253.6	1,142.5	6,435.0	2,944.9	100.0	2.4	10.6	59.7	27.3
	II	10,786.7	182.9	1,204.8	6,398.5	3,000.5	100.0	1.7	11.2	59.3	27.8

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 6 : Tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 6 : Labour force by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Perempuan / Female											
2020	I	6,164.6	190.4	595.9	3,091.1	2,287.3	100.0	3.1	9.7	50.1	37.1
	II	6,092.5	199.9	519.4	3,051.4	2,321.8	100.0	3.3	8.5	50.1	38.1
	III	6,151.3	173.9	547.8	3,082.1	2,347.4	100.0	2.8	8.9	50.1	38.2
	IV	6,183.9	110.5	483.8	3,001.6	2,588.0	100.0	1.8	7.8	48.5	41.9
2021	I	6,229.5	161.2	468.1	2,885.8	2,714.4	100.0	2.6	7.5	46.3	43.6
	II	6,243.1	190.8	417.4	3,031.5	2,603.4	100.0	3.1	6.7	48.6	41.7
	III	6,248.4	164.6	363.5	3,285.8	2,434.6	100.0	2.6	5.8	52.6	39.0
	IV	6,276.6	221.8	383.9	3,119.6	2,551.2	100.0	3.5	6.1	49.7	40.6
2022	I	6,316.9	202.4	413.5	3,208.3	2,492.8	100.0	3.2	6.5	50.8	39.5
	II	6,363.7	235.7	482.5	3,269.6	2,375.9	100.0	3.7	7.6	51.4	37.3
	III	6,385.3	201.4	444.2	3,093.4	2,646.3	100.0	3.2	7.0	48.4	41.4
	IV	6,423.3	148.3	385.8	3,336.8	2,552.4	100.0	2.3	6.0	51.9	39.7
2023	I	6,462.5	199.0	479.7	3,341.8	2,442.0	100.0	3.1	7.4	51.7	37.8
	II	6,486.7	165.2	432.4	3,352.2	2,537.0	100.0	2.5	6.7	51.7	39.1
	III	6,523.8	156.5	407.5	3,257.0	2,702.8	100.0	2.4	6.2	49.9	41.4
	IV	6,556.3	152.1	460.5	3,287.6	2,656.1	100.0	2.3	7.0	50.1	40.5
2024	I	6,284.3	175.8	398.9	3,121.8	2,587.8	100.0	2.8	6.3	49.7	41.2
	II	6,299.8	126.3	365.5	3,150.3	2,657.7	100.0	2.0	5.8	50.0	42.2
	III	6,370.8	138.1	402.7	3,206.7	2,623.3	100.0	2.2	6.3	50.3	41.2
	IV	6,352.2	158.2	407.3	3,156.1	2,630.6	100.0	2.5	6.4	49.7	41.4
2025	I	6,375.3	90.0	328.0	3,264.9	2,692.4	100.0	1.4	5.1	51.2	42.2
	II	6,376.2	80.5	267.4	3,340.7	2,687.7	100.0	1.3	4.2	52.4	42.2
	III	6,395.9	87.7	282.4	3,295.0	2,730.8	100.0	1.4	4.4	51.5	42.7
	IV	6,430.0	88.0	371.5	3,293.9	2,676.6	100.0	1.4	5.8	51.2	41.6
2026	I	6,456.1	94.1	319.2	3,343.2	2,699.6	100.0	1.5	4.9	51.8	41.8
	II	6,489.1	68.2	292.4	3,432.7	2,695.8	100.0	1.1	4.5	52.9	41.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 7 : Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 7 : Labour force by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	15,790.1	13,466.8	8,958.8	3,385.3	1,002.0	120.7	2,323.3
	II	15,675.5	13,322.1	8,818.3	3,387.2	1,006.0	110.5	2,353.5
	III	15,840.6	13,481.7	8,926.2	3,460.7	992.3	102.6	2,358.9
	IV	15,922.3	13,719.8	9,077.1	3,454.4	1,067.8	120.4	2,202.5
2021	I	16,008.4	13,748.8	9,057.4	3,492.0	1,099.4	99.9	2,259.6
	II	15,972.2	13,678.4	9,243.4	3,414.9	953.0	67.1	2,293.9
	III	16,021.0	13,745.3	9,302.4	3,321.2	1,028.6	93.1	2,275.7
	IV	16,135.0	13,941.8	9,297.0	3,453.2	1,048.5	143.1	2,193.2
2022	I	16,246.1	14,038.0	9,369.6	3,515.7	1,042.5	110.3	2,208.1
	II	16,343.3	14,119.4	9,435.1	3,543.2	1,006.8	134.4	2,223.8
	III	16,442.9	14,195.0	9,478.8	3,525.8	1,052.8	137.5	2,247.9
	IV	16,542.2	14,296.1	9,511.3	3,557.8	1,093.9	133.0	2,246.1
2023	I	16,648.9	14,387.6	9,599.1	3,567.5	1,075.6	145.4	2,261.3
	II	16,727.4	14,457.6	9,722.1	3,549.1	1,060.2	126.2	2,269.9
	III	16,824.0	14,532.4	9,780.9	3,557.1	1,066.8	127.6	2,291.6
	IV	16,911.7	14,605.5	9,821.7	3,554.2	1,075.5	154.1	2,306.2
2024	I	16,810.1	14,470.0	9,917.0	3,485.0	984.6	83.5	2,340.1
	II	16,956.5	14,483.3	9,948.2	3,469.0	981.3	84.8	2,473.1
	III	17,045.6	14,490.1	9,952.2	3,452.1	987.8	98.0	2,555.5
	IV	17,061.2	14,601.5	10,007.1	3,493.7	1,006.6	94.2	2,459.7
2025	I	17,086.6	14,718.8	10,065.3	3,521.2	1,025.8	106.5	2,367.8
	II	17,104.7	14,863.1	10,145.3	3,575.5	1,038.7	103.5	2,241.7
	III	17,136.4	14,935.9	10,174.1	3,594.5	1,056.7	110.5	2,200.5
	IV	17,185.4	14,985.2	10,210.4	3,605.1	1,063.6	106.1	2,200.2
2026	I	17,232.0	15,058.0	10,262.5	3,617.0	1,071.9	106.7	2,174.0
	II	17,275.8	15,112.1	10,293.6	3,638.8	1,075.8	103.9	2,163.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
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Jadual 7 : Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 7 : Labour force by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Komposisi / Share (%)								
2020	I	100.0	85.3	56.7	21.4	6.3	0.8	14.7
	II	100.0	85.0	56.3	21.6	6.4	0.7	15.0
	III	100.0	85.1	56.4	21.8	6.3	0.6	14.9
	IV	100.0	86.2	57.0	21.7	6.7	0.8	13.8
2021	I	100.0	85.9	56.6	21.8	6.9	0.6	14.1
	II	100.0	85.6	57.9	21.4	6.0	0.4	14.4
	III	100.0	85.8	58.1	20.7	6.4	0.6	14.2
	IV	100.0	86.4	57.6	21.4	6.5	0.9	13.6
2022	I	100.0	86.4	57.7	21.6	6.4	0.7	13.6
	II	100.0	86.4	57.7	21.7	6.2	0.8	13.6
	III	100.0	86.3	57.6	21.4	6.4	0.8	13.7
	IV	100.0	85.0	56.3	21.6	6.4	0.7	15.0
2023	I	100.0	86.4	57.7	21.4	6.5	0.9	13.6
	II	100.0	86.4	58.1	21.2	6.3	0.8	13.6
	III	100.0	86.4	58.1	21.1	6.3	0.8	13.6
	IV	100.0	86.4	58.1	21.0	6.4	0.9	13.6
2024	I	100.0	86.1	59.0	20.7	5.9	0.5	13.9
	II	100.0	85.4	58.7	20.5	5.8	0.5	14.6
	III	100.0	85.0	58.4	20.3	5.8	0.6	15.0
	IV	100.0	85.6	58.7	20.5	5.9	0.6	14.4
2025	I	100.0	86.1	58.9	20.6	6.0	0.6	13.9
	II	100.0	86.9	59.3	20.9	6.1	0.6	13.1
	III	100.0	87.2	59.4	21.0	6.2	0.6	12.8
	IV	100.0	87.2	59.4	21.0	6.2	0.6	12.8
2026	I	100.0	87.4	59.6	21.0	6.2	0.6	12.6
	II	100.0	87.5	59.6	21.1	6.2	0.6	12.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.



Jadual 8 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 8 : Employed persons by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total													
2020	I	15,243.5	2,357.5	5,217.8	3,740.2	2,590.2	1,337.8	100.0	15.5	34.2	24.5	17.0	8.8
	II	14,883.7	2,295.5	5,047.0	3,679.6	2,576.0	1,285.7	100.0	15.4	33.9	24.7	17.3	8.6
	III	15,095.6	2,244.2	5,064.0	3,738.6	2,664.5	1,384.2	100.0	14.9	33.5	24.8	17.7	9.2
	IV	15,161.6	2,257.9	5,169.4	3,755.8	2,624.0	1,354.6	100.0	14.9	34.1	24.8	17.3	8.9
2021	I	15,236.5	2,307.3	5,073.7	3,957.3	2,605.9	1,292.3	100.0	15.1	33.3	26.0	17.1	8.5
	II	15,207.3	2,297.1	5,067.8	3,854.6	2,624.9	1,363.0	100.0	15.1	33.3	25.3	17.3	9.0
	III	15,274.8	2,291.8	5,088.3	4,005.0	2,620.3	1,269.5	100.0	15.0	33.3	26.2	17.2	8.3
	IV	15,440.7	2,372.0	5,320.0	4,023.9	2,566.0	1,158.7	100.0	15.4	34.5	26.1	16.6	7.5
2022	I	15,574.9	2,434.6	5,320.8	4,022.3	2,591.4	1,205.7	100.0	15.6	34.2	25.8	16.6	7.7
	II	15,701.2	2,464.0	5,371.6	4,040.7	2,610.9	1,214.0	100.0	15.7	34.2	25.7	16.6	7.7
	III	15,831.1	2,499.5	5,347.1	4,079.9	2,619.1	1,285.4	100.0	15.8	33.8	25.8	16.5	8.1
	IV	15,941.7	2,501.9	5,399.8	4,180.0	2,579.6	1,280.4	100.0	15.7	33.9	26.2	16.2	8.0
2023	I	16,062.0	2,570.9	5,452.0	4,118.4	2,680.8	1,240.0	100.0	16.0	33.9	25.6	16.7	7.7
	II	16,146.1	2,544.9	5,512.7	4,144.8	2,681.7	1,262.0	100.0	15.8	34.1	25.7	16.6	7.8
	III	16,250.9	2,574.8	5,573.5	4,147.3	2,696.2	1,259.1	100.0	15.8	34.3	25.5	16.6	7.7
	IV	16,346.7	2,609.4	5,548.3	4,153.8	2,761.5	1,273.6	100.0	16.0	33.9	25.4	16.9	7.8
2024	I	16,258.5	2,468.4	5,089.7	4,568.4	2,883.3	1,248.7	100.0	15.2	31.3	28.1	17.7	7.7
	II	16,408.2	2,500.3	5,158.2	4,629.3	2,860.1	1,260.2	100.0	15.2	31.4	28.2	17.4	7.7
	III	16,503.4	2,497.0	5,114.0	4,670.9	2,869.4	1,352.2	100.0	15.1	31.0	28.3	17.4	8.2
	IV	16,530.7	2,527.5	5,090.7	4,638.3	2,879.7	1,394.5	100.0	15.3	30.8	28.1	17.4	8.4
2025	I	16,564.1	2,545.8	5,094.9	4,629.1	2,896.5	1,397.9	100.0	15.4	30.8	27.9	17.5	8.4
	II	16,586.9	2,544.6	5,083.2	4,610.6	2,933.2	1,415.4	100.0	15.3	30.6	27.8	17.7	8.5
	III	16,622.8	2,539.4	5,073.4	4,592.4	2,988.1	1,429.5	100.0	15.3	30.5	27.6	18.0	8.6
	IV	16,677.1	2,572.8	5,098.6	4,586.6	3,006.2	1,412.9	100.0	15.4	30.6	27.5	18.0	8.5
2026	I	16,725.6	2,574.4	5,113.3	4,605.7	3,023.4	1,408.7	100.0	15.4	30.6	27.5	18.1	8.4
	II	16,766.1	2,576.4	5,131.9	4,631.5	3,034.3	1,391.9	100.0	15.4	30.6	27.6	18.1	8.3

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Jadual 8 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 8 : Employed persons by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male													
2020	I	9,294.5	1,430.1	3,061.4	2,265.7	1,598.3	939.1	100.0	15.4	32.9	24.4	17.2	10.1
	II	9,129.1	1,372.9	3,040.5	2,239.6	1,598.0	878.0	100.0	15.0	33.3	24.5	17.5	9.6
	III	9,229.8	1,409.7	2,997.6	2,287.9	1,627.4	907.3	100.0	15.3	32.5	24.8	17.6	9.8
	IV	9,273.1	1,427.0	3,059.5	2,297.9	1,567.0	921.6	100.0	15.4	33.0	24.8	16.9	9.9
2021	I	9,314.1	1,465.7	2,968.6	2,320.0	1,619.6	940.2	100.0	15.7	31.9	24.9	17.4	10.1
	II	9,285.0	1,397.3	2,980.3	2,270.6	1,589.5	1,047.4	100.0	15.0	32.1	24.5	17.1	11.3
	III	9,335.9	1,475.8	3,024.6	2,344.6	1,592.4	898.6	100.0	15.8	32.4	25.1	17.1	9.6
	IV	9,444.3	1,628.3	2,991.4	2,315.5	1,667.0	842.1	100.0	17.2	31.7	24.5	17.7	8.9
2022	I	9,534.2	1,595.3	3,050.7	2,388.4	1,648.7	851.2	100.0	16.7	32.0	25.1	17.3	8.9
	II	9,596.3	1,622.0	3,103.6	2,338.1	1,651.2	881.4	100.0	16.9	32.3	24.4	17.2	9.2
	III	9,692.0	1,590.8	3,120.2	2,409.1	1,652.4	919.4	100.0	16.4	32.2	24.9	17.0	9.5
	IV	9,763.0	1,667.4	3,157.4	2,402.2	1,637.2	898.9	100.0	17.1	32.3	24.6	16.8	9.2
2023	I	9,840.8	1,762.9	3,092.7	2,423.8	1,679.5	881.8	100.0	17.9	31.4	24.6	17.1	9.0
	II	9,901.6	1,718.3	3,184.0	2,442.8	1,652.1	904.4	100.0	17.4	32.2	24.7	16.7	9.1
	III	9,968.4	1,741.1	3,226.6	2,463.1	1,678.2	859.3	100.0	17.5	32.4	24.7	16.8	8.6
	IV	10,029.4	1,720.8	3,261.8	2,483.6	1,702.1	861.1	100.0	17.2	32.5	24.8	17.0	8.6
2024	I	10,202.0	1,667.1	3,025.7	2,781.8	1,826.4	901.0	100.0	16.3	29.7	27.3	17.9	8.8
	II	10,332.7	1,733.8	3,154.0	2,640.5	1,824.3	980.2	100.0	16.8	30.5	25.6	17.7	9.5
	III	10,350.1	1,772.9	3,132.9	2,740.9	1,765.7	937.6	100.0	17.1	30.3	26.5	17.1	9.1
	IV	10,392.9	1,742.8	3,113.3	2,766.4	1,811.6	958.6	100.0	16.8	30.0	26.6	17.4	9.2
2025	I	10,398.5	1,470.6	3,172.6	2,795.3	1,888.5	1,071.5	100.0	14.1	30.5	26.9	18.2	10.3
	II	10,419.6	1,563.6	3,083.2	2,848.0	1,833.5	1,091.3	100.0	15.0	29.6	27.3	17.6	10.5
	III	10,434.4	1,524.5	3,161.6	2,817.8	1,849.5	1,081.1	100.0	14.6	30.3	27.0	17.7	10.4
	IV	10,453.2	1,518.9	3,225.1	2,861.7	1,835.3	1,012.2	100.0	14.5	30.9	27.4	17.6	9.7
2026	I	10,474.2	1,501.5	3,234.9	2,875.6	1,918.6	943.6	100.0	14.3	30.9	27.5	18.3	9.0
	II	10,483.4	1,531.9	3,194.2	2,879.2	1,904.5	973.6	100.0	14.6	30.5	27.5	18.2	9.3

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Table 8 : Employed persons by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Perempuan / Female													
2020	I	5,949.0	927.4	2,156.4	1,474.5	991.8	398.7	100.0	15.6	36.2	24.8	16.7	6.7
	II	5,754.7	922.6	2,006.5	1,439.9	977.9	407.8	100.0	16.0	34.9	25.0	17.0	7.1
	III	5,865.8	834.6	2,066.5	1,450.8	1,037.1	476.9	100.0	14.2	35.2	24.7	17.7	8.1
	IV	5,888.6	830.8	2,109.9	1,457.9	1,057.1	432.9	100.0	14.1	35.8	24.8	18.0	7.4
2021	I	5,922.4	841.6	2,105.2	1,637.3	986.3	352.1	100.0	14.2	35.5	27.6	16.7	5.9
	II	5,922.3	899.8	2,087.5	1,584.0	1,035.4	315.6	100.0	15.2	35.2	26.7	17.5	5.3
	III	5,938.9	816.0	2,063.7	1,660.3	1,027.9	371.0	100.0	13.7	34.7	28.0	17.3	6.2
	IV	5,996.3	743.8	2,328.6	1,708.4	899.0	316.6	100.0	12.4	38.8	28.5	15.0	5.3
2022	I	6,040.6	839.3	2,270.2	1,633.9	942.8	354.5	100.0	13.9	37.6	27.0	15.6	5.9
	II	6,104.9	842.0	2,267.9	1,702.6	959.7	332.6	100.0	13.8	37.1	27.9	15.7	5.4
	III	6,139.1	908.7	2,226.9	1,670.7	966.8	366.0	100.0	14.8	36.3	27.2	15.7	6.0
	IV	6,178.7	834.5	2,242.5	1,777.8	942.3	381.5	100.0	13.5	36.3	28.8	15.3	6.2
2023	I	6,221.2	807.9	2,359.2	1,694.6	1,001.3	358.2	100.0	13.0	37.9	27.2	16.1	5.8
	II	6,244.5	826.6	2,328.7	1,702.0	1,029.5	357.6	100.0	13.2	37.3	27.3	16.5	5.7
	III	6,282.5	833.6	2,346.9	1,684.2	1,018.0	399.8	100.0	13.3	37.4	26.8	16.2	6.4
	IV	6,317.3	888.6	2,286.5	1,670.3	1,059.4	412.4	100.0	14.1	36.2	26.4	16.8	6.5
2024	I	6,056.5	801.2	2,064.0	1,786.6	1,057.0	347.7	100.0	13.2	34.1	29.5	17.5	5.7
	II	6,075.4	766.5	2,004.2	1,988.8	1,035.9	280.0	100.0	12.6	33.0	32.7	17.1	4.6
	III	6,153.3	724.0	1,981.1	1,929.9	1,103.6	414.6	100.0	11.8	32.2	31.4	17.9	6.7
	IV	6,137.8	784.7	1,977.4	1,871.9	1,068.0	435.9	100.0	12.8	32.2	30.5	17.4	7.1
2025	I	6,165.6	1,075.2	1,922.2	1,833.8	1,008.0	326.4	100.0	17.4	31.2	29.7	16.3	5.3
	II	6,167.3	981.0	1,999.9	1,762.6	1,099.8	324.1	100.0	15.9	32.4	28.6	17.8	5.3
	III	6,188.4	1,014.9	1,911.8	1,774.6	1,138.6	348.5	100.0	16.4	30.9	28.7	18.4	5.6
	IV	6,223.9	1,053.9	1,873.5	1,724.9	1,170.9	400.7	100.0	16.9	30.1	27.7	18.8	6.4
2026	I	6,251.4	1,073.0	1,878.4	1,730.1	1,104.8	465.1	100.0	17.2	30.0	27.7	17.7	7.4
	II	6,282.7	1,044.6	1,937.7	1,752.3	1,129.8	418.3	100.0	16.6	30.8	27.9	18.0	6.7

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Table 9 : Employed persons by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Jumlah / Total											
2020	I	15,243.5	423.3	1,759.9	8,532.5	4,527.8	100.0	2.8	11.5	56.0	29.7
	II	14,883.7	413.9	1,556.0	8,326.5	4,587.3	100.0	2.8	10.5	55.9	30.8
	III	15,095.6	354.5	1,582.5	8,367.0	4,791.7	100.0	2.3	10.5	55.4	31.7
	IV	15,161.6	339.8	1,576.1	8,194.9	5,050.9	100.0	2.2	10.4	54.1	33.3
2021	I	15,236.5	417.6	1,567.8	8,239.7	5,011.4	100.0	2.7	10.3	54.1	32.9
	II	15,207.3	546.5	1,473.3	8,271.9	4,915.6	100.0	3.6	9.7	54.4	32.3
	III	15,274.8	582.8	1,300.3	8,419.7	4,971.9	100.0	3.8	8.5	55.1	32.5
	IV	15,440.7	549.3	1,351.3	8,633.9	4,906.2	100.0	3.6	8.8	55.9	31.8
2022	I	15,574.9	517.4	1,416.4	8,736.2	4,904.8	100.0	3.3	9.1	56.1	31.5
	II	15,701.2	470.6	1,430.4	8,901.5	4,898.7	100.0	3.0	9.1	56.7	31.2
	III	15,831.1	485.5	1,392.9	8,957.7	4,995.0	100.0	3.1	8.8	56.6	31.6
	IV	15,941.7	420.5	1,395.8	9,062.6	5,062.8	100.0	2.6	8.8	56.8	31.8
2023	I	16,062.0	436.6	1,439.9	9,091.8	5,093.7	100.0	2.7	9.0	56.6	31.7
	II	16,146.1	474.2	1,397.5	9,156.3	5,117.9	100.0	2.9	8.7	56.7	31.7
	III	16,250.9	404.0	1,289.2	9,408.0	5,149.6	100.0	2.5	7.9	57.9	31.7
	IV	16,346.7	404.8	1,353.8	9,405.6	5,182.6	100.0	2.5	8.3	57.5	31.7
2024	I	16,258.5	424.9	1,384.7	9,145.9	5,303.0	100.0	2.6	8.5	56.3	32.6
	II	16,408.2	420.1	1,459.3	9,213.8	5,314.9	100.0	2.6	8.9	56.2	32.4
	III	16,503.4	376.9	1,502.2	9,221.4	5,402.8	100.0	2.3	9.1	55.9	32.7
	IV	16,530.7	392.8	1,455.3	9,222.9	5,459.7	100.0	2.4	8.8	55.8	33.0
2025	I	16,564.1	402.0	1,457.8	9,237.3	5,466.9	100.0	2.4	8.8	55.8	33.0
	II	16,586.9	407.9	1,438.3	9,264.4	5,476.3	100.0	2.5	8.7	55.9	33.0
	III	16,622.8	352.0	1,440.0	9,404.9	5,425.9	100.0	2.1	8.7	56.6	32.6
	IV	16,677.1	335.3	1,421.2	9,447.1	5,473.6	100.0	2.0	8.5	56.6	32.8
2026	I	16,725.6	332.5	1,432.1	9,467.5	5,493.5	100.0	2.0	8.6	56.6	32.8
	II	16,766.1	239.9	1,466.8	9,520.0	5,539.4	100.0	1.4	8.7	56.8	33.0

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Table 9 : Employed persons by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Lelaki / Male											
2020	I	9,294.5	243.4	1,177.6	5,542.7	2,330.8	100.0	2.6	12.7	59.6	25.1
	II	9,129.1	228.3	1,058.4	5,457.0	2,385.4	100.0	2.5	11.6	59.8	26.1
	III	9,229.8	196.6	1,059.0	5,423.9	2,550.3	100.0	2.1	11.5	58.8	27.6
	IV	9,273.1	233.2	1,116.0	5,332.6	2,591.3	100.0	2.5	12.0	57.5	27.9
2021	I	9,314.1	272.0	1,140.6	5,479.1	2,422.4	100.0	2.9	12.2	58.8	26.0
	II	9,285.0	378.8	1,082.4	5,388.5	2,435.3	100.0	4.1	11.7	58.0	26.2
	III	9,335.9	431.6	952.8	5,277.8	2,673.7	100.0	4.6	10.2	56.5	28.6
	IV	9,444.3	342.7	988.1	5,645.0	2,468.5	100.0	3.6	10.5	59.8	26.1
2022	I	9,534.2	325.2	1,030.8	5,657.9	2,520.3	100.0	3.4	10.8	59.3	26.4
	II	9,596.3	244.7	1,001.7	5,753.3	2,596.7	100.0	2.5	10.4	60.0	27.1
	III	9,692.0	293.9	985.4	5,986.7	2,425.9	100.0	3.0	10.2	61.8	25.0
	IV	9,763.0	281.7	1,028.1	5,854.6	2,598.7	100.0	2.9	10.5	60.0	26.6
2023	I	9,840.8	246.3	985.9	5,885.2	2,723.4	100.0	2.5	10.0	59.8	27.7
	II	9,901.6	321.1	987.9	5,927.4	2,665.3	100.0	3.2	10.0	59.9	26.9
	III	9,968.4	257.0	909.0	6,274.7	2,527.7	100.0	2.6	9.1	62.9	25.4
	IV	10,029.4	267.4	920.6	6,240.8	2,600.6	100.0	2.7	9.2	62.2	25.9
2024	I	10,202.0	262.1	1,011.9	6,142.8	2,785.1	100.0	2.6	9.9	60.2	27.3
	II	10,332.7	310.1	1,119.9	6,178.4	2,724.4	100.0	3.0	10.8	59.8	26.4
	III	10,350.1	249.3	1,117.2	6,131.0	2,852.4	100.0	2.4	10.8	59.2	27.6
	IV	10,392.9	238.9	1,082.0	6,171.9	2,900.0	100.0	2.3	10.4	59.4	27.9
2025	I	10,398.5	320.7	1,163.4	6,081.1	2,833.3	100.0	3.1	11.2	58.5	27.2
	II	10,419.6	339.3	1,193.1	6,029.7	2,857.5	100.0	3.3	11.5	57.9	27.4
	III	10,434.4	274.2	1,174.1	6,213.5	2,772.7	100.0	2.6	11.3	59.5	26.6
	IV	10,453.2	254.6	1,066.4	6,267.2	2,864.9	100.0	2.4	10.2	60.0	27.4
2026	I	10,474.2	240.9	1,124.6	6,238.4	2,870.4	100.0	2.3	10.7	59.6	27.4
	II	10,483.4	177.8	1,185.8	6,194.0	2,925.8	100.0	1.7	11.3	59.1	27.9

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		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Firstary	Tertiari Secondary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Perempuan / Female											
2020	I	5,949.0	180.0	582.3	2,989.7	2,197.0	100.0	3.0	9.8	50.3	36.9
	II	5,754.7	185.6	497.6	2,869.5	2,201.9	100.0	3.2	8.6	49.9	38.3
	III	5,865.8	157.8	523.5	2,943.1	2,241.4	100.0	2.7	8.9	50.2	38.2
	IV	5,888.6	106.6	460.1	2,862.3	2,459.6	100.0	1.8	7.8	48.6	41.8
2021	I	5,922.4	145.6	427.2	2,760.6	2,589.0	100.0	2.5	7.2	46.6	43.7
	II	5,922.3	167.7	390.8	2,883.5	2,480.3	100.0	2.8	6.6	48.7	41.9
	III	5,938.9	151.2	347.5	3,142.0	2,298.3	100.0	2.5	5.9	52.9	38.7
	IV	5,996.3	206.6	363.2	2,988.9	2,437.6	100.0	3.4	6.1	49.8	40.7
2022	I	6,040.6	192.2	385.5	3,078.3	2,384.6	100.0	3.2	6.4	51.0	39.5
	II	6,104.9	225.9	428.8	3,148.3	2,302.0	100.0	3.7	7.0	51.6	37.7
	III	6,139.1	191.6	407.5	2,971.0	2,569.1	100.0	3.1	6.6	48.4	41.8
	IV	6,178.7	138.7	367.7	3,208.0	2,464.2	100.0	2.2	6.0	51.9	39.9
2023	I	6,221.2	190.3	454.0	3,206.7	2,370.3	100.0	3.1	7.3	51.5	38.1
	II	6,244.5	153.2	409.7	3,229.0	2,452.7	100.0	2.5	6.6	51.7	39.3
	III	6,282.5	147.0	380.2	3,133.4	2,622.0	100.0	2.3	6.1	49.9	41.7
	IV	6,317.3	137.3	433.2	3,164.8	2,582.0	100.0	2.2	6.9	50.1	40.9
2024	I	6,056.5	162.7	372.8	3,003.1	2,517.9	100.0	2.7	6.2	49.6	41.6
	II	6,075.4	110.0	339.4	3,035.4	2,590.6	100.0	1.8	5.6	50.0	42.6
	III	6,153.3	127.6	385.0	3,090.4	2,550.4	100.0	2.1	6.3	50.2	41.4
	IV	6,137.8	153.9	373.3	3,051.0	2,559.6	100.0	2.5	6.1	49.7	41.7
2025	I	6,165.6	81.3	294.4	3,156.3	2,633.7	100.0	1.3	4.8	51.2	42.7
	II	6,167.3	68.6	245.2	3,234.7	2,618.8	100.0	1.1	4.0	52.4	42.5
	III	6,188.4	77.8	265.9	3,191.4	2,653.2	100.0	1.3	4.3	51.6	42.9
	IV	6,223.9	80.7	354.7	3,179.8	2,608.7	100.0	1.3	5.7	51.1	41.9
2026	I	6,251.4	91.6	307.6	3,229.1	2,623.1	100.0	1.5	4.9	51.7	42.0
	II	6,282.7	62.2	281.0	3,325.9	2,613.6	100.0	1.0	4.5	52.9	41.6

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 10 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 10 : Employed persons by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	15,243.5	12,986.9	8,617.8	3,303.2	954.4	111.5	2,256.6
	II	14,883.7	12,636.2	8,356.4	3,242.5	934.7	102.5	2,247.5
	III	15,095.6	12,841.6	8,528.3	3,288.2	932.7	92.3	2,254.1
	IV	15,161.6	13,065.0	8,649.1	3,306.3	1,004.0	105.6	2,096.6
2021	I	15,236.5	13,085.2	8,610.9	3,334.4	1,047.0	92.8	2,151.3
	II	15,207.3	13,022.6	8,785.7	3,274.9	899.0	62.9	2,184.7
	III	15,274.8	13,105.8	8,852.0	3,199.3	964.4	90.2	2,169.0
	IV	15,440.7	13,351.0	8,880.5	3,328.2	1,003.4	138.8	2,089.6
2022	I	15,574.9	13,468.2	8,999.9	3,368.4	997.2	102.8	2,106.7
	II	15,701.2	13,575.9	9,047.8	3,423.1	974.1	131.0	2,125.3
	III	15,831.1	13,676.9	9,093.1	3,429.2	1,023.3	131.3	2,154.2
	IV	15,941.7	13,783.9	9,147.9	3,462.3	1,048.6	125.2	2,157.8
2023	I	16,062.0	13,883.8	9,233.7	3,468.1	1,039.2	142.8	2,178.2
	II	16,146.1	13,958.8	9,349.5	3,466.6	1,020.5	122.2	2,187.3
	III	16,250.9	14,040.4	9,433.4	3,470.3	1,017.9	118.8	2,210.4
	IV	16,346.7	14,123.4	9,477.4	3,474.7	1,031.7	139.6	2,223.2
2024	I	16,258.5	13,990.9	9,559.3	3,411.5	939.8	80.3	2,267.6
	II	16,408.2	14,003.5	9,593.3	3,394.4	938.3	77.5	2,404.6
	III	16,503.4	14,016.9	9,604.1	3,376.5	947.2	89.2	2,486.5
	IV	16,530.7	14,133.1	9,658.1	3,422.0	966.4	86.6	2,397.5
2025	I	16,564.1	14,256.8	9,716.4	3,452.6	986.2	101.7	2,307.3
	II	16,586.9	14,400.9	9,803.4	3,501.9	997.0	98.6	2,186.0
	III	16,622.8	14,460.2	9,822.9	3,515.4	1,016.3	105.7	2,162.5
	IV	16,677.1	14,511.2	9,857.2	3,527.7	1,023.7	102.6	2,166.0
2026	I	16,725.6	14,582.7	9,904.6	3,542.2	1,031.9	103.9	2,142.9
	II	16,766.1	14,631.5	9,945.1	3,552.2	1,032.9	101.4	2,134.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 10 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 10 : Employed persons by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Komposisi / Share (%)								
2020	I	100.0	85.2	56.5	21.7	6.3	0.7	14.8
	II	100.0	84.9	56.1	21.8	6.3	0.7	15.1
	III	100.0	85.1	56.5	21.8	6.2	0.6	14.9
	IV	100.0	86.2	57.0	21.8	6.6	0.7	13.8
2021	I	100.0	85.9	56.5	21.9	6.9	0.6	14.1
	II	100.0	85.6	57.8	21.5	5.9	0.4	14.4
	III	100.0	85.8	58.0	20.9	6.3	0.6	14.2
	IV	100.0	86.5	57.5	21.6	6.5	0.9	13.5
2022	I	100.0	86.5	57.8	21.6	6.4	0.7	13.5
	II	100.0	86.5	57.6	21.8	6.2	0.8	13.5
	III	100.0	86.4	57.4	21.7	6.5	0.8	13.6
	IV	100.0	86.5	57.4	21.7	6.6	0.8	13.5
2023	I	100.0	86.4	57.5	21.6	6.5	0.9	13.6
	II	100.0	86.5	57.9	21.5	6.3	0.8	13.5
	III	100.0	86.4	58.0	21.4	6.3	0.7	13.6
	IV	100.0	86.4	58.0	21.3	6.3	0.9	13.6
2024	I	100.0	86.1	58.8	21.0	5.8	0.5	13.9
	II	100.0	85.3	58.5	20.7	5.7	0.5	14.7
	III	100.0	84.9	58.2	20.5	5.7	0.5	15.1
	IV	100.0	85.5	58.4	20.7	5.8	0.5	14.5
2025	I	100.0	86.1	58.7	20.8	6.0	0.6	13.9
	II	100.0	86.8	59.1	21.1	6.0	0.6	13.2
	III	100.0	87.0	59.1	21.1	6.1	0.6	13.0
	IV	100.0	87.0	59.1	21.2	6.1	0.6	13.0
2026	I	100.0	87.2	59.2	21.2	6.2	0.6	12.8
	II	100.0	87.3	59.3	21.2	6.2	0.6	12.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 11 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 11 : Employed persons by occupation, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Pekerjaan / Occupation								
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Orang / Person ('000)											
2020	I	15,243.5	683.0	1,958.6	1,614.1	1,371.6	3,572.1	945.4	1,385.8	1,772.2	1,940.5
	II	14,883.7	774.8	1,923.9	1,564.2	1,318.8	3,530.9	921.3	1,384.0	1,641.2	1,824.7
	III	15,095.6	752.0	1,910.5	1,732.4	1,302.4	3,513.5	872.6	1,426.1	1,713.7	1,872.4
	IV	15,161.6	845.8	1,937.6	1,775.1	1,322.5	3,536.7	900.0	1,302.7	1,799.3	1,742.0
2021	I	15,236.5	811.2	2,179.4	1,879.3	1,507.8	3,499.4	788.9	1,221.8	1,617.9	1,730.9
	II	15,207.3	631.2	2,013.0	1,705.7	1,641.6	3,737.5	719.0	1,304.9	1,649.5	1,804.8
	III	15,274.8	594.1	1,967.0	1,695.6	1,704.6	3,822.8	695.1	1,284.8	1,637.1	1,873.8
	IV	15,440.7	610.1	1,978.0	1,707.5	1,728.4	3,920.8	666.9	1,285.7	1,641.4	1,901.6
2022	I	15,524.4	594.1	1,992.0	1,717.8	1,738.6	3,975.5	641.5	1,290.2	1,645.1	1,929.7
	II	15,701.2	635.6	2,023.0	1,728.2	1,755.5	4,042.5	627.8	1,296.3	1,648.6	1,943.7
	III	15,831.1	642.6	2,046.2	1,737.3	1,762.2	4,061.7	626.7	1,305.8	1,666.1	1,982.4
	IV	15,941.7	648.1	2,057.9	1,745.1	1,769.8	4,079.2	628.1	1,312.9	1,683.2	2,017.5
2023	I	16,062.0	655.0	2,078.8	1,753.1	1,774.3	4,094.1	641.5	1,318.0	1,689.7	2,057.5
	II	16,146.1	659.5	2,090.0	1,762.9	1,781.2	4,103.5	645.8	1,326.1	1,698.2	2,079.0
	III	16,250.9	663.3	2,099.6	1,770.2	1,789.5	4,135.5	650.9	1,329.0	1,698.3	2,114.6
	IV	16,346.7	669.3	2,105.7	1,778.4	1,793.4	4,162.9	650.5	1,334.7	1,706.3	2,145.3
2024	I	16,258.5	800.8	2,217.9	1,944.5	1,595.8	3,871.3	699.9	1,416.0	1,643.6	2,068.7
	II	16,408.2	803.4	2,225.2	1,954.7	1,600.9	3,883.8	701.4	1,448.1	1,689.3	2,101.4
	III	16,503.4	808.4	2,229.1	1,964.5	1,614.4	3,916.2	702.8	1,453.2	1,698.1	2,116.6
	IV	16,530.7	811.2	2,233.5	1,966.5	1,619.4	3,919.4	704.5	1,456.3	1,700.9	2,119.0
2025	I	16,564.1	813.6	2,237.1	1,972.5	1,624.1	3,922.8	705.8	1,458.7	1,706.0	2,123.5
	II	16,586.9	816.7	2,239.8	1,975.3	1,628.1	3,925.0	707.8	1,460.5	1,708.4	2,125.4
	III	16,622.8	820.0	2,243.4	1,979.0	1,635.1	3,928.9	710.5	1,461.7	1,711.0	2,133.3
	IV	16,677.1	830.5	2,263.5	1,981.2	1,644.9	3,931.2	713.7	1,464.5	1,712.3	2,135.3
2026	I	16,725.6	835.1	2,280.9	1,981.4	1,646.7	3,943.1	714.7	1,465.8	1,718.9	2,139.1
	II	16,766.1	836.0	2,284.9	1,986.3	1,655.0	3,946.3	716.9	1,469.6	1,728.6	2,142.4

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Pekerjaan berasaskan MASCO 2020. Keterangan terperinci di muka surat 110 di nota teknikal
Occupation based on MASCO 2020. Details description as in page 119 of the technical notes

Jadual 11 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 11 : Employed persons by occupation, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Pekerjaan / Occupation								
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Komposisi / Share (%)											
2020	I	100.0	4.5	12.8	10.6	9.0	23.4	6.2	9.1	11.6	12.7
	II	100.0	5.2	12.9	10.5	8.9	23.7	6.2	9.3	11.0	12.3
	III	100.0	5.0	12.7	11.5	8.6	23.3	5.8	9.4	11.4	12.4
	IV	100.0	5.6	12.8	11.7	8.7	23.3	5.9	8.6	11.9	11.5
2021	I	100.0	5.3	14.3	12.3	9.9	23.0	5.2	8.0	10.6	11.4
	II	100.0	4.2	13.2	11.2	10.8	24.6	4.7	8.6	10.8	11.9
	III	100.0	3.9	12.9	11.1	11.2	25.0	4.6	8.4	10.7	12.3
	IV	100.0	4.0	12.8	11.1	11.2	25.4	4.3	8.3	10.6	12.3
2022	I	100.0	3.8	12.8	11.1	11.2	25.6	4.1	8.3	10.6	12.4
	II	100.0	4.0	12.9	11.0	11.2	25.7	4.0	8.3	10.5	12.4
	III	100.0	4.1	12.9	11.0	11.1	25.7	4.0	8.2	10.5	12.5
	IV	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.1	25.6	3.9	8.2	10.6	12.7
2023	I	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.5	4.0	8.2	10.5	12.8
	II	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.4	4.0	8.2	10.5	12.9
	III	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.4	4.0	8.2	10.5	13.0
	IV	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.5	4.0	8.2	10.4	13.1
2024	I	100.0	4.9	13.6	12.0	9.8	23.8	4.3	8.7	10.1	12.7
	II	100.0	4.9	13.6	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	III	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	IV	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
2025	I	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	II	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	III	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.6	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	IV	100.0	5.0	13.6	11.9	9.9	23.6	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
2026	I	100.0	5.0	13.6	11.8	9.8	23.6	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	II	100.0	5.0	13.6	11.8	9.9	23.5	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Pekerjaan berasaskan MASCO 2020. Keterangan terperinci di muka surat 110 di nota teknikal
 Occupation based on MASCO 2020. Details description as in page 119 of the technical notes

Jadual 12 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut taraf pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 12 : Employed persons by status in employment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Majikan Employer	Pekerja Employee	Bekerja sendiri Own account worker	Pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji Unpaid family worker
Orang / Person ('000)						
2020	I	15,243.5	585.1	11,378.2	2,658.8	621.4
	II	14,883.7	499.6	11,270.4	2,516.3	597.4
	III	15,095.6	451.4	11,526.7	2,533.3	584.3
	IV	15,161.6	485.1	11,703.8	2,439.5	533.3
2021	I	15,236.5	491.4	11,677.1	2,534.0	534.1
	II	15,207.3	460.0	11,610.5	2,611.8	525.0
	III	15,274.8	476.8	11,692.7	2,581.5	523.8
	IV	15,440.7	486.9	11,772.3	2,651.5	529.9
2022	I	15,574.9	529.1	11,822.1	2,708.4	515.3
	II	15,701.2	558.5	11,873.6	2,772.9	496.3
	III	15,831.1	568.7	11,934.4	2,836.1	491.8
	IV	15,941.7	571.8	12,001.9	2,878.2	489.8
2023	I	16,062.0	581.7	12,056.5	2,935.9	487.9
	II	16,146.1	585.2	12,102.0	2,968.6	490.3
	III	16,250.9	586.1	12,190.1	2,982.8	491.9
	IV	16,346.7	588.6	12,265.5	2,998.9	493.7
2024	I	16,258.5	563.9	12,510.4	2,757.1	427.1
	II	16,408.2	592.1	12,579.3	2,802.7	434.1
	III	16,503.4	621.3	12,636.7	2,819.6	425.7
	IV	16,530.7	633.5	12,660.7	2,825.5	410.9
2025	I	16,564.1	630.4	12,673.5	2,844.9	415.3
	II	16,586.9	635.5	12,688.2	2,852.7	410.5
	III	16,622.8	641.9	12,703.9	2,876.6	400.3
	IV	16,677.1	635.6	12,738.1	2,903.6	399.9
2026	I	16,725.6	637.8	12,762.2	2,917.7	407.9
	II	16,766.1	644.9	12,779.0	2,944.5	397.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 12 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut taraf pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 12 : Employed persons by status in employment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Majikan Employer	Pekerja Employee	Bekerja sendiri Own account worker	Pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji Unpaid family worker
Komposisi / Share (%)						
2020	I	100.0	3.3	74.6	17.4	4.1
	II	100.0	3.4	75.7	16.9	4.0
	III	100.0	3.0	76.4	16.8	3.9
	IV	100.0	3.2	77.2	16.1	3.5
2021	I	100.0	3.2	76.6	16.6	3.5
	II	100.0	3.0	76.3	17.2	3.5
	III	100.0	3.1	76.5	16.9	3.4
	IV	100.0	3.6	75.3	18.1	3.1
2022	I	100.0	3.4	75.9	17.4	3.3
	II	100.0	3.6	75.6	17.7	3.2
	III	100.0	3.6	75.4	17.9	3.1
	IV	100.0	3.6	75.3	18.1	3.1
2023	I	100.0	3.6	75.1	18.3	3.0
	II	100.0	3.6	75.0	18.4	3.0
	III	100.0	3.6	75.0	18.4	3.0
	IV	100.0	3.6	75.0	18.3	3.0
2024	I	100.0	3.5	76.9	17.0	2.6
	II	100.0	3.6	76.7	17.1	2.6
	III	100.0	3.8	76.6	17.1	2.6
	IV	100.0	3.8	76.6	17.1	2.5
2025	I	100.0	3.8	76.5	17.2	2.5
	II	100.0	3.8	76.5	17.2	2.5
	III	100.0	3.9	76.4	17.3	2.4
	IV	100.0	3.8	76.4	17.4	2.4
2026	I	100.0	3.8	76.3	17.4	2.4
	II	100.0	3.8	76.2	17.6	2.4

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 13 : Pengangguran mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 13 : Unemployment by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Penganggur / Unemployed Persons			Kadar pengangguran / Unemployment rate		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
2020	I	546.6	331.0	215.7	3.5	3.4	3.5
	II	791.8	453.9	337.9	5.1	4.7	5.5
	III	745.0	459.5	285.5	4.7	4.7	4.6
	IV	760.7	465.3	295.3	4.8	4.8	4.8
2021	I	771.8	464.8	307.0	4.8	4.8	4.9
	II	764.9	444.1	320.8	4.8	4.6	5.1
	III	746.2	436.7	309.5	4.7	4.5	5.0
	IV	694.4	414.1	280.2	4.3	4.2	4.5
2022	I	671.2	395.0	276.2	4.1	4.0	4.4
	II	642.0	383.3	258.8	3.9	3.8	4.1
	III	611.8	365.7	246.2	3.7	3.6	3.9
	IV	600.5	355.8	244.7	3.6	3.5	3.8
2023	I	586.9	345.5	241.3	3.5	3.4	3.7
	II	581.4	339.1	242.2	3.5	3.3	3.7
	III	573.1	331.8	241.2	3.4	3.2	3.7
	IV	565.0	326.0	239.0	3.3	3.1	3.6
2024	I	551.6	323.8	227.8	3.3	3.1	3.6
	II	548.3	323.9	224.4	3.2	3.0	3.6
	III	542.2	324.7	217.5	3.2	3.0	3.4
	IV	530.6	316.2	214.4	3.1	3.0	3.4
2025	I	522.5	312.9	209.7	3.1	2.9	3.3
	II	517.8	308.9	208.9	3.0	2.9	3.3
	III	513.6	306.1	207.5	3.0	2.8	3.2
	IV	508.3	302.3	206.0	3.0	2.8	3.2
2026	I	506.5	301.7	204.7	2.9	2.8	3.2
	II	509.7	303.3	206.3	3.0	2.8	3.2

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 14 : Pengangguran mengikut strata, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 14 : Unemployment by strata, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year	Penganggur / Unemployed Persons			Kadar pengangguran / Unemployment rate			
	Jumlah Total	Bandar Urban	Luar bandar Rural	Jumlah Total	Bandar Urban	Luar bandar Rural	
	Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)			
2020	I	546.6	428.4	118.2	3.5	3.4	3.8
	II	791.8	644.2	147.6	5.1	5.2	4.6
	III	745.0	569.5	175.5	4.7	4.5	5.5
	IV	760.7	628.0	132.7	4.8	4.9	4.1
2021	I	771.8	647.0	124.9	4.8	5.0	4.1
	II	764.9	612.2	152.7	4.8	4.8	4.7
	III	746.2	577.6	168.6	4.7	4.5	5.3
	IV	694.4	557.2	137.2	4.3	4.3	4.3
2022	I	671.2	521.6	149.6	4.1	4.0	4.9
	II	642.0	480.9	161.1	3.9	3.6	5.1
	III	611.8	467.6	144.2	3.7	3.5	4.6
	IV	600.5	458.5	142.0	3.6	3.4	4.4
2023	I	586.9	466.4	120.4	3.5	3.4	3.9
	II	581.4	453.3	128.1	3.5	3.3	4.3
	III	573.1	447.8	125.3	3.4	3.2	4.2
	IV	565.0	435.1	129.9	3.3	3.1	4.3
2024	I	551.6	388.7	162.9	3.3	3.0	4.3
	II	548.3	391.3	157.0	3.2	3.0	4.1
	III	542.2	389.1	153.0	3.2	3.0	4.0
	IV	530.6	381.0	149.5	3.1	2.9	4.0
2025	I	522.5	378.0	144.5	3.1	2.9	3.8
	II	517.8	382.9	134.9	3.0	2.9	3.5
	III	513.6	381.3	132.3	3.0	2.9	3.5
	IV	508.3	379.0	129.3	3.0	2.8	3.5
2026	I	506.5	364.9	141.5	2.9	2.7	3.7
	II	509.7	366.3	143.4	3.0	2.7	3.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.



Jadual 15 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 15 : Unemployment by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Penganggur / Unemployed Persons								
Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens				Bukan warganegara Mala ysia Non-Malaysian citizens	
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indians		Lain-lain Others
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	546.6	480.0	341.0	82.2	47.6	9.2	66.7
	II	791.8	685.8	461.8	144.7	71.3	8.0	106.0
	III	745.0	640.2	397.8	172.5	59.6	10.2	104.8
	IV	760.7	654.8	428.0	148.1	63.8	14.8	105.9
2021	I	771.8	663.6	446.5	157.6	52.4	7.1	108.3
	II	764.9	655.8	457.7	140.0	54.0	4.2	109.1
	III	746.2	639.5	450.5	121.9	64.2	2.9	106.7
	IV	694.4	590.8	416.5	125.0	45.0	4.3	103.6
2022	I	671.2	569.8	369.7	147.3	45.3	7.5	101.4
	II	642.0	543.5	387.3	120.1	32.7	3.4	98.5
	III	611.8	518.1	385.7	96.7	29.5	6.2	93.7
	IV	600.5	512.2	363.4	95.5	45.4	7.9	88.3
2023	I	586.9	503.7	365.4	99.4	36.3	2.6	83.1
	II	581.4	498.8	372.6	82.5	39.7	4.0	82.6
	III	573.1	491.9	347.5	86.7	48.9	8.8	81.2
	IV	565.0	482.1	344.3	79.5	43.8	14.5	83.0
2024	I	551.6	479.1	357.7	73.5	44.8	3.2	72.5
	II	548.3	479.8	354.8	74.6	43.0	7.4	68.5
	III	542.2	473.1	348.1	75.7	40.6	8.8	69.0
	IV	530.6	468.4	349.0	71.6	40.2	7.6	62.2
2025	I	522.5	462.0	349.0	68.7	39.6	4.8	60.5
	II	517.8	462.2	341.9	73.5	41.7	5.0	55.6
	III	513.6	475.6	351.2	79.1	40.4	4.9	37.9
	IV	508.3	474.0	353.2	77.4	39.9	3.5	34.3
2026	I	506.5	475.4	357.9	74.7	40.0	2.8	31.1
	II	509.7	480.6	348.5	86.7	42.9	2.6	29.0

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 15 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 15 : Unemployment by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Kadar pengangguran / <i>Unemployment rate</i>								
Tahun <i>Year</i>		Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Warganegara Malaysia / <i>Malaysian citizens</i>				Bukan warganegara Malaysia <i>Non-Malaysian citizens</i>	
			Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Bumiputera	Cina <i>Chinese</i>	India <i>Indians</i>		Lain-lain <i>Others</i>
Kadar / <i>Rate (%)</i>								
2020	I	3.5	3.6	3.8	2.4	4.8	7.6	2.9
	II	5.1	5.1	5.2	4.3	7.1	7.2	4.5
	III	4.7	4.7	4.5	5.0	6.0	10.0	4.4
	IV	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.3	6.0	12.3	4.8
2021	I	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.8	7.1	4.8
	II	4.8	4.8	5.0	4.1	5.7	6.2	4.8
	III	4.7	4.7	4.8	3.7	6.2	3.1	4.7
	IV	4.3	4.2	4.5	3.6	4.3	3.0	4.7
2022	I	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.3	6.8	4.6
	II	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.4	3.2	2.5	4.4
	III	3.7	3.7	4.1	2.7	2.8	4.5	4.2
	IV	3.6	3.6	3.8	2.7	4.1	5.9	3.9
2023	I	3.5	3.5	3.8	2.8	3.4	1.8	3.7
	II	3.5	3.5	3.8	2.3	3.7	3.2	3.6
	III	3.4	3.4	3.6	2.4	4.6	6.9	3.5
	IV	3.3	3.3	3.5	2.2	4.1	9.4	3.6
2024	I	3.3	3.3	3.6	2.1	4.5	3.8	3.1
	II	3.2	3.3	3.6	2.2	4.4	8.7	2.8
	III	3.2	3.3	3.5	2.2	4.1	9.0	2.7
	IV	3.1	3.2	3.5	2.1	4.0	8.1	2.5
2025	I	3.1	3.1	3.5	1.9	3.9	4.5	2.6
	II	3.0	3.1	3.4	2.1	4.0	4.8	2.5
	III	3.0	3.2	3.5	2.2	3.8	4.4	1.7
	IV	3.0	3.2	3.5	2.1	3.8	3.3	1.6
2026	I	2.9	3.2	3.5	2.1	3.7	2.6	1.4
	II	3.0	3.2	3.4	2.4	4.0	2.5	1.3

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 16 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 16 : Unemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Penganggur / Unemployed Persons							
Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Kumpulan umur / Age group				
			15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Orang / Person ('000)							
2020	I	546.6	291.4	165.3	45.5	34.6	9.9
	II	791.8	326.7	274.3	86.0	67.7	37.2
	III	745.0	322.3	233.7	80.7	46.9	61.4
	IV	760.7	330.8	256.6	76.2	52.1	45.0
2021	I	771.8	317.4	231.0	104.3	58.5	60.7
	II	764.9	283.1	263.3	75.0	82.2	61.3
	III	746.2	304.1	245.3	73.4	70.3	53.1
	IV	694.4	313.1	244.5	80.2	42.5	14.1
2022	I	671.2	303.2	234.6	67.1	46.3	20.2
	II	642.0	303.4	219.2	54.3	46.6	18.5
	III	611.8	301.3	206.1	51.4	36.2	16.9
	IV	600.5	299.4	191.1	59.9	26.4	23.7
2023	I	586.9	288.4	160.4	89.7	30.6	17.8
	II	581.4	305.7	165.7	56.5	29.3	24.1
	III	573.1	295.1	149.2	52.8	37.7	38.3
	IV	565.0	294.4	155.6	42.0	38.6	34.4
2024	I	551.6	268.9	118.6	67.0	47.5	49.5
	II	548.3	271.5	115.0	76.5	43.7	41.5
	III	542.2	268.7	123.4	67.5	45.0	37.7
	IV	530.6	274.4	112.5	50.0	50.3	43.3
2025	I	522.5	275.6	118.1	40.1	38.2	50.5
	II	517.8	279.7	126.7	38.5	38.7	34.2
	III	513.6	280.5	131.3	39.2	35.5	27.0
	IV	508.3	278.2	120.7	45.3	43.4	20.6
2026	I	506.5	279.9	128.4	47.0	32.2	18.9
	II	509.7	285.6	135.7	38.0	32.3	18.0

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 16 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 16 : Unemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kadar pengangguran / Unemployment rate					
		Jumlah Total	Kumpulan umur / Age group				
			15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Kadar / Rate (%)							
2020	I	3.5	11.0	3.1	1.2	1.3	0.7
	II	5.1	12.5	5.2	2.3	2.6	2.8
	III	4.7	12.6	4.4	2.1	1.7	4.2
	IV	4.8	12.8	4.7	2.0	1.9	3.2
2021	I	4.8	12.1	4.4	2.6	2.2	4.5
	II	4.8	11.0	4.9	1.9	3.0	4.3
	III	4.7	11.7	4.6	1.8	2.6	4.0
	IV	4.3	11.7	4.4	2.0	1.6	1.2
2022	I	4.1	11.1	4.2	1.6	1.8	1.6
	II	3.9	11.0	3.9	1.3	1.8	1.5
	III	3.7	10.8	3.7	1.2	1.4	1.3
	IV	3.6	10.7	3.4	1.4	1.0	1.8
2023	I	3.5	10.1	2.9	2.1	1.1	1.4
	II	3.5	10.7	2.9	1.3	1.1	1.9
	III	3.4	10.3	2.6	1.3	1.4	3.0
	IV	3.3	10.1	2.7	1.0	1.4	2.6
2024	I	3.3	9.8	2.3	1.4	1.6	3.8
	II	3.2	9.8	2.2	1.6	1.5	3.2
	III	3.2	9.7	2.4	1.4	1.5	2.7
	IV	3.1	9.8	2.2	1.1	1.7	3.0
2025	I	3.1	9.8	2.3	0.9	1.3	3.5
	II	3.0	9.9	2.4	0.8	1.3	2.4
	III	3.0	9.9	2.5	0.8	1.2	1.9
	IV	3.0	9.8	2.3	1.0	1.4	1.4
2026	I	2.9	9.8	2.4	1.0	1.1	1.3
	II	3.0	10.0	2.6	0.8	1.1	1.3

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 17 : Penganggur aktif mengikut tempoh menganggur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 17 : Actively unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Penganggur aktif / Actively unemployed persons			
			Kurang daripada 3 bulan Less than 3 months	3 bulan hingga kurang daripada 6 bulan 3 month to less than 6 month	6 bulan hingga kurang daripada 1 tahun 6 months to less than 1 year	Lebih daripada 1 tahun More than 1 year
			Orang / Person ('000)			
2020	I	356.9	159.0	94.7	57.7	45.5
	II	485.7	240.7	149.9	64.2	30.8
	III	592.2	294.2	152.9	92.0	53.1
	IV	634.4	285.8	193.1	88.5	67.0
2021	I	640.1	316.1	165.3	89.9	68.7
	II	663.4	385.0	143.0	71.6	63.8
	III	658.1	331.6	177.8	90.6	58.1
	IV	611.0	353.5	149.8	62.5	45.2
2022	I	593.0	353.4	141.3	58.9	39.4
	II	567.5	336.9	128.9	65.2	36.5
	III	534.0	321.0	114.7	61.0	37.3
	IV	515.4	313.5	109.3	56.7	35.9
2023	I	495.8	312.4	100.4	47.6	35.4
	II	493.4	318.1	94.9	45.7	34.7
	III	468.6	316.5	85.8	42.0	24.3
	IV	460.9	311.6	83.4	40.3	25.6
2024	I	433.8	271.2	91.7	46.1	24.9
	II	431.6	270.1	90.5	46.0	24.9
	III	430.8	269.8	90.0	45.6	25.4
	IV	422.3	269.3	85.8	44.2	22.9
2025	I	421.6	268.7	85.5	43.9	23.5
	II	410.6	273.0	81.1	40.8	15.7
	III	407.9	270.9	81.4	41.3	14.3
	IV	405.0	272.1	80.4	37.2	15.2
2026	I	404.0	271.2	81.4	37.0	14.4
	II	405.5	272.7	82.3	38.0	12.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 17 : Penganggur aktif mengikut tempoh menganggur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 17 : Actively unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Penganggur aktif / Actively unemployed persons			
			Kurang daripada 3 bulan Less than 3 months	3 bulan hingga kurang daripada 6 bulan 3 month to less than 6 month	6 bulan hingga kurang daripada 1 tahun 6 months to less than 1 year	Lebih daripada 1 tahun More than 1 year
			Komposisi / Share (%)			
2020	I	100.0	44.6	26.5	16.2	12.7
	II	100.0	49.6	30.9	13.2	6.3
	III	100.0	49.7	25.8	15.5	9.0
	IV	100.0	45.1	30.4	14.0	10.6
2021	I	100.0	49.4	25.8	14.0	10.7
	II	100.0	58.0	40.1	20.1	17.9
	III	100.0	50.4	49.8	25.4	16.3
	IV	100.0	57.9	24.5	10.2	7.4
2022	I	100.0	59.6	23.8	9.9	6.6
	II	100.0	59.4	22.7	11.5	6.4
	III	100.0	60.1	21.5	11.4	7.0
	IV	100.0	60.8	21.2	11.0	7.0
2023	I	100.0	63.0	20.3	9.6	7.1
	II	100.0	64.5	19.2	9.3	7.0
	III	100.0	67.5	18.3	9.0	5.2
	IV	100.0	67.6	18.1	8.7	5.6
2024	I	100.0	62.5	21.1	10.6	5.7
	II	100.0	62.6	21.0	10.7	5.8
	III	100.0	62.6	20.9	10.6	5.9
	IV	100.0	63.8	20.3	10.5	5.4
2025	I	100.0	63.7	20.3	10.4	5.6
	II	100.0	66.5	19.8	9.9	3.8
	III	100.0	66.4	20.0	10.1	3.5
	IV	100.0	67.2	19.9	9.2	3.8
2026	I	100.0	67.1	20.1	9.2	3.6
	II	100.0	67.3	20.3	9.4	3.1

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 18 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 18 : Population outside labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total													
2020	I	7,163.1	3,467.8	873.6	746.2	798.9	1,276.7	100.0	48.4	12.2	10.4	11.2	17.8
	II	7,350.5	3,509.0	954.3	783.5	792.0	1,311.6	100.0	47.7	13.0	10.7	10.8	17.8
	III	7,324.6	3,568.7	972.1	778.8	751.8	1,253.3	100.0	48.7	13.3	10.6	10.3	17.1
	IV	7,318.4	3,513.7	922.3	783.1	796.8	1,302.4	100.0	48.0	12.6	10.7	10.9	17.8
2021	I	7,316.0	3,455.7	1,018.3	657.8	826.5	1,357.7	100.0	47.2	13.9	9.0	11.3	18.6
	II	7,424.9	3,447.4	920.2	741.6	807.8	1,507.9	100.0	46.4	12.4	10.0	10.9	20.3
	III	7,430.1	3,500.8	1,036.4	667.0	813.6	1,412.3	100.0	47.1	13.9	9.0	11.0	19.0
	IV	7,361.5	3,470.8	805.3	637.0	899.1	1,549.3	100.0	47.1	10.9	8.7	12.2	21.0
2022	I	7,289.9	3,321.4	798.1	742.0	870.7	1,557.8	100.0	45.6	10.9	10.2	11.9	21.4
	II	7,258.5	3,324.5	768.7	747.9	862.1	1,555.4	100.0	45.8	10.6	10.3	11.9	21.4
	III	7,250.6	3,321.3	822.4	719.1	878.1	1,509.7	100.0	45.8	11.3	9.9	12.1	20.8
	IV	7,246.1	3,331.2	840.5	642.0	922.3	1,510.1	100.0	46.0	11.6	8.9	12.7	20.8
2023	I	7,215.7	3,289.8	819.1	673.4	846.4	1,586.9	100.0	45.6	11.4	9.3	11.7	22.0
	II	7,180.2	3,334.7	766.1	686.5	855.8	1,537.1	100.0	46.4	10.7	9.6	11.9	21.4
	III	7,182.3	3,324.0	745.6	731.3	846.6	1,534.8	100.0	46.3	10.4	10.2	11.8	21.4
	IV	7,197.6	3,320.9	811.1	736.9	792.5	1,536.2	100.0	46.1	11.3	10.2	11.0	21.3
2024	I	7,021.3	3,111.8	763.2	827.2	811.4	1,507.7	100.0	44.3	10.9	11.8	11.6	21.5
	II	7,046.8	3,124.9	776.5	785.6	854.1	1,505.7	100.0	44.3	11.0	11.1	12.1	21.4
	III	7,109.1	3,101.9	805.7	780.8	945.5	1,475.1	100.0	43.6	11.3	11.0	13.3	20.7
	IV	7,056.2	3,054.4	814.8	830.8	936.5	1,419.7	100.0	43.3	11.5	11.8	13.3	20.1
2025	I	7,046.5	3,041.9	819.7	846.3	921.0	1,417.6	100.0	43.2	11.6	12.0	13.1	20.1
	II	7,038.4	3,038.6	815.9	894.3	891.6	1,398.0	100.0	43.2	11.6	12.7	12.7	19.9
	III	7,047.3	3,062.9	824.9	910.7	846.2	1,402.6	100.0	43.5	11.7	12.9	12.0	19.9
	IV	7,057.9	3,052.6	811.8	925.7	845.3	1,422.5	100.0	43.3	11.5	13.1	12.0	20.2
2026	I	7,075.4	3,037.3	799.8	922.3	845.9	1,470.1	100.0	42.9	11.3	13.0	12.0	20.8
	II	7,075.1	3,018.0	800.2	919.1	842.5	1,495.4	100.0	42.7	11.3	13.0	11.9	21.1

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Jadual 18 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 18 : Population outside labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male													
2020	I	2,280.7	1,604.7	149.5	58.1	90.2	378.1	100.0	70.4	6.6	2.5	4.0	16.6
	II	2,364.7	1,634.2	146.9	68.2	87.3	428.1	100.0	69.1	6.2	2.9	3.7	18.1
	III	2,342.5	1,605.9	167.1	63.9	84.6	421.1	100.0	68.6	7.1	2.7	3.6	18.0
	IV	2,325.1	1,563.4	148.7	56.2	132.9	423.9	100.0	67.2	6.4	2.4	5.7	18.2
2021	I	2,303.4	1,531.5	255.5	64.0	80.6	371.7	100.0	66.5	11.1	2.8	3.5	16.1
	II	2,314.3	1,634.7	205.3	68.9	76.0	329.4	100.0	70.6	8.9	3.0	3.3	14.2
	III	2,311.3	1,541.4	217.8	66.4	96.9	388.8	100.0	66.7	9.4	2.9	4.2	16.8
	IV	2,306.5	1,404.8	242.2	85.1	59.5	514.9	100.0	60.9	10.5	3.7	2.6	22.3
2022	I	2,252.2	1,340.6	217.3	67.7	88.6	538.0	100.0	59.5	9.6	3.0	3.9	23.9
	II	2,218.9	1,377.3	142.9	117.1	82.2	499.3	100.0	62.1	6.4	5.3	3.7	22.5
	III	2,198.3	1,386.7	180.3	57.5	87.1	486.7	100.0	63.1	8.2	2.6	4.0	22.1
	IV	2,183.6	1,336.0	158.2	86.3	109.7	493.5	100.0	61.2	7.2	4.0	5.0	22.6
2023	I	2,149.9	1,269.4	204.9	58.3	81.9	535.4	100.0	59.0	9.5	2.7	3.8	24.9
	II	2,120.7	1,331.5	130.2	51.9	118.0	489.1	100.0	62.8	6.1	2.4	5.6	23.1
	III	2,112.9	1,345.9	107.7	47.6	86.9	524.9	100.0	63.7	5.1	2.3	4.1	24.8
	IV	2,118.7	1,352.7	110.1	39.4	74.0	542.6	100.0	63.8	5.2	1.9	3.5	25.6
2024	I	2,143.5	1,314.9	205.7	83.7	73.8	465.4	100.0	61.3	9.6	3.9	3.4	21.7
	II	2,160.1	1,288.4	144.1	238.3	88.2	401.2	100.0	59.6	6.7	11.0	4.1	18.6
	III	2,171.2	1,218.3	158.5	131.8	184.9	477.7	100.0	56.1	7.3	6.1	8.5	22.0
	IV	2,155.0	1,222.7	191.4	136.8	165.4	438.7	100.0	56.7	8.9	6.3	7.7	20.4
2025	I	2,141.3	1,511.7	135.1	86.6	74.2	333.6	100.0	70.6	6.3	4.0	3.5	15.6
	II	2,140.5	1,409.8	218.4	70.0	135.6	306.6	100.0	65.9	10.2	3.3	6.3	14.3
	III	2,141.0	1,457.4	127.5	94.1	121.9	340.0	100.0	68.1	6.0	4.4	5.7	15.9
	IV	2,131.4	1,480.2	68.9	50.5	146.6	385.2	100.0	69.4	3.2	2.4	6.9	18.1
2026	I	2,163.9	1,474.6	76.3	50.5	75.1	487.4	100.0	68.1	3.5	2.3	3.5	22.5
	II	2,170.0	1,452.4	111.3	56.8	84.7	464.8	100.0	66.9	5.1	2.6	3.9	21.4

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Jadual 18 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 18 : Population outside labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	24 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Perempuan / Female													
2020	I	4,882.5	1,863.1	724.1	688.1	708.6	898.6	100.0	38.2	14.8	14.1	14.5	18.4
	II	4,985.8	1,874.8	807.4	715.3	704.7	883.5	100.0	37.6	16.2	14.3	14.1	17.7
	III	4,982.1	1,962.8	805.0	714.9	667.2	832.2	100.0	39.4	16.2	14.3	13.4	16.7
	IV	4,993.2	1,950.2	773.7	727.0	663.9	878.5	100.0	39.1	15.5	14.6	13.3	17.6
2021	I	5,012.6	1,924.1	762.8	593.8	745.9	986.0	100.0	38.4	15.2	11.8	14.9	19.7
	II	5,110.6	1,812.7	714.9	672.7	731.8	1,178.5	100.0	35.5	14.0	13.2	14.3	23.1
	III	5,118.8	1,959.5	818.6	600.6	716.7	1,023.5	100.0	38.3	16.0	11.7	14.0	20.0
	IV	5,055.0	2,066.0	563.1	551.8	839.6	1,034.4	100.0	40.9	11.1	10.9	16.6	20.5
2022	I	5,037.7	1,980.8	580.8	674.3	782.1	1,019.7	100.0	39.3	11.5	13.4	15.5	20.2
	II	5,039.7	1,947.1	625.8	630.8	779.9	1,056.0	100.0	38.6	12.4	12.5	15.5	21.0
	III	5,052.2	1,934.6	642.0	661.6	791.0	1,023.0	100.0	38.3	12.7	13.1	15.7	20.2
	IV	5,062.5	1,995.2	682.2	555.8	812.6	1,016.7	100.0	39.4	13.5	11.0	16.1	20.1
2023	I	5,065.7	2,020.4	614.3	615.1	764.5	1,051.5	100.0	39.9	12.1	12.1	15.1	20.8
	II	5,059.5	2,003.2	635.9	634.6	737.8	1,048.0	100.0	39.6	12.6	12.5	14.6	20.7
	III	5,069.3	1,978.1	637.9	683.7	759.7	1,009.9	100.0	39.0	12.6	13.5	15.0	19.9
	IV	5,078.9	1,968.2	701.0	697.6	718.5	993.7	100.0	38.8	13.8	13.7	14.1	19.6
2024	I	4,877.8	1,796.9	557.4	743.5	737.6	1,042.3	100.0	36.8	11.4	15.2	15.1	21.4
	II	4,886.7	1,836.6	632.5	547.3	765.9	1,104.4	100.0	37.6	12.9	11.2	15.7	22.6
	III	4,937.8	1,883.6	647.2	649.0	760.6	997.4	100.0	38.1	13.1	13.1	15.4	20.2
	IV	4,901.2	1,831.7	623.4	694.0	771.1	981.0	100.0	37.4	12.7	14.2	15.7	20.0
2025	I	4,905.3	1,530.2	684.6	759.7	846.8	1,084.0	100.0	31.2	14.0	15.5	17.3	22.1
	II	4,897.9	1,628.8	597.5	824.3	756.0	1,091.3	100.0	33.3	12.2	16.8	15.4	22.3
	III	4,906.3	1,605.5	697.4	816.6	724.3	1,062.6	100.0	32.7	14.2	16.6	14.8	21.7
	IV	4,926.5	1,572.4	742.9	875.2	698.7	1,037.3	100.0	31.9	15.1	17.8	14.2	21.1
2026	I	4,911.5	1,562.7	723.5	871.8	770.9	982.7	100.0	31.8	14.7	17.8	15.7	20.0
	II	4,905.1	1,565.6	688.9	862.3	757.7	1,030.6	100.0	31.9	14.0	17.6	15.4	21.0

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 19 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut sebab tidak mencari kerja, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 19 : Population outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, Malaysia, first quarter 2019 - second quarter 2026

Sebab tidak mencari kerja / Reasons for not seeking work								
Tahun Year	Jumlah Total	Bersekolah / Masih belajar / Program latihan Shooling / Training program	Kerja rumah / Tanggungjawab keluarga Housework / Family responsibility	Akan melanjutkan pelajaran Going for further studies	Hilang upaya / Keliatan Disabled	Tiada minat / Baru tamat belajar Not interested / Just complete study	Sudah bersara / Lanjut usia Retired / Old age	
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	7,163.1	3,082.8	3,036.4	97.8	306.6	47.4	592.1
	II	7,350.5	3,115.5	3,179.1	159.5	283.1	55.6	557.6
	III	7,324.6	2,872.1	3,223.0	178.7	216.2	236.2	598.3
	IV	7,318.4	3,105.3	3,107.6	148.9	169.9	127.0	659.7
2021	I	7,316.0	3,161.9	2,999.7	72.4	189.7	270.0	622.2
	II	7,424.9	3,117.4	3,233.4	110.6	134.7	235.7	593.2
	III	7,430.1	3,082.9	3,273.7	159.3	125.1	257.6	531.5
	IV	7,361.5	3,106.1	2,982.1	257.3	185.4	172.0	658.6
2022	I	7,289.9	3,020.8	3,033.4	219.2	220.8	90.5	705.3
	II	7,258.5	2,989.8	3,059.8	150.3	245.1	86.5	727.1
	III	7,250.6	2,989.0	3,126.0	161.6	199.2	90.5	684.3
	IV	7,246.1	3,043.6	3,169.8	123.5	174.7	75.9	658.6
2023	I	7,215.7	3,006.8	3,171.2	128.3	174.4	66.8	668.3
	II	7,180.2	2,955.5	3,195.1	134.2	191.9	50.7	652.8
	III	7,182.3	2,926.9	3,200.8	140.8	196.1	40.9	676.8
	IV	7,197.6	2,993.0	3,167.8	124.2	194.8	33.7	684.1
2024	I	7,021.3	2,878.5	3,091.1	101.7	209.8	75.7	664.6
	II	7,046.8	2,889.0	3,102.8	114.1	206.3	85.0	649.4
	III	7,109.1	2,882.7	3,142.0	111.1	211.9	87.1	674.3
	IV	7,056.2	2,884.9	3,157.6	89.7	220.4	88.6	615.0
2025	I	7,046.5	2,865.8	3,160.2	113.7	217.3	86.4	603.1
	II	7,038.4	2,837.2	3,171.6	116.4	227.1	73.4	612.7
	III	7,047.3	2,830.2	3,186.9	122.4	237.4	75.7	594.6
	IV	7,057.9	2,831.9	3,189.7	123.7	239.0	76.7	597.0
2026	I	7,075.4	2,835.7	3,194.1	128.1	230.4	81.7	605.5
	II	7,075.1	2,833.5	3,197.7	136.2	220.5	83.3	603.9

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Jadual 19 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut sebab tidak mencari kerja, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 19 : Population outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Sebab tidak mencari kerja / Reasons for not seeking work								
Tahun Year	Jumlah Total	Bersekolah / Masih belajar / Program latihan Shooling / Training program	Kerja rumah / Tanggungjawab keluarga Housework / Family responsibility	Akan melanjutkan pelajaran Going for further studies	Hilang upaya / Keliatan Disabled	Tiada minat / Baru tamat belajar Not interested / Just complete study	Sudah bersara / Lanjut usia Retired / Old age	
Komposisi / Share (%)								
2020	I	100.0	43.0	42.4	1.4	4.3	0.7	8.3
	II	100.0	42.4	43.3	2.2	3.9	0.8	7.6
	III	100.0	39.2	44.0	2.4	3.0	3.2	8.2
	IV	100.0	42.4	42.5	2.0	2.3	1.7	9.0
2021	I	100.0	43.2	41.0	1.0	2.6	3.7	8.5
	II	100.0	42.0	43.5	1.5	1.8	3.2	8.0
	III	100.0	41.5	44.1	2.1	1.7	3.5	7.2
	IV	100.0	42.2	40.5	3.5	2.5	2.3	8.9
2022	I	100.0	41.4	41.6	3.0	3.0	1.2	9.7
	II	100.0	41.2	42.2	2.1	3.4	1.2	10.0
	III	100.0	41.2	43.1	2.2	2.7	1.2	9.4
	IV	100.0	42.0	43.7	1.7	2.4	1.0	9.1
2023	I	100.0	41.7	43.9	1.8	2.4	0.9	9.3
	II	100.0	41.2	44.5	1.9	2.7	0.7	9.1
	III	100.0	40.8	44.6	2.0	2.7	0.6	9.4
	IV	100.0	41.6	44.0	1.7	2.7	0.5	9.5
2024	I	100.0	41.0	44.0	1.4	3.0	1.1	9.5
	II	100.0	41.0	44.0	1.6	2.9	1.2	9.2
	III	100.0	40.5	44.2	1.6	3.0	1.2	9.5
	IV	100.0	40.9	44.7	1.3	3.1	1.3	8.7
2025	I	100.0	40.7	44.8	1.6	3.1	1.2	8.6
	II	100.0	40.3	45.1	1.7	3.2	1.0	8.7
	III	100.0	40.2	45.2	1.7	3.4	1.1	8.4
	IV	100.0	40.1	45.2	1.8	3.4	1.1	8.5
2026	I	100.0	40.1	45.1	1.8	3.3	1.2	8.6
	II	100.0	40.0	45.2	1.9	3.1	1.2	8.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

JADUAL STATISTIK: GUNA TENAGA TIDAK PENUH

Statistical Tables: Underemployment



Jadual 20 : Penduduk bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 20 : Employed person working less than 30 hours per week by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu / Working less than 30 hours per week ('000)							
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
2020	I	667.5	320.1	347.4	4.4	3.4	5.8
	II	789.6	444.0	345.7	5.3	4.9	6.0
	III	403.8	151.4	252.4	2.7	1.6	4.3
	IV	533.7	345.6	188.0	3.5	3.7	3.2
2021	I	441.9	281.3	160.5	2.9	3.0	2.7
	II	474.1	317.8	156.3	3.1	3.4	2.6
	III	464.6	282.9	181.6	3.0	3.0	3.1
	IV	393.8	137.6	256.2	2.6	1.5	4.3
2022	I	336.3	112.1	224.1	2.2	1.2	3.7
	II	324.5	154.5	170.0	2.1	1.6	2.8
	III	287.2	132.9	154.3	1.8	1.4	2.5
	IV	268.5	115.4	153.0	1.7	1.2	2.5
2023	I	274.2	114.2	160.0	1.7	1.2	2.6
	II	280.4	120.2	160.2	1.7	1.2	2.6
	III	284.8	122.0	162.8	1.8	1.2	2.6
	IV	286.1	113.6	172.5	1.8	1.1	2.7
2024	I	272.7	122.0	150.7	1.7	1.2	2.5
	II	268.1	121.5	146.6	1.6	1.2	2.4
	III	263.3	116.5	146.8	1.6	1.1	2.4
	IV	257.9	113.1	144.8	1.6	1.1	2.4
2025	I	241.5	105.6	135.9	1.5	1.0	2.2
	II	241.6	110.5	131.1	1.5	1.1	2.1
	III	235.7	107.2	128.5	1.4	1.0	2.1
	IV	226.0	101.7	124.3	1.4	1.0	2.0
2026	I	231.6	103.9	127.7	1.4	1.0	2.0
	II	230.0	96.0	134.0	1.4	0.9	2.1

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 21 : Penduduk bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 21 : Employed person working less than 30 hours per week age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu / Working less than 30 hours per week ('000)											
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)					Kadar / Rate (%)				
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above
2020	I	667.5	91.0	189.1	146.5	240.9	3.1	3.9	3.6	3.9	6.1
	II	789.6	134.6	229.1	182.0	244.0	5.3	5.9	4.5	4.9	6.3
	III	403.8	116.1	118.0	72.1	97.6	2.7	5.2	2.3	1.9	2.4
	IV	533.7	165.5	189.5	71.0	107.6	3.5	7.3	3.7	1.9	2.7
2021	I	441.9	57.0	209.4	106.3	69.2	2.9	2.5	4.1	2.7	1.8
	II	474.1	102.2	110.1	95.9	165.9	3.1	4.4	2.2	2.5	4.2
	III	464.6	69.0	166.4	123.7	105.4	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.1	2.7
	IV	393.8	87.0	108.4	97.5	100.9	2.6	3.7	2.0	2.4	2.7
2022	I	336.3	39.1	103.6	77.8	115.8	2.2	1.6	1.9	1.9	3.1
	II	324.5	76.4	94.3	63.0	90.8	2.1	3.1	1.8	1.6	2.4
	III	287.2	35.3	99.5	68.4	84.0	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.7	2.2
	IV	268.5	46.1	88.0	56.2	78.3	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.3	2.0
2023	I	274.2	37.4	94.4	46.5	95.8	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.1	2.4
	II	280.4	54.0	85.3	58.6	82.5	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.4	2.1
	III	284.8	41.5	113.2	49.6	80.4	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.2	2.0
	IV	286.1	49.1	108.7	43.3	85.1	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.0	2.1
2024	I	272.7	33.9	77.8	62.6	98.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.4	2.4
	II	268.1	54.6	64.7	60.1	88.7	1.6	2.2	1.3	1.3	2.2
	III	263.3	42.3	72.2	57.2	91.5	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.2	2.2
	IV	257.9	63.5	59.2	37.6	97.6	1.6	2.5	1.2	0.8	2.3
2025	I	241.5	68.7	37.3	71.2	64.4	1.5	2.7	0.7	1.5	1.5
	II	241.6	41.9	61.5	62.2	76.0	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.7
	III	235.7	59.2	39.0	66.9	70.6	1.4	2.3	0.8	1.5	1.6
	IV	226.0	55.9	36.7	64.3	69.1	1.4	2.2	0.7	1.4	1.6
2026	I	231.6	65.3	60.1	33.6	72.6	1.4	2.5	1.2	0.7	1.6
	II	230.0	61.9	50.9	49.1	68.1	1.4	2.4	1.0	1.1	1.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 22 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 22 : Time-related underemployment by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa / Time-related underemployment ('000)							
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
2020	I	383.2	183.2	199.9	2.5	2.0	3.4
	II	413.5	257.6	156.0	2.8	2.8	2.7
	III	300.8	102.3	198.5	2.0	1.1	3.4
	IV	369.1	267.8	101.3	2.4	2.9	1.7
2021	I	310.5	226.7	83.8	2.0	2.4	1.4
	II	329.7	236.1	93.5	2.2	2.5	1.6
	III	326.2	232.2	93.9	2.1	2.5	1.6
	IV	293.1	101.2	191.9	1.9	1.1	3.2
2022	I	245.1	71.3	173.8	1.6	0.7	2.9
	II	212.8	111.6	101.3	1.4	1.2	1.7
	III	186.8	92.3	94.5	1.2	1.0	1.5
	IV	167.4	79.3	88.1	1.1	0.8	1.4
2023	I	174.6	78.7	95.9	1.1	0.8	1.5
	II	186.3	86.4	99.9	1.2	0.9	1.6
	III	189.0	88.1	100.8	1.2	0.9	1.6
	IV	181.6	82.7	98.9	1.1	0.8	1.6
2024	I	161.5	76.4	85.2	1.0	0.7	1.4
	II	157.0	73.1	83.8	1.0	0.7	1.4
	III	155.5	73.8	81.6	0.9	0.7	1.3
	IV	152.9	70.8	82.1	0.9	0.7	1.3
2025	I	145.1	67.7	77.4	0.9	0.7	1.3
	II	140.3	63.6	76.7	0.8	0.6	1.2
	III	135.4	61.7	73.7	0.8	0.6	1.2
	IV	128.0	61.5	66.5	0.8	0.6	1.1
2026	I	123.3	59.9	63.4	0.7	0.6	1.0
	II	121.9	59.0	62.8	0.7	0.6	1.0

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 23 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 23 : Time-related underemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

		Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa / Time-related underemployment ('000)									
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)					Kadar / Rate (%)				
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above
2020	I	383.2	63.2	114.1	82.4	123.5	2.5	2.7	2.2	2.2	3.1
	II	413.5	76.3	99.3	106.1	131.9	2.8	3.3	2.0	2.9	3.4
	III	300.8	108.4	97.2	47.4	47.8	2.0	4.8	1.9	1.3	1.2
	IV	369.1	130.3	117.4	53.1	68.4	2.4	5.8	2.3	1.4	1.7
2021	I	310.5	46.4	159.3	67.2	37.6	2.0	2.0	3.1	1.7	1.0
	II	329.7	86.6	82.6	46.6	113.8	2.2	3.8	1.6	1.2	2.9
	III	326.2	40.4	137.0	87.7	61.0	2.1	1.8	2.7	2.2	1.6
	IV	293.1	80.8	78.9	70.2	63.2	1.9	3.4	1.5	1.7	1.7
2022	I	245.1	21.8	76.1	62.6	84.5	1.6	0.9	1.4	1.6	2.2
	II	212.8	64.5	59.8	37.0	51.6	1.4	2.6	1.1	0.9	1.3
	III	186.8	16.7	67.4	49.0	53.7	1.2	0.7	1.3	1.2	1.4
	IV	167.4	29.9	63.8	32.5	41.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.8	1.1
2023	I	174.6	30.2	66.4	25.2	52.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.6	1.3
	II	186.3	39.5	62.6	34.4	49.8	1.2	1.6	1.1	0.8	1.3
	III	189.0	34.4	79.0	32.6	42.9	1.2	1.3	1.4	0.8	1.1
	IV	181.6	26.5	81.1	28.4	45.6	1.1	1.0	1.5	0.7	1.1
2024	I	161.5	22.5	55.7	30.9	52.4	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.7	1.3
	II	157.0	23.5	49.6	38.9	45.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.1
	III	155.5	26.5	47.4	25.2	56.4	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.5	1.3
	IV	152.9	32.3	39.3	23.5	57.8	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.4
2025	I	145.1	48.6	28.2	38.7	29.7	0.9	1.9	0.6	0.8	0.7
	II	140.3	34.0	40.9	33.6	31.8	0.8	1.3	0.8	0.7	0.7
	III	135.4	47.0	26.3	25.9	36.3	0.8	1.8	0.5	0.6	0.8
	IV	128.0	32.5	23.9	34.3	37.3	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.7	0.8
2026	I	123.3	37.9	32.4	19.4	33.6	0.7	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.8
	II	121.9	47.8	21.2	18.4	34.5	0.7	1.9	0.4	0.4	0.8

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Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 24 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 24 : Skill-related underemployment by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran / Skilled-related underemployment ('000)							
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
2020	I	1,637.3	815.1	822.2	36.2	35.0	37.4
	II	1,674.1	847.7	826.4	36.5	35.5	37.5
	III	1,762.7	865.9	896.9	36.8	34.0	40.0
	IV	1,886.8	1,066.6	820.2	37.4	41.2	33.3
2021	I	1,899.9	951.5	948.4	37.9	39.3	36.6
	II	1,852.5	949.0	903.5	37.7	39.0	36.4
	III	1,873.8	931.7	942.2	37.7	34.8	41.0
	IV	1,838.3	877.1	961.2	37.5	35.5	39.4
2022	I	1,807.7	872.5	935.2	36.9	34.6	39.2
	II	1,799.6	892.3	907.3	36.7	34.4	39.4
	III	1,839.6	857.9	981.7	36.8	35.4	38.2
	IV	1,891.4	1,022.0	869.5	37.4	39.3	35.3
2023	I	1,907.2	944.0	963.3	37.4	34.7	40.6
	II	1,914.6	873.1	1,041.5	37.4	32.8	42.5
	III	1,922.7	941.3	981.4	37.3	37.2	37.4
	IV	1,937.1	996.2	940.9	37.4	38.3	36.4
2024	I	1,928.2	867.5	1,060.7	36.4	31.1	42.1
	II	1,925.2	867.6	1,057.7	36.2	31.8	40.8
	III	1,945.1	881.6	1,063.5	36.0	30.9	41.7
	IV	1,951.9	881.0	1,070.9	35.8	30.4	41.8
2025	I	1,952.9	888.3	1,064.6	35.7	31.4	40.4
	II	1,953.7	882.8	1,070.8	35.7	30.9	40.9
	III	1,932.4	882.4	1,050.1	35.6	31.8	39.6
	IV	1,930.2	887.8	1,042.3	35.3	31.0	40.0
2026	I	1,934.7	895.9	1,038.8	35.2	31.2	39.6
	II	1,948.2	914.6	1,033.6	35.2	31.3	39.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 25 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 25 : Skill-related underemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

		Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran / Skilled-related underemployment ('000)									
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)					Kadar / Rate (%)				
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above
2020	I	1,637.3	338.3	786.3	310.8	201.8	36.2	68.9	40.0	25.4	23.9
	II	1,674.1	393.7	701.9	331.6	246.9	36.5	69.2	37.0	27.2	27.3
	III	1,762.7	405.1	811.4	355.3	190.9	36.8	72.2	42.1	26.2	20.2
	IV	1,886.8	353.5	862.6	443.0	227.6	37.4	68.8	41.3	30.3	23.1
2021	I	1,899.9	437.2	848.4	401.7	212.5	37.9	71.8	44.4	27.3	20.8
	II	1,852.5	336.9	776.0	426.1	313.5	37.7	69.0	39.6	30.3	29.6
	III	1,873.8	426.8	835.3	392.0	219.7	37.7	72.6	43.3	27.4	21.5
	IV	1,838.3	309.0	816.4	454.6	258.3	37.5	68.9	44.8	29.2	24.0
2022	I	1,807.7	364.5	820.9	426.5	195.7	36.9	69.5	42.2	29.2	20.1
	II	1,799.6	356.3	799.4	433.3	210.6	36.7	58.1	41.2	30.4	22.9
	III	1,839.6	344.1	861.4	432.2	201.9	36.8	74.0	43.1	28.0	20.5
	IV	1,891.4	326.3	894.9	476.0	194.2	37.4	75.3	46.3	28.6	18.8
2023	I	1,907.2	373.9	879.1	447.4	206.8	37.4	73.4	43.2	29.7	19.9
	II	1,914.6	421.3	867.5	421.0	204.8	37.4	69.9	43.3	28.4	19.9
	III	1,922.7	425.5	816.1	457.8	223.3	37.3	77.2	41.6	28.5	21.7
	IV	1,937.1	400.2	815.3	493.7	227.9	37.4	80.0	41.6	29.5	21.8
2024	I	1,928.2	354.0	737.6	528.0	308.6	36.4	67.6	41.4	29.0	26.3
	II	1,925.2	403.4	738.4	537.6	245.8	36.2	66.3	39.7	31.3	21.8
	III	1,945.1	393.0	802.6	498.8	250.7	36.0	65.7	41.3	28.1	23.0
	IV	1,951.9	374.5	701.2	492.3	383.9	35.8	67.2	39.3	26.9	29.8
2025	I	1,952.9	406.9	772.8	489.3	283.9	35.7	70.1	40.3	27.9	23.3
	II	1,953.7	446.0	800.2	480.4	227.1	35.7	77.4	40.9	28.1	18.4
	III	1,932.4	453.9	771.2	436.5	270.8	35.6	74.2	41.3	24.8	22.9
	IV	1,930.2	413.1	789.3	474.5	253.3	35.3	70.3	42.0	26.0	21.4
2026	I	1,934.7	513.9	739.3	433.0	248.5	35.2	80.9	39.7	24.1	20.7
	II	1,948.2	476.3	751.1	464.7	256.2	35.2	74.3	40.7	25.8	20.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

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JADUAL STATISTIK: NEGERI

Statistical Tables: States



Jadual 26 : Tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 26 : Labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	15,790.1	1,771.9	982.2	732.4	444.4	507.8	756.8	868.8
	II	15,675.5	1,754.1	978.2	723.6	439.6	502.5	750.6	859.9
	III	15,840.6	1,858.7	961.7	715.8	426.1	500.0	760.9	860.9
	IV	15,922.3	1,824.4	956.9	703.9	432.6	491.2	718.6	915.4
2021	I	16,008.4	1,793.4	975.5	698.3	436.4	498.1	733.6	908.5
	II	15,972.2	1,766.4	997.8	721.9	433.4	505.6	733.4	951.1
	III	16,021.0	1,807.6	1,028.9	747.6	454.3	512.0	751.8	915.6
	IV	16,135.0	1,839.5	1,014.2	773.5	461.2	509.8	735.8	937.9
2022	I	16,246.1	1,839.3	1,032.5	787.9	453.1	510.0	750.7	924.7
	II	16,343.3	1,848.4	1,034.1	791.0	463.0	511.5	745.8	926.6
	III	16,442.9	1,864.4	1,048.5	792.0	463.2	525.0	744.5	926.4
	IV	16,542.2	1,856.0	1,057.3	800.7	454.2	532.0	757.2	946.1
2023	I	16,648.9	1,878.7	1,057.1	805.2	453.7	530.4	760.6	937.4
	II	16,727.4	1,884.6	1,064.7	808.2	452.1	530.4	766.9	943.6
	III	16,824.0	1,910.2	1,068.4	818.6	458.0	535.7	763.9	959.8
	IV	16,911.7	1,936.4	1,082.7	829.7	461.9	529.6	761.8	965.7
2024	I	16,810.1	2,114.6	990.6	709.9	515.3	572.4	740.8	958.2
	II	16,956.5	2,129.8	992.0	717.6	522.1	572.0	747.2	955.1
	III	17,045.6	2,141.0	991.9	727.9	524.1	573.8	758.0	946.3
	IV	17,061.2	2,147.7	998.3	729.0	522.9	574.9	763.4	946.0
2025	I	17,086.6	2,149.7	1,007.5	731.8	526.6	579.4	766.9	947.9
	II	17,104.7	2,162.0	1,007.1	737.7	524.9	580.9	772.1	943.5
	III	17,136.4	2,194.4	1,005.8	743.9	532.5	580.8	776.6	949.4
	IV	17,185.4	2,172.7	1,001.5	738.5	525.8	579.8	772.0	953.3
2026	I	17,232.0	2,185.0	999.0	740.9	525.4	578.1	772.2	947.8
	II	17,275.8	2,194.4	1,001.1	743.7	522.3	581.0	774.7	950.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 26 : Tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 26 : Labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
1,110.0	116.3	3,523.9	503.8	2,133.9	1,353.8	900.3	45.5	38.5
1,094.2	114.8	3,529.0	488.3	2,132.3	1,342.2	884.0	45.5	36.6
1,115.4	104.2	3,689.6	458.5	2,052.7	1,358.3	892.4	47.8	37.6
1,088.8	111.7	3,881.9	485.4	1,984.6	1,353.7	892.0	47.0	34.3
1,088.4	110.8	3,881.8	492.4	2,019.6	1,365.7	919.6	50.0	36.3
1,124.8	117.4	3,715.6	480.5	2,004.4	1,418.8	918.6	48.7	33.8
1,113.7	113.0	3,715.9	472.7	1,982.1	1,419.1	900.7	51.2	35.2
1,110.7	116.1	3,658.6	484.6	2,045.9	1,441.7	918.2	51.1	36.2
1,128.3	115.3	3,715.6	498.8	2,059.5	1,440.8	902.4	50.5	36.5
1,143.7	116.0	3,760.5	501.6	2,062.9	1,453.1	898.8	49.8	36.3
1,149.4	119.0	3,766.9	504.0	2,122.4	1,443.0	888.6	49.3	36.4
1,122.7	118.2	3,809.6	514.4	2,176.5	1,449.8	859.0	49.3	39.2
1,121.2	118.3	3,850.6	521.0	2,198.0	1,442.5	886.0	49.4	38.9
1,120.5	119.7	3,886.6	525.9	2,203.7	1,456.3	873.7	51.7	38.7
1,121.8	121.2	3,904.1	523.3	2,211.5	1,464.0	875.5	49.4	38.5
1,130.3	120.0	3,901.2	524.3	2,226.9	1,479.0	874.6	49.4	38.4
1,209.7	133.9	4,025.0	494.3	1,828.1	1,239.9	1,169.6	47.5	60.2
1,213.7	134.8	4,072.5	497.5	1,850.9	1,252.0	1,190.3	47.5	61.5
1,215.3	135.7	4,126.6	497.5	1,858.7	1,254.2	1,186.7	46.6	61.3
1,216.0	135.6	4,097.1	503.3	1,867.2	1,259.2	1,192.2	47.0	61.2
1,222.8	137.0	4,080.3	503.9	1,871.5	1,257.4	1,194.9	46.8	62.1
1,224.3	136.7	4,069.5	507.7	1,874.8	1,263.2	1,190.2	47.2	62.9
1,236.7	137.3	4,023.8	513.9	1,859.4	1,262.7	1,210.7	45.5	63.0
1,232.5	136.5	4,113.0	510.0	1,876.4	1,261.2	1,201.6	47.3	63.2
1,233.0	137.0	4,136.4	509.3	1,885.5	1,262.1	1,210.4	47.2	62.9
1,238.2	136.2	4,132.9	512.2	1,898.6	1,267.3	1,210.5	47.3	64.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 27 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 27 : Employed person by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	15,243.5	1,714.4	946.2	702.0	438.9	491.0	733.7	850.7
	II	14,883.7	1,673.0	937.9	692.9	430.0	484.3	727.2	822.7
	III	15,095.6	1,792.2	919.5	683.2	415.5	481.5	739.4	826.0
	IV	15,161.6	1,752.4	918.7	675.3	416.5	470.4	694.9	881.9
2021	I	15,236.5	1,722.6	940.3	667.8	420.8	479.5	706.9	876.4
	II	15,207.3	1,698.6	959.0	687.4	417.6	488.1	707.3	913.9
	III	15,274.8	1,735.2	990.1	709.7	440.5	493.2	723.6	881.5
	IV	15,440.7	1,774.2	975.3	737.2	447.0	494.0	711.6	908.1
2022	I	15,574.9	1,780.7	997.3	757.3	439.5	493.3	732.4	894.6
	II	15,701.2	1,795.0	999.8	760.8	448.0	494.7	725.6	900.1
	III	15,831.1	1,818.1	1,017.3	763.1	451.1	509.2	722.9	902.3
	IV	15,941.7	1,812.2	1,022.5	768.0	441.9	518.0	736.5	924.4
2023	I	16,062.0	1,830.1	1,027.3	773.8	440.5	517.2	741.1	916.0
	II	16,146.1	1,838.7	1,036.7	776.4	440.0	518.5	745.3	923.5
	III	16,250.9	1,863.2	1,043.8	784.7	445.4	522.7	743.4	939.4
	IV	16,346.7	1,891.8	1,060.2	796.6	450.1	517.1	742.6	946.0
2024	I	16,258.5	2,067.2	964.2	681.8	505.6	556.2	724.9	938.4
	II	16,408.2	2,081.6	966.3	690.9	513.3	555.7	730.2	937.4
	III	16,503.4	2,092.8	966.8	700.1	514.8	556.7	740.7	927.1
	IV	16,530.7	2,098.2	975.4	699.3	512.5	558.3	746.8	924.5
2025	I	16,564.1	2,093.6	983.1	701.8	516.9	563.3	753.1	923.3
	II	16,586.9	2,114.7	983.0	708.0	515.9	565.3	758.1	921.3
	III	16,622.8	2,147.3	981.3	713.2	522.1	564.2	762.4	926.8
	IV	16,677.1	2,123.8	976.5	708.1	514.7	565.1	757.5	930.9
2026	I	16,725.6	2,132.9	974.9	710.5	514.7	564.1	757.4	922.3
	II	16,766.1	2,143.1	976.4	713.0	512.0	566.9	759.3	925.6

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 27 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 27 : Employed person by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
1,063.7	112.0	3,443.8	487.1	1,990.9	1,309.1	877.2	44.4	38.5
1,034.8	110.0	3,367.7	469.8	1,938.1	1,266.2	850.7	42.7	35.9
1,062.3	99.3	3,511.9	440.7	1,876.9	1,305.6	859.5	45.1	37.1
1,035.8	106.0	3,707.0	466.2	1,817.8	1,293.4	848.7	43.2	33.6
1,038.9	105.0	3,708.5	474.2	1,839.4	1,301.5	874.1	45.5	35.4
1,075.2	111.2	3,550.5	460.5	1,829.3	1,356.1	875.0	44.4	33.2
1,060.7	107.5	3,583.9	451.8	1,803.5	1,354.3	857.5	47.0	34.8
1,062.8	111.2	3,553.3	464.7	1,861.7	1,384.1	872.6	47.2	35.6
1,085.6	111.4	3,597.5	476.3	1,871.1	1,395.0	859.5	47.0	36.2
1,103.0	112.3	3,649.7	479.4	1,885.9	1,404.9	859.9	46.2	36.0
1,114.2	116.0	3,647.1	482.1	1,948.2	1,400.1	857.2	45.9	36.1
1,090.8	115.6	3,697.4	492.0	1,999.8	1,405.3	831.6	47.0	38.6
1,085.7	115.8	3,750.9	499.4	2,028.2	1,393.5	857.3	46.7	38.6
1,084.3	117.0	3,791.3	502.3	2,038.1	1,403.1	844.4	48.0	38.5
1,085.2	118.4	3,814.4	500.1	2,045.2	1,414.9	846.0	45.8	38.3
1,092.5	117.6	3,813.2	500.1	2,061.2	1,428.2	845.8	45.9	37.8
1,168.0	128.7	3,927.6	475.1	1,685.2	1,197.7	1,134.4	44.3	59.1
1,175.1	129.5	3,965.1	479.8	1,711.7	1,211.1	1,155.8	44.3	60.4
1,176.8	130.6	4,020.7	482.1	1,718.7	1,216.8	1,154.7	43.6	60.3
1,176.8	130.8	4,004.6	487.0	1,734.9	1,218.0	1,159.3	44.2	60.0
1,182.5	132.5	3,986.8	489.5	1,758.3	1,215.3	1,158.5	44.2	61.3
1,184.8	132.0	3,976.7	493.6	1,748.6	1,222.6	1,155.8	44.5	62.1
1,194.8	132.7	3,937.7	499.2	1,737.1	1,224.8	1,174.2	43.1	62.0
1,189.5	132.2	4,026.9	494.9	1,764.1	1,222.1	1,163.7	45.0	62.1
1,190.6	132.8	4,053.9	493.1	1,782.2	1,219.8	1,169.6	44.8	62.0
1,197.4	131.8	4,047.7	497.6	1,791.9	1,225.8	1,168.7	45.0	63.9

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 28 : Penganggur mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026
Table 28 : Unemployed persons by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	546.6	57.5	36.0	30.4	5.5	16.8	23.1	18.0
	II	791.8	81.2	40.3	30.7	9.7	18.2	23.4	37.2
	III	745.0	66.5	42.2	32.7	10.6	18.5	21.5	34.8
	IV	760.7	72.0	38.2	28.6	16.1	20.8	23.6	33.6
2021	I	771.8	70.8	35.2	30.5	15.7	18.7	26.7	32.1
	II	764.9	67.8	38.8	34.5	15.7	17.5	26.1	37.2
	III	746.2	72.4	38.8	37.9	13.8	18.8	28.2	34.0
	IV	694.4	65.3	38.9	36.2	14.2	15.7	24.2	29.9
2022	I	671.2	58.6	35.2	30.6	13.6	16.7	18.4	30.1
	II	642.0	53.4	34.3	30.3	15.0	16.9	20.2	26.5
	III	611.8	46.3	31.2	28.9	12.1	15.8	21.6	24.1
	IV	600.5	43.7	34.8	32.8	12.3	14.0	20.7	21.7
2023	I	586.9	48.6	29.8	31.3	13.2	13.2	19.4	21.5
	II	581.4	46.0	28.0	31.7	12.1	11.9	21.6	20.1
	III	573.1	47.0	24.6	33.9	12.6	13.0	20.6	20.4
	IV	565.0	44.6	22.5	33.1	11.8	12.5	19.2	19.7
2024	I	551.6	47.4	26.4	28.1	9.7	16.2	15.9	19.8
	II	548.3	48.2	25.8	26.7	8.8	16.3	17.0	17.7
	III	542.2	48.2	25.1	27.8	9.3	17.1	17.2	19.1
	IV	530.6	49.6	22.9	29.7	10.4	16.6	16.6	21.5
2025	I	522.5	56.1	24.4	30.1	9.7	16.1	13.8	24.6
	II	517.8	47.3	24.2	29.7	9.0	15.5	14.0	22.1
	III	513.6	47.1	24.6	30.7	10.4	16.6	14.2	22.5
	IV	508.3	48.9	25.0	30.4	11.1	14.6	14.5	22.4
2026	I	506.5	52.1	24.1	30.4	10.6	14.0	14.8	25.5
	II	509.7	51.3	24.7	30.7	10.3	14.1	15.4	25.1

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 28 : Penganggur mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 28 : Unemployed persons by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
46.2	4.2	80.1	16.7	143.0	44.7	23.1	1.1	0.1
59.4	4.8	161.3	18.5	194.2	76.0	33.2	2.9	0.8
53.1	4.9	177.7	17.8	175.8	52.8	32.8	2.7	0.4
52.9	5.7	174.9	19.2	166.7	60.3	43.3	3.9	0.7
49.5	5.8	173.2	18.3	180.2	64.2	45.5	4.5	0.9
49.7	6.2	165.0	20.0	175.1	62.6	43.6	4.3	0.6
52.9	5.5	132.0	20.9	178.6	64.7	43.2	4.2	0.4
47.9	4.9	105.3	19.9	184.2	57.6	45.6	3.9	0.6
42.7	3.9	118.1	22.6	188.3	45.7	42.9	3.5	0.3
40.7	3.8	110.8	22.2	177.0	48.2	38.9	3.6	0.3
35.3	3.0	119.7	21.9	174.2	42.9	31.3	3.4	0.3
31.9	2.6	112.2	22.4	176.7	44.5	27.4	2.2	0.6
35.5	2.5	99.7	21.7	169.8	49.0	28.7	2.7	0.3
36.2	2.7	95.3	23.6	165.6	53.1	29.4	3.8	0.2
36.6	2.9	89.7	23.2	166.3	49.1	29.5	3.6	0.2
37.8	2.4	88.0	24.2	165.6	50.7	28.8	3.5	0.6
41.7	5.2	97.4	19.2	142.9	42.2	35.2	3.2	1.1
38.6	5.3	107.4	17.6	139.3	40.9	34.5	3.2	1.2
38.6	5.1	105.9	15.5	140.0	37.4	32.0	3.0	1.0
39.2	4.9	92.6	16.3	132.3	41.2	32.9	2.8	1.2
40.3	4.5	93.5	14.4	113.2	42.1	36.4	2.6	0.8
39.4	4.7	92.8	14.1	126.3	40.6	34.4	2.7	0.9
41.9	4.6	86.2	14.7	122.3	37.8	36.4	2.4	1.1
43.0	4.3	86.1	15.1	112.4	39.1	37.9	2.3	1.1
42.4	4.2	82.4	16.2	103.4	42.3	40.9	2.4	0.8
40.8	4.4	85.2	14.6	106.6	41.5	41.8	2.3	0.8

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 29 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 29 : Population outside labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	7,163.1	823.3	540.5	495.0	202.4	269.9	370.7	408.3
	II	7,350.5	857.4	550.4	509.7	210.5	273.3	379.6	419.6
	III	7,324.6	793.9	575.0	525.8	220.7	279.8	371.6	430.2
	IV	7,318.4	854.1	584.3	544.8	224.5	287.8	418.0	372.1
2021	I	7,316.0	846.6	569.1	562.0	217.7	282.3	407.9	375.8
	II	7,424.9	847.6	555.4	542.4	220.3	268.4	397.5	342.9
	III	7,430.1	824.0	528.9	522.4	212.0	276.6	396.8	379.1
	IV	7,361.5	807.6	548.5	500.8	203.5	274.8	412.1	363.0
2022	I	7,289.9	834.1	536.7	493.2	210.6	273.7	397.2	375.9
	II	7,258.5	813.2	539.7	498.4	211.2	271.8	405.6	374.6
	III	7,250.6	810.7	533.7	504.3	207.3	266.4	406.7	380.4
	IV	7,246.1	823.7	539.7	505.5	222.7	259.9	397.7	371.2
2023	I	7,215.7	812.8	537.4	506.2	226.1	257.1	395.3	375.9
	II	7,180.2	811.5	536.4	510.2	227.7	261.2	395.1	372.5
	III	7,182.3	795.5	540.0	508.1	224.6	255.6	402.4	364.1
	IV	7,197.6	788.5	533.6	507.3	222.8	262.5	407.2	352.5
2024	I	7,021.3	846.6	491.5	504.7	223.7	273.4	411.9	367.5
	II	7,046.8	837.8	503.0	508.2	223.0	278.1	410.7	366.1
	III	7,109.1	862.2	498.6	504.5	224.3	279.3	409.7	373.8
	IV	7,056.2	857.8	496.7	501.7	223.9	281.5	405.0	371.8
2025	I	7,046.5	863.0	499.5	504.6	222.9	277.0	401.0	374.1
	II	7,038.4	849.3	499.2	506.9	226.5	276.9	397.0	376.6
	III	7,047.3	848.8	506.0	509.2	227.1	281.8	404.7	373.7
	IV	7,057.9	855.4	503.5	511.6	225.9	284.0	405.0	378.1
2026	I	7,075.4	867.8	507.4	515.2	226.8	284.0	409.6	373.0
	II	7,075.1	866.8	508.0	515.7	227.5	284.3	408.3	369.5

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 29 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 29 : Population outside labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
607.9	57.4	1,264.1	309.3	799.8	633.9	341.8	26.1	12.6
609.3	59.4	1,281.8	328.3	816.2	668.3	346.0	26.6	14.2
598.5	71.6	1,149.7	362.3	911.9	657.3	336.8	26.2	13.4
623.9	65.7	984.4	337.3	995.2	662.5	323.3	24.3	16.3
625.2	66.3	1,047.4	335.8	971.8	657.9	310.0	24.6	15.6
585.6	62.3	1,244.8	359.8	999.9	625.2	332.2	25.2	15.3
595.8	64.2	1,261.5	362.7	1,027.8	615.7	322.6	25.1	14.9
611.3	63.9	1,279.7	358.2	985.1	603.3	311.0	24.0	14.9
591.7	62.9	1,231.9	348.1	983.5	602.9	308.2	24.0	15.4
585.6	62.8	1,208.0	347.9	993.9	598.6	308.7	23.6	15.1
579.2	60.6	1,220.1	352.4	951.8	622.9	314.7	25.1	14.4
599.1	62.6	1,209.9	345.3	907.6	627.8	337.2	24.9	11.3
603.3	61.5	1,181.7	343.7	914.2	636.8	326.6	25.3	11.9
605.9	62.2	1,155.6	343.4	908.9	630.1	321.5	26.3	11.7
610.0	61.4	1,167.3	347.4	921.9	630.4	316.7	24.6	12.4
604.3	61.9	1,216.1	350.0	921.3	620.0	312.1	24.5	13.2
554.2	79.5	1,203.4	318.9	769.2	550.3	387.5	23.1	15.9
558.9	79.5	1,222.0	316.7	772.2	545.7	386.7	22.6	15.8
559.8	79.2	1,243.7	319.5	778.3	545.2	391.8	22.8	16.3
563.3	79.3	1,208.6	316.1	775.3	539.4	395.9	23.2	16.5
556.9	79.3	1,193.4	319.0	784.2	543.9	388.5	23.0	16.3
553.6	79.4	1,211.1	316.1	780.0	542.1	384.2	23.2	16.2
551.7	79.0	1,181.1	320.0	789.7	550.5	385.0	22.8	16.3
558.5	79.8	1,174.9	319.8	789.3	547.0	385.6	23.1	16.4
560.5	80.1	1,164.1	321.2	795.3	549.2	381.7	23.1	16.5
560.7	80.4	1,175.0	323.0	788.9	545.9	381.5	22.9	16.7

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
 Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 30 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 30 : Labour force participation rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Kadar / Rate (%)									
2020	I	68.8	68.3	64.5	59.7	68.7	65.3	67.1	68.0
	II	68.1	67.2	64.0	58.7	67.6	64.8	66.4	67.2
	III	68.4	70.1	62.6	57.7	65.9	64.1	67.2	66.7
	IV	68.5	68.1	62.1	56.4	65.8	63.1	63.2	71.1
2021	I	68.6	67.9	63.2	55.4	66.7	63.8	64.3	70.7
	II	68.3	67.6	64.2	57.1	66.3	65.3	64.9	73.5
	III	68.3	68.7	66.1	58.9	68.2	64.9	65.5	70.7
	IV	68.7	69.5	64.9	60.7	69.4	65.0	64.1	72.1
2022	I	69.0	68.8	65.8	61.5	68.3	65.1	65.4	71.1
	II	69.2	69.4	65.7	61.3	68.7	65.3	64.8	71.2
	III	69.4	69.7	66.3	61.1	69.1	66.3	64.7	70.9
	IV	69.5	69.3	66.2	61.3	67.1	67.2	65.6	71.8
2023	I	69.8	69.8	66.3	61.4	66.7	67.3	65.8	71.4
	II	70.0	69.9	66.5	61.3	66.5	67.0	66.0	71.7
	III	70.1	70.6	66.4	61.7	67.1	67.7	65.5	72.5
	IV	70.1	71.1	67.0	62.1	67.5	66.9	65.2	73.3
2024	I	70.5	71.4	66.8	58.4	69.7	67.7	64.3	72.3
	II	70.6	71.8	66.4	58.5	70.1	67.3	64.5	72.3
	III	70.6	71.3	66.5	59.1	70.0	67.3	64.9	71.7
	IV	70.7	71.5	66.8	59.2	70.0	67.1	65.3	71.8
2025	I	70.8	71.4	66.9	59.2	70.3	67.7	65.7	71.7
	II	70.8	71.8	66.9	59.3	69.9	67.7	66.0	71.5
	III	70.9	72.1	66.5	59.4	70.1	67.3	65.7	71.8
	IV	70.9	71.8	66.5	59.1	69.9	67.1	65.6	71.6
2026	I	70.9	71.6	66.3	59.0	69.8	67.1	65.3	71.8
	II	70.9	71.7	66.3	59.1	69.7	67.1	65.5	72.0

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 30 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)
Table 30 : Labour force participation rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Kadar / Rate (%)								
64.6	67.0	73.6	62.0	72.7	68.1	72.5	63.6	75.3
64.2	65.9	73.4	59.8	72.3	66.8	71.9	63.1	72.1
65.1	59.3	76.2	55.9	69.2	67.4	72.6	64.6	73.7
63.6	63.0	79.8	59.0	66.6	67.1	73.4	65.9	67.9
63.5	62.6	78.8	59.5	67.5	67.5	74.8	67.0	70.0
65.8	65.3	74.9	57.2	66.7	69.4	73.4	65.9	68.8
65.1	63.8	74.7	56.6	65.9	69.7	73.6	67.1	70.2
64.5	64.5	74.1	57.5	67.5	70.5	74.7	68.1	70.9
65.6	64.7	75.1	58.9	67.7	70.5	74.5	67.8	70.3
66.1	64.9	75.7	59.0	67.5	70.8	74.4	67.9	70.7
66.5	66.3	75.5	58.8	69.0	69.8	73.8	66.3	71.7
65.2	65.4	75.9	59.8	70.6	69.8	71.8	66.4	77.6
65.0	65.8	76.5	60.3	70.6	69.4	73.1	66.1	76.5
64.9	65.8	77.1	60.5	70.8	69.8	73.1	66.3	76.8
64.8	66.4	77.0	60.1	70.6	69.9	73.4	66.8	75.6
65.2	66.0	76.2	60.0	70.7	70.5	73.7	66.9	74.4
68.6	62.7	77.0	60.8	70.4	69.3	75.1	67.2	79.1
68.5	62.9	76.9	61.1	70.6	69.6	75.5	67.8	79.6
68.5	63.1	76.8	60.9	70.5	69.7	75.2	67.1	79.0
68.3	63.1	77.2	61.4	70.7	70.0	75.1	67.0	78.7
68.7	63.3	77.4	61.2	70.5	69.8	75.5	67.0	79.3
68.9	63.3	77.1	61.6	70.6	70.0	75.6	67.0	79.6
69.2	63.5	77.3	61.6	70.2	69.6	75.9	66.7	79.5
68.8	63.1	77.8	61.5	70.4	69.8	75.7	67.2	79.4
68.8	63.1	78.0	61.3	70.3	69.7	76.0	67.1	79.2
68.8	62.9	77.9	61.3	70.6	69.9	76.0	67.4	79.4

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 31 : Kadar pengangguran mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026

Table 31 : Unemployment rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Kadar / Rate (%)									
2020	I	3.5	3.2	3.7	4.2	1.2	3.3	3.0	2.1
	II	5.1	4.6	4.1	4.2	2.2	3.6	3.1	4.3
	III	4.7	3.6	4.4	4.6	2.5	3.7	2.8	4.0
	IV	4.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.7	4.2	3.3	3.7
2021	I	4.8	3.9	3.6	4.4	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.5
	II	4.8	3.8	3.9	4.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.9
	III	4.7	4.0	3.8	5.1	3.0	3.7	3.8	3.7
	IV	4.3	3.6	3.8	4.7	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.2
2022	I	4.1	3.2	3.4	3.9	3.0	3.3	2.4	3.3
	II	3.9	2.9	3.3	3.8	3.2	3.3	2.7	2.9
	III	3.7	2.5	3.0	3.6	2.6	3.0	2.9	2.6
	IV	3.6	2.4	3.3	4.1	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.3
2023	I	3.5	2.6	2.8	3.9	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.3
	II	3.5	2.4	2.6	3.9	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.1
	III	3.4	2.5	2.3	4.1	2.8	2.4	2.7	2.1
	IV	3.3	2.3	2.1	4.0	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.0
2024	I	3.3	2.2	2.7	4.0	1.9	2.8	2.2	2.1
	II	3.2	2.3	2.6	3.7	1.7	2.8	2.3	1.9
	III	3.2	2.3	2.5	3.8	1.8	3.0	2.3	2.0
	IV	3.1	2.3	2.3	4.1	2.0	2.9	2.2	2.3
2025	I	3.1	2.6	2.4	4.1	1.8	2.8	1.8	2.6
	II	3.0	2.2	2.4	4.0	1.7	2.7	1.8	2.3
	III	3.0	2.1	2.4	4.1	2.0	2.9	1.8	2.4
	IV	3.0	2.3	2.5	4.1	2.1	2.5	1.9	2.3
2026	I	2.9	2.4	2.4	4.1	2.0	2.4	1.9	2.7
	II	3.0	2.3	2.5	4.1	2.0	2.4	2.0	2.6

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Jadual 31 : Kadar pengangguran mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun kedua 2026 (samb.)

Table 31 : Unemployment rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - second quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Kadar / Rate (%)								
4.2	3.6	2.3	3.3	6.7	3.3	2.6	2.5	0.2
5.4	4.2	4.6	3.8	9.1	5.7	3.8	6.4	2.1
4.8	4.7	4.8	3.9	8.6	3.9	3.7	5.7	1.2
4.9	5.1	4.5	4.0	8.4	4.5	4.9	8.2	2.1
4.6	5.3	4.5	3.7	8.9	4.7	4.9	9.0	2.4
4.4	5.3	4.4	4.2	8.7	4.4	4.7	8.8	1.7
4.8	4.9	3.6	4.4	9.0	4.6	4.8	8.2	1.0
4.3	4.2	2.9	4.1	9.0	4.0	5.0	7.6	1.6
3.8	3.4	3.2	4.5	9.1	3.2	4.8	6.9	1.0
3.6	3.3	2.9	4.4	8.6	3.3	4.3	7.2	0.9
3.1	2.5	3.2	4.3	8.2	3.0	3.5	6.9	1.0
2.8	2.2	2.9	4.3	8.1	3.1	3.2	4.5	1.6
3.2	2.1	2.6	4.2	7.7	3.4	3.2	5.4	0.8
3.2	2.2	2.5	4.5	7.5	3.6	3.4	7.3	0.5
3.3	2.4	2.3	4.4	7.5	3.4	3.4	7.3	0.5
3.3	2.0	2.3	4.6	7.4	3.4	3.3	7.0	1.5
3.4	3.9	2.4	3.9	7.8	3.4	3.0	6.7	1.8
3.2	3.9	2.6	3.5	7.5	3.3	2.9	6.7	1.9
3.2	3.8	2.6	3.1	7.5	3.0	2.7	6.5	1.6
3.2	3.6	2.3	3.2	7.1	3.3	2.8	6.0	2.0
3.3	3.3	2.3	2.9	6.0	3.3	3.0	5.6	1.3
3.2	3.5	2.3	2.8	6.7	3.2	2.9	5.7	1.4
3.4	3.4	2.1	2.9	6.6	3.0	3.0	5.4	1.7
3.5	3.2	2.1	3.0	6.0	3.1	3.2	4.9	1.7
3.4	3.0	2.0	3.2	5.5	3.4	3.4	5.1	1.3
3.3	3.2	2.1	2.9	5.6	3.3	3.5	4.8	1.3

Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 dan seterusnya, Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan dianggarkan menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.
Starting First Quarter 2024 onwards, the Quarterly Principal Statistics of the Labour Force are estimated using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

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NOTA TEKNIKAL

Technical Notes



1. Pengenalan

- 1.1 Statistik yang diterbitkan dalam laporan ini adalah berdasarkan Survei Tenaga Buruh (STB) yang dilaksanakan oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM). STB dilaksanakan berdasarkan garis panduan dan syor *International Labour Organization (ILO)* dengan merujuk kepada *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods*.
- 1.2 Survei yang dijalankan setiap bulan melalui pendekatan isi rumah ini menyediakan statistik tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran di peringkat nasional dan negeri serta kawasan bandar dan luar bandar.
- 1.3 Pengumpulan dan prosesan data mengekalkan pendekatan yang menyeluruh dan sistematik dari semasa ke semasa untuk mendapatkan perbandingan statistik siri masa.
- 1.4 Maklumat yang dikumpul melalui STB adalah mengikut peruntukan **Akta Perangkaan 1965 (Disemak 1989)**. **Seksyen 6** dibawah Akta ini mengkehendaki mana-mana individu perlu memberikan butiran maklumat sebenar atau anggaran terbaik kepada DOSM. Sementara itu, **Seksyen 7** dalam Akta yang sama memperuntukan denda kepada responden yang gagal memberi kerjasama dalam pelaksanaan penyiasatan oleh DOSM. Mengikut Akta ini, maklumat terperinci yang dikumpul adalah sulit dan hanya angka agregat diterbitkan.
- 1.5 Nota teknikal ini menyediakan penerangan terperinci mengenai konsep, definisi dan metodologi yang digunakan dalam pelaksanaan STB bagi membantu pengguna untuk memahami dengan lebih mendalam berkaitan maklumat pasaran buruh yang dipungut melalui pendekatan isi rumah.

2. Objektif survei

- 2.1 Objektif utama STB ialah:
 - i. Mengumpul maklumat berkaitan struktur dan taburan tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran; dan
 - ii. Menyediakan statistik terkini berkaitan situasi pasaran buruh dari aspek penawaran tenaga buruh
- 2.2 Statistik daripada survei ini digunakan terutamanya oleh kerajaan sebagai input dalam merangka strategi pembangunan negara; begitu juga ahli ekonomi, ahli akademik, sektor swasta dan individu sebagai tujuan penyelidikan dan analisis.

3. Kaedah pengumpulan data

- 3.1 STB menggunakan kaedah temu ramah bersemuka dengan responden. Dalam tempoh survei, penemuramah terlatih melawat isi rumah di tempat kediaman (TK) yang terpilih untuk memperoleh maklumat demografi semua ahli isi rumah dan maklumat terperinci berkaitan butir-butir tenaga buruh bagi ahli isi rumah yang berumur 15 tahun dan lebih.

- 3.2 Semakan kerja luar dibuat untuk mengesan dan memperbaiki kemungkinan maklumat yang salah atau tertinggal semasa penyiasatan ini dijalankan. Di samping itu, isi rumah terpilih juga ditemuramah semula untuk menyemak kualiti operasi pungutan data.
- 3.3 Sebanyak 25 peratus daripada panel ulangan terpilih ditemuramah menggunakan kaedah **Temuramah melalui Telefon**.

4. Skop dan liputan

- 4.1 STB meliputi kedua-dua kawasan bandar dan luar bandar bagi daerah pentadbiran dalam semua negeri di Malaysia.
- 4.2 Definisi populasi survei meliputi penduduk yang tinggal di TK persendirian dan **tidak termasuk** mereka yang tinggal di TK institusi seperti hotel, asrama, hospital, penjara, rumah tumpangan dan pekerja yang tinggal di rumah kongsi.
- 4.3 Tiada penyelarasan dilakukan kepada penduduk yang tinggal di TK institusi untuk diasingkan daripada anggaran penduduk pertengahan tahun selepas banci walaupun STB tidak meliputi penduduk tersebut. Berdasarkan Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan semasa, penduduk yang tinggal di TK institusi adalah kurang daripada empat peratus daripada jumlah penduduk. Peraturan ini adalah kecil dan tidak mempengaruhi anggaran statistik tenaga buruh.
- 4.4 STB merangkumi penduduk yang aktif dan tidak aktif dalam ekonomi yang berumur **15 hingga 64 tahun**¹. Penduduk yang aktif dalam ekonomi terdiri daripada mereka yang bekerja atau menganggur, manakala mereka yang tidak aktif dikelaskan sebagai di luar tenaga buruh.

5. Rangka dan pensampelan

- 5.1 Rangka yang digunakan bagi pemilihan sampel STB Suku Tahun Kedua 2026 adalah berdasarkan Rangka Pensampelan Isi Rumah yang terdiri daripada blok penghitungan (BP) yang diwujudkan untuk pelaksanaan Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2020 dan dikemas kini dari semasa ke semasa.
- 5.2 BP merupakan suatu kawasan muka bumi yang diwujudkan untuk tujuan pelaksanaan operasi pungutan data yang secara puratanya mengandungi antara 80 hingga 120 TK. Semua BP dibentuk dalam lingkungan sempadan yang diwartakan iaitu di dalam mukim atau kawasan majlis tempatan.
- 5.3 BP dalam rangka pensampelan dikelaskan mengikut kawasan bandar dan luar bandar².

i. Kawasan bandar

Kawasan yang diwartakan serta kawasan tepu bina yang bersempadan dengannya dan gabungan kedua-dua kawasan ini mempunyai penduduk seramai 10,000 orang atau lebih semasa Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2020.

- **Kawasan tepu bina**

1. Had umur bekerja bagi sesebuah negara ditentukan berdasarkan struktur umur penduduk negara tersebut.
2. Taburan Penduduk dan Ciri-Ciri Asas Demografi, Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2020.

Kawasan yang terletak bersebelahan kawasan yang diwartakan dan mempunyai sekurang-kurangnya 60 peratus penduduk (berumur 15 tahun dan lebih) yang terlibat dalam aktiviti bukan pertanian.

Definisi kawasan bandar juga mengambil kira kawasan pembangunan khusus iaitu kawasan pembangunan yang tidak diwartakan dan boleh dikenal pasti serta terpisah dari kawasan yang diwartakan atau kawasan tepu bina melebihi 5 km dan mempunyai penduduk sekurang-kurangnya 10,000 orang dengan 60 peratus penduduk (berumur 15 tahun dan lebih) terlibat dalam aktiviti bukan pertanian.

ii. **Kawasan luar bandar**

Kawasan selain yang diwartakan dan mempunyai jumlah penduduk kurang daripada 10,000 orang serta kawasan yang tidak diwartakan.

- 5.4 Pemandaran merupakan proses yang dinamik dan sentiasa berubah mengikut kemajuan dan pembangunan. Oleh itu, kawasan bandar bagi Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan yang dilaksanakan oleh DOSM tidak semestinya merujuk kepada kawasan yang sama kerana kawasan yang memenuhi kriteria bandar akan terus bertambah dan berkembang mengikut masa.

6. Prosedur penganggaran

- 6.1 Anggaran penduduk semasa mengikut ciri-ciri kumpulan umur, jantina, kewarganegaraan, etnik dan negeri digunakan sebagai penanda aras dalam penyediaan statistik tenaga buruh melalui teknik anggaran nisbah bergabung iaitu *adjusted weight* dan faktor penduduk.

i. ***Adjusted weight***

Adjusted weight digunakan bagi mengambil kira kes tidak respons.

ii. **Faktor penduduk**

Dalam reka bentuk pensampelan berperingkat, saiz sampel adalah pembolehubah rawak dan jumlah agregat yang dianggar daripada survei boleh menghasilkan ralat pensampelan yang tinggi. Wajaran *external* digunakan untuk memberikan ralat pensampelan yang minimum. Wajaran *external* yang digunakan dalam Survei Tenaga Buruh ialah faktor penduduk. Faktor penduduk diperoleh melalui anggaran terkini jumlah penduduk yang mana ia digunakan untuk mengubahsuai kadar dan nisbah yang dianggarkan daripada survei.

- 6.2 Dua jenis statistik penduduk disediakan oleh DOSM iaitu:

- i. **Unjuran penduduk** bagi menunjukkan saiz dan struktur penduduk jangka panjang berasaskan andaian tertentu mengenai trend kesuburan, mortaliti dan migrasi. Statistik ini digunakan sebagai input dalam membuat perancangan dan penggubalan dasar pada masa hadapan.
- ii. **Anggaran penduduk** semasa bagi menggambarkan saiz populasi pada masa kinian disediakan secara tahunan berasaskan data semasa kelahiran, kematian dan migrasi.

- 6.3 Bermula dengan penerbitan Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh (STB), Suku Tahun Pertama 2026,

Malaysia, statistik utama tenaga buruh dianggarkan berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa Malaysia.

Seiring itu, data STB bagi Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 sehingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2025 turut disemak semula menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini.

Semakan semula siri data STB Suku Tahun Kedua 2020 hingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2023 masih dilaksanakan. Data tersebut akan diterbitkan selepas proses analisis dan pemukamatan data selesai dijalankan secara berperingkat.

7. Konsep dan definisi

7.1 Had umur bekerja bagi sesebuah negara ditentukan berdasarkan struktur umur penduduk negara tersebut yang aktif dalam ekonomi. Umur bekerja bagi analisis STB di Malaysia merujuk kepada ahli isirumah yang berumur **15 hingga 64 tahun** semasa minggu rujukan, sama ada berada di dalam tenaga buruh atau di luar tenaga buruh³.

7.2 STB menggunakan pendekatan **taraf sebenar** yang mana seseorang itu dikelaskan berasaskan kegiatannya dalam tenaga buruh semasa minggu rujukan. Taraf aktiviti ini terbahagi kepada kategori berikut:

i. **Tenaga buruh**

Tenaga buruh merujuk kepada penduduk dalam kumpulan umur bekerja sama ada **bekerja** atau **menganggur**.

ii. **Bekerja**

Semua orang yang bekerja sekurang-kurangnya sejam semasa minggu rujukan untuk mendapatkan upah, keuntungan atau keuntungan keluarga sama ada sebagai majikan, pekerja, bekerja sendiri atau pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji. Mereka juga dianggap bekerja jika:

a. Tidak bekerja semasa minggu rujukan disebabkan sakit, kecederaan, tiada upaya, cuaca buruk, bercuti, pertelingkahan buruh dan sebab-sebab sosial atau keagamaan tetapi mempunyai pekerjaan, ladang, perusahaan atau perusahaan keluarga lain untuk kembali bekerja.

b. Tidak bekerja buat sementara waktu tetapi bergaji dan pasti akan dipanggil bekerja semula.

c. Mereka yang bekerja kurang 30 jam seminggu semasa minggu rujukan disebabkan keadaan kerja atau kerja yang tidak mencukupi.

d. Mereka yang bekerja dalam keadaan **guna tenaga tidak penuh**:

- **Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa** merupakan kumpulan yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam semasa minggu rujukan disebabkan keadaan kerja atau kerja yang tidak mencukupi dan berkeupayaan serta

3. *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.*

sanggup menerima tambahan bilangan jam bekerja.

- **Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran** mereka yang mempunyai pendidikan tertiar dan bekerja dalam kategori separuh mahir dan berkemahiran rendah.

Mereka yang bekerja **lebih daripada 30 jam** semasa minggu rujukan merupakan **guna tenaga penuh**.

- e. Bekerja semasa menjalani latihan atau aktiviti peningkatan kemahiran yang diperlukan oleh pekerjaan contohnya mereka yang mengikuti program *Reskilling and Upskilling*. (merujuk laporan III, ICLS 19th).
- f. Perantis atau pelatih yang menerima bayaran tunai atau barangan seperti pelajar praktikal yang berbayar. (merujuk laporan III, ICLS 19th).

iii. Menganggur

Penganggur adalah mereka yang tidak bekerja semasa minggu rujukan dan dikelaskan kepada dua kumpulan iaitu penganggur aktif dan penganggur tidak aktif.

Penganggur aktif adalah mereka yang bersedia untuk bekerja dan aktif mencari pekerjaan dalam minggu rujukan.

Penganggur tidak aktif adalah mereka yang berada dalam kategori berikut:

- a. Tidak mencari pekerjaan dalam minggu rujukan kerana percaya tidak terdapat pekerjaan atau pun tidak berkeupayaan;
- b. Mungkin mencari pekerjaan jika tidak kerana sakit atau keadaan cuaca; dan
- c. Telah mencari pekerjaan sebelum minggu rujukan dan sedang menunggu jawapan permohonan pekerjaan.

iv. Luar tenaga buruh

Penduduk yang tidak dikelaskan sebagai bekerja atau menganggur dikategorikan sebagai **luar tenaga buruh**. Kategori ini terdiri daripada suri rumah, pelajar (termasuk mereka yang akan melanjutkan pelajaran), mereka yang telah bersara, tidak berkeupayaan dan mereka yang tidak berminat untuk mencari pekerjaan. Merujuk kepada ICLS ke 19, Perantis atau pelatih yang tidak menerima bayaran tunai atau barangan juga termasuk di dalam golongan ini.

7.3 Kumpulan etnik

Kumpulan etnik dikategorikan di kalangan warganegara Malaysia setelah mengasingkan bukan warganegara. Pengelasan tersebut adalah seperti berikut:

i. **Warganegara Malaysia**

- a. Bumiputera
- b. Cina
- c. India
- d. Lain-lain

ii. **Bukan warganegara Malaysia**

7.4 Pencapaian pendidikan

Merujuk kepada peringkat tertinggi seseorang itu telah menamatkan atau sedang mengikuti persekolahan di institusi pendidikan awam atau swasta yang menyediakan pendidikan rasmi dan dikategorikan seperti berikut:

i. **Tiada pendidikan rasmi**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang tidak pernah menghadiri mana-mana institusi pendidikan yang memberi pendidikan secara rasmi.

ii. **Rendah**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang telah mencapai pendidikan tertinggi di peringkat Tahun 1 hingga 6 atau yang setaraf.

iii. **Menengah**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang telah mencapai pendidikan tertinggi di peringkat Tingkatan 1 hingga 5 (termasuk kelas peralihan), *General Certificate of Education (GCE) O Level* atau yang setaraf. Ini termasuk program kemahiran asas di institusi latihan kemahiran khusus dan teknikal dengan tempoh pengajian sekurang-kurangnya enam bulan.

iv. **Tertiari**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang telah mencapai pendidikan tertinggi selepas Tingkatan 5.

7.5 Taraf pekerjaan

Merujuk kepada **kedudukan atau taraf seseorang** yang bekerja di dalam pertubuhan atau organisasi di mana beliau bekerja dan disesuaikan berasaskan ***International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93)***. Penduduk bekerja dikelaskan mengikut taraf pekerjaan seperti berikut:

i. **Majikan**

Seorang yang menjalankan sesuatu perniagaan, perusahaan ladang atau perniagaan lain dan menggaji seorang pekerja atau lebih untuk menolongnya.

ii. **Pekerja**

Seorang yang bekerja untuk majikan sektor awam atau swasta dan menerima ganjaran tetap seperti upah, gaji, komisen, tip atau ganjaran berbentuk mata benda.

iii. **Bekerja sendiri**

Seorang yang mengusahakan ladang, perniagaan atau perusahaan sendiri tanpa menggaji pekerja di ladang, perniagaan atau perusahaannya.

iv. Pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji

Seorang yang bekerja tanpa menerima sebarang bayaran atau upah di ladang, perniagaan atau perusahaan yang dijalankan oleh ahli keluarganya yang lain.

7.6 Pekerjaan

- i. Pekerjaan bagi data STB 2011 - 2015 dikelaskan mengikut klasifikasi **Piawaian Pengelasan Pekerjaan Malaysia (MASCO) 2008** berasaskan *International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08)* seperti berikut:

- 1 – Pengurus
- 2 – Profesional
- 3 – Juruteknik dan profesional bersekutu
- 4 – Pekerja sokongan perkeranian
- 5 – Pekerja perkhidmatan dan jualan
- 6 – Pekerja mahir pertanian, perhutanan, penternakan, dan perikanan
- 7 – Pekerja kemahiran dan pekerja pertukangan yang berkaitan
- 8 – Operator loji dan mesin serta pemasang
- 9 – Pekerjaan asas

- ii. Pekerjaan bagi data STB 2016 - 2021 dikelaskan mengikut klasifikasi **MASCO 2013** berasaskan *ISCO-08* tetapi ditambahbaik selaras dengan transformasi proses kerja, bidang pengkhususan suatu tugas dan kemahiran yang lebih kompleks dan dinamik. Pengelasan pekerjaan berasaskan **MASCO 2013** adalah seperti berikut:

- 1 – Pengurus
- 2 – Profesional
- 3 – Juruteknik dan profesional bersekutu
- 4 – Pekerja sokongan perkeranian
- 5 – Pekerja perkhidmatan dan jualan
- 6 – Pekerja mahir pertanian, perhutanan, penternakan, dan perikanan
- 7 – Pekerja kemahiran dan pekerja pertukangan yang berkaitan
- 8 – Operator loji dan mesin serta pemasang
- 9 – Pekerjaan asas

- iii. Pekerjaan bagi data STB 2022 - 2023 dikelaskan mengikut klasifikasi **MASCO 2020** berasaskan *ISCO-08* seperti berikut:

- 0 – Angkatan tentera
- 1 – Pengurus
- 2 – Profesional
- 3 – Juruteknik dan profesional bersekutu
- 4 – Pekerja sokongan perkeranian
- 5 – Pekerja perkhidmatan dan jualan
- 6 – Pekerja mahir pertanian, perhutanan, penternakan, dan perikanan
- 7 – Pekerja kemahiran dan pekerja pertukangan yang berkaitan
- 8 – Operator loji dan mesin serta pemasang
- 9 – Pekerjaan asas

- ii. Bagi seseorang yang mempunyai lebih daripada satu pekerjaan, hanya **pekerjaan yang mengambil masa terbanyak** semasa tempoh rujukan dianggap sebagai **pekerjaan utamanya**. Jika masa bekerja bagi tiap-tiap pekerjaan itu sama, maka pekerjaan yang menghasilkan pendapatan tertinggi adalah pekerjaan utamanya. Dalam kes di mana bilangan jam bekerja dan pendapatannya adalah sama bagi setiap pekerjaan, **pekerjaan di mana dia telah bekerja paling lama** dianggap sebagai **pekerjaan utamanya**.

7.7 Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh

Aktiviti ekonomi penduduk pada keseluruhannya bergantung kepada ciri-ciri demografi sesuatu populasi. Dengan itu, pecahan mereka yang aktif secara ekonomi berbeza di antara kumpulan-kumpulan kecil penduduk tersebut. Perbezaan ini diukur dengan kadar aktiviti tertentu yang dikenali sebagai **kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh**.

Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh ditakrifkan sebagai perkadaran penduduk dalam tenaga buruh kepada penduduk dalam umur bekerja (15 - 64 tahun) dalam bentuk peratusan. Formulanya adalah seperti berikut:

$$\text{Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penduduk dalam tenaga buruh}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk umur bekerja (15 - 64 tahun)}} \times 100$$

7.8 Kadar pengangguran

Kadar pengangguran ialah perkadaran penduduk yang menganggur kepada jumlah penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh. Kadar ini mengukur peratus penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh yang tidak bekerja. Kadar pengangguran dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar pengangguran} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penganggur}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk dalam tenaga buruh}} \times 100$$

7.9 Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk

Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk adalah perkadaran penduduk yang bekerja kepada jumlah penduduk dalam kumpulan umur bekerja. Nisbah yang tinggi menunjukkan perkadaran penduduk bekerja yang tinggi bagi negara manakala nisbah yang rendah menunjukkan sebahagian besar daripada penduduk tidak terlibat secara langsung dalam aktiviti pasaran kerana menganggur atau berada di luar tenaga buruh. Formulanya adalah seperti berikut:

$$\text{Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk umur bekerja (15 - 64 tahun)}} \times 100$$

7.10 Kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu

Kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu ialah perkadaran penduduk yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu pada minggu rujukan kepada jumlah penduduk bekerja. Kadar ini mengukur peratus penduduk bekerja yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu dan dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja}} \times 100$$

7.11 Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa

Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa ialah perkadaran penduduk yang bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu pada minggu rujukan serta mampu dan sanggup menerima tambahan jam bekerja kepada jumlah penduduk bekerja. Kadar ini mengukur peratus guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa dan dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa} = \frac{\text{Bilangan guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja}} \times 100$$

7.12 Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran

Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran ialah perkadaran penduduk yang berpendidikan tertiar tetapi bekerja dalam kategori pekerjaan separuh mahir dan berkemahiran rendah kepada jumlah penduduk bekerja yang berpendidikan tertiar. Kadar ini mengukur peratus guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran dan dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran} = \frac{\text{Bilangan guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja berpendidikan tertiar}} \times 100$$

8. Pembundaran dan anggaran

Hasil tambah bagi sesuatu kategori mungkin tidak sentiasa sama dengan jumlah yang ditunjukkan dalam jadual yang berkaitan kerana pembundaran secara berasingan kepada satu titik perpuluhan. Walau bagaimanapun, perbezaan ini tidak ketara.

9. Nota dan simbol

–	Kosong/ tiada kes
0.0	Kurang daripada setengah unit terkecil yang ditunjukkan. Misalnya, kurang daripada 0.05 peratus.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 *The statistics published in this report is based on Labour Force Survey (LFS) conducted by Department of Statistics, Malaysia. The implementation of LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the **International Labour Organization (ILO)** with reference to the **Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Method**.*
- 1.2 *The survey is carried out every month through a household approach to provide statistics of labour force, employment and unemployment at the national and state levels as well as urban and rural areas.*
- 1.3 *The comprehensive and systematic approach in data collection and processing has been maintained over a period of time in order to obtain comparable time series statistics.*
- 1.4 *The information obtained from LFS is gathered under the provisions of the **Statistics Act 1965 (Revised 1989)**. **Section 6** of this Act requires any individuals to provide actual information or best estimates to DOSM. Meanwhile, **Section 7** of this Act allows respondents whom refuse to cooperate in the undertaking of the survey to be penalised. The Act stipulated that the detailed information gathered is confidential and only aggregated figures are published.*
- 1.5 *This technical note comprises of detailed explanation on concepts, definition and methodology used to conduct LFS to assist users to better understand labour market information obtained via household approach.*

2. Objectives of the survey

- 2.1 *The main objectives of LFS are:*
 - i. *To collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment; and*
 - ii. *To provide the latest statistics in relation to labour market situation from the perspective of labour supply.*
- 2.2 *The statistics from this survey is utilised especially by the government as input in planning national developments strategies; as well as by economists, academicians, private sector and individuals for the purpose of research and analysis.*

3. Method of data collection

- 3.1 *LFS uses the personal interview method. During the survey period, trained interviewers visit households in selected living quarters (LQs) to collect demographic information on all household members and labour force particulars of household members aged 15 years and over.*



- 3.2 *Field checks are undertaken to identify and correct any possibility of errors or omissions at the time when the survey is conducted. In addition to this, selected households are interviewed again to check the quality of data collection operation.*
- 3.3 *A total of 25 per cent of the selected repeated panels were interviewed using the **Telephone Interviewing method**.*

4. Scope and coverage

- 4.1 *The LFS covers both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within all states in Malaysia.*
- 4.2 *The survey population is defined to cover persons who live in private LQs; hence **excludes** persons residing in institutional LQs such as hotels, hostels, hospitals, prisons, boarding houses, and workers residing in construction work site.*
- 4.3 *There is no attempt was made to adjust the exclusion of the population living in institutional LQs from the independent mid-year post census population estimates, although the LFS did not cover that population. Based on the current Population and Housing Census, those living in institutional LQs was less than four per cent of the total population. This percentage was small and did not affect the estimates of labour force statistics.*
- 4.4 *This survey comprises the economically active and inactive population between the age of **15 to 64 years**¹. The economically active population are those who are either employed or unemployed while those who are inactive are classified as outside labour force.*

5. Sampling frame

- 5.1 *The frame used for the selection of sample for LFS Second Quarter 2026 is based on the Household Sampling Frame which is made up of renumeration blocks (EBs) created for the 2020 Population and Housing Census and was updated from time to time.*
- 5.2 *EBs are geographically contiguous areas of land with identifiable boundaries created for survey operation purposes, which on average contains about 80 to 120 LQs. All EBs are formed within gazetted boundaries, i.e. within mukim or local authority areas.*
- 5.3 *The EBs in the sampling frame are also classified into urban and rural areas².*

i. Urban areas

Gazetted areas with their adjoining built-up areas with combined population of 10,000 or more at the time of the 2020 Population and Housing Census.

- **Built-up areas**

Areas contiguous to a gazetted area with at least 60 per cent of the population (aged 15 years and over) engaged in non-agricultural activities.

The definition of urban areas also takes into account the special development

1. Working age limit for a country is determined based on the age structure of the population of the country.

2. Population Distribution and Basic Demographic Characteristics, 2010 Population and Housing Census.

area namely the development area which is not gazetted and can be identified and separated from the gazetted area or built-up area of more than 5 km with

population of at least 10,000 persons where 60 per cent of the population (aged 15 years and over) were involved in non-agricultural activities.

ii. Rural areas

All other gazetted areas with population of less than 10,000 persons and non-gazetted areas.

- 5.4 Urbanisation is a dynamic process and keeps changing in line with progress and development. Thus, the urban areas for the Population and Housing Census conducted by DOSM do not necessarily refer to the same areas, as areas fulfilling the criteria of urban continue to increase or grow with time.

6. Estimation Procedures

- 6.1 Current population estimates by age group, sex, citizenship, ethnicity and state were used as the benchmark to produce labour statistics through **combined ratio estimated method** which are adjusted weight and population factor.

i. Adjusted weight

Adjusted weight is used to take into account the non-response cases.

ii. Population factor

In multi-stage sampling design, the sample size is a random variable and aggregates directly estimated from the survey can have large sampling errors. External weight is used to minimise sampling error. The external weight used in Labour Force Survey is the population factor. The population factor is obtained through up-to-date estimates of population totals which is used to inflate the various rates and ratios estimated from the survey.

- 6.2 Two types of population statistics produced by DOSM are:

- i. **population projection** to indicate the size and structure of the population in the long term based on certain assumption on the trend of fertility, mortality and migration. These statistics are used as input to formulate future plans and policies.
- ii. **current population** estimates to illustrate the size of the current population and is prepared annually based on the recent data on birth, death and migration.

- 6.3 Starting with the release of Labour Force Survey (LFS), First Quarter 2026, Malaysia, the principal statistics of the labour force are estimated based on the current population estimates of Malaysia.

On the same note, revisions are carried out on LFS data for the First Quarter of 2024 to the Fourth Quarter of 2025 using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

The review of the LFS data series for the Second Quarter of 2020 to the Fourth Quarter of 2023 is still ongoing. The data will be published progressively upon the completion of the analysis and finalisation process.

7. Concepts and definitions

7.1 The working age limit for a country is determined based on the age structure of the economically active population of the country. Working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of **15 to 64 years** during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force³.

7.2 The LFS uses the actual status approach, where a person is classified on the basis of labour force activity during the reference week. The activity status is categorised as follows:

i.i. Labour force

Labour force refers to population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years who are either employed or unemployed.

ii. Employed

All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker. They are also considered as employed if they:

- a. Did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, disability, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- b. Were temporary laid-off with pay and would definitely be called back to work.
- c. Were employed less than 30 hours per week during the reference week because of the nature of their work.
- d. Were employed in the category of **underemployment**:
 - **Time-related underemployment** were a group of people who employed less than 30 hours during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and are able and willing to accept additional hours of work.
 - **Skill-related underemployment** were those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories

Persons who were employed **more than 30 hours** during the reference week are considered to be in **full employment**.

- e. **Person who works for pay or profit while on training or skills-enhancement activities** required by the job or for another job for example those who follow

3. Survey of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

Reskilling and Upskilling programs. This refers to the 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS).

- f. **Apprentices, interns or trainees** who work for **pay in cash or in kind such as paid practical students**. This also refers to the 19th ICLS.*

iii. Unemployed

The unemployed are those who did not work during the reference week and are classified into two groups that is the actively unemployed and inactively unemployed.

*The **actively unemployed** include all persons who were available for work and were actively looking for work during the reference week.*

***Inactively unemployed** persons include those in the following categories:*

- a. Did not look for work because they believed no work was available or that they were not qualified.*
- b. Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather condition; and*
- c. Had looked for work prior to the reference week and were waiting for result of job applications.*

iv. Outside labour force

*All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as **outside labour force**. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job. Referring to the 19th ICLS, apprentices or trainees who do not receive cash or goods are also included in this group.*

7.3 Ethnic group

The ethnic group is categorised within Malaysian citizens after separating those who are non-citizens. The classification is as follows:

i. Malaysian citizens

- a. Bumiputera*
- b. Chinese*
- c. Indians*
- d. Others*

ii. Non-Malaysian citizens

7.4 Educational attainment

Refers to the highest level in which a person has completed schooling or is currently attending school in a public or private educational institution that provides formal education and is categorised as follows:

i. No formal education

Refers to persons who have never attended school in any of the educational institutions that provide formal education.

ii. Primary

Refers to those whose highest level of education attained is from Standard 1 to 6 or equivalent.

iii. Secondary

Refers to those whose highest level of education attained is from Form 1 to 5 (including remove class), General Certificate of Education (GCE) O Level or equivalent. This includes basic skill programmes in specific trades and technical skills institutions with the training period of at least six months.

iv. Tertiary

Refers to those whose highest level of education is above Form 5.

7.5 Status in employment

*Refers to the **position or status of an employed person** within the establishment or organisation for which he/she worked and is adapted based on the **International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93)**. Employed persons are classified according to the following employment status:*

i. Employer

A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and employs one or more workers to help him.

iii. Employee

A person who works for a public or private employer and receives regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind.

iii. Own account worker

A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business.

iv. Unpaid family worker

A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family.

7.6 Occupation

*i. Occupation data of LFS 2011 - 2015 is classified according to **Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008** based on the **International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08)** as follows:*

- 1 – Managers*
- 2 – Professionals*
- 3 – Technicians and associate professionals*
- 4 – Clerical support workers*
- 5 – Service and sales workers*

- 6 – Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
 - 7 – Craft and related trades workers
 - 8 – Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
 - 9 – Elementary occupations
- ii. Occupation data of LFS 2016 - 2021 is classified according to **MASCO 2013** based on the **ISCO-08** but was improved in line with the transformation of work process and areas of specialisation as well as the complexity and dynamics in skills and tasks. The classification of occupation based on **MASCO 2013** is as follows:
- 1 – Managers
 - 2 – Professionals
 - 3 – Technicians and associate professionals
 - 4 – Clerical support workers
 - 5 – Service and sales workers
 - 6 – Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
 - 7 – Craft and related trades workers
 - 8 – Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
 - 9 – Elementary occupations
- iii. Occupation data of LFS 2021 - 2022 is classified according to **MASCO 2020** based on the **ISCO-08** as follows:
- 0 – Armed Forces occupation
 - 1 – Managers
 - 2 – Professionals
 - 3 – Technicians and associate professionals
 - 4 – Clerical support workers
 - 5 – Service and sales workers
 - 6 – Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
 - 7 – Craft and related trades workers
 - 8 – Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
 - 9 – Elementary occupations
- iv. For a person having more than one job, only the job at which he worked for the **longest number of hours** during the reference week is treated as his **principal occupation**. Should the number of hours worked for each job is the same, then the job with the highest income is the principal occupation. In cases where the number of hours worked and the income earned from each job are the same, the job at which he was **working for the longest period of time** is considered as the **principal occupation**.

7.7 Labour force participation rate

The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population. Therefore, the proportion of economically active persons differs between sub-groups of that population. These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed **labour force participation rate**.



Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 - 64 years), expressed as percentage. The formula is as follow:

$$\text{Labour force participation rate} = \frac{\text{Number of persons in the labour force}}{\text{Number of persons in the working age (15 - 64 years)}} \times 100$$

7.8 Unemployment rate

Unemployment rate is the proportion of unemployed population to the total population in labour force. This rate measures the percentage of unemployed population in labour force. Unemployment rate is computed by using the formula below:

$$\text{Unemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Number of unemployed persons}}{\text{Number of persons in the labour force}} \times 100$$

7.9 Employment to population ratio

The employment to population ratio is defined as the proportion of employed population to working-age population. A high ratio means that a large proportion of the country's population is employed while a low ratio means that a large share of the population is not involved directly in market-related activities due to being unemployed or out of the labour force. The formula is as follow:

$$\text{Employment to population ratio} = \frac{\text{Number of employed persons}}{\text{Number of persons in the working age (15 - 64 years)}} \times 100$$

7.10 Rate of employed persons less than 30 hours per week

Rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week refers to those who worked less than 30 hours during the reference week to working-age population. This rate measures the percentage of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week and calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week} = \frac{\text{Number of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week}}{\text{Number of employed persons}} \times 100$$

7.11 Time-related underemployment rate

Time-related underemployment rate which refer to a group of people who employed less than 30 hours per week during the reference week and were able and willing to work extra hours to working-age population. This rate measures the percentage of time-related underemployment and calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Time-related underemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Number of time-related underemployment}}{\text{Number of employed persons}} \times 100$$

7.12 Skill related underemployment rate

Skill-related underemployment rate which comprised those with tertiary education but working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled category to employed persons with tertiary education. This rate measures the percentage of skill related underemployment and calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Skill-related underemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Number of skill-related underemployment}}{\text{Number of employed persons with tertiary education}} \times 100$$

8. Rounding of estimates

The sum of each category may not always equal to the totals shown in related tables because of independent rounding to one decimal place. However, the differences are not obvious.

9. Notes and symbols

–	<i>Nil/ no cases</i>
0.0	<i>Less than half the smallest unit shown. For example, less than 0.05 per cent.</i>



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