



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY  
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

**MEDIA STATEMENT**

**MINING OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS STATISTICS  
FOURTH QUARTER 2025**

**Crude oil and condensate production increased by 1.1 per cent to  
183.6 million barrels in 2025**

**PUTRAJAYA, 4<sup>TH</sup> MARCH 2026** – Crude oil and condensate production increased by 1.1 per cent to 183.6 million barrels in 2025. The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) reported today in the release of the **Mining of Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, Fourth Quarter of 2025**.

Commenting on the report, Chief Statistician of Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, "On a quarterly basis, Crude oil and condensate production increased by 4.5 per cent year-on-year in the fourth quarter of 2025 (Q3 2025: 7.9%), with total production amounting to 47.8 million barrels (Q3 2025: 45.1 million barrels). This growth was primarily driven by a double-digit increase in Condensate production, which rose by 18.0 per cent (Q3 2025: 9.7%) to 17.0 million barrels. Nevertheless, Crude oil production recorded a decline of 1.7 per cent compared to 7.0 per cent growth in the third quarter of 2025. In terms of composition, Crude oil accounted 64.4 per cent of total Crude oil and condensate production, while Condensate comprised 35.6 per cent. Meanwhile, Natural gas production registered 784.0 billion cubic feet, contracting by 1.1 per cent compared to 11.8 per cent growth in the preceding quarter."

The Weighted Average Lifting Price (WALP) for Crude oil and condensate in Malaysia declined to USD66.1 per barrel in the fourth quarter of 2025 (Q3 2025: USD71.9 per barrel). This decrease was in line with the global downward trend in WTI and Brent prices, which fell to USD59.6 per barrel (Q3 2025: USD65.7 per barrel) and USD63.6 per barrel (Q3 2025: USD69.0 per barrel), respectively.

Commenting on external trade performance, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, "The export value of Crude petroleum and condensates increased to RM6.1 billion in the fourth quarter of 2025 (Q3 2025: RM5.3 billion). This increase was in line with Refined petroleum products, which also recorded a marginal rise to RM23.9 billion

compared with RM23.8 billion in the previous quarter. At the same time, exports of Liquefied natural gas (LNG) also increased to RM13.6 billion in this quarter compared with RM12.2 billion in the preceding quarter.”

The Chief Statistician added, “Imports of Crude petroleum and condensates declined to RM11.5 billion in the fourth quarter of 2025 compared with RM16.0 billion recorded in the third quarter of 2025. Refined petroleum products also recorded a decrease to RM22.7 billion (Q3 2025: RM24.1 billion). Meanwhile, imports of Liquefied natural gas showed an increase, amounting to RM1.6 billion in this quarter compared with RM1.3 billion in the previous quarter.”

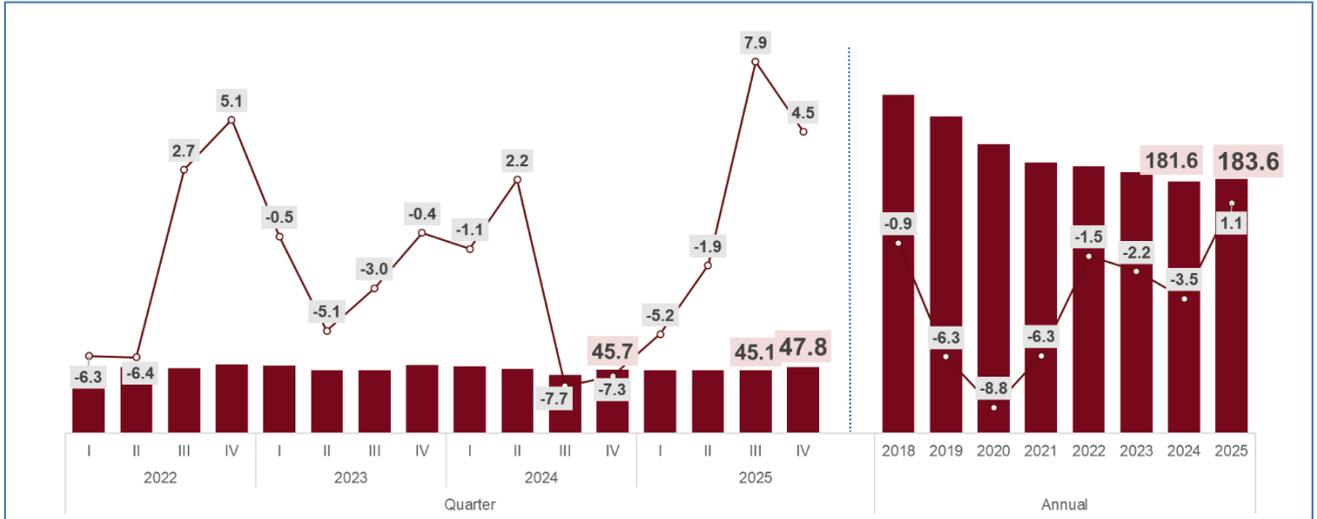
In 2025, Crude oil and condensate production grew by 1.1 per cent to 183.6 million barrels (2024: -3.5%; 181.6 million barrels). This growth was supported by higher Crude oil production as well as stronger Condensate performance, which expanded by 6.1 per cent compared to 2.7 per cent in the previous year. In terms of composition, Crude oil accounted for 67.9 per cent or 124.6 million barrels, while Condensate contributed 32.1 per cent or 59.0 million barrels. Meanwhile, Natural gas production recorded 2,943.8 billion cubic feet (2024: 3.0%; 2,948.8 billion cubic feet).

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the **Economic Census 2026 (BE2026)**, with themed “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. The sixth Economic Census, will be carried out from **5<sup>th</sup> January to 31<sup>st</sup> October 2026**. BE2026 aims to collect comprehensive and structured data from all registered and unregistered business establishments in Malaysia to assess the nation’s economic performance, structure and characteristics in an evidence-based manner.

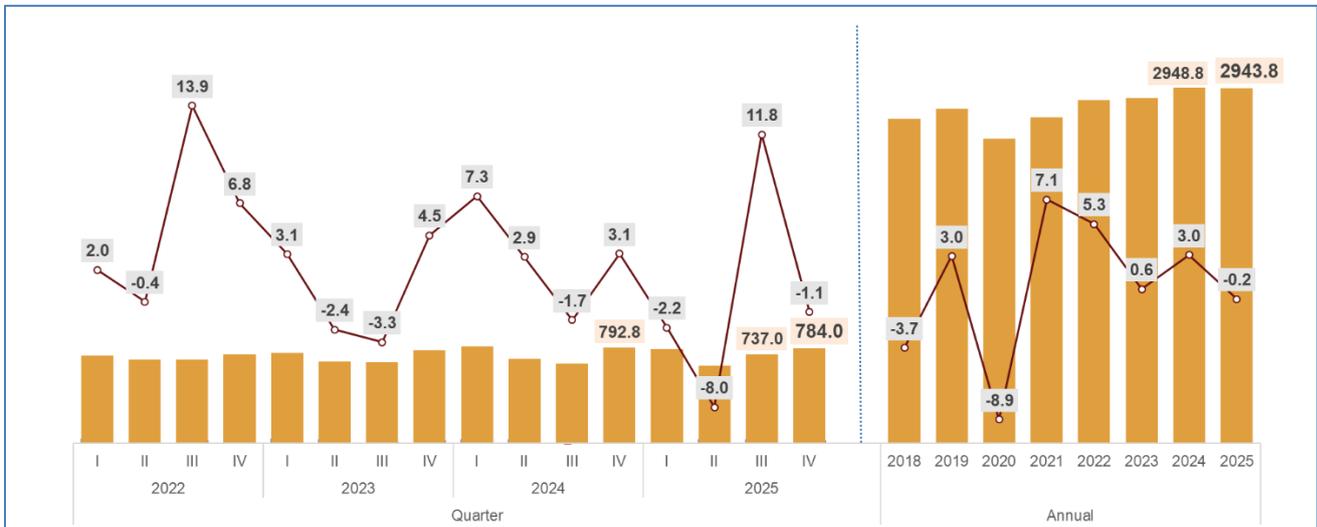
**Malaysia** has, for the first time, successfully secured the **top position** globally in the biennial **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 197 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67<sup>th</sup> position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

**OpenDOSM NextGen** is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

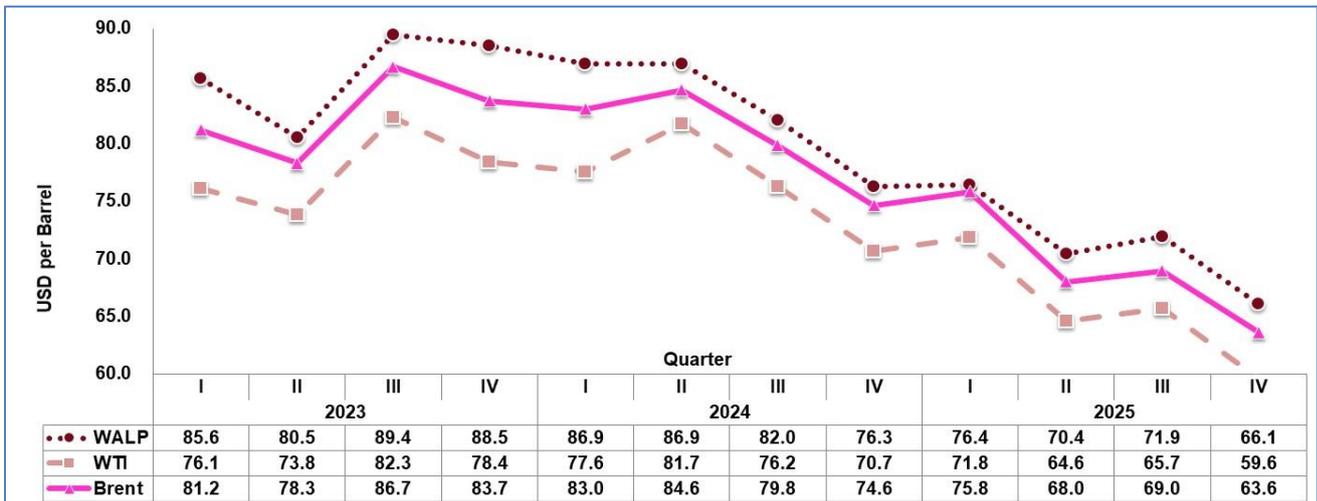
**Chart 1: Performance of Crude oil and Condensate Production, Q1 2022 - Q4 2025**



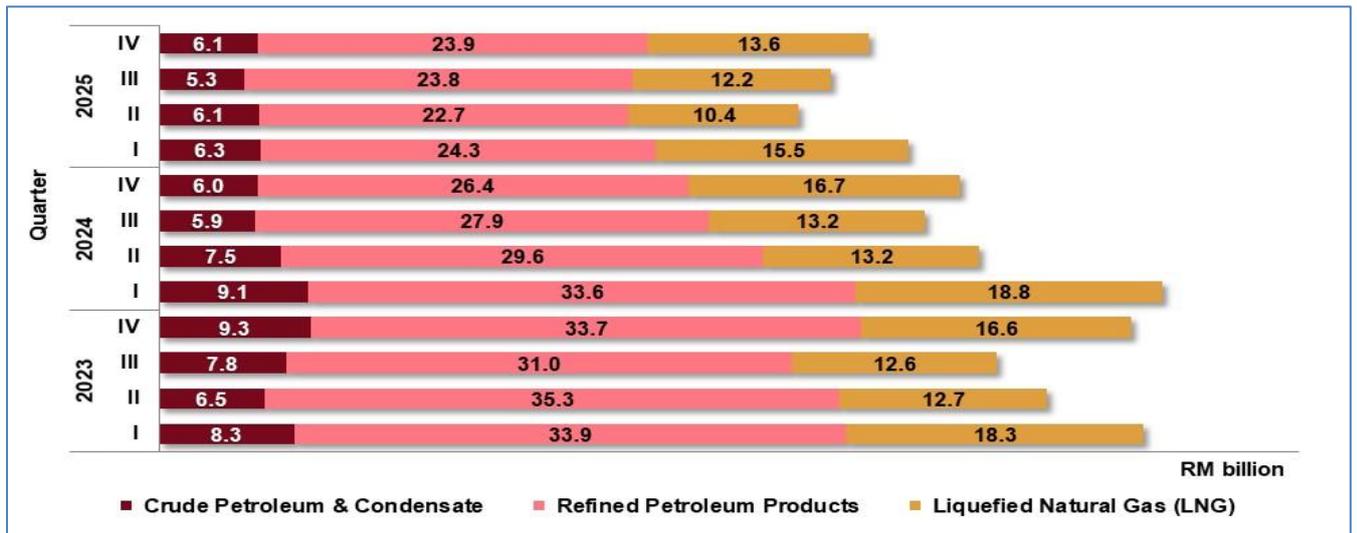
**Chart 2: Performance of Natural gas Production, Q1 2022 - Q4 2025**



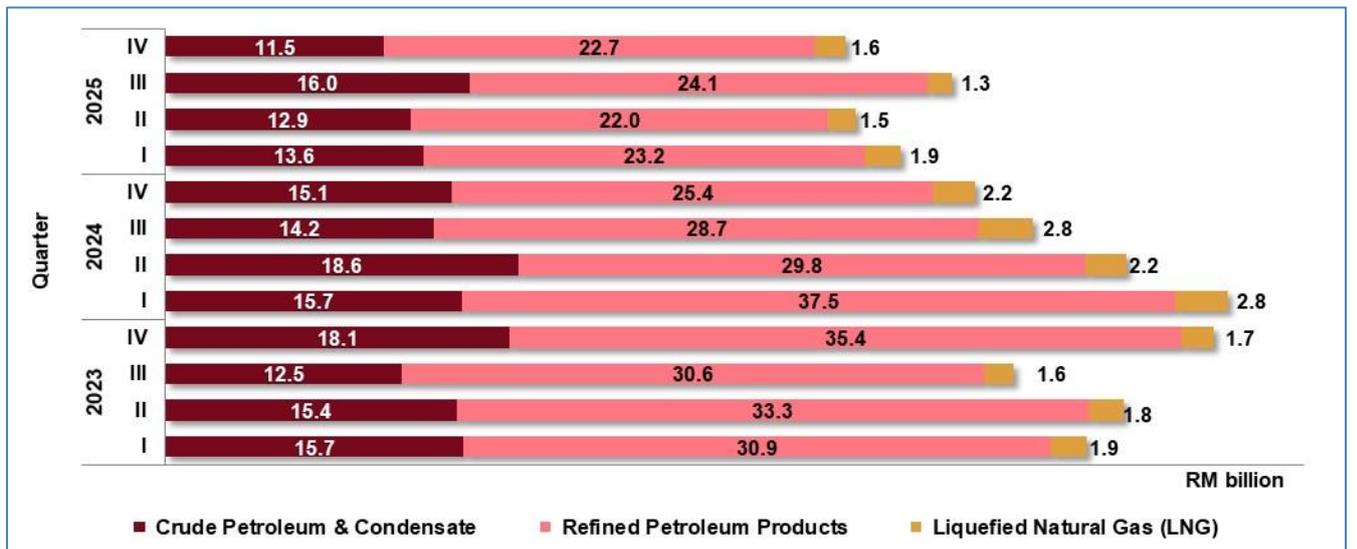
**Chart 3: Prices of Crude oil and Condensate, Q1 2023 - Q4 2025**



**Chart 4: Export Value of Crude Petroleum & Condensate, Refined Petroleum Products and Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), Q1 2023 - Q4 2025**



**Chart 5: Import Value of Crude Petroleum & Condensate, Refined Petroleum Products and Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), Q1 2023 - Q4 2025**



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