



LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY, FIRST QUARTER 2025

LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY VALUE ADDED PER HOUR WORKED

LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY VALUE ADDED PER EMPLOYMENT

Labour productivity per hour worked in Q1 2025 increased **1.0%** with value added per hour worked at **RM42.5** per hour.

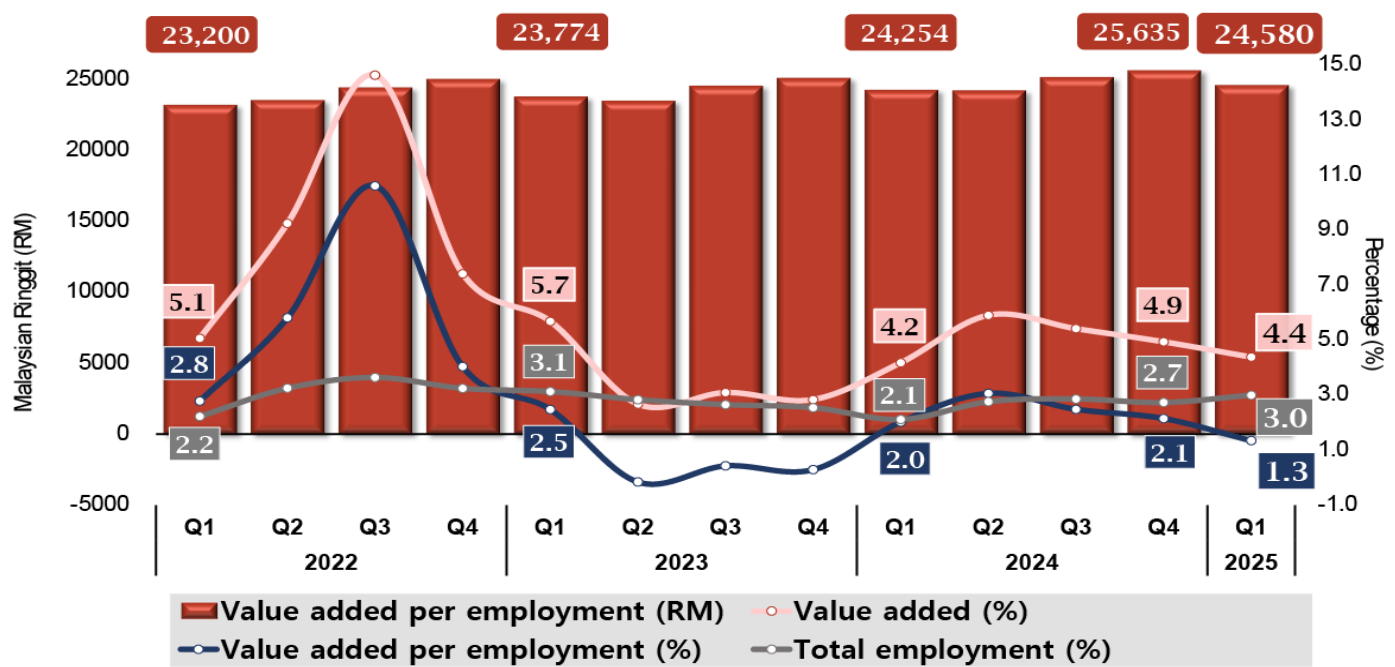
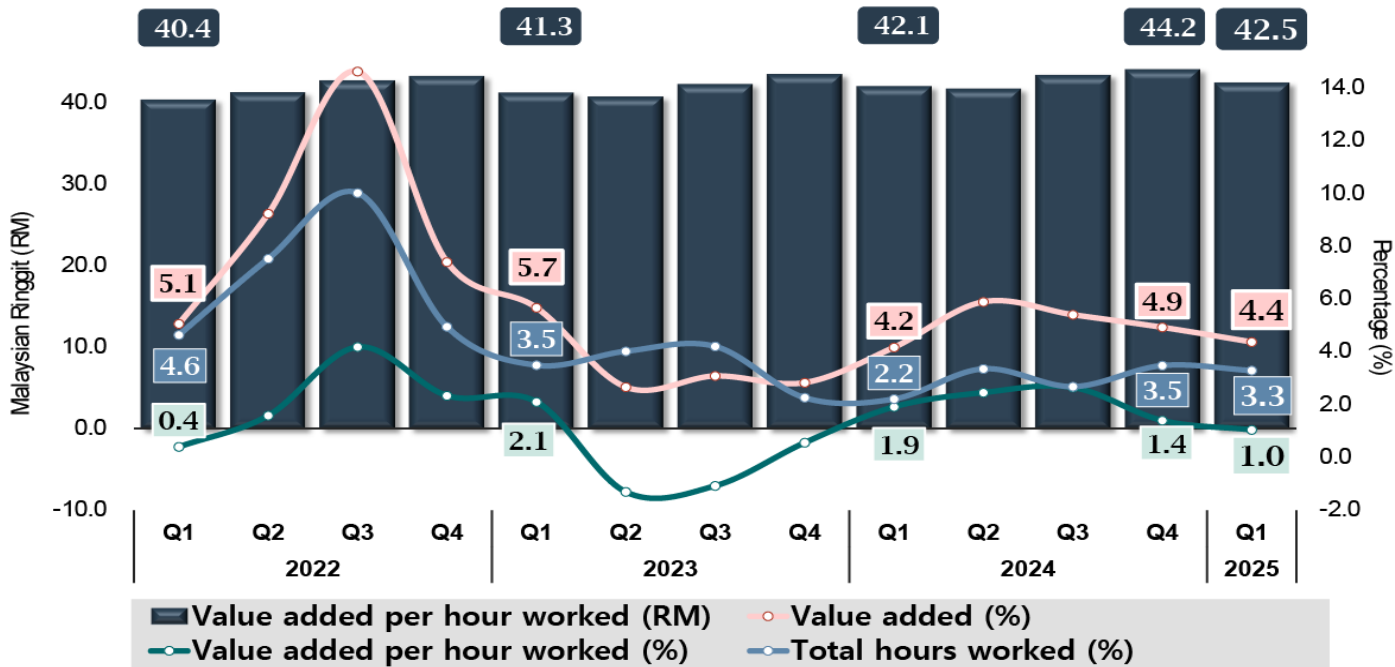
Labour productivity per employment in Q1 2025 increased **1.3%** with value added per employment at **RM24,580** per person.



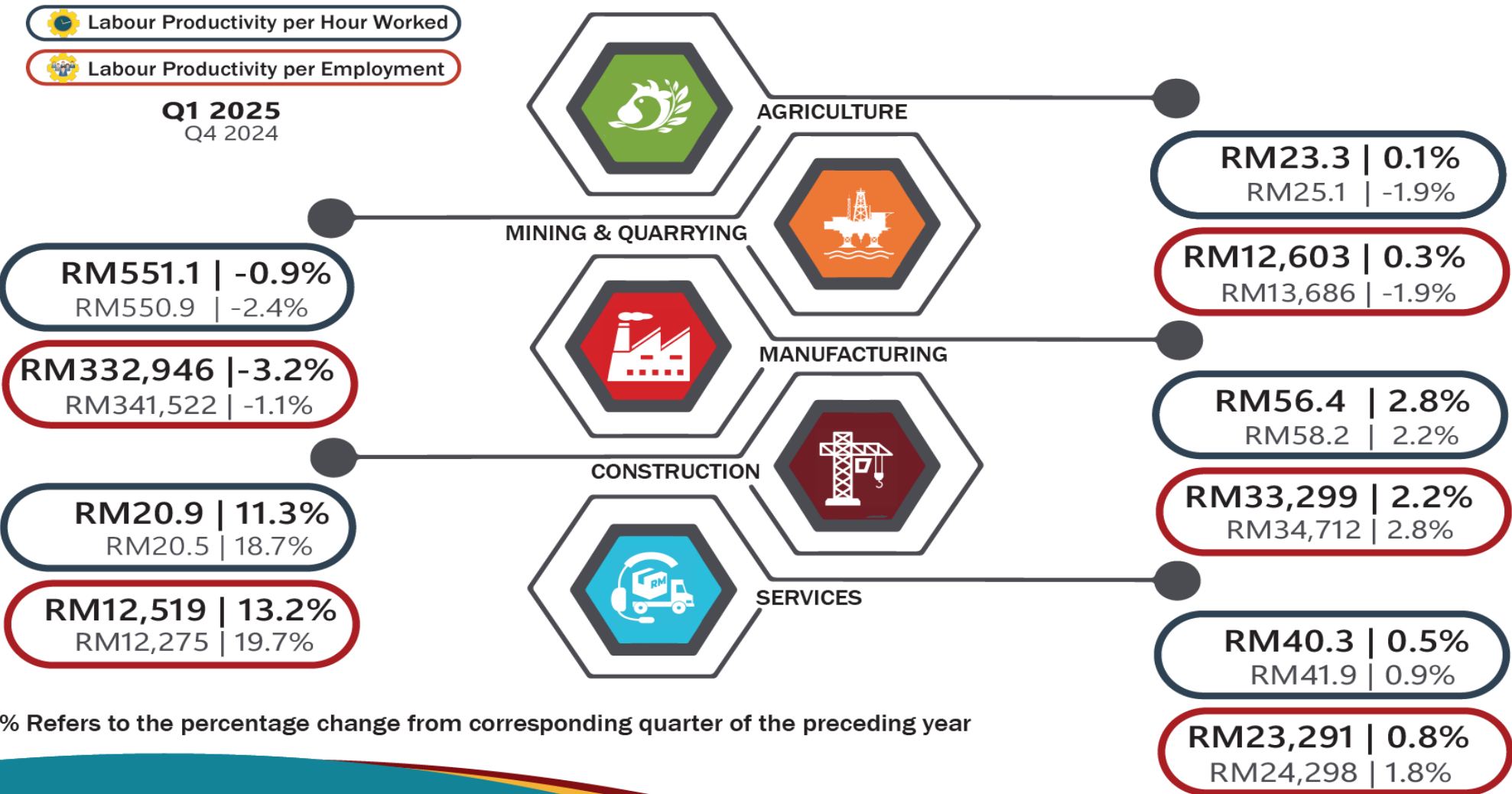
TOTAL HOURS WORKED (MILLION HOURS)
Q1 2025: 9,764 | 3.3%
Q4 2024: 9,747 | 3.5%



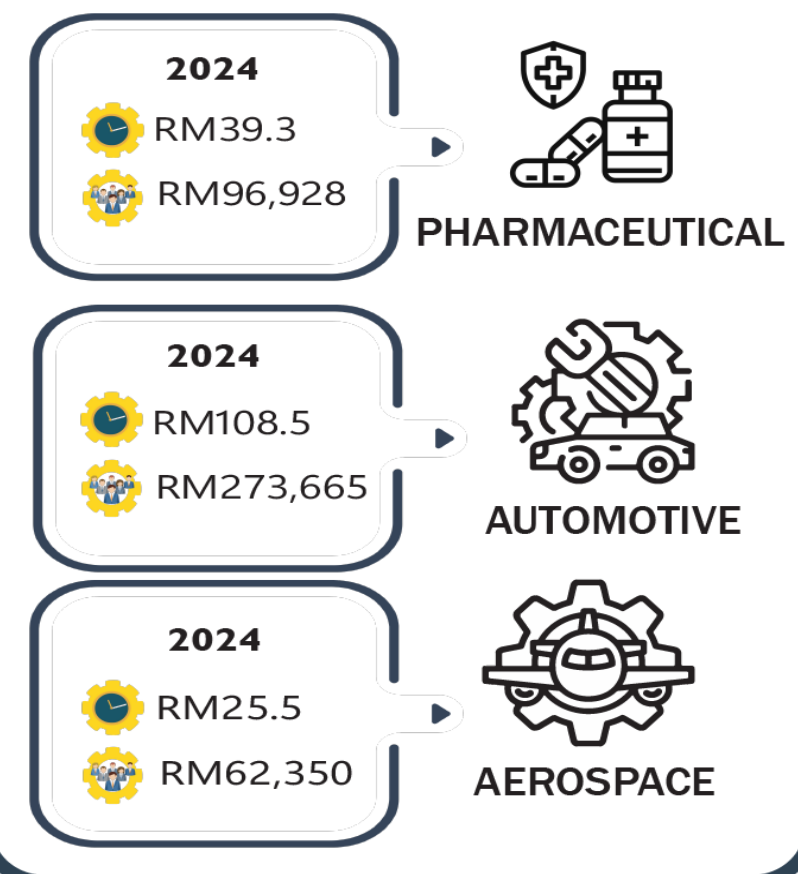
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT ('000 PERSONS)
Q1 2025: 16,893 | 3.0%
Q4 2024: 16,793 | 2.7%



LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY BY SECTORS

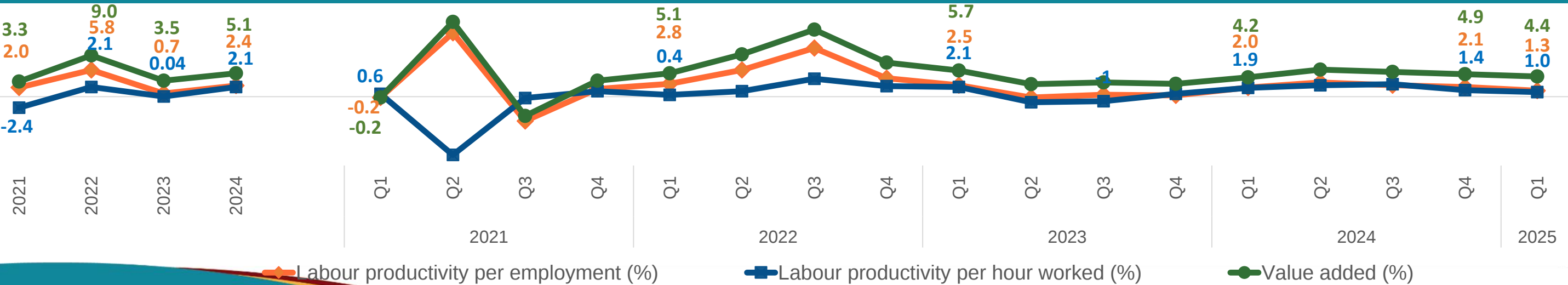


NEW PRIORITY SUBSECTORS



SOURCE: LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY, FIRST QUARTER OF 2025, DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA (DOSM)

Malaysia's Quarterly Labour Productivity, Annual Percentage Change, Q1 2021 – Q1 2025



Labour productivity per hour worked grew 1.0 per cent in the first quarter of 2025, registering RM42.5 per hour

Malaysia's Labour Productivity

- **Labour productivity per hour worked grew 1.0 per cent** (Q4 2024: 1.4%) with total hours worked increased 3.3 per cent to register 9.8 billion hours (Q4 2024: 3.5%, 9.7 billion hours) in the first quarter of 2025. Malaysia's economy expanded 4.4 per cent in the first quarter of 2025 as compared to 4.9 per cent in the previous quarter.
- In Q1 2025, **labour productivity per employment increased 1.3 per cent** (Q4 2024: 2.1%), as the total number of employed persons rose 3.0 per cent to register 16.9 million persons (Q4 2024: 2.7%; 16.8 million persons).
- In the first quarter of 2025, labour productivity recorded **value added per hour worked of RM42.5 per hour** (Q4 2024: RM44.2 per hour) and **value added per employment of RM24,580 per person** (Q4 2024: RM25,635 per person).

Malaysia's Labour Productivity by five (5) economic activities

- The **sectoral performance** for labour productivity measured as **value added per hour worked** for this quarter was driven by the growth in the **Construction sector** at 11.3 per cent (Q4 2024: 18.7%), followed by the **Manufacturing sector** at 2.8 per cent (Q4 2024: 2.2%), the **Services sector** at 0.5 per cent (Q4 2024: 0.9%) and the **Agriculture sector** at 0.1 per cent (Q4 2024: -1.9%), while the **Mining and quarrying sector** slumped at a negative 0.9 per cent (Q4 2024: -2.4%).
- In terms of **sectoral performance** for labor productivity measured as **value added per employment**, the **Construction sector** drove the overall performance by posting an encouraging increase of 13.2 per cent (Q4 2024: 19.7%) during this quarter, followed by the **Manufacturing sector** at 2.2 per cent (Q4 2024: 2.8%), the **Services sector** at 0.8 per cent (Q4 2024: 1.8%) and the **Agriculture sector** at 0.3 per cent (Q4 2024: -1.9%), while the **Mining and quarrying sector** declined at a negative 3.2 per cent (Q4 2024: -1.1%).

