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INTERNATIONAL TRADE STATISTICS DIVISION DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA











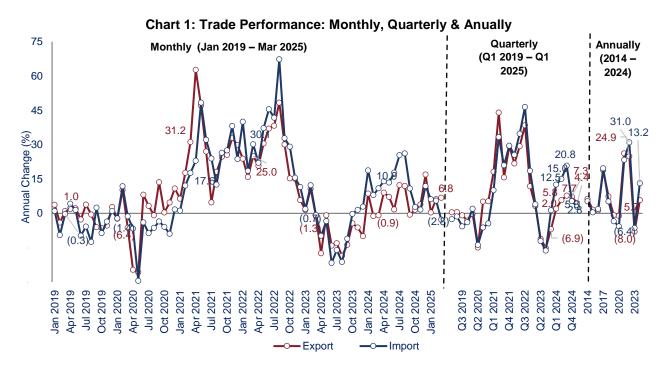


MALAYSIA'S TRADE PERFORMANCE, MARCH 2025

Malaysia's total trade demonstrated consistent performance in March 2025, recording a growth of 2.2 per cent or RM5.5 billion reaching RM249.9 billion compared to RM244.4 billion in the same month of the previous year. This performance was primarily attributed to an increase of 6.8 per cent or RM8.7 billion, in exports and 12.1 per cent or RM2.9 billion, in re-exports. The respective values of exports and re-exports amounted to RM137.3 billion and RM27.4 billion.

In addition, the trade balance continued to show a surplus of RM24.7 billion, reflecting a growth of 94.4 per cent compared to RM12.7 billion in the same month of the preceding year.

When compared to the previous month, exports, imports, and total trade rose by 16.1 per cent, 6.6 per cent, and 11.6 per cent, respectively. However, the trade balance exhibited substantial growth of 96.0 per cent, or RM12.1 billion, compared to February 2025.



EXPORTS

Malaysia's exports continued to perform well, recording a growth of 6.8 per cent in March 2025, with a value of RM137.3 billion

Performance of Exports

Malaysia's exports rose 6.8 per cent in March 2025 compared to the same month in 2024, corresponded with the increases in both domestic exports and re-exports. Domestic exports, which represented 80.0 per cent of total exports, posted an increase of 5.6 per cent from RM104.1 billion to RM109.9 billion. Meanwhile, re-exports worth RM27.4 billion, accounting for 20.0 per cent of total exports, grew by 12.1 per cent from

RM24.4 billion as compared to the previous year.

Meanwhile, the month-on-month comparison indicated exports rose by 16.1 per cent or RM19.1 billion. However, based on a month-on-month (m-o-m) seasonally adjusted terms analysis, exports decreased 2.3 per cent to RM130.2 billion.

Chart 2: Domestic Exports, Re-Exports (RM billion) and Annual Change (%)

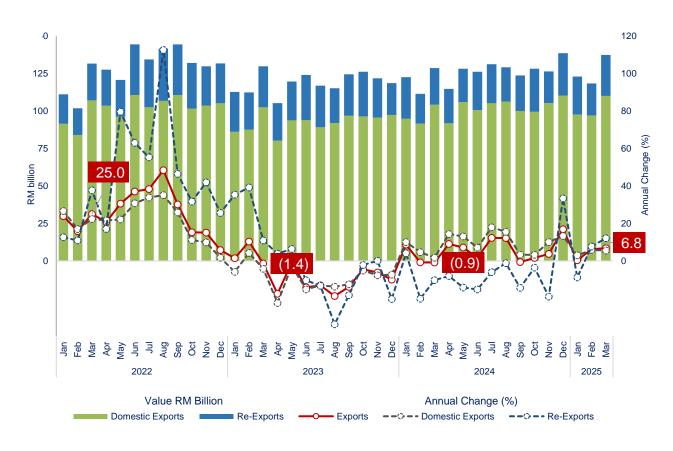
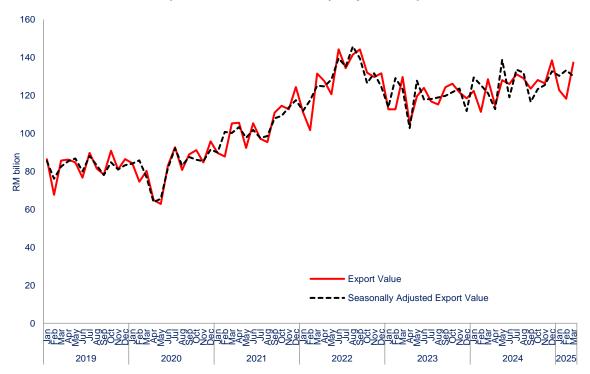


Chart 3: Actual Export Value and Seasonally Adjusted Export Value, RM billion



Export Performance for Major Country of Destination

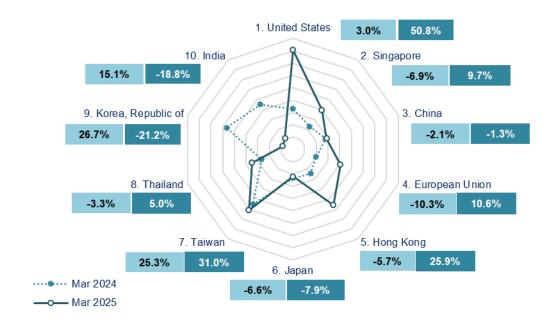
The United States and Singapore remained as the top destination countries for Malaysia's exports, collectively contributing 31.9 per cent of the total export value in March 2025.

The United States topped the list with exports worth RM22.7 billion, representing a 16.5 per cent share of Malaysia's total exports, reflecting an increase of 50.8 per cent, or RM7.6 billion, compared to the previous year. The increase was mainly driven by higher exports of electrical & electronic (E&E) products (+RM6.2 billion, +68.3%), other manufactures (+RM768.1 million, +90.4%) and processed food (+RM153.2 million, +96.1%).

Singapore contributed 15.4 per cent to Malaysia's total exports, valued at RM21.2 billion, marking an increase ٥f RM1.9 billion or 9.7 per cent from the previous year. This growth was supported by higher exports of E&E products (+RM2.0 billion, +22.4%), steel iron & (+RM304.0. million, +86.2%) and machinery, equipment & parts (+RM157.3 million, +8.4%).

Among the top ten destination countries, exports to the United States, Singapore, European Union, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Thailand experienced positive growth. On the other hand, exports to China, Japan, Korea, Republic of and India recorded declines.

Chart 4: Annual Change of Exports for Major Country of Destination, March 2024 dan March 2025



Exports to ASEAN Countries

Exports to ASEAN countries, contributed 27.6 per cent of Malaysia's total exports in March 2025. It recorded a value of RM37.9 billion, rose by 0.7 per cent from RM37.6 billion in the same month the previous year.

The increase was particularly driven by the positive performance in electric & electronic products (E&E) (+RM2.7 billion, +22.2%), machinery, equipment & parts (+RM286.8 million, +10.0%), liquefied natural gas (LNG) (+RM231.5 million, +59.1%) and

palm Oil & palm-based products (+RM148.6 million, +27.3%). However, petroleum products and crude petroleum experienced a reduction of RM2.9 billion (-37.9%) and RM996.0 million (-63.4%), respectively.

Among ASEAN countries, Singapore is the leading export destination, contributing 55.9 per cent, with a substantial increase of 9.7 per cent or RM1.9 billion compared to Mac 2024.

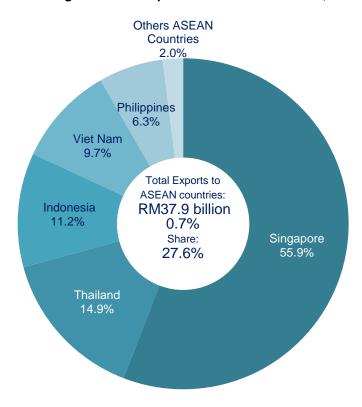


Chart 5: Percentage Share of Exports to ASEAN Countries, March 2025

Export Performance for Economic Sectors

Exports of manufactured goods remained an important component of total exports in March 2025, contributing 86.9 per cent, recording a year-on-year (y-o-y) increase of 8.9 per cent to RM119.3 billion from RM109.6 billion in the previous year. The main contributors to the increase were E&E products (+RM12.5 billion, +25.1%), machinery, equipment & parts (+RM785.3 million, +12.3%) and processed food (+RM542.7 million, +18.6%).

Exports of mining goods, which accounted for 6.4 per cent of total exports, recorded a decline of

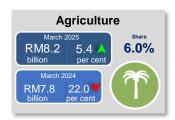
16.6 per cent to RM8.7 billion. The decrease was largely attributed to lower exports of crude petroleum (-RM1.2 billion, -43.6%) and liquefied natural gas (LNG) (-RM673.8 million, -11.0%).

On the other hand, agricultural products, which accounted for 6.0 per cent of total exports, experienced an increase of 5.4 per cent, rising to RM8.2 billion from RM7.8 billion. This growth was primarily driven by higher exports of other agricultural products (+RM191.9 million, +20.7%) and palm oil & palm-based products (+RM187.1 million, +3.3%).

Exhibit 1: Exports by Sector, March 2024 dan March 2025







Exports of Selected Major Products

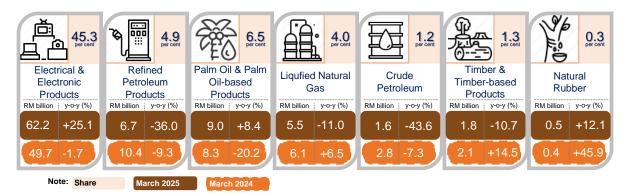
Export performance recorded an increase in March 2025, in line with positive growth by the following products:

- E&E products, accounted for 45.3 per cent of total exports, increased by RM12.5 billion or 25.1 per cent to reach a value of RM62.2 billion;
- Palm oil & palm oil-based products, accounting for 6.5 per cent of total exports, rose by RM696.2 million, reflecting a growth of 8.4 per cent, reaching a total of RM9.0 billion. Exports of palm oil, the leading commodity in this product group, recorded an increase of RM138.4 million (+2.9%). The average value per unit showed increase of 17.4 per cent, while the export
- volume fell 12.4 per cent. Additionally, the domestic price of crude palm oil has risen by 12.4 per cent, reaching RM4,740.0 per metric tonnes; and
- Natural rubber representing 0.3 per cent of total exports, increased 12.1 per cent or RM51.8 million to RM479.8 million, aligned with a 25.7 per cent increase in an average unit value. On the contrary, export volume declined 10.8 per cent. Additionally, rubber prices (SMR20) experienced a notable increase of 15.9 per cent.

However, a decrease was recorded for the following products:

- Refined petroleum products. which contributed 4.9 per cent of total exports, billion decreased by RM3.7 or 36.0 per cent to RM6.7 billion in line with the value decline in average unit (-15.7%) and export volume (-24.0%);
- Crude petroleum, accounting for 1.2 per cent of total exports, decreased by RM1.2 billion or 43.6 per cent to RM1.6 billion. It was in line with the decline in export volume (-33.5%) and average value per unit (-15.2%). The price of Brent oil in March 2025 fell to RM321.9 (-20.1%) per barrel as compared to the same month of previous year;
- LNG accounted for 4.0 per cent of total exports, experiencing a reduction of RM673.8 million or 11.0 per cent, to RM5.5 billion, corresponded with the reduction in export volume, which saw a decline of 0.3 per cent, as well as a decrease in average unit value of 10.7 per cent; and
- Timber & timber-based products decreased by 10.7 per cent or RM220.2 million to RM1.8 billion, contributing 1.3 per cent to total exports.

Exhibit 2: Exports of Selected Major Product, March 2024 dan March 2025



IMPORTS

Import performance decreased 2.8 per cent to RM112.6 billion in March 2025

Performance of Imports

Malaysia's import value declined by RM3.3 billion or 2.8 per cent in March 2025. This decrease brought the total import to RM112.6 billion from RM115.8 billion recorded in the same month the previous year. However, a monthly comparison shows that imports increased by 6.6 per cent compared to the previous month.

Referring to the analysis in seasonally adjusted terms m-o-m, imports declined 7.4 per cent to RM109.8 billion. On a y-o-y basis, imports by end use recorded a decrease in imports of capital goods of 19.2 per cent to RM13.1 billion and intermediate goods of 0.6 per cent to RM59.0 billion. Meanwhile, consumption goods experienced a growth of 3.6 per cent to RM9.7 billion.

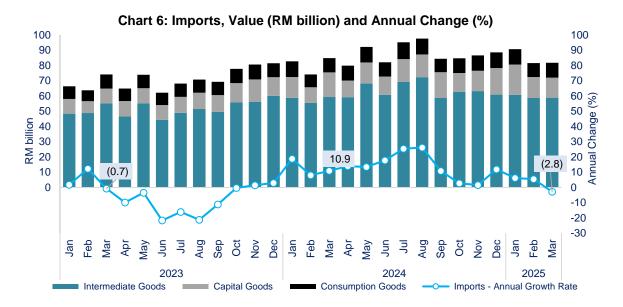


Chart 7: Actual Import Value and Seasonally Adjusted Imports Value, RM billion 160 140 120 100 RM billion 80 60 40 Import Value Seasonally Adjusted Import Value 20 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025

Import Performance for Major Country of Origin

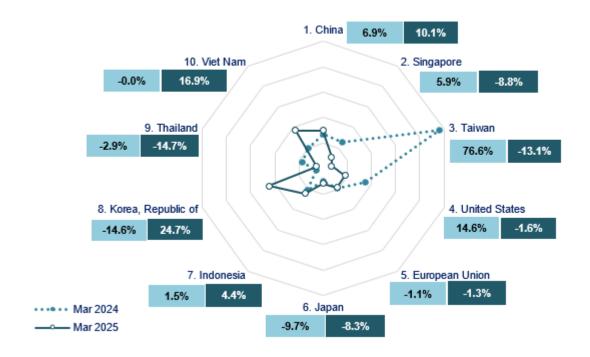
China and Singapore were the two major countries of origin for Malaysia's imports, constituted 33.3 per cent to the total import value in March 2025.

Imports from China, which represented for 22.1 per cent of Malaysia's total imports, expanded by 10.1 per cent to RM24.9 billion, y-o-y. The expansion was propelled by higher imports of E&E products (+RM1.9 billion, +20.7%), machinery, equipment & parts (+RM975.6 million, +45.3%) and chemical & chemical products (+RM256.9 million, +13.6%).

Imports from Singapore were valued at RM12.6 billion, making up 11.2 per cent of total imports, declined 8.8 per cent or RM1.2 billion, y-o-y. The decrease was influenced by lower imports of petroleum products (-RM575.0 million, -14.9%) and E&E products (-RM223.8 million, -4.6%).

The performance in imports from six major countries recorded a decline, while imports from China, Indonesia, Republic of Korea of, dan Viet Nam increased as compared to the same month last year.

Chart 8: Annual Change for Imports for Major Country of Origin, March 2024 dan March 2025



Imports from ASEAN Countries

Imports from ASEAN countries accounted for 23.4 per cent of total imports, posted a decrease of 4.4 per cent, to RM26.4 billion from RM27.6 billion as compared to in the same month of the previous year.

The decrease was due to lower imports of petroleum products (-RM839.7 million, -18.2%), other mining (-RM481.1 million, -34.3%), chemical & chemical products (-RM413.1 million, -18.8%) and crude

petroleum (-RM389.0 million, -99.8%). However, increases were recorded for palm oilbased manufactured products (+RM542.8 juta, +217.4%) and E&E products (+RM495.9 juta, +6.9%).

Singapore continued to dominate imports among ASEAN countries with a contribution of 47.7 per cent, albeit a decrease of 8.8 per cent or RM1.2 billion as compared to the last year.

Others ASEAN Countries 1.3% **Philippines** 3.2% Viet Nam 11.2% Total Imports from Thailand ASEAN countries: Singapore 15.7% RM26.4 billion 47.7% -4.4%, Share: 23.4% Indonesia 20.9%

Chart 9: Percentage Share of Imports from ASEAN Countries, March 2025

Import Performance for Economic Sectors

Imports of manufactured goods (82.9% of total imports), decreased by 2.8 percent from RM96.0 billion to RM93.3 billion y-o-y. This decrease was due to lower imports of petroleum products (-RM6.6 billion, -46.9%) and manufacture of metal (-RM1.0 billion, -17.6%).

Imports of agricultural products (7.5% of total imports) recorded a remarkable increase of 34.9 per cent to RM8.5 billion from RM6.3 billion, mainly supported by higher imports of other agricultural products (+RM1.4 billion, +30.2%), palm oil & palm oil-based agricultural products

(+RM509.6 million, +164.9%), other vegetable oils (+RM190.1 million, +52.7%), and natural rubber (+RM102.2 million, +15.5%).

In addition, imports of mining products, which contributed 7.2 percent of total imports, valued at RM8.1 billion, recorded a decline of 29.0 per cent or RM3.3 billion from RM11.4 billion. This was due to a decrease in imports of crude petroleum (-RM1.7 billion, -28.5%), other mining (-RM1.0 billion, -39.6%) and liquefied natural gas (LNG) (-RM592.8 million, -55.2%).

Exhibit 3: Imports by Sector, March 2024 dan March 2025







Imports of Selected Major Products

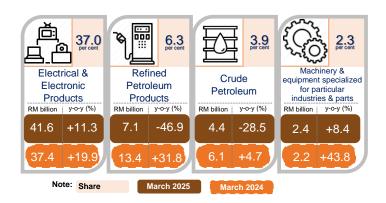
Imports continued to increase in March 2025, driven by the performance in the following products:

- E&E products (37.0% of total imports), expanded 11.3 per cent (+RM4.2 billion) to RM41.4 billion;and
- Machinery & equipment specifically for certain industries and spare parts (2.2% of total imports), grew 8.4 per cent (+RM188.1 million) to RM2.4 billion.

However, negative growth was recorded for the following products:

- Refined petroleum products, accounting for 6.3 per cent of total imports, decreased by RM6.3 billion or 46.9 per cent, consistent with a decline in average unit value (-14.4%) and import volume (-38.0%); and
- Crude petroleum, which contributed 3.9 per cent to total imports, decreased by RM1.7 billion or 28.5 percent of import volume (-16.7%) and the average value per unit decreased by 14.2%.

Exhibit 4: Imports of Selected Major Product, March 2024 dan March 2025



Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification

Imports decreased by 2.8 per cent to RM112.6 billion, with three main import categories by End Use contributing 72.6 per cent of total imports, as follows:

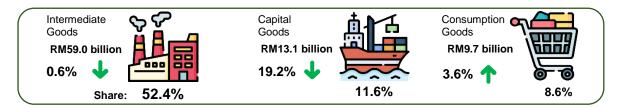
Intermediate goods, valued at RM59.0 billion or 52.4 per cent of total imports, decreased by 0.6 per cent, with a decrease in imports of fuel & lubricants, primary (-RM2.4 bilion, -30.5%).

Capital goods, amounting to RM13.1 billion (11.6% of total imports) decreased by 19.2 percent, due to a decrease in imports capital goods (except transport equipment)

(-RM3.5 billion, -22.2%). However, transport equipment, industrial, increased by 83.9 percent or RM385.0 million.

Consumption goods, totalling RM9.7 billion (8.6% of total imports), posted an increase of 3.6 per cent, particularly due to higher imports of durables (+RM389.9 juta, +29.3%) and semi-durables (+RM131.3 juta, +10.1%).

Exhibit 5: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification, March 2025



STATISTICAL TABLE

Table I: Exports, Domestic Exports, Imports, Total Trade And Balance of Trade

	Value RM million						Annual Change (%)							
PERIOD	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade				
2020	983,827	799,197	800,481	1,784,308	183,345	(1.1)	(2.9)	(5.8)	(3.3)	25.9				
2021	1,241,022	1,012,001	987,344	2,228,366	253,678	26.1	26.6	23.3	24.9	38.4				
2022	1,550,009	1,222,034	1,293,811	2,843,821	256,198	24.9	20.8	31.0	27.6	1.0				
2023	1,426,199	1,111,065	1,211,044	2,637,243	215,155	(8.0)	(9.1)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(16.0)				
2024	1,507,683	1,214,227	1,370,842	2,878,526	136,841	5.7	9.3	13.2	9.1	(36.4)				
2024 (JAN-MAR)	362,332	290,366	328,200	690,532	34,132	2.0	5.0	12.5	6.8	(46.2)				
2025 (JAN-MAR)	378,365	304,353	337,365	715,730	40,999	4.4	4.8	2.8	3.6	20.1				
2022														
Q1	344,290	282,220	280,656	624,946	63,634	21.8	22.0	25.5	23.4	7.7				
Q2	392,348	310,278	332,992	725,340	59,356	29.3	24.8	34.8	31.8	5.4				
Q3	420,094	319,467	355,128	775,222	64,966	38.5	31.3	46.5	42.0	6.6				
Q4	393,277	310,069	325,035	718,312	68,243	11.9	7.3	18.5	14.8	(11.8)				
2023														
Q1	355,092	276,446	291,680	646,772	63,413	3.1	(2.0)	3.9	3.5	(0.3)				
Q2	348,623	267,560	292,800	641,423	55,823	(11.1)	(13.8)	(12.1)	(11.6)	(6.0)				
Q3	356,280	277,863	297,245	653,525	59,035	(15.2)	(13.0)	(16.3)	(15.7)	(9.1)				
Q4	366,203	289,195	329,319	695,521	36,884	(6.9)	(6.7)	1.3	(3.2)	(46.0)				
2024														
Q1	362,332	290,366	328,200	690,532	34,132	2.0	5.0	12.5	6.8	(46.2)				
Q2	368,749	297,935	336,776	705,525	31,973	5.8	11.4	15.0	10.0	(42.7)				
Q3	383,678	311,175	358,995	742,673	24,682	7.7	12.0	20.8	13.6	(58.2)				
Q4	392,924	314,751	346,871	739,795	46,053	7.3	8.8	5.3	6.4	24.9				
2025														
Q1	378,365	304,353	337,365	715,730	40,999	4.4	4.8	2.8	3.6	20.1				
2022														
JAN	111,060	91,391	92,822	203,882	18,238	23.8	26.6	27.1	25.3	9.7				
FEB	101,742	83,899	82,589	184,331	19,152	15.9	17.0	18.5	17.0	5.7				
MAR	131,488	106,930	105,244	236,732	26,244	25.0	22.4	30.1	27.2	7.7				
APR	127,483	103,416	104,107	231,590	23,375	20.7	21.6	22.1	21.3	14.9				
MAY	120,590	96,241	107,791	228,381	12,798	30.5	22.1	37.3	33.6	(7.6)				
JUN	144,275	110,622	121,094	265,369	23,182	37.0	30.7	45.5	40.8	4.9				
JUL	134,326	102,359	118,487	252,812	15,839	38.3	33.8	41.8	39.9	16.8				
AUG	141,519	106,661	124,231	265,750	17,288	48.4	35.1	67.3	56.7	(18.2)				
SEP	144,250	110,446	112,410	256,660	31,839	30.1	25.8	32.8	31.3	21.4				
OCT	131,977	101,552	113,518	245,495	18,459	15.3	11.1	29.1	21.3	(30.6)				
NOV	129,694	103,513	107,890	237,584	21,804	15.1	9.9	15.5	15.3	13.0				
DEC	131,606	105,004	103,626	235,232	27,980	5.8	1.7	11.5	8.2	(11.1)				

Table I: Exports, Domestic Exports, Imports, Total Trade And Balance of Trade

		Va	alue RM mill	ion	Annual Change (%)							
PERIOD	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade		
2023												
JAN	112,666	86,053	94,508	207,174	18,157	1.4	(5.9)	1.8	1.6	(0.4)		
FEB	112,682	87,854	92,703	205,385	19,979	10.8	4.7	12.2	11.4	4.3		
MAR	129,745	102,539	104,469	234,213	25,276	(1.3)	(4.1)	(0.7)	(1.1)	(3.7)		
APR	105,166	80,176	93,821	198,986	11,345	(17.5)	(22.5)	(9.9)	(14.1)	(51.5)		
MAY	119,516	93,623	104,105	223,620	15,411	(0.9)	(2.7)	(3.4)	(2.1)	20.4		
JUN	123,942	93,761	94,875	218,817	29,067	(14.1)	(15.2)	(21.7)	(17.5)	25.4		
JUL	116,765	89,040	99,458	216,224	17,307	(13.1)	(13.0)	(16.1)	(14.5)	9.3		
AUG	115,181	92,099	97,850	213,031	17,330	(18.6)	(13.7)	(21.2)	(19.8)	0.2		
SEP	124,334	96,725	99,937	224,271	24,398	(13.8)	(12.4)	(11.1)	(12.6)	(23.4)		
OCT	126,152	96,392	113,187	239,339	12,964	(4.4)	(5.1)	(0.3)	(2.5)	(29.8)		
NOV	121,604	95,540	109,501	231,105	12,103	(6.2)	(7.7)	1.5	(2.7)	(44.5)		
DEC	118,447	97,263	106,631	225,078	11,816	(10.0)	(7.4)	2.9	(4.3)	(57.8)		
2024												
JAN	122,410	94,705	112,238	234,648	10,173	8.6	10.1	18.8	13.3	(44.0)		
FEB	111,357	91,538	100,116	211,473	11,241	(1.2)	4.2	8.0	3.0	(43.7)		
MAR	128,565	104,123	115,845	244,410	12,719	(0.9)	1.5	10.9	4.4	(49.7)		
APR	114,695	91,716	106,954	221,649	7,742	9.1	14.4	14.0	11.4	(31.8)		
MAY	128,037	105,806	118,083	246,120	9,955	7.1	13.0	13.4	10.1	(35.4)		
JUN	126,017	100,414	111,740	237,757	14,276	1.7	7.1	17.8	8.7	(50.9)		
JUL	131,117	105,043	124,716	255,832	6,401	12.3	18.0	25.4	18.3	(63.0)		
AUG	129,004	106,208	123,490	252,493	5,514	12.0	15.3	26.2	18.5	(68.2)		
SEP	123,557	99,924	110,790	234,347	12,767	(0.6)	3.3	10.9	4.5	(47.7)		
OCT	128,139	99,443	116,269	244,408	11,869	1.6	3.2	2.7	2.1	(8.4)		
NOV	126,310	105,108	111,259	237,569	15,050	3.9	10.0	1.6	2.8	24.4		
DEC	138,476	110,200	119,342	257,818	19,134	16.9	13.3	11.9	14.5	61.9		
2025												
JAN	122,814	97,546	119,155	241,969	3,659	0.3	3.0	6.2	3.1	(64.0)		
FEB	118,242	96,899	105,625	223,867	12,617	6.2	5.9	5.5	5.9	12.2		
MAR	137,309	109,909	112,585	249,894	24,724	6.8	5.6	(2.8)	2.2	94.4		

Table II: Exports by Country Destination

		Value F	RM million (F	OB)		Annual Chan	ge	Value RM million (FOB)			
Rank	Country	Mar	Feb	Mar	Share	Val RM million	%	Jan-Mar	Jan-Mar	Share	
Rank	Country	2024	2025	2025	(%)	(FOB)	/0	2024	2025	(%)	
	Total Exports	128,565	118,242	137,309	100.0	8,744.4	6.8	362,332	378,365	100.0	
1	Singapore	19,290	18,349	21,159	15.4	1,868.8	9.7	52,378	60,358	16.0	
2	United States	15,024	17,500	22,662	16.5	7,638.2	50.8	42,071	57,416	15.2	
3	China	16,333	13,140	16,121	11.7	(211.6)	(1.3)	44,500	42,581	11.3	
4	EU	9,846	9,459	10,886	7.9	1,040.1	10.6	28,581	30,038	7.9	
5	Hong Kong	7,384	6,772	9,299	6.8	1,914.3	25.9	18,948	23,448	6.2	
6	Japan	7,828	6,520	7,210	5.3	(618.3)	(7.9)	23,847	21,203	5.6	
7	Taiwan, Province Of China	5,297	5,046	6,938	5.1	1,641.7	31.0	14,404	17,519	4.6	
8	Thailand	5,376	4,684	5,642	4.1	266.3	5.0	14,385	15,427	4.1	
9	Indonesia	4,716	4,550	3,691	2.7	(1,024.9)	(21.7)	14,550	12,504	3.3	
10	Korea, Republic Of	5,492	3,823	4,328	3.2	(1,163.4)	(21.2)	14,053	11,795	3.1	
11	India	5,224	4,025	4,242	3.1	(982.1)	(18.8)	13,153	11,757	3.1	
12	Viet Nam	5,294	4,022	4,230	3.1	(1,063.4)	(20.1)	15,942	11,408	3.0	
13	Australia	3,605	3,292	3,556	2.6	(49.8)	(1.4)	12,359	10,969	2.9	
14	Philippines	1,900	1,802	2,399	1.7	498.7	26.2	6,194	6,570	1.7	
15	Turkiye	1,506	1,759	1,768	1.3	262.7	17.5	4,835	5,479	1.4	
16	Mexico	1,621	1,761	1,369	1.0	(252.6)	(15.6)	4,540	4,493	1.2	
17	United Arab Emirates	1,384	1,331	1,254	0.9	(130.4)	(9.4)	3,830	3,786	1.0	
18	Bangladesh	1,439	1,028	648	0.5	(790.7)	(55.0)	3,620	2,576	0.7	
19	United Kingdom	731	648	789	0.6	57.8	7.9	2,097	2,084	0.6	
20	Canada	464	587	604	0.4	140.7	30.3	1,158	1,876	0.5	
21	New Zealand	552	544	423	0.3	(129.0)	(23.4)	1,812	1,472	0.4	
22	Kenya	247	399	278	0.2	30.6	12.4	857	1,412	0.4	
23	Saudi Arabia	625	501	420	0.3	(205.0)	(32.8)	1,943	1,289	0.3	
24	Pakistan	584	422	458	0.3	(126.6)	(21.7)	1,707	1,283	0.3	
25	Brunei Darussalam	597	442	203	0.1	(394.1)	(66.0)	1,580	1,176	0.3	
26	Switzerland	320	275	570	0.4	249.6	77.9	639	1,143	0.3	
27	Sri Lanka	375	393	316	0.2	(59.3)	(15.8)	892	943	0.2	
28	Costa Rica	174	381	310	0.2	136.4	78.4	683	912	0.2	
29	Myanmar	254	342	295	0.2	41.7	16.5	986	893	0.2	
30	Cambodia	196	377	250	0.2	54.6	27.9	885	888	0.2	
	Top 30 Country	123,677	114,174	132,318	96.4	8,640.8	7.0	347,432	364,698	96.4	
	Other Countries	4,887	4,068	4,991	3.6	103.6	2.1	14,900	13,667	3.6	

Table III: Imports by Country of Origin

		Value	RM million (C	IF)		Annual Cha	ange	Value RM million (CIF)			
Rank	Country	Mar 2024	Feb 2025	Mar 2025	Share (%)	Val RM million (CIF)	%	Jan-Mar 2024	Jan-Mar 2025	Share (%)	
	Total Imports	115,845	105,625	112,585	100.0	(3,260.0)	(2.8)	328,200	337,365	100.0	
1	China	22,611	22,244	24,886	22.1	2,274.6	10.1	67,780	75,239	22.3	
2	Singapore	13,779	12,122	12,567	11.2	(1,212.0)	(8.8)	40,198	37,573	11.1	
3	Taiwan, Province Of China	12,775	9,194	11,100	9.9	(1,674.5)	(13.1)	27,876	35,211	10.4	
4	United States	8,550	9,878	8,412	7.5	(137.9)	(1.6)	24,848	29,508	8.7	
5	EU	8,337	7,252	8,226	7.3	(110.4)	(1.3)	23,738	22,918	6.8	
6	Japan	6,071	5,213	5,566	4.9	(505.0)	(8.3)	17,982	15,786	4.7	
7	Indonesia	5,286	5,079	5,516	4.9	230.0	4.4	14,805	15,763	4.7	
8	Korea, Republic Of	4,376	4,177	5,458	4.8	1,081.7	24.7	13,888	14,708	4.4	
9	Thailand	4,863	4,289	4,148	3.7	(715.2)	(14.7)	13,186	12,017	3.6	
10	Saudi Arabia	2,969	3,244	2,611	2.3	(357.5)	(12.0)	9,486	9,565	2.8	
11	Viet Nam	2,518	2,374	2,943	2.6	425.2	16.9	6,990	7,839	2.3	
12	Australia	3,418	2,821	2,619	2.3	(799.9)	(23.4)	9,105	7,618	2.3	
13	India	4,012	2,632	2,521	2.2	(1,490.4)	(37.2)	10,245	7,585	2.2	
14	United Arab Emirates	3,588	1,410	2,238	2.0	(1,349.8)	(37.6)	7,868	5,139	1.5	
15	Hong Kong	1,169	1,451	1,462	1.3	292.7	25.0	4,039	4,288	1.3	
16	Brazil	1,212	723	1,278	1.1	66.8	5.5	4,209	3,187	0.9	
17	Cote D'Ivoire	505	1,118	825	0.7	320.1	63.4	1,650	2,666	0.8	
18	Philippines	699	838	842	0.7	143.5	20.5	2,393	2,550	0.8	
19	Ecuador	167	776	772	0.7	604.8	362.3	637	2,110	0.6	
20	Argentina	509	702	555	0.5	46.3	9.1	1,308	2,064	0.6	
21	Switzerland	1,050	686	749	0.7	(301.1)	(28.7)	2,617	1,920	0.6	
22	United Kingdom	683	468	597	0.5	(86.2)	(12.6)	2,060	1,702	0.5	
23	Mexico	229	246	706	0.6	477.0	208.3	852	1,528	0.5	
24	Canada	328	424	504	0.4	176.1	53.8	1,193	1,384	0.4	
25	Russian Federation	737	400	516	0.5	(221.0)	(30.0)	2,931	1,198	0.4	
26	New Zealand	384	313	380	0.3	(4.2)	(1.1)	1,127	1,099	0.3	
27	Iraq	-	391	0	0.0	0.1	#DIV/0!	90	900	0.3	
28	Nigeria	270	270	286	0.3	16.1	6.0	689	881	0.3	
29	Cameroon	354	495	95	0.1	(258.7)	(73.1)	953	840	0.2	
30	Turkiye	542	242	286	0.3	(255.3)	(47.1)	1,002	833	0.2	
	Top 30 Country Other Countries	111,989 3,856	101,472 4,153	108,665 3,920	96.5 3.5	(3,324.1) 64.1	(3.0) 1.7	315,744 12,456	325,620 11,746	96.5 3.5	

Table IV: Exports by Sector and Sub-sector

	Value RM million (FOB)				Annual Chang	e (%)	Value RM million (FOB)			
Sector and Sub-sector	Mar	Feb	Mar		Val RM million	%	Jan-Mar	Jan-Mar	Share	
	2024	2025	2025	(%)	(FOB)		2024	2025	(%)	
Total Exports	128,565	118,242	137,309	100.0	8,744.4	6.8	362,332	378,365	100.0	
MANUFACTURING	109,552	101,295	119,301	86.9	9,748.2	8.9	306,288	324,728	85.8	
Electrical & Electronic Products (E&E)	49,697	47,319	62,180	52.1	12,483.2	25.1	133,748	160,064	49.3	
Petroleum Products	11,107	9,308	7,495	6.3	(3,611.7)	(32.5)	36,453	26,563	8.2	
Machinery, Equipment And Parts	6,388	5,774	7,174	6.0	785.3	12.3	17,070	18,816	5.8	
Chemical And Chemical Products (Exclude Plas	6,296	5,571	5,988	5.0	(307.7)	(4.9)	18,136	17,062	5.3	
Manufacture Of Metal	5,348	5,004	5,606	4.7	257.7	4.8	15,007	15,616	4.8	
Optical & Scientific Equipment	5,272	4,689	5,125	4.3	(146.2)	(2.8)	14,329	14,056	4.3	
Palm Oil-Based Manufactured Products	2,669	3,172	3,181	2.7	512.0	19.2	8,313	9,642	3.0	
Processed Food	2,917	3,021	3,459	2.9	542.7	18.6	8,074	9,232	2.8	
Iron And Steel Products	3,090	1,811	2,594	2.2	(495.5)	(16.0)	9,833	6,556	2.0	
Rubber Products	2,035	2,063	2,213	1.9	177.3	8.7	5,831	6,424	2.0	
Transport Equipment	2,174	1,511	1,506	1.3	(668.6)	(30.8)	4,950	4,324	1.3	
Manufacture Of Plastics	1,469	1,321	1,418	1.2	(51.9)	(3.5)	4,105	4,114	1.3	
Textiles, Apparels And Footwear	1,443	1,322	1,324	1.1	(119.0)	(8.2)	4,086	3,991	1.2	
Wood Products	1,325	1,122	1,238	1.0	(86.6)	(6.5)	3,816	3,695	1.1	
Paper & Pulp Products	1,293	1,094	1,078	0.9	(215.5)	(16.7)	3,566	3,239	1.0	
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	1,057	1,031	1,206	1.0	149.3	14.1	3,081	3,238	1.0	
Jewellery	844	843	860	0.7	15.8	1.9	2,132	2,340	0.7	
Beverages & Tobacco	267	239	271	0.2	3.6	1.4	801	758	0.2	
Other Manufactures	4,860	5,077	5,384	4.5	524.1	10.8	12,957	14,999	4.6	
AGRICULTURE	7,777	8,647	8,198	6.0	420.5	5.4	22,792	25,965	6.9	
Palm Oil and Palm-Based Products	5,618	6,313	5,805	70.8	187.1	3.3	16,559	18,805	72.4	
Natural Rubber	428	492	480	5.9	51.8	12.1	1,116	1,377	5.3	
Other Vegetables Oil	253	314	311	3.8	58.4	23.1	906	982	3.8	
Sawn Timber & Moulding	299	210	239	2.9	(59.6)	(20.0)	734	641	2.5	
Seafood, fresh, chilled or frozen	223	191	214	2.6	(8.0)	(3.6)	608	596	2.3	
Sawlog	32	18	31	0.4	(1.0)	(3.3)	120	101	0.4	
Other Agriculture	925	1,108	1,117	13.6	191.9	20.7	2,748	3,463	13.3	
MINING	10,450	7,231	8,721	6.4	(1,729.7)	(16.6)	30,964	24,477	6.5	
Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)	6,146	4,766	5,472	62.7	(673.8)	(11.0)	18,509	15,483	63.3	
Crude Petroleum	2,850	1,137	1,608	18.4	(1,241.6)	(43.6)	8,363	4,801	19.6	
Metalliferous Ores and Metal Scrap	867	545	649	7.4	(218.3)	(25.2)	2,161	1,828	7.5	
Condensates and other petroleum oil	71	447	690	7.9	619.1	871.0	785	1,448	5.9	
Tin	264	234	196	2.3	(67.9)	(25.7)	653	612	2.5	
Crude Fertilizers And Crude Minerals	249	102	104	1.2	(145.2)	(58.2)	448	303	1.2	
Other Mining	3	0	1	0.0	(2.0)	(66.1)	44	2	0.0	
Others	784	1,069	1,090	0.8	305.4	38.9	2,288	3,195	0.8	
- C.11.0.1.0	704	1,000	1,030	0.0	300.7	00.0	2,200	0,100	0.0	

Table V: Imports by Sector and Sub-sector

	Value	RM million (CIF)		Annual Chang	e (%)	Value RM million (CIF)		
Sector and Sub-sector	Mar	Feb	Mar		Val RM million	%	Jan-Mar	Jan-Mar	Share
Total Imports	2024 115,845	2025 105,625	2025 112,585	(%) 100.0	(FOB) (3,260.0)	(2.8)	2024 328,200	2025 337,365	(%) 100.0
MANUFACTURING	96,031	86,475	93,338	82.9	(2,692.4)	(2.8)	274,112	281,304	83.4
Electrical & Electronic Products (E&E)	37,407	36,514	41,618	44.6	4,211.4	11.3	99,927	124,451	44.2
Machinery, Equipment And Parts	7,969	8,731	9,028	9.7	1,058.4	13.3	24,756	27,370	9.7
Petroleum Products	14,034	8,040	7,448	8.0	(6,586.0)	(46.9)	39,397	24,596	8.7
Chemical And Chemical Products (Exclude Plas	8,721	7,029	8,275	8.9	(445.7)	(5.1)	25,449	23,050	8.2
Manufacture Of Metal	5,716	4,438	4,709	5.0	(1,007.1)	(17.6)	18,247	14,753	5.2
Transport Equipment	3,972	5,540	4,230	4.5	258.0	6.5	11,788	14,300	5.1
Optical & Scientific Equipment	2,794	2,438	2,666	2.9	(128.2)	(4.6)	7,907	7,573	2.7
Processed Food	2,809	2,209	2,549	2.7	(260.1)	(9.3)	7,973	7,275	2.6
Iron And Steel Products	3,163	2,082	2,317	2.5	(846.3)	(26.8)	9,075	6,891	2.4
Textiles, Apparels And Footwear	1,465	1,593	1,655	1.8	190.1	13.0	5,149	5,314	1.9
Manufacture Of Plastics	1,228	1,130	1,309	1.4	81.2	6.6	3,819	3,764	1.3
Paper & Pulp Products	1,158	995	1,094	1.2	(63.6)	(5.5)	3,408	3,198	1.1
Palm Oil-Based Manufactured Products	817	971	1,089	1.2	272.4	33.4	2,247	3,111	1.1
Jewellery	705	734	1,102	1.2	397.5	56.4	1,988	2,625	0.9
Rubber Products	879	833	862	0.9	(17.1)	(1.9)	2,547	2,549	0.9
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	668	519	622	0.7	(46.1)	(6.9)	2,167	1,837	0.7
Wood Products	377	386	487	0.5	109.8	29.1	1,318	1,378	0.5
Beverages & Tobacco	282	212	242	0.3	(39.7)	(14.1)	883	736	0.3
Other Manufactures	1,867	2,081	2,035	2.2	168.5	9.0	6,069	6,533	2.3
AGRICULTURE	6,291	8,062	8,487	7.5	2,196.4	34.9	18,762	24,876	7.4
Palm Oil and Palm-Based Products	309	540	819	9.6	509.6	164.9	837	2,064	8.3
Natural Rubber	658	883	760	9.0	102.2	15.5	2,230	2,491	10.0
Other Vegetables Oil	361	492	551	6.5	190.1	52.7	923	1,625	6.5
Seafood, fresh, chilled or frozen	376	342	398	4.7	22.0	5.9	1,121	1,192	4.8
Sawn Timber & Moulding	75	66	69	8.0	(6.6)	(8.7)	232	219	0.9
Sawlog	3	2	21	0.3	18.6	693.7	8	28	0.1
Other Agriculture	4,509	5,738	5,870	69.2	1,360.4	30.2	13,412	17,258	69.4
MINING	11,421	9,040	8,112	7.2	(3,308.6)	(29.0)	29,581	24,981	7.4
Crude Petroleum	6,085	4,973	4,351	53.6	(1,733.2)	(28.5)	15,384	13,506	54.1
Metalliferous Ores and Metal Scrap	1,437	1,089	1,507	18.6	69.5	4.8	4,477	4,074	16.3
Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)	1,074	1,064	481	5.9	(592.8)	(55.2)	2,758	1,903	7.6
Crude Fertilizers And Crude Minerals	209	203	182	2.2	(27.1)	(12.9)	691	640	2.6
Condensates and other petroleum oil	39	32	62	8.0	23.2	59.0	132	125	0.5
Tin	47	110	0	0.0	(47.0)	(99.9)	269	110	0.4
Other Mining	2,529	1,569	1,528	18.8	(1,001.2)	(39.6)	5,869	4,624	18.5
Others	2,103	2,047	2,647	2.4	544.7	25.9	5,745	6,204	1.8

Table VI: Imports by End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification

	Value	RM million (C	IF)		Annual Cha	nge	Value RM million (CIF)		
BEC Category	Mar	Feb	Mar		Val RM million	%	Jan-Mar	Jan-Mar	Share
	2024	2025	2025	(%)	(CIF)		2024	2025	(%)
Gross Imports	115,845	105,625	112,585	100.0	(3,260.0)	(2.8)	328,200	337,365	100
Capital Goods	16,180	13,820	13,073	11.6	(3,107.6)	(19.2)	40,080	46,820	13.9
Capital good (except transport equipment)	15,721	11,674	12,229	10.9	(3,492.6)	(22.2)	38,392	42,240	12.5
Transport equipment, industrial	459	2,146	844	0.7	385.0	83.9	1,687	4,580	1.4
Consumption Goods	9,384	9,061	9,727	8.6	342.4	3.6	28,137	28,843	8.5
Durables	1,330	1,280	1,720	1.5	389.9	29.3	3,943	4,401	1.3
Food & beverages, primary, mainly for household consumption	1,352	1,159	1,231	1.1	(120.7)	(8.9)	3,970	4,010	1.2
Food & beverages, process, mainly for household consumption	3,416	3,134	3,207	2.8	(208.3)	(6.1)	9,358	9,532	2.8
Non-durables	1,879	1,990	1,958	1.7	79.7	4.2	5,728	5,791	1.7
Semi-durables	1,296	1,360	1,427	1.3	131.3	10.1	4,783	4,660	1.4
Transport equipment, non-industrial	112	137	183	0.2	70.6	63.0	355	448	0.1
Dual Use Goods	6,245	2,250	2,879	2.6	(3,366.1)	(53.9)	13,523	7,870	2.3
Fuel & lubricants, processed motor spirit	5,227	1,378	2,047	1.8	(3,179.4)	(60.8)	11,132	5,769	1.7
Transport equipment, passenger motor cars	1,018	872	831	0.7	(186.7)	(18.3)	2,391	2,102	0.6
Goods n.e.s.	286	475	549	0.5	262.9	91.9	926	1,436	0.4
Intermediate Goods	59,308	58,676	58,958	52.4	(350.1)	(0.6)	173,567	178,384	52.9
Food & beverages, primary, mainly for industries	1,326	2,761	2,699	2.4	1,372.7	103.5	4,443	7,713	2.3
Food & beverages, processed, mainly for industries	1,328	1,014	1,574	1.4	246.0	18.5	3,719	3,966	1.2
Fuel & lubricants, primary	7,775	6,605	5,402	4.8	(2,373.0)	(30.5)	18,739	17,262	5.1
Fuel & lubricants, processed, other	3,870	3,324	2,242	2.0	(1,628.7)	(42.1)	9,560	8,415	2.5
Industrial supplies, n.e.s. primary	3,268	2,959	3,346	3.0	78.1	2.4	10,297	9,924	2.9
Industrial supplies, n.e.s. processed	22,203	17,295	20,065	17.8	(2,138.0)	(9.6)	66,132	57,729	17.1
Parts and accessories of capital goods (except transport equipment)	15,926	20,841	19,846	17.6	3,920.5	24.6	49,553	61,658	18.3
Parts and accessories of transport equipment	3,611	3,878	3,783	3.4	172.4	4.8	11,125	11,719	3.5
Transaction Below RM5,000	-	-	-	-	-	#DIV/0!	-	-	-
Retain Imports	91,404	84,282	85,185	75.7	(6,218.5)	(6.8)	256,234	263,354	78.1
Re-exports	24,442	21,343	27,400	24.3	2,958.6	12.1	71,966	74,012	21.9