



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

LAPORAN SURVEI TENAGA BURUH

LABOUR FORCE SURVEY REPORT

SUKU TAHUN PERTAMA
FIRST QUARTER 2026

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

LAPORAN SURVEI TENAGA BURUH *LABOUR FORCE SURVEY REPORT*

MALAYSIA

SUKU TAHUN PERTAMA 2026 *FIRST QUARTER 2026*

Pemakluman

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang melaksanakan **Banci Ekonomi 2026 (BE2026)** dengan tema “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. Pelaksanaan Banci Ekonomi kali keenam ini berlangsung **dari 5 Januari hingga 31 Oktober 2026**. BE2026 bertujuan untuk mengumpul data yang menyeluruh dan berstruktur daripada semua pertubuhan perniagaan berdaftar dan tidak berdaftar di Malaysia, bagi menilai prestasi, struktur serta ciri-ciri ekonomi negara secara komprehensif dan berasaskan bukti.

Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki **tangga pertama (1)** di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** yang dikeluarkan oleh Open Data Watch (ODW), mengatasi 197 negara lain. Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Announcement

*The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the **Economic Census 2026 (BE2026)**, with themed “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. The sixth Economic Census, will be carried out from **5th January to 31st October 2026**. BE2026 aims to collect comprehensive and structured data from all registered and unregistered business establishments in Malaysia to assess the nation’s economic performance, structure and characteristics in an evidence-based manner.*

***Malaysia** has, for the first time, successfully secured the top position globally in the biennial **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 197 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.*

***OpenDOSM NextGen** is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users’ analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.*

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“Sumber : Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia”

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KATA PENGANTAR

Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 membentangkan statistik suku tahunan berkaitan tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran yang diperoleh daripada Survei Tenaga Buruh (STB) melalui pendekatan isi rumah. Laporan ini juga membekalkan statistik utama tenaga buruh mengikut ciri-ciri demografi dan sosioekonomi antaranya jantina, kumpulan umur, kumpulan etnik, pencapaian pendidikan dan pekerjaan. Statistik utama tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, kadar bagi penduduk bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu, kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa dan kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran juga diterbitkan di dalam laporan ini.

Pelaksanaan STB adalah berdasarkan garis panduan dan syor *International Labour Organization (ILO)* dengan merujuk kepada *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods*.

Statistik tenaga buruh merupakan maklumat penting yang digunakan sebagai input untuk menganalisis pasaran buruh, menggubal dasar serta merancang, melaksana dan memantau program berkaitan pembangunan sumber manusia. Statistik ini juga digunakan oleh ahli akademik dan penyelidik dalam kajian berkaitan guna tenaga dan pasaran buruh.

Ringkasan penemuan daripada survei ini dibentangkan di bahagian pertama manakala jadual statistik dipaparkan di bahagian kedua. Seterusnya, bahagian ketiga mengandungi nota teknikal untuk menerangkan konsep, definisi dan metodologi survei yang digunakan bagi memudahkan pengguna memahami statistik yang diterbitkan dalam laporan ini.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) merakamkan setinggi-tinggi penghargaan kepada responden dan semua pihak yang menyumbang kepada pelaksanaan survei dan penyediaan penerbitan ini. Pandangan dan cadangan ke arah penambahbaikan penerbitan ini pada masa hadapan amat dihargai.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN
Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia
Mei 2026

PREFACE

The Labour Force Survey Report, Malaysia, First Quarter 2026 presents the quarterly statistics of labour force, employment and unemployment obtained from Labour Force Survey (LFS) through a household approach. This report also presents principal statistics of the labour force according to demographic and socioeconomic characteristics such as sex, age group, ethnic groups, educational attainment and occupation. The principle statistics of labour force by state, the rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week, rate of time-related underemployment and rate of skill-related underemployment were also published in this report

The implementation of LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are important information which is used as inputs for labour market analysis, policy formulation as well as for planning, implementing and monitoring programmes related to human resource development. These statistics are also used by academicians and researchers for their studies related to employment and the labour market.

The summary findings from this report is presented in the first part while the statistical tables are provided at the second part. Subsequently, the third part consists of the technical notes explaining the concepts, definition and survey methodology used to assist users in understanding the published statistics in this report.

The Department of Statistics (DOSM), Malaysia gratefully wishes the utmost appreciation towards the respondents and all parties involved in the survey and preparation of this publication. Feedbacks and suggestions towards the improvement of future publications are highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN
Chief Statistician Malaysia
May 2026

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STATISTIK UTAMA TENAGA BURUH

Principal Statistics of Labour Force



TENAGA BURUH MALAYSIA

SUKU TAHUN PERTAMA 2026

Bilangan penganggur berkurang kepada **506.5 ribu orang** pada suku tahun pertama 2026, dengan kadar pengangguran menurun kepada **2.9 peratus**

PENGANGGURAN

BILANGAN PENGANGGUR

Bilangan penganggur berkurang sebanyak **0.4 peratus**.

506.5 ribu

▼-0.4% ST1 2026

508.3 ribu
ST4 2025^r



KADAR PENGANGGURAN

2.9%

ST1 2026

3.0%

ST4 2025^r

▼-0.1mp

Bilangan Penganggur dan Kadar Pengangguran, ST1 2024^r - ST1 2026



PENDUDUK BEKERJA

Penduduk Bekerja Mengikut Taraf Pekerjaan, ST1 2026



76.3%
Pekerja



17.5%
Bekerja Sendiri



3.8%
Majikan



2.4%
Pekerja Keluarga Tanpa Gaji

PENDUDUK BEKERJA

16.73 juta

ST1 2026

▲+0.3%

16.68 juta
ST4 2025^r

Penduduk Bekerja Mengikut Jantina, ST1 2024^r - ST1 2026



TENAGA BURUH

KADAR PENYERTAAN TENAGA BURUH

70.9%

ST4 2025^r

70.9%

ST1 2026

Lelaki



KPTB Mengikut Jantina, ST4 2025^r & ST1 2026



Perempuan

ST1 2026: **83.3%**
ST4 2025^r: **83.5%**

ST1 2026: **56.8%**
ST4 2025^r: **56.6%**

▲0.2mp

TENAGA BURUH

17.23 juta

ST1 2026

▲+0.3%

17.19 juta
ST4 2025^r

Tenaga Buruh dan Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh, ST1 2024^r - ST1 2026



LUAR TENAGA BURUH

Kategori **kerja rumah/tanggungjawab keluarga** merupakan komponen terbesar luar tenaga buruh



45.1%

Kerja rumah/
tanggungjawab keluarga



40.1%

Bersekolah/masih belajar/
program latihan

LUAR TENAGA BURUH

7.08 juta

ST1 2026

▲+0.2%

7.06 juta
ST4 2025^r

Bilangan luar tenaga buruh meningkat sebanyak **0.2 peratus** mencatatkan **7.08 juta orang** pada suku tahun pertama 2026.



Nota : ▲ Suku tahun ke suku tahun ; mp Mata peratus

^r Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Sumber: Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh, Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM)



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BANI 26
BANKI EKONOMI 2026
DATA PEMANGKIN EKONOMI NEGARA

MALAYSIA MADANI
keajaibannya

ODIN
OPEN DATA INVENTORY
MALAYSIA
BERSAMA SAMA MELAKSANAKAN TRANSFORMASI
DI DUNIA

20 Oktober

2016 - 2030

TENAGA BURUH MALAYSIA

SUKU TAHUN PERTAMA 2026

PENGANGGURAN

Pengangguran Mengikut Jantina,
ST1 2026

Lelaki

2.8%

301.7 ribu

Perempuan

3.2%

204.7 ribu

Kadar Pengangguran (%)
Bilangan Penganggur ('000)

Kategori Penganggur,
ST4 2025^r & ST1 2026

ST1 2026

79.8%

20.2%

ST4 2025^r

79.7%

20.3%

Penganggur Aktif Penganggur Tidak Aktif

Penganggur Mengikut Kumpulan Umur,
ST4 2025^r & ST1 2026

15-24
tahun

ST1 2026: 279.9 ribu

ST4 2025^r: 278.2 ribu

25-34
tahun

ST1 2026: 128.4 ribu

ST4 2025^r: 120.7 ribu

35-44
tahun

ST1 2026: 47.0 ribu

ST4 2025^r: 45.3 ribu

45-54
tahun

ST1 2026: 32.2 ribu

ST4 2025^r: 43.4 ribu

55-64
tahun

ST1 2026: 18.9 ribu

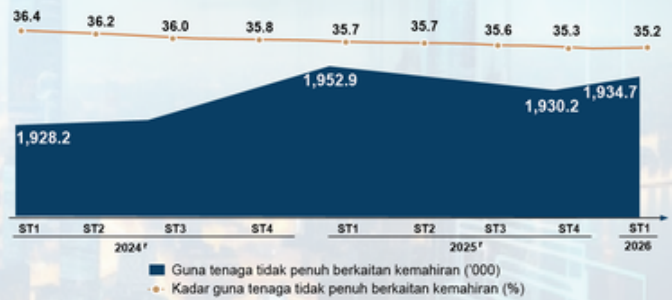
ST4 2025^r: 20.6 ribu

GUNA TENAGA TIDAK PENUH

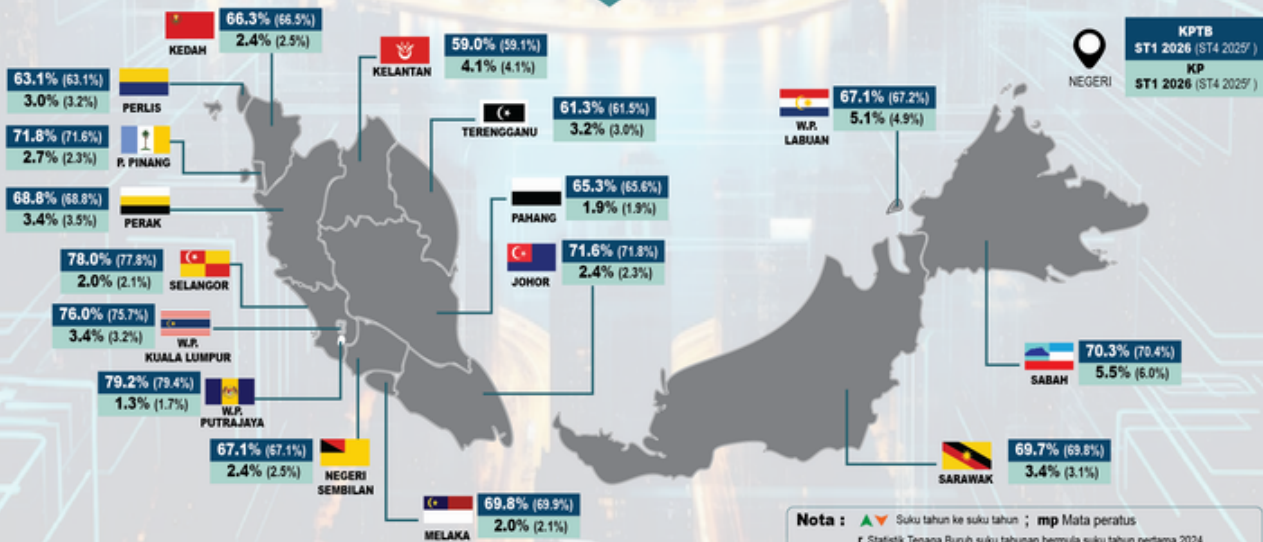
Penduduk Bekerja Kurang Daripada 30 Jam Seminggu
dan Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Masa,
ST1 2024^r - ST1 2026



Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Kemahiran,
ST1 2024^r - ST1 2026



KADAR PENYERTAAN TENAGA BURUH (KPTB) DAN KADAR PENGANGGURAN (KP) MENGIKUT NEGERI, ST4 2025^r & ST1 2026



Nota : ▲ Suku tahun ke suku tahun ; mp Mata peratus

^r Statistik Tenaga Buruh suku tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Sumber: Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh, Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM)



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BANI 26
BANKI EKONOMI 2026
DATA PEMANJING EKONOMI NEGARA

MALAYSIA MADANI
keajaibannya

ODIN
OPEN DATA INVENTORY
MALAYSIA
BERSAMA SAMA MELAKUKAN
DI DUNIA

20 Oktober

2016 - 2030



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MALAYSIA LABOUR FORCE

FIRST QUARTER 2026

The number of unemployed dropped to **506.5 thousand persons** in first quarter of 2026, with the unemployment rate declined to **2.9 per cent**

UNEMPLOYMENT

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS

The number of unemployed persons reduced by 0.4 per cent

506.5 thousand
Q1 2026
▼ -0.4%
508.3 thousand
Q4 2025[†]



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

2.9%

Q1 2026

3.0%

Q4 2025[†]

▼ -0.1pp

Unemployed and Unemployment Rate, Q1 2024[†] - Q1 2026



EMPLOYED PERSONS

Employed Persons by Employment Status, Q1 2026



76.3%
Employees



17.5%
Own-account workers



3.8%
Employers



2.4%
Unpaid family workers

EMPLOYED PERSONS

16.73 million

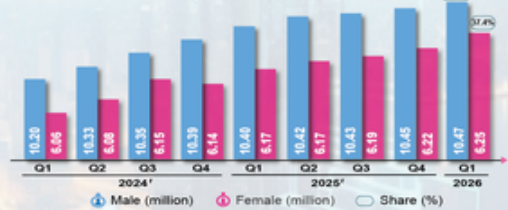
Q1 2026

▲ +0.3%

16.68 million

Q4 2025[†]

Employed Persons by Sex, Q1 2024[†] - Q1 2026



LABOUR FORCE

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

70.9%

Q4 2025[†]

70.9%

Q1 2026

Male



LFPR by Sex, Q4 2025[†] - Q1 2026



Female

Q1 2026: 83.3%

Q4 2025[†]: 83.5%

Q1 2026: 56.8%

Q4 2025[†]: 56.6%

▼ -0.2pp

▲ +0.2pp

LABOUR FORCE

17.23 million

Q1 2026

▲ +0.3%

17.19 million

Q4 2025[†]

Labour Force and Labour Force Participation Rate, Q1 2024[†] - Q1 2026



OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

Housework/ family responsibilities were the largest component of the outside labour force



45.1%

Housework/ family responsibilities



40.1%

Schooling/ training program

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

7.08 million

Q1 2026

▲ +0.2%

7.06 million

Q4 2025[†]

The number of outside labour force increased by 0.2 per cent to record **7.08 million persons**



Notes: ▲ Quarter-on-quarter ; pp Percentage point

[†] The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Source: Labour Force Survey Report, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)



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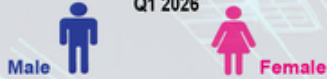


MALAYSIA LABOUR FORCE

FIRST QUARTER 2026

UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment by Sex,
Q1 2026



2.8%
301.7 thousand

3.2%
204.7 thousand

Unemployment Rate (%)
Unemployed Persons ('000)

Unemployment Category,
Q4 2025^r & Q1 2026



Unemployed by Age Group,
Q4 2025^r & Q1 2026

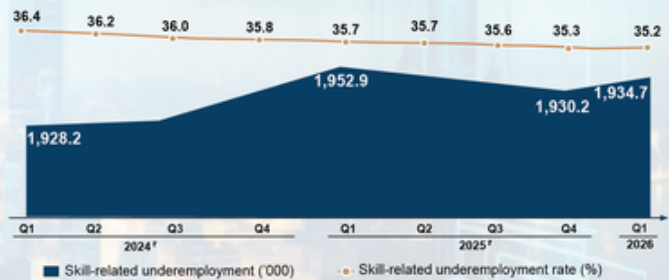


UNDEREMPLOYMENT

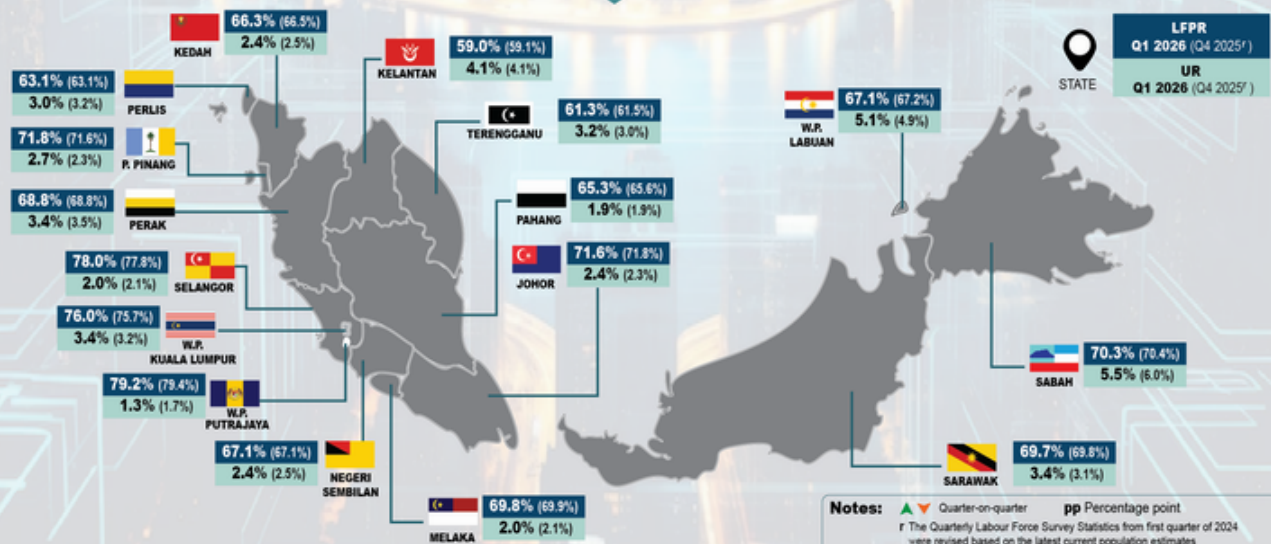
Employed Persons Working Less Than 30 Hours Per Week
and Time-Related Underemployment,
Q1 2024^r - Q1 2026



Skill-Related Underemployment,
Q1 2024^r - Q1 2026



LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE (LFPR) AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (UR) BY STATE, Q4 2025^r & Q1 2026



Notes: ▲ Quarter-on-quarter pp Percentage point
r The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Source: Labour Force Survey Report, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)



@StatsMalaysia

B/26
BANKI EKONOMI 2026
DATA NADI EKONOMI RAKYAT

MALAYSIA MADANI
kesejahteraan

ODIN
OPEN DATA INVENTORY
MALAYSIA
IN THE WORLD

20 October

2016 - 2030

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NOTA

PENERANGAN

Explanatory Notes



Nota Penerangan

Bermula dengan penerbitan Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh (STB), Suku Tahun Pertama 2026, Malaysia, statistik utama tenaga buruh dianggarkan berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa Malaysia.

Seiring itu, data STB bagi Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 sehingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2025 turut disemak semula menggunakan data unjuran berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Sementara itu, semakan semula siri data STB Suku Tahun Kedua 2020 hingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2023 masih dilaksanakan. Data tersebut akan diterbitkan selepas proses analisis dan pemukamataman data selesai dijalankan secara berperingkat.

Bagi perincian penjadualan siri data semakan semula, sila layari <https://newss.statistics.gov.my/>.

Explanatory Notes

Starting with the release of Labour Force Survey (LFS), First Quarter 2026, Malaysia, the principal statistics of the labour force are estimated based on the current population estimates of Malaysia.

On the same note, revisions are carried out on LFS data for the First Quarter of 2024 to the Fourth Quarter of 2025 using projection data based on the latest current population estimates.

Meanwhile, the review of the LFS data series for the Second Quarter of 2020 to the Fourth Quarter of 2023 is still ongoing. The data will be published progressively upon the completion of the analysis and finalisation process.

For the details on tabulation of revised data series, please visit <https://newss.statistics.gov.my/>.

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RINGKASAN PENEMUAN

Summary of Findings



1. Pengenalan

Ekonomi Malaysia pada suku tahun pertama 2026 mencatat pertumbuhan Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) awalan sebanyak 5.3 peratus, berbanding 6.3 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Peningkatan ini didorong oleh prestasi yang stabil dalam sektor Perkhidmatan, Pembuatan, Pembinaan dan Pertanian, manakala sektor Perlombongan & pengkuarian mencatatkan penurunan pada suku tahun ini. Dari segi prestasi suku tahun ke suku tahun, ekonomi negara menguncup sebanyak 4.4 peratus berbanding pertumbuhan positif pada suku tahun keempat 2025 sebanyak 3.3 peratus.

Memasuki tahun 2026, ekonomi Malaysia menunjukkan tumpuan yang jelas terhadap pengukuhan kesejahteraan rakyat dan rangsangan permintaan domestik melalui pelaksanaan Sumbangan Asas Rahmah (SARA) dan Sumbangan Tunai Rahmah (STR). Kerajaan memperkenalkan SARA Bulanan dengan peruntukan sekitar RM8 bilion kepada 8.1 juta penerima serta bantuan *one-off* “SARA untuk Semua” kepada kira-kira 22 juta rakyat dewasa, mencerminkan dasar fiskal yang lebih ekspansif dan inklusif dalam menangani kos sara hidup¹. Inisiatif ini bukan sahaja meningkatkan kuasa beli rakyat, malah merangsang perbelanjaan pengguna khususnya menjelang musim perayaan, di samping memperkukuh sektor runcit melalui penglibatan lebih banyak premis tempatan. Kadar penggunaan yang tinggi turut menunjukkan keberkesanan penyasaran dasar dalam menyokong permintaan agregat domestik, sekali gus menyumbang kepada kestabilan dan pertumbuhan ekonomi negara secara inklusif.

Peningkatan aktiviti ekonomi sempena musim perayaan dan pertumbuhan ekonomi digital terus memperlihatkan impak yang ketara terhadap dinamik pasaran buruh yang dinamik di Malaysia. Penganjuran jualan perayaan dan jualan tengah malam di pusat *premium outlets* telah merangsang perbelanjaan pengguna serta meningkatkan permintaan tenaga kerja, khususnya dalam sektor runcit dan perkhidmatan². Selain itu, peningkatan kunjungan ke bazar Aidilfitri seperti di Jalan Tuanku Abdul Rahman mencerminkan pengukuhan aktiviti ekonomi domestik yang turut menyokong pendapatan peniaga kecil dan pekerja tidak formal³. Dalam masa yang sama, peranan platform digital semakin signifikan apabila TikTok menyumbang sekitar RM20 bilion kepada ekonomi digital negara serta menyokong kira-kira 147,000 peluang pekerjaan, terutamanya dalam kalangan perusahaan mikro, kecil dan sederhana (PMKS)⁴. Secara analitikal, situasi ini menunjukkan bahawa permintaan bermusim dan pendigitalan ekonomi saling melengkapi dalam merangsang perwujudan jawatan, meningkatkan kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh serta memperluas sumber pendapatan, sekali gus menyokong pertumbuhan ekonomi yang lebih mampan dan inklusif.

Tambahan pula, perkembangan pelaburan strategik, reformasi pasaran buruh dan perlindungan sosial pekerja terus memperkukuh struktur ekonomi dan tenaga buruh yang dinamik di Malaysia. Pelaburan bernilai RM30 bilion oleh Intel dalam fasiliti pembungkusan semikonduktor termaju dijangka menjadi pemangkin kepada pembangunan industri bernilai tinggi, sekali gus mewujudkan peluang pekerjaan berkemahiran tinggi serta meningkatkan keupayaan teknologi negara⁵. Dalam masa yang sama, keperluan memperkukuh hubungan antara gaji dan produktiviti terus diberi penekanan bagi memastikan pertumbuhan pendapatan pekerja selari dengan peningkatan kecekapan dan kemahiran tenaga buruh⁶. Selain itu, cadangan pelaksanaan caruman mandatori bagi pekerja gig dilihat sebagai langkah penting dalam memperluas perlindungan sosial serta

¹ <https://sabahmedia.com/2026/01/05/sara-bulanan-bermula-9-januari-2026-sara-untuk-semua-9-februari-2026/>

² <https://www.mstar.com.my/travel/destinasi/2026/03/09/jualan-perayaan-dan-jualan-tengah-malam-premium-outlets-kembali-sempena-hari-aya-aidilfitri>

³ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-malaysia/bazar-jalan-tar-jadi-tumpuan-orang-ramai-menjelang-syawal>

⁴ <https://www.utusanborneo.com.my/2026/03/11/tiktok-sumbang-rm20-bilion-kepada-ekonomi-digital-malaysia-sokong-147000-pekerjaan>

⁵ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/pelaburan-bernilai-rm30-bilion-intel-cetus-fasa-baharu-industri-cip-malaysia-tengku-zafrul>

⁶ <https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/nasional/2026/03/1523784/hubung-kait-gaji%E2%80%9393produktiviti-mesti-diperkukuh-kata-pakar>

menjamin kesejahteraan ekonomi golongan tersebut dalam jangka panjang⁷. Secara analitikal, perkembangan ini mencerminkan peralihan struktur ekonomi ke arah sektor berintensifkan teknologi dan nilai tambah tinggi, di samping memperkuat institusi pasaran buruh melalui penambahbaikan sistem ganjaran dan perlindungan sosial, sekali gus menyokong pertumbuhan ekonomi yang lebih inklusif, berdaya tahan dan mampan.

Laporan Survei Tenaga Buruh bagi suku tahun pertama 2026 membentangkan statistik tenaga buruh berdasarkan Survei Tenaga Buruh yang dijalankan oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia. Survei ini dijalankan menggunakan pensampelan kebarangkalian melalui pendekatan isi rumah untuk mengumpul data mengenai struktur tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran, yang meliputi warganegara Malaysia dan bukan warganegara. Statistik utama dibentangkan mengikut ciri-ciri demografi dan sosioekonomi yang terpilih seperti jantina, kumpulan umur, pencapaian pendidikan, taraf pekerjaan dan pekerjaan. Laporan ini menghuraikan perubahan suku tahun ke suku tahun untuk mengkaji kesan langsung peristiwa sosioekonomi yang berlaku sepanjang suku tahun tersebut. Pengguna dinasihatkan untuk mentafsir perubahan jangka pendek ini dengan berhati-hati kerana data adalah tidak dilaraskan mengikut musim. Di samping itu, perubahan tahunan daripada suku tahun yang sama tahun sebelumnya juga dilaporkan.

⁷ <https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/nasional/2026/03/1525043/caruman-mandatori-langkah-penting-lindungi-masa-depan-pekerja-gig>

2. Konsep dan definisi

Pelaksanaan Survei Tenaga Buruh di Malaysia adalah berdasarkan garis panduan dan syor *International Labour Organization (ILO)* dengan merujuk *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods*.

Paparan 1 : Konsep dan Definisi



PENDUDUK UMUR BEKERJA

Semua orang yang berumur 15 hingga 64 tahun, sama ada berada di dalam tenaga buruh atau di luar tenaga buruh.



TENAGA BURUH

Semua orang yang berada dalam kumpulan umur bekerja, sama ada bekerja atau menganggur.



PENDUDUK BEKERJA

Semua orang yang bekerja sekurang-kurangnya sejam semasa minggu rujukan untuk mendapatkan upah, keuntungan atau keuntungan keluarga sama ada sebagai majikan, pekerja, bekerja sendiri atau pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji.



PENGANGGUR

Semua orang yang tidak bekerja semasa minggu rujukan dan dikelaskan kepada dua kumpulan iaitu penganggur aktif dan penganggur tidak aktif.



LUAR TENAGA BURUH

Semua orang yang tidak dikelaskan sebagai bekerja atau menganggur dikategorikan sebagai luar tenaga buruh. Kategori ni terdiri daripada suri rumah, pelajar (termasuk mereka yang akan melanjutkan pelajaran), mereka yang telah bersara, tidak berkeupayaan dan tidak berminat untuk mencari pekerjaan.

3. Tenaga buruh

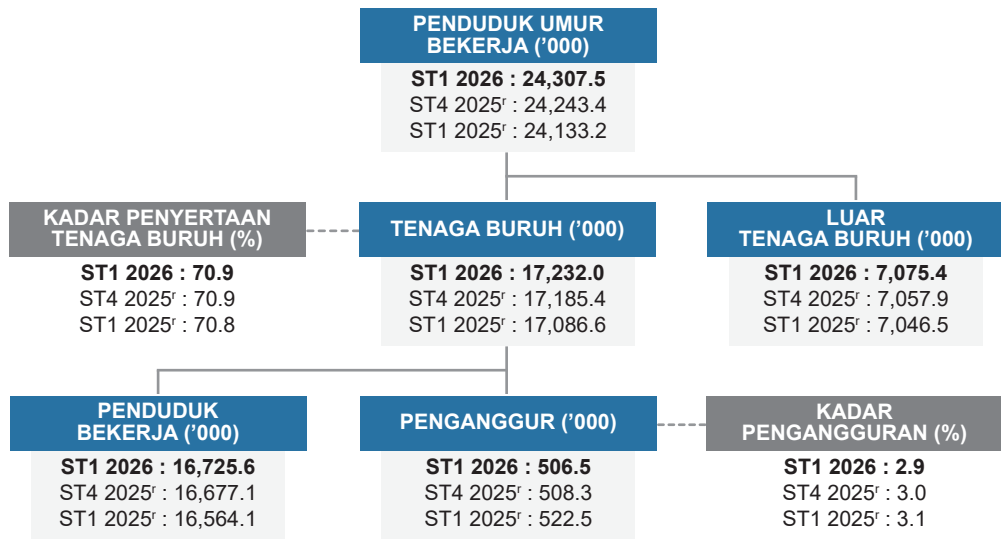
Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh kekal tidak berubah pada 70.9 peratus

Tenaga buruh berkembang sebanyak 0.3 peratus pada suku tahun pertama 2026, dengan pertambahan seramai 46.6 ribu orang menjadikan jumlah keseluruhannya 17.23 juta orang (ST4 2025r: 17.19 juta orang). Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh (KPTB) kekal stabil pada 70.9 peratus bagi suku tahun pertama 2026, mengekalkan kadar yang sama seperti yang dicatatkan pada suku tahun sebelumnya.

Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk, yang merupakan petunjuk utama keupayaan ekonomi untuk menjana peluang pekerjaan, kekal stabil pada 68.8 peratus. Dalam tempoh yang sama, bilangan luar tenaga buruh meningkat sebanyak 17.5 ribu orang, mencecah jumlah keseluruhan seramai 7.08 juta orang (ST4 2025r: 7.06 juta orang) seperti yang dipaparkan dalam **Paparan 2**.

Berbanding dengan suku tahun pertama tahun sebelumnya, tenaga buruh meningkat sebanyak 145.4 ribu orang (ST1 2025r: 17.09 juta orang). Selain itu, KPTB mencatatkan peningkatan sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus (ST1 2025r: 70.8%).

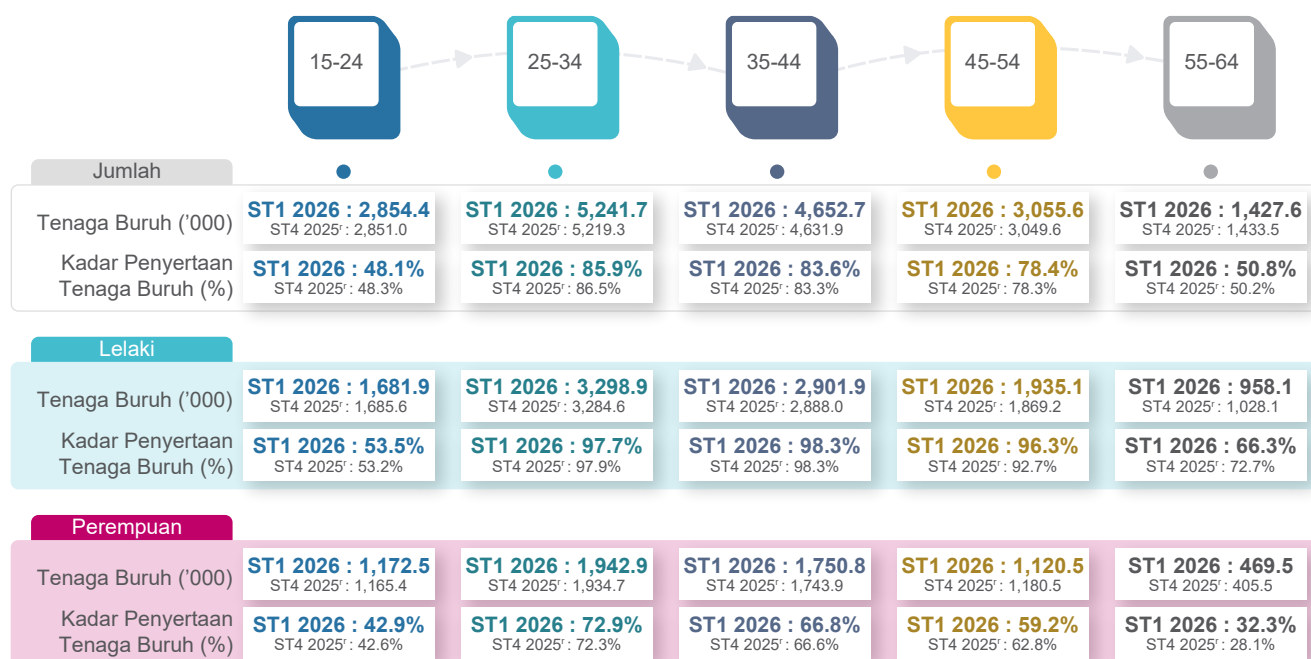
**Paparan 2 : Statistik Utama Tenaga Buruh, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2025^r,
Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026**



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Bagi suku tahun pertama 2026, Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh (KPTB) lelaki menurun 0.2 mata peratus kepada 83.3 peratus, manakala KPTB perempuan mencatatkan peningkatan sebanyak 0.2 mata peratus, mencecah 56.8 peratus. Mengikut kategori umur, tenaga buruh lelaki bagi kumpulan umur 35 hingga 44 tahun menunjukkan KPTB tertinggi iaitu 98.3 peratus, diikuti oleh kumpulan 25 hingga 34 tahun (97.7%) dan 45 hingga 54 tahun (96.3%). Bagi KPTB perempuan pula, kumpulan umur 25 hingga 34 tahun mencatatkan kadar tertinggi pada 72.9 peratus, diikuti kumpulan umur 35 hingga 44 tahun (66.8%) dan 45 hingga 54 tahun (59.2%) yang merekodkan kadar kedua dan ketiga tertinggi seperti yang digambarkan dalam **Paparan 3**.

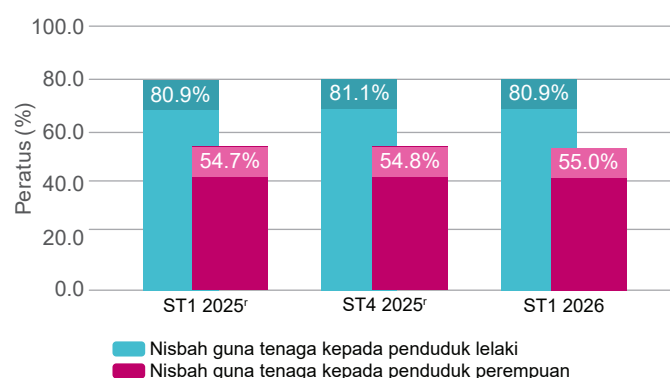
Paparan 3: Tenaga Buruh dan Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh mengikut Jantina dan Kumpulan Umur, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2026



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Selaras dengan penemuan itu, nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk bagi lelaki mencatatkan 80.9 peratus, manakala nisbah bagi perempuan meningkat sebanyak 0.2 mata peratus kepada 55.0 peratus berbanding suku tahun sebelumnya [Carta 1].

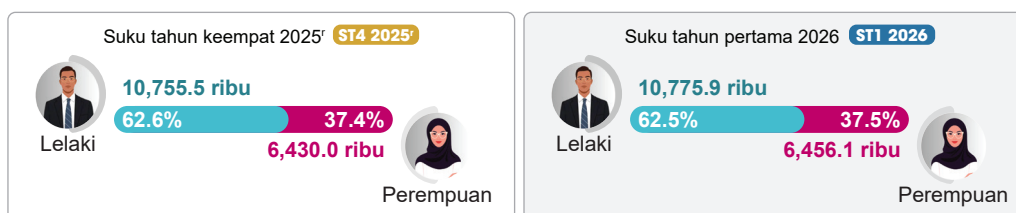
Carta 1: Nisbah Guna Tenaga Kepada Penduduk mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2025, Suku tahun keempat 2025' & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Kedua-dua tenaga buruh lelaki dan perempuan meningkat dalam tempoh ini, masing-masing meningkat sebanyak 20.5 ribu orang (+0.2%) dan 26.1 ribu orang (+0.4%). Tenaga buruh lelaki mencecah 10.76 juta orang, yang mewakili 62.5 peratus manakala, tenaga buruh perempuan mencatatkan 6.46 juta orang (37.5%) [Paparan 4].

Paparan 4: Tenaga Buruh mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026

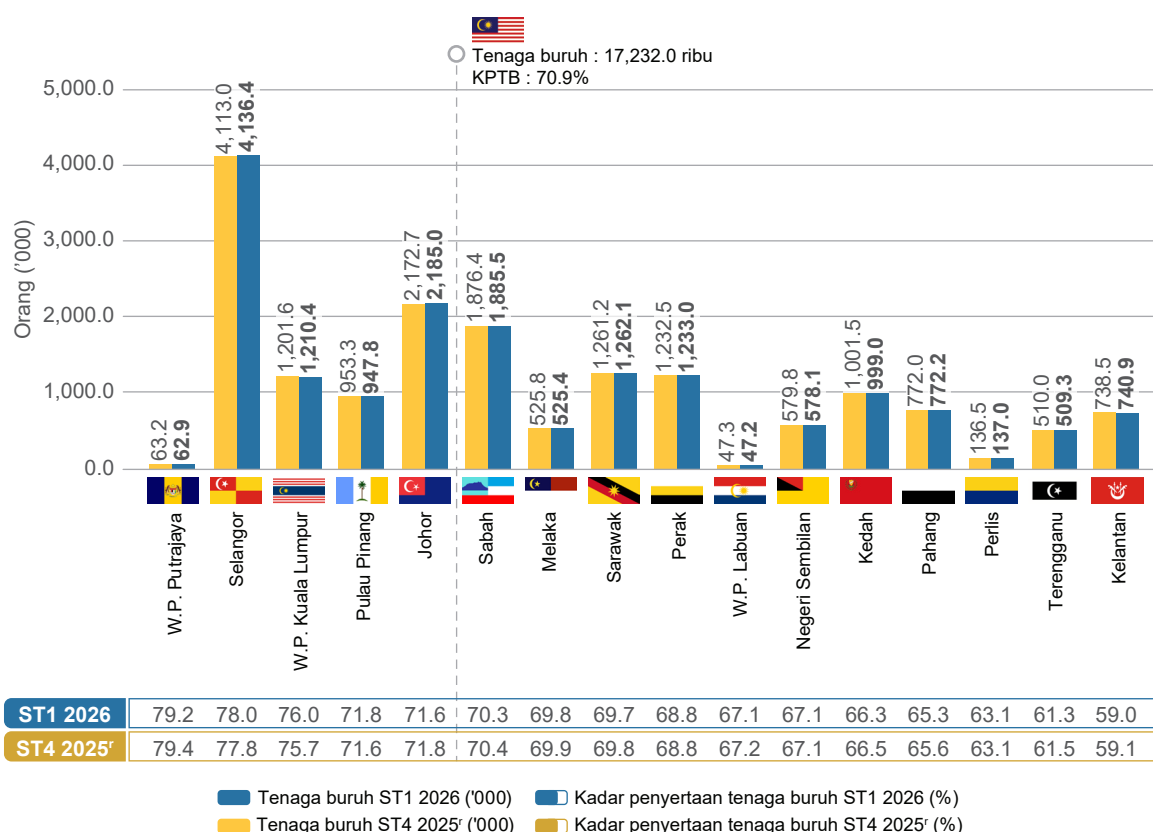


Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

W.P. Putrajaya mencatatkan kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh tertinggi pada 79.2 peratus

Pada peringkat nasional, KPTB kekal pada 70.9 peratus pada suku tahun pertama 2026. Lima negeri melebihi KPTB nasional, dengan W.P. Putrajaya merekodkan kadar tertinggi iaitu 79.2 peratus, diikuti oleh Selangor (78.0%) dan W.P. Kuala Lumpur (76.0%) seperti dipaparkan di **Carta 2**.

**Carta 2: Tenaga Buruh dan Kadar Penyertaan Tenaga Buruh mengikut Negeri,
Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026**



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

4. Penduduk bekerja

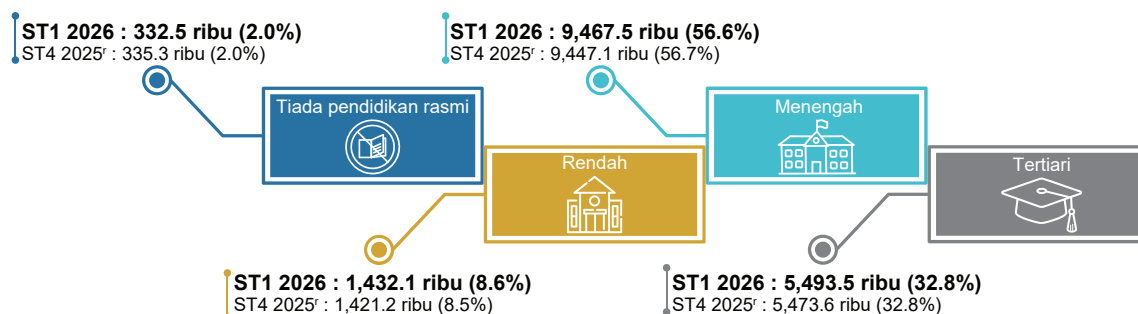
Bilangan penduduk bekerja terus meningkat dengan merekodkan pertumbuhan sebanyak 0.3 peratus

Bilangan penduduk bekerja terus mencatatkan pertumbuhan positif pada suku tahun pertama 2026, meningkat sebanyak 0.3 peratus (+48.5 ribu orang) kepada 16.73 juta orang (ST4 2025r: 16.68 juta orang). Dari segi tahun ke tahun, jumlah penduduk bekerja meningkat sebanyak 1.0 peratus, atau bersamaan peningkatan 161.5 ribu orang berbanding suku tahun pertama 2025 (ST1 2025r: 16.56 juta orang).

Lelaki merangkumi 62.6 peratus daripada jumlah guna tenaga dengan 10.47 juta orang, meningkat sebanyak 0.2 peratus berbanding suku tahun sebelumnya. Sementara itu, wanita mewakili 37.4 peratus daripada jumlah guna tenaga, meningkat 0.4 peratus untuk merekodkan 6.25 juta orang. Dari segi kumpulan umur, penduduk bekerja kebanyakannya dalam kumpulan umur 25 hingga 34 tahun, iaitu merangkumi 30.6 peratus (5.11 juta orang). Kumpulan ini diikuti oleh mereka yang berumur 35 hingga 44 tahun pada 27.5 peratus (4.61 juta orang) dan kumpulan umur 45 hingga 54 tahun sebanyak 18.1 peratus (3.02 juta orang).

Merujuk kepada pencapaian pendidikan, penduduk bekerja berpendidikan menengah mewakili 56.6 peratus daripada jumlah penduduk bekerja dengan 9.47 juta orang (ST4 2025r: 56.6%; 9.45 juta orang). Sementara itu, penduduk bekerja berpendidikan tertiar merupakan kategori kedua terbesar sebanyak 32.8 peratus atau 5.49 juta orang (ST4 2025r: 32.8%; 5.47 juta orang), seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 5**.

Paparan 5: Penduduk Bekerja mengikut Pencapaian Pendidikan, Malaysia, Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026, ('000)

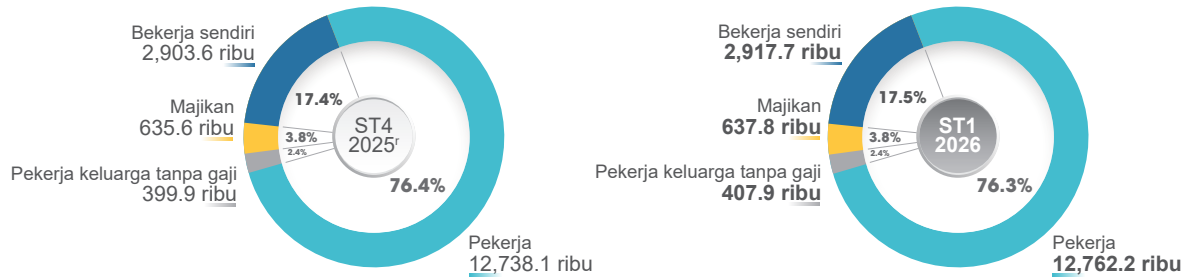


Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Dalam konteks status pekerjaan, kategori pekerja menyumbang 76.3 peratus daripada jumlah penduduk pekerja. Kategori ini meningkat sebanyak 0.2 peratus (+24.1 ribu orang) mencatatkan 12.76 juta orang pada suku tahun pertama 2026 (ST4 2025r: 12.74 juta orang). Bilangan pekerja bekerja sendiri mencatatkan pertumbuhan 0.5 peratus (+14.1 ribu orang) kepada 2.92 juta orang. Pada masa yang sama, pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji meningkat kepada 407.9 ribu orang (ST4 2025r: 399.9 ribu orang), manakala kategori majikan bertambah 0.3 peratus kepada 637.8 ribu orang (ST4 2025r: 635.6 ribu orang), seperti digambarkan dalam **Carta 3**.

Carta 3: Penduduk Bekerja mengikut Taraf Pekerjaan, Malaysia,

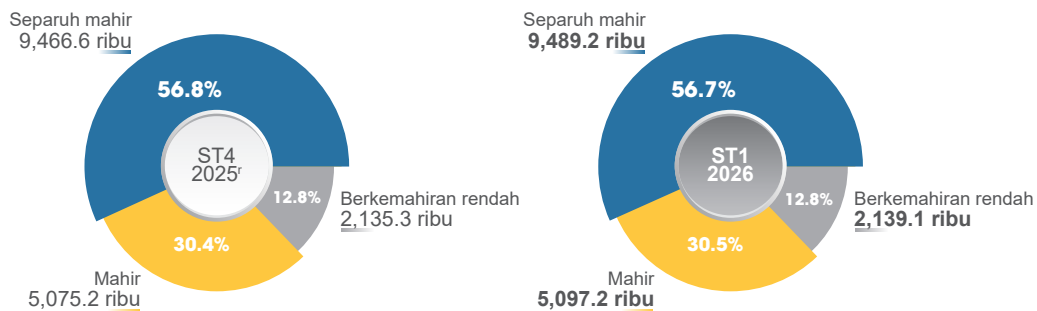
Suku tahun keempat 2025' & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026, ('000)



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Mengikut tahap kemahiran, pekerja separuh mahir terus mendominasi jumlah penduduk bekerja, merangkumi 56.7 peratus atau bersamaan 9.49 juta orang. Ini diikuti oleh pekerja mahir dengan sumbangan 30.5 peratus kepada 5.10 juta orang, manakala pekerja berkemahiran rendah merangkumi 12.8 peratus mencatatkan 2.14 juta orang. Dari suku tahun ke suku tahun, bilangan penduduk bekerja separuh mahir dan berkemahiran rendah merekodkan pertumbuhan positif sebanyak 0.2 peratus, manakala pekerja kategori mahir meningkat 0.4 peratus (+22.1 ribu orang), seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Carta 4**.

Carta 4: Penduduk Bekerja mengikut Tahap Kemahiran, Malaysia, Suku tahun keempat 2025' & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026, ('000)

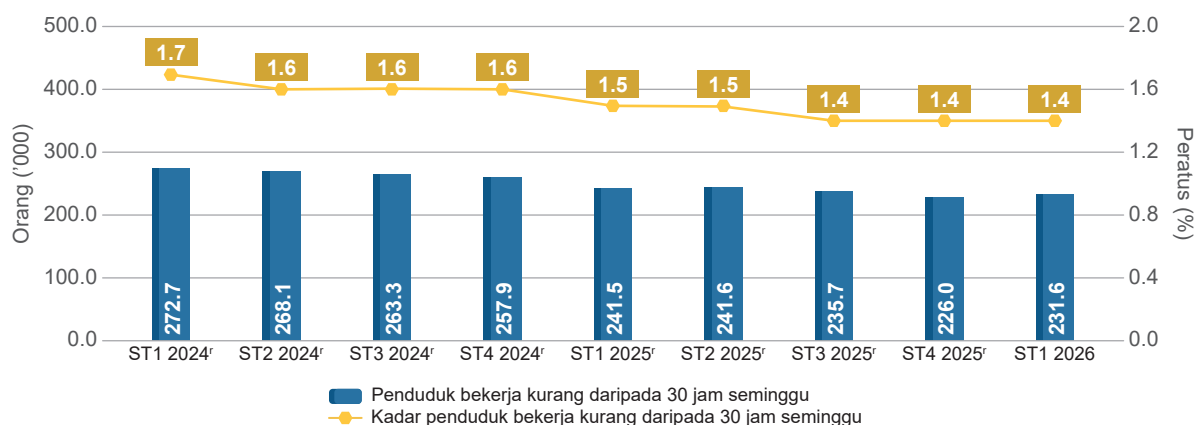


Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Pemahaman yang komprehensif berkenaan pasaran buruh memerlukan analisis indikator tambahan di samping indikator pengangguran. Oleh itu, indikator bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu, guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa dan guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran dapat memberi lebih banyak gambaran mengenai kedudukan penawaran tenaga buruh Malaysia selaras dengan situasi semasa.

Pekerja yang **bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu** merujuk kepada individu yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam dalam minggu rujukan disebabkan keadaan kerja atau kerana kerja tidak mencukupi. Pada suku tahun pertama 2026, bilangan pekerja dalam kategori ini meningkat sebanyak 2.5 peratus kepada 231.6 ribu orang (ST4 2025r: 226.0 ribu orang). Sementara itu, kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu kekal pada 1.4 peratus pada suku tahun pertama 2026 (ST4 2025r: 1.4%), seperti yang digambarkan dalam **Carta 5**.

Carta 5: Penduduk Bekerja Kurang Daripada 30 Jam Seminggu, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024^r - Suku Tahun Pertama 2026

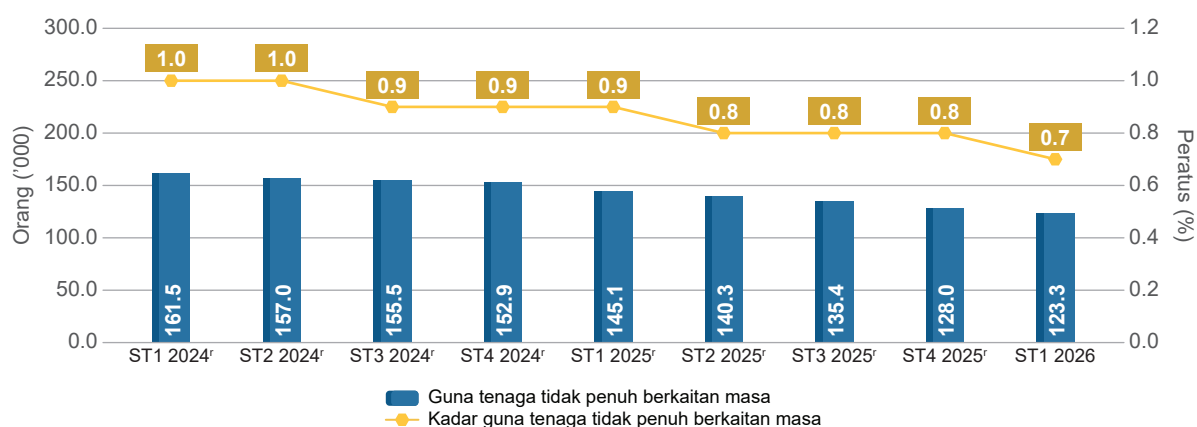


Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Indikator Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh: Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa

Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa, ditakrifkan sebagai pekerja yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu serta mampu dan sanggup menerima tambahan jam bekerja pada minggu rujukan, berkurang kepada 123.3 ribu orang. Kategori ini merangkumi 0.7 peratus daripada jumlah keseluruhan penduduk bekerja, menurun 0.1 mata peratus berbanding suku tahun sebelumnya (ST4 2025r: 128.0 ribu orang; 0.8%), seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Carta 6**.

Carta 6: Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Masa, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024^r - Suku Tahun Pertama 2026

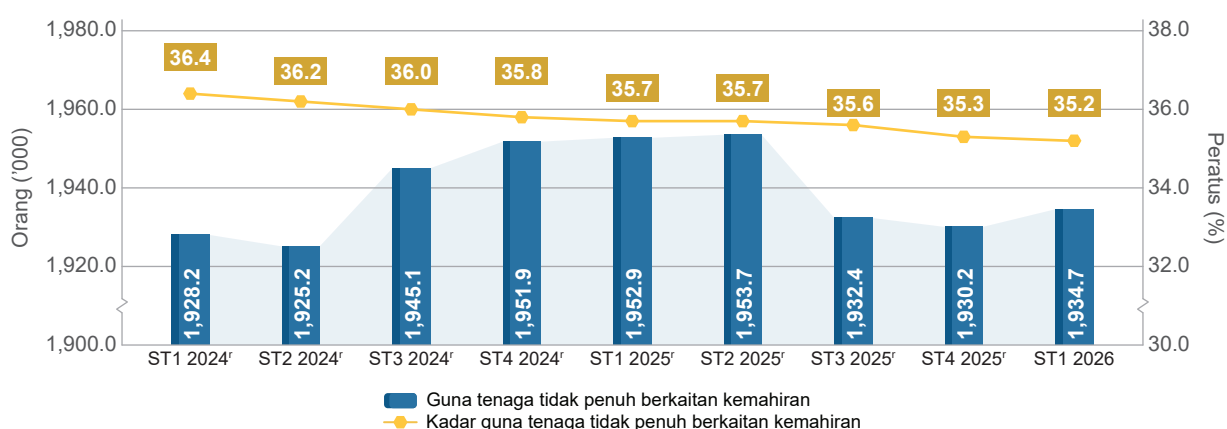


Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Indikator Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh: Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran

Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran, yang merangkumi penduduk bekerja berpendidikan tertiar tetapi bekerja dalam kategori separuh mahir dan berkemahiran rendah, mencatatkan peningkatan pada 0.2 peratus (+4.5 ribu orang) kepada 1.93 juta orang. Walau bagaimanapun, kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran dalam kalangan pekerja berpendidikan tertiar menurun 0.1 mata peratus kepada 35.2 peratus (ST3 2025^r: 35.3 peratus), seperti yang digambarkan dalam **Carta 7**.

Carta 7: Guna Tenaga Tidak Penuh Berkaitan Kemahiran, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024^r - Suku Tahun Pertama 2026



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

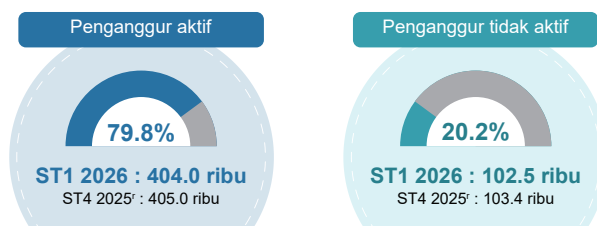
5. Pengangguran dan kadar pengangguran

Kadar pengangguran menurun sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus kepada 2.9 peratus

Bilangan penganggur menyusut sedikit sebanyak 0.4 peratus pada suku tahun pertama 2026, mencecah 506.5 ribu orang berbanding 508.3 ribu orang pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Sementara itu, kadar pengangguran menurun sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus kepada 2.9 peratus. Perbandingan tahun ke tahun menunjukkan bilangan penganggur berkurang sebanyak 3.1 peratus (-16.1 ribu orang) berbanding suku tahun pertama 2025 (Q1 2025r: 29.0 ribu orang), yang membawa kepada kadar pengangguran sebanyak 2.9 peratus, berbanding 3.1 peratus yang dicatatkan pada tahun sebelumnya.

Mengikut kategori pengangguran, penganggur aktif atau mereka yang bersedia untuk bekerja dan aktif mencari pekerjaan merangkumi 79.8 peratus daripada jumlah keseluruhan penganggur. Kumpulan ini berkurang sebanyak 0.2 peratus mencatatkan seramai 404.0 ribu orang pada suku tahun pertama 2026, berbanding 405.0 ribu orang pada suku tahun keempat 2025, (Q4 2025r: 79.7%). Sementara itu, penganggur tidak aktif atau mereka yang percaya bahawa tiada pekerjaan tersedia, berkurang sebanyak 0.8 peratus kepada 102.5 ribu orang (ST4 2025r: 103.4 ribu orang) seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 6**.

**Paparan 6: Kategori Penganggur, Malaysia,
Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026, ('000)**



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Analisis lanjut mengenai tempoh pengangguran bagi penganggur aktif, menunjukkan sebanyak 67.1 peratus daripada penganggur aktif telah menganggur dalam tempoh kurang daripada tiga bulan. Sebaliknya, sebanyak 3.6 peratus daripada penganggur aktif telah menganggur selama lebih daripada setahun pada suku pertama tahun 2026, seperti yang digambarkan dalam **Paparan 7**.

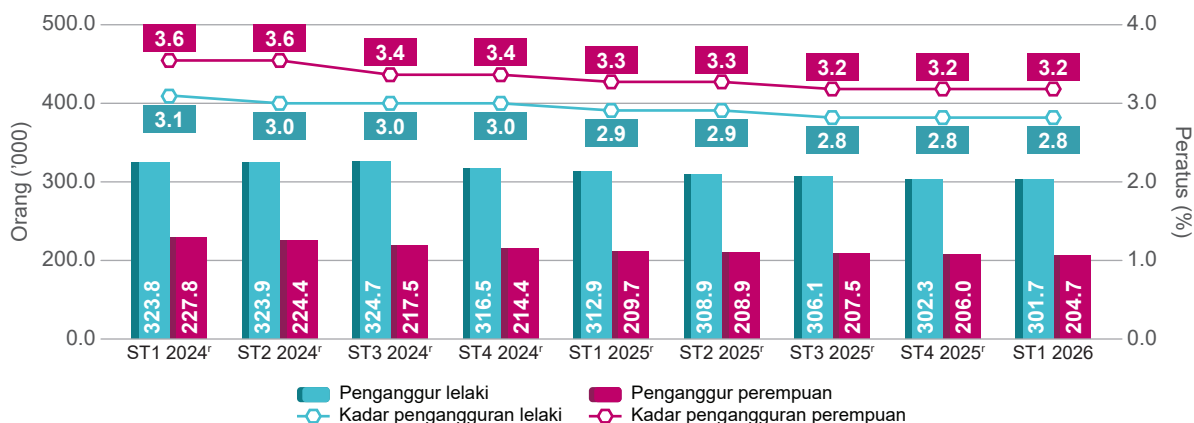
Paparan 7: Penganggur Aktif mengikut Tempoh Menganggur, Malaysia, Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Bilangan penganggur lelaki pada suku tahun pertama 2026 berkurang sebanyak 0.2 peratus kepada 301.7 ribu orang manakala bilangan penganggur Perempuan turut berkurang sebanyak 0.6 peratus kepada 204.7 ribu orang berbanding pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Sementara itu, kadar pengangguran bagi lelaki dan perempuan masing-masing kekal stabil 2.8% dan 3.2% seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Carta 8**.

Carta 8: Pengangguran mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 - Suku Tahun Pertama 2026



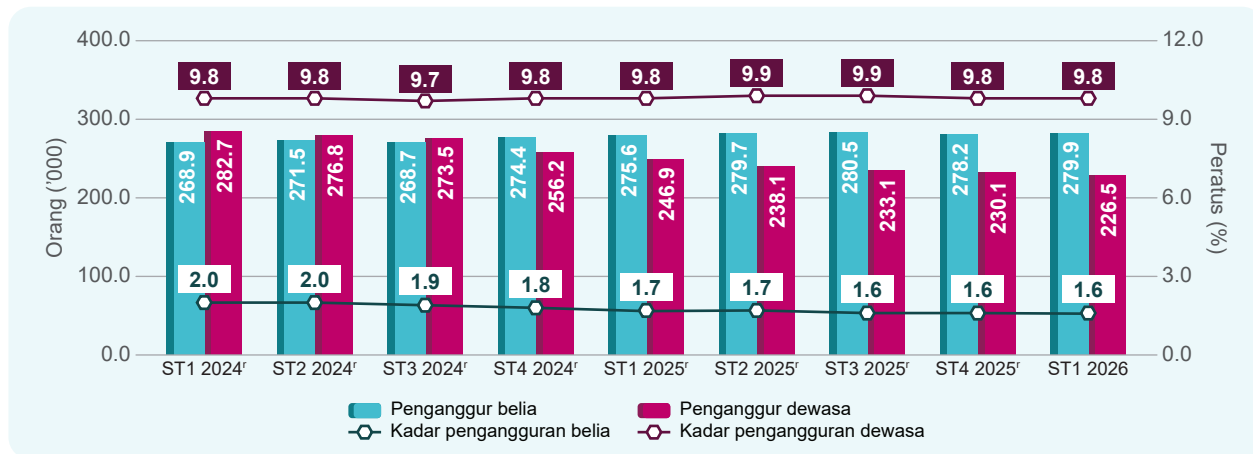
Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Pada suku tahun pertama 2026, bilangan penganggur belia naik 0.6 peratus kepada 279.9 ribu orang (ST4 2025^r: 278.2 ribu orang) manakala bilangan penganggur dewasa berkurang sebanyak 3.6 ribu orang kepada 226.5 ribu orang (ST4 2025^r: 230.1 ribu orang). Kadar pengangguran belia yang berumur 15 hingga 24 tahun dan dewasa berumur 25 hingga 64 tahun masing-masing kekal 9.8 peratus dan 1.6 peratus pada suku tahun pertama 2026.

Perbandingan tahun ke tahun menunjukkan bahawa golongan penganggur belia meningkat sebanyak 4.3 ribu orang, manakala kadar pengangguran belia kekal kepada 9.8 peratus seperti pada suku

tahun pertama 2025. Sebaliknya, bilangan penganggur dewasa mencatatkan penurunan sebanyak 20.4 ribu orang, dengan kadar pengangguran dewasa berkurang sebanyak 0.1 mata peratus (ST1 2025r: 246.9 ribu orang; 1.7%) seperti yang dipaparkan dalam **Carta 9**.

**Carta 9: Pengangguran Belia dan Dewasa, Malaysia,
Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 - Suku Tahun Pertama 2026**

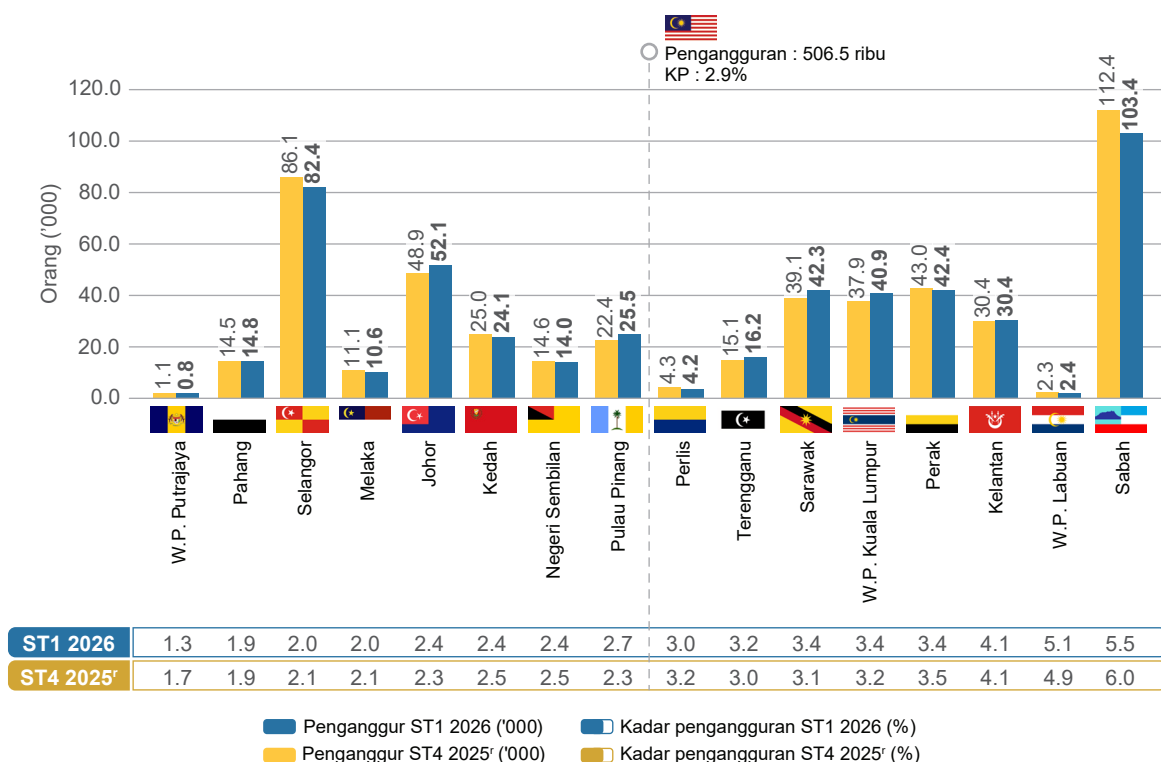


Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

W.P. Putrajaya mencatatkan kadar pengangguran terendah, berkurangan sebanyak 0.4 mata peratus kepada 1.3 peratus

Dari segi perspektif peringkat negeri, lapan negeri merekodkan kadar pengangguran di bawah paras nasional 2.9 peratus. Sepanjang suku tahun tersebut, W.P. Putrajaya mencatatkan kadar pengangguran terendah pada 1.3 peratus, diikuti oleh negeri Pahang pada 1.9 peratus, serta negeri Selangor dan Melaka pada 2.0 peratus [**Carta 10**].

**Carta 10: Pengangguran mengikut Negeri,
Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026**



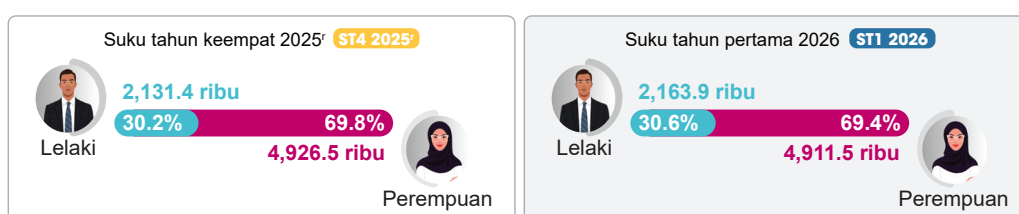
Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

6. Luar tenaga buruh

Perempuan merangkumi 69.4 peratus daripada penduduk luar tenaga buruh

Suku tahun pertama 2026, bilangan penduduk luar tenaga buruh bertambah 17.5 ribu orang kepada 7.08 juta orang, berbanding 7.06 juta orang pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Secara perbandingan tahun ke tahun, penduduk luar tenaga buruh meningkat sebanyak 0.4 peratus, bersamaan 28.9 ribu orang (ST1 2025^r: 7.05 juta orang). Perempuan merangkumi 69.4 peratus atau 4.91 juta orang pada suku tahun pertama 2026, manakala lelaki menyumbang 30.6 peratus, bersamaan 2.16 juta orang [Paparan 8].

Paparan 8: Luar Tenaga Buruh mengikut Jantina, Malaysia, Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026

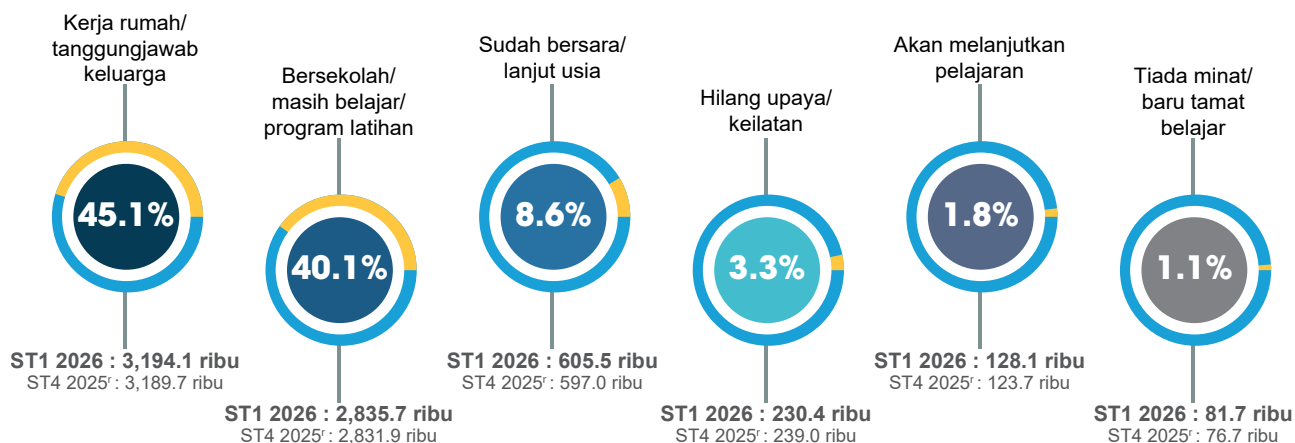


Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

Sebab utama penduduk luar tenaga buruh adalah kerja rumah/ tanggungjawab keluarga

Sebab utama berada di luar tenaga buruh adalah berikutan kerja rumah/ tanggungjawab keluarga, dengan sumbangan sebanyak 45.1 peratus (3.19 juta orang). Manakala, individu yang terlibat dalam kategori bersekolah/ masih belajar/ program latihan pada 40.1 peratus (2.84 juta orang) seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam **Paparan 9**.

Paparan 9: Luar Tenaga Buruh mengikut Sebab Tidak Mencari Kerja, Malaysia, Suku tahun keempat 2025^r & Suku Tahun Pertama 2026



Nota: Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini

1. Introduction

Malaysia's economy in the first quarter of 2026, recorded an advance Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth of 5.3 per cent, compared to 6.3 per cent in the preceding quarter. This growth was driven by stable performance in the Services, Manufacturing, Construction, and Agriculture sectors, while the Mining and Quarrying sector recorded a decline during the quarter. On a quarter-on-quarter basis, the national economy contracted significantly by 4.4 per cent, compared to a positive growth of 3.3 per cent in the fourth quarter of 2025.

Entering 2026, Malaysia's economy demonstrates a clear focus on strengthening public well-being and stimulating domestic demand through the implementation of Sumbangan Asas Rahmah (SARA) and Sumbangan Tunai Rahmah (STR). The Government introduced the monthly SARA programme with an allocation of approximately RM8 billion benefiting 8.1 million recipients, alongside a one-off "SARA untuk Semua" assistance of RM100 for about 22 million adult Malaysians, reflecting a more expansionary and inclusive fiscal policy in addressing the cost of living¹. These initiatives not only enhance households' purchasing power but also stimulate consumer spending, particularly ahead of festive seasons, while reinforcing the retail sector through greater participation of local outlets. The high utilisation rate of these assistance programmes further indicates effective policy targeting in supporting domestic aggregate demand, thereby contributing to overall economic stability and inclusive growth.

The increase in economic activities during festive seasons, alongside the continued expansion of the digital economy, has demonstrated a significant impact on the dynamics of Malaysia's labour market. The organisation of festive sales and midnight sales at premium outlet centres has stimulated consumer spending and increased labour demand, particularly in the retail and services sectors². Furthermore, the rise in visitor traffic to Aidilfitri bazaars, such as those in Jalan Tuanku Abdul Rahman, reflects the strengthening of domestic economic activity, which also supports the income of small traders and informal workers³. At the same time, the role of digital platforms has become increasingly significant, with TikTok contributing approximately RM20 billion to the national digital economy and supporting around 147,000 job opportunities, particularly among micro, small, and medium enterprises (MSMEs)⁴. From an analytical perspective, this situation indicates that seasonal demand and economic digitalisation complement each other in driving job creation, increasing labour force participation, and diversifying income sources, thereby supporting more sustainable and inclusive economic growth.

Notably, the advancement of strategic investments, labour market reforms, and worker social protection continues to strengthen Malaysia's economic structure and labour market dynamics. The RM30 billion investment by Intel in an advanced semiconductor packaging facility is expected to serve as a catalyst for the development of high-value industries, while creating high skilled employment opportunities and enhancing the nation's technological capabilities⁵. At the same time, greater emphasis is being placed on strengthening the linkage between wages and productivity to ensure that income growth is aligned with improvements in labour efficiency and skills⁶. In addition, the proposed implementation of mandatory contributions for gig workers is viewed as an important step in expanding social protection and safeguarding the long-term economic wellbeing of this group⁷. From an analytical perspective, these developments reflect a structural shift towards technology

¹ <https://sabahmedia.com/2026/01/05/sara-bulanan-bermula-9-januari-2026-sara-untuk-semua-9-februari-2026/>

² <https://www.mstar.com.my/travel/destinasi/2026/03/09/jualan-perayaan-dan-jualan-tengah-malam-premium-outlets-kembali-sempena-hari-raya-aidilfitri>

³ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-malaysia/bazar-jalan-tar-jadi-tumpuan-orang-ramai-menjelang-syawal>

⁴ <https://www.utusanborneo.com.my/2026/03/11/tiktok-sumbang-rm20-bilion-kepada-ekonomi-digital-malaysia-sokong-147000-pekerjaan>

⁵ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/pelaburan-bernilai-rm30-bilion-intel-cetus-fasa-baharu-industri-cip-malaysia-tengku-zafrul>

⁶ <https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/nasional/2026/03/1523784/hubung-kait-gaji%E2%80%9393produktiviti-mesti-diperkukuh-kata-pakar>

⁷ <https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/nasional/2026/03/1525043/caruman-mandatori-langkah-penting-lindungi-masa-depan-pekerja-gig>

intensive and high value-added sectors, alongside efforts to reinforce labour market institutions through improvements in compensation systems and social protection, thereby supporting more inclusive, resilient, and sustainable economic growth.

The Labour Force Survey Report for the first quarter of 2026 presents statistics of the labour force based on the Labour Force Survey conducted by the Department of Statistics Malaysia. The survey is carried out using probability sampling through a household approach to collect data on the structure of the labour force, employment, and unemployment, covering Malaysian citizens and non-citizens. The principal statistics are presented according to selected demographic and socioeconomic characteristics such as sex, age group, educational attainment, status in employment and occupation. The report elaborates on the quarter on-quarter changes to examine the immediate effect of socioeconomic events that occurred throughout the quarter. Users are advised to interpret these short-term changes with caution since the data are not seasonally adjusted. In addition, annual changes from the same quarter of the preceding year are also reported.

2. Concepts and definitions

The implementation of Labour Force Survey in Malaysia is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the **International Labour Organization (ILO)** with reference to the **Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods**.

Exhibit 1: Concepts and Definitions



WORKING AGE POPULATION

All persons aged between 15 to 64 years who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.



LABOUR FORCE

All persons in the working age who are either employed or unemployed.



EMPLOYED

All persons who at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as employers, employees, own-account workers or unpaid family workers.



UNEMPLOYED

All persons who did not work during the reference week and are classified into two groups that are actively unemployed and inactively unemployed.



OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled person and those not interested in looking for jobs.

3. Labour force

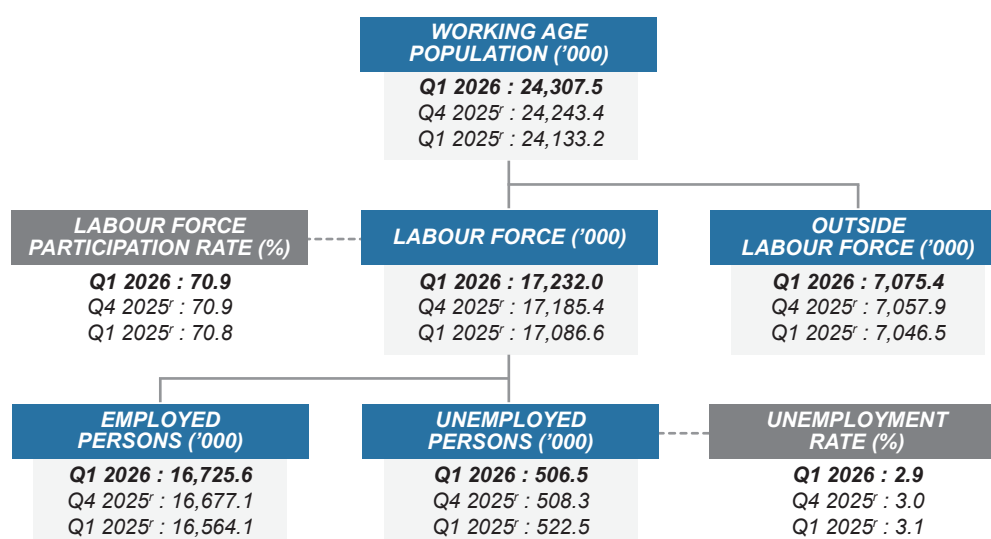
The labour force participation rate remained unchanged at 70.9 per cent

The labour force expanded by 0.3 per cent in the first quarter of 2026, adding 46.6 thousand persons to reach a total of 17.23 million persons (Q4 2025r: 17.19 million persons). The Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) stood at 70.9 per cent in the first quarter of 2026, maintaining the same level observed in the preceding quarter.

The employment-to-population ratio, a key measure of an economy's capacity for job creation, held steady at 68.8 per cent. During the same period, the number of outside labour force grew by 17.5 thousand persons, reaching a total of 7.08 million persons (Q4 2025r: 7.06 million persons) as shown in **Exhibit 2**.

Compared to the first quarter of the previous year, the labour force rose by 145.4 thousand persons (Q1 2025r: 17.09 million persons). Additionally, the LFPR saw an increase of 0.1 percentage points (Q1 2025r: 70.8%).

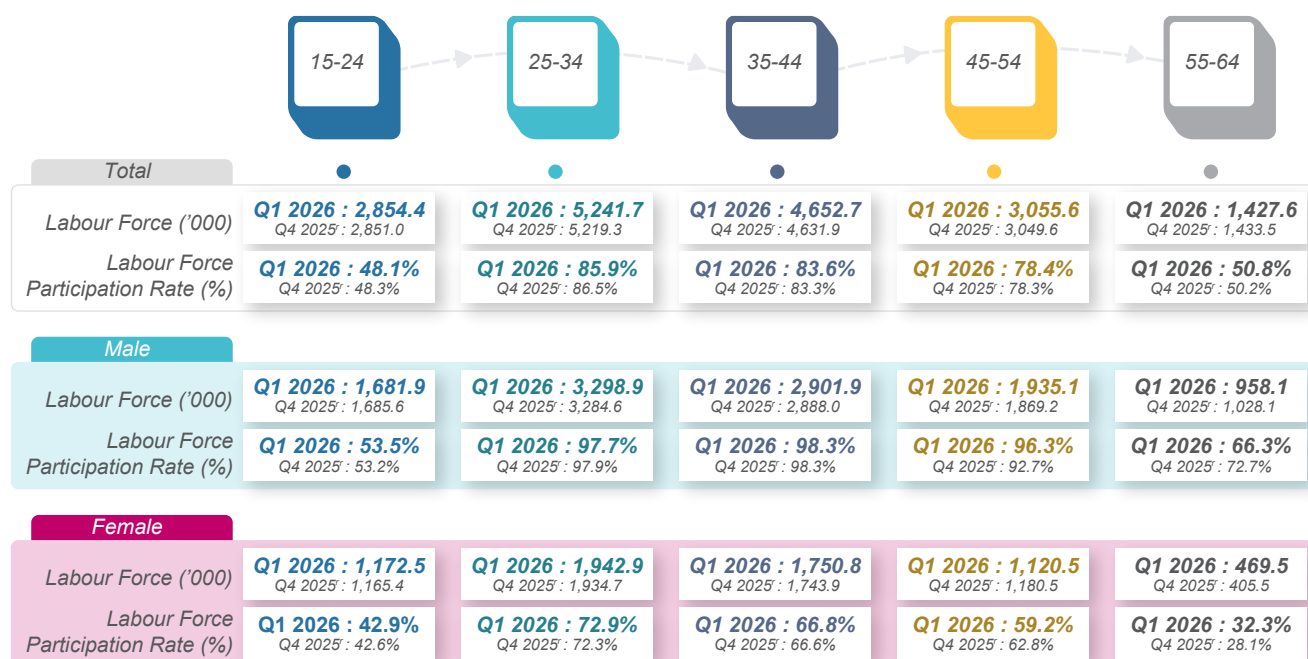
**Exhibit 2: Principal Statistics of Labour Force, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2025r, Fourth Quarter of 2025r & First Quarter of 2026**



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

During the first quarter of 2026, the male Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) decreased 0.2 percentage points to 83.3 per cent, while the female LFPR increased 0.2 percentage points, reaching 56.8 per cent. By age category, the male labour force for those aged 35 to 44 years showed the highest LFPR at 98.3 per cent, followed by 25 to 34 years (97.7%) and 45 to 54 years (96.3%). For female LFPR, the 25 to 34 aged saw the highest at 72.9 per cent, next those aged 35 to 44 (66.8%) and 45 to 54 (59.2%), recording the second and third highest rates as depicted in **Exhibit 3**.

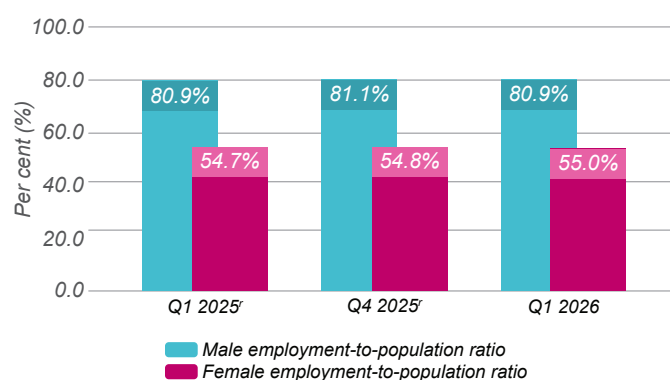
Exhibit 3: Labour Force and Labour Force Participation Rate by Sex and Age Group, Malaysia, First Quarter of 2026



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Aligning with these findings, the male employment-to-population ratio was recorded at 80.9 per cent, while the female ratio edged up by 0.2 percentage points to 55.0 per cent compared to the preceding quarter [Chart 1].

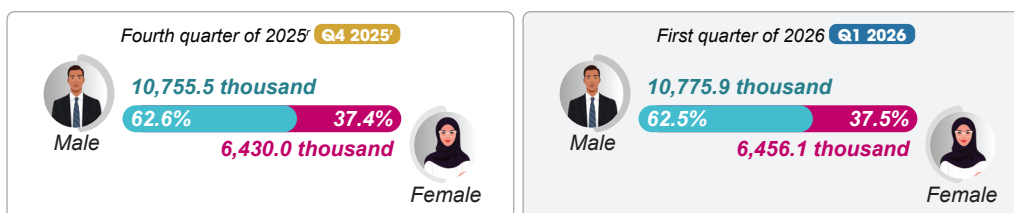
Chart 1: Employment-to-population Ratio by Sex, Malaysia, First Quarter of 2025^r, Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Both male and female labour force expanded during this period, rising by 20.5 thousand persons (+0.2%) and 26.1 thousand persons (+0.4%), respectively. The male labour force reached 10.76 million persons, representing a 62.5 per cent while, female recorded 6.46 million persons (37.5%) [Exhibit 4].

Exhibit 4: Labour Force by Sex, Malaysia, Fourth Quarter of 2025¹ & First Quarter of 2026

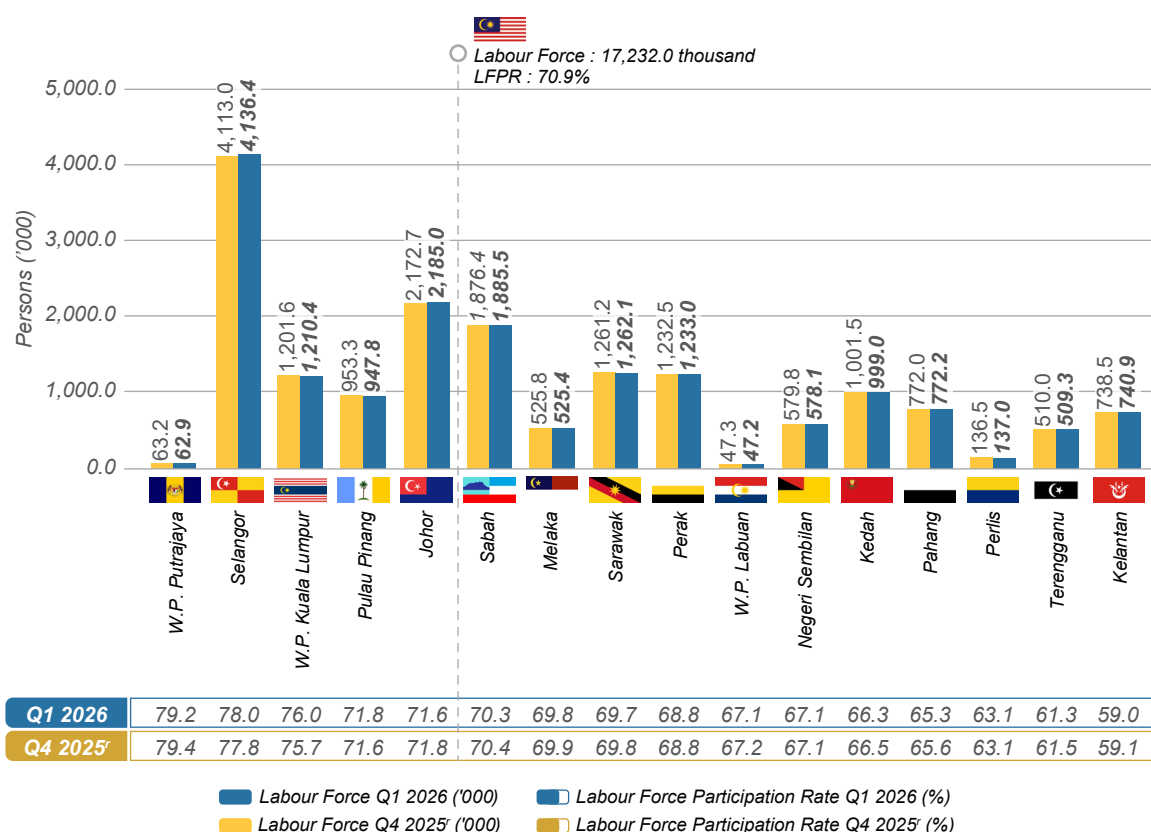


Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

W.P. Putrajaya recorded the highest labour force participation rate at 79.2 per cent

At the national level, the LFPR remained unchanged at 70.9 per cent in the first quarter of 2026. Five states surpassed the national LFPR, with W.P. Putrajaya recording the highest rate at 79.2 per cent, followed by Selangor (78.0%) and W.P. Kuala Lumpur (76.0%). as illustrated in **Chart 2**.

**Chart 2: Labour Force and Labour Force Participation Rate by State,
Fourth Quarter of 2025¹ & First Quarter of 2026**



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

4. Employed persons

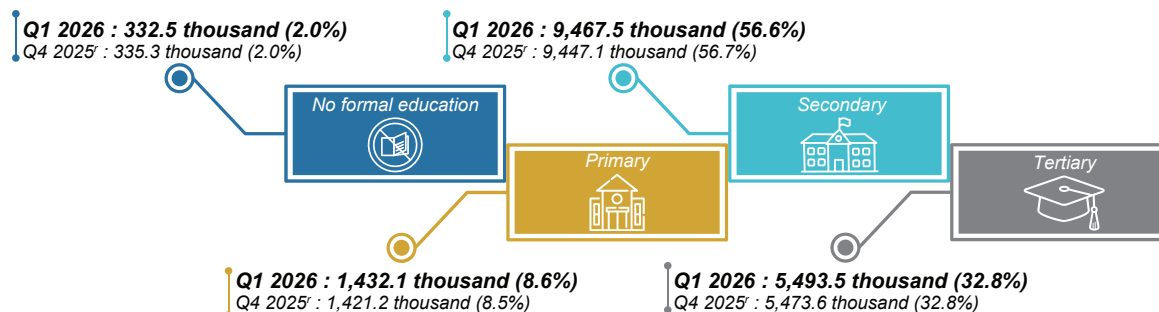
The number of employed persons continued to expand, recording a growth of 0.3 per cent

The number of employed persons continued to register a positive growth in the first quarter of 2026, increasing by 0.3 per cent (+48.5 thousand persons) to 16.73 million persons (Q4 2025r: 16.68 million persons). On a year-on-year comparison, total employment edged up by 1.0 per cent, or equivalent to an increase of 161.5 thousand persons compared to the first quarter of 2025 (Q1 2025r: 16.56 million persons).

Males comprised 62.6 per cent of the employed persons with 10.47 million persons, rose up by 0.2 per cent compared to the previous quarter. Meanwhile, females represented 37.4 per cent of the employed persons, an increase of 0.4 per cent to record 6.25 million persons. In terms of age group, the majority of employed persons were in the 25 to 34 years age group, accounting for 30.6 per cent (5.11 million persons). This was followed by those aged 35 to 44 at 27.5 per cent (4.61 million persons), and those aged 45 to 54 at 18.1 per cent (3.02 million persons).

According to educational attainment, employed persons with secondary education represented 56.6 per cent of total employment with 9.47 million persons (Q4 2025r: 56.6%; 9.45 million persons). Meanwhile, employed persons with tertiary education were the second-largest category at 32.8 per cent or 5.49 million persons (Q4 2025r: 32.8%; 5.47 million persons), as shown in **Exhibit 5**.

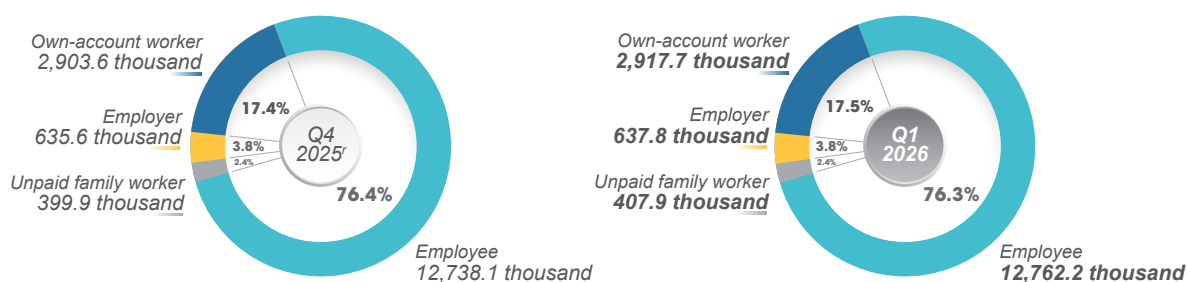
**Exhibit 5: Employed Person by Educational Attainment, Malaysia,
Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026, ('000)**



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

In terms of employment by status, 76.3 per cent of the total employed persons were in the employees category. This category expanded by 0.2 per cent (+24.1 thousand persons) to record 12.76 million persons in the first quarter of 2026 (Q4 2025r: 12.74 million persons). The number of own-account workers recorded a growth of 0.5 per cent (+14.1 thousand persons) to 2.92 million persons. In the meantime, unpaid family workers increased to 407.9 thousand persons (Q4 2025r: 399.9 thousand persons), while the employers category went up 0.3 per cent to 637.8 thousand persons (Q4 2025r: 635.6 thousand persons), as depicted in **Chart 3**.

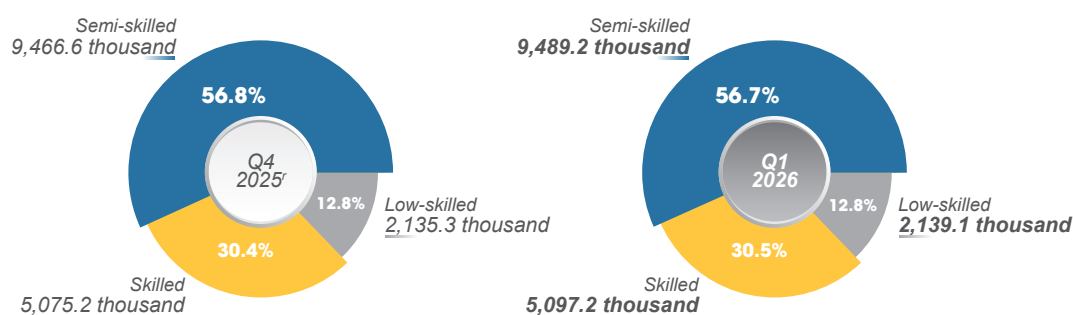
Chart 3: Employed Person by Status in Employment, Malaysia, Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026, ('000)



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Regarding skill level, semi-skilled workers continued to dominate total employment, accounting for 56.7 per cent or equivalent 9.49 million persons. This was followed by skilled workers which contributed 30.5 per cent or 5.10 million persons, while low-skilled workers accounted for 12.8 per cent to record 2.14 million persons. Quarter-on-quarter, the number of semi-skilled and low-skilled workers recorded a positive growth of 0.2 per cent, while skilled workers rising 0.4 per cent (+22.1 thousand persons), as shown in **Chart 4**.

Chart 4: Employed Person by Skill Level, Malaysia, Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026, ('000)



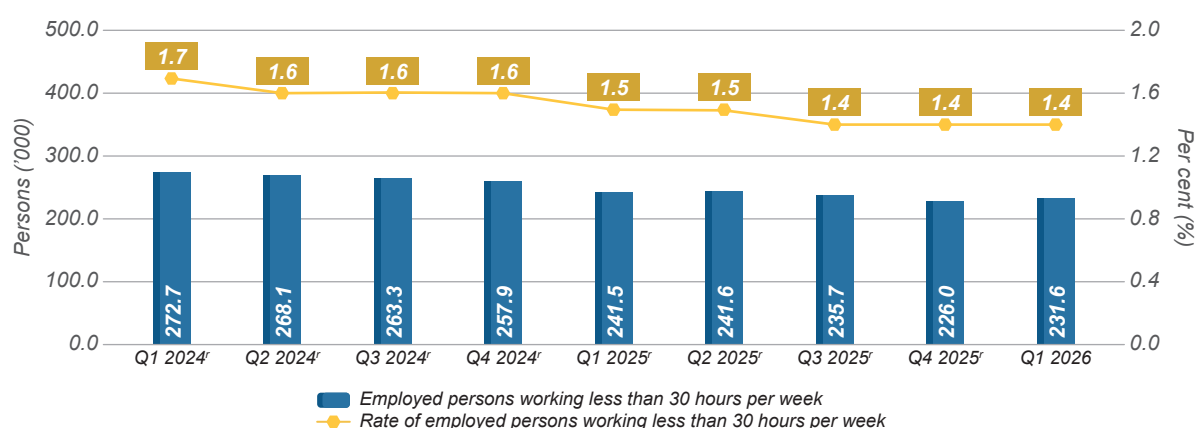
Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Underemployment Indicators: Working less than 30 hours per week

A comprehensive understanding of the labour market requires analysing additional indicators alongside the unemployment indicator. Hence, the indicators of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week, time-related underemployment and skill-related underemployment may be able to provide more insight into Malaysia's labour supply condition in line with the current situation.

Employed persons working less than 30 hours per week refer to those who worked less than 30 hours during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work. In the first quarter of 2026, the number of persons in this category rose 2.5 per cent to 231.6 thousand persons (Q4 2025^r: 226.0 thousand persons). Concurrently, the rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week remained at 1.4 per cent in the first quarter of 2026 (Q4 2025^r: 1.4%), as illustrated in **Chart 5**.

**Chart 5: Employed Person Working Less Than 30 Hours Per Week, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2024^r - First Quarter of 2026**

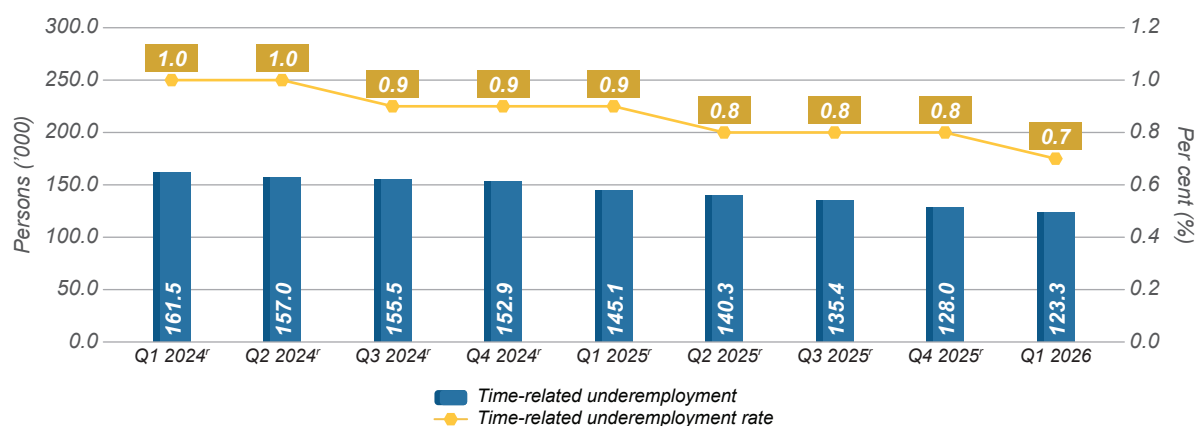


Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Underemployment Indicators: Time-related underemployment

Time-related underemployment, defined as employed persons who worked less than 30 hours per week and were able and willing to work extra hours during the reference week, decreased to 123.3 thousand persons. This category accounted for 0.7 per cent of total employment, fell down by 0.1 percentage points compared to the previous quarter (Q4 2025^r: 128.0 thousand persons; 0.8%), as shown in **Chart 6**.

**Chart 6: Time-related Underemployment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2024^r - First Quarter of 2026**

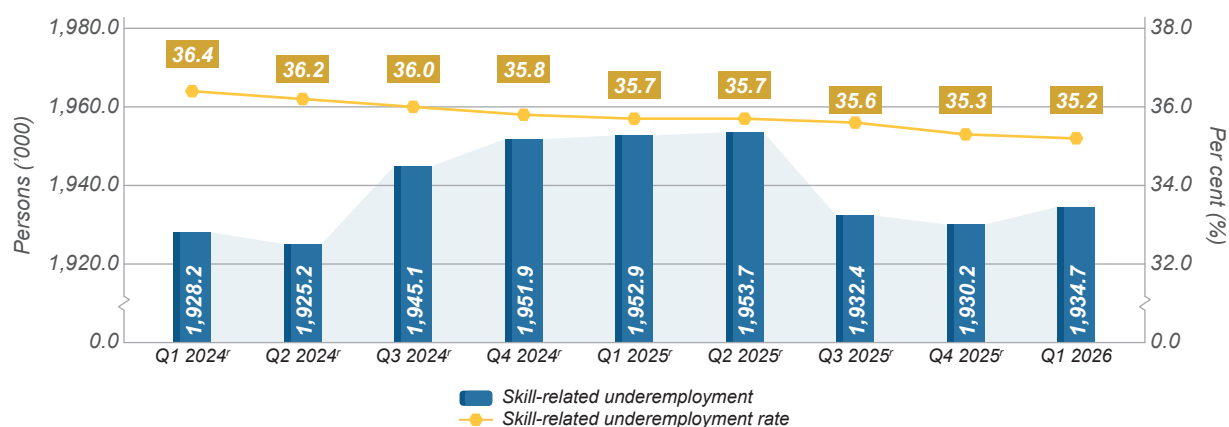


Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Underemployment Indicators: Skill-related underemployment

Skill-related underemployment, which comprises employed persons with tertiary education but working in semi-skilled and low-skilled categories posted an increase of 0.2 per cent (+4.5 thousand persons) to 1.93 million persons. Nevertheless, the rate of skill-related underemployment among tertiary-educated employed persons declined by 0.1 percentage points to 35.2 per cent (Q4 2025^r: 35.3 per cent), as depicted in **Chart 7**.

**Chart 7: Skill-related Underemployment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2024^r - First Quarter of 2026**



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

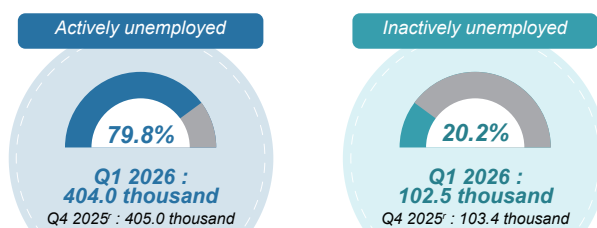
5. Unemployed and unemployment rate

Unemployment rate dropped by 0.1 percentage points to 2.9 per cent

The number of unemployed persons edged down by 0.4 per cent during the first quarter of 2026, reaching 506.5 thousand compared to 508.3 thousand persons in the previous quarter. Meanwhile, the unemployment rate decreased by 0.1 percentage point to 2.9 per cent. Year-on-year comparison showed the number of unemployed persons fell by 3.1 per cent (-16.1 thousand persons) compared to first quarter of 2025 (Q1 2025^r: -29.0 thousand persons), leading to a 2.9 per cent unemployment rate, an improvement from the 3.1 per cent seen in the previous year.

By category of unemployment, the actively unemployed or those who were available for work and actively seeking jobs consists of 79.8 per cent of the total unemployed persons. This group decreased by 0.2 per cent recording 404.0 thousand persons during the first quarter of 2026, compared to 405.0 thousand persons in the fourth quarter of 2025, (Q4 2025^r: 79.7%). Meanwhile, the inactively unemployed or those who believed that there were no jobs available, decreased by 0.8 thousand persons to 102.5 thousand persons (Q4 2025^r: 103.4 thousand persons) as shown in **Exhibit 6**.

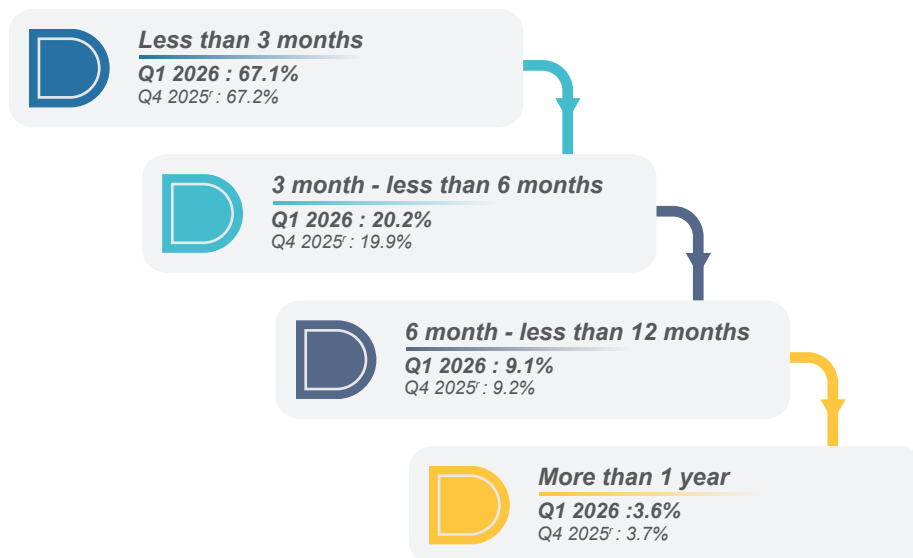
**Exhibit 6: Unemployment Category, Malaysia,
Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026, ('000)**



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Further analysis on the duration of unemployment among actively unemployed, indicated that 67.1 per cent of the actively unemployed had been without work for less than three months. In contrast, 3.6 per cent of the actively unemployed had been unemployed for more than a year in the first quarter of 2026, as illustrated in **Exhibit 7**.

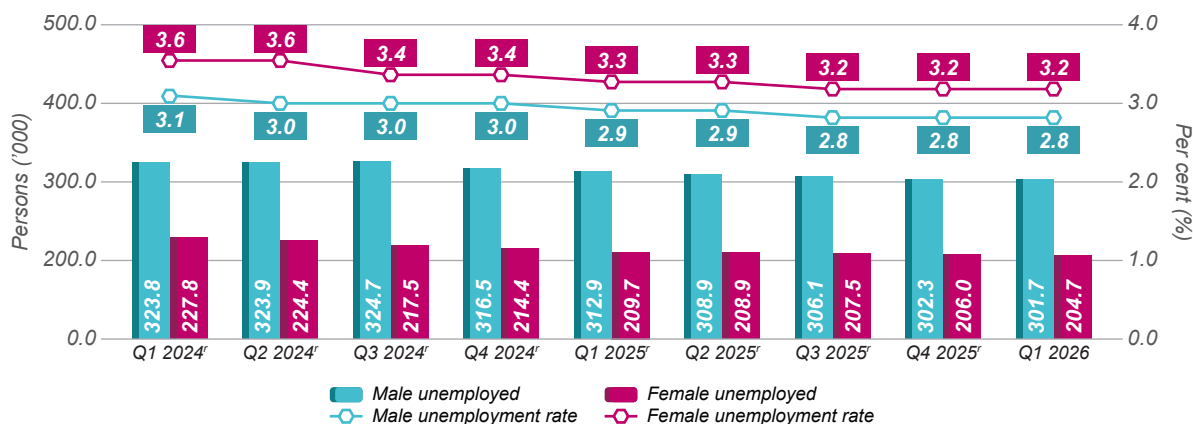
Exhibit 7: Active Unemployed Persons by Duration of Unemployment, Malaysia, Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

By sex, the male unemployment rate remained at 2.8 per cent. Meanwhile, the total number of unemployed men fell by 0.6 thousand persons to 301.7 thousand persons (Q4 2025^r: 302.3 thousand persons). In contrast, the female unemployed posted a decline by 1.3 thousand persons, reaching 204.7 thousand persons compared to 206.0 thousand persons in the previous quarter as shown in **Chart 8**.

Chart 8: Unemployment by Sex, Malaysia, First Quarter of 2024^r - First Quarter of 2026

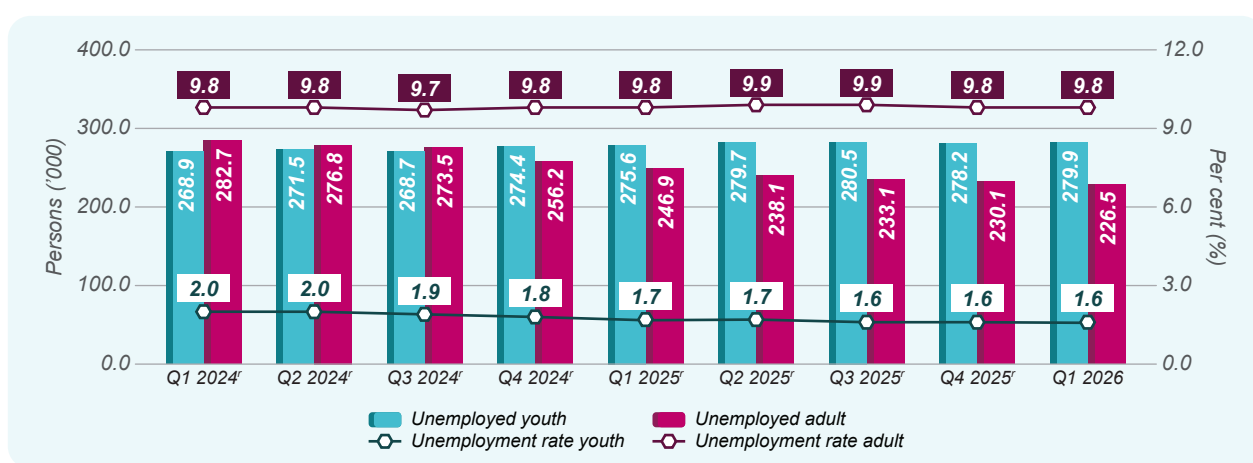


Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

In the first quarter of 2026, the number of unemployed youths increased by 0.6 per cent to 279.9 thousand persons (Q4 2025r: 278.2 thousand persons), while the number of unemployed adults decreased by 3.6 thousand persons to 226.5 thousand persons (Q4 2025r: 230.1 thousand persons). The unemployment rates for youths aged 15 to 24 years and adults aged 25 to 64 years remained unchanged at 9.8 per cent and 1.6 per cent, respectively in the first quarter of 2026.

A year-on-year comparison showed that the unemployed youth increased by 4.3 thousand persons, while the youth unemployment rate remained unchanged as in the first quarter of 2025. On the other hand, the number of unemployed adults reduced by of 20.4 thousand persons, with a 0.1 percentage points declined for the adult unemployment rate (Q1 2025r: 246.9 thousand persons; 1.7%) as depicted in **Chart 9**.

**Chart 9: Youth and Adult Unemployment, Malaysia,
First Quarter of 2024^r - First Quarter of 2026**

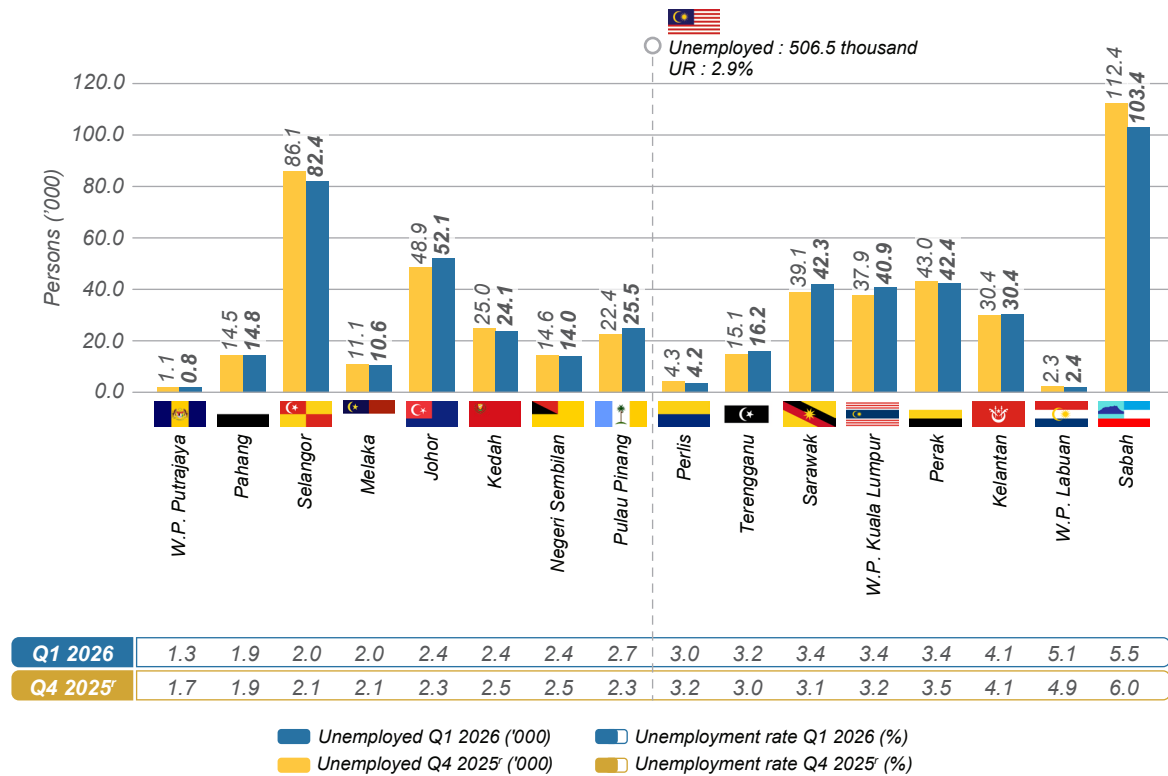


Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

W.P. Putrajaya recorded the lowest unemployment rate, decreased by 0.4 percentage points to 1.3 per cent

From a state level perspective, eight states recorded unemployment rates below the national level of 2.9 per cent. Throughout the quarter, W.P. Putrajaya registered the lowest unemployment rate at 1.3 per cent, followed by Pahang at 1.9 per cent, as well as Selangor and Melaka at 2.0 per cent [Chart 10].

Chart 10: Unemployment by State, Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026



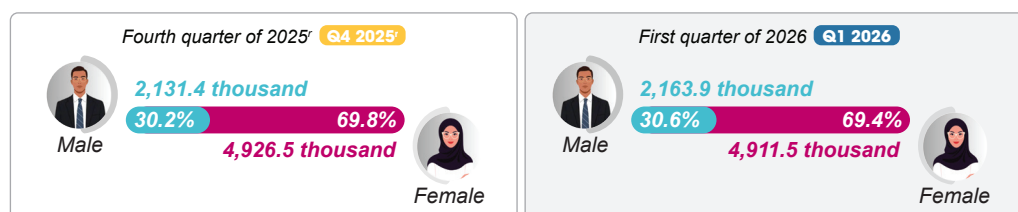
Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

6. Outside labour force

Females accounted for 69.4 per cent of outside the labour force

In the first quarter of 2026, the number of persons outside the labour force increased by 17.5 thousand to 7.08 million persons, compared to 7.06 million persons in the preceding quarter. On a year-on-year comparison, persons outside the labour force surged by 0.4 per cent, equivalent to 28.9 thousand persons (Q1 2025^r: 7.05 million persons). Females accounted for 69.4 per cent or 4.91 million persons in the first quarter of 2026, while males contributed 30.6 per cent, equivalent to 2.16 million persons **Exhibit 8**.

**Exhibit 8: Outside Labour Force by Sex, Malaysia,
Fourth Quarter of 2025^r & First Quarter of 2026**

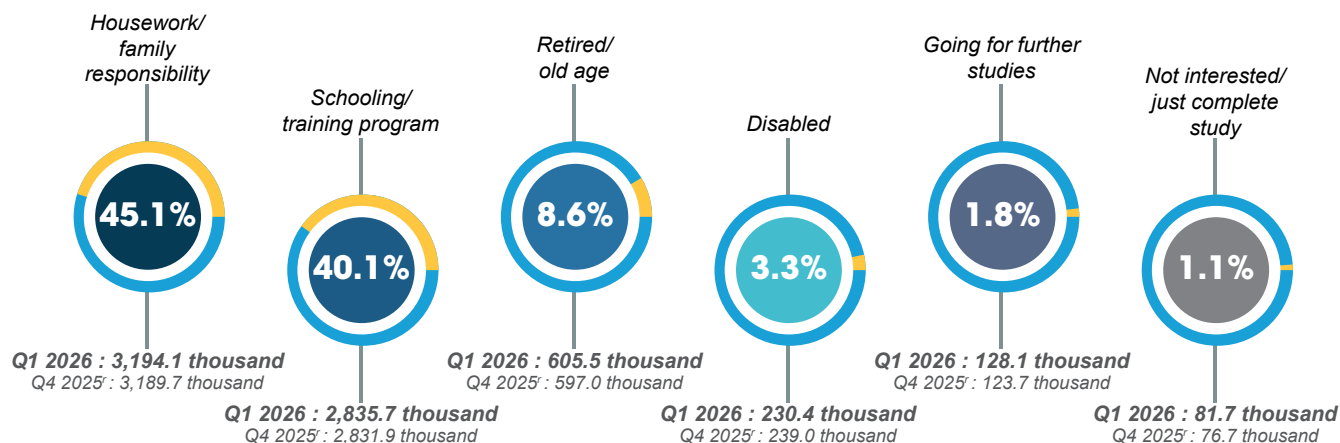


Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

The main reason for being outside the labour force was due to housework/ family responsibilities

Housework/family responsibilities were the main reason for being outside the labour force, comprising 45.1 per cent (3.19 million persons). Meanwhile the schooling/ training category ranked second at 40.1 per cent (2.84 million persons) as illustrated in **Exhibit 9**.

Exhibit 9: Outside Labour Force by Reasons for Not Seeking Work, Malaysia, Fourth Quarter of 2025* & First Quarter of 2026



Note: The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

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JADUAL STATISTIK: MALAYSIA

Statistical Tables: Malaysia



Jadual 1 : Statistik utama tenaga buruh, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 1 : Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh Labour force participation rate (%)			Tenaga buruh Labour force ('000)			Bekerja Employed ('000)			Penganggur Unemployed ('000)	Kadar pengangguran Unemployment rate (%)
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female		
2020	I	68.8	80.8	55.8	15,790.1	9,625.5	6,164.6	15,243.5	9,294.5	5,949.0	546.6	3.5
	II	68.1	80.2	55.0	15,675.5	9,583.0	6,092.5	14,883.7	9,129.1	5,754.7	791.8	5.1
	III	68.4	80.5	55.3	15,840.6	9,689.3	6,151.3	15,095.6	9,229.8	5,865.8	745.0	4.7
	IV	68.5	80.7	55.3	15,922.3	9,738.4	6,183.9	15,161.6	9,273.1	5,888.6	760.7	4.8
2021	I	68.6	80.9	55.4	16,008.4	9,778.9	6,229.5	15,236.5	9,314.1	5,922.4	771.8	4.8
	II	68.3	80.8	55.0	15,972.2	9,729.1	6,243.1	15,207.3	9,285.0	5,922.3	764.9	4.8
	III	68.3	80.9	55.0	16,021.0	9,772.6	6,248.4	15,274.8	9,335.9	5,938.9	746.2	4.7
	IV	68.7	81.0	55.4	16,135.0	9,858.4	6,276.6	15,440.7	9,444.3	5,996.3	694.4	4.3
2022	I	69.0	81.5	55.6	16,246.1	9,929.2	6,316.9	15,574.9	9,534.2	6,040.6	671.2	4.1
	II	69.2	81.8	55.8	16,343.3	9,979.6	6,363.7	15,701.2	9,596.3	6,104.9	642.0	3.9
	III	69.4	82.1	55.8	16,442.9	10,057.6	6,385.3	15,831.1	9,692.0	6,139.1	611.8	3.7
	IV	69.5	82.3	55.9	16,542.2	10,118.8	6,423.3	15,941.7	9,763.0	6,178.7	600.5	3.6
2023	I	69.8	82.6	56.1	16,648.9	10,186.3	6,462.5	16,062.0	9,840.8	6,221.2	586.9	3.5
	II	70.0	82.8	56.2	16,727.4	10,240.7	6,486.7	16,146.1	9,901.6	6,244.5	581.4	3.5
	III	70.1	83.0	56.3	16,824.0	10,300.2	6,523.8	16,250.9	9,968.4	6,282.5	573.1	3.4
	IV	70.1	83.0	56.3	16,911.7	10,355.4	6,556.3	16,346.7	10,029.4	6,317.3	565.0	3.3
2024	I ^r	70.5	83.1	56.3	16,810.1	10,525.7	6,284.3	16,258.5	10,202.0	6,056.5	551.6	3.3
	II ^r	70.6	83.1	56.3	16,956.5	10,656.6	6,299.8	16,408.2	10,332.7	6,075.4	548.3	3.2
	III ^r	70.6	83.1	56.3	17,045.6	10,674.7	6,370.8	16,503.4	10,350.1	6,153.3	542.2	3.2
	IV ^r	70.7	83.2	56.4	17,061.2	10,709.0	6,352.2	16,530.7	10,392.9	6,137.8	530.6	3.1
2025	I ^r	70.8	83.3	56.5	17,086.6	10,711.4	6,375.3	16,564.1	10,398.5	6,165.6	522.5	3.1
	II ^r	70.8	83.4	56.6	17,104.7	10,728.5	6,376.2	16,586.9	10,419.6	6,167.3	517.8	3.0
	III ^r	70.9	83.4	56.6	17,136.4	10,740.5	6,395.9	16,622.8	10,434.4	6,188.4	513.6	3.0
	IV ^r	70.9	83.5	56.6	17,185.4	10,755.5	6,430.0	16,677.1	10,453.2	6,223.9	508.3	3.0
2026	I	70.9	83.3	56.8	17,232.0	10,775.9	6,456.1	16,725.6	10,474.2	6,251.4	506.5	2.9

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Jadual 2 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 2 : Labour force participation rate by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total							
2020	I	68.8	43.3	86.0	83.5	76.7	51.4
	II	68.1	42.8	84.8	82.8	76.9	50.2
	III	68.4	41.8	84.5	83.1	78.3	53.6
	IV	68.5	42.4	85.5	83.0	77.1	51.8
2021	I	68.6	43.2	83.9	86.1	76.3	49.9
	II	68.3	42.8	85.3	84.1	77.0	48.6
	III	68.3	42.6	83.7	85.9	76.8	48.4
	IV	68.7	43.6	87.4	86.6	74.4	43.1
2022	I	69.0	45.2	87.4	84.6	75.2	44.0
	II	69.2	45.4	87.9	84.6	75.5	44.2
	III	69.4	45.7	87.1	85.2	75.1	46.3
	IV	69.5	45.7	86.9	86.8	73.9	46.3
2023	I	69.8	46.5	87.3	86.2	76.2	44.2
	II	70.0	46.1	88.1	86.0	76.0	45.6
	III	70.1	46.3	88.5	85.2	76.4	45.8
	IV	70.1	46.6	87.6	85.1	77.9	46.0
2024	I ^r	70.5	46.8	87.2	84.9	78.3	46.3
	II ^r	70.6	47.0	87.2	85.7	77.3	46.4
	III ^r	70.6	47.1	86.7	85.9	75.5	48.5
	IV ^r	70.7	47.8	86.5	84.9	75.8	50.3
2025	I ^r	70.8	48.1	86.4	84.7	76.1	50.5
	II ^r	70.8	48.2	86.5	83.9	76.9	50.9
	III ^r	70.9	47.9	86.3	83.6	78.1	50.9
	IV ^r	70.9	48.3	86.5	83.3	78.3	50.2
2026	I	70.9	48.4	86.8	83.5	78.3	49.3

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Jadual 2 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 2 : Labour force participation rate by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male							
2020	I	80.8	49.9	95.5	97.5	94.7	71.4
	II	80.2	49.0	95.6	97.1	94.9	67.8
	III	80.5	49.9	94.9	97.3	95.2	69.3
	IV	80.7	50.7	95.6	97.7	92.4	69.4
2021	I	80.9	52.1	92.4	97.4	95.4	72.7
	II	80.8	48.5	93.8	97.1	95.6	76.9
	III	80.9	51.8	93.5	97.3	94.4	70.7
	IV	81.0	56.5	92.8	96.5	96.6	62.4
2022	I	81.5	57.9	93.5	97.3	95.0	61.5
	II	81.8	56.7	95.8	95.3	95.3	64.2
	III	82.1	56.7	94.7	97.7	95.1	65.7
	IV	82.3	58.4	95.3	96.6	93.8	65.0
2023	I	82.6	60.5	94.0	97.7	95.4	62.5
	II	82.8	58.8	96.2	97.9	93.4	65.4
	III	83.0	58.5	96.8	98.1	95.2	63.0
	IV	83.0	58.5	96.8	98.5	95.9	62.0
2024	I ^r	83.1	58.0	93.8	97.1	96.2	66.9
	II ^r	83.1	59.4	95.7	91.9	95.5	71.5
	III ^r	83.1	61.3	95.3	95.5	90.7	66.7
	IV ^r	83.2	61.2	94.3	95.3	91.7	69.2
2025	I ^r	83.3	52.0	96.0	97.0	96.3	76.7
	II ^r	83.4	55.2	93.5	97.6	93.2	78.4
	III ^r	83.4	53.8	96.2	96.8	93.9	76.4
	IV ^r	83.5	53.2	97.9	98.3	92.7	72.7
2026	I	83.3	53.3	97.7	98.3	96.3	66.3

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Jadual 2 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 2 : Labour force participation rate by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year	Kumpulan umur / Age group (%)						
	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	
Perempuan / Female							
2020	I	55.8	36.0	75.4	68.4	58.5	31.0
	II	55.0	35.9	72.6	67.3	58.8	32.2
	III	55.3	33.1	72.8	67.4	61.1	37.3
	IV	55.3	33.4	74.1	67.2	61.7	33.2
2021	I	55.4	33.3	74.4	74.0	57.3	27.0
	II	55.0	36.4	75.6	70.5	59.2	21.7
	III	55.0	32.4	72.8	73.8	59.3	27.3
	IV	55.4	29.4	81.3	75.9	52.0	23.6
2022	I	55.6	31.2	80.6	71.2	55.3	26.5
	II	55.8	33.0	79.1	73.2	55.6	24.2
	III	55.8	33.7	78.6	72.0	55.2	26.6
	IV	55.9	31.7	77.5	76.5	53.9	27.6
2023	I	56.1	31.1	79.7	74.0	57.0	25.8
	II	56.2	32.1	79.1	73.2	58.5	25.7
	III	56.3	32.9	79.1	71.4	57.5	28.6
	IV	56.3	33.5	77.2	70.8	60.0	29.9
2024	I ^r	56.3	33.8	79.1	71.0	59.4	25.5
	II ^r	56.3	32.6	76.4	78.7	57.9	21.0
	III ^r	56.3	30.6	75.9	75.1	59.4	30.2
	IV ^r	56.4	32.4	76.5	73.2	58.7	31.5
2025	I ^r	56.5	43.6	74.3	70.8	54.6	24.5
	II ^r	56.6	40.0	77.6	68.4	59.4	23.5
	III ^r	56.6	41.2	73.9	68.7	61.3	25.2
	IV ^r	56.6	42.6	72.3	66.6	62.8	28.1
2026	I	56.8	42.9	72.9	66.8	59.2	32.3

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Jadual 3 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 3 : Labour force participation rate by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Jumlah / Total						
2020	I	68.8	63.7	71.8	67.6	70.5
	II	68.1	61.7	70.0	67.1	70.0
	III	68.4	58.7	70.7	66.9	71.4
	IV	68.5	55.9	69.9	63.6	79.0
2021	I	68.6	58.7	69.1	64.8	77.3
	II	68.3	62.3	67.2	66.2	73.3
	III	68.3	61.2	66.2	67.0	72.4
	IV	68.7	63.4	68.4	67.1	72.4
2022	I	69.0	62.7	66.9	67.0	74.4
	II	69.2	67.4	68.6	66.8	74.6
	III	69.4	65.2	69.5	67.4	73.8
	IV	69.5	61.7	69.2	67.5	74.5
2023	I	69.8	63.5	68.8	67.7	74.8
	II	70.0	61.7	68.1	67.4	76.8
	III	70.1	57.9	65.0	68.7	75.6
	IV	70.1	62.7	68.2	68.4	74.8
2024	I ^r	70.5	66.7	71.5	67.8	76.0
	II ^r	70.6	67.6	70.2	67.9	76.6
	III ^r	70.6	67.2	69.4	68.2	75.8
	IV ^r	70.7	68.5	71.8	68.4	74.9
2025	I ^r	70.8	68.6	71.7	68.7	74.6
	II ^r	70.8	68.1	71.3	68.8	74.8
	III ^r	70.9	68.7	71.0	68.7	75.1
	IV ^r	70.9	67.5	70.3	68.8	75.2
2026	I	70.9	67.0	70.1	68.8	75.3

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Table 3 : Labour force participation rate by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Lelaki / Male						
2020	I	80.8	76.1	89.7	81.9	75.3
	II	80.2	76.4	87.2	81.6	75.0
	III	80.5	73.4	87.8	80.8	78.0
	IV	80.7	80.5	91.3	77.8	83.1
2021	I	80.9	85.0	89.5	78.1	83.5
	II	80.8	77.7	88.8	80.7	78.4
	III	80.9	83.9	90.4	79.3	80.6
	IV	81.0	79.2	88.8	80.3	80.2
2022	I	81.5	80.5	88.3	80.4	81.6
	II	81.8	78.1	86.6	79.0	87.3
	III	82.1	84.4	87.5	81.9	80.2
	IV	82.3	81.5	89.5	80.7	83.3
2023	I	82.6	74.3	86.8	81.4	84.7
	II	82.8	81.5	89.2	80.7	85.9
	III	83.0	75.1	85.9	82.6	83.9
	IV	83.0	80.2	87.3	82.4	83.3
2024	I ^r	83.1	78.5	89.3	81.6	85.0
	II ^r	83.1	88.0	93.1	81.5	82.8
	III ^r	83.1	84.5	90.5	81.5	83.9
	IV ^r	83.2	80.8	91.6	81.4	84.8
2025	I ^r	83.3	84.0	92.6	82.7	81.4
	II ^r	83.4	87.0	93.8	82.0	82.2
	III ^r	83.4	86.3	94.8	82.2	81.6
	IV ^r	83.5	86.0	90.9	82.6	82.6
2026	I	83.3	87.5	92.3	82.4	81.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 3 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 3 : Labour force participation rate by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Perempuan / Female						
2020	I	55.8	52.1	51.0	51.1	66.0
	II	55.0	50.0	49.4	50.3	65.3
	III	55.3	47.4	50.7	50.7	65.0
	IV	55.3	33.2	44.8	47.5	75.0
2021	I	55.4	37.5	43.8	48.2	72.2
	II	55.0	44.1	40.9	49.6	68.8
	III	55.0	34.8	38.2	53.1	64.9
	IV	55.4	47.4	42.7	51.2	66.0
2022	I	55.6	45.3	41.4	51.3	68.1
	II	55.8	58.3	47.6	52.1	64.1
	III	55.8	48.0	47.4	49.8	68.5
	IV	55.9	41.9	42.5	52.0	67.1
2023	I	56.1	53.2	47.9	51.9	65.8
	II	56.2	41.3	43.9	51.8	68.9
	III	56.3	41.5	41.9	51.5	69.0
	IV	56.3	44.8	47.0	51.4	67.8
2024	I ^r	56.3	53.8	47.1	50.4	68.1
	II ^r	56.3	42.4	39.7	50.6	71.0
	III ^r	56.3	48.3	41.5	51.6	68.4
	IV ^r	56.4	54.6	45.2	51.8	66.3
2025	I ^r	56.5	40.8	39.5	51.8	68.5
	II ^r	56.6	35.1	34.1	52.9	68.2
	III ^r	56.6	41.4	34.5	52.0	69.4
	IV ^r	56.6	41.1	42.4	51.8	68.5
2026	I	56.8	41.1	37.6	52.3	69.3

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 4 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 4 : Labour force participation rate by ethnic group, Malaysia first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan waganegara Malaysia Non- Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indians	Lain-lain Others	
Kadar / Rate (%)								
2020	I	68.8	66.7	65.3	70.5	67.0	69.5	84.2
	II	68.1	65.8	64.1	70.4	67.2	62.2	84.7
	III	68.4	66.1	64.4	71.4	66.0	61.7	84.9
	IV	68.5	67.0	65.2	71.3	70.8	66.7	79.3
2021	I	68.6	67.2	64.9	72.3	71.8	65.5	79.1
	II	68.3	66.6	65.8	69.6	63.5	90.2	80.2
	III	68.3	66.6	66.0	68.7	66.4	67.2	80.6
	IV	68.7	67.3	65.7	71.2	69.1	68.3	79.0
2022	I	69.0	67.6	65.9	72.5	67.7	68.9	79.5
	II	69.2	67.8	66.1	73.0	65.9	77.4	80.4
	III	69.4	67.9	66.1	72.6	68.8	81.5	80.6
	IV	69.5	68.0	66.1	73.2	69.9	73.0	80.8
2023	I	69.8	68.2	66.2	73.3	70.5	75.2	81.2
	II	70.0	68.4	66.8	72.9	69.1	70.5	82.0
	III	70.1	68.5	66.9	73.0	69.2	67.3	82.4
	IV	70.1	68.5	66.9	72.8	69.7	73.2	82.4
2024	I ^r	70.5	68.5	67.8	70.7	67.8	61.0	86.9
	II ^r	70.6	68.3	67.8	70.3	67.5	59.0	88.0
	III ^r	70.6	68.2	67.7	70.0	67.8	62.3	88.2
	IV ^r	70.7	68.5	67.8	70.7	68.6	65.2	87.3
2025	I ^r	70.8	68.9	68.0	71.2	70.3	66.6	85.5
	II ^r	70.8	69.4	68.3	72.0	71.2	68.3	82.4
	III ^r	70.9	69.5	68.3	72.5	71.8	70.5	81.4
	IV ^r	70.9	69.6	68.4	72.6	72.4	69.9	80.8
2026	I	70.9	69.8	68.5	72.8	72.4	74.9	79.2

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 5 : Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2019 - suku tahun pertama 2026
Table 5 : Labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total													
2020	I	15,790.1	2,648.9	5,383.1	3,785.7	2,624.7	1,347.7	100.0	16.8	34.1	24.0	16.6	8.5
	II	15,675.5	2,622.2	5,321.2	3,765.6	2,643.6	1,322.9	100.0	16.7	33.9	24.0	16.9	8.4
	III	15,840.6	2,566.6	5,297.7	3,819.4	2,711.4	1,445.5	100.0	16.2	33.4	24.1	17.1	9.1
	IV	15,922.3	2,588.6	5,426.0	3,832.0	2,676.1	1,399.5	100.0	16.3	34.1	24.1	16.8	8.8
2021	I	16,008.4	2,624.6	5,304.7	4,061.6	2,664.4	1,353.0	100.0	16.4	33.1	25.4	16.6	8.5
	II	15,972.2	2,580.2	5,331.1	3,929.6	2,707.1	1,424.2	100.0	16.2	33.4	24.6	16.9	8.9
	III	16,021.0	2,595.9	5,333.5	4,078.3	2,690.6	1,322.7	100.0	16.2	33.3	25.5	16.8	8.3
	IV	16,135.0	2,685.1	5,564.5	4,104.1	2,608.5	1,172.8	100.0	16.6	34.5	25.4	16.2	7.3
2022	I	16,246.1	2,737.8	5,555.4	4,089.3	2,637.7	1,225.9	100.0	16.9	34.2	25.2	16.2	7.5
	II	16,343.3	2,767.4	5,590.8	4,095.1	2,657.5	1,232.5	100.0	16.9	34.2	25.1	16.3	7.5
	III	16,442.9	2,800.8	5,553.2	4,131.2	2,655.4	1,302.3	100.0	17.0	33.8	25.1	16.1	7.9
	IV	16,542.2	2,801.3	5,590.9	4,239.9	2,606.0	1,304.1	100.0	16.9	33.8	25.6	15.8	7.9
2023	I	16,648.9	2,859.3	5,612.4	4,208.0	2,711.4	1,257.8	100.0	17.2	33.7	25.3	16.3	7.6
	II	16,727.4	2,850.6	5,678.5	4,201.3	2,710.9	1,286.1	100.0	17.0	33.9	25.1	16.2	7.7
	III	16,824.0	2,869.9	5,722.7	4,200.1	2,733.9	1,297.4	100.0	17.1	34.0	25.0	16.3	7.7
	IV	16,911.7	2,903.8	5,704.0	4,195.8	2,800.1	1,308.0	100.0	17.2	33.7	24.8	16.6	7.7
2024	I ^r	16,810.1	2,737.2	5,208.3	4,635.4	2,930.9	1,298.2	100.0	16.3	31.0	27.6	17.4	7.7
	II ^r	16,956.5	2,771.8	5,273.2	4,705.8	2,903.8	1,301.7	100.0	16.3	31.1	27.8	17.1	7.7
	III ^r	17,045.6	2,765.6	5,237.3	4,738.4	2,914.3	1,389.9	100.0	16.2	30.7	27.8	17.1	8.2
	IV ^r	17,061.2	2,801.9	5,203.2	4,688.3	2,930.0	1,437.8	100.0	16.4	30.5	27.5	17.2	8.4
2025	I ^r	17,086.6	2,821.4	5,213.0	4,669.2	2,934.7	1,448.3	100.0	16.5	30.5	27.3	17.2	8.5
	II ^r	17,104.7	2,824.3	5,209.8	4,649.1	2,971.9	1,449.6	100.0	16.5	30.5	27.2	17.4	8.5
	III ^r	17,136.4	2,819.9	5,204.7	4,631.6	3,023.6	1,456.6	100.0	16.5	30.4	27.0	17.6	8.5
	IV ^r	17,185.4	2,851.0	5,219.3	4,631.9	3,049.6	1,433.5	100.0	16.6	30.4	27.0	17.7	8.3
2026	I	17,232.0	2,854.4	5,241.7	4,652.7	3,055.6	1,427.6	100.0	16.6	30.4	27.0	17.7	8.3

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Table 5 : Labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male													
2020	I	9,625.5	1,599.1	3,161.4	2,296.9	1,624.4	943.7	100.0	16.6	32.8	23.9	16.9	9.8
	II	9,583.0	1,570.1	3,177.0	2,294.6	1,638.7	902.6	100.0	16.4	33.2	23.9	17.1	9.4
	III	9,689.3	1,597.3	3,139.6	2,340.6	1,662.3	949.6	100.0	16.5	32.4	24.2	17.2	9.8
	IV	9,738.4	1,609.9	3,217.2	2,342.1	1,606.4	962.7	100.0	16.5	33.0	24.1	16.5	9.9
2021	I	9,778.9	1,664.0	3,091.6	2,372.8	1,662.0	988.4	100.0	17.0	31.6	24.3	17.0	10.1
	II	9,729.1	1,542.0	3,119.8	2,323.3	1,645.6	1,098.5	100.0	15.8	32.1	23.9	16.9	11.3
	III	9,772.6	1,655.5	3,146.2	2,383.7	1,648.3	938.8	100.0	16.9	32.2	24.4	16.9	9.6
	IV	9,858.4	1,825.5	3,118.4	2,363.5	1,698.1	852.9	100.0	18.5	31.6	24.0	17.2	8.7
2022	I	9,929.2	1,840.1	3,140.8	2,420.1	1,669.9	858.4	100.0	18.5	31.6	24.4	16.8	8.6
	II	9,979.6	1,806.3	3,222.3	2,373.5	1,681.2	896.2	100.0	18.1	32.3	23.8	16.8	9.0
	III	10,057.6	1,819.0	3,193.2	2,434.0	1,678.9	932.5	100.0	18.1	31.7	24.2	16.7	9.3
	IV	10,118.8	1,876.9	3,240.6	2,428.0	1,656.6	916.7	100.0	18.5	32.0	24.0	16.4	9.1
2023	I	10,186.3	1,946.0	3,195.1	2,456.7	1,696.2	892.4	100.0	19.1	31.4	24.1	16.7	8.8
	II	10,240.7	1,903.9	3,273.1	2,471.9	1,668.8	922.9	100.0	18.6	32.0	24.1	16.3	9.0
	III	10,300.2	1,898.8	3,307.4	2,494.1	1,707.2	892.7	100.0	18.4	32.1	24.2	16.6	8.7
	IV	10,355.4	1,910.3	3,334.8	2,504.9	1,721.6	883.8	100.0	18.4	32.2	24.2	16.6	8.5
2024	I ^r	10,525.7	1,818.9	3,096.8	2,816.9	1,852.2	940.9	100.0	17.3	29.4	26.8	17.6	8.9
	II ^r	10,656.6	1,883.8	3,228.2	2,686.9	1,850.5	1,007.3	100.0	17.7	30.3	25.2	17.4	9.5
	III ^r	10,674.7	1,933.4	3,201.9	2,779.1	1,802.5	957.8	100.0	18.1	30.0	26.0	16.9	9.0
	IV ^r	10,709.0	1,925.4	3,170.7	2,791.6	1,833.9	987.5	100.0	18.0	29.6	26.1	17.1	9.2
2025	I ^r	10,711.4	1,640.3	3,233.7	2,824.8	1,916.7	1,095.9	100.0	15.3	30.2	26.4	17.9	10.2
	II ^r	10,728.5	1,739.5	3,144.3	2,865.6	1,864.7	1,114.4	100.0	16.2	29.3	26.7	17.4	10.4
	III ^r	10,740.5	1,695.6	3,230.7	2,837.3	1,878.1	1,098.8	100.0	15.8	30.1	26.4	17.5	10.2
	IV ^r	10,755.5	1,685.6	3,284.6	2,888.0	1,869.2	1,028.1	100.0	15.7	30.5	26.9	17.4	9.6
2026	I	10,775.9	1,681.9	3,298.9	2,901.9	1,935.1	958.1	100.0	15.6	30.6	26.9	18.0	8.9

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Table 5 : Labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Perempuan / Female													
2020	I	6,164.6	1,049.8	2,221.8	1,488.8	1,000.3	403.9	100.0	17.0	36.0	24.2	16.2	6.6
	II	6,092.5	1,052.1	2,144.2	1,471.0	1,004.9	420.3	100.0	17.3	35.2	24.1	16.5	6.9
	III	6,151.3	969.3	2,158.2	1,478.8	1,049.1	495.9	100.0	15.8	35.1	24.0	17.1	8.1
	IV	6,183.9	978.7	2,208.8	1,489.9	1,069.7	436.8	100.0	15.8	35.7	24.1	17.3	7.1
2021	I	6,229.5	960.6	2,213.1	1,688.8	1,002.4	364.6	100.0	15.4	35.5	27.1	16.1	5.9
	II	6,243.1	1,038.2	2,211.3	1,606.4	1,061.5	325.7	100.0	16.6	35.4	25.7	17.0	5.2
	III	6,248.4	940.4	2,187.3	1,694.6	1,042.3	383.8	100.0	15.1	35.0	27.1	16.7	6.1
	IV	6,276.6	859.6	2,446.1	1,740.6	910.4	319.9	100.0	13.7	39.0	27.7	14.5	5.1
2022	I	6,316.9	897.7	2,414.6	1,669.3	967.8	367.6	100.0	14.2	38.2	26.4	15.3	5.8
	II	6,363.7	961.1	2,368.5	1,721.5	976.3	336.2	100.0	15.1	37.2	27.1	15.3	5.3
	III	6,385.3	981.8	2,360.1	1,697.2	976.5	369.8	100.0	15.4	37.0	26.6	15.3	5.8
	IV	6,423.3	924.4	2,350.2	1,811.9	949.4	387.4	100.0	14.4	36.6	28.2	14.8	6.0
2023	I	6,462.5	913.3	2,417.2	1,751.4	1,015.1	365.5	100.0	14.1	37.4	27.1	15.7	5.7
	II	6,486.7	946.7	2,405.3	1,729.4	1,042.1	363.2	100.0	14.6	37.1	26.7	16.1	5.6
	III	6,523.8	971.1	2,415.3	1,706.0	1,026.7	404.7	100.0	14.9	37.0	26.2	15.7	6.2
	IV	6,556.3	993.5	2,369.2	1,691.0	1,078.5	424.2	100.0	15.2	36.1	25.8	16.4	6.5
2024	I ^r	6,284.3	918.4	2,111.5	1,818.5	1,078.6	357.3	100.0	14.6	33.6	28.9	17.2	5.7
	II ^r	6,299.8	888.1	2,045.1	2,019.0	1,053.4	294.4	100.0	14.1	32.5	32.0	16.7	4.7
	III ^r	6,370.8	832.3	2,035.4	1,959.3	1,111.8	432.0	100.0	13.1	31.9	30.8	17.5	6.8
	IV ^r	6,352.2	876.5	2,032.5	1,896.7	1,096.1	450.3	100.0	13.8	32.0	29.9	17.3	7.1
2025	I ^r	6,375.3	1,181.2	1,979.3	1,844.4	1,018.0	352.5	100.0	18.5	31.0	28.9	16.0	5.5
	II ^r	6,376.2	1,084.7	2,065.6	1,783.4	1,107.3	335.2	100.0	17.0	32.4	28.0	17.4	5.3
	III ^r	6,395.9	1,124.3	1,974.0	1,794.3	1,145.4	357.8	100.0	17.6	30.9	28.1	17.9	5.6
	IV ^r	6,430.0	1,165.4	1,934.7	1,743.9	1,180.5	405.5	100.0	18.1	30.1	27.1	18.4	6.3
2026	I	6,456.1	1,172.5	1,942.9	1,750.8	1,120.5	469.5	100.0	18.2	30.1	27.1	17.4	7.3

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 6 : Tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026
Table 6 : Labour force by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Jumlah / Total											
2020	I	15,790.1	448.4	1,809.6	8,834.3	4,697.9	100.0	2.8	11.5	55.9	29.8
	II	15,675.5	442.5	1,618.7	8,783.0	4,831.3	100.0	2.8	10.3	56.0	30.8
	III	15,840.6	382.2	1,655.5	8,771.5	5,031.5	100.0	2.4	10.5	55.4	31.8
	IV	15,922.3	358.0	1,641.6	8,595.4	5,327.3	100.0	2.2	10.3	54.0	33.5
2021	I	16,008.4	455.0	1,650.4	8,667.4	5,235.5	100.0	2.8	10.3	54.1	32.7
	II	15,972.2	584.9	1,526.9	8,675.1	5,185.3	100.0	3.7	9.6	54.3	32.5
	III	16,021.0	624.3	1,360.1	8,834.7	5,202.0	100.0	3.9	8.5	55.1	32.5
	IV	16,135.0	596.8	1,389.9	9,019.5	5,128.9	100.0	3.7	8.6	55.9	31.8
2022	I	16,246.1	554.0	1,461.7	9,109.6	5,120.8	100.0	3.4	9.0	56.1	31.5
	II	16,343.3	505.2	1,501.8	9,250.0	5,086.3	100.0	3.1	9.2	56.6	31.1
	III	16,442.9	518.4	1,452.4	9,280.5	5,191.6	100.0	3.2	8.8	56.4	31.6
	IV	16,542.2	438.4	1,450.6	9,428.9	5,224.3	100.0	2.7	8.8	57.0	31.6
2023	I	16,648.9	464.8	1,487.2	9,438.1	5,258.8	100.0	2.8	8.9	56.7	31.6
	II	16,727.4	502.4	1,443.8	9,503.4	5,277.9	100.0	3.0	8.6	56.8	31.6
	III	16,824.0	428.3	1,333.1	9,749.2	5,313.3	100.0	2.5	7.9	57.9	31.6
	IV	16,911.7	431.2	1,406.9	9,736.0	5,337.7	100.0	2.5	8.3	57.6	31.6
2024	I ^r	16,810.1	454.9	1,437.5	9,472.0	5,445.6	100.0	2.7	8.6	56.3	32.4
	II ^r	16,956.5	449.0	1,506.9	9,542.2	5,458.3	100.0	2.6	8.9	56.3	32.2
	III ^r	17,045.6	402.4	1,561.0	9,520.7	5,561.5	100.0	2.4	9.2	55.9	32.6
	IV ^r	17,061.2	424.4	1,512.1	9,522.7	5,602.0	100.0	2.5	8.9	55.8	32.8
2025	I ^r	17,086.6	425.0	1,514.9	9,547.0	5,599.7	100.0	2.5	8.9	55.9	32.8
	II ^r	17,104.7	430.0	1,482.3	9,573.7	5,618.7	100.0	2.5	8.7	56.0	32.8
	III ^r	17,136.4	369.4	1,474.4	9,719.4	5,573.2	100.0	2.2	8.6	56.7	32.5
	IV ^r	17,185.4	350.8	1,451.5	9,758.8	5,624.3	100.0	2.0	8.4	56.8	32.7
2026	I	17,232.0	347.7	1,461.7	9,778.2	5,644.4	100.0	2.0	8.5	56.7	32.8

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The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 6 : Tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)
Table 6 : Labour force by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Lelaki / Male											
2020	I	9,625.5	258.0	1,213.7	5,743.2	2,410.6	100.0	2.7	12.6	59.7	25.0
	II	9,583.0	242.6	1,099.4	5,731.6	2,509.5	100.0	2.5	11.5	59.8	26.2
	III	9,689.3	208.3	1,107.7	5,689.4	2,684.0	100.0	2.1	11.4	58.7	27.7
	IV	9,738.4	247.5	1,157.8	5,593.8	2,739.3	100.0	2.5	11.9	57.4	28.1
2021	I	9,778.9	293.8	1,182.3	5,781.6	2,521.2	100.0	3.0	12.1	59.1	25.8
	II	9,729.1	394.1	1,109.5	5,643.6	2,582.0	100.0	4.1	11.4	58.0	26.5
	III	9,772.6	459.7	996.6	5,548.9	2,767.4	100.0	4.7	10.2	56.8	28.3
	IV	9,858.4	375.0	1,006.0	5,899.9	2,577.6	100.0	3.8	10.2	59.8	26.1
2022	I	9,929.2	351.7	1,048.3	5,901.3	2,628.0	100.0	3.5	10.6	59.4	26.5
	II	9,979.6	269.5	1,019.4	5,980.4	2,710.4	100.0	2.7	10.2	59.9	27.2
	III	10,057.6	317.0	1,008.3	6,187.0	2,545.3	100.0	3.2	10.0	61.5	25.3
	IV	10,118.8	290.1	1,064.8	6,092.1	2,671.9	100.0	2.9	10.5	60.2	26.4
2023	I	10,186.3	265.8	1,007.5	6,096.3	2,816.8	100.0	2.6	9.9	59.8	27.7
	II	10,240.7	337.2	1,011.4	6,151.2	2,740.9	100.0	3.3	9.9	60.1	26.8
	III	10,300.2	271.9	925.6	6,492.2	2,610.5	100.0	2.6	9.0	63.0	25.3
	IV	10,355.4	279.1	946.4	6,448.3	2,681.5	100.0	2.7	9.1	62.3	25.9
2024	I ^r	10,525.7	279.1	1,038.6	6,350.2	2,857.8	100.0	2.7	9.9	60.3	27.2
	II ^r	10,656.6	322.8	1,141.4	6,391.9	2,800.6	100.0	3.0	10.7	60.0	26.3
	III ^r	10,674.7	264.3	1,158.3	6,314.0	2,938.2	100.0	2.5	10.9	59.1	27.5
	IV ^r	10,709.0	266.2	1,104.8	6,366.6	2,971.4	100.0	2.5	10.3	59.5	27.7
2025	I ^r	10,711.4	335.0	1,186.9	6,282.2	2,907.3	100.0	3.1	11.1	58.6	27.1
	II ^r	10,728.5	349.5	1,214.9	6,233.0	2,931.0	100.0	3.3	11.3	58.1	27.3
	III ^r	10,740.5	281.7	1,192.0	6,424.4	2,842.5	100.0	2.6	11.1	59.8	26.5
	IV ^r	10,755.5	262.8	1,080.0	6,464.9	2,947.7	100.0	2.4	10.0	60.1	27.4
2026	I	10,775.9	253.6	1,142.5	6,435.0	2,944.9	100.0	2.4	10.6	59.7	27.3

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 6 : Tenaga buruh mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)
Table 6 : Labour force by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Perempuan / Female											
2020	I	6,164.6	190.4	595.9	3,091.1	2,287.3	100.0	3.1	9.7	50.1	37.1
	II	6,092.5	199.9	519.4	3,051.4	2,321.8	100.0	3.3	8.5	50.1	38.1
	III	6,151.3	173.9	547.8	3,082.1	2,347.4	100.0	2.8	8.9	50.1	38.2
	IV	6,183.9	110.5	483.8	3,001.6	2,588.0	100.0	1.8	7.8	48.5	41.9
2021	I	6,229.5	161.2	468.1	2,885.8	2,714.4	100.0	2.6	7.5	46.3	43.6
	II	6,243.1	190.8	417.4	3,031.5	2,603.4	100.0	3.1	6.7	48.6	41.7
	III	6,248.4	164.6	363.5	3,285.8	2,434.6	100.0	2.6	5.8	52.6	39.0
	IV	6,276.6	221.8	383.9	3,119.6	2,551.2	100.0	3.5	6.1	49.7	40.6
2022	I	6,316.9	202.4	413.5	3,208.3	2,492.8	100.0	3.2	6.5	50.8	39.5
	II	6,363.7	235.7	482.5	3,269.6	2,375.9	100.0	3.7	7.6	51.4	37.3
	III	6,385.3	201.4	444.2	3,093.4	2,646.3	100.0	3.2	7.0	48.4	41.4
	IV	6,423.3	148.3	385.8	3,336.8	2,552.4	100.0	2.3	6.0	51.9	39.7
2023	I	6,462.5	199.0	479.7	3,341.8	2,442.0	100.0	3.1	7.4	51.7	37.8
	II	6,486.7	165.2	432.4	3,352.2	2,537.0	100.0	2.5	6.7	51.7	39.1
	III	6,523.8	156.5	407.5	3,257.0	2,702.8	100.0	2.4	6.2	49.9	41.4
	IV	6,556.3	152.1	460.5	3,287.6	2,656.1	100.0	2.3	7.0	50.1	40.5
2024	I ^r	6,284.3	175.8	398.9	3,121.8	2,587.8	100.0	2.8	6.3	49.7	41.2
	II ^r	6,299.8	126.3	365.5	3,150.3	2,657.7	100.0	2.0	5.8	50.0	42.2
	III ^r	6,370.8	138.1	402.7	3,206.7	2,623.3	100.0	2.2	6.3	50.3	41.2
	IV ^r	6,352.2	158.2	407.3	3,156.1	2,630.6	100.0	2.5	6.4	49.7	41.4
2025	I ^r	6,375.3	90.0	328.0	3,264.9	2,692.4	100.0	1.4	5.1	51.2	42.2
	II ^r	6,376.2	80.5	267.4	3,340.7	2,687.7	100.0	1.3	4.2	52.4	42.2
	III ^r	6,395.9	87.7	282.4	3,295.0	2,730.8	100.0	1.4	4.4	51.5	42.7
	IV ^r	6,430.0	88.0	371.5	3,293.9	2,676.6	100.0	1.4	5.8	51.2	41.6
2026	I	6,456.1	94.1	319.2	3,343.2	2,699.6	100.0	1.5	4.9	51.8	41.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 7 : Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 7 : Labour force by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	15,790.1	13,466.8	8,958.8	3,385.3	1,002.0	120.7	2,323.3
	II	15,675.5	13,322.1	8,818.3	3,387.2	1,006.0	110.5	2,353.5
	III	15,840.6	13,481.7	8,926.2	3,460.7	992.3	102.6	2,358.9
	IV	15,922.3	13,719.8	9,077.1	3,454.4	1,067.8	120.4	2,202.5
2021	I	16,008.4	13,748.8	9,057.4	3,492.0	1,099.4	99.9	2,259.6
	II	15,972.2	13,678.4	9,243.4	3,414.9	953.0	67.1	2,293.9
	III	16,021.0	13,745.3	9,302.4	3,321.2	1,028.6	93.1	2,275.7
	IV	16,135.0	13,941.8	9,297.0	3,453.2	1,048.5	143.1	2,193.2
2022	I	16,246.1	14,038.0	9,369.6	3,515.7	1,042.5	110.3	2,208.1
	II	16,343.3	14,119.4	9,435.1	3,543.2	1,006.8	134.4	2,223.8
	III	16,442.9	14,195.0	9,478.8	3,525.8	1,052.8	137.5	2,247.9
	IV	16,542.2	14,296.1	9,511.3	3,557.8	1,093.9	133.0	2,246.1
2023	I	16,648.9	14,387.6	9,599.1	3,567.5	1,075.6	145.4	2,261.3
	II	16,727.4	14,457.6	9,722.1	3,549.1	1,060.2	126.2	2,269.9
	III	16,824.0	14,532.4	9,780.9	3,557.1	1,066.8	127.6	2,291.6
	IV	16,911.7	14,605.5	9,821.7	3,554.2	1,075.5	154.1	2,306.2
2024	I ^r	16,810.1	14,470.0	9,917.0	3,485.0	984.6	83.5	2,340.1
	II ^r	16,956.5	14,483.3	9,948.2	3,469.0	981.3	84.8	2,473.1
	III ^r	17,045.6	14,490.1	9,952.2	3,452.1	987.8	98.0	2,555.5
	IV ^r	17,061.2	14,601.5	10,007.1	3,493.7	1,006.6	94.2	2,459.7
2025	I ^r	17,086.6	14,718.8	10,065.3	3,521.2	1,025.8	106.5	2,367.8
	II ^r	17,104.7	14,863.1	10,145.3	3,575.5	1,038.7	103.5	2,241.7
	III ^r	17,136.4	14,935.9	10,174.1	3,594.5	1,056.7	110.5	2,200.5
	IV ^r	17,185.4	14,985.2	10,210.4	3,605.1	1,063.6	106.1	2,200.2
2026	I	17,232.0	15,058.0	10,262.5	3,617.0	1,071.9	106.7	2,174.0

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 7 : Tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 7 : Labour force by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Komposisi / Share (%)								
2020	I	100.0	85.3	56.7	21.4	6.3	0.8	14.7
	II	100.0	85.0	56.3	21.6	6.4	0.7	15.0
	III	100.0	85.1	56.4	21.8	6.3	0.6	14.9
	IV	100.0	86.2	57.0	21.7	6.7	0.8	13.8
2021	I	100.0	85.9	56.6	21.8	6.9	0.6	14.1
	II	100.0	85.6	57.9	21.4	6.0	0.4	14.4
	III	100.0	85.8	58.1	20.7	6.4	0.6	14.2
	IV	100.0	86.4	57.6	21.4	6.5	0.9	13.6
2022	I	100.0	86.4	57.7	21.6	6.4	0.7	13.6
	II	100.0	86.4	57.7	21.7	6.2	0.8	13.6
	III	100.0	86.3	57.6	21.4	6.4	0.8	13.7
	IV	100.0	85.0	56.3	21.6	6.4	0.7	15.0
2023	I	100.0	86.4	57.7	21.4	6.5	0.9	13.6
	II	100.0	86.4	58.1	21.2	6.3	0.8	13.6
	III	100.0	86.4	58.1	21.1	6.3	0.8	13.6
	IV	100.0	86.4	58.1	21.0	6.4	0.9	13.6
2024	I ^r	100.0	86.1	59.0	20.7	5.9	0.5	13.9
	II ^r	100.0	85.4	58.7	20.5	5.8	0.5	14.6
	III ^r	100.0	85.0	58.4	20.3	5.8	0.6	15.0
	IV ^r	100.0	85.6	58.7	20.5	5.9	0.6	14.4
2025	I ^r	100.0	86.1	58.9	20.6	6.0	0.6	13.9
	II ^r	100.0	86.9	59.3	20.9	6.1	0.6	13.1
	III ^r	100.0	87.2	59.4	21.0	6.2	0.6	12.8
	IV ^r	100.0	87.2	59.4	21.0	6.2	0.6	12.8
2026	I	100.0	87.4	59.6	21.0	6.2	0.6	12.6

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 8 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 8 : Employed persons by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total													
2020	I	15,243.5	2,357.5	5,217.8	3,740.2	2,590.2	1,337.8	100.0	15.5	34.2	24.5	17.0	8.8
	II	14,883.7	2,295.5	5,047.0	3,679.6	2,576.0	1,285.7	100.0	15.4	33.9	24.7	17.3	8.6
	III	15,095.6	2,244.2	5,064.0	3,738.6	2,664.5	1,384.2	100.0	14.9	33.5	24.8	17.7	9.2
	IV	15,161.6	2,257.9	5,169.4	3,755.8	2,624.0	1,354.6	100.0	14.9	34.1	24.8	17.3	8.9
2021	I	15,236.5	2,307.3	5,073.7	3,957.3	2,605.9	1,292.3	100.0	15.1	33.3	26.0	17.1	8.5
	II	15,207.3	2,297.1	5,067.8	3,854.6	2,624.9	1,363.0	100.0	15.1	33.3	25.3	17.3	9.0
	III	15,274.8	2,291.8	5,088.3	4,005.0	2,620.3	1,269.5	100.0	15.0	33.3	26.2	17.2	8.3
	IV	15,440.7	2,372.0	5,320.0	4,023.9	2,566.0	1,158.7	100.0	15.4	34.5	26.1	16.6	7.5
2022	I	15,574.9	2,434.6	5,320.8	4,022.3	2,591.4	1,205.7	100.0	15.6	34.2	25.8	16.6	7.7
	II	15,701.2	2,464.0	5,371.6	4,040.7	2,610.9	1,214.0	100.0	15.7	34.2	25.7	16.6	7.7
	III	15,831.1	2,499.5	5,347.1	4,079.9	2,619.1	1,285.4	100.0	15.8	33.8	25.8	16.5	8.1
	IV	15,941.7	2,501.9	5,399.8	4,180.0	2,579.6	1,280.4	100.0	15.7	33.9	26.2	16.2	8.0
2023	I	16,062.0	2,570.9	5,452.0	4,118.4	2,680.8	1,240.0	100.0	16.0	33.9	25.6	16.7	7.7
	II	16,146.1	2,544.9	5,512.7	4,144.8	2,681.7	1,262.0	100.0	15.8	34.1	25.7	16.6	7.8
	III	16,250.9	2,574.8	5,573.5	4,147.3	2,696.2	1,259.1	100.0	15.8	34.3	25.5	16.6	7.7
	IV	16,346.7	2,609.4	5,548.3	4,153.8	2,761.5	1,273.6	100.0	16.0	33.9	25.4	16.9	7.8
2024	I ^r	16,258.5	2,468.4	5,089.7	4,568.4	2,883.3	1,248.7	100.0	15.2	31.3	28.1	17.7	7.7
	II ^r	16,408.2	2,500.3	5,158.2	4,629.3	2,860.1	1,260.2	100.0	15.2	31.4	28.2	17.4	7.7
	III ^r	16,503.4	2,497.0	5,114.0	4,670.9	2,869.4	1,352.2	100.0	15.1	31.0	28.3	17.4	8.2
	IV ^r	16,530.7	2,527.5	5,090.7	4,638.3	2,879.7	1,394.5	100.0	15.3	30.8	28.1	17.4	8.4
2025	I ^r	16,564.1	2,545.8	5,094.9	4,629.1	2,896.5	1,397.9	100.0	15.4	30.8	27.9	17.5	8.4
	II ^r	16,586.9	2,544.6	5,083.2	4,610.6	2,933.2	1,415.4	100.0	15.3	30.6	27.8	17.7	8.5
	III ^r	16,622.8	2,539.4	5,073.4	4,592.4	2,988.1	1,429.5	100.0	15.3	30.5	27.6	18.0	8.6
	IV ^r	16,677.1	2,572.8	5,098.6	4,586.6	3,006.2	1,412.9	100.0	15.4	30.6	27.5	18.0	8.5
2026	I	16,725.6	2,574.4	5,113.3	4,605.7	3,023.4	1,408.7	100.0	15.4	30.6	27.5	18.1	8.4

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Jadual 8 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)
Table 8 : Employed persons by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male													
2020	I	9,294.5	1,430.1	3,061.4	2,265.7	1,598.3	939.1	100.0	15.4	32.9	24.4	17.2	10.1
	II	9,129.1	1,372.9	3,040.5	2,239.6	1,598.0	878.0	100.0	15.0	33.3	24.5	17.5	9.6
	III	9,229.8	1,409.7	2,997.6	2,287.9	1,627.4	907.3	100.0	15.3	32.5	24.8	17.6	9.8
	IV	9,273.1	1,427.0	3,059.5	2,297.9	1,567.0	921.6	100.0	15.4	33.0	24.8	16.9	9.9
2021	I	9,314.1	1,465.7	2,968.6	2,320.0	1,619.6	940.2	100.0	15.7	31.9	24.9	17.4	10.1
	II	9,285.0	1,397.3	2,980.3	2,270.6	1,589.5	1,047.4	100.0	15.0	32.1	24.5	17.1	11.3
	III	9,335.9	1,475.8	3,024.6	2,344.6	1,592.4	898.6	100.0	15.8	32.4	25.1	17.1	9.6
	IV	9,444.3	1,628.3	2,991.4	2,315.5	1,667.0	842.1	100.0	17.2	31.7	24.5	17.7	8.9
2022	I	9,534.2	1,595.3	3,050.7	2,388.4	1,648.7	851.2	100.0	16.7	32.0	25.1	17.3	8.9
	II	9,596.3	1,622.0	3,103.6	2,338.1	1,651.2	881.4	100.0	16.9	32.3	24.4	17.2	9.2
	III	9,692.0	1,590.8	3,120.2	2,409.1	1,652.4	919.4	100.0	16.4	32.2	24.9	17.0	9.5
	IV	9,763.0	1,667.4	3,157.4	2,402.2	1,637.2	898.9	100.0	17.1	32.3	24.6	16.8	9.2
2023	I	9,840.8	1,762.9	3,092.7	2,423.8	1,679.5	881.8	100.0	17.9	31.4	24.6	17.1	9.0
	II	9,901.6	1,718.3	3,184.0	2,442.8	1,652.1	904.4	100.0	17.4	32.2	24.7	16.7	9.1
	III	9,968.4	1,741.1	3,226.6	2,463.1	1,678.2	859.3	100.0	17.5	32.4	24.7	16.8	8.6
	IV	10,029.4	1,720.8	3,261.8	2,483.6	1,702.1	861.1	100.0	17.2	32.5	24.8	17.0	8.6
2024	I ^r	10,202.0	1,667.1	3,025.7	2,781.8	1,826.4	901.0	100.0	16.3	29.7	27.3	17.9	8.8
	II ^r	10,332.7	1,733.8	3,154.0	2,640.5	1,824.3	980.2	100.0	16.8	30.5	25.6	17.7	9.5
	III ^r	10,350.1	1,772.9	3,132.9	2,740.9	1,765.7	937.6	100.0	17.1	30.3	26.5	17.1	9.1
	IV ^r	10,392.9	1,742.8	3,113.3	2,766.4	1,811.6	958.6	100.0	16.8	30.0	26.6	17.4	9.2
2025	I ^r	10,398.5	1,470.6	3,172.6	2,795.3	1,888.5	1,071.5	100.0	14.1	30.5	26.9	18.2	10.3
	II ^r	10,419.6	1,563.6	3,083.2	2,848.0	1,833.5	1,091.3	100.0	15.0	29.6	27.3	17.6	10.5
	III ^r	10,434.4	1,524.5	3,161.6	2,817.8	1,849.5	1,081.1	100.0	14.6	30.3	27.0	17.7	10.4
	IV ^r	10,453.2	1,518.9	3,225.1	2,861.7	1,835.3	1,012.2	100.0	14.5	30.9	27.4	17.6	9.7
2026	I	10,474.2	1,501.5	3,234.9	2,875.6	1,918.6	943.6	100.0	14.3	30.9	27.5	18.3	9.0

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Jadual 8 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)
Table 8 : Employed persons by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Perempuan / Female													
2020	I	5,949.0	927.4	2,156.4	1,474.5	991.8	398.7	100.0	15.6	36.2	24.8	16.7	6.7
	II	5,754.7	922.6	2,006.5	1,439.9	977.9	407.8	100.0	16.0	34.9	25.0	17.0	7.1
	III	5,865.8	834.6	2,066.5	1,450.8	1,037.1	476.9	100.0	14.2	35.2	24.7	17.7	8.1
	IV	5,888.6	830.8	2,109.9	1,457.9	1,057.1	432.9	100.0	14.1	35.8	24.8	18.0	7.4
2021	I	5,922.4	841.6	2,105.2	1,637.3	986.3	352.1	100.0	14.2	35.5	27.6	16.7	5.9
	II	5,922.3	899.8	2,087.5	1,584.0	1,035.4	315.6	100.0	15.2	35.2	26.7	17.5	5.3
	III	5,938.9	816.0	2,063.7	1,660.3	1,027.9	371.0	100.0	13.7	34.7	28.0	17.3	6.2
	IV	5,996.3	743.8	2,328.6	1,708.4	899.0	316.6	100.0	12.4	38.8	28.5	15.0	5.3
2022	I	6,040.6	839.3	2,270.2	1,633.9	942.8	354.5	100.0	13.9	37.6	27.0	15.6	5.9
	II	6,104.9	842.0	2,267.9	1,702.6	959.7	332.6	100.0	13.8	37.1	27.9	15.7	5.4
	III	6,139.1	908.7	2,226.9	1,670.7	966.8	366.0	100.0	14.8	36.3	27.2	15.7	6.0
	IV	6,178.7	834.5	2,242.5	1,777.8	942.3	381.5	100.0	13.5	36.3	28.8	15.3	6.2
2023	I	6,221.2	807.9	2,359.2	1,694.6	1,001.3	358.2	100.0	13.0	37.9	27.2	16.1	5.8
	II	6,244.5	826.6	2,328.7	1,702.0	1,029.5	357.6	100.0	13.2	37.3	27.3	16.5	5.7
	III	6,282.5	833.6	2,346.9	1,684.2	1,018.0	399.8	100.0	13.3	37.4	26.8	16.2	6.4
	IV	6,317.3	888.6	2,286.5	1,670.3	1,059.4	412.4	100.0	14.1	36.2	26.4	16.8	6.5
2024	I ^r	6,056.5	801.2	2,064.0	1,786.6	1,057.0	347.7	100.0	13.2	34.1	29.5	17.5	5.7
	II ^r	6,075.4	766.5	2,004.2	1,988.8	1,035.9	280.0	100.0	12.6	33.0	32.7	17.1	4.6
	III ^r	6,153.3	724.0	1,981.1	1,929.9	1,103.6	414.6	100.0	11.8	32.2	31.4	17.9	6.7
	IV ^r	6,137.8	784.7	1,977.4	1,871.9	1,068.0	435.9	100.0	12.8	32.2	30.5	17.4	7.1
2025	I ^r	6,165.6	1,075.2	1,922.2	1,833.8	1,008.0	326.4	100.0	17.4	31.2	29.7	16.3	5.3
	II ^r	6,167.3	981.0	1,999.9	1,762.6	1,099.8	324.1	100.0	15.9	32.4	28.6	17.8	5.3
	III ^r	6,188.4	1,014.9	1,911.8	1,774.6	1,138.6	348.5	100.0	16.4	30.9	28.7	18.4	5.6
	IV ^r	6,223.9	1,053.9	1,873.5	1,724.9	1,170.9	400.7	100.0	16.9	30.1	27.7	18.8	6.4
2026	I	6,251.4	1,073.0	1,878.4	1,730.1	1,104.8	465.1	100.0	17.2	30.0	27.7	17.7	7.4

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Jadual 9 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026
Table 9 : Employed persons by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Jumlah / Total											
2020	I	15,243.5	423.3	1,759.9	8,532.5	4,527.8	100.0	2.8	11.5	56.0	29.7
	II	14,883.7	413.9	1,556.0	8,326.5	4,587.3	100.0	2.8	10.5	55.9	30.8
	III	15,095.6	354.5	1,582.5	8,367.0	4,791.7	100.0	2.3	10.5	55.4	31.7
	IV	15,161.6	339.8	1,576.1	8,194.9	5,050.9	100.0	2.2	10.4	54.1	33.3
2021	I	15,236.5	417.6	1,567.8	8,239.7	5,011.4	100.0	2.7	10.3	54.1	32.9
	II	15,207.3	546.5	1,473.3	8,271.9	4,915.6	100.0	3.6	9.7	54.4	32.3
	III	15,274.8	582.8	1,300.3	8,419.7	4,971.9	100.0	3.8	8.5	55.1	32.5
	IV	15,440.7	549.3	1,351.3	8,633.9	4,906.2	100.0	3.6	8.8	55.9	31.8
2022	I	15,574.9	517.4	1,416.4	8,736.2	4,904.8	100.0	3.3	9.1	56.1	31.5
	II	15,701.2	470.6	1,430.4	8,901.5	4,898.7	100.0	3.0	9.1	56.7	31.2
	III	15,831.1	485.5	1,392.9	8,957.7	4,995.0	100.0	3.1	8.8	56.6	31.6
	IV	15,941.7	420.5	1,395.8	9,062.6	5,062.8	100.0	2.6	8.8	56.8	31.8
2023	I	16,062.0	436.6	1,439.9	9,091.8	5,093.7	100.0	2.7	9.0	56.6	31.7
	II	16,146.1	474.2	1,397.5	9,156.3	5,117.9	100.0	2.9	8.7	56.7	31.7
	III	16,250.9	404.0	1,289.2	9,408.0	5,149.6	100.0	2.5	7.9	57.9	31.7
	IV	16,346.7	404.8	1,353.8	9,405.6	5,182.6	100.0	2.5	8.3	57.5	31.7
2024	I ^r	16,258.5	424.9	1,384.7	9,145.9	5,303.0	100.0	2.6	8.5	56.3	32.6
	II ^r	16,408.2	420.1	1,459.3	9,213.8	5,314.9	100.0	2.6	8.9	56.2	32.4
	III ^r	16,503.4	376.9	1,502.2	9,221.4	5,402.8	100.0	2.3	9.1	55.9	32.7
	IV ^r	16,530.7	392.8	1,455.3	9,222.9	5,459.7	100.0	2.4	8.8	55.8	33.0
2025	I ^r	16,564.1	402.0	1,457.8	9,237.3	5,466.9	100.0	2.4	8.8	55.8	33.0
	II ^r	16,586.9	407.9	1,438.3	9,264.4	5,476.3	100.0	2.5	8.7	55.9	33.0
	III ^r	16,622.8	352.0	1,440.0	9,404.9	5,425.9	100.0	2.1	8.7	56.6	32.6
	IV ^r	16,677.1	335.3	1,421.2	9,447.1	5,473.6	100.0	2.0	8.5	56.6	32.8
2026	I	16,725.6	332.5	1,432.1	9,467.5	5,493.5	100.0	2.0	8.6	56.6	32.8

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Jadual 9 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 9 : Employed persons by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Lelaki / Male											
2020	I	9,294.5	243.4	1,177.6	5,542.7	2,330.8	100.0	2.6	12.7	59.6	25.1
	II	9,129.1	228.3	1,058.4	5,457.0	2,385.4	100.0	2.5	11.6	59.8	26.1
	III	9,229.8	196.6	1,059.0	5,423.9	2,550.3	100.0	2.1	11.5	58.8	27.6
	IV	9,273.1	233.2	1,116.0	5,332.6	2,591.3	100.0	2.5	12.0	57.5	27.9
2021	I	9,314.1	272.0	1,140.6	5,479.1	2,422.4	100.0	2.9	12.2	58.8	26.0
	II	9,285.0	378.8	1,082.4	5,388.5	2,435.3	100.0	4.1	11.7	58.0	26.2
	III	9,335.9	431.6	952.8	5,277.8	2,673.7	100.0	4.6	10.2	56.5	28.6
	IV	9,444.3	342.7	988.1	5,645.0	2,468.5	100.0	3.6	10.5	59.8	26.1
2022	I	9,534.2	325.2	1,030.8	5,657.9	2,520.3	100.0	3.4	10.8	59.3	26.4
	II	9,596.3	244.7	1,001.7	5,753.3	2,596.7	100.0	2.5	10.4	60.0	27.1
	III	9,692.0	293.9	985.4	5,986.7	2,425.9	100.0	3.0	10.2	61.8	25.0
	IV	9,763.0	281.7	1,028.1	5,854.6	2,598.7	100.0	2.9	10.5	60.0	26.6
2023	I	9,840.8	246.3	985.9	5,885.2	2,723.4	100.0	2.5	10.0	59.8	27.7
	II	9,901.6	321.1	987.9	5,927.4	2,665.3	100.0	3.2	10.0	59.9	26.9
	III	9,968.4	257.0	909.0	6,274.7	2,527.7	100.0	2.6	9.1	62.9	25.4
	IV	10,029.4	267.4	920.6	6,240.8	2,600.6	100.0	2.7	9.2	62.2	25.9
2024	I ^r	10,202.0	262.1	1,011.9	6,142.8	2,785.1	100.0	2.6	9.9	60.2	27.3
	II ^r	10,332.7	310.1	1,119.9	6,178.4	2,724.4	100.0	3.0	10.8	59.8	26.4
	III ^r	10,350.1	249.3	1,117.2	6,131.0	2,852.4	100.0	2.4	10.8	59.2	27.6
	IV ^r	10,392.9	238.9	1,082.0	6,171.9	2,900.0	100.0	2.3	10.4	59.4	27.9
2025	I ^r	10,398.5	320.7	1,163.4	6,081.1	2,833.3	100.0	3.1	11.2	58.5	27.2
	II ^r	10,419.6	339.3	1,193.1	6,029.7	2,857.5	100.0	3.3	11.5	57.9	27.4
	III ^r	10,434.4	274.2	1,174.1	6,213.5	2,772.7	100.0	2.6	11.3	59.5	26.6
	IV ^r	10,453.2	254.6	1,066.4	6,267.2	2,864.9	100.0	2.4	10.2	60.0	27.4
2026	I	10,474.2	240.9	1,124.6	6,238.4	2,870.4	100.0	2.3	10.7	59.6	27.4

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 9 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut pencapaian pendidikan dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)
Table 9 : Employed persons by educational attainment and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Pencapaian pendidikan / Educational attainment									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Komposisi / Share (%)				
		Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Firstary	Tertiari Secondary	Jumlah Total	Tiada pendidikan rasmi No formal education	Rendah Primary	Menengah Secondary	Tertiari Tertiary
Perempuan / Female											
2020	I	5,949.0	180.0	582.3	2,989.7	2,197.0	100.0	3.0	9.8	50.3	36.9
	II	5,754.7	185.6	497.6	2,869.5	2,201.9	100.0	3.2	8.6	49.9	38.3
	III	5,865.8	157.8	523.5	2,943.1	2,241.4	100.0	2.7	8.9	50.2	38.2
	IV	5,888.6	106.6	460.1	2,862.3	2,459.6	100.0	1.8	7.8	48.6	41.8
2021	I	5,922.4	145.6	427.2	2,760.6	2,589.0	100.0	2.5	7.2	46.6	43.7
	II	5,922.3	167.7	390.8	2,883.5	2,480.3	100.0	2.8	6.6	48.7	41.9
	III	5,938.9	151.2	347.5	3,142.0	2,298.3	100.0	2.5	5.9	52.9	38.7
	IV	5,996.3	206.6	363.2	2,988.9	2,437.6	100.0	3.4	6.1	49.8	40.7
2022	I	6,040.6	192.2	385.5	3,078.3	2,384.6	100.0	3.2	6.4	51.0	39.5
	II	6,104.9	225.9	428.8	3,148.3	2,302.0	100.0	3.7	7.0	51.6	37.7
	III	6,139.1	191.6	407.5	2,971.0	2,569.1	100.0	3.1	6.6	48.4	41.8
	IV	6,178.7	138.7	367.7	3,208.0	2,464.2	100.0	2.2	6.0	51.9	39.9
2023	I	6,221.2	190.3	454.0	3,206.7	2,370.3	100.0	3.1	7.3	51.5	38.1
	II	6,244.5	153.2	409.7	3,229.0	2,452.7	100.0	2.5	6.6	51.7	39.3
	III	6,282.5	147.0	380.2	3,133.4	2,622.0	100.0	2.3	6.1	49.9	41.7
	IV	6,317.3	137.3	433.2	3,164.8	2,582.0	100.0	2.2	6.9	50.1	40.9
2024	I ^r	6,056.5	162.7	372.8	3,003.1	2,517.9	100.0	2.7	6.2	49.6	41.6
	II ^r	6,075.4	110.0	339.4	3,035.4	2,590.6	100.0	1.8	5.6	50.0	42.6
	III ^r	6,153.3	127.6	385.0	3,090.4	2,550.4	100.0	2.1	6.3	50.2	41.4
	IV ^r	6,137.8	153.9	373.3	3,051.0	2,559.6	100.0	2.5	6.1	49.7	41.7
2025	I ^r	6,165.6	81.3	294.4	3,156.3	2,633.7	100.0	1.3	4.8	51.2	42.7
	II ^r	6,167.3	68.6	245.2	3,234.7	2,618.8	100.0	1.1	4.0	52.4	42.5
	III ^r	6,188.4	77.8	265.9	3,191.4	2,653.2	100.0	1.3	4.3	51.6	42.9
	IV ^r	6,223.9	80.7	354.7	3,179.8	2,608.7	100.0	1.3	5.7	51.1	41.9
2026	I	6,251.4	91.6	307.6	3,229.1	2,623.1	100.0	1.5	4.9	51.7	42.0

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 10 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 10 : Employed persons by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	15,243.5	12,986.9	8,617.8	3,303.2	954.4	111.5	2,256.6
	II	14,883.7	12,636.2	8,356.4	3,242.5	934.7	102.5	2,247.5
	III	15,095.6	12,841.6	8,528.3	3,288.2	932.7	92.3	2,254.1
	IV	15,161.6	13,065.0	8,649.1	3,306.3	1,004.0	105.6	2,096.6
2021	I	15,236.5	13,085.2	8,610.9	3,334.4	1,047.0	92.8	2,151.3
	II	15,207.3	13,022.6	8,785.7	3,274.9	899.0	62.9	2,184.7
	III	15,274.8	13,105.8	8,852.0	3,199.3	964.4	90.2	2,169.0
	IV	15,440.7	13,351.0	8,880.5	3,328.2	1,003.4	138.8	2,089.6
2022	I	15,574.9	13,468.2	8,999.9	3,368.4	997.2	102.8	2,106.7
	II	15,701.2	13,575.9	9,047.8	3,423.1	974.1	131.0	2,125.3
	III	15,831.1	13,676.9	9,093.1	3,429.2	1,023.3	131.3	2,154.2
	IV	15,941.7	13,783.9	9,147.9	3,462.3	1,048.6	125.2	2,157.8
2023	I	16,062.0	13,883.8	9,233.7	3,468.1	1,039.2	142.8	2,178.2
	II	16,146.1	13,958.8	9,349.5	3,466.6	1,020.5	122.2	2,187.3
	III	16,250.9	14,040.4	9,433.4	3,470.3	1,017.9	118.8	2,210.4
	IV	16,346.7	14,123.4	9,477.4	3,474.7	1,031.7	139.6	2,223.2
2024	I ^r	16,258.5	13,990.9	9,559.3	3,411.5	939.8	80.3	2,267.6
	II ^r	16,408.2	14,003.5	9,593.3	3,394.4	938.3	77.5	2,404.6
	III ^r	16,503.4	14,016.9	9,604.1	3,376.5	947.2	89.2	2,486.5
	IV ^r	16,530.7	14,133.1	9,658.1	3,422.0	966.4	86.6	2,397.5
2025	I ^r	16,564.1	14,256.8	9,716.4	3,452.6	986.2	101.7	2,307.3
	II ^r	16,586.9	14,400.9	9,803.4	3,501.9	997.0	98.6	2,186.0
	III ^r	16,622.8	14,460.2	9,822.9	3,515.4	1,016.3	105.7	2,162.5
	IV ^r	16,677.1	14,511.2	9,857.2	3,527.7	1,023.7	102.6	2,166.0
2026	I	16,725.6	14,582.7	9,904.6	3,542.2	1,031.9	103.9	2,142.9

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 10 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 10 : Employed persons by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Malaysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indian	Lain - lain Others	
Komposisi / Share (%)								
2020	I	100.0	85.2	56.5	21.7	6.3	0.7	14.8
	II	100.0	84.9	56.1	21.8	6.3	0.7	15.1
	III	100.0	85.1	56.5	21.8	6.2	0.6	14.9
	IV	100.0	86.2	57.0	21.8	6.6	0.7	13.8
2021	I	100.0	85.9	56.5	21.9	6.9	0.6	14.1
	II	100.0	85.6	57.8	21.5	5.9	0.4	14.4
	III	100.0	85.8	58.0	20.9	6.3	0.6	14.2
	IV	100.0	86.5	57.5	21.6	6.5	0.9	13.5
2022	I	100.0	86.5	57.8	21.6	6.4	0.7	13.5
	II	100.0	86.5	57.6	21.8	6.2	0.8	13.5
	III	100.0	86.4	57.4	21.7	6.5	0.8	13.6
	IV	100.0	86.5	57.4	21.7	6.6	0.8	13.5
2023	I	100.0	86.4	57.5	21.6	6.5	0.9	13.6
	II	100.0	86.5	57.9	21.5	6.3	0.8	13.5
	III	100.0	86.4	58.0	21.4	6.3	0.7	13.6
	IV	100.0	86.4	58.0	21.3	6.3	0.9	13.6
2024	I ^r	100.0	86.1	58.8	21.0	5.8	0.5	13.9
	II ^r	100.0	85.3	58.5	20.7	5.7	0.5	14.7
	III ^r	100.0	84.9	58.2	20.5	5.7	0.5	15.1
	IV ^r	100.0	85.5	58.4	20.7	5.8	0.5	14.5
2025	I ^r	100.0	86.1	58.7	20.8	6.0	0.6	13.9
	II ^r	100.0	86.8	59.1	21.1	6.0	0.6	13.2
	III ^r	100.0	87.0	59.1	21.1	6.1	0.6	13.0
	IV ^r	100.0	87.0	59.1	21.2	6.1	0.6	13.0
2026	I	100.0	87.2	59.2	21.2	6.2	0.6	12.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 11 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 11 : Employed persons by occupation, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Pekerjaan / Occupation								
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Orang / Person ('000)											
2020	I	15,243.5	683.0	1,958.6	1,614.1	1,371.6	3,572.1	945.4	1,385.8	1,772.2	1,940.5
	II	14,883.7	774.8	1,923.9	1,564.2	1,318.8	3,530.9	921.3	1,384.0	1,641.2	1,824.7
	III	15,095.6	752.0	1,910.5	1,732.4	1,302.4	3,513.5	872.6	1,426.1	1,713.7	1,872.4
	IV	15,161.6	845.8	1,937.6	1,775.1	1,322.5	3,536.7	900.0	1,302.7	1,799.3	1,742.0
2021	I	15,236.5	811.2	2,179.4	1,879.3	1,507.8	3,499.4	788.9	1,221.8	1,617.9	1,730.9
	II	15,207.3	631.2	2,013.0	1,705.7	1,641.6	3,737.5	719.0	1,304.9	1,649.5	1,804.8
	III	15,274.8	594.1	1,967.0	1,695.6	1,704.6	3,822.8	695.1	1,284.8	1,637.1	1,873.8
	IV	15,440.7	610.1	1,978.0	1,707.5	1,728.4	3,920.8	666.9	1,285.7	1,641.4	1,901.6
2022	I	15,524.4	594.1	1,992.0	1,717.8	1,738.6	3,975.5	641.5	1,290.2	1,645.1	1,929.7
	II	15,701.2	635.6	2,023.0	1,728.2	1,755.5	4,042.5	627.8	1,296.3	1,648.6	1,943.7
	III	15,831.1	642.6	2,046.2	1,737.3	1,762.2	4,061.7	626.7	1,305.8	1,666.1	1,982.4
	IV	15,941.7	648.1	2,057.9	1,745.1	1,769.8	4,079.2	628.1	1,312.9	1,683.2	2,017.5
2023	I	16,062.0	655.0	2,078.8	1,753.1	1,774.3	4,094.1	641.5	1,318.0	1,689.7	2,057.5
	II	16,146.1	659.5	2,090.0	1,762.9	1,781.2	4,103.5	645.8	1,326.1	1,698.2	2,079.0
	III	16,250.9	663.3	2,099.6	1,770.2	1,789.5	4,135.5	650.9	1,329.0	1,698.3	2,114.6
	IV	16,346.7	669.3	2,105.7	1,778.4	1,793.4	4,162.9	650.5	1,334.7	1,706.3	2,145.3
2024	I ^r	16,258.5	800.8	2,217.9	1,944.5	1,595.8	3,871.3	699.9	1,416.0	1,643.6	2,068.7
	II ^r	16,408.2	803.4	2,225.2	1,954.7	1,600.9	3,883.8	701.4	1,448.1	1,689.3	2,101.4
	III ^r	16,503.4	808.4	2,229.1	1,964.5	1,614.4	3,916.2	702.8	1,453.2	1,698.1	2,116.6
	IV ^r	16,530.7	811.2	2,233.5	1,966.5	1,619.4	3,919.4	704.5	1,456.3	1,700.9	2,119.0
2025	I ^r	16,564.1	813.6	2,237.1	1,972.5	1,624.1	3,922.8	705.8	1,458.7	1,706.0	2,123.5
	II ^r	16,586.9	816.7	2,239.8	1,975.3	1,628.1	3,925.0	707.8	1,460.5	1,708.4	2,125.4
	III ^r	16,622.8	820.0	2,243.4	1,979.0	1,635.1	3,928.9	710.5	1,461.7	1,711.0	2,133.3
	IV ^r	16,677.1	830.5	2,263.5	1,981.2	1,644.9	3,931.2	713.7	1,464.5	1,712.3	2,135.3
2026	I	16,725.6	835.1	2,280.9	1,981.4	1,646.7	3,943.1	714.7	1,465.8	1,718.9	2,139.1

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Pekerjaan berasaskan MASCO 2020. Keterangan terperinci di muka surat 108 di nota teknikal
Occupation based on MASCO 2020. Details description as in page 117 of the technical notes

Jadual 11 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 11 : Employed persons by occupation, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Pekerjaan / Occupation								
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Komposisi / Share (%)											
2020	I	100.0	4.5	12.8	10.6	9.0	23.4	6.2	9.1	11.6	12.7
	II	100.0	5.2	12.9	10.5	8.9	23.7	6.2	9.3	11.0	12.3
	III	100.0	5.0	12.7	11.5	8.6	23.3	5.8	9.4	11.4	12.4
	IV	100.0	5.6	12.8	11.7	8.7	23.3	5.9	8.6	11.9	11.5
2021	I	100.0	5.3	14.3	12.3	9.9	23.0	5.2	8.0	10.6	11.4
	II	100.0	4.2	13.2	11.2	10.8	24.6	4.7	8.6	10.8	11.9
	III	100.0	3.9	12.9	11.1	11.2	25.0	4.6	8.4	10.7	12.3
	IV	100.0	4.0	12.8	11.1	11.2	25.4	4.3	8.3	10.6	12.3
2022	I	100.0	3.8	12.8	11.1	11.2	25.6	4.1	8.3	10.6	12.4
	II	100.0	4.0	12.9	11.0	11.2	25.7	4.0	8.3	10.5	12.4
	III	100.0	4.1	12.9	11.0	11.1	25.7	4.0	8.2	10.5	12.5
	IV	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.1	25.6	3.9	8.2	10.6	12.7
2023	I	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.5	4.0	8.2	10.5	12.8
	II	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.4	4.0	8.2	10.5	12.9
	III	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.4	4.0	8.2	10.5	13.0
	IV	100.0	4.1	12.9	10.9	11.0	25.5	4.0	8.2	10.4	13.1
2024	I ^r	100.0	4.9	13.6	12.0	9.8	23.8	4.3	8.7	10.1	12.7
	II ^r	100.0	4.9	13.6	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	III ^r	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	IV ^r	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
2025	I ^r	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	II ^r	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.7	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	III ^r	100.0	4.9	13.5	11.9	9.8	23.6	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
	IV ^r	100.0	5.0	13.6	11.9	9.9	23.6	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8
2026	I	100.0	5.0	13.6	11.8	9.8	23.6	4.3	8.8	10.3	12.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Pekerjaan berasaskan MASCO 2020. Keterangan terperinci di muka surat 108 di nota teknikal
Occupation based on MASCO 2020. Details description as in page 117 of the technical notes

Jadual 12 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut taraf pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 12 : Employed persons by status in employment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Majikan Employer	Pekerja Employee	Bekerja sendiri Own account worker	Pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji Unpaid family worker
Orang / Person ('000)						
2020	I	15,243.5	585.1	11,378.2	2,658.8	621.4
	II	14,883.7	499.6	11,270.4	2,516.3	597.4
	III	15,095.6	451.4	11,526.7	2,533.3	584.3
	IV	15,161.6	485.1	11,703.8	2,439.5	533.3
2021	I	15,236.5	491.4	11,677.1	2,534.0	534.1
	II	15,207.3	460.0	11,610.5	2,611.8	525.0
	III	15,274.8	476.8	11,692.7	2,581.5	523.8
	IV	15,440.7	486.9	11,772.3	2,651.5	529.9
2022	I	15,574.9	529.1	11,822.1	2,708.4	515.3
	II	15,701.2	558.5	11,873.6	2,772.9	496.3
	III	15,831.1	568.7	11,934.4	2,836.1	491.8
	IV	15,941.7	571.8	12,001.9	2,878.2	489.8
2023	I	16,062.0	581.7	12,056.5	2,935.9	487.9
	II	16,146.1	585.2	12,102.0	2,968.6	490.3
	III	16,250.9	586.1	12,190.1	2,982.8	491.9
	IV	16,346.7	588.6	12,265.5	2,998.9	493.7
2024	I ^r	16,258.5	563.9	12,510.4	2,757.1	427.1
	II ^r	16,408.2	592.1	12,579.3	2,802.7	434.1
	III ^r	16,503.4	621.3	12,636.7	2,819.6	425.7
	IV ^r	16,530.7	633.5	12,660.7	2,825.5	410.9
2025	I ^r	16,564.1	630.4	12,673.5	2,844.9	415.3
	II ^r	16,586.9	635.5	12,688.2	2,852.7	410.5
	III ^r	16,622.8	641.9	12,703.9	2,876.6	400.3
	IV ^r	16,677.1	635.6	12,738.1	2,903.6	399.9
2026	I	16,725.6	637.8	12,762.2	2,917.7	407.9

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 12 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut taraf pekerjaan, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 12 : Employed persons by status in employment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Majikan Employer	Pekerja Employee	Bekerja sendiri Own account worker	Pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji Unpaid family worker
Komposisi / Share (%)						
2020	I	100.0	3.3	74.6	17.4	4.1
	II	100.0	3.4	75.7	16.9	4.0
	III	100.0	3.0	76.4	16.8	3.9
	IV	100.0	3.2	77.2	16.1	3.5
2021	I	100.0	3.2	76.6	16.6	3.5
	II	100.0	3.0	76.3	17.2	3.5
	III	100.0	3.1	76.5	16.9	3.4
	IV	100.0	3.6	75.3	18.1	3.1
2022	I	100.0	3.4	75.9	17.4	3.3
	II	100.0	3.6	75.6	17.7	3.2
	III	100.0	3.6	75.4	17.9	3.1
	IV	100.0	3.6	75.3	18.1	3.1
2023	I	100.0	3.6	75.1	18.3	3.0
	II	100.0	3.6	75.0	18.4	3.0
	III	100.0	3.6	75.0	18.4	3.0
	IV	100.0	3.6	75.0	18.3	3.0
2024	I ^r	100.0	3.5	76.9	17.0	2.6
	II ^r	100.0	3.6	76.7	17.1	2.6
	III ^r	100.0	3.8	76.6	17.1	2.6
	IV ^r	100.0	3.8	76.6	17.1	2.5
2025	I ^r	100.0	3.8	76.5	17.2	2.5
	II ^r	100.0	3.8	76.5	17.2	2.5
	III ^r	100.0	3.9	76.4	17.3	2.4
	IV ^r	100.0	3.8	76.4	17.4	2.4
2026	I	100.0	3.8	76.3	17.4	2.4

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 13 : Pengangguran mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026
Table 13 : Unemployment by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Penganggur / Unemployed Persons			Kadar pengangguran / Unemployment rate		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
2020	I	546.6	331.0	215.7	3.5	3.4	3.5
	II	791.8	453.9	337.9	5.1	4.7	5.5
	III	745.0	459.5	285.5	4.7	4.7	4.6
	IV	760.7	465.3	295.3	4.8	4.8	4.8
2021	I	771.8	464.8	307.0	4.8	4.8	4.9
	II	764.9	444.1	320.8	4.8	4.6	5.1
	III	746.2	436.7	309.5	4.7	4.5	5.0
	IV	694.4	414.1	280.2	4.3	4.2	4.5
2022	I	671.2	395.0	276.2	4.1	4.0	4.4
	II	642.0	383.3	258.8	3.9	3.8	4.1
	III	611.8	365.7	246.2	3.7	3.6	3.9
	IV	600.5	355.8	244.7	3.6	3.5	3.8
2023	I	586.9	345.5	241.3	3.5	3.4	3.7
	II	581.4	339.1	242.2	3.5	3.3	3.7
	III	573.1	331.8	241.2	3.4	3.2	3.7
	IV	565.0	326.0	239.0	3.3	3.1	3.6
2024	I ^r	551.6	323.8	227.8	3.3	3.1	3.6
	II ^r	548.3	323.9	224.4	3.2	3.0	3.6
	III ^r	542.2	324.7	217.5	3.2	3.0	3.4
	IV ^r	530.6	316.2	214.4	3.1	3.0	3.4
2025	I ^r	522.5	312.9	209.7	3.1	2.9	3.3
	II ^r	517.8	308.9	208.9	3.0	2.9	3.3
	III ^r	513.6	306.1	207.5	3.0	2.8	3.2
	IV ^r	508.3	302.3	206.0	3.0	2.8	3.2
2026	I	506.5	301.7	204.7	2.9	2.8	3.2

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 14 : Pengangguran mengikut strata, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 14 : Unemployment by strata, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Penganggur / Unemployed Persons			Kadar pengangguran / Unemployment rate		
		Jumlah Total	Bandar Urban	Luar bandar Rural	Jumlah Total	Bandar Urban	Luar bandar Rural
		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
2020	I	546.6	428.4	118.2	3.5	3.4	3.8
	II	791.8	644.2	147.6	5.1	5.2	4.6
	III	745.0	569.5	175.5	4.7	4.5	5.5
	IV	760.7	628.0	132.7	4.8	4.9	4.1
2021	I	771.8	647.0	124.9	4.8	5.0	4.1
	II	764.9	612.2	152.7	4.8	4.8	4.7
	III	746.2	577.6	168.6	4.7	4.5	5.3
	IV	694.4	557.2	137.2	4.3	4.3	4.3
2022	I	671.2	521.6	149.6	4.1	4.0	4.9
	II	642.0	480.9	161.1	3.9	3.6	5.1
	III	611.8	467.6	144.2	3.7	3.5	4.6
	IV	600.5	458.5	142.0	3.6	3.4	4.4
2023	I	586.9	466.4	120.4	3.5	3.4	3.9
	II	581.4	453.3	128.1	3.5	3.3	4.3
	III	573.1	447.8	125.3	3.4	3.2	4.2
	IV	565.0	435.1	129.9	3.3	3.1	4.3
2024	I ^r	551.6	388.7	162.9	3.3	3.0	4.3
	II ^r	548.3	391.3	157.0	3.2	3.0	4.1
	III ^r	542.2	389.1	153.0	3.2	3.0	4.0
	IV ^r	530.6	381.0	149.5	3.1	2.9	4.0
2025	I ^r	522.5	378.0	144.5	3.1	2.9	3.8
	II ^r	517.8	382.9	134.9	3.0	2.9	3.5
	III ^r	513.6	381.3	132.3	3.0	2.9	3.5
	IV ^r	508.3	379.0	129.3	3.0	2.8	3.5
2026	I	506.5	364.9	141.5	2.9	2.7	3.7

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 15 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 15 : Unemployment by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Penganggur / Unemployed Persons								
Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Warganegara Malaysia / Malaysian citizens					Bukan warganegara Mala ysia Non-Malaysian citizens
			Jumlah Total	Bumiputera	Cina Chinese	India Indians	Lain-lain Others	
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	546.6	480.0	341.0	82.2	47.6	9.2	66.7
	II	791.8	685.8	461.8	144.7	71.3	8.0	106.0
	III	745.0	640.2	397.8	172.5	59.6	10.2	104.8
	IV	760.7	654.8	428.0	148.1	63.8	14.8	105.9
2021	I	771.8	663.6	446.5	157.6	52.4	7.1	108.3
	II	764.9	655.8	457.7	140.0	54.0	4.2	109.1
	III	746.2	639.5	450.5	121.9	64.2	2.9	106.7
	IV	694.4	590.8	416.5	125.0	45.0	4.3	103.6
2022	I	671.2	569.8	369.7	147.3	45.3	7.5	101.4
	II	642.0	543.5	387.3	120.1	32.7	3.4	98.5
	III	611.8	518.1	385.7	96.7	29.5	6.2	93.7
	IV	600.5	512.2	363.4	95.5	45.4	7.9	88.3
2023	I	586.9	503.7	365.4	99.4	36.3	2.6	83.1
	II	581.4	498.8	372.6	82.5	39.7	4.0	82.6
	III	573.1	491.9	347.5	86.7	48.9	8.8	81.2
	IV	565.0	482.1	344.3	79.5	43.8	14.5	83.0
2024	I ^r	551.6	479.1	357.7	73.5	44.8	3.2	72.5
	II ^r	548.3	479.8	354.8	74.6	43.0	7.4	68.5
	III ^r	542.2	473.1	348.1	75.7	40.6	8.8	69.0
	IV ^r	530.6	468.4	349.0	71.6	40.2	7.6	62.2
2025	I ^r	522.5	462.0	349.0	68.7	39.6	4.8	60.5
	II ^r	517.8	462.2	341.9	73.5	41.7	5.0	55.6
	III ^r	513.6	475.6	351.2	79.1	40.4	4.9	37.9
	IV ^r	508.3	474.0	353.2	77.4	39.9	3.5	34.3
2026	I	506.5	475.4	357.9	74.7	40.0	2.8	31.1

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 15 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan etnik, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 15 : Unemployment by ethnic group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Kadar pengangguran / <i>Unemployment rate</i>								
Tahun <i>Year</i>		Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Warganegara Malaysia / <i>Malaysian citizens</i>					Bukan warganegara Malaysia <i>Non-Malaysian citizens</i>
			Jumlah <i>Total</i>	Bumiputera	Cina <i>Chinese</i>	India <i>Indians</i>	Lain-lain <i>Others</i>	
Kadar / <i>Rate (%)</i>								
2020	I	3.5	3.6	3.8	2.4	4.8	7.6	2.9
	II	5.1	5.1	5.2	4.3	7.1	7.2	4.5
	III	4.7	4.7	4.5	5.0	6.0	10.0	4.4
	IV	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.3	6.0	12.3	4.8
2021	I	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.8	7.1	4.8
	II	4.8	4.8	5.0	4.1	5.7	6.2	4.8
	III	4.7	4.7	4.8	3.7	6.2	3.1	4.7
	IV	4.3	4.2	4.5	3.6	4.3	3.0	4.7
2022	I	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.3	6.8	4.6
	II	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.4	3.2	2.5	4.4
	III	3.7	3.7	4.1	2.7	2.8	4.5	4.2
	IV	3.6	3.6	3.8	2.7	4.1	5.9	3.9
2023	I	3.5	3.5	3.8	2.8	3.4	1.8	3.7
	II	3.5	3.5	3.8	2.3	3.7	3.2	3.6
	III	3.4	3.4	3.6	2.4	4.6	6.9	3.5
	IV	3.3	3.3	3.5	2.2	4.1	9.4	3.6
2024	I ^r	3.3	3.3	3.6	2.1	4.5	3.8	3.1
	II ^r	3.2	3.3	3.6	2.2	4.4	8.7	2.8
	III ^r	3.2	3.3	3.5	2.2	4.1	9.0	2.7
	IV ^r	3.1	3.2	3.5	2.1	4.0	8.1	2.5
2025	I ^r	3.1	3.1	3.5	1.9	3.9	4.5	2.6
	II ^r	3.0	3.1	3.4	2.1	4.0	4.8	2.5
	III ^r	3.0	3.2	3.5	2.2	3.8	4.4	1.7
	IV ^r	3.0	3.2	3.5	2.1	3.8	3.3	1.6
2026	I	2.9	3.2	3.5	2.1	3.7	2.6	1.4

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 16 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 16 : Unemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Penganggur / <i>Unemployed Persons</i>					
		Jumlah Total	Kumpulan umur / <i>Age group</i>				
			15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Orang / <i>Person</i> ('000)							
2020	I	546.6	291.4	165.3	45.5	34.6	9.9
	II	791.8	326.7	274.3	86.0	67.7	37.2
	III	745.0	322.3	233.7	80.7	46.9	61.4
	IV	760.7	330.8	256.6	76.2	52.1	45.0
2021	I	771.8	317.4	231.0	104.3	58.5	60.7
	II	764.9	283.1	263.3	75.0	82.2	61.3
	III	746.2	304.1	245.3	73.4	70.3	53.1
	IV	694.4	313.1	244.5	80.2	42.5	14.1
2022	I	671.2	303.2	234.6	67.1	46.3	20.2
	II	642.0	303.4	219.2	54.3	46.6	18.5
	III	611.8	301.3	206.1	51.4	36.2	16.9
	IV	600.5	299.4	191.1	59.9	26.4	23.7
2023	I	586.9	288.4	160.4	89.7	30.6	17.8
	II	581.4	305.7	165.7	56.5	29.3	24.1
	III	573.1	295.1	149.2	52.8	37.7	38.3
	IV	565.0	294.4	155.6	42.0	38.6	34.4
2024	I ^r	551.6	268.9	118.6	67.0	47.5	49.5
	II ^r	548.3	271.5	115.0	76.5	43.7	41.5
	III ^r	542.2	268.7	123.4	67.5	45.0	37.7
	IV ^r	530.6	274.4	112.5	50.0	50.3	43.3
2025	I ^r	522.5	275.6	118.1	40.1	38.2	50.5
	II ^r	517.8	279.7	126.7	38.5	38.7	34.2
	III ^r	513.6	280.5	131.3	39.2	35.5	27.0
	IV ^r	508.3	278.2	120.7	45.3	43.4	20.6
2026	I	506.5	279.9	128.4	47.0	32.2	18.9

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 16 : Pengangguran mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 16 : Unemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kadar pengangguran / Unemployment rate					
		Jumlah Total	Kumpulan umur / Age group				
			15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Kadar / Rate (%)							
2020	I	3.5	11.0	3.1	1.2	1.3	0.7
	II	5.1	12.5	5.2	2.3	2.6	2.8
	III	4.7	12.6	4.4	2.1	1.7	4.2
	IV	4.8	12.8	4.7	2.0	1.9	3.2
2021	I	4.8	12.1	4.4	2.6	2.2	4.5
	II	4.8	11.0	4.9	1.9	3.0	4.3
	III	4.7	11.7	4.6	1.8	2.6	4.0
	IV	4.3	11.7	4.4	2.0	1.6	1.2
2022	I	4.1	11.1	4.2	1.6	1.8	1.6
	II	3.9	11.0	3.9	1.3	1.8	1.5
	III	3.7	10.8	3.7	1.2	1.4	1.3
	IV	3.6	10.7	3.4	1.4	1.0	1.8
2023	I	3.5	10.1	2.9	2.1	1.1	1.4
	II	3.5	10.7	2.9	1.3	1.1	1.9
	III	3.4	10.3	2.6	1.3	1.4	3.0
	IV	3.3	10.1	2.7	1.0	1.4	2.6
2024	I ^r	3.3	9.8	2.3	1.4	1.6	3.8
	II ^r	3.2	9.8	2.2	1.6	1.5	3.2
	III ^r	3.2	9.7	2.4	1.4	1.5	2.7
	IV ^r	3.1	9.8	2.2	1.1	1.7	3.0
2025	I ^r	3.1	9.8	2.3	0.9	1.3	3.5
	II ^r	3.0	9.9	2.4	0.8	1.3	2.4
	III ^r	3.0	9.9	2.5	0.8	1.2	1.9
	IV ^r	3.0	9.8	2.3	1.0	1.4	1.4
2026	I	2.9	9.8	2.4	1.0	1.1	1.3

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 17 : Penganggur aktif mengikut tempoh menganggur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 17 : Actively unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Penganggur aktif / Actively unemployed persons			
			Kurang daripada 3 bulan	3 bulan hingga kurang daripada 6 bulan	6 bulan hingga kurang daripada 1 tahun	Lebih daripada 1 tahun
			Less than 3 months	3 month to less than 6 month	6 months to less than 1 year	More than 1 year
Orang / Person ('000)						
2020	I	356.9	159.0	94.7	57.7	45.5
	II	485.7	240.7	149.9	64.2	30.8
	III	592.2	294.2	152.9	92.0	53.1
	IV	634.4	285.8	193.1	88.5	67.0
2021	I	640.1	316.1	165.3	89.9	68.7
	II	663.4	385.0	143.0	71.6	63.8
	III	658.1	331.6	177.8	90.6	58.1
	IV	611.0	353.5	149.8	62.5	45.2
2022	I	593.0	353.4	141.3	58.9	39.4
	II	567.5	336.9	128.9	65.2	36.5
	III	534.0	321.0	114.7	61.0	37.3
	IV	515.4	313.5	109.3	56.7	35.9
2023	I	495.8	312.4	100.4	47.6	35.4
	II	493.4	318.1	94.9	45.7	34.7
	III	468.6	316.5	85.8	42.0	24.3
	IV	460.9	311.6	83.4	40.3	25.6
2024	I ^r	433.8	271.2	91.7	46.1	24.9
	II ^r	431.6	270.1	90.5	46.0	24.9
	III ^r	430.8	269.8	90.0	45.6	25.4
	IV ^r	422.3	269.3	85.8	44.2	22.9
2025	I ^r	421.6	268.7	85.5	43.9	23.5
	II ^r	410.6	273.0	81.1	40.8	15.7
	III ^r	407.9	270.9	81.4	41.3	14.3
	IV ^r	405.0	272.1	80.4	37.2	15.2
2026	I	404.0	271.2	81.4	37.0	14.4

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 17 : Penganggur aktif mengikut tempoh menganggur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 17 : Actively unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Penganggur aktif / Actively unemployed persons			
			Kurang daripada 3 bulan Less than 3 months	3 bulan hingga kurang daripada 6 bulan 3 month to less than 6 month	6 bulan hingga kurang daripada 1 tahun 6 months to less than 1 year	Lebih daripada 1 tahun More than 1 year
			Komposisi / Share (%)			
2020	I	100.0	44.6	26.5	16.2	12.7
	II	100.0	49.6	30.9	13.2	6.3
	III	100.0	49.7	25.8	15.5	9.0
	IV	100.0	45.1	30.4	14.0	10.6
2021	I	100.0	49.4	25.8	14.0	10.7
	II	100.0	58.0	40.1	20.1	17.9
	III	100.0	50.4	49.8	25.4	16.3
	IV	100.0	57.9	24.5	10.2	7.4
2022	I	100.0	59.6	23.8	9.9	6.6
	II	100.0	59.4	22.7	11.5	6.4
	III	100.0	60.1	21.5	11.4	7.0
	IV	100.0	60.8	21.2	11.0	7.0
2023	I	100.0	63.0	20.3	9.6	7.1
	II	100.0	64.5	19.2	9.3	7.0
	III	100.0	67.5	18.3	9.0	5.2
	IV	100.0	67.6	18.1	8.7	5.6
2024	I ^r	100.0	62.5	21.1	10.6	5.7
	II ^r	100.0	62.6	21.0	10.7	5.8
	III ^r	100.0	62.6	20.9	10.6	5.9
	IV ^r	100.0	63.8	20.3	10.5	5.4
2025	I ^r	100.0	63.7	20.3	10.4	5.6
	II ^r	100.0	66.5	19.8	9.9	3.8
	III ^r	100.0	66.4	20.0	10.1	3.5
	IV ^r	100.0	67.2	19.9	9.2	3.8
2026	I	100.0	67.1	20.1	9.2	3.6

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 18 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 18 : Population outside labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Jumlah / Total													
2020	I	7,163.1	3,467.8	873.6	746.2	798.9	1,276.7	100.0	48.4	12.2	10.4	11.2	17.8
	II	7,350.5	3,509.0	954.3	783.5	792.0	1,311.6	100.0	47.7	13.0	10.7	10.8	17.8
	III	7,324.6	3,568.7	972.1	778.8	751.8	1,253.3	100.0	48.7	13.3	10.6	10.3	17.1
	IV	7,318.4	3,513.7	922.3	783.1	796.8	1,302.4	100.0	48.0	12.6	10.7	10.9	17.8
2021	I	7,316.0	3,455.7	1,018.3	657.8	826.5	1,357.7	100.0	47.2	13.9	9.0	11.3	18.6
	II	7,424.9	3,447.4	920.2	741.6	807.8	1,507.9	100.0	46.4	12.4	10.0	10.9	20.3
	III	7,430.1	3,500.8	1,036.4	667.0	813.6	1,412.3	100.0	47.1	13.9	9.0	11.0	19.0
	IV	7,361.5	3,470.8	805.3	637.0	899.1	1,549.3	100.0	47.1	10.9	8.7	12.2	21.0
2022	I	7,289.9	3,321.4	798.1	742.0	870.7	1,557.8	100.0	45.6	10.9	10.2	11.9	21.4
	II	7,258.5	3,324.5	768.7	747.9	862.1	1,555.4	100.0	45.8	10.6	10.3	11.9	21.4
	III	7,250.6	3,321.3	822.4	719.1	878.1	1,509.7	100.0	45.8	11.3	9.9	12.1	20.8
	IV	7,246.1	3,331.2	840.5	642.0	922.3	1,510.1	100.0	46.0	11.6	8.9	12.7	20.8
2023	I	7,215.7	3,289.8	819.1	673.4	846.4	1,586.9	100.0	45.6	11.4	9.3	11.7	22.0
	II	7,180.2	3,334.7	766.1	686.5	855.8	1,537.1	100.0	46.4	10.7	9.6	11.9	21.4
	III	7,182.3	3,324.0	745.6	731.3	846.6	1,534.8	100.0	46.3	10.4	10.2	11.8	21.4
	IV	7,197.6	3,320.9	811.1	736.9	792.5	1,536.2	100.0	46.1	11.3	10.2	11.0	21.3
2024	I ^r	7,021.3	3,111.8	763.2	827.2	811.4	1,507.7	100.0	44.3	10.9	11.8	11.6	21.5
	II ^r	7,046.8	3,124.9	776.5	785.6	854.1	1,505.7	100.0	44.3	11.0	11.1	12.1	21.4
	III ^r	7,109.1	3,101.9	805.7	780.8	945.5	1,475.1	100.0	43.6	11.3	11.0	13.3	20.7
	IV ^r	7,056.2	3,054.4	814.8	830.8	936.5	1,419.7	100.0	43.3	11.5	11.8	13.3	20.1
2025	I ^r	7,046.5	3,041.9	819.7	846.3	921.0	1,417.6	100.0	43.2	11.6	12.0	13.1	20.1
	II ^r	7,038.4	3,038.6	815.9	894.3	891.6	1,398.0	100.0	43.2	11.6	12.7	12.7	19.9
	III ^r	7,047.3	3,062.9	824.9	910.7	846.2	1,402.6	100.0	43.5	11.7	12.9	12.0	19.9
	IV ^r	7,057.9	3,052.6	811.8	925.7	845.3	1,422.5	100.0	43.3	11.5	13.1	12.0	20.2
2026	I	7,075.4	3,037.3	799.8	922.3	845.9	1,470.1	100.0	42.9	11.3	13.0	12.0	20.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 18 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 18 : Population outside labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Lelaki / Male													
2020	I	2,280.7	1,604.7	149.5	58.1	90.2	378.1	100.0	70.4	6.6	2.5	4.0	16.6
	II	2,364.7	1,634.2	146.9	68.2	87.3	428.1	100.0	69.1	6.2	2.9	3.7	18.1
	III	2,342.5	1,605.9	167.1	63.9	84.6	421.1	100.0	68.6	7.1	2.7	3.6	18.0
	IV	2,325.1	1,563.4	148.7	56.2	132.9	423.9	100.0	67.2	6.4	2.4	5.7	18.2
2021	I	2,303.4	1,531.5	255.5	64.0	80.6	371.7	100.0	66.5	11.1	2.8	3.5	16.1
	II	2,314.3	1,634.7	205.3	68.9	76.0	329.4	100.0	70.6	8.9	3.0	3.3	14.2
	III	2,311.3	1,541.4	217.8	66.4	96.9	388.8	100.0	66.7	9.4	2.9	4.2	16.8
	IV	2,306.5	1,404.8	242.2	85.1	59.5	514.9	100.0	60.9	10.5	3.7	2.6	22.3
2022	I	2,252.2	1,340.6	217.3	67.7	88.6	538.0	100.0	59.5	9.6	3.0	3.9	23.9
	II	2,218.9	1,377.3	142.9	117.1	82.2	499.3	100.0	62.1	6.4	5.3	3.7	22.5
	III	2,198.3	1,386.7	180.3	57.5	87.1	486.7	100.0	63.1	8.2	2.6	4.0	22.1
	IV	2,183.6	1,336.0	158.2	86.3	109.7	493.5	100.0	61.2	7.2	4.0	5.0	22.6
2023	I	2,149.9	1,269.4	204.9	58.3	81.9	535.4	100.0	59.0	9.5	2.7	3.8	24.9
	II	2,120.7	1,331.5	130.2	51.9	118.0	489.1	100.0	62.8	6.1	2.4	5.6	23.1
	III	2,112.9	1,345.9	107.7	47.6	86.9	524.9	100.0	63.7	5.1	2.3	4.1	24.8
	IV	2,118.7	1,352.7	110.1	39.4	74.0	542.6	100.0	63.8	5.2	1.9	3.5	25.6
2024	I ^r	2,143.5	1,314.9	205.7	83.7	73.8	465.4	100.0	61.3	9.6	3.9	3.4	21.7
	II ^r	2,160.1	1,288.4	144.1	238.3	88.2	401.2	100.0	59.6	6.7	11.0	4.1	18.6
	III ^r	2,171.2	1,218.3	158.5	131.8	184.9	477.7	100.0	56.1	7.3	6.1	8.5	22.0
	IV ^r	2,155.0	1,222.7	191.4	136.8	165.4	438.7	100.0	56.7	8.9	6.3	7.7	20.4
2025	I ^r	2,141.3	1,511.7	135.1	86.6	74.2	333.6	100.0	70.6	6.3	4.0	3.5	15.6
	II ^r	2,140.5	1,409.8	218.4	70.0	135.6	306.6	100.0	65.9	10.2	3.3	6.3	14.3
	III ^r	2,141.0	1,457.4	127.5	94.1	121.9	340.0	100.0	68.1	6.0	4.4	5.7	15.9
	IV ^r	2,131.4	1,480.2	68.9	50.5	146.6	385.2	100.0	69.4	3.2	2.4	6.9	18.1
2026	I	2,163.9	1,474.6	76.3	50.5	75.1	487.4	100.0	68.1	3.5	2.3	3.5	22.5

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 18 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut kumpulan umur dan jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 18 : Population outside labour force by age group and sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Tahun Year		Kumpulan umur / Age group											
		Orang / Person ('000)						Komposisi / Share (%)					
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	24 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64
Perempuan / Female													
2020	I	4,882.5	1,863.1	724.1	688.1	708.6	898.6	100.0	38.2	14.8	14.1	14.5	18.4
	II	4,985.8	1,874.8	807.4	715.3	704.7	883.5	100.0	37.6	16.2	14.3	14.1	17.7
	III	4,982.1	1,962.8	805.0	714.9	667.2	832.2	100.0	39.4	16.2	14.3	13.4	16.7
	IV	4,993.2	1,950.2	773.7	727.0	663.9	878.5	100.0	39.1	15.5	14.6	13.3	17.6
2021	I	5,012.6	1,924.1	762.8	593.8	745.9	986.0	100.0	38.4	15.2	11.8	14.9	19.7
	II	5,110.6	1,812.7	714.9	672.7	731.8	1,178.5	100.0	35.5	14.0	13.2	14.3	23.1
	III	5,118.8	1,959.5	818.6	600.6	716.7	1,023.5	100.0	38.3	16.0	11.7	14.0	20.0
	IV	5,055.0	2,066.0	563.1	551.8	839.6	1,034.4	100.0	40.9	11.1	10.9	16.6	20.5
2022	I	5,037.7	1,980.8	580.8	674.3	782.1	1,019.7	100.0	39.3	11.5	13.4	15.5	20.2
	II	5,039.7	1,947.1	625.8	630.8	779.9	1,056.0	100.0	38.6	12.4	12.5	15.5	21.0
	III	5,052.2	1,934.6	642.0	661.6	791.0	1,023.0	100.0	38.3	12.7	13.1	15.7	20.2
	IV	5,062.5	1,995.2	682.2	555.8	812.6	1,016.7	100.0	39.4	13.5	11.0	16.1	20.1
2023	I	5,065.7	2,020.4	614.3	615.1	764.5	1,051.5	100.0	39.9	12.1	12.1	15.1	20.8
	II	5,059.5	2,003.2	635.9	634.6	737.8	1,048.0	100.0	39.6	12.6	12.5	14.6	20.7
	III	5,069.3	1,978.1	637.9	683.7	759.7	1,009.9	100.0	39.0	12.6	13.5	15.0	19.9
	IV	5,078.9	1,968.2	701.0	697.6	718.5	993.7	100.0	38.8	13.8	13.7	14.1	19.6
2024	I ^r	4,877.8	1,796.9	557.4	743.5	737.6	1,042.3	100.0	36.8	11.4	15.2	15.1	21.4
	II ^r	4,886.7	1,836.6	632.5	547.3	765.9	1,104.4	100.0	37.6	12.9	11.2	15.7	22.6
	III ^r	4,937.8	1,883.6	647.2	649.0	760.6	997.4	100.0	38.1	13.1	13.1	15.4	20.2
	IV ^r	4,901.2	1,831.7	623.4	694.0	771.1	981.0	100.0	37.4	12.7	14.2	15.7	20.0
2025	I ^r	4,905.3	1,530.2	684.6	759.7	846.8	1,084.0	100.0	31.2	14.0	15.5	17.3	22.1
	II ^r	4,897.9	1,628.8	597.5	824.3	756.0	1,091.3	100.0	33.3	12.2	16.8	15.4	22.3
	III ^r	4,906.3	1,605.5	697.4	816.6	724.3	1,062.6	100.0	32.7	14.2	16.6	14.8	21.7
	IV ^r	4,926.5	1,572.4	742.9	875.2	698.7	1,037.3	100.0	31.9	15.1	17.8	14.2	21.1
2026	I	4,911.5	1,562.7	723.5	871.8	770.9	982.7	100.0	31.8	14.7	17.8	15.7	20.0

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 19 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut sebab tidak mencari kerja, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 19 : Population outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, Malaysia, first quarter 2019 - first quarter 2026

Sebab tidak mencari kerja / Reasons for not seeking work								
Tahun Year	Jumlah Total	Bersekolah / Masih belajar / Program latihan Shooling / Training program	Kerja rumah / Tanggungjawab keluarga Housework / Family responsibility	Akan melanjutkan pelajaran Going for further studies	Hilang upaya / Keliatan Disabled	Tiada minat / Baru tamat belajar Not interested / Just complete study	Sudah bersara / Lanjut usia Retired / Old age	
Orang / Person ('000)								
2020	I	7,163.1	3,082.8	3,036.4	97.8	306.6	47.4	592.1
	II	7,350.5	3,115.5	3,179.1	159.5	283.1	55.6	557.6
	III	7,324.6	2,872.1	3,223.0	178.7	216.2	236.2	598.3
	IV	7,318.4	3,105.3	3,107.6	148.9	169.9	127.0	659.7
2021	I	7,316.0	3,161.9	2,999.7	72.4	189.7	270.0	622.2
	II	7,424.9	3,117.4	3,233.4	110.6	134.7	235.7	593.2
	III	7,430.1	3,082.9	3,273.7	159.3	125.1	257.6	531.5
	IV	7,361.5	3,106.1	2,982.1	257.3	185.4	172.0	658.6
2022	I	7,289.9	3,020.8	3,033.4	219.2	220.8	90.5	705.3
	II	7,258.5	2,989.8	3,059.8	150.3	245.1	86.5	727.1
	III	7,250.6	2,989.0	3,126.0	161.6	199.2	90.5	684.3
	IV	7,246.1	3,043.6	3,169.8	123.5	174.7	75.9	658.6
2023	I	7,215.7	3,006.8	3,171.2	128.3	174.4	66.8	668.3
	II	7,180.2	2,955.5	3,195.1	134.2	191.9	50.7	652.8
	III	7,182.3	2,926.9	3,200.8	140.8	196.1	40.9	676.8
	IV	7,197.6	2,993.0	3,167.8	124.2	194.8	33.7	684.1
2024	I ^r	7,021.3	2,878.5	3,091.1	101.7	209.8	75.7	664.6
	II ^r	7,046.8	2,889.0	3,102.8	114.1	206.3	85.0	649.4
	III ^r	7,109.1	2,882.7	3,142.0	111.1	211.9	87.1	674.3
	IV ^r	7,056.2	2,884.9	3,157.6	89.7	220.4	88.6	615.0
2025	I ^r	7,046.5	2,865.8	3,160.2	113.7	217.3	86.4	603.1
	II ^r	7,038.4	2,837.2	3,171.6	116.4	227.1	73.4	612.7
	III ^r	7,047.3	2,830.2	3,186.9	122.4	237.4	75.7	594.6
	IV ^r	7,057.9	2,831.9	3,189.7	123.7	239.0	76.7	597.0
2026	I	7,075.4	2,835.7	3,194.1	128.1	230.4	81.7	605.5

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 19 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut sebab tidak mencari kerja, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 19 : Population outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Sebab tidak mencari kerja / Reasons for not seeking work								
Tahun Year		Jumlah Total	Bersekolah / Masih belajar / Program latihan Shooling / Training program	Kerja rumah / Tanggungjawab keluarga Housework / Family responsibility	Akan melanjutkan pelajaran Going for further studies	Hilang upaya / Keliatan Disabled	Tiada minat / Baru tamat belajar Not interested / Just complete study	Sudah bersara / Lanjut usia Retired / Old age
Komposisi / Share (%)								
2020	I	100.0	43.0	42.4	1.4	4.3	0.7	8.3
	II	100.0	42.4	43.3	2.2	3.9	0.8	7.6
	III	100.0	39.2	44.0	2.4	3.0	3.2	8.2
	IV	100.0	42.4	42.5	2.0	2.3	1.7	9.0
2021	I	100.0	43.2	41.0	1.0	2.6	3.7	8.5
	II	100.0	42.0	43.5	1.5	1.8	3.2	8.0
	III	100.0	41.5	44.1	2.1	1.7	3.5	7.2
	IV	100.0	42.2	40.5	3.5	2.5	2.3	8.9
2022	I	100.0	41.4	41.6	3.0	3.0	1.2	9.7
	II	100.0	41.2	42.2	2.1	3.4	1.2	10.0
	III	100.0	41.2	43.1	2.2	2.7	1.2	9.4
	IV	100.0	42.0	43.7	1.7	2.4	1.0	9.1
2023	I	100.0	41.7	43.9	1.8	2.4	0.9	9.3
	II	100.0	41.2	44.5	1.9	2.7	0.7	9.1
	III	100.0	40.8	44.6	2.0	2.7	0.6	9.4
	IV	100.0	41.6	44.0	1.7	2.7	0.5	9.5
2024	I ^r	100.0	41.0	44.0	1.4	3.0	1.1	9.5
	II ^r	100.0	41.0	44.0	1.6	2.9	1.2	9.2
	III ^r	100.0	40.5	44.2	1.6	3.0	1.2	9.5
	IV ^r	100.0	40.9	44.7	1.3	3.1	1.3	8.7
2025	I ^r	100.0	40.7	44.8	1.6	3.1	1.2	8.6
	II ^r	100.0	40.3	45.1	1.7	3.2	1.0	8.7
	III ^r	100.0	40.2	45.2	1.7	3.4	1.1	8.4
	IV ^r	100.0	40.1	45.2	1.8	3.4	1.1	8.5
2026	I	100.0	40.1	45.1	1.8	3.3	1.2	8.6

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

JADUAL STATISTIK: GUNA TENAGA TIDAK PENUH

Statistical Tables: Underemployment



Jadual 20 : Penduduk bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 20 : Employed person working less than 30 hours per week by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu / Working less than 30 hours per week ('000)							
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
2020	I	667.5	320.1	347.4	4.4	3.4	5.8
	II	789.6	444.0	345.7	5.3	4.9	6.0
	III	403.8	151.4	252.4	2.7	1.6	4.3
	IV	533.7	345.6	188.0	3.5	3.7	3.2
2021	I	441.9	281.3	160.5	2.9	3.0	2.7
	II	474.1	317.8	156.3	3.1	3.4	2.6
	III	464.6	282.9	181.6	3.0	3.0	3.1
	IV	393.8	137.6	256.2	2.6	1.5	4.3
2022	I	336.3	112.1	224.1	2.2	1.2	3.7
	II	324.5	154.5	170.0	2.1	1.6	2.8
	III	287.2	132.9	154.3	1.8	1.4	2.5
	IV	268.5	115.4	153.0	1.7	1.2	2.5
2023	I	274.2	114.2	160.0	1.7	1.2	2.6
	II	280.4	120.2	160.2	1.7	1.2	2.6
	III	284.8	122.0	162.8	1.8	1.2	2.6
	IV	286.1	113.6	172.5	1.8	1.1	2.7
2024	I ^r	272.7	122.0	150.7	1.7	1.2	2.5
	II ^r	268.1	121.5	146.6	1.6	1.2	2.4
	III ^r	263.3	116.5	146.8	1.6	1.1	2.4
	IV ^r	257.9	113.1	144.8	1.6	1.1	2.4
2025	I ^r	241.5	105.6	135.9	1.5	1.0	2.2
	II ^r	241.6	110.5	131.1	1.5	1.1	2.1
	III ^r	235.7	107.2	128.5	1.4	1.0	2.1
	IV ^r	226.0	101.7	124.3	1.4	1.0	2.0
2026	I	231.6	103.9	127.7	1.4	1.0	2.0

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 21 : Penduduk bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 21 : Employed person working less than 30 hours per week age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

		Bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu / Working less than 30 hours per week ('000)									
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)					Kadar / Rate (%)				
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above
2020	I	667.5	91.0	189.1	146.5	240.9	3.1	3.9	3.6	3.9	6.1
	II	789.6	134.6	229.1	182.0	244.0	5.3	5.9	4.5	4.9	6.3
	III	403.8	116.1	118.0	72.1	97.6	2.7	5.2	2.3	1.9	2.4
	IV	533.7	165.5	189.5	71.0	107.6	3.5	7.3	3.7	1.9	2.7
2021	I	441.9	57.0	209.4	106.3	69.2	2.9	2.5	4.1	2.7	1.8
	II	474.1	102.2	110.1	95.9	165.9	3.1	4.4	2.2	2.5	4.2
	III	464.6	69.0	166.4	123.7	105.4	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.1	2.7
	IV	393.8	87.0	108.4	97.5	100.9	2.6	3.7	2.0	2.4	2.7
2022	I	336.3	39.1	103.6	77.8	115.8	2.2	1.6	1.9	1.9	3.1
	II	324.5	76.4	94.3	63.0	90.8	2.1	3.1	1.8	1.6	2.4
	III	287.2	35.3	99.5	68.4	84.0	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.7	2.2
	IV	268.5	46.1	88.0	56.2	78.3	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.3	2.0
2023	I	274.2	37.4	94.4	46.5	95.8	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.1	2.4
	II	280.4	54.0	85.3	58.6	82.5	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.4	2.1
	III	284.8	41.5	113.2	49.6	80.4	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.2	2.0
	IV	286.1	49.1	108.7	43.3	85.1	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.0	2.1
2024	I ^r	272.7	33.9	77.8	62.6	98.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.4	2.4
	II ^r	268.1	54.6	64.7	60.1	88.7	1.6	2.2	1.3	1.3	2.2
	III ^r	263.3	42.3	72.2	57.2	91.5	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.2	2.2
	IV ^r	257.9	63.5	59.2	37.6	97.6	1.6	2.5	1.2	0.8	2.3
2025	I ^r	241.5	68.7	37.3	71.2	64.4	1.5	2.7	0.7	1.5	1.5
	II ^r	241.6	41.9	61.5	62.2	76.0	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.7
	III ^r	235.7	59.2	39.0	66.9	70.6	1.4	2.3	0.8	1.5	1.6
	IV ^r	226.0	55.9	36.7	64.3	69.1	1.4	2.2	0.7	1.4	1.6
2026	I	231.6	65.3	60.1	33.6	72.6	1.4	2.5	1.2	0.7	1.6

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 22 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 22 : Time-related underemployment by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

		Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa / Time-related underemployment ('000)					
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
2020	I	383.2	183.2	199.9	2.5	2.0	3.4
	II	413.5	257.6	156.0	2.8	2.8	2.7
	III	300.8	102.3	198.5	2.0	1.1	3.4
	IV	369.1	267.8	101.3	2.4	2.9	1.7
2021	I	310.5	226.7	83.8	2.0	2.4	1.4
	II	329.7	236.1	93.5	2.2	2.5	1.6
	III	326.2	232.2	93.9	2.1	2.5	1.6
	IV	293.1	101.2	191.9	1.9	1.1	3.2
2022	I	245.1	71.3	173.8	1.6	0.7	2.9
	II	212.8	111.6	101.3	1.4	1.2	1.7
	III	186.8	92.3	94.5	1.2	1.0	1.5
	IV	167.4	79.3	88.1	1.1	0.8	1.4
2023	I	174.6	78.7	95.9	1.1	0.8	1.5
	II	186.3	86.4	99.9	1.2	0.9	1.6
	III	189.0	88.1	100.8	1.2	0.9	1.6
	IV	181.6	82.7	98.9	1.1	0.8	1.6
2024	I ^r	161.5	76.4	85.2	1.0	0.7	1.4
	II ^r	157.0	73.1	83.8	1.0	0.7	1.4
	III ^r	155.5	73.8	81.6	0.9	0.7	1.3
	IV ^r	152.9	70.8	82.1	0.9	0.7	1.3
2025	I ^r	145.1	67.7	77.4	0.9	0.7	1.3
	II ^r	140.3	63.6	76.7	0.8	0.6	1.2
	III ^r	135.4	61.7	73.7	0.8	0.6	1.2
	IV ^r	128.0	61.5	66.5	0.8	0.6	1.1
2026	I	123.3	59.9	63.4	0.7	0.6	1.0

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 23 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 23 : Time-related underemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa / Time-related underemployment ('000)									
		Orang / Person ('000)					Kadar / Rate (%)				
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above
2020	I	383.2	63.2	114.1	82.4	123.5	2.5	2.7	2.2	2.2	3.1
	II	413.5	76.3	99.3	106.1	131.9	2.8	3.3	2.0	2.9	3.4
	III	300.8	108.4	97.2	47.4	47.8	2.0	4.8	1.9	1.3	1.2
	IV	369.1	130.3	117.4	53.1	68.4	2.4	5.8	2.3	1.4	1.7
2021	I	310.5	46.4	159.3	67.2	37.6	2.0	2.0	3.1	1.7	1.0
	II	329.7	86.6	82.6	46.6	113.8	2.2	3.8	1.6	1.2	2.9
	III	326.2	40.4	137.0	87.7	61.0	2.1	1.8	2.7	2.2	1.6
	IV	293.1	80.8	78.9	70.2	63.2	1.9	3.4	1.5	1.7	1.7
2022	I	245.1	21.8	76.1	62.6	84.5	1.6	0.9	1.4	1.6	2.2
	II	212.8	64.5	59.8	37.0	51.6	1.4	2.6	1.1	0.9	1.3
	III	186.8	16.7	67.4	49.0	53.7	1.2	0.7	1.3	1.2	1.4
	IV	167.4	29.9	63.8	32.5	41.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.8	1.1
2023	I	174.6	30.2	66.4	25.2	52.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.6	1.3
	II	186.3	39.5	62.6	34.4	49.8	1.2	1.6	1.1	0.8	1.3
	III	189.0	34.4	79.0	32.6	42.9	1.2	1.3	1.4	0.8	1.1
	IV	181.6	26.5	81.1	28.4	45.6	1.1	1.0	1.5	0.7	1.1
2024	I ^r	161.5	22.5	55.7	30.9	52.4	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.7	1.3
	II ^r	157.0	23.5	49.6	38.9	45.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.1
	III ^r	155.5	26.5	47.4	25.2	56.4	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.5	1.3
	IV ^r	152.9	32.3	39.3	23.5	57.8	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.4
2025	I ^r	145.1	48.6	28.2	38.7	29.7	0.9	1.9	0.6	0.8	0.7
	II ^r	140.3	34.0	40.9	33.6	31.8	0.8	1.3	0.8	0.7	0.7
	III ^r	135.4	47.0	26.3	25.9	36.3	0.8	1.8	0.5	0.6	0.8
	IV ^r	128.0	32.5	23.9	34.3	37.3	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.7	0.8
2026	I	123.3	37.9	32.4	19.4	33.6	0.7	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 24 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran mengikut jantina, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 24 : Skill-related underemployment by sex, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran / Skilled-related underemployment ('000)							
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)			Kadar / Rate (%)		
		Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female	Jumlah Total	Lelaki Male	Perempuan Female
2020	I	1,637.3	815.1	822.2	36.2	35.0	37.4
	II	1,674.1	847.7	826.4	36.5	35.5	37.5
	III	1,762.7	865.9	896.9	36.8	34.0	40.0
	IV	1,886.8	1,066.6	820.2	37.4	41.2	33.3
2021	I	1,899.9	951.5	948.4	37.9	39.3	36.6
	II	1,852.5	949.0	903.5	37.7	39.0	36.4
	III	1,873.8	931.7	942.2	37.7	34.8	41.0
	IV	1,838.3	877.1	961.2	37.5	35.5	39.4
2022	I	1,807.7	872.5	935.2	36.9	34.6	39.2
	II	1,799.6	892.3	907.3	36.7	34.4	39.4
	III	1,839.6	857.9	981.7	36.8	35.4	38.2
	IV	1,891.4	1,022.0	869.5	37.4	39.3	35.3
2023	I	1,907.2	944.0	963.3	37.4	34.7	40.6
	II	1,914.6	873.1	1,041.5	37.4	32.8	42.5
	III	1,922.7	941.3	981.4	37.3	37.2	37.4
	IV	1,937.1	996.2	940.9	37.4	38.3	36.4
2024	I ^r	1,928.2	867.5	1,060.7	36.4	31.1	42.1
	II ^r	1,925.2	867.6	1,057.7	36.2	31.8	40.8
	III ^r	1,945.1	881.6	1,063.5	36.0	30.9	41.7
	IV ^r	1,951.9	881.0	1,070.9	35.8	30.4	41.8
2025	I ^r	1,952.9	888.3	1,064.6	35.7	31.4	40.4
	II ^r	1,953.7	882.8	1,070.8	35.7	30.9	40.9
	III ^r	1,932.4	882.4	1,050.1	35.6	31.8	39.6
	IV ^r	1,930.2	887.8	1,042.3	35.3	31.0	40.0
2026	I	1,934.7	895.9	1,038.8	35.2	31.2	39.6

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 25 : Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran mengikut kumpulan umur, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 25 : Skill-related underemployment by age group, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

		Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran / Skilled-related underemployment ('000)									
Tahun Year		Orang / Person ('000)					Kadar / Rate (%)				
		Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above	Jumlah Total	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 dan keatas 45 and above
2020	I	1,637.3	338.3	786.3	310.8	201.8	36.2	68.9	40.0	25.4	23.9
	II	1,674.1	393.7	701.9	331.6	246.9	36.5	69.2	37.0	27.2	27.3
	III	1,762.7	405.1	811.4	355.3	190.9	36.8	72.2	42.1	26.2	20.2
	IV	1,886.8	353.5	862.6	443.0	227.6	37.4	68.8	41.3	30.3	23.1
2021	I	1,899.9	437.2	848.4	401.7	212.5	37.9	71.8	44.4	27.3	20.8
	II	1,852.5	336.9	776.0	426.1	313.5	37.7	69.0	39.6	30.3	29.6
	III	1,873.8	426.8	835.3	392.0	219.7	37.7	72.6	43.3	27.4	21.5
	IV	1,838.3	309.0	816.4	454.6	258.3	37.5	68.9	44.8	29.2	24.0
2022	I	1,807.7	364.5	820.9	426.5	195.7	36.9	69.5	42.2	29.2	20.1
	II	1,799.6	356.3	799.4	433.3	210.6	36.7	58.1	41.2	30.4	22.9
	III	1,839.6	344.1	861.4	432.2	201.9	36.8	74.0	43.1	28.0	20.5
	IV	1,891.4	326.3	894.9	476.0	194.2	37.4	75.3	46.3	28.6	18.8
2023	I	1,907.2	373.9	879.1	447.4	206.8	37.4	73.4	43.2	29.7	19.9
	II	1,914.6	421.3	867.5	421.0	204.8	37.4	69.9	43.3	28.4	19.9
	III	1,922.7	425.5	816.1	457.8	223.3	37.3	77.2	41.6	28.5	21.7
	IV	1,937.1	400.2	815.3	493.7	227.9	37.4	80.0	41.6	29.5	21.8
2024	I ^r	1,928.2	354.0	737.6	528.0	308.6	36.4	67.6	41.4	29.0	26.3
	II ^r	1,925.2	403.4	738.4	537.6	245.8	36.2	66.3	39.7	31.3	21.8
	III ^r	1,945.1	393.0	802.6	498.8	250.7	36.0	65.7	41.3	28.1	23.0
	IV ^r	1,951.9	374.5	701.2	492.3	383.9	35.8	67.2	39.3	26.9	29.8
2025	I ^r	1,952.9	406.9	772.8	489.3	283.9	35.7	70.1	40.3	27.9	23.3
	II ^r	1,953.7	446.0	800.2	480.4	227.1	35.7	77.4	40.9	28.1	18.4
	III ^r	1,932.4	453.9	771.2	436.5	270.8	35.6	74.2	41.3	24.8	22.9
	IV ^r	1,930.2	413.1	789.3	474.5	253.3	35.3	70.3	42.0	26.0	21.4
2026	I	1,934.7	513.9	739.3	433.0	248.5	35.2	80.9	39.7	24.1	20.7

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

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JADUAL STATISTIK: NEGERI

Statistical Tables: States



Jadual 26 : Tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 26 : Labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	15,790.1	1,771.9	982.2	732.4	444.4	507.8	756.8	868.8
	II	15,675.5	1,754.1	978.2	723.6	439.6	502.5	750.6	859.9
	III	15,840.6	1,858.7	961.7	715.8	426.1	500.0	760.9	860.9
	IV	15,922.3	1,824.4	956.9	703.9	432.6	491.2	718.6	915.4
2021	I	16,008.4	1,793.4	975.5	698.3	436.4	498.1	733.6	908.5
	II	15,972.2	1,766.4	997.8	721.9	433.4	505.6	733.4	951.1
	III	16,021.0	1,807.6	1,028.9	747.6	454.3	512.0	751.8	915.6
	IV	16,135.0	1,839.5	1,014.2	773.5	461.2	509.8	735.8	937.9
2022	I	16,246.1	1,839.3	1,032.5	787.9	453.1	510.0	750.7	924.7
	II	16,343.3	1,848.4	1,034.1	791.0	463.0	511.5	745.8	926.6
	III	16,442.9	1,864.4	1,048.5	792.0	463.2	525.0	744.5	926.4
	IV	16,542.2	1,856.0	1,057.3	800.7	454.2	532.0	757.2	946.1
2023	I	16,648.9	1,878.7	1,057.1	805.2	453.7	530.4	760.6	937.4
	II	16,727.4	1,884.6	1,064.7	808.2	452.1	530.4	766.9	943.6
	III	16,824.0	1,910.2	1,068.4	818.6	458.0	535.7	763.9	959.8
	IV	16,911.7	1,936.4	1,082.7	829.7	461.9	529.6	761.8	965.7
2024	I ^r	16,810.1	2,114.6	990.6	709.9	515.3	572.4	740.8	958.2
	II ^r	16,956.5	2,129.8	992.0	717.6	522.1	572.0	747.2	955.1
	III ^r	17,045.6	2,141.0	991.9	727.9	524.1	573.8	758.0	946.3
	IV ^r	17,061.2	2,147.7	998.3	729.0	522.9	574.9	763.4	946.0
2025	I ^r	17,086.6	2,149.7	1,007.5	731.8	526.6	579.4	766.9	947.9
	II ^r	17,104.7	2,162.0	1,007.1	737.7	524.9	580.9	772.1	943.5
	III ^r	17,136.4	2,194.4	1,005.8	743.9	532.5	580.8	776.6	949.4
	IV ^r	17,185.4	2,172.7	1,001.5	738.5	525.8	579.8	772.0	953.3
2026	I	17,232.0	2,185.0	999.0	740.9	525.4	578.1	772.2	947.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 26 : Tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 26 : Labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
1,110.0	116.3	3,523.9	503.8	2,133.9	1,353.8	900.3	45.5	38.5
1,094.2	114.8	3,529.0	488.3	2,132.3	1,342.2	884.0	45.5	36.6
1,115.4	104.2	3,689.6	458.5	2,052.7	1,358.3	892.4	47.8	37.6
1,088.8	111.7	3,881.9	485.4	1,984.6	1,353.7	892.0	47.0	34.3
1,088.4	110.8	3,881.8	492.4	2,019.6	1,365.7	919.6	50.0	36.3
1,124.8	117.4	3,715.6	480.5	2,004.4	1,418.8	918.6	48.7	33.8
1,113.7	113.0	3,715.9	472.7	1,982.1	1,419.1	900.7	51.2	35.2
1,110.7	116.1	3,658.6	484.6	2,045.9	1,441.7	918.2	51.1	36.2
1,128.3	115.3	3,715.6	498.8	2,059.5	1,440.8	902.4	50.5	36.5
1,143.7	116.0	3,760.5	501.6	2,062.9	1,453.1	898.8	49.8	36.3
1,149.4	119.0	3,766.9	504.0	2,122.4	1,443.0	888.6	49.3	36.4
1,122.7	118.2	3,809.6	514.4	2,176.5	1,449.8	859.0	49.3	39.2
1,121.2	118.3	3,850.6	521.0	2,198.0	1,442.5	886.0	49.4	38.9
1,120.5	119.7	3,886.6	525.9	2,203.7	1,456.3	873.7	51.7	38.7
1,121.8	121.2	3,904.1	523.3	2,211.5	1,464.0	875.5	49.4	38.5
1,130.3	120.0	3,901.2	524.3	2,226.9	1,479.0	874.6	49.4	38.4
1,209.7	133.9	4,025.0	494.3	1,828.1	1,239.9	1,169.6	47.5	60.2
1,213.7	134.8	4,072.5	497.5	1,850.9	1,252.0	1,190.3	47.5	61.5
1,215.3	135.7	4,126.6	497.5	1,858.7	1,254.2	1,186.7	46.6	61.3
1,216.0	135.6	4,097.1	503.3	1,867.2	1,259.2	1,192.2	47.0	61.2
1,222.8	137.0	4,080.3	503.9	1,871.5	1,257.4	1,194.9	46.8	62.1
1,224.3	136.7	4,069.5	507.7	1,874.8	1,263.2	1,190.2	47.2	62.9
1,236.7	137.3	4,023.8	513.9	1,859.4	1,262.7	1,210.7	45.5	63.0
1,232.5	136.5	4,113.0	510.0	1,876.4	1,261.2	1,201.6	47.3	63.2
1,233.0	137.0	4,136.4	509.3	1,885.5	1,262.1	1,210.4	47.2	62.9

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 27 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 27 : Employed person by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	15,243.5	1,714.4	946.2	702.0	438.9	491.0	733.7	850.7
	II	14,883.7	1,673.0	937.9	692.9	430.0	484.3	727.2	822.7
	III	15,095.6	1,792.2	919.5	683.2	415.5	481.5	739.4	826.0
	IV	15,161.6	1,752.4	918.7	675.3	416.5	470.4	694.9	881.9
2021	I	15,236.5	1,722.6	940.3	667.8	420.8	479.5	706.9	876.4
	II	15,207.3	1,698.6	959.0	687.4	417.6	488.1	707.3	913.9
	III	15,274.8	1,735.2	990.1	709.7	440.5	493.2	723.6	881.5
	IV	15,440.7	1,774.2	975.3	737.2	447.0	494.0	711.6	908.1
2022	I	15,574.9	1,780.7	997.3	757.3	439.5	493.3	732.4	894.6
	II	15,701.2	1,795.0	999.8	760.8	448.0	494.7	725.6	900.1
	III	15,831.1	1,818.1	1,017.3	763.1	451.1	509.2	722.9	902.3
	IV	15,941.7	1,812.2	1,022.5	768.0	441.9	518.0	736.5	924.4
2023	I	16,062.0	1,830.1	1,027.3	773.8	440.5	517.2	741.1	916.0
	II	16,146.1	1,838.7	1,036.7	776.4	440.0	518.5	745.3	923.5
	III	16,250.9	1,863.2	1,043.8	784.7	445.4	522.7	743.4	939.4
	IV	16,346.7	1,891.8	1,060.2	796.6	450.1	517.1	742.6	946.0
2024	I ^r	16,258.5	2,067.2	964.2	681.8	505.6	556.2	724.9	938.4
	II ^r	16,408.2	2,081.6	966.3	690.9	513.3	555.7	730.2	937.4
	III ^r	16,503.4	2,092.8	966.8	700.1	514.8	556.7	740.7	927.1
	IV ^r	16,530.7	2,098.2	975.4	699.3	512.5	558.3	746.8	924.5
2025	I ^r	16,564.1	2,093.6	983.1	701.8	516.9	563.3	753.1	923.3
	II ^r	16,586.9	2,114.7	983.0	708.0	515.9	565.3	758.1	921.3
	III ^r	16,622.8	2,147.3	981.3	713.2	522.1	564.2	762.4	926.8
	IV ^r	16,677.1	2,123.8	976.5	708.1	514.7	565.1	757.5	930.9
2026	I	16,725.6	2,132.9	974.9	710.5	514.7	564.1	757.4	922.3

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 27 : Penduduk bekerja mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)
Table 27 : Employed person by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
1,063.7	112.0	3,443.8	487.1	1,990.9	1,309.1	877.2	44.4	38.5
1,034.8	110.0	3,367.7	469.8	1,938.1	1,266.2	850.7	42.7	35.9
1,062.3	99.3	3,511.9	440.7	1,876.9	1,305.6	859.5	45.1	37.1
1,035.8	106.0	3,707.0	466.2	1,817.8	1,293.4	848.7	43.2	33.6
1,038.9	105.0	3,708.5	474.2	1,839.4	1,301.5	874.1	45.5	35.4
1,075.2	111.2	3,550.5	460.5	1,829.3	1,356.1	875.0	44.4	33.2
1,060.7	107.5	3,583.9	451.8	1,803.5	1,354.3	857.5	47.0	34.8
1,062.8	111.2	3,553.3	464.7	1,861.7	1,384.1	872.6	47.2	35.6
1,085.6	111.4	3,597.5	476.3	1,871.1	1,395.0	859.5	47.0	36.2
1,103.0	112.3	3,649.7	479.4	1,885.9	1,404.9	859.9	46.2	36.0
1,114.2	116.0	3,647.1	482.1	1,948.2	1,400.1	857.2	45.9	36.1
1,090.8	115.6	3,697.4	492.0	1,999.8	1,405.3	831.6	47.0	38.6
1,085.7	115.8	3,750.9	499.4	2,028.2	1,393.5	857.3	46.7	38.6
1,084.3	117.0	3,791.3	502.3	2,038.1	1,403.1	844.4	48.0	38.5
1,085.2	118.4	3,814.4	500.1	2,045.2	1,414.9	846.0	45.8	38.3
1,092.5	117.6	3,813.2	500.1	2,061.2	1,428.2	845.8	45.9	37.8
1,168.0	128.7	3,927.6	475.1	1,685.2	1,197.7	1,134.4	44.3	59.1
1,175.1	129.5	3,965.1	479.8	1,711.7	1,211.1	1,155.8	44.3	60.4
1,176.8	130.6	4,020.7	482.1	1,718.7	1,216.8	1,154.7	43.6	60.3
1,176.8	130.8	4,004.6	487.0	1,734.9	1,218.0	1,159.3	44.2	60.0
1,182.5	132.5	3,986.8	489.5	1,758.3	1,215.3	1,158.5	44.2	61.3
1,184.8	132.0	3,976.7	493.6	1,748.6	1,222.6	1,155.8	44.5	62.1
1,194.8	132.7	3,937.7	499.2	1,737.1	1,224.8	1,174.2	43.1	62.0
1,189.5	132.2	4,026.9	494.9	1,764.1	1,222.1	1,163.7	45.0	62.1
1,190.6	132.8	4,053.9	493.1	1,782.2	1,219.8	1,169.6	44.8	62.0

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 28 : Penganggur mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 28 : Unemployed persons by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	546.6	57.5	36.0	30.4	5.5	16.8	23.1	18.0
	II	791.8	81.2	40.3	30.7	9.7	18.2	23.4	37.2
	III	745.0	66.5	42.2	32.7	10.6	18.5	21.5	34.8
	IV	760.7	72.0	38.2	28.6	16.1	20.8	23.6	33.6
2021	I	771.8	70.8	35.2	30.5	15.7	18.7	26.7	32.1
	II	764.9	67.8	38.8	34.5	15.7	17.5	26.1	37.2
	III	746.2	72.4	38.8	37.9	13.8	18.8	28.2	34.0
	IV	694.4	65.3	38.9	36.2	14.2	15.7	24.2	29.9
2022	I	671.2	58.6	35.2	30.6	13.6	16.7	18.4	30.1
	II	642.0	53.4	34.3	30.3	15.0	16.9	20.2	26.5
	III	611.8	46.3	31.2	28.9	12.1	15.8	21.6	24.1
	IV	600.5	43.7	34.8	32.8	12.3	14.0	20.7	21.7
2023	I	586.9	48.6	29.8	31.3	13.2	13.2	19.4	21.5
	II	581.4	46.0	28.0	31.7	12.1	11.9	21.6	20.1
	III	573.1	47.0	24.6	33.9	12.6	13.0	20.6	20.4
	IV	565.0	44.6	22.5	33.1	11.8	12.5	19.2	19.7
2024	I ^r	551.6	47.4	26.4	28.1	9.7	16.2	15.9	19.8
	II ^r	548.3	48.2	25.8	26.7	8.8	16.3	17.0	17.7
	III ^r	542.2	48.2	25.1	27.8	9.3	17.1	17.2	19.1
	IV ^r	530.6	49.6	22.9	29.7	10.4	16.6	16.6	21.5
2025	I ^r	522.5	56.1	24.4	30.1	9.7	16.1	13.8	24.6
	II ^r	517.8	47.3	24.2	29.7	9.0	15.5	14.0	22.1
	III ^r	513.6	47.1	24.6	30.7	10.4	16.6	14.2	22.5
	IV ^r	508.3	48.9	25.0	30.4	11.1	14.6	14.5	22.4
2026	I	506.5	52.1	24.1	30.4	10.6	14.0	14.8	25.5

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 28 : Penganggur mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 28 : Unemployed persons by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
46.2	4.2	80.1	16.7	143.0	44.7	23.1	1.1	0.1
59.4	4.8	161.3	18.5	194.2	76.0	33.2	2.9	0.8
53.1	4.9	177.7	17.8	175.8	52.8	32.8	2.7	0.4
52.9	5.7	174.9	19.2	166.7	60.3	43.3	3.9	0.7
49.5	5.8	173.2	18.3	180.2	64.2	45.5	4.5	0.9
49.7	6.2	165.0	20.0	175.1	62.6	43.6	4.3	0.6
52.9	5.5	132.0	20.9	178.6	64.7	43.2	4.2	0.4
47.9	4.9	105.3	19.9	184.2	57.6	45.6	3.9	0.6
42.7	3.9	118.1	22.6	188.3	45.7	42.9	3.5	0.3
40.7	3.8	110.8	22.2	177.0	48.2	38.9	3.6	0.3
35.3	3.0	119.7	21.9	174.2	42.9	31.3	3.4	0.3
31.9	2.6	112.2	22.4	176.7	44.5	27.4	2.2	0.6
35.5	2.5	99.7	21.7	169.8	49.0	28.7	2.7	0.3
36.2	2.7	95.3	23.6	165.6	53.1	29.4	3.8	0.2
36.6	2.9	89.7	23.2	166.3	49.1	29.5	3.6	0.2
37.8	2.4	88.0	24.2	165.6	50.7	28.8	3.5	0.6
41.7	5.2	97.4	19.2	142.9	42.2	35.2	3.2	1.1
38.6	5.3	107.4	17.6	139.3	40.9	34.5	3.2	1.2
38.6	5.1	105.9	15.5	140.0	37.4	32.0	3.0	1.0
39.2	4.9	92.6	16.3	132.3	41.2	32.9	2.8	1.2
40.3	4.5	93.5	14.4	113.2	42.1	36.4	2.6	0.8
39.4	4.7	92.8	14.1	126.3	40.6	34.4	2.7	0.9
41.9	4.6	86.2	14.7	122.3	37.8	36.4	2.4	1.1
43.0	4.3	86.1	15.1	112.4	39.1	37.9	2.3	1.1
42.4	4.2	82.4	16.2	103.4	42.3	40.9	2.4	0.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 29 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 29 : Population outside labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Orang / Person ('000)									
2020	I	7,163.1	823.3	540.5	495.0	202.4	269.9	370.7	408.3
	II	7,350.5	857.4	550.4	509.7	210.5	273.3	379.6	419.6
	III	7,324.6	793.9	575.0	525.8	220.7	279.8	371.6	430.2
	IV	7,318.4	854.1	584.3	544.8	224.5	287.8	418.0	372.1
2021	I	7,316.0	846.6	569.1	562.0	217.7	282.3	407.9	375.8
	II	7,424.9	847.6	555.4	542.4	220.3	268.4	397.5	342.9
	III	7,430.1	824.0	528.9	522.4	212.0	276.6	396.8	379.1
	IV	7,361.5	807.6	548.5	500.8	203.5	274.8	412.1	363.0
2022	I	7,289.9	834.1	536.7	493.2	210.6	273.7	397.2	375.9
	II	7,258.5	813.2	539.7	498.4	211.2	271.8	405.6	374.6
	III	7,250.6	810.7	533.7	504.3	207.3	266.4	406.7	380.4
	IV	7,246.1	823.7	539.7	505.5	222.7	259.9	397.7	371.2
2023	I	7,215.7	812.8	537.4	506.2	226.1	257.1	395.3	375.9
	II	7,180.2	811.5	536.4	510.2	227.7	261.2	395.1	372.5
	III	7,182.3	795.5	540.0	508.1	224.6	255.6	402.4	364.1
	IV	7,197.6	788.5	533.6	507.3	222.8	262.5	407.2	352.5
2024	I ^r	7,021.3	846.6	491.5	504.7	223.7	273.4	411.9	367.5
	II ^r	7,046.8	837.8	503.0	508.2	223.0	278.1	410.7	366.1
	III ^r	7,109.1	862.2	498.6	504.5	224.3	279.3	409.7	373.8
	IV ^r	7,056.2	857.8	496.7	501.7	223.9	281.5	405.0	371.8
2025	I ^r	7,046.5	863.0	499.5	504.6	222.9	277.0	401.0	374.1
	II ^r	7,038.4	849.3	499.2	506.9	226.5	276.9	397.0	376.6
	III ^r	7,047.3	848.8	506.0	509.2	227.1	281.8	404.7	373.7
	IV ^r	7,057.9	855.4	503.5	511.6	225.9	284.0	405.0	378.1
2026	I	7,075.4	867.8	507.4	515.2	226.8	284.0	409.6	373.0

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 29 : Penduduk luar tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 29 : Population outside labour force by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Orang / Person ('000)								
607.9	57.4	1,264.1	309.3	799.8	633.9	341.8	26.1	12.6
609.3	59.4	1,281.8	328.3	816.2	668.3	346.0	26.6	14.2
598.5	71.6	1,149.7	362.3	911.9	657.3	336.8	26.2	13.4
623.9	65.7	984.4	337.3	995.2	662.5	323.3	24.3	16.3
625.2	66.3	1,047.4	335.8	971.8	657.9	310.0	24.6	15.6
585.6	62.3	1,244.8	359.8	999.9	625.2	332.2	25.2	15.3
595.8	64.2	1,261.5	362.7	1,027.8	615.7	322.6	25.1	14.9
611.3	63.9	1,279.7	358.2	985.1	603.3	311.0	24.0	14.9
591.7	62.9	1,231.9	348.1	983.5	602.9	308.2	24.0	15.4
585.6	62.8	1,208.0	347.9	993.9	598.6	308.7	23.6	15.1
579.2	60.6	1,220.1	352.4	951.8	622.9	314.7	25.1	14.4
599.1	62.6	1,209.9	345.3	907.6	627.8	337.2	24.9	11.3
603.3	61.5	1,181.7	343.7	914.2	636.8	326.6	25.3	11.9
605.9	62.2	1,155.6	343.4	908.9	630.1	321.5	26.3	11.7
610.0	61.4	1,167.3	347.4	921.9	630.4	316.7	24.6	12.4
604.3	61.9	1,216.1	350.0	921.3	620.0	312.1	24.5	13.2
554.2	79.5	1,203.4	318.9	769.2	550.3	387.5	23.1	15.9
558.9	79.5	1,222.0	316.7	772.2	545.7	386.7	22.6	15.8
559.8	79.2	1,243.7	319.5	778.3	545.2	391.8	22.8	16.3
563.3	79.3	1,208.6	316.1	775.3	539.4	395.9	23.2	16.5
556.9	79.3	1,193.4	319.0	784.2	543.9	388.5	23.0	16.3
553.6	79.4	1,211.1	316.1	780.0	542.1	384.2	23.2	16.2
551.7	79.0	1,181.1	320.0	789.7	550.5	385.0	22.8	16.3
558.5	79.8	1,174.9	319.8	789.3	547.0	385.6	23.1	16.4
560.5	80.1	1,164.1	321.2	795.3	549.2	381.7	23.1	16.5

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 30 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026
Table 30 : Labour force participation rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Kadar / Rate (%)									
2020	I	68.8	68.3	64.5	59.7	68.7	65.3	67.1	68.0
	II	68.1	67.2	64.0	58.7	67.6	64.8	66.4	67.2
	III	68.4	70.1	62.6	57.7	65.9	64.1	67.2	66.7
	IV	68.5	68.1	62.1	56.4	65.8	63.1	63.2	71.1
2021	I	68.6	67.9	63.2	55.4	66.7	63.8	64.3	70.7
	II	68.3	67.6	64.2	57.1	66.3	65.3	64.9	73.5
	III	68.3	68.7	66.1	58.9	68.2	64.9	65.5	70.7
	IV	68.7	69.5	64.9	60.7	69.4	65.0	64.1	72.1
2022	I	69.0	68.8	65.8	61.5	68.3	65.1	65.4	71.1
	II	69.2	69.4	65.7	61.3	68.7	65.3	64.8	71.2
	III	69.4	69.7	66.3	61.1	69.1	66.3	64.7	70.9
	IV	69.5	69.3	66.2	61.3	67.1	67.2	65.6	71.8
2023	I	69.8	69.8	66.3	61.4	66.7	67.3	65.8	71.4
	II	70.0	69.9	66.5	61.3	66.5	67.0	66.0	71.7
	III	70.1	70.6	66.4	61.7	67.1	67.7	65.5	72.5
	IV	70.1	71.1	67.0	62.1	67.5	66.9	65.2	73.3
2024	I ^r	70.5	71.4	66.8	58.4	69.7	67.7	64.3	72.3
	II ^r	70.6	71.8	66.4	58.5	70.1	67.3	64.5	72.3
	III ^r	70.6	71.3	66.5	59.1	70.0	67.3	64.9	71.7
	IV ^r	70.7	71.5	66.8	59.2	70.0	67.1	65.3	71.8
2025	I ^r	70.8	71.4	66.9	59.2	70.3	67.7	65.7	71.7
	II ^r	70.8	71.8	66.9	59.3	69.9	67.7	66.0	71.5
	III ^r	70.9	72.1	66.5	59.4	70.1	67.3	65.7	71.8
	IV ^r	70.9	71.8	66.5	59.1	69.9	67.1	65.6	71.6
2026	I	70.9	71.6	66.3	59.0	69.8	67.1	65.3	71.8

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 30 : Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)
Table 30 : Labour force participation rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Kadar / Rate (%)								
64.6	67.0	73.6	62.0	72.7	68.1	72.5	63.6	75.3
64.2	65.9	73.4	59.8	72.3	66.8	71.9	63.1	72.1
65.1	59.3	76.2	55.9	69.2	67.4	72.6	64.6	73.7
63.6	63.0	79.8	59.0	66.6	67.1	73.4	65.9	67.9
63.5	62.6	78.8	59.5	67.5	67.5	74.8	67.0	70.0
65.8	65.3	74.9	57.2	66.7	69.4	73.4	65.9	68.8
65.1	63.8	74.7	56.6	65.9	69.7	73.6	67.1	70.2
64.5	64.5	74.1	57.5	67.5	70.5	74.7	68.1	70.9
65.6	64.7	75.1	58.9	67.7	70.5	74.5	67.8	70.3
66.1	64.9	75.7	59.0	67.5	70.8	74.4	67.9	70.7
66.5	66.3	75.5	58.8	69.0	69.8	73.8	66.3	71.7
65.2	65.4	75.9	59.8	70.6	69.8	71.8	66.4	77.6
65.0	65.8	76.5	60.3	70.6	69.4	73.1	66.1	76.5
64.9	65.8	77.1	60.5	70.8	69.8	73.1	66.3	76.8
64.8	66.4	77.0	60.1	70.6	69.9	73.4	66.8	75.6
65.2	66.0	76.2	60.0	70.7	70.5	73.7	66.9	74.4
68.6	62.7	77.0	60.8	70.4	69.3	75.1	67.2	79.1
68.5	62.9	76.9	61.1	70.6	69.6	75.5	67.8	79.6
68.5	63.1	76.8	60.9	70.5	69.7	75.2	67.1	79.0
68.3	63.1	77.2	61.4	70.7	70.0	75.1	67.0	78.7
68.7	63.3	77.4	61.2	70.5	69.8	75.5	67.0	79.3
68.9	63.3	77.1	61.6	70.6	70.0	75.6	67.0	79.6
69.2	63.5	77.3	61.6	70.2	69.6	75.9	66.7	79.5
68.8	63.1	77.8	61.5	70.4	69.8	75.7	67.2	79.4
68.8	63.1	78.0	61.3	70.3	69.7	76.0	67.1	79.2

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

Jadual 31 : Kadar pengangguran mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026

Table 31 : Unemployment rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026

Tahun Year		Malaysia	Johor	Kedah	Kelantan	Melaka	Negeri Sembilan	Pahang	Pulau Pinang
Kadar / Rate (%)									
2020	I	3.5	3.2	3.7	4.2	1.2	3.3	3.0	2.1
	II	5.1	4.6	4.1	4.2	2.2	3.6	3.1	4.3
	III	4.7	3.6	4.4	4.6	2.5	3.7	2.8	4.0
	IV	4.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.7	4.2	3.3	3.7
2021	I	4.8	3.9	3.6	4.4	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.5
	II	4.8	3.8	3.9	4.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.9
	III	4.7	4.0	3.8	5.1	3.0	3.7	3.8	3.7
	IV	4.3	3.6	3.8	4.7	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.2
2022	I	4.1	3.2	3.4	3.9	3.0	3.3	2.4	3.3
	II	3.9	2.9	3.3	3.8	3.2	3.3	2.7	2.9
	III	3.7	2.5	3.0	3.6	2.6	3.0	2.9	2.6
	IV	3.6	2.4	3.3	4.1	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.3
2023	I	3.5	2.6	2.8	3.9	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.3
	II	3.5	2.4	2.6	3.9	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.1
	III	3.4	2.5	2.3	4.1	2.8	2.4	2.7	2.1
	IV	3.3	2.3	2.1	4.0	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.0
2024	I ^r	3.3	2.2	2.7	4.0	1.9	2.8	2.2	2.1
	II ^r	3.2	2.3	2.6	3.7	1.7	2.8	2.3	1.9
	III ^r	3.2	2.3	2.5	3.8	1.8	3.0	2.3	2.0
	IV ^r	3.1	2.3	2.3	4.1	2.0	2.9	2.2	2.3
2025	I ^r	3.1	2.6	2.4	4.1	1.8	2.8	1.8	2.6
	II ^r	3.0	2.2	2.4	4.0	1.7	2.7	1.8	2.3
	III ^r	3.0	2.1	2.4	4.1	2.0	2.9	1.8	2.4
	IV ^r	3.0	2.3	2.5	4.1	2.1	2.5	1.9	2.3
2026	I	2.9	2.4	2.4	4.1	2.0	2.4	1.9	2.7

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
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Jadual 31 : Kadar pengangguran mengikut negeri, Malaysia, suku tahun pertama 2020 - suku tahun pertama 2026 (samb.)

Table 31 : Unemployment rate by state, Malaysia, first quarter 2020 - first quarter 2026 (cont'd)

Perak	Perlis	Selangor	Terengganu	Sabah	Sarawak	W.P. Kuala Lumpur	W.P. Labuan	W.P. Putrajaya
Kadar / Rate (%)								
4.2	3.6	2.3	3.3	6.7	3.3	2.6	2.5	0.2
5.4	4.2	4.6	3.8	9.1	5.7	3.8	6.4	2.1
4.8	4.7	4.8	3.9	8.6	3.9	3.7	5.7	1.2
4.9	5.1	4.5	4.0	8.4	4.5	4.9	8.2	2.1
4.6	5.3	4.5	3.7	8.9	4.7	4.9	9.0	2.4
4.4	5.3	4.4	4.2	8.7	4.4	4.7	8.8	1.7
4.8	4.9	3.6	4.4	9.0	4.6	4.8	8.2	1.0
4.3	4.2	2.9	4.1	9.0	4.0	5.0	7.6	1.6
3.8	3.4	3.2	4.5	9.1	3.2	4.8	6.9	1.0
3.6	3.3	2.9	4.4	8.6	3.3	4.3	7.2	0.9
3.1	2.5	3.2	4.3	8.2	3.0	3.5	6.9	1.0
2.8	2.2	2.9	4.3	8.1	3.1	3.2	4.5	1.6
3.2	2.1	2.6	4.2	7.7	3.4	3.2	5.4	0.8
3.2	2.2	2.5	4.5	7.5	3.6	3.4	7.3	0.5
3.3	2.4	2.3	4.4	7.5	3.4	3.4	7.3	0.5
3.3	2.0	2.3	4.6	7.4	3.4	3.3	7.0	1.5
3.4	3.9	2.4	3.9	7.8	3.4	3.0	6.7	1.8
3.2	3.9	2.6	3.5	7.5	3.3	2.9	6.7	1.9
3.2	3.8	2.6	3.1	7.5	3.0	2.7	6.5	1.6
3.2	3.6	2.3	3.2	7.1	3.3	2.8	6.0	2.0
3.3	3.3	2.3	2.9	6.0	3.3	3.0	5.6	1.3
3.2	3.5	2.3	2.8	6.7	3.2	2.9	5.7	1.4
3.4	3.4	2.1	2.9	6.6	3.0	3.0	5.4	1.7
3.5	3.2	2.1	3.0	6.0	3.1	3.2	4.9	1.7
3.4	3.0	2.0	3.2	5.5	3.4	3.4	5.1	1.3

Statistik Tenaga Buruh Suku Tahunan bermula suku tahun pertama 2024 telah disemak semula berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa terkini
The Quarterly Labour Force Survey Statistics from first quarter of 2024 were revised based on the latest current population estimates

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NOTA TEKNIKAL

Technical Notes



1. Pengenalan

- 1.1 Statistik yang diterbitkan dalam laporan ini adalah berdasarkan Survei Tenaga Buruh (STB) yang dilaksanakan oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM). STB dilaksanakan berdasarkan garis panduan dan syor *International Labour Organization (ILO)* dengan merujuk kepada *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods*.
- 1.2 Survei yang dijalankan setiap bulan melalui pendekatan isi rumah ini menyediakan statistik tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran di peringkat nasional dan negeri serta kawasan bandar dan luar bandar.
- 1.3 Pengumpulan dan prosesan data mengekalkan pendekatan yang menyeluruh dan sistematik dari semasa ke semasa untuk mendapatkan perbandingan statistik siri masa.
- 1.4 Maklumat yang dikumpul melalui STB adalah mengikut peruntukan **Akta Perangkaan 1965 (Disemak 1989)**. **Seksyen 6** dibawah Akta ini mengkehendaki mana-mana individu perlu memberikan butiran maklumat sebenar atau anggaran terbaik kepada DOSM. Sementara itu, **Seksyen 7** dalam Akta yang sama memperuntukan denda kepada responden yang gagal memberi kerjasama dalam pelaksanaan penyiasatan oleh DOSM. Mengikut Akta ini, maklumat terperinci yang dikumpul adalah sulit dan hanya angka agregat diterbitkan.
- 1.5 Nota teknikal ini menyediakan penerangan terperinci mengenai konsep, definisi dan metodologi yang digunakan dalam pelaksanaan STB bagi membantu pengguna untuk memahami dengan lebih mendalam berkaitan maklumat pasaran buruh yang dipungut melalui pendekatan isi rumah.

2. Objektif survei

- 2.1 Objektif utama STB ialah:
 - i. Mengumpul maklumat berkaitan struktur dan taburan tenaga buruh, guna tenaga dan pengangguran; dan
 - ii. Menyediakan statistik terkini berkaitan situasi pasaran buruh dari aspek penawaran tenaga buruh
- 2.2 Statistik daripada survei ini digunakan terutamanya oleh kerajaan sebagai input dalam merangka strategi pembangunan negara; begitu juga ahli ekonomi, ahli akademik, sektor swasta dan individu sebagai tujuan penyelidikan dan analisis.

3. Kaedah pengumpulan data

- 3.1 STB menggunakan kaedah temu ramah bersemuka dengan responden. Dalam tempoh survei, penemuramah terlatih melawat isi rumah di tempat kediaman (TK) yang terpilih untuk memperoleh maklumat demografi semua ahli isi rumah dan maklumat terperinci berkaitan butir-butir tenaga buruh bagi ahli isi rumah yang berumur 15 tahun dan lebih.

- 3.2 Semakan kerja luar dibuat untuk mengesan dan memperbaiki kemungkinan maklumat yang salah atau tertinggal semasa penyiasatan ini dijalankan. Di samping itu, isi rumah terpilih juga ditemuramah semula untuk menyemak kualiti operasi pungutan data.
- 3.3 Sebanyak 25 peratus daripada panel ulangan terpilih ditemuramah menggunakan kaedah ***Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)***¹.

4. Skop dan liputan

- 4.1 STB meliputi kedua-dua kawasan bandar dan luar bandar bagi daerah pentadbiran dalam semua negeri di Malaysia.
- 4.2 Definisi populasi survei meliputi penduduk yang tinggal di TK persendirian dan **tidak termasuk** mereka yang tinggal di TK institusi seperti hotel, asrama, hospital, penjara, rumah tumpangan dan pekerja yang tinggal di rumah kongsi.
- 4.3 Tiada penyelarasan dilakukan kepada penduduk yang tinggal di TK institusi untuk diasingkan daripada anggaran penduduk pertengahan tahun selepas banci walaupun STB tidak meliputi penduduk tersebut. Berdasarkan Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan semasa, penduduk yang tinggal di TK institusi adalah kurang daripada empat peratus daripada jumlah penduduk. Peratusan ini adalah kecil dan tidak mempengaruhi anggaran statistik tenaga buruh.
- 4.4 STB merangkumi penduduk yang aktif dan tidak aktif dalam ekonomi yang berumur **15 hingga 64 tahun**². Penduduk yang aktif dalam ekonomi terdiri daripada mereka yang bekerja atau menganggur, manakala mereka yang tidak aktif dikelaskan sebagai di luar tenaga buruh.

5. Rangka dan pensampelan

- 5.1 Rangka yang digunakan bagi pemilihan sampel STB Suku Tahun Pertama 2026 adalah berdasarkan Rangka Pensampelan Isi Rumah yang terdiri daripada blok penghitungan (BP) yang diwujudkan untuk pelaksanaan Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2020 dan dikemas kini dari semasa ke semasa.
- 5.2 BP merupakan suatu kawasan muka bumi yang diwujudkan untuk tujuan pelaksanaan operasi pungutan data yang secara puratanya mengandungi antara 80 hingga 120 TK. Semua BP dibentuk dalam lingkungan sempadan yang diwartakan iaitu di dalam mukim atau kawasan majlis tempatan.
- 5.3 BP dalam rangka pensampelan dikelaskan mengikut kawasan bandar dan luar bandar³.

i. Kawasan bandar

Kawasan yang diwartakan serta kawasan tepu bina yang bersempadan dengannya dan gabungan kedua-dua kawasan ini mempunyai penduduk seramai 10,000 orang atau lebih semasa Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2020.

1. *Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)* adalah satu kaedah moden yang mana pengumpulan data adalah dengan temu ramah melalui telefon yang dilengkapi sistem komputer interaktif.

2. Had umur bekerja bagi sesebuah negara ditentukan berdasarkan struktur umur penduduk negara tersebut.

3. Taburan Penduduk dan Ciri-Ciri Asas Demografi, Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan 2020.

- **Kawasan tepu bina**

Kawasan yang terletak bersebelahan kawasan yang diwartakan dan mempunyai sekurang-kurangnya 60 peratus penduduk (berumur 15 tahun dan lebih) yang terlibat dalam aktiviti bukan pertanian.

Definisi kawasan bandar juga mengambil kira kawasan pembangunan khusus iaitu kawasan pembangunan yang tidak diwartakan dan boleh dikenal pasti serta terpisah dari kawasan yang diwartakan atau kawasan tepu bina melebihi 5 km dan mempunyai penduduk sekurang-kurangnya 10,000 orang dengan 60 peratus penduduk (berumur 15 tahun dan lebih) terlibat dalam aktiviti bukan pertanian.

- ii. **Kawasan luar bandar**

Kawasan selain yang diwartakan dan mempunyai jumlah penduduk kurang daripada 10,000 orang serta kawasan yang tidak diwartakan.

- 5.4 Pembandaran merupakan proses yang dinamik dan sentiasa berubah mengikut kemajuan dan pembangunan. Oleh itu, kawasan bandar bagi Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan yang dilaksanakan oleh DOSM tidak semestinya merujuk kepada kawasan yang sama kerana kawasan yang memenuhi kriteria bandar akan terus bertambah dan berkembang mengikut masa.

6. Prosedur penganggaran

- 6.1 Anggaran penduduk semasa mengikut ciri-ciri kumpulan umur, jantina, kewarganegaraan, etnik dan negeri digunakan sebagai penanda aras dalam penyediaan statistik tenaga buruh melalui teknik anggaran nisbah bergabung iaitu *adjusted weight* dan faktor penduduk.

- i. **Adjusted weight**

Adjusted weight digunakan bagi mengambil kira kes tidak respons.

- ii. **Faktor penduduk**

Dalam reka bentuk pensampelan berperingkat, saiz sampel adalah pembolehubah rawak dan jumlah agregat yang dianggar daripada survei boleh menghasilkan ralat pensampelan yang tinggi. Wajaran *external* digunakan untuk memberikan ralat pensampelan yang minimum. Wajaran *external* yang digunakan dalam Survei Tenaga Buruh ialah faktor penduduk. Faktor penduduk diperoleh melalui anggaran terkini jumlah penduduk yang mana ia digunakan untuk mengubahsuai kadar dan nisbah yang dianggarkan daripada survei.

- 6.2 Dua jenis statistik penduduk disediakan oleh DOSM iaitu:

- i. **Unjuran penduduk** bagi menunjukkan saiz dan struktur penduduk jangka panjang berasaskan andaian tertentu mengenai trend kesuburan, mortaliti dan migrasi. Statistik ini digunakan sebagai input dalam membuat perancangan dan penggubalan dasar pada masa hadapan.
- ii. **Anggaran penduduk** semasa bagi menggambarkan saiz populasi pada masa kinian disediakan secara tahunan berasaskan data semasa kelahiran, kematian dan migrasi.

- 6.3 Bermula STB Suku Tahun Pertama 2025, statistik tenaga buruh suku tahunan dianggarkan dengan menggunakan Anggaran Penduduk Semasa berasaskan Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2020.

Justeru, semakan semula bagi statistik tenaga buruh suku tahunan bermula Suku Tahun Kedua 2020 sehingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2024 perlu dilaksanakan bagi memastikan statistik tenaga buruh yang diterbitkan selari dengan maklumat demografi dan sosio-ekonomi semasa penduduk Malaysia.

Sehubungan dengan itu, pelaksanaan semakan semula statistik tenaga buruh suku tahunan akan dilaksanakan dan diterbitkan secara berperingkat. Bermula Suku Tahun Pertama 2025, statistik tenaga buruh bagi Suku Tahun Pertama 2024 sehingga Suku Tahun Keempat 2024 telah disemak semula dan diterbitkan berdasarkan anggaran penduduk semasa (permulaan) tahun 2024.

7. Konsep dan definisi

- 7.1 Had umur bekerja bagi sesebuah negara ditentukan berdasarkan struktur umur penduduk negara tersebut yang aktif dalam ekonomi. Umur bekerja bagi analisis STB di Malaysia merujuk kepada ahli isirumah yang berumur **15 hingga 64 tahun** semasa minggu rujukan, sama ada berada di dalam tenaga buruh atau di luar tenaga buruh⁴.

- 7.2 STB menggunakan pendekatan **taraf sebenar** yang mana seseorang itu dikelaskan berasaskan kegiatannya dalam tenaga buruh semasa minggu rujukan. Taraf aktiviti ini terbahagi kepada kategori berikut:

i. **Tenaga buruh**

Tenaga buruh merujuk kepada penduduk dalam kumpulan umur bekerja sama ada **bekerja** atau **menganggur**.

ii. **Bekerja**

Semua orang yang bekerja sekurang-kurangnya sejam semasa minggu rujukan untuk mendapatkan upah, keuntungan atau keuntungan keluarga sama ada sebagai majikan, pekerja, bekerja sendiri atau pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji. Mereka juga dianggap bekerja jika:

- Tidak bekerja semasa minggu rujukan disebabkan sakit, kecederaan, tiada upaya, cuaca buruk, bercuti, pertelingkahan buruh dan sebab-sebab sosial atau keagamaan tetapi mempunyai pekerjaan, ladang, perusahaan atau perusahaan keluarga lain untuk kembali bekerja.
- Tidak bekerja buat sementara waktu tetapi bergaji dan pasti akan dipanggil bekerja semula.
- Mereka yang bekerja kurang 30 jam seminggu semasa minggu rujukan disebabkan keadaan kerja atau kerja yang tidak mencukupi.

4. *Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.*

d. Mereka yang bekerja dalam keadaan **guna tenaga tidak penuh**:

- **Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa** merupakan kumpulan yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam semasa minggu rujukan disebabkan keadaan kerja atau kerja yang tidak mencukupi dan berkeupayaan serta sanggup menerima tambahan bilangan jam bekerja.
- **Guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran** mereka yang mempunyai pendidikan tertiar dan bekerja dalam kategori separuh mahir dan berkemahiran rendah.

Mereka yang bekerja **lebih daripada 30 jam** semasa minggu rujukan merupakan **guna tenaga penuh**.

- e. Bekerja semasa menjalani latihan atau aktiviti peningkatan kemahiran yang diperlukan oleh pekerjaan contohnya mereka yang mengikuti program *Reskilling and Upskilling*. (merujuk laporan III, ICLS 19th).
- f. Perantis atau pelatih yang menerima bayaran tunai atau barangan seperti pelajar praktikal yang berbayar. (merujuk laporan III, ICLS 19th).

iii. Menganggur

Penganggur adalah mereka yang tidak bekerja semasa minggu rujukan dan dikelaskan kepada dua kumpulan iaitu penganggur aktif dan penganggur tidak aktif.

Penganggur aktif adalah mereka yang bersedia untuk bekerja dan aktif mencari pekerjaan dalam minggu rujukan.

Penganggur tidak aktif adalah mereka yang berada dalam kategori berikut:

- a. Tidak mencari pekerjaan dalam minggu rujukan kerana percaya tidak terdapat pekerjaan atau pun tidak berkelayakan;
- b. Mungkin mencari pekerjaan jika tidak kerana sakit atau keadaan cuaca; dan
- c. Telah mencari pekerjaan sebelum minggu rujukan dan sedang menunggu jawapan permohonan pekerjaan.

iv. Luar tenaga buruh

Penduduk yang tidak dikelaskan sebagai bekerja atau menganggur dikategorikan sebagai **luar tenaga buruh**. Kategori ini terdiri daripada suri rumah, pelajar (termasuk mereka yang akan melanjutkan pelajaran), mereka yang telah bersara, tidak berkeupayaan dan mereka yang tidak berminat untuk mencari pekerjaan. Merujuk kepada ICLS ke 19, Perantis atau pelatih yang tidak menerima bayaran tunai atau barangan juga termasuk di dalam golongan ini.

7.3 Kumpulan etnik

Kumpulan etnik dikategorikan di kalangan warganegara Malaysia setelah mengasingkan

bukan warganegara. Pengelasan tersebut adalah seperti berikut:

i. **Warganegara Malaysia**

- a. Bumiputera
- b. Cina
- c. India
- d. Lain-lain

ii. **Bukan warganegara Malaysia**

7.4 Pencapaian pendidikan

Merujuk kepada peringkat tertinggi seseorang itu telah menamatkan atau sedang mengikuti persekolahan di institusi pendidikan awam atau swasta yang menyediakan pendidikan rasmi dan dikategorikan seperti berikut:

i. **Tiada pendidikan rasmi**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang tidak pernah menghadiri mana-mana institusi pendidikan yang memberi pendidikan secara rasmi.

ii. **Rendah**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang telah mencapai pendidikan tertinggi di peringkat Tahun 1 hingga 6 atau yang setaraf.

iii. **Menengah**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang telah mencapai pendidikan tertinggi di peringkat Tingkatan 1 hingga 5 (termasuk kelas peralihan), *General Certificate of Education (GCE) O Level* atau yang setaraf. Ini termasuk program kemahiran asas di institusi latihan kemahiran khusus dan teknikal dengan tempoh pengajian sekurang-kurangnya enam bulan.

iv. **Tertiari**

Merujuk kepada mereka yang telah mencapai pendidikan tertinggi selepas Tingkatan 5.

7.5 Taraf pekerjaan

Merujuk kepada **kedudukan atau taraf seseorang** yang bekerja di dalam pertubuhan atau organisasi di mana beliau bekerja dan disesuaikan berasaskan ***International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93)***. Penduduk bekerja dikelaskan mengikut taraf pekerjaan seperti berikut:

i. **Majikan**

Seorang yang menjalankan sesuatu perniagaan, perusahaan ladang atau perniagaan lain dan menggaji seorang pekerja atau lebih untuk menolongnya.

ii. **Pekerja**

Seorang yang bekerja untuk majikan sektor awam atau swasta dan menerima ganjaran tetap seperti upah, gaji, komisen, tip atau ganjaran berbentuk mata benda.

iii. **Bekerja sendiri**

Seorang yang mengusahakan ladang, perniagaan atau perusahaan sendiri tanpa menggaji pekerja di ladang, perniagaan atau perusahaannya.

iv. **Pekerja keluarga tanpa gaji**

Seorang yang bekerja tanpa menerima sebarang bayaran atau upah di ladang, perniagaan atau perusahaan yang dijalankan oleh ahli keluarganya yang lain.

7.6 Pekerjaan

- i. Pekerjaan bagi data STB 2011 - 2015 dikelaskan mengikut klasifikasi **Piawaian Pengelasan Pekerjaan Malaysia (MASCO) 2008** berasaskan **International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08)** seperti berikut:

- 1 – Pengurus
- 2 – Profesional
- 3 – Juruteknik dan profesional bersekutu
- 4 – Pekerja sokongan perkeranian
- 5 – Pekerja perkhidmatan dan jualan
- 6 – Pekerja mahir pertanian, perhutanan, penternakan, dan perikanan
- 7 – Pekerja kemahiran dan pekerja pertukangan yang berkaitan
- 8 – Operator loji dan mesin serta pemasangan
- 9 – Pekerjaan asas

- ii. Pekerjaan bagi data STB 2016 - 2021 dikelaskan mengikut klasifikasi **MASCO 2013** berasaskan **ISCO-08** tetapi ditambahbaik selaras dengan transformasi proses kerja, bidang pengkhususan suatu tugas dan kemahiran yang lebih kompleks dan dinamik. Pengelasan pekerjaan berasaskan **MASCO 2013** adalah seperti berikut:

- 1 – Pengurus
- 2 – Profesional
- 3 – Juruteknik dan profesional bersekutu
- 4 – Pekerja sokongan perkeranian
- 5 – Pekerja perkhidmatan dan jualan
- 6 – Pekerja mahir pertanian, perhutanan, penternakan, dan perikanan
- 7 – Pekerja kemahiran dan pekerja pertukangan yang berkaitan
- 8 – Operator loji dan mesin serta pemasangan
- 9 – Pekerjaan asas

- iii. Pekerjaan bagi data STB 2022 - 2023 dikelaskan mengikut klasifikasi **MASCO 2020** berasaskan **ISCO-08** seperti berikut:

- 0 – Angkatan tentera
- 1 – Pengurus
- 2 – Profesional
- 3 – Juruteknik dan profesional bersekutu
- 4 – Pekerja sokongan perkeranian
- 5 – Pekerja perkhidmatan dan jualan
- 6 – Pekerja mahir pertanian, perhutanan, penternakan, dan perikanan
- 7 – Pekerja kemahiran dan pekerja pertukangan yang berkaitan
- 8 – Operator loji dan mesin serta pemasangan
- 9 – Pekerjaan asas

- ii. Bagi seseorang yang mempunyai lebih daripada satu pekerjaan, hanya **pekerjaan yang mengambil masa terbanyak** semasa tempoh rujukan dianggap sebagai **pekerjaan utamanya**. Jika masa bekerja bagi tiap-tiap pekerjaan itu sama, maka pekerjaan yang menghasilkan pendapatan tertinggi adalah pekerjaan utamanya. Dalam kes di mana bilangan jam bekerja dan pendapatannya adalah sama bagi setiap pekerjaan, **pekerjaan di mana dia telah bekerja paling lama** dianggap sebagai **pekerjaan utamanya**.

7.7 Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh

Aktiviti ekonomi penduduk pada keseluruhannya bergantung kepada ciri-ciri demografi sesuatu populasi. Dengan itu, pecahan mereka yang aktif secara ekonomi berbeza di antara kumpulan-kumpulan kecil penduduk tersebut. Perbezaan ini diukur dengan kadar aktiviti tertentu yang dikenali sebagai **kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh**.

Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh ditakrifkan sebagai perkadaran penduduk dalam tenaga buruh kepada penduduk dalam umur bekerja (15 - 64 tahun) dalam bentuk peratusan. Formulanya adalah seperti berikut:

$$\text{Kadar penyertaan tenaga buruh} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penduduk dalam tenaga buruh}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk umur bekerja (15 - 64 tahun)}} \times 100$$

7.8 Kadar pengangguran

Kadar pengangguran ialah perkadaran penduduk yang menganggur kepada jumlah penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh. Kadar ini mengukur peratus penduduk di dalam tenaga buruh yang tidak bekerja. Kadar pengangguran dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar pengangguran} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penganggur}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk dalam tenaga buruh}} \times 100$$

7.9 Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk

Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk adalah perkadaran penduduk yang bekerja kepada jumlah penduduk dalam kumpulan umur bekerja. Nisbah yang tinggi menunjukkan perkadaran penduduk bekerja yang tinggi bagi negara manakala nisbah yang rendah menunjukkan sebahagian besar daripada penduduk tidak terlibat secara langsung dalam aktiviti pasaran kerana menganggur atau berada di luar tenaga buruh. Formulanya adalah seperti berikut:

$$\text{Nisbah guna tenaga kepada penduduk} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk umur bekerja (15 - 64 tahun)}} \times 100$$

7.10 Kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu

Kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu ialah perkadaran penduduk yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu pada minggu rujukan kepada jumlah penduduk bekerja. Kadar ini mengukur peratus penduduk bekerja yang bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu dan dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu} = \frac{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja kurang daripada 30 jam seminggu}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja}} \times 100$$

7.11 Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa

Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa ialah perkadaran penduduk yang bekerja kurang dari 30 jam seminggu pada minggu rujukan serta mampu dan sanggup menerima tambahan jam bekerja kepada jumlah penduduk bekerja. Kadar ini mengukur peratus guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa dan dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa} = \frac{\text{Bilangan guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan masa}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja}} \times 100$$

7.12 Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran

Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran ialah perkadaran penduduk yang berpendidikan tertiar tetapi bekerja dalam kategori pekerjaan separuh mahir dan berkemahiran rendah kepada jumlah penduduk bekerja yang berpendidikan tertiar. Kadar ini mengukur peratus guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran dan dikira menggunakan formula berikut:

$$\text{Kadar guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran} = \frac{\text{Bilangan guna tenaga tidak penuh berkaitan kemahiran}}{\text{Bilangan penduduk bekerja berpendidikan tertiar}} \times 100$$

8. Pembundaran dan anggaran

Hasil tambah bagi sesuatu kategori mungkin tidak sentiasa sama dengan jumlah yang ditunjukkan dalam jadual yang berkaitan kerana pembundaran secara berasingan kepada satu titik perpuluhan. Walau bagaimanapun, perbezaan ini tidak ketara.

9. Nota dan simbol

–	Kosong/ tiada kes
0.0	Kurang daripada setengah unit terkecil yang ditunjukkan. Misalnya, kurang daripada 0.05 peratus.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 *The statistics published in this report is based on Labour Force Survey (LFS) conducted by Department of Statistics, Malaysia. The implementation of LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the **International Labour Organization (ILO)** with reference to the **Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Method**.*
- 1.2 *The survey is carried out every month through a household approach to provide statistics of labour force, employment and unemployment at the national and state levels as well as urban and rural areas.*
- 1.3 *The comprehensive and systematic approach in data collection and processing has been maintained over a period of time in order to obtain comparable time series statistics.*
- 1.4 *The information obtained from LFS is gathered under the provisions of the **Statistics Act 1965 (Revised 1989)**. **Section 6** of this Act requires any individuals to provide actual information or best estimates to DOSM. Meanwhile, **Section 7** of this Act allows respondents whom refuse to cooperate in the undertaking of the survey to be penalised. The Act stipulated that the detailed information gathered is confidential and only aggregated figures are published.*
- 1.5 *This technical note comprises of detailed explanation on concepts, definition and methodology used to conduct LFS to assist users to better understand labour market information obtained via household approach.*

2. Objectives of the survey

- 2.1 *The main objectives of LFS are:*
 - i. *To collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment; and*
 - ii. *To provide the latest statistics in relation to labour market situation from the perspective of labour supply.*
- 2.2 *The statistics from this survey is utilised especially by the government as input in planning national developments strategies; as well as by economists, academicians, private sector and individuals for the purpose of research and analysis.*

3. Method of data collection

- 3.1 *LFS uses the personal interview method. During the survey period, trained interviewers visit households in selected living quarters (LQs) to collect demographic information on all household members and labour force particulars of household members aged 15 years and over.*
- 3.2 *Field checks are undertaken to identify and correct any possibility of errors or omissions at the time when the survey is conducted. In addition to this, selected households are interviewed*

again to check the quality of data collection operation.

- 3.3 25 per cent repeated panels were interviewed via **Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)**¹.

4. Scope and coverage

- 4.1 The LFS covers both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within all states in Malaysia.
- 4.2 The survey population is defined to cover persons who live in private LQs; hence **excludes** persons residing in institutional LQs such as hotels, hostels, hospitals, prisons, boarding houses, and workers residing in construction work site.
- 4.3 There is no attempt was made to adjust the exclusion of the population living in institutional LQs from the independent mid-year post census population estimates, although the LFS did not cover that population. Based on the current Population and Housing Census, those living in institutional LQs was less than four per cent of the total population. This percentage was small and did not affect the estimates of labour force statistics.
- 4.4 This survey comprises the economically active and inactive population between the age of **15 to 64 years**². The economically active population are those who are either employed or unemployed while those who are inactive are classified as outside labour force.

5. Sampling frame

- 5.1 The frame used for the selection of sample for LFS First Quarter 2026 is based on the Household Sampling Frame which is made up of renumeration blocks (EBs) created for the 2020 Population and Housing Census and was updated from time to time.
- 5.2 EBs are geographically contiguous areas of land with identifiable boundaries created for survey operation purposes, which on average contains about 80 to 120 LQs. All EBs are formed within gazetted boundaries, i.e. within mukim or local authority areas.
- 5.3 The EBs in the sampling frame are also classified into urban and rural areas³.

i. Urban areas

Gazetted areas with their adjoining built-up areas with combined population of 10,000 or more at the time of the 2020 Population and Housing Census.

- **Built-up areas**

Areas contiguous to a gazetted area with at least 60 per cent of the population (aged 15 years and over) engaged in non-agricultural activities.

The definition of urban areas also takes into account the special development area namely the development area which is not gazetted and can be identified and separated from the gazetted area or built-up area of more than 5 km with

1. Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI) is a modern method of data collection through telephone interview equipped with interactive computer system.

2. Working age limit for a country is determined based on the age structure of the population of the country.

3. Population Distribution and Basic Demographic Characteristics, 2020 Population and Housing Census.

population of at least 10,000 persons where 60 per cent of the population (aged 15 years and over) were involved in non-agricultural activities.

ii. Rural areas

All other gazetted areas with population of less than 10,000 persons and non-gazetted areas.

- 5.4 Urbanisation is a dynamic process and keeps changing in line with progress and development. Thus, the urban areas for the Population and Housing Census conducted by DOSM do not necessarily refer to the same areas, as areas fulfilling the criteria of urban continue to increase or grow with time.

6. Estimation Procedures

- 6.1 Current population estimates by age group, sex, citizenship, ethnicity and state were used as the benchmark to produce labour statistics through **combined ratio estimated method** which are adjusted weight and population factor.

i. Adjusted weight

Adjusted weight is used to take into account the non-response cases.

ii. Population factor

In multi-stage sampling design, the sample size is a random variable and aggregates directly estimated from the survey can have large sampling errors. External weight is used to minimise sampling error. The external weight used in Labour Force Survey is the population factor. The population factor is obtained through up-to-date estimates of population totals which is used to inflate the various rates and ratios estimated from the survey.

- 6.2 Two types of population statistics produced by DOSM are:

- i. population projection** to indicate the size and structure of the population in the long term based on certain assumption on the trend of fertility, mortality and migration. These statistics are used as input to formulate future plans and policies.
- ii. current population** estimates to illustrate the size of the current population and is prepared annually based on the recent data on birth, death and migration.

- 6.3 Starting from First Quarter of 2025 LFS, quarterly labour force statistics are estimated using Current Population Estimates based on the Population and Housing Census of Malaysia 2020.

Therefore, rebasing of quarterly labour force statistics starting from the Second Quarter of 2020 until the Fourth Quarter of 2024 needs to be implemented to ensure that the published labor force statistics are in line with the current demographic and socio-economic information of the Malaysian population.

In this regard, the implementation of the quarterly revision of labour force statistics will be

implemented and published in stages. Starting from the First Quarter of 2025, labour force statistics for the First Quarter 2024 to the Fourth Quarter of 2024 have been rebased and published based on the Current Population Estimates (preliminary) for 2024.

7. Concepts and definitions

7.1 The working age limit for a country is determined based on the age structure of the economically active population of the country. Working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of **15 to 64 years** during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force⁴.

7.2 The LFS uses the actual status approach, where a person is classified on the basis of labour force activity during the reference week. The activity status is categorised as follows:

i.i. Labour force

Labour force refers to population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years who are either employed or unemployed.

ii. Employed

All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker. They are also considered as employed if they:

- a. Did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, disability, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- b. Were temporary laid-off with pay and would definitely be called back to work.
- c. Were employed less than 30 hours per week during the reference week because of the nature of their work.
- d. Were employed in the category of **underemployment**:
 - **Time-related underemployment** were a group of people who employed less than 30 hours during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and are able and willing to accept additional hours of work.
 - **Skill-related underemployment** were those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories

Persons who were employed **more than 30 hours** during the reference week are considered to be in **full employment**.

- e. **Person who works for pay or profit while on training or skills-enhancement activities** required by the job or for another job for example those who follow Reskilling and Upskilling programs. This refers to the 19th International Conference

4. Survey of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

of Labour Statisticians (ICLS).

- f. **Apprentices, interns or trainees** who work for **pay in cash or in kind such as paid practical students**. This also refers to the 19th ICLS.

iii. Unemployed

The unemployed are those who did not work during the reference week and are classified into two groups that is the actively unemployed and inactively unemployed.

The **actively unemployed** include all persons who were available for work and were actively looking for work during the reference week.

Inactively unemployed persons include those in the following categories:

- a. Did not look for work because they believed no work was available or that they were not qualified.
- b. Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather condition; and
- c. Had looked for work prior to the reference week and were waiting for result of job applications.

iv. Outside labour force

All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as **outside labour force**. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job. Referring to the 19th ICLS, apprentices or trainees who do not receive cash or goods are also included in this group.

7.3 Ethnic group

The ethnic group is categorised within Malaysian citizens after separating those who are non-citizens. The classification is as follows:

i. Malaysian citizens

- a. Bumiputera
- b. Chinese
- c. Indians
- d. Others

ii. Non-Malaysian citizens

7.4 Educational attainment

Refers to the highest level in which a person has completed schooling or is currently attending school in a public or private educational institution that provides formal education and is categorised as follows:

i. No formal education

Refers to persons who have never attended school in any of the educational institutions that provide formal education.

ii. Primary

Refers to those whose highest level of education attained is from Standard 1 to 6 or equivalent.

iii. Secondary

Refers to those whose highest level of education attained is from Form 1 to 5 (including remove class), General Certificate of Education (GCE) O Level or equivalent. This includes basic skill programmes in specific trades and technical skills institutions with the training period of at least six months.

iv. Tertiary

Refers to those whose highest level of education is above Form 5.

7.5 Status in employment

*Refers to the **position or status of an employed person** within the establishment or organisation for which he/she worked and is adapted based on the **International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93)**. Employed persons are classified according to the following employment status:*

i. Employer

A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and employs one or more workers to help him.

iii. Employee

A person who works for a public or private employer and receives regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind.

iii. Own account worker

A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business.

iv. Unpaid family worker

A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family.

7.6 Occupation

*i. Occupation data of LFS 2011 - 2015 is classified according to **Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008** based on the **International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08)** as follows:*

- 1 – Managers
- 2 – Professionals
- 3 – Technicians and associate professionals
- 4 – Clerical support workers
- 5 – Service and sales workers
- 6 – Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7 – Craft and related trades workers
- 8 – Plant and machine-operators and assemblers

- 9 – Elementary occupations
- ii. Occupation data of LFS 2016 - 2021 is classified according to **MASCO 2013** based on the **ISCO-08** but was improved in line with the transformation of work process and areas of specialisation as well as the complexity and dynamics in skills and tasks. The classification of occupation based on **MASCO 2013** is as follows:

- 1 – Managers
- 2 – Professionals
- 3 – Technicians and associate professionals
- 4 – Clerical support workers
- 5 – Service and sales workers
- 6 – Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7 – Craft and related trades workers
- 8 – Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9 – Elementary occupations

- iii. Occupation data of LFS 2021 - 2022 is classified according to **MASCO 2020** based on the **ISCO-08** as follows:

- 0 – Armed Forces occupation
- 1 – Managers
- 2 – Professionals
- 3 – Technicians and associate professionals
- 4 – Clerical support workers
- 5 – Service and sales workers
- 6 – Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7 – Craft and related trades workers
- 8 – Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9 – Elementary occupations

- iv. For a person having more than one job, only the job at which he worked for the **longest number of hours** during the reference week is treated as his **principal occupation**. Should the number of hours worked for each job is the same, then the job with the highest income is the principal occupation. In cases where the number of hours worked

and the income earned from each job are the same, the job at which he was **working for the longest period of time** is considered as the **principal occupation**.

7.7 Labour force participation rate

The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population. Therefore, the proportion of economically active persons differs between sub-groups of that population. These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed **labour force participation rate**.

Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 - 64 years), expressed as percentage. The formula is as follow:

$$\text{Labour force participation rate} = \frac{\text{Number of persons in the labour force}}{\text{Number of persons in the working age (15 - 64 years)}} \times 100$$

7.8 Unemployment rate

Unemployment rate is the proportion of unemployed population to the total population in labour force. This rate measures the percentage of unemployed population in labour force. Unemployment rate is computed by using the formula below:

$$\text{Unemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Number of unemployed persons}}{\text{Number of persons in the labour force}} \times 100$$

7.9 Employment to population ratio

The employment to population ratio is defined as the proportion of employed population to working-age population. A high ratio means that a large proportion of the country's population is employed while a low ratio means that a large share of the population is not involved directly in market-related activities due to being unemployed or out of the labour force. The formula is as follow:

$$\text{Employment to population ratio} = \frac{\text{Number of employed persons}}{\text{Number of persons in the working age (15 - 64 years)}} \times 100$$

7.10 Rate of employed persons less than 30 hours per week

Rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week refers to those who worked less than 30 hours during the reference week to working-age population. This rate measures the percentage of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week and calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Rate of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week} = \frac{\text{Number of employed persons working less than 30 hours per week}}{\text{Number of employed persons}} \times 100$$

7.11 Time-related underemployment rate

Time-related underemployment rate which refer to a group of people who employed less than 30 hours per week during the reference week and were able and willing to work extra hours to working-age population. This rate measures the percentage of time-related underemployment and calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Time-related underemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Number of time-related underemployment}}{\text{Number of employed persons}} \times 100$$

7.12 Skill related underemployment rate

Skill-related underemployment rate which comprised those with tertiary education but working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled category to employed persons with tertiary education. This rate measures the percentage of skill related underemployment and calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Skill-related underemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Number of skill-related underemployment}}{\text{Number of employed persons with tertiary education}} \times 100$$

8. Rounding of estimates

The sum of each category may not always equal to the totals shown in related tables because of independent rounding to one decimal place. However, the differences are not obvious.

9. Notes and symbols

–	Nil/ no cases
0.0	Less than half the smallest unit shown. For example, less than 0.05 per cent.

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