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KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

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PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA OGOS 2025

**Imbangan dagangan kekal positif pada Ogos 2025 bernilai RM16.1 bilion,
meneruskan lebihan dagangan berturut-turut bulan ke-64 sejak Mei 2020
walaupun Prestasi Perdagangan Malaysia sedikit menguncup**

PUTRAJAYA, 19 SEPTEMBER 2025 – Prestasi perdagangan Malaysia sedikit menguncup pada Ogos 2025, dengan jumlah dagangan susut 1.9 peratus kepada RM247.1 bilion berbanding RM251.8 bilion pada Ogos 2024, didorong terutamanya oleh penurunan import 5.9 peratus kepada RM115.5 bilion. Sebaliknya, eksport meningkat 1.9 peratus kepada RM131.6 bilion dan lebihan dagangan melonjak 153.8 peratus daripada RM6.4 bilion kepada RM16.1 bilion pada Ogos 2025 seperti yang dilaporkan hari ini dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, OGOS 2025**. Buletin ini juga membentangkan prestasi produk untuk eksport dan import serta rakan dagangannya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin menjelaskan bahawa eksport meningkat pada Ogos 2025 selari dengan kenaikan eksport semula (21.2% daripada jumlah eksport), naik 22.6 peratus berbanding Ogos 2024 dengan nilai RM28.0 bilion. Sebaliknya, eksport domestik (78.8% daripada jumlah eksport) jatuh 2.5 peratus kepada RM103.6 bilion. Walau bagaimanapun, import

bernilai RM115.5 bilion mencatatkan penurunan 5.9 peratus. Lebihan dagangan melonjak 153.8 peratus kepada RM16.1 bilion, mencatatkan lebihan dagangan 64 bulan berturut-turut sejak Mei 2020. Berbanding Julai 2025, eksport, import dan jumlah dagangan masing-masing mencatatkan penurunan 6.0 peratus, 8.0 peratus dan 6.9 peratus. Sebaliknya,imbangan dagangan meningkat 10.4 peratus atau RM1.5 bilion.

Dari sudut kumpulan barang, 115 daripada 257 kumpulan eksport mencatatkan kenaikan. Sementara itu, 168 daripada 256 kumpulan import mencatatkan penurunan berbanding bulan yang sama pada tahun sebelumnya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia turut menyatakan bahawa eksport yang lebih tinggi didorong terutamanya oleh kenaikan eksport barang ke Taiwan (+RM1.7 bilion), diikuti oleh Mexico (+RM1.7 bilion), China (+RM1.6 bilion), Vietnam (+RM1.2 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM1.0 bilion), Thailand (+RM940.2 juta) dan India (+RM510.0 juta). Sebaliknya, penurunan import pula disumbangkan terutamanya oleh kemasukan barang yang lebih rendah dari Amerika Syarikat (-RM5.7 bilion), diikuti oleh Arab Saudi (-RM1.4 bilion), Australia (-RM1.2 bilion), Singapura (-RM1.2 bilion), Jepun (-RM868.1 juta), Nigeria (-RM394.0 juta) dan Filipina (-RM342.8 juta).

Mengulas lebih lanjut mengenai eksport, peningkatan tersebut sebahagian besarnya disumbangkan oleh penghantaran yang lebih tinggi bagi barang elektrik dan elektronik (+RM5.1 bilion); jentera, kelengkapan dan peralatan (+RM871.7 juta); barang optik & saintifik (+RM778.7 juta); minyak sawit & keluaran pertanian berdasarkan minyak sawit (+RM650.0 juta); bijih logam dan serpihan logam (+RM407.8 juta); serta barang perkilangan berdasarkan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM250.7 juta). Walau bagaimanapun, kejatuhan import didorong oleh kemasukan yang lebih perlahan bagi keluaran pertanian lain (-RM1.6 bilion);

kimia dan bahan kimia (-RM1.6 bilion); hasil galian lain (-RM871.2 juta); gas asli cecair (-RM807.2 juta); petroleum mentah (-RM802.3 juta); dan keluaran petroleum (-RM790.6 juta).

Selanjutnya, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia juga memaklumkan kejatuhan import mengikut Penggunaan Akhir yang mencerminkan permintaan yang lebih perlahan bagi barang perantaraan dan barang penggunaan. Barang perantaraan (52.2% daripada jumlah import) susut 16.8 peratus atau RM12.1 bilion, mencatatkan nilai RM60.2 bilion. Import barang penggunaan (8.2% daripada jumlah import) menurun 8.9 peratus atau RM920.4 juta kepada RM9.4 bilion berbanding Ogos 2024. Walau bagaimanapun, import barang modal (13.6% daripada jumlah import) naik 11.0 peratus atau RM1.6 bilion, mencatatkan nilai RM15.7 bilion.

Jumlah dagangan Malaysia mencecah RM2.0 trillion, mencerminkan peningkatan tahun ke tahun 3.8 peratus bagi tempoh Januari hingga Ogos 2025. Peningkatan ini disokong oleh prestasi eksport yang lebih kukuh (+3.9%) serta kenaikan import 3.6 peratus. Lebihan dagangan turut mengembang, naik 7.4 peratus kepada RM86.1 bilion berbanding tempoh yang sama pada tahun 2024.

Kepengerusian ASEAN-Malaysia 2025: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) akan mempengerusikan Jawatankuasa Sistem Statistik Komuniti ASEAN Ke-15 (ACSS15) yang bertujuan untuk memperkuuh kerjasama statistik ke arah pembangunan serantau yang mampan.

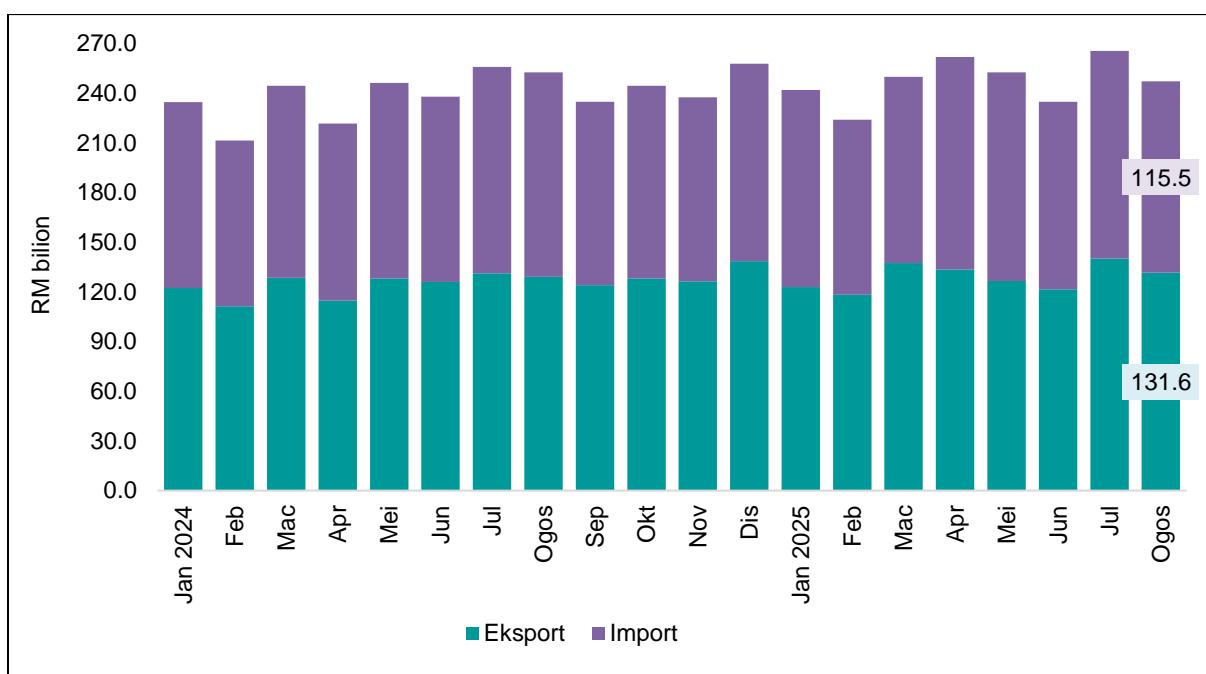
Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki tangga pertama (1) di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25 yang dikeluarkan oleh Open Data Watch (ODW), mengatasi 197 negara lain.

Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

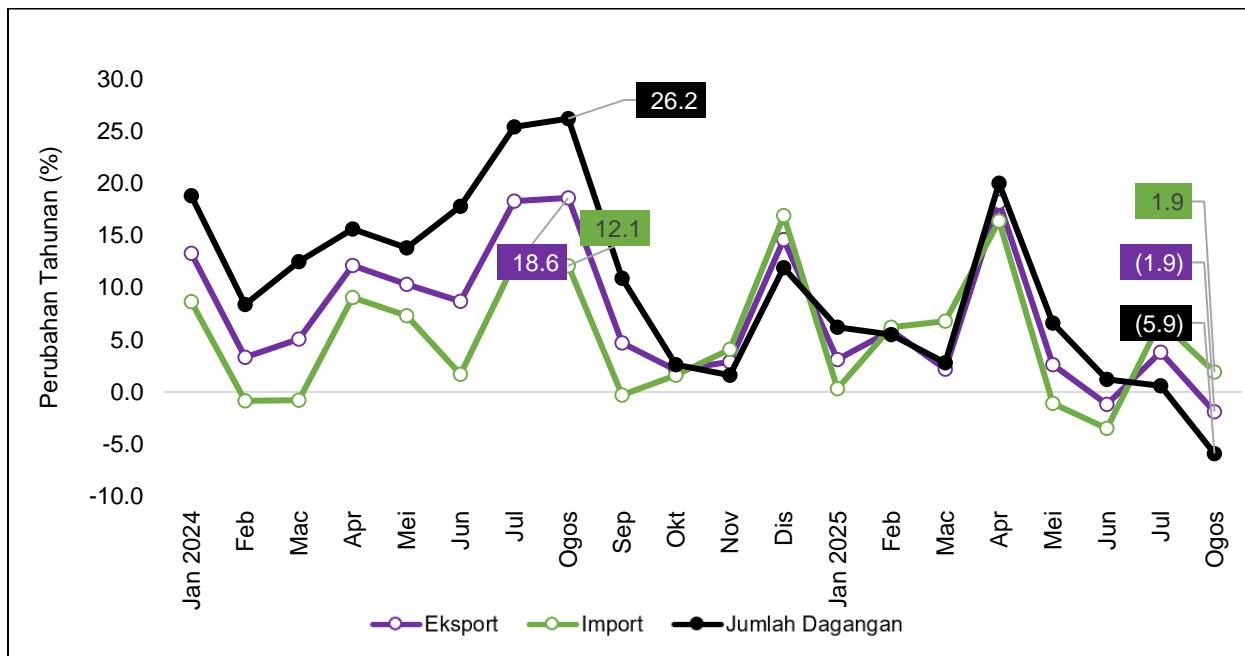
Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan 20 Oktober sebagai Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day), dengan tema 'Statistik Nadi Kehidupan'. Sementara itu, Hari Statistik Dunia Keempat akan disambut pada 20 Oktober 2025 dengan tema '*Driving Change with Quality Statistics and Data for Everyone*'.

OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

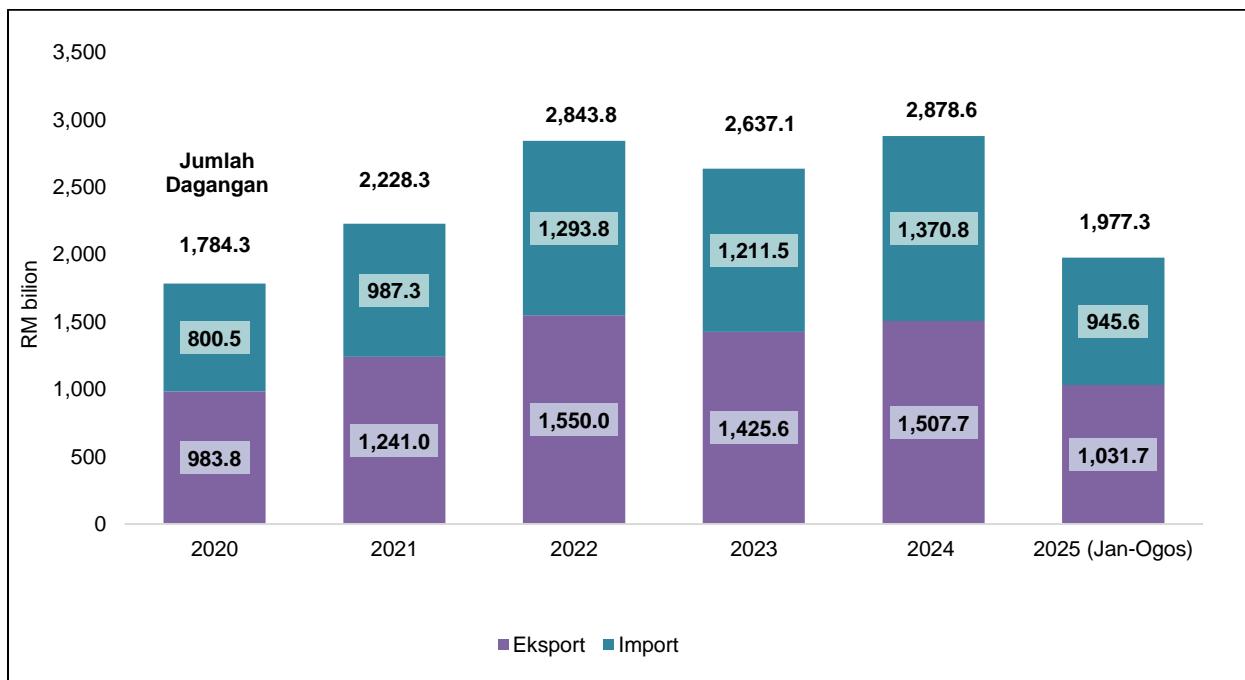
Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2024 – Ogos 2025 (Nilai)



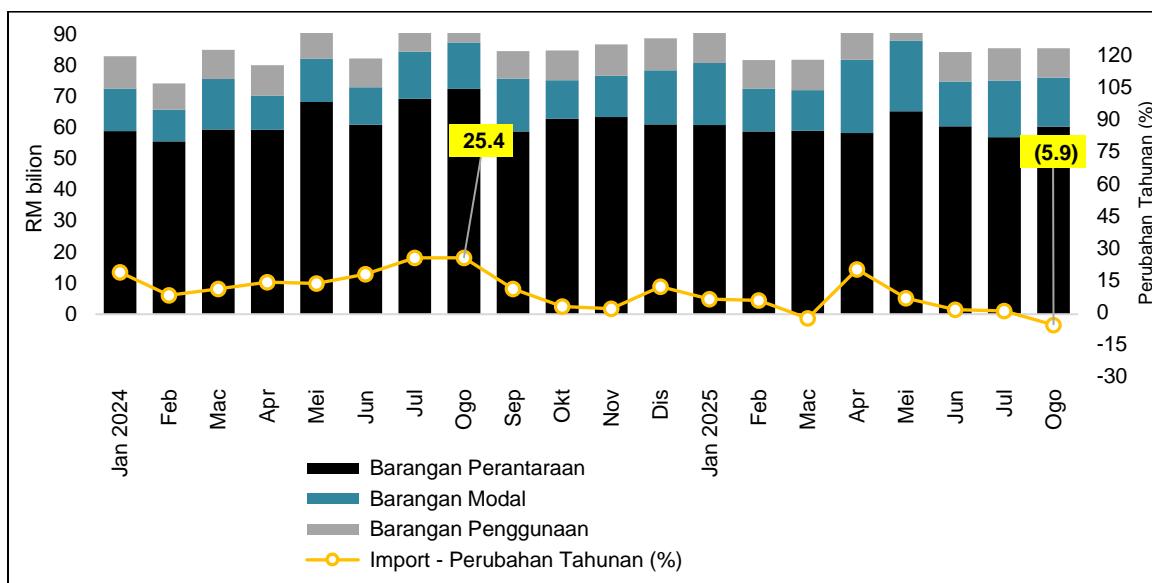
Carta 2: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2024 – Ogos 2025
 (Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



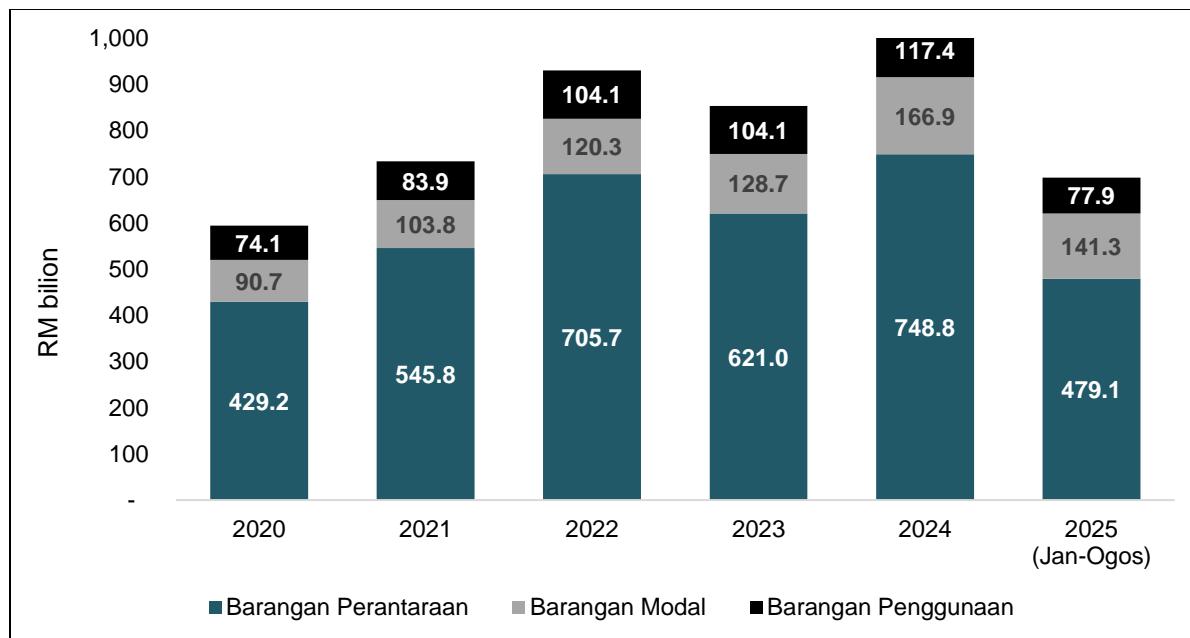
Carta 3: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, 2020 – 2025 (Jan – Ogos)



**Carta 4: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC), Jan 2024 – Ogos 2025
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)**



Carta 5: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC), 2020 – 2025 (Jan – Ogos)



Jadual 1: Sub-Sektor Penyumbang Utama kepada Eksport

KETERANGAN KOMODITI	2024	2025	2025	SUMBANGAN KEPADA JUMLAH %	Y.O.Y	
	OGOS	JULAI	OGOS		NILAI	%
	RM JUTA	RM JUTA	RM JUTA		RM JUTA	
Jumlah	129,094	140,063	131,598	100.0	2,504	1.9
Barangan Elektrik & Elektronik (E&E)	50,439	63,350	55,509	42.2	5,070	10.1
Keluaran Petroleum	11,038	8,124	9,097	6.9	(1,941)	(17.6)
Minyak Kelapa Sawit & Keluaran Pertanian Berasaskan Kelapa Sawit	6,672	6,726	7,322	5.6	650.0	9.7
Jentera, Kelengkapan & Peralatan	6,026	6,820	6,897	5.2	871.7	14.5
Barangan Optik & Saintifik	5,307	5,608	6,085	4.6	778.7	14.7

Jadual 2: Sub-Sektor Penyumbang Utama kepada Import

KETERANGAN KOMODITI	2024	2025	2025	SUMBANGAN KEPADA JUMLAH %	Y.O.Y	
	OGOS	JULAI	OGOS		NILAI	%
	RM JUTA	RM JUTA	RM JUTA		RM JUTA	
Jumlah	122,740	125,458	115,472	100.0	(7,268)	(5.9)
Barangan Elektrik & Elektronik (E&E)	43,381	48,538	42,876	37.1	(505.0)	(1.2)
Jentera, Kelengkapan & Peralatan	9,779	10,860	10,068	8.7	289.6	3.0
Keluaran Petroleum	9,067	8,884	8,276	7.2	(790.6)	(8.7)
Kimia & Bahan Kimia	9,862	7,962	8,252	7.1	(1,609)	(16.3)
Kelengkapan Pengangkutan	4,557	4,918	5,697	4.9	1,140	25.0

Dikeluarkan oleh:

PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

19 SEPTEMBER 2025

MEDIA STATEMENT



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS AUGUST 2025

Trade balance remained positive in August 2025 to RM16.1 billion, continuing a 64th month streak of trade surplus since May 2020 despite a slight decline in trade performance

PUTRAJAYA, 19 SEPTEMBER 2025 – Malaysia's trade performance slightly declined in August 2025, with total trade falling by 1.9 per cent to RM247.1 billion compared to RM251.8 billion in August 2024 driven mainly by a 5.9 per cent drop in imports to RM115.5 billion. Conversely, exports increased by 1.9 per cent to RM131.6 billion and trade surplus increased by 153.8 per cent from RM6.4 billion to RM16.1 billion in August 2025 as reported in the **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULETIN, AUGUST 2025** released today. This bulletin also presents the performance of export and import products with its trading partners.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin highlighted Malaysia's exports increased in August 2025 in tandem with the rise in re-exports (21.2% to total exports) up by 22.6 per cent as compared to August 2024, worth RM28.0 billion. On the other hand, domestic exports (78.8% to total exports), dropped by 2.5 per cent to RM103.6 billion. However, imports worth RM115.5 billion, reflecting a 5.9 per cent decrease. Trade surplus escalated by 153.8 per cent to RM16.1 billion, marking the 64th consecutive month of surplus

since May 2020. Compared with July 2025, exports, imports and total trade recorded a decrease of 6.0 per cent, 8.0 per cent, and 6.9 per cent, respectively. In contrast, trade balance has risen by 10.4 per cent or RM1.5 billion.

From a commodity group perspective, 115 out of 257 export groups showed an increase. Meanwhile, 168 out of 256 import groups showed a decrease as compared to the same month of the previous year.

Chief Statistician Malaysia further explained higher exports were primarily driven by increased of exports goods to Taiwan (+RM1.7 billion), followed by Mexico (+RM1.7 billion), China (+RM1.6 billion), Viet Nam (+RM1.2 billion), the European Union (+RM1.0 billion), Thailand (+RM940.2 million) and India (+RM510.0 million). However, the slide in imports was mainly attributed to lower inflows from the United States (-RM5.7 billion), followed by Saudi Arabia (-RM1.4 billion), Australia (-RM1.2 billion), Singapore (-RM1.2 billion), Japan (-RM868.1 million), Nigeria (-RM394.0 million) and Philippines (-RM342.8 million).

Further commenting on exports, the increase was primarily driven by higher shipments of E&E products (+RM5.1 billion); machinery, equipment & parts (+RM871.7 million); optical & scientific equipment (+RM778.7 million); palm oil & palm-based agriculture products (+RM650.0 million); metalliferous ores & metal scrap (+RM407.8 million); and palm oil-based manufactured products (+RM250.7 million). Conversely, the import slowdown was driven by slower inflows of other agriculture (-RM1.6 billion); chemical & chemical products (-RM1.6 billion); other mining (-RM871.2 million); liquefied natural gas (-RM807.2 million); crude petroleum (-RM802.3 million); and petroleum products (-RM790.6 million).

Additionally, the Chief Statistician Malaysia also underscored that the recession in imports by End Use reflected slower demand for intermediate goods and

consumption goods. Intermediate goods (52.2% of total imports), fell by 16.8 per cent or RM12.1 billion to post a value of RM60.2 billion. Imports of consumption goods (8.2% of total imports), decreased by 8.9 per cent or RM920.4 million valued at RM9.4 billion as compared to August 2024. However, imports of capital goods (13.6% of total imports), climbed by 11.0 per cent or RM1.6 billion to post a value of RM15.7 billion.

Malaysia's total trade reached RM2.0 trillion, reflecting a 3.8 per cent y-o-y increase for the January to August 2025 period. The improvement was supported by stronger export performance (+3.9%) and a 3.6 per cent rise in imports. The trade surplus also widened, climbing 7.4 per cent to RM86.1 billion compared to the same period in 2024.

ASEAN-Malaysia 2025 Chairmanship: The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) will chair the 15th ASEAN Community Statistical System Committee (ACSS15) which aims to strengthen the statistical cooperation towards sustainable regional development.

Malaysia, for the first time, ranked as number one (1) globally in the biennial Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25 report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 197 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

The Government of Malaysia has declared October 20th as National Statistics Day (MyStats Day), with the theme 'Statistics is the Essence of Life'. Meanwhile, the Fourth World Statistics Day will be celebrated on 20th October 2025, with the theme 'Driving Change with Quality Statistics and Data for Everyone'.

OpenDOSM NextGen is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations

to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2024 – Aug 2025 (Value)

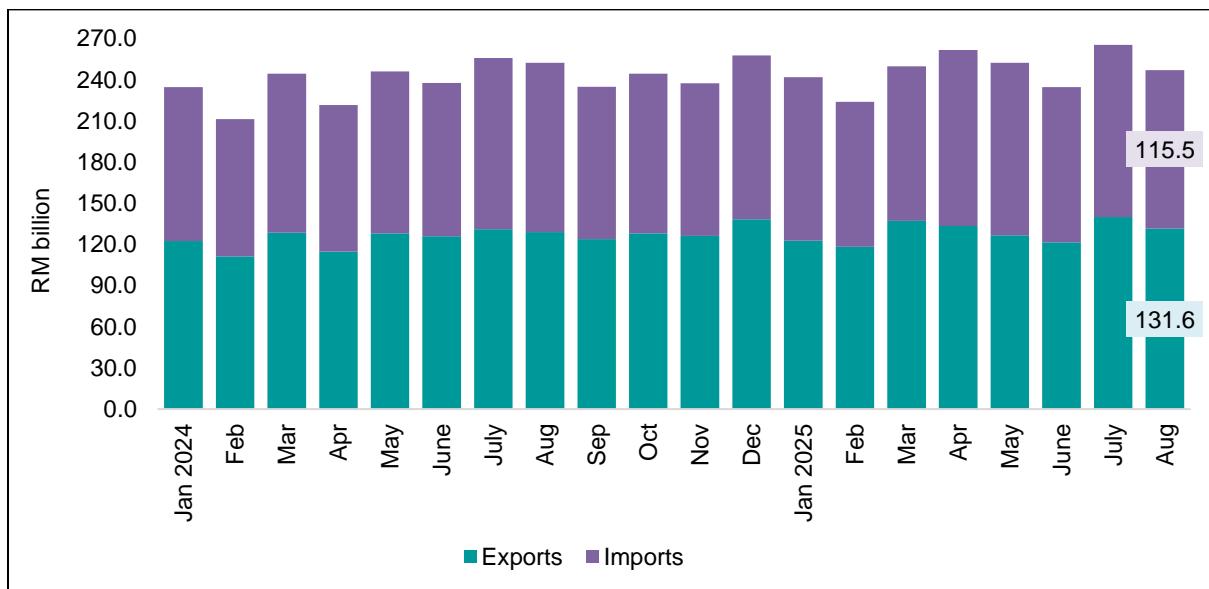


Chart 2: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2024 – Aug 2025
(Annual Percentage Change)

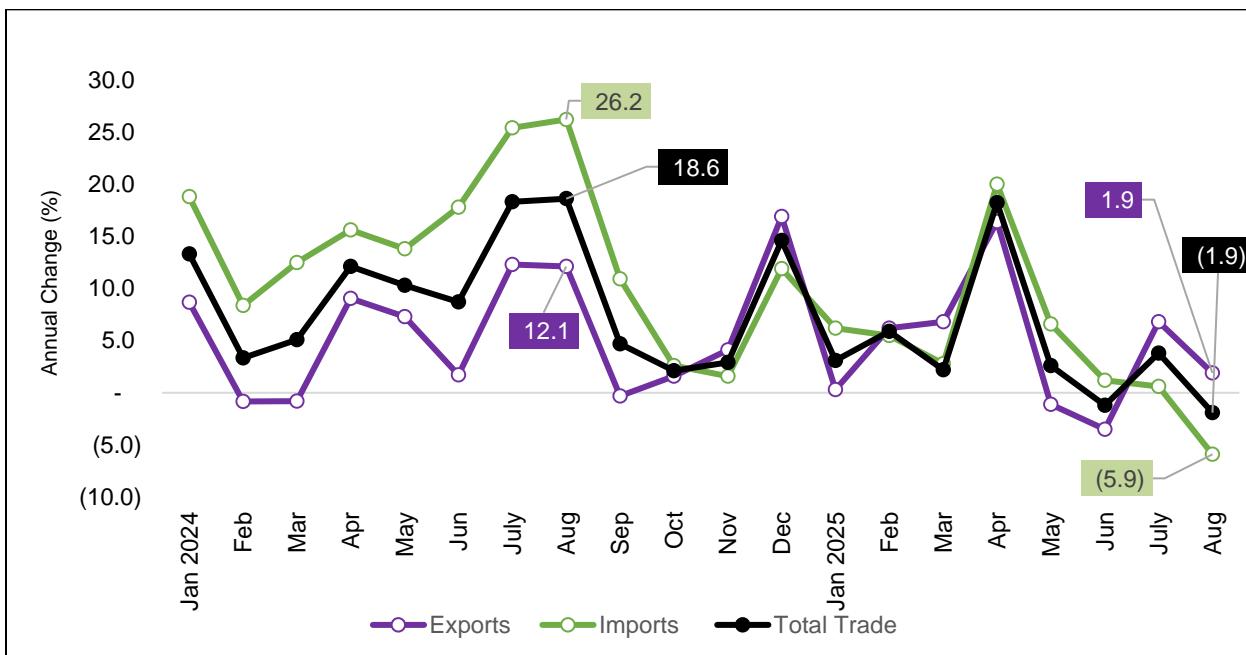


Chart 3: External Trade Statistics, 2020 – 2025 (Jan – Aug)

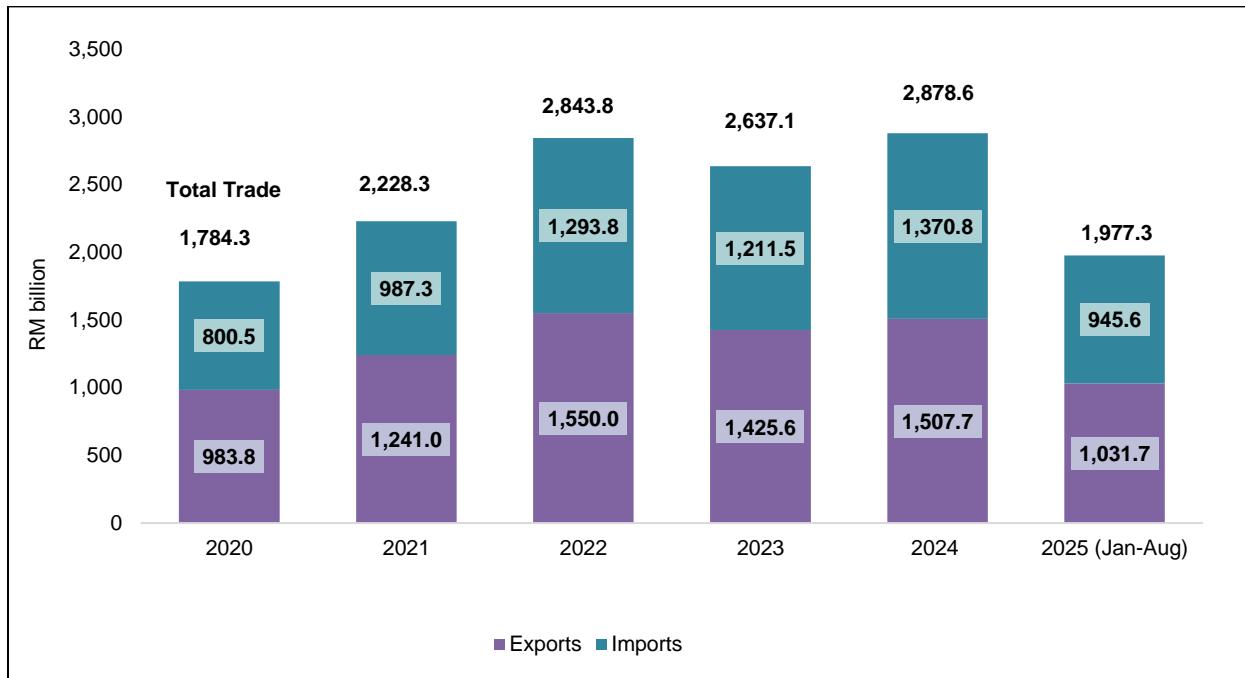


Chart 4: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification, Jan 2024 – Aug 2025 (Value and Annual Percentage Change)

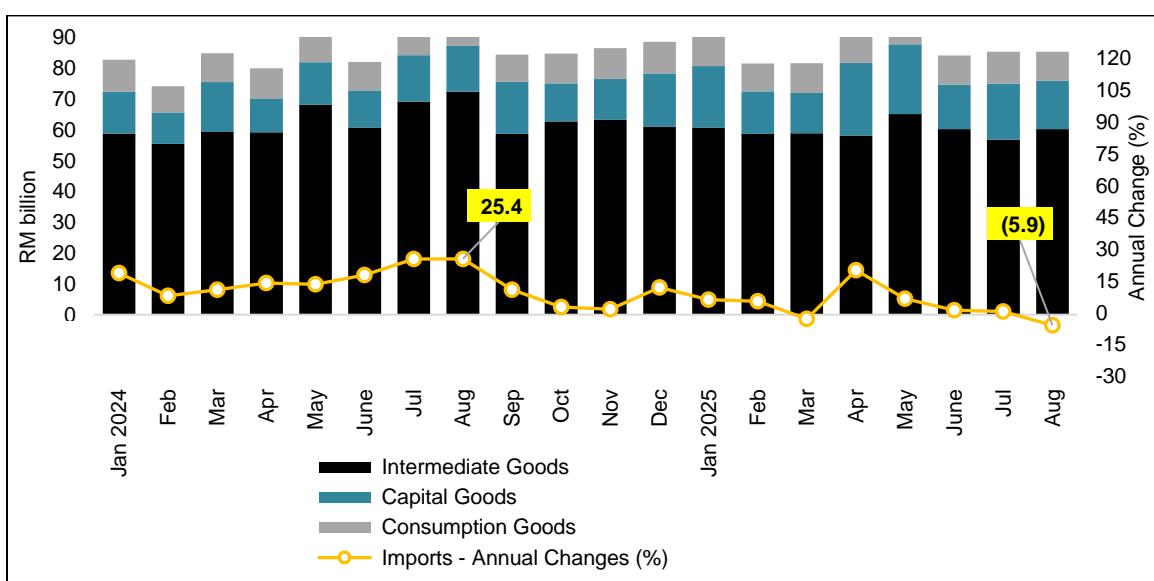


Chart 5: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification, 2020 – 2025 (Jan – Aug)

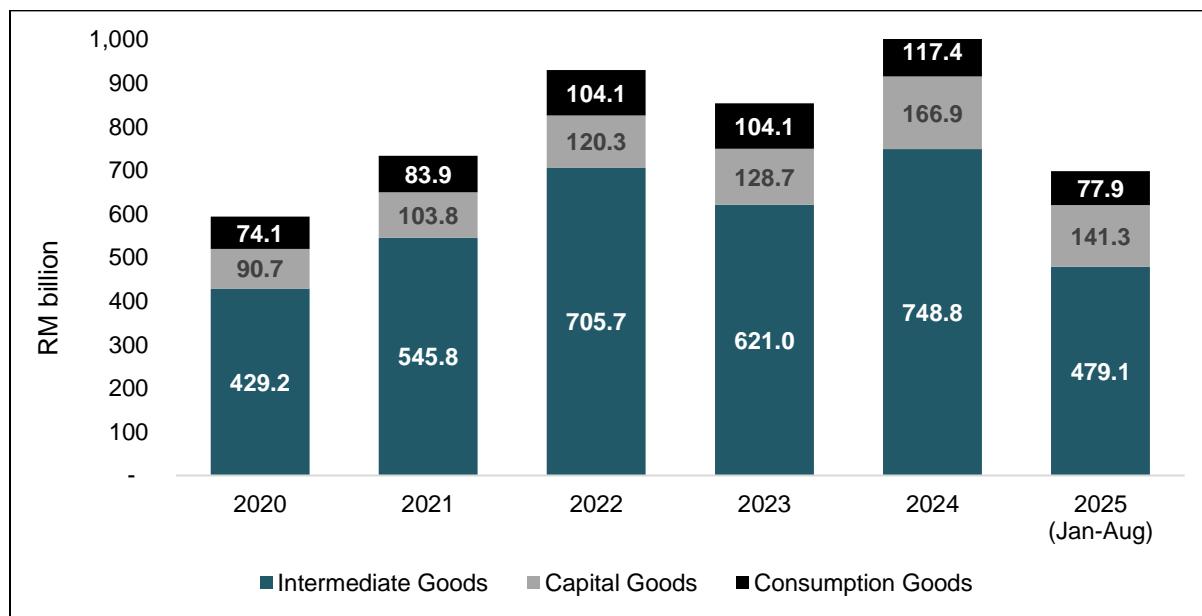


Table 1: Major Sub-sector Contributing to Export

COMMODITY DESCRIPTION	2024	2025	2025	SHARE TO TOTAL %	Y.O.Y	
	AUGUST RM MIL.	JULY RM MIL.	AUGUST RM MIL.		VALUE RM MIL.	%
Total	129,094	140,063	131,598	100.0	2,504	1.9
Electrical & Electronic Products (E&E)	50,439	63,350	55,509	42.2	5,070	10.1
Petroleum Products	11,038	8,124	9,097	6.9	(1,941)	(17.6)
Palm Oil & Palm-Based Agriculture Products	6,672	6,726	7,322	5.6	650.0	9.7
Machinery, Equipment & Parts	6,026	6,820	6,897	5.2	871.7	14.5
Optical & Scientific Equipment	5,307	5,608	6,085	4.6	778.7	14.7

Table 2: Major Sub-sector Contributing to Import

COMMODITY DESCRIPTION	2024	2025	2025	SHARE TO TOTAL %	Y.O.Y	
	AUGUST RM MIL.	JULY RM MIL.	AUGUST RM IML.		VALUE RM MIL.	%
Total	122,740	125,458	115,472	100.0	(7,268)	(5.9)
Electrical & Electronic Products (E&E)	43,381	48,538	42,876	37.1	(505.0)	(1.2)
Machinery, Equipment & Parts	9,779	10,860	10,068	8.7	289.6	3.0
Petroleum Products	9,067	8,884	8,276	7.2	(790.6)	(8.7)
Chemical & Chemical Products	9,862	7,962	8,252	7.1	(1,609)	(16.3)
Transport Equipment	4,557	4,918	5,697	4.9	1,140	25.0

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THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

19 SEPTEMBER 2025