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INTERNATIONAL TRADE STATISTICS DIVISION DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA













MALAYSIA'S TRADE PERFORMANCE, FEBRUARY 2025

Malaysia's total trade recorded a steady performance in February 2025, with a growth of 5.9 per cent or RM12.4 billion to RM223.9 billion as compared RM211.5 billion in the previous year. The performance was attributable by an increase of 6.2 per cent or RM6.9 billion in exports and 5.5 per cent or RM5.5 billion in imports. The value of exports and imports reached RM118.3 billion and RM105.6 billion, respectively.

In addition, the trade balance continued to record a surplus with RM12.6 billion, grew by 12.2 per cent as compared to RM11.2 billion in the same month of preceding year.

As compared to previous month, exports, imports, and total trade fell by 3.7 per cent, 11.3 per cent and 7.5 per cent respectively. However, trade balance posted a substantial growth of 244.8 per cent or RM9.0 billion as compared to January 2025.

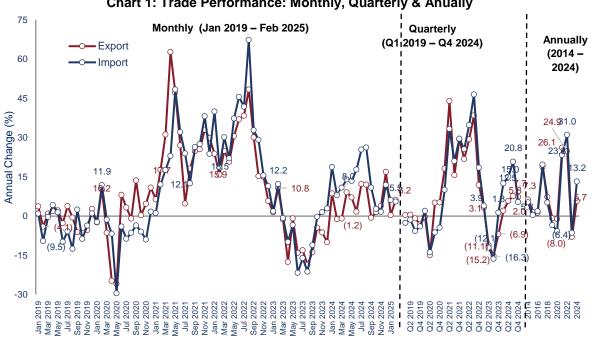


Chart 1: Trade Performance: Monthly, Quarterly & Anually

EXPORTS

Malaysia's export posted a better growth of 6.2 per cent in February 2025, amounted to RM118.3 billion

Performance of Exports

Malaysia's exports rose 6.2 per cent in February 2025 compared to the same month in 2024, corresponded with the increases in both domestic exports and re-exports. Domestic exports, which represented 82.0 per cent of total exports, posted an increase 5.9 per cent from RM91.5 billion RM97.0 billion. Meanwhile, re-exports worth RM21.3 billion, accounting for 18.0 per cent of total exports, grew by 7.3 per cent from

RM19.8 billion as compared to the previous year.

Meanwhile, the month-on-month comparison indicated exports declined by 3.7 per cent or RM4.6 billion. However, based on a month-onmonth (m-o-m) seasonally adjusted terms analysis, exports increased 2.3 per cent to RM133.3 billion.

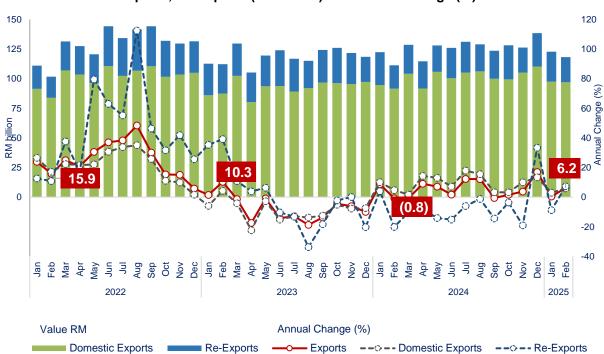
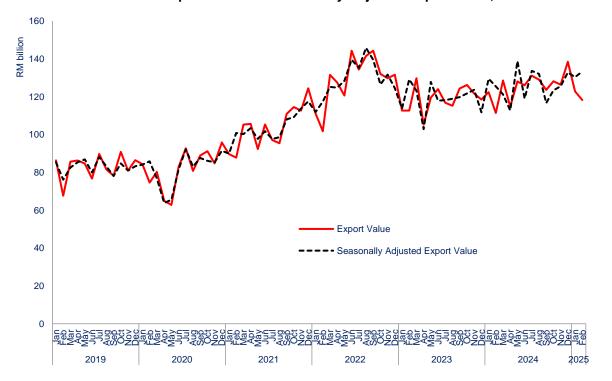


Chart 2: Domestic Exports, Re-Exports (RM billion) and Annual Change (%)





Export Performance for Major Country of Destination

Singapore and the United States remained as the top destination countries for Malaysia's exports, collectively contributing 30.3 per cent of the total export value in February 2025.

Singapore topped the list with exports worth RM18.4 billion, representing a 15.5 per cent share of Malaysia's total exports, reflecting an increase of 17.2 per cent, or RM2.7 billion, compared to the previous year. The increase was mainly driven by higher exports of electrical & electronic (E&E) products (+RM1.6 billion, +22.4%), machinery, equipment & parts (+RM450.4 million, +32.5%) and petroleum products (+RM185.8 million, +7.6%).

The United States contributed 14.8 per cent to Malaysia's total exports, valued at RM17.5 billion, marking an increase of RM3.9 billion or 28.9 per cent from the previous year. This growth was supported by higher exports of E&E products (+RM2.5 billion, +30.8%) and other manufactured products (+RM629.3 million, +71.9%).

Among the top ten destination countries, exports to Singapore, the United States, European Union, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Thailand and Indonesia experienced positive growth. On the other hand, exports to China, Japan, and India recorded declines.

Chart 4: Annual Change of Exports for Major Country of Destination, February 2024 dan February 2025



Exports to ASEAN Countries

Exports to ASEAN countries, contributed 29.3 per cent of Malaysia's total exports in February 2025. It recorded a value of RM34.6 billion, edged up by 8.3 per cent from RM32.0 billion in the same month the previous year.

The increase was particularly driven by the positive performance in electric & electronic products (E&E) (+RM1.5 billion, +13.7%), machinery, equipment & parts (+RM393.9 million, +17.2%), liquefied natural

gas (LNG) (+RM305.1 million, +206.6%) and other agriculture (+RM212.0 million, +31.4%). However, crude petroleum and petroleum products experienced a reduction of RM434.5 million (-45.2%) and RM359.8 million (-6.0%), respectively.

Among ASEAN countries, Singapore is the leading export destination, contributing 53.0 per cent, with a substantial increase of 17.2 per cent or RM2.7 billion compared to February 2024.

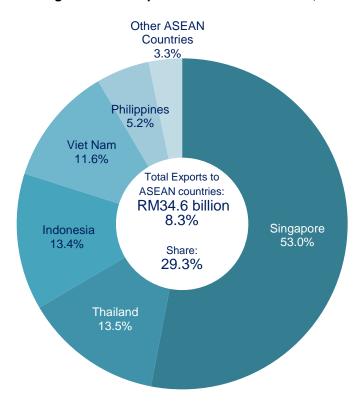


Chart 5: Percentage Share of Exports to ASEAN Countries, February 2025

Export Performance for Economic Sectors

Exports of manufactured goods remained an important component of total exports in February 2025, contributing 85.7 per cent, recording a year-on-year (y-o-y) increase of 8.8 per cent to RM101.3 billion from RM93.1 billion in the previous year. The main contributors to the increase were E&E products (+RM7.2 billion, +18.1%), other manufactured products (+RM846.8 million, +20.0%) and machinery, equipment & parts (+RM642.5 million, +12.4%).

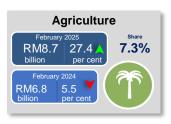
Exports of agricultural products which accounted for 7.3 per cent of total exports recorded a growth

of 27.4 per cent to RM8.7 billion. The increase was largely attributed to higher exports of palm oil & palm oil-based agricultural products (+RM1.5 billion, +31.8%) and other agricultural products (+RM217.2 million, +24.3%).

On the other hand, mining exports, which accounted for 6.1 per cent of total exports, experienced a decline of 33.0 per cent, falling to RM7.2 billion from RM10.8 billion. This decrease was primarily driven by reduced exports of crude petroleum (-RM2.1 billion, -64.5%) and liquefied natural gas (LNG) (-1.5 billion, -24.5%).

Exhibit 1: Exports by Sector, February 2024 dan February 2025







Exports of Selected Major Products

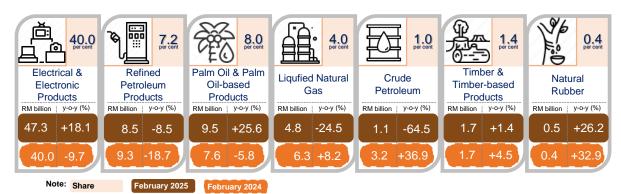
Export performance recorded an increase in February 2025, in line with positive growth by the following products:

- E&E products, accounted for 40.0 per cent of total exports, increased by RM7.2 billion or 18.1 per cent to reach a value of RM47.3 billion;
- Palm oil & palm oil-based products, accounting for 8.0 per cent of total exports, rose by RM1.9 billion, reflecting a growth of 25.6 per cent, reaching a total of RM9.5 billion. Exports of palm oil, the leading commodity in this product group, noted an increase of RM1.5 billion (+38.3%). The export volume showed increase of 69.3 per cent, while the average value per unit fell 25.8 per cent. Additionally, the domestic price of crude palm oil has risen by
- 20.5 per cent, reaching RM4,759.0 per metric tonnes;
- Timber & timber-based products increased 1.4 per cent or RM24.2 million to RM1.7 billion, contributing 1.4 per cent to total exports; and
- Natural rubber representing 0.4 per cent of total exports, increased 26.2 per cent or RM102.1 million to RM492.1 million, aligned with a 26.7 per cent increase in an average unit value. On the contrary, export volume declined 0.4 per cent. Additionally, rubber prices (SMR20) experienced a notable increase of 23.1 per cent.

However, a decrease was recorded for the following products:

- Refined petroleum products, which contributed 7.2 per cent of total exports, decreased by RM789.1 million or 8.5 per cent to RM8.5 billion in line with the decline in average value per unit (-10.1%), albeit an increase in export volume of 1.8 per cent;
- LNG accounted for 4.0 per cent of total exports, experiencing a reduction of RM1.5 billion or 24.5 per cent, to RM4.8 billion, corresponded with the reduction in export volume, which saw a decline of 12.8 per cent, as well as a
- decrease in average unit value of 13.4 per cent; and
- Crude petroleum, accounting for 1.0 per cent of total exports, decreased by RM2.1 billion or 64.5 per cent to RM1.1 billion. It was in line with the decline in export volume (-62.6%) and average value per unit (-5.0%). The price of Brent oil in February 2025 fell to RM333.8 (-16.5%) per barrel as compared to the same month of previous year.

Exhibit 2: Exports of Selected Major Product, February 2024 dan February 2025



IMPORTS

The performance of capital goods remained sturdy, rose 35.3 per cent to RM13.8 billion in February 2025

Performance of Imports

Malaysia's import sustained its positive momentum, posted an increment of RM5.5 billion or 5.5 per cent in February 2025. The increase made up the total imports to RM105.6 billion from RM100.1 billion recorded in the same month of the preceding year. However, monthly comparison indicated that imports experienced a contraction of 11.3 per cent as compared to the previous month.

Referring to the analysis in seasonally adjusted terms m-o-m, imports declined 2.4 per cent to RM118.7 billion. On a y-o-y basis, imports by End Use recorded an increase in all groups. Imports of capital goods expanded 35.3 per cent to RM13.8 billion, while intermediate goods and consumption goods rose by 5.8 per cent and 7.4 per cent respectively.

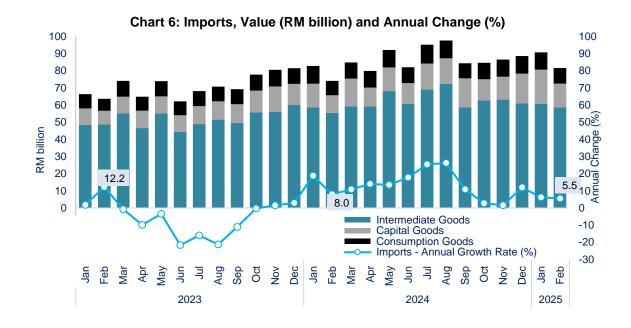


Chart 7: Actual Import Value and Seasonally Adjusted Imports Value, RM billion 160 ©140 ₩ 120 100 80 60 Import Value 40 Seasonally Adjusted Import Value 20 0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025

Import Performance for Major Country of Origin

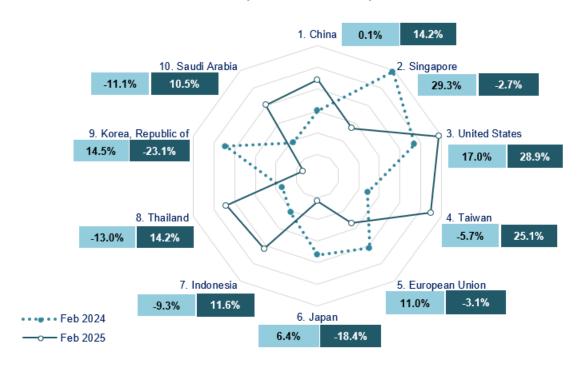
China and Singapore were the two major countries of origin for Malaysia's imports, constituted 32.5 per cent to the total import value in February 2025.

Imports from China, which represented for 21.1 per cent of Malaysia's total imports, expanded by 14.2 per cent to RM22.2 billion, y-o-y. The expansion was propelled by higher imports of E&E products (+RM2.9 billion, +40.1%), machinery, equipment & parts (+RM518.2 million, +22.1%) and transport equipment (+RM428.7 million, +58.9%).

Imports from Singapore were valued at RM12.1 billion, making up 11.5 per cent of total imports, declined 2.7 per cent or RM342.6 million, y-o-y. The decrease was influenced by lower imports of petroleum products (-RM1.0 billion, -25.5%), despite the double digit growth of 15.8 per cent recorded in E&E products (+RM648.4 million, +15.8%).

The performance in imports from four major countries recorded a decline, while imports from China, the United States, Taiwan, Indonesia, Thailand and Saudi Arabia increased as compared to the same month last year.

Chart 8: Annual Change for Imports for Major Country of Origin, February 2024 dan February 2025



Imports from ASEAN Countries

Imports from ASEAN countries accounted for 23.8 per cent of total imports, posted an increase of 6.1 per cent, to RM25.1 billion from RM23.7 billion as compared to in the same month of the previous year.

This increase was mainly attributed by higher imports of E&E products (+RM1.3 billion, +22.1%), palm oil & palm oil-based products (+RM298.8 million, +138.7%), other manufactures (+RM176.6 million, +37.4%) and

palm oil-based manufactured products (+RM172.9 million, +33.8%). However, a decline recorded in petroleum products (-RM1.2 billion, -25.5%) and chemical & chemical products (-RM218.9 million, -11.6%).

Singapore continued to dominate imports among ASEAN countries with a contribution of 48.3 per cent, albeit a decrease of 2.7 per cent or RM342.6 million as compared to the last year.

Others ASEAN Countries 1.6% **Philippines** 3.3% Viet Nam 9.5% Total Imports from Thailand ASEAN countries: Singapore 17.1% RM25.1 billion 48.3% 6.1%, Share: 23.8% Indonesia 20.3%

Chart 9: Percentage Share of Imports from ASEAN Countries, February 2025

Import Performance for Economic Sectors

Imports of manufactured goods (81.9% of total imports) edged up by 2.3 per cent from RM84.5 billion to RM86.5 billion y-o-y. The growth was supported by higher imports of E&E products (+RM6.8 billion, +23.1%) and transport equipment (+RM1.8 billion, +49.4%).

Imports of agricultural products (7.6% of total imports) recorded a remarkable increase of 42.0 per cent to RM8.1 billion from RM5.7 billion, mainly supported by higher imports of other agricultural products (+RM1.9 billion, +47.7%), palm oil & palm oil-based agricultural products

(+RM297.7 million, +122.5%), other vegetable oils (+RM191.1 million, +63.5%), and natural rubber (+RM30.2 million, +3.5%).

In addition, imports of mining products which contributed 8.6 per cent of total imports were valued at RM9.0 billion, recorded an increase of 9.8 per cent or RM809.5 million from RM8.2 billion. This was due to higher imports of crude petroleum (+RM1.1 billion, +28.8%), LNG (+RM216.1 million, +25.5%), and coal, coke & briquettes (+RM198.9 million, +14.5%).

Exhibit 3: Imports by Sector, February 2024 dan February 2025







Imports of Selected Major Products

Imports continued to increase in February 2025, driven by the performance in the following products:

- E&E products (34.5% of total imports), expanded 23.1 per cent (+RM6.8 billion) to RM36.5 billion:
- Crude petroleum, which contributed 4.7 per cent to total imports, increased by RM1.1 billion or 28.8 per cent, in line with a positive growth in import volume (+38.9%).

However, average unit value dropped by 7.3%; and

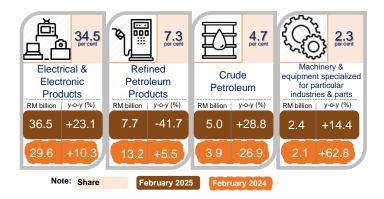
• Machinery & equipment specifically for certain industries and spare parts (2.3% of total imports), grew 14.4 per cent (+RM304.3 million) to RM2.4 billion.

However, negative growth was recorded for the following products:

• Refined petroleum products, accounting for 7.3 per cent of total imports, decreased by RM5.5 billion or 41.7 per cent, consistent with a

decline in average unit value (-9.9%) and import volume (-35.4%).

Exhibit 4: Imports of Selected Major Product, February 2024 dan February 2025



Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification

Imports increased by 5.5 per cent to RM105.6 billion, with three main import categories by End Use contributing 77.2 per cent of total imports, as follows:

Intermediate goods, valued at RM58.7 billion or 55.6 per cent of total imports, grew 5.8 per cent, driven by a strong growth in imports of parts & accessories for capital goods (excluding transport equipment) (+RM2.5 billion, +13.9%).

Capital goods, amounted to RM13.8 billion (13.1% of total imports), surged by 35.3 per cent, driven by higher imports of industrial transport equipment (+RM1.8 billion, +589.4%) and capital

goods (excluding transport equipment), which rose by 17.9 per cent or RM1.8 billion.

Consumption goods, totalling RM9.0 billion (8.6% of total imports), posted an increase of 7.4 per cent, particularly due to higher imports of food & beverages, process, mainly for household consumption (+RM259.9 million, +9.1%) and non-durable goods (+RM193.1 million, +10.7%).

Exhibit 5: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification, February 2025



STATISTICAL TABLE

Table I: Exports, Domestic Exports, Imports, Total Trade And Balance of Trade

		V	alue RM mill	ion	Annual Change (%)						
PERIOD	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade	
2020	983,827	799,197	800,481	1,784,308	183,345	(1.1)	(2.9)	(5.8)	(3.3)	25.9	
2021	1,241,022	1,012,001	987,344	2,228,366	253,678	26.1	26.6	23.3	24.9	38.4	
2022	1,550,009	1,222,034	1,293,811	2,843,821	256,198	24.9	20.8	31.0	27.6	1.0	
2023	1,426,199	1,111,065	1,211,044	2,637,243	215,155	(8.0)	(9.1)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(16.0)	
2024	1,507,683	1,214,227	1,370,842	2,878,526	136,841	5.7	9.3	13.2	9.1	(36.4)	
2024 (JAN-FEB)	233,767	186,243	212,354	446,122	21,413	3.7	7.1	13.4	8.1	(43.9)	
2025 (JAN-FEB)	241,069	194,529	224,794	465,863	16,275	3.1	4.4	5.9	4.4	(24.0)	
2022											
Q1	344,290	282,220	280,656	624,946	63,634	21.8	22.0	25.5	23.4	7.7	
Q2	392,348	310,278	332,992	725,340	59,356	29.3	24.8	34.8	31.8	5.4	
Q3	420,094	319,467	355,128	775,222	64,966	38.5	31.3	46.5	42.0	6.6	
Q4	393,277	310,069	325,035	718,312	68,243	11.9	7.3	18.5	14.8	(11.8)	
2023											
Q1	355,092	276,446	291,680	646,772	63,413	3.1	(2.0)	3.9	3.5	(0.3)	
Q2	348,623	267,560	292,800	641,423	55,823	(11.1)	(13.8)	(12.1)	(11.6)	(6.0)	
Q3	356,280	277,863	297,245	653,525	59,035	(15.2)	(13.0)	(16.3)	(15.7)	(9.1)	
Q4	366,203	289,195	329,319	695,521	36,884	(6.9)	(6.7)	1.3	(3.2)	(46.0)	
2024											
Q1	362,332	290,366	328,200	690,532	34,132	2.0	5.0	12.5	6.8	(46.2)	
Q2	368,749	297,935	336,776	705,525	31,973	5.8	11.4	15.0	10.0	(42.7)	
Q3	383,678	311,175	358,995	742,673	24,682	7.7	12.0	20.8	13.6	(58.2)	
Q4	392,924	314,751	346,871	739,795	46,053	7.3	8.8	5.3	6.4	24.9	
2022											
JAN	111,060	91,391	92,822	203,882	18,238	23.8	26.6	27.1	25.3	9.7	
FEB	101,742	83,899	82,589	184,331	19,152	15.9	17.0	18.5	17.0	5.7	
MAR	131,488	106,930	105,244	236,732	26,244	25.0	22.4	30.1	27.2	7.7	
APR	127,483	103,416	104,107	231,590	23,375	20.7	21.6	22.1	21.3	14.9	
MAY	120,590	96,241	107,791	228,381	12,798	30.5	22.1	37.3	33.6	(7.6)	
JUN	144,275	110,622	121,094	265,369	23,182	37.0	30.7	45.5	40.8	4.9	
JUL	134,326	102,359	118,487	252,812	15,839	38.3	33.8	41.8	39.9	16.8	
AUG	141,519	106,661	124,231	265,750	17,288	48.4	35.1	67.3	56.7	(18.2)	
SEP	144,250	110,446	112,410	256,660	31,839	30.1	25.8	32.8	31.3	21.4	
OCT	131,977	101,552	113,518	245,495	18,459	15.3	11.1	29.1	21.3	(30.6)	
NOV	129,694	103,513	107,890	237,584	21,804	15.1	9.9	15.5	15.3	13.0	
DEC	131,606	105,004	103,626	235,232	27,980	5.8	1.7	11.5	8.2	(11.1)	

Table I: Exports, Domestic Exports, Imports, Total Trade And Balance of Trade

		V	alue RM mill	ion	Annual Change (%)							
PERIOD	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade	Exports	Domestic Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Balance of Trade		
2023												
JAN	112,666	86,053	94,508	207,174	18,157	1.4	(5.9)	1.8	1.6	(0.4)		
FEB	112,682	87,854	92,703	205,385	19,979	10.8	4.7	12.2	11.4	4.3		
MAR	129,745	102,539	104,469	234,213	25,276	(1.3)	(4.1)	(0.7)	(1.1)	(3.7)		
APR	105,166	80,176	93,821	198,986	11,345	(17.5)	(22.5)	(9.9)	(14.1)	(51.5)		
MAY	119,516	93,623	104,105	223,620	15,411	(0.9)	(2.7)	(3.4)	(2.1)	20.4		
JUN	123,942	93,761	94,875	218,817	29,067	(14.1)	(15.2)	(21.7)	(17.5)	25.4		
JUL	116,765	89,040	99,458	216,224	17,307	(13.1)	(13.0)	(16.1)	(14.5)	9.3		
AUG	115,181	92,099	97,850	213,031	17,330	(18.6)	(13.7)	(21.2)	(19.8)	0.2		
SEP	124,334	96,725	99,937	224,271	24,398	(13.8)	(12.4)	(11.1)	(12.6)	(23.4)		
OCT	126,152	96,392	113,187	239,339	12,964	(4.4)	(5.1)	(0.3)	(2.5)	(29.8)		
NOV	121,604	95,540	109,501	231,105	12,103	(6.2)	(7.7)	1.5	(2.7)	(44.5)		
DEC	118,447	97,263	106,631	225,078	11,816	(10.0)	(7.4)	2.9	(4.3)	(57.8)		
2024												
JAN	122,410	94,705	112,238	234,648	10,173	8.6	10.1	18.8	13.3	(44.0)		
FEB	111,357	91,538	100,116	211.473	11,241	(1.2)	4.2	8.0	3.0	(43.7)		
MAR	128,565	104,123	115,845	244,410	12,719	(0.9)	1.5	10.9	4.4	(49.7)		
APR	114,695	91,716	106,954	221,649	7,742	9.1	14.4	14.0	11.4	(31.8)		
MAY	128,037	105,806	118,083	246,120	9,955	7.1	13.0	13.4	10.1	(35.4)		
JUN	126,017	100,414	111,740	237,757	14,276	1.7	7.1	17.8	8.7	(50.9)		
JUL	131,117	105,043	124,716	255,832	6,401	12.3	18.0	25.4	18.3	(63.0)		
AUG	129,004	106,208	123,490	252,493	5,514	12.0	15.3	26.2	18.5	(68.2)		
SEP	123,557	99,924	110,790	234,347	12,767	(0.6)	3.3	10.9	4.5	(47.7)		
OCT	128,139	99,443	116,269	244,408	11,869	1.6	3.2	2.7	2.1	(8.4)		
NOV	126,310	105,108	111,259	237,569	15,050	3.9	10.0	1.6	2.8	24.4		
DEC	138,476	110,200	119,342	257,818	19,134	16.9	13.3	11.9	14.5	61.9		
2025												
JAN	122,814	97,546	119,155	241,969	3,659	0.3	3.0	6.2	3.1	(64.0)		
FEB	118,255	96,983	105,639	223,894	12,617	6.2	5.9	5.5	5.9	12.2		

Table II: Exports by Country Destination

		Value	RM million (F	OB)		Annual Char	ige	Value RM million (FOB)			
		Feb	Jan	Feb	Share	Val RM million	0/	Jan-Feb	Jan-Feb	Share	
Rank	Country	2024	2025	2025	(%)	(FOB)	%	2024	2025	(%)	
	Total Exports	111,357	122,814	118,255	100.0	6,898.2	6.2	233,767	241,069	100.0	
1	Singapore	15,656	20,850	18,353	15.5	2,697.3	17.2	33,087	39,203	16.3	
2	United States	13,575	17,255	17,502	14.8	3,926.4	28.9	27,048	34,756	14.4	
3	China	14,300	13,320	13,138	11.1	(1,161.5)	(8.1)	28,167	26,458	11.0	
4	EU	8,788	9,692	9,462	8.0	674.0	7.7	18,735	19,154	7.9	
5	Hong Kong	4,997	7,377	6,773	5.7	1,776.2	35.5	11,564	14,150	5.9	
6	Japan	7,604	7,473	6,519	5.5	(1,084.9)	(14.3)	16,019	13,992	5.8	
7	Taiwan, Province Of China	4,725	5,534	5,046	4.3	321.3	6.8	9,108	10,581	4.4	
8	Thailand	4,085	5,101	4,685	4.0	600.4	14.7	9,010	9,786	4.1	
9	Indonesia	4,260	4,263	4,623	3.9	362.2	8.5	9,834	8,886	3.7	
10	India	4,253	3,490	4,025	3.4	(227.8)	(5.4)	7,929	7,515	3.1	
11	Korea, Republic Of	4,344	3,643	3,823	3.2	(521.0)	(12.0)	8,562	7,467	3.1	
12	Australia	3,864	4,122	3,287	2.8	(577.1)	(14.9)	8,754	7,409	3.1	
13	Viet Nam	4,648	3,156	4,021	3.4	(626.7)	(13.5)	10,648	7,178	3.0	
14	Philippines	2,010	2,370	1,802	1.5	(208.7)	(10.4)	4,294	4,171	1.7	
15	Turkiye	1,488	1,952	1,759	1.5	271.0	18.2	3,330	3,710	1.5	
16	Mexico	1,413	1,363	1,761	1.5	347.7	24.6	2,919	3,124	1.3	
17	United Arab Emirates	1,197	1,201	1,330	1.1	133.2	11.1	2,446	2,531	1.0	
18	Bangladesh	984	900	1,028	0.9	44.0	4.5	2,182	1,928	8.0	
19	United Kingdom	717	647	648	0.5	(68.2)	(9.5)	1,366	1,295	0.5	
20	Canada	357	685	587	0.5	230.6	64.6	695	1,272	0.5	
21	Kenya	264	735	399	0.3	135.7	51.5	610	1,134	0.5	
22	New Zealand	509	505	544	0.5	35.2	6.9	1,261	1,049	0.4	
23	Brunei Darussalam	639	531	442	0.4	(196.5)	(30.8)	983	973	0.4	
24	Saudi Arabia	727	368	501	0.4	(225.5)	(31.0)	1,318	869	0.4	
25	Pakistan	551	403	422	0.4	(129.2)	(23.4)	1,122	825	0.3	
26	Cambodia	403	262	377	0.3	(26.3)	(6.5)	689	638	0.3	
27	Sri Lanka	308	234	393	0.3	84.3	27.4	516	627	0.3	
28	Costa Rica	236	221	381	0.3	145.3	61.6	509	602	0.2	
29	Switzerland	156	298	275	0.2	118.7	76.1	318	573	0.2	
30	Myanmar	259	256	300	0.3	41.7	16.1	733	556	0.2	
	Top 30 Country	107,316	118,206	114,208	96.6	6,891.7	6.4	223,754	232,414	96.4	
	Other Countries	4,041	4,608	4,047	3.4	6.5	0.2	10,013	8,655	3.6	

Table III: Imports by Country of Origin

		Value	RM million (C	(IF)		Annual Char	nge	Value RM million (CIF)			
Danie	G	Feb	Jan	Feb	Share	Val RM million	%	Jan-Feb	Jan-Feb	Share	
Rank	Country	2024	2025	2025	(%)	(CIF)	%	2024	2025	(%)	
	Total Imports	100,116	119,155	105,639	100.0	5,522.2	5.5	212,354	224,794	100.0	
1	China	19,473	28,108	22,244	21.1	2,771.6	14.2	45,169	50,353	22.4	
2	Singapore	12,465	12,884	12,122	11.5	(342.6)	(2.7)	26,419	25,006	11.1	
3	Taiwan, Province Of China	7,353	14,917	9,197	8.7	1,844.3	25.1	15,101	24,114	10.7	
4	United States	7,665	11,218	9,878	9.4	2,213.0	28.9	16,298	21,096	9.4	
5	EU	7,479	7,440	7,251	6.9	(228.4)	(3.1)	15,402	14,691	6.5	
6	Indonesia	4,561	5,169	5,089	4.8	528.4	11.6	9,519	10,258	4.6	
7	Japan	6,387	5,007	5,214	4.9	(1,172.8)	(18.4)	11,911	10,221	4.5	
8	Korea, Republic Of	5,433	5,073	4,177	4.0	(1,256.0)	(23.1)	9,512	9,250	4.1	
9	Thailand	3,757	3,580	4,289	4.1	531.9	14.2	8,322	7,868	3.5	
10	Saudi Arabia	2,937	3,710	3,244	3.1	306.9	10.5	6,517	6,954	3.1	
11	India	3,096	2,432	2,632	2.5	(463.5)	(15.0)	6,233	5,064	2.3	
12	Australia	2,483	2,178	2,821	2.7	337.9	13.6	5,686	4,999	2.2	
13	Viet Nam	1,749	2,522	2,374	2.2	625.5	35.8	4,473	4,896	2.2	
14	United Arab Emirates	2,654	1,491	1,410	1.3	(1,244.4)	(46.9)	4,280	2,901	1.3	
15	Hong Kong	1,210	1,375	1,451	1.4	241.8	20.0	2,869	2,826	1.3	
16	Brazil	967	1,186	723	0.7	(244.2)	(25.2)	2,997	1,909	0.8	
17	Cote D'Ivoire	608	723	1,118	1.1	510.0	83.9	1,145	1,841	0.8	
18	Philippines	661	869	838	0.8	177.2	26.8	1,694	1,708	0.8	
19	Argentina	235	807	702	0.7	467.2	199.0	800	1,509	0.7	
20	Ecuador	255	563	776	0.7	520.3	203.7	470	1,339	0.6	
21	Switzerland	827	485	686	0.6	(140.4)	(17.0)	1,568	1,171	0.5	
22	United Kingdom	792	637	468	0.4	(324.4)	(40.9)	1,376	1,105	0.5	
23	Iraq	70	508	391	0.4	321.3	458.5	90	900	0.4	
24	Canada	419	457	424	0.4	5.0	1.2	865	880	0.4	
25	Mexico	379	577	246	0.2	(133.2)	(35.2)	623	822	0.4	
26	Cameroon	139	250	495	0.5	356.3	257.2	599	745	0.3	
27	New Zealand	398	406	313	0.3	(84.6)	(21.3)	743	719	0.3	
28	Russian Federation	1,186	282	400	0.4	(785.9)	(66.3)	2,194	682	0.3	
29	Nigeria	197	325	270	0.3	72.9	37.0	418	595	0.3	
30	Turkiye	151	305	242	0.2	91.2	60.5	460	547	0.2	
	Top 30 Country	95,983	115,482	101,486	96.1	5,502.4	5.7	203,755	216,968	96.5	
	Other Countries	4,133	3,673	4,153	3.9	19.8	0.5	8,600	7,826	3.5	

Table IV: Exports by Sector and Sub-sector

	Value	RM million (FOB)		Annual Change	e (%)	Value RM million (FOB)			
Sector and Sub-sector	Feb	Jan	Feb	Share	Val RM million	%	Jan-Feb	Jan-Feb	Share	
	2024	2025	2025	(%)	(FOB)		2024	2025	(%)	
Total Exports	111,357	122,814	118,255	100.0	6,898.2	6.2	233,767	241,069	100.0	
MANUFACTURING	93,074	104,132	101,305	85.7	8,230.8	8.8	196,736	205,437	85.2	
Electrical & Electronic Products (E&E)	40,028	50,565	47,273	46.7	7,245.0	18.1	84,051	97,838	47.6	
Petroleum Products	10,540	9,759	9,246	9.1	(1,294.1)	(12.3)	25,346	19,005	9.3	
Machinery, Equipment And Parts	5,190	5,868	5,832	5.8	642.5	12.4	10,681	11,701	5.7	
Chemical And Chemical Products (Exclude Plast	5,807	5,504	5,644	5.6	(162.6)	(2.8)	11,840	11,148	5.4	
Manufacture Of Metal	4,689	5,006	5,004	4.9	314.7	6.7	9,660	10,010	4.9	
Optical & Scientific Equipment	4,159	4,242	4,689	4.6	529.4	12.7	9,057	8,930	4.3	
Palm Oil-Based Manufactured Products	2,765	3,288	3,174	3.1	408.4	14.8	5,644	6,462	3.1	
Processed Food	2,534	2,752	3,022	3.0	487.9	19.3	5,157	5,774	2.8	
Rubber Products	1,902	2,147	2,063	2.0	161.2	8.5	3,796	4,211	2.0	
Iron And Steel Products	3,267	2,151	1,811	1.8	(1,455.6)	(44.6)	6,743	3,962	1.9	
Transport Equipment	1,353	1,307	1,498	1.5	145.2	10.7	2,776	2,805	1.4	
Manufacture Of Plastics	1,268	1,375	1,321	1.3	53.4	4.2	2,635	2,696	1.3	
Textiles, Apparels And Footwear	1,300	1,344	1,323	1.3	23.0	1.8	2,643	2,667	1.3	
Wood Products	1,086	1,334	1,122	1.1	36.2	3.3	2,491	2,456	1.2	
Paper & Pulp Products	1,162	1,067	1,094	1.1	(67.6)	(5.8)	2,273	2,161	1.1	
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	951	1,001	1,031	1.0	80.2	8.4	2,024	2,032	1.0	
Jewellery	607	637	841	0.8	233.4	38.4	1,288	1,478	0.7	
Beverages & Tobacco	236	247	239	0.2	3.3	1.4	533	487	0.2	
Other Manufactures	4,228	4,538	5,075	5.0	846.8	20.0	8,097	9,613	4.7	
AGRICULTURE	6,792	9,121	8,651	7.3	1,858.5	27.4	15,014	17,772	7.4	
Palm Oil and Palm-Based Products	4,791	6,687	6,313	73.0	1,521.9	31.8	10,941	13,000	73.2	
Natural Rubber	390	405	492	5.7	102.1	26.2	688	897	5.0	
Other Vegetables Oil	313	357	314	3.6	1.3	0.4	653	670	3.8	
Sawn Timber & Moulding	195	193	210	2.4	14.9	7.6	436	403	2.3	
Seafood, fresh, chilled or frozen	182	190	192	2.2	9.8	5.4	386	382	2.1	
Sawlog	27	52	18	0.2	(8.6)	(31.9)	88	70	0.4	
Other Agriculture	895	1,238	1,112	12.9	217.2	24.3	1,823	2,350	13.2	
MINING	10,788	8,526	7,228	6.1	(3,560.2)	(33.0)	20,513	15,753	6.5	
Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)	6,311	5,245	4,766	65.9	(1,545.2)	(24.5)	12,363	10,011	63.6	
Crude Petroleum	3,186	2,056	1,132	15.7	(2,053.2)	(64.5)	5,514	3,189	20.2	
Metalliferous Ores and Metal Scrap	500	634	545	7.5	45.0	9.0	1,294	1,179	7.5	
Condensates and other petroleum oil	489	311	448	6.2	(40.9)	(8.4)	714	759	4.8	
Tin	200	182	234	3.2	33.6	16.8	389	416	2.6	
Crude Fertilizers And Crude Minerals	99	96	102	1.4	2.7	2.7	199	199	1.3	
Other Mining	2	1	0	0.0	(2.2)	(98.6)	41	1	0.0	
Others	703	1.035	1,072	0.9	369.0	52.5	1.504	2,107	0.9	
Ouicis	703	1,033	1,072	0.9	309.0	32.3	1,304	2,107	0.9	

Table V: Imports by Sector and Sub-sector

	Value	RM million (CIF)		Annual Change	e (%)	Value RM million (CIF)			
Sector and Sub-sector	Feb	Jan	Feb	Share	Val RM million	%	Jan-Feb	Jan-Feb	Share	
	2024	2025	2025	(%)	(FOB)		2024	2025	(%)	
Total Imports	100,116	119,155	105,639	100.0	5,522.2	5.5	212,354	224,794	100.0	
MANUFACTURING	84,532	101,490	86,484	81.9	1,951.7	2.3	178,081	187,975	83.6	
Electrical & Electronic Products (E&E)	29,635	46,319	36,482	42.2	6,846.8	23.1	62,520	82,801	44.0	
Machinery, Equipment And Parts	7,880	9,611	8,736	10.1	855.6	10.9	16,787	18,346	9.8	
Petroleum Products	13,650	9,108	8,040	9.3	(5,610.6)	(41.1)	25,363	17,148	9.1	
Chemical And Chemical Products (Exclude Plast	7,843	7,747	7,070	8.2	(773.3)	(9.9)	16,729	14,817	7.9	
Manufacture Of Metal	5,714	5,607	4,439	5.1	(1,274.3)	(22.3)	12,531	10,046	5.3	
Transport Equipment	3,667	4,530	5,480	6.3	1,812.4	49.4	7,816	10,009	5.3	
Optical & Scientific Equipment	2,419	2,469	2,438	2.8	19.8	0.8	5,113	4,907	2.6	
Processed Food	2,146	2,517	2,209	2.6	62.9	2.9	5,163	4,725	2.5	
Iron And Steel Products	2,638	2,492	2,085	2.4	(553.2)	(21.0)	5,911	4,577	2.4	
Textiles, Apparels And Footwear	1,594	2,067	1,596	1.8	1.9	0.1	3,684	3,663	1.9	
Manufacture Of Plastics	1,111	1,324	1,178	1.4	67.6	6.1	2,590	2,502	1.3	
Paper & Pulp Products	1,083	1,109	995	1.2	(88.7)	(8.2)	2,250	2,104	1.1	
Palm Oil-Based Manufactured Products	749	1,050	970	1.1	221.9	29.6	1,430	2,021	1.1	
Rubber Products	791	853	833	1.0	42.9	5.4	1,669	1,687	0.9	
Jewellery	624	788	730	0.8	106.4	17.0	1,283	1,519	0.8	
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	645	696	526	0.6	(119.7)	(18.6)	1,499	1,222	0.6	
Wood Products	383	504	386	0.4	2.9	0.8	940	890	0.5	
Beverages & Tobacco	289	282	212	0.2	(77.1)	(26.7)	601	494	0.3	
Other Manufactures	1,671	2,417	2,079	2.4	407.6	24.4	4,202	4,496	2.4	
AGRICULTURE	5,679	8,327	8,065	7.6	2.386.5	42.0	12,471	16,392	7.3	
Natural Rubber	852	849	883	10.9	30.2	3.5	1,572	1,732	10.6	
Palm Oil and Palm-Based Products	243	705	541	6.7	297.7	122.5	528	1,246	7.6	
Other Vegetables Oil	301	582	492	6.1	191.1	63.5	562	1,074	6.6	
Seafood, fresh, chilled or frozen	331	452	342	4.2	10.9	3.3	745	794	4.8	
Sawn Timber & Moulding	62	84	66	0.8	3.7	6.0	157	150	0.9	
Sawlog	2	4	2	0.0	0.5	35.0	5	6	0.0	
Other Agriculture	3,887	5,651	5,740	71.2	1,852.4	47.7	8,903	11,390	69.5	
MINING	8,225	7,829	9,035	8.6	809.5	9.8	18,160	16,864	7.5	
Crude Petroleum	3,861	4,182	4,973	55.0	1,111.2	28.8	9,299	9,154	54.3	
Metalliferous Ores and Metal Scrap	1,638	1,478	1,085	12.0	(553.3)	(33.8)	3,039	2,563	15.2	
Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)	848	358	1,064	11.8	216.1	25.5	1,685	1,422	8.4	
Crude Fertilizers And Crude Minerals	218	255	202	2.2	(15.7)	(7.2)	482	457	2.7	
Condensates and other petroleum oil	222	-	110	1.2	(111.9)	(50.5)	222	110	0.7	
Tin	68	30	32	0.4	(35.7)	(52.4)	93	63	0.4	
Other Mining	1,370	1,527	1,569	17.4	198.9	14.5	3,340	3,095	18.4	
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Others	1,680	1,509	2,054	1.9	374.4	22.3	3,642	3,564	1.6	

Table VI: Imports by End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification

	Value F	RM million (CIF)		Annual Cha	inge	ge Value RM million (CIF)			
BEC Category	Feb	Jan	Feb	Share	Val RM	%	Jan-Feb	Jan-Feb	Share	
• /	2024	2025	2025	(%)	million (CIF)		2024	2025	(%)	
Gross Imports	100,116	119,155	105,639	100.0	5,522.2	5.5	212,354	224,794	100	
Capital Goods	10,212	19,927	13,818	13.1	3,606.6	35.3	23,900	33,746	15.0	
Capital good (except transport equipment)	9,900	18,337	11,671	11.0	1,770.8	17.9	22,671	30,008	13.3	
Transport equipment, industrial	311	1,590	2,147	2.0	1,835.7	589.4	1,229	3,738	1.7	
Consumption Goods	8,423	10,056	9,049	8.6	625.5	7.4	18,753	19,105	8.5	
Durables	1,210	1,401	1,280	1.2	70.6	5.8	2,612	2,681	1.2	
Food & beverages, primary, mainly for household consumption	1,006	1,620	1,156	1.1	149.8	14.9	2,618	2,776	1.2	
Food & beverages, process, mainly for household consumption	2,867	3,191	3,127	3.0	259.9	9.1	5,943	6,318	2.8	
Non-durables	1,796	1,842	1,989	1.9	193.1	10.7	3,849	3,832	1.7	
Semi-durables	1,422	1,873	1,361	1.3	(61.5)	(4.3)	3,487	3,234	1.4	
Transport equipment, non-industrial	122	129	136	0.1	13.5	11.1	243	264	0.1	
Dual Use Goods	5,813	2,741	2,290	2.2	(3,522.2)	(60.6)	7,278	5,032	2.2	
Fuel & lubricants, processed motor spirit	4,929	2,344	1,417	1.3	(3,511.9)	(71.2)	5,905	3,761	1.7	
Transport equipment, passenger motor cars	883	398	873	0.8	(10.4)	(1.2)	1,373	1,271	0.6	
Goods n.e.s.	362	412	476	0.5	114.3	31.6	640	887	0.4	
Intermediate Goods	55,489	60,751	58,733	55.6	3,244.4	5.8	114,259	119,484	53.2	
Food & beverages, primary, mainly for industries	1,503	2,253	2,762	2.6	1,259.4	83.8	3,117	5,015	2.2	
Food & beverages, processed, mainly for industries	782	1,378	1,021	1.0	239.0	30.6	2,390	2,400	1.1	
Fuel & lubricants, primary	4,607	5,255	6,605	6.3	1,997.5	43.4	10,964	11,860	5.3	
Fuel & lubricants, processed, other	3,835	2,849	3,345	3.2	(490.0)	(12.8)	5,690	6,195	2.8	
Industrial supplies, n.e.s. primary	3,474	3,619	2,954	2.8	(519.4)	(15.0)	7,029	6,573	2.9	
Industrial supplies, n.e.s. processed	19,403	20,368	17,405	16.5	(1,998.2)	(10.3)	43,929	37,773	16.8	
Parts and accessories of capital goods (except transport equipment)	18,246	20,970	20,786	19.7	2,540.2	13.9	33,627	41,756	18.6	
Parts and accessories of transport equipment	3,639	4,057	3,855	3.6	216.0	5.9	7,514	7,913	3.5	
Transaction Below RM5,000	-	-	-	-	-	#DIV/0!	-	-	-	
Retain Imports	80,298	93,887	84,366	79.9	4,068.5	5.1	164,830	178,253	79.3	
Re-exports	19,819	25,268	21,272	20.1	1,453.7	7.3	47,524	46,541	20.7	