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STATISTIK PERLOMBONGAN PETROLEUM DAN GAS ASLI SUKU KETIGA 2025

Pengeluaran Minyak mentah & kondensat dan Gas asli mengukuh pada suku ketiga 2025, masing-masing meningkat sebanyak 7.9 peratus dan 11.8 peratus

PUTRAJAYA, 3 DISEMBER 2025 – Pengeluaran Minyak mentah & kondensat dan Gas asli Malaysia merekodkan pertumbuhan positif pada suku ketiga 2025, masing-masing mencapai 45.1 juta tong dan 737.0 bilion kaki padu. Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) melapor hari ini mengenai keluaran **Statistik Perlombongan Petroleum dan Gas Asli, Suku Ketiga 2025**.

Menurut kenyataan tersebut, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia berkata, "Pertumbuhan ini dipacu terutamanya oleh pengeluaran Minyak mentah pada suku ketiga 2025, yang berkembang kepada 7.0 peratus (ST2 2025: -2.2%), selepas empat suku berturut-turut mencatat penyusutan. Begitu juga, pengeluaran Kondensat yang turut mencatatkan pertumbuhan positif kepada 9.7 peratus (ST2 2025: -1.2%), setelah tiga suku berturut-turut merekodkan pertumbuhan negatif. Pada masa yang sama, pengeluaran Gas asli mencatatkan pertumbuhan dua-digit sebanyak 11.8 peratus (ST2 2025: -8.0%) selepas dua suku berturut-turut menyusut, menjadikan jumlah pengeluaran gas sebanyak 737.0 bilion kaki padu (ST2 2025: 640.9 bilion kaki padu)."

Harga Purata "*Lifting*" Berpemberat (WALP) bagi Minyak mentah dan kondensat di Malaysia meningkat kepada USD71.9 per tong pada suku ketiga 2025 berbanding USD70.4 per tong pada suku sebelumnya. Peningkatan ini adalah sejajar dengan harga penanda aras global, iaitu WTI mencatatkan USD65.7 per tong (ST2 2025: USD64.6 per tong) dan Brent sebanyak USD69.0 per tong (ST2 2025: USD68.0 per tong).

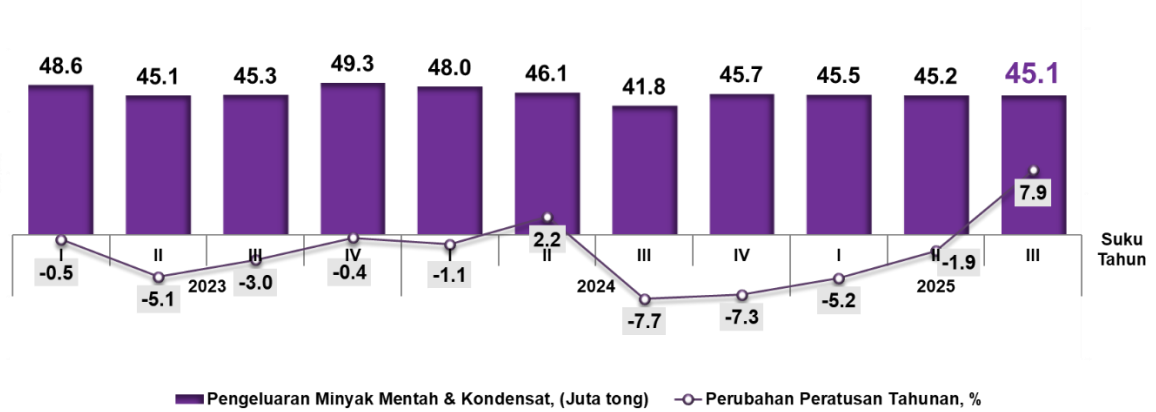
Mengulas lanjut mengenai prestasi perdagangan luar negara, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata, "Nilai eksport Petroleum mentah dan kondensat mencapai RM5.3 bilion pada suku ketiga 2025. Thailand mendominasi eksport Petroleum mentah dan kondensat sebanyak RM1.8 bilion atau 34.6 peratus daripada jumlah keseluruhan, diikuti oleh Australia (21.5%) dan Jepun (20.9%). Eksport Keluaran petroleum bertapis meningkat kepada RM23.8 bilion berbanding RM22.7 bilion pada suku sebelumnya. Singapura merupakan destinasi negara terbesar bagi Keluaran petroleum bertapis berjumlah RM5.5 bilion atau 23.0 peratus, diikuti oleh Indonesia (22.2%) dan Australia (13.9%). Sementara itu, nilai eksport LNG meningkat kepada RM12.2 bilion pada suku ini berbanding RM10.3 bilion pada suku kedua 2025 dengan 37.7 peratus dieksport ke Jepun, diikuti oleh China (29.6%) dan Republik Korea (25.6%)."

Ketua Perangkawan menambah, "Nilai import Petroleum mentah dan kondensat mencatatkan RM16.0 bilion pada suku ketiga 2025 (ST2 2025: RM12.9 bilion). Emiriah Arab Bersatu adalah negara asal utama, menyumbang 26.5 peratus, diikuti oleh Arab Saudi (22.2%) dan Oman (18.4%). Sementara itu, import Keluaran petroleum bertapis mencatatkan RM24.1 bilion (ST2 2025: RM22.0 bilion) dengan Singapura terus mendahului sebagai penyumbang terbesar (39.5%), diikuti oleh China (14.2%) dan Republik Korea (9.0%). Import LNG berjumlah RM1.3 bilion (ST2 2025: RM1.5 bilion), dengan Australia merupakan satu-satunya negara asal pada suku ketiga 2025 ini."

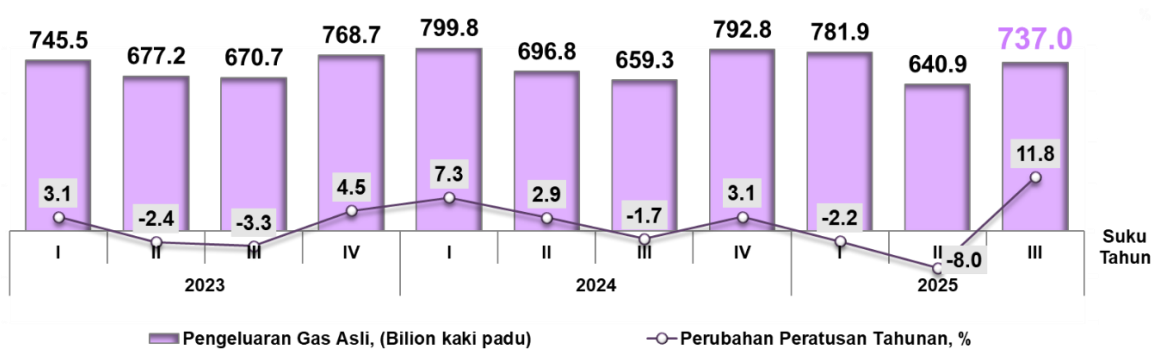
Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki tangga pertama (1) di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25 yang dikeluarkan oleh Open Data Watch (ODW), mengatasi 197 negara lain. Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

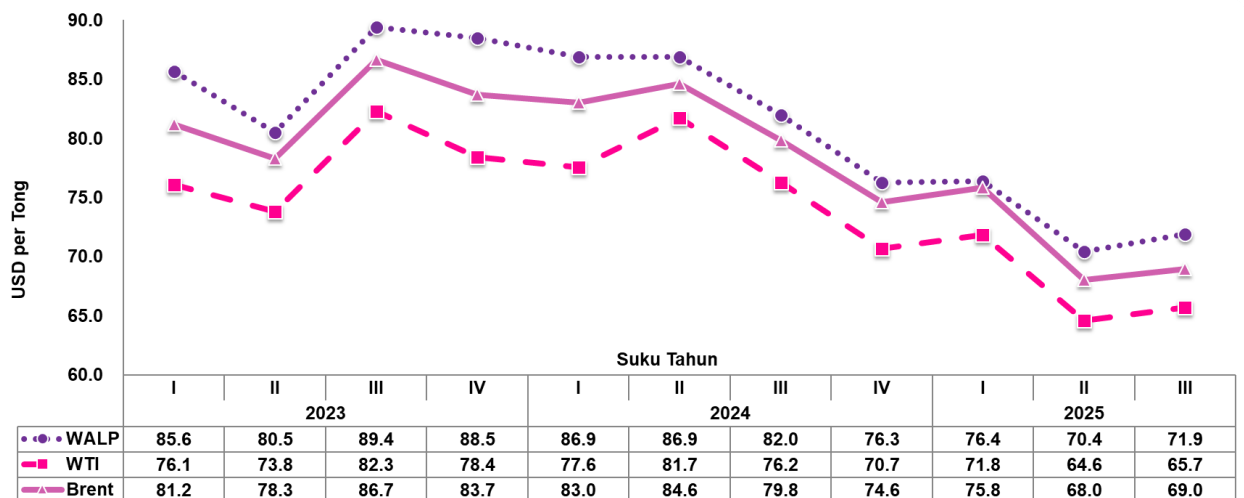
Carta 1: Prestasi Pengeluaran Minyak Mentah dan Kondensat, ST1 2023 -ST3 2025



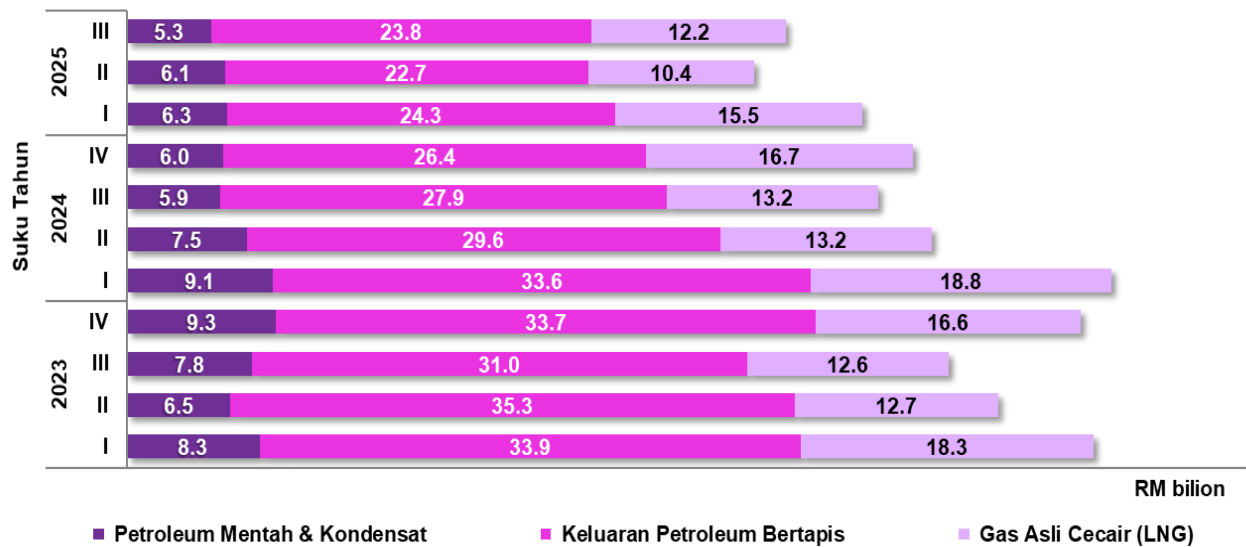
Carta 2: Prestasi Pengeluaran Gas Asli, ST1 2023 - ST3 2025



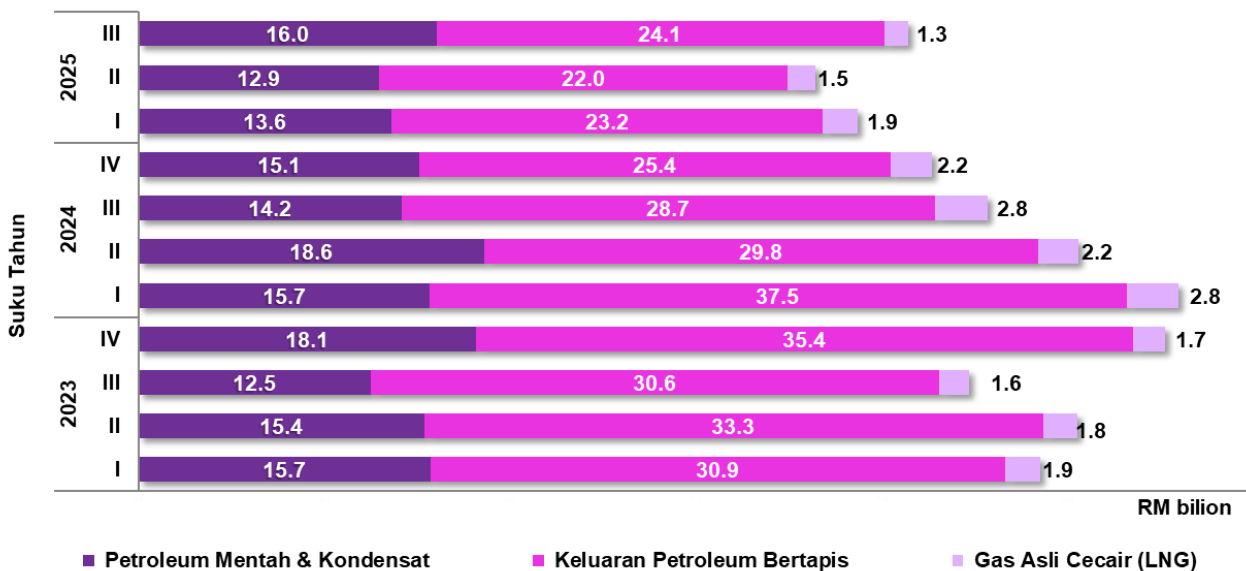
Carta 3: Harga Minyak Mentah dan Kondensat, ST1 2023 - ST3 2025



Carta 4: Nilai Eksport Petroleum Mentah & Kondensat, Keluaran Petroleum Bertapis dan Gas Asli Cecair (LNG), ST1 2023 - ST3 2025



Carta 5: Nilai Import Petroleum Mentah & Kondensat, Keluaran Petroleum Bertapis dan Gas Asli Cecair (LNG), ST1 2023 - ST3 2025



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MINING OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS STATISTICS THIRD QUARTER OF 2025

Crude oil & condensate and Natural gas strengthened in the third quarter of 2025, rising by 7.9 per cent and 11.8 per cent respectively

PUTRAJAYA, DECEMBER 3, 2025 - Malaysia's Crude oil & condensate and Natural gas production showed positive growth in the third quarter of 2025, reaching 45.1 million barrels and 737.0 billion cubic feet respectively. The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) reported today in the release of ***Mining of Petroleum and Natural gas Statistics, Third Quarter of 2025***.

According to the statement, Dato' Sri. Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, Chief Statistician of Malaysia said, "The growth was primarily driven by Crude oil production in the third quarter of 2025, which rose by 7.0 per cent (Q2 2025: -2.2%), following four consecutive quarters of contraction. Similarly, the production of Condensate also registered positive growth of 9.7 per cent (Q2 2025: -1.2%), after three consecutive quarters of negative growth. At the same time, production of Natural gas recorded double-digit growth of 11.8 per cent (Q2 2025: -8.0%) following two consecutive quarters of contraction, bringing total production of gas to 737.0 billion cubic feet (Q2 2025: 640.9 billion cubic feet)."

The Weighted Average Lifting Price (WALP) for Crude oil and condensate in Malaysia increased to USD71.9 per barrel in the third quarter of 2025 compared to USD70.4 per barrel in the previous quarter. This increase was in line with global benchmark prices, with WTI at USD65.7 per barrel (Q2 2025: USD64.6 per barrel) and Brent at USD69.0 per barrel (Q2 2025: USD68.0 per barrel).

Commenting further on the performance of external trade, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, "The export value of Crude petroleum and condensate reached RM5.3 billion in the third quarter of 2025. Thailand dominated the export of Crude petroleum and condensate with RM1.8 billion, accounting for 34.6 per cent of the total, followed by Australia (21.5%) and Japan (20.9%). Exports of Refined petroleum products increased to RM23.8 billion from RM22.7 billion in the previous quarter. Singapore was the largest of destination country for petroleum products amounting to RM5.5 billion or 23.0 per cent, followed by Indonesia (22.2%) and Australia (13.9%). Meanwhile, the export value of LNG rose to RM12.2 billion in this quarter compared to RM10.3 billion in the second quarter of 2025, with 37.7 per cent exported to Japan, followed by China (29.6%) and the Republic of Korea (25.6%)."

The Chief Statistician added, "The value of Crude petroleum and condensate imports recorded RM16.0 billion in the third quarter of 2025 (Q2 2025: RM12.9 billion). The United Arab Emirates was the main country of origin, accounting for 26.5 per cent, followed by Saudi Arabia (22.2%) and Oman (18.4%). Meanwhile, imports of Refined petroleum products rose to RM24.1 billion (Q2 2025: RM22.0 billion), with Singapore continuing to lead as the largest contributor (39.5%), followed by China (14.2%) and the Republic of Korea (9.0%). The LNG imports amounted to RM1.3 billion (Q2 2025: RM1.5 billion), with Australia as the sole country of origin in the third quarter of 2025."

Malaysia has, for the first time, successfully secured the top position globally in the biennial Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25 report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 197 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

OpenDOSM NextGen is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Chart 1: Crude Oil and Condensate Production Performance, Q1 2023 - Q3 2025

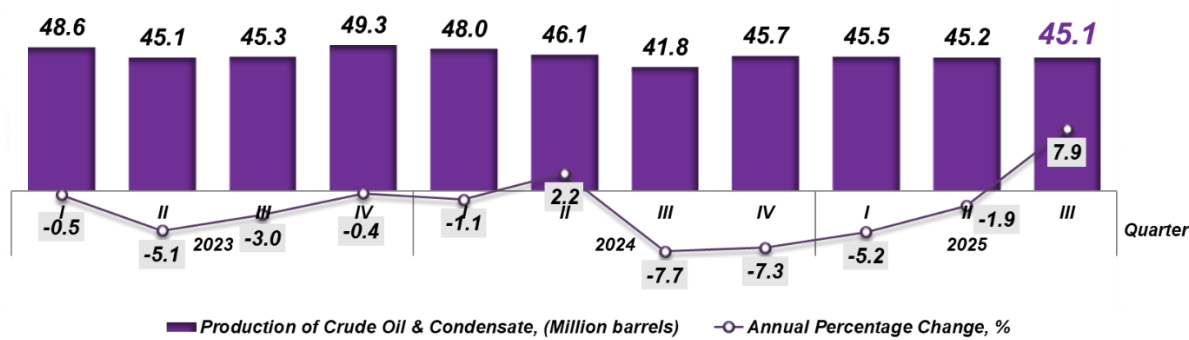


Chart 2: Performance of Natural Gas Production, Q1 2023 - Q3 2025

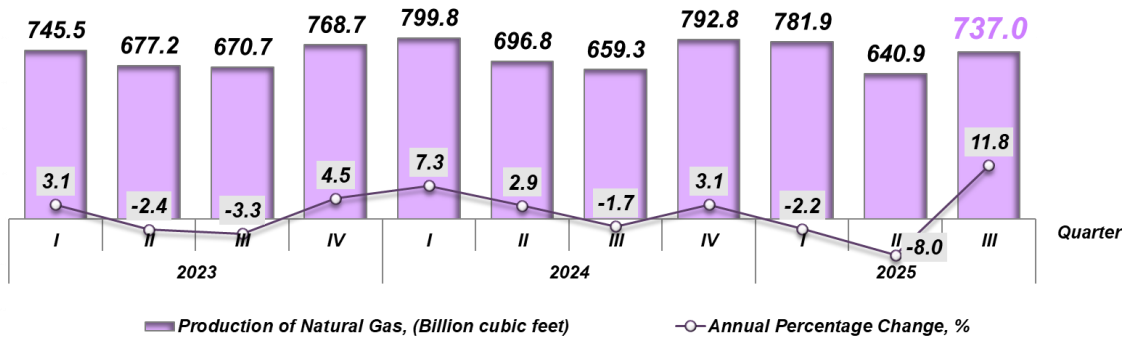


Chart 3: Prices of Crude Oil and Condensate, Q1 2023 - Q3 2025

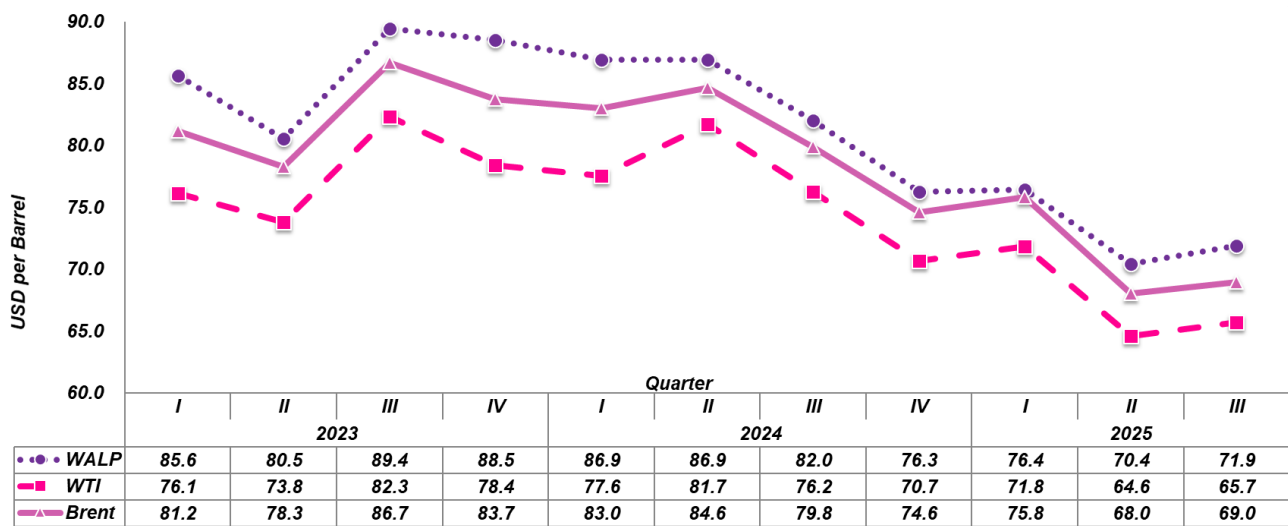


Chart 4: Export Value of Crude Petroleum & Condensate, Refined Petroleum Products and Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), Q1 2023 - Q3 2025

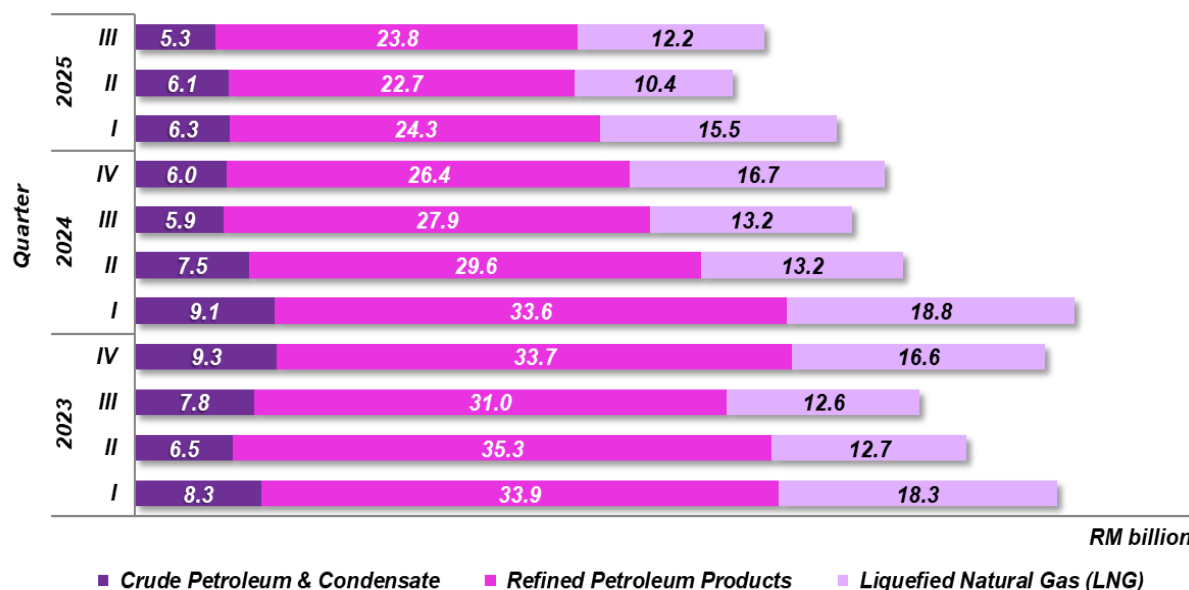
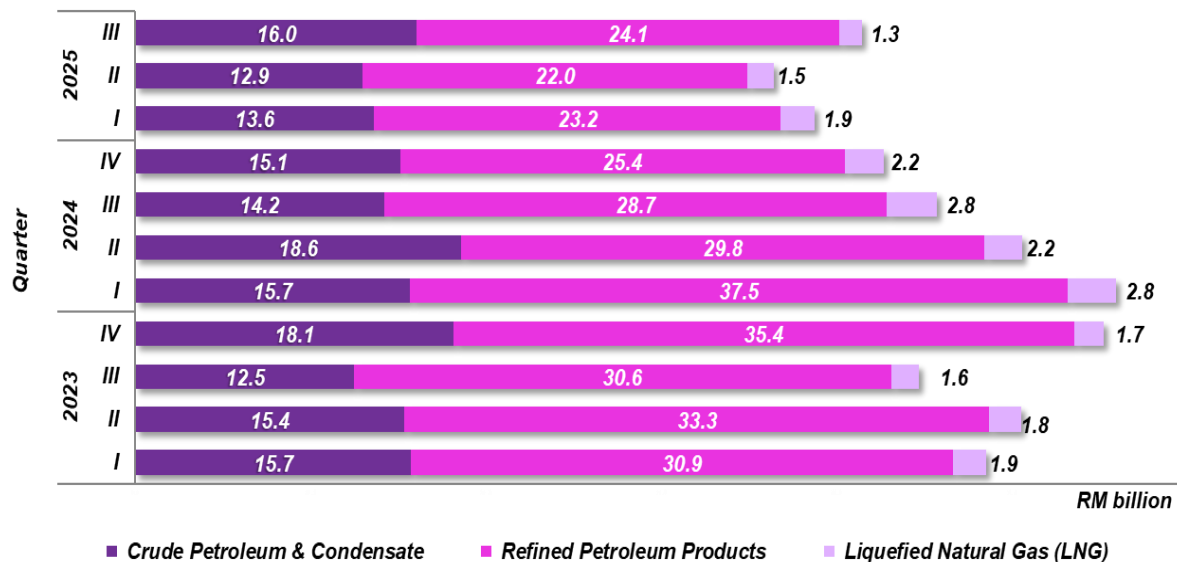


Chart 5: Import Value of Crude Petroleum & Condensate, Refined Petroleum Products and Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), Q1 2023 – Q3 2025



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DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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