



KENYATAAN MEDIA

KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAAN MALAYSIA

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PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA MEI 2025

**Perdagangan Malaysia mengekalkan momentum pertumbuhan,
berkembang 2.6 peratus pada Mei 2025**

PUTRAJAYA, 20 JUN 2025 – Prestasi perdagangan Malaysia mengekalkan momentum pertumbuhan pada Mei 2025 berikutan pertumbuhan berterusan ekonomi global serta perubahan terhadap permintaan barangan Malaysia di pasaran antarabangsa. Jumlah dagangan mencatatkan peningkatan 2.6 peratus daripada RM246.1 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM252.5 bilion, yang didorong terutamanya oleh pertumbuhan import 6.6 peratus, mencecah RM125.9 bilion, manakala eksport menurun 1.1 peratus dengan nilai RM126.6 bilion. Sebaliknya, imbalan dagangan mencatatkan RM0.8 bilion pada Mei 2025 berbanding RM10.0 bilion pada Mei 2024 seperti yang dilaporkan hari ini dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, MEI 2025**. Buletin ini juga membentangkan prestasi produk untuk eksport dan import serta rakan dagangannya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin menjelaskan bahawa penurunan eksport Malaysia didorong oleh kejatuhan eksport domestik pada Mei 2025. Eksport domestik, yang merangkumi 79.6 peratus daripada jumlah eksport, menurun 4.7 peratus kepada RM100.8 bilion, manakala eksport semula,

yang membentuk 20.4 peratus daripada jumlah eksport, meningkat 16.1 peratus kepada RM25.8 bilion berbanding Mei 2024. Selain itu, import berjumlah RM125.9 bilion, meningkat 6.6 peratus atau RM7.8 bilion. Lebihan dagangan menandakan lebihan berterusan selama 61 bulan berturut-turut sejak Mei 2020, menyusut 92.3 peratus kepada RM766.3 juta. Berbanding dengan April 2025, eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan imbalan dagangan masing-masing mencatatkan penurunan 5.2 peratus, 2.0 peratus, 3.6 peratus dan 85.1 peratus.

Melihat dari sudut kumpulan barangan, 136 daripada 258 kumpulan eksport mencatatkan penurunan. Sementara itu, 118 daripada 260 kumpulan import mencatatkan peningkatan berbanding bulan yang sama pada tahun sebelumnya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia turut menggariskan bahawa eksport yang lebih rendah disumbangkan terutamanya ke Singapura (-RM4.0 bilion), diikuti oleh Jepun (-RM1.8 bilion), Filipina (-RM719.0 juta), China (-RM679.2 juta), India (-RM557.2 juta), Persekutuan Rusia (-RM400.5 juta) dan Turki (-RM295.3 juta). Namun begitu, peningkatan import kebanyakannya disumbang oleh Amerika Syarikat (+RM5.1 bilion), diikuti oleh Taiwan (+RM3.2 bilion), China (+RM3.0 bilion), Kuwait (+RM685.2 juta), Switzerland (+RM424.1 juta), Mexico (+RM401.1 juta) dan Hong Kong (+RM352.7 juta).

Mengulas lebih lanjut mengenai eksport, penurunan ini sejajar dengan penyusutan dalam keluaran petroleum (-RM3.3 bilion); gas asli cecair (-RM1.7 bilion); kimia & bahan kimia (-RM952.5 juta); petroleum mentah (-RM730.5 juta); barangan besi & keluli (-RM377.3 juta); serta kertas & keluaran kertas (-RM279.2 juta). Selain itu, peningkatan import direkodkan bagi barangan elektrik & elektronik (+RM14.3 bilion); bijih logam & serpihan logam (+RM1.1 bilion); keluaran pertanian yang lain (+RM366.4 juta); keluaran

perkilangan lain (+RM321.7 juta); barang kemas (+RM228.6 juta); serta minyak sawit & keluaran pertanian berasaskan minyak sawit (+RM129.2 juta).

Selanjutnya, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia juga memaklumkan pertambahan import mengikut Penggunaan Akhir adalah seiring dengan permintaan yang lebih tinggi bagi barangan modal. Import barangan modal (18.0% daripada jumlah import) melonjak 63.7 peratus atau RM8.8 bilion, mencatat nilai RM22.7 bilion. Walaubagaimanapun, import barangan perantaraan (51.8% daripada jumlah import) menurun 4.4 peratus atau RM3.0 bilion kepada RM65.1 bilion, manakala import barangan penggunaan (8.0% daripada jumlah import) merekodkan penurunan 1.1 peratus atau RM113.8 juta, mencapai RM10.1 bilion berbanding Mei 2024.

Jumlah dagangan, eksport dan import bagi tempoh Januari hingga Mei 2025 mencatatkan peningkatan. Jumlah dagangan meningkat 6.2 peratus daripada RM1.2 trilion, selaras dengan kenaikan dalam eksport (+5.5%) serta import (+6.9%). Selain itu, lebih dagangan turun 9.4 peratus, dengan nilai RM46.9 bilion berbanding tempoh yang sama pada tahun 2024.

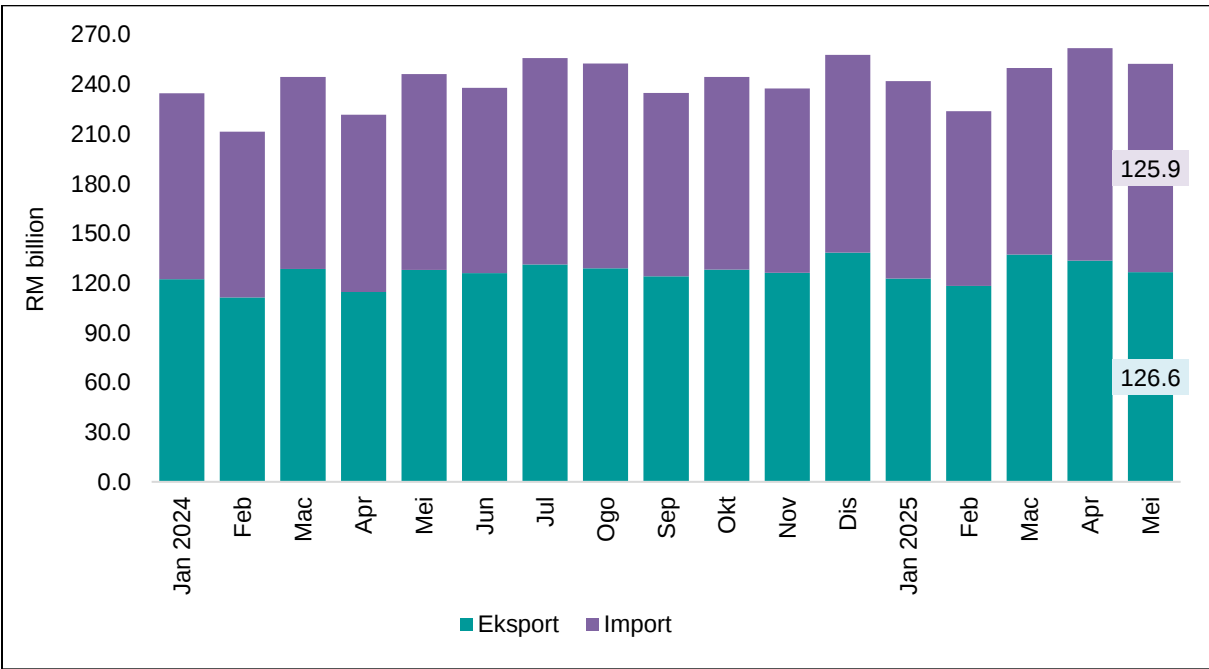
Kepengerusian ASEAN-Malaysia 2025: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) akan mempengerusikan Jawatankuasa Sistem Statistik Komuniti ASEAN Ke-15 (ACSS15) yang bertujuan untuk memperkukuh kerjasama statistik ke arah pembangunan serantau yang mampan.

Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki tangga pertama (1) di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25 yang dikeluarkan oleh Open Data Watch (ODW), mengatasi 198 negara lain. Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

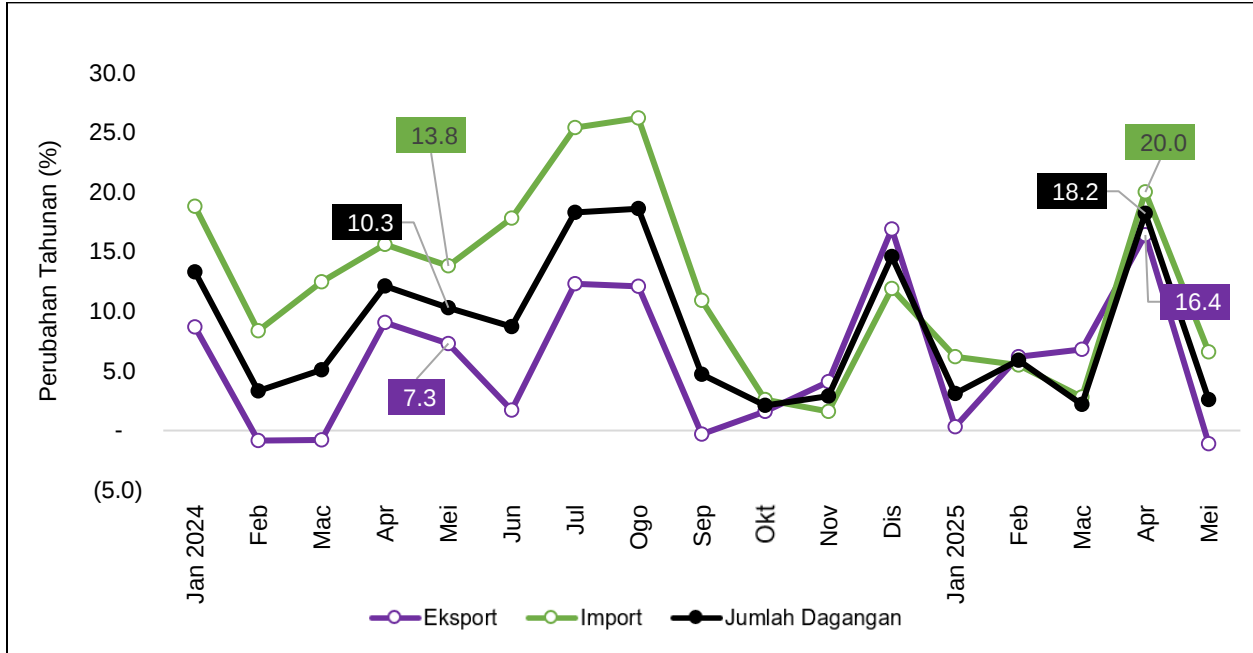
Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan 20 Oktober sebagai Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day), dengan tema 'Statistik Nadi Kehidupan'. Sementara itu, Hari Statistik Dunia Keempat akan disambut pada 20 Oktober 2025 dengan tema 'Driving Change with Quality Statistics and Data for Everyone'.

OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

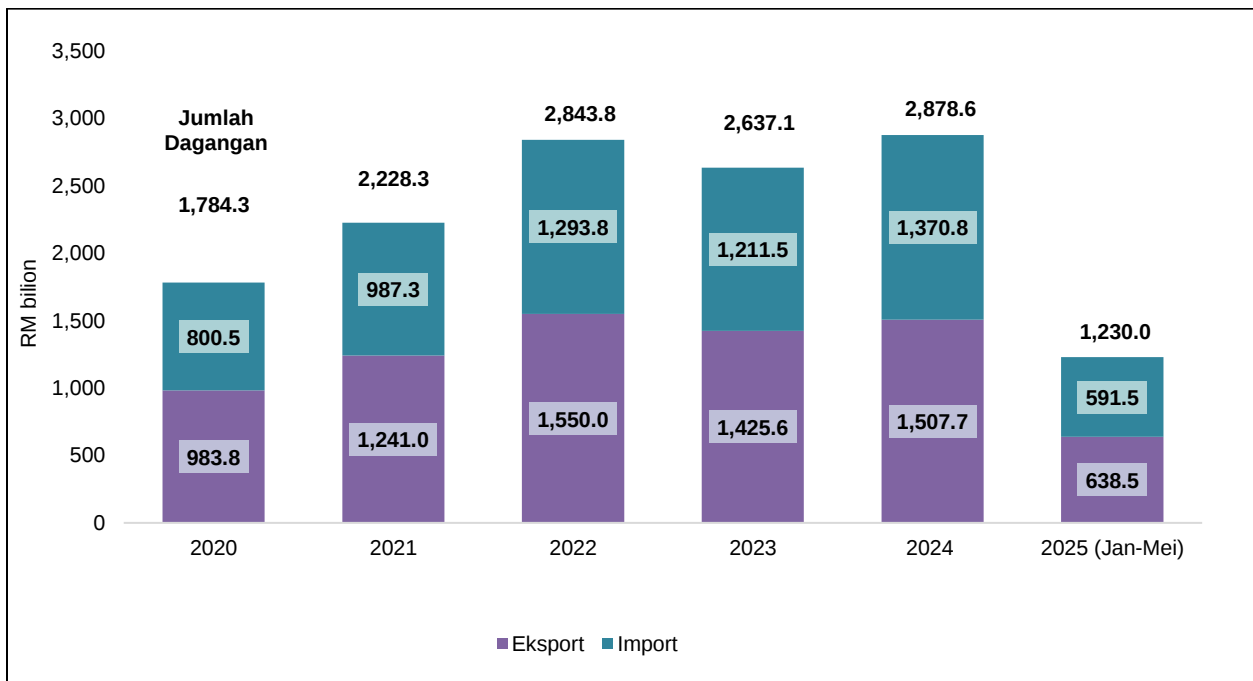
Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2024 – Mei 2025 (Nilai)



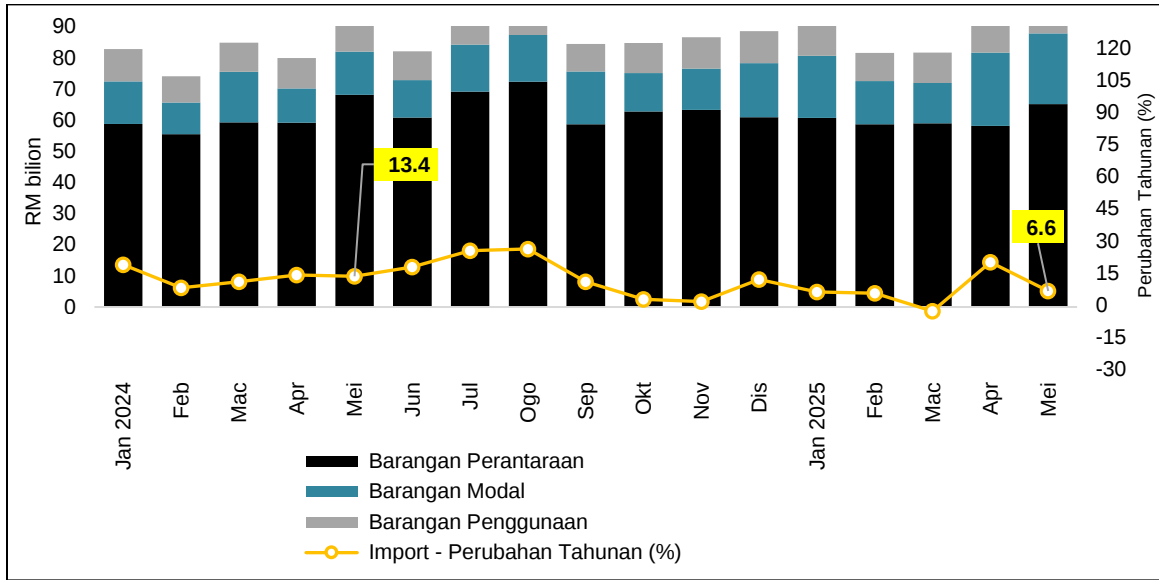
Carta 2: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2024 – Mei 2025
(Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



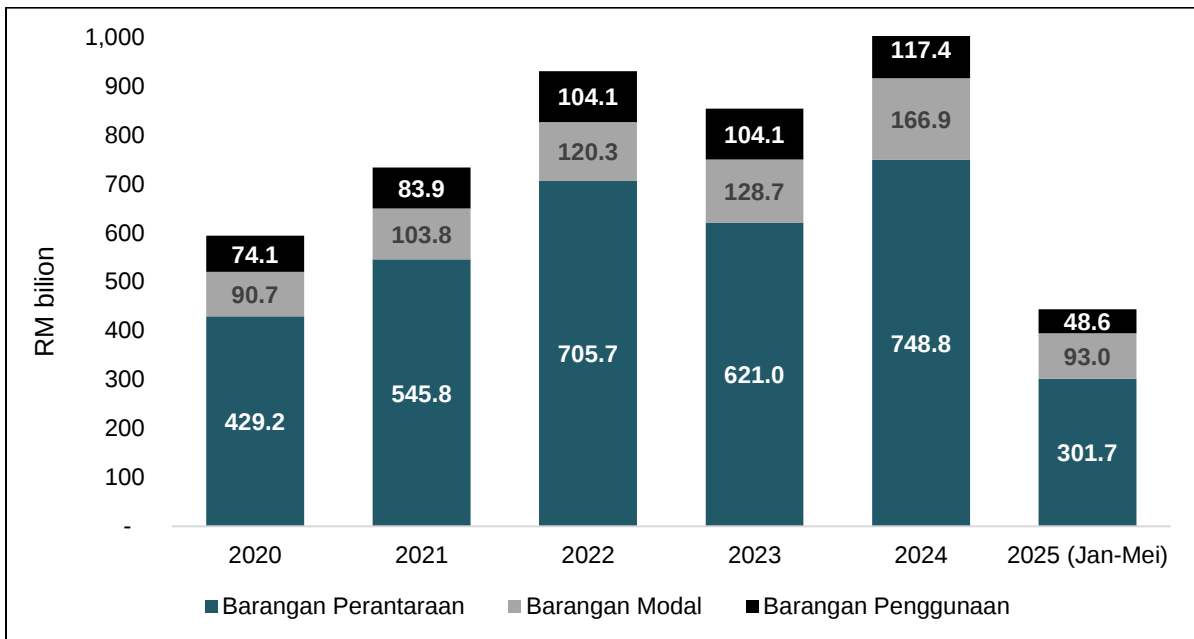
Carta 3: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, 2020 – 2025 (Jan – Mei)



Carta 4: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi
Umum (BEC), Jan 2024 – Mei 2025
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Carta 5: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi
Umum (BEC), 2020 – 2025 (Jan – Mei)



Jadual 1: Sub-Sektor Penyumbang Utama kepada Eksport

KETERANGAN KOMODITI	2024	2025	2025	SUMBANGAN KEPADA JUMLAH %	Y.O.Y	
	MEI	APR	MEI		NILAI	%
	RM BIL.	RM BIL.	RM BIL.		RM BIL.	
Jumlah	128,037	133,499	126,623	100.0	(1,414)	(1.1)
Barangan Elektrik & Elektronik (E&E)	50,150	60,208	53,678	42.4	3,528	7.0
Keluaran Petroleum	11,247	8,503	7,996	6.3	(3,251)	(28.9)
Minyak Kelapa Sawit & Keluaran Pertanian Berasaskan Kelapa Sawit	6,803	6,307	7,368	5.8	565.1	8.3
Jentera, Kelengkapan & Peralatan	5,496	6,468	6,395	5.1	898.6	16.4
Barangan Perkilangan Logam	6,017	5,103	5,830	4.6	(187.0)	(3.1)

Jadual 2: Sub-Sektor Penyumbang Utama kepada Import

KETERANGAN KOMODITI	2024	2025	2025	SUMBANGAN KEPADA JUMLAH %	Y.O.Y	
	MEI	APR	MEI		NILAI	%
	RM BIL.	RM BIL.	RM BIL.		RM BIL.	
Jumlah	118,083	128,369	125,857	100.0	7,774	6.6
Barangan Elektrik & Elektronik (E&E)	36,145	54,615	50,396	40.0	14,251	39.4
Jentera, Kelengkapan & Peralatan	10,103	10,806	10,163	8.1	59.3	0.6
Kimia & Bahan Kimia	9,288	8,388	8,175	6.5	(1,113)	(12.0)
Keluaran Petroleum	11,410	7,497	7,105	5.6	(4,305)	(37.7)
Barangan Perkilangan Logam	6,336	5,409	5,809	4.6	(527.7)	(8.3)

Dikeluarkan oleh:

PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

20 JUN 2025



MEDIA STATEMENT

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS MAY 2025

***Malaysia's trade maintained its growth momentum, expanding
by 2.6 per cent in May 2025***

PUTRAJAYA, 20 JUNE 2025 – Malaysia's trade performance maintained its growth momentum in May 2025, driven by continued global economic growth and changes in demand for Malaysian goods in international markets. Total trade exhibited a 2.6 per cent increase from RM246.1 billion in the previous year to RM252.5 billion, primarily driven by the growth in imports by 6.6 per cent, reaching RM125.9 billion while exports downed by 1.1 per cent, valued at RM126.6 billion. On the other hand, the trade balance recorded RM0.8 billion in May 2025 compared to RM10.0 billion in May 2024 as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, MAY 2025**. This bulletin also presents the performance of export and import products with its trading partners.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin emphasised that Malaysia's export reduction was driven by a decrease in domestic exports in May 2025. Domestic exports, which accounted for 79.6 per cent of total exports, down by 4.7 per cent to RM100.8 billion, while re-exports, making up 20.4 per cent of total exports, up by 16.1 per cent to RM25.8 billion as compared to May 2024. Additionally, imports amounted to RM125.9 billion, an increase of

6.6 per cent or RM7.8 billion. The trade surplus continued for 61st consecutive month of surplus since May 2020, it decreased 92.3 per cent to record RM766.3 million. Comparing with April 2025, exports, imports, total trade and trade balance recorded a decrease of 5.2 per cent, 2.0 per cent, 3.6 per cent and 85.1 per cent, respectively.

From the perspective of the commodity group, 136 out of 258 export groups showed a decrease. Meanwhile, 118 out of 260 import groups showed an increase as compared to the same month of the previous year.

Chief Statistician Malaysia further explained slower exports was attributable mainly to Singapore (-RM4.0 billion), followed by Japan (-RM1.8 billion), Philippines (-RM719.0 million), China (-RM679.2 million), India (-RM557.2 million), Russian Federation (-RM400.5 million) and Turkiye (-RM295.3 million). However, higher imports were mainly contributed from the United States (+RM5.1 billion), followed by Taiwan (+RM3.2 billion), China (+RM3.0 billion), Kuwait (+RM685.2 million), Switzerland (+RM424.1 million), Mexico (+RM401.1 million) and Hong Kong (+RM352.7 million).

Commenting further on exports, the decrease was reflecting the decline in petroleum products (-RM3.3 billion); liquefied natural gas (-RM1.7 billion); chemical & chemical products (-RM952.5 million); crude petroleum (-RM730.5 million); iron & steel products (-RM377.3 million); and paper & pulp products (-RM279.2 million). On the other hand, the increase in imports was logged for electrical & electronic products (+RM14.3 billion); metalliferous ores & metal scrap (+RM1.1 billion); other agriculture (+RM366.4 million); other manufactures (+RM321.7 million); jewellery (+RM228.6 million); and palm oil & palm-based agriculture products (+RM129.2 million).

Adding to this, the Chief Statistician Malaysia also underscored the upsurge in imports by End Use which was in accordance with higher demand for capital goods. Imports of capital goods (18.0% of total imports), surged by 63.7 per cent or RM8.8 billion to post a value of RM22.7 billion. However, imports of intermediate goods (51.8% of total imports), was down by 4.4 per cent or RM3.0 billion valued at RM65.1 billion and imports of consumption goods (8.0% of total imports), registered a decrease of 1.1 per cent or RM113.8 million to reach RM10.1 billion as compared to May 2024.

Total trade, exports and imports for the period of January to May 2025 registered an improvement. Total trade grew by 6.2 per cent, from RM1.2 trillion, in line with the rise in exports (+5.5%) as well as imports (+6.9%). However, trade surplus decreased by 9.4 per cent to post a value of RM46.9 billion as compared to the same period in 2024.

ASEAN-Malaysia 2025 Chairmanship: The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) will chair the 15th ASEAN Community Statistical System Committee (ACSS15) which aims to strengthen the statistical cooperation towards sustainable regional development.

Malaysia, for the first time, ranked as number one (1) globally in the biennial Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25 report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 198 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

The Government of Malaysia has declared October 20th as National Statistics Day (MyStats Day), with the theme 'Statistics is the Essence of Life'. Meanwhile, the Fourth World Statistics Day will be celebrated on 20th October 2025, with the theme 'Driving Change with Quality Statistics and Data for Everyone'.

OpenDOSM NextGen is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2024 – May 2025 (Value)

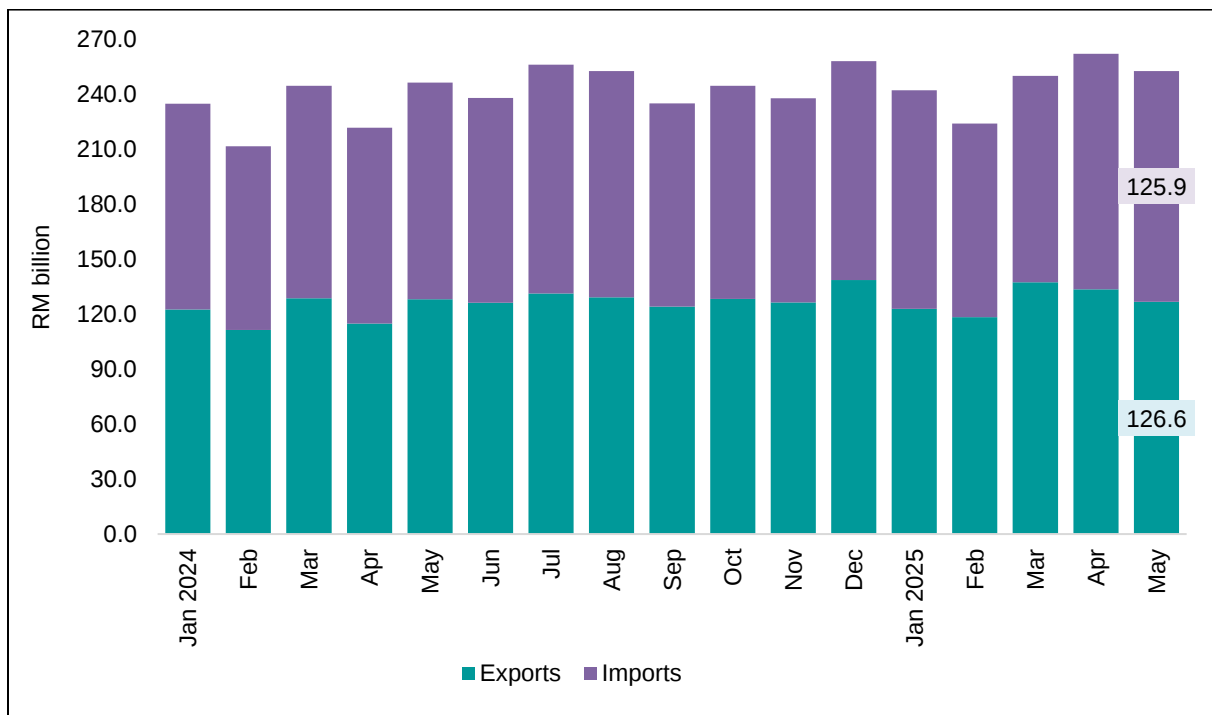


Chart 2: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2024 – May 2025
(Annual Percentage Change)

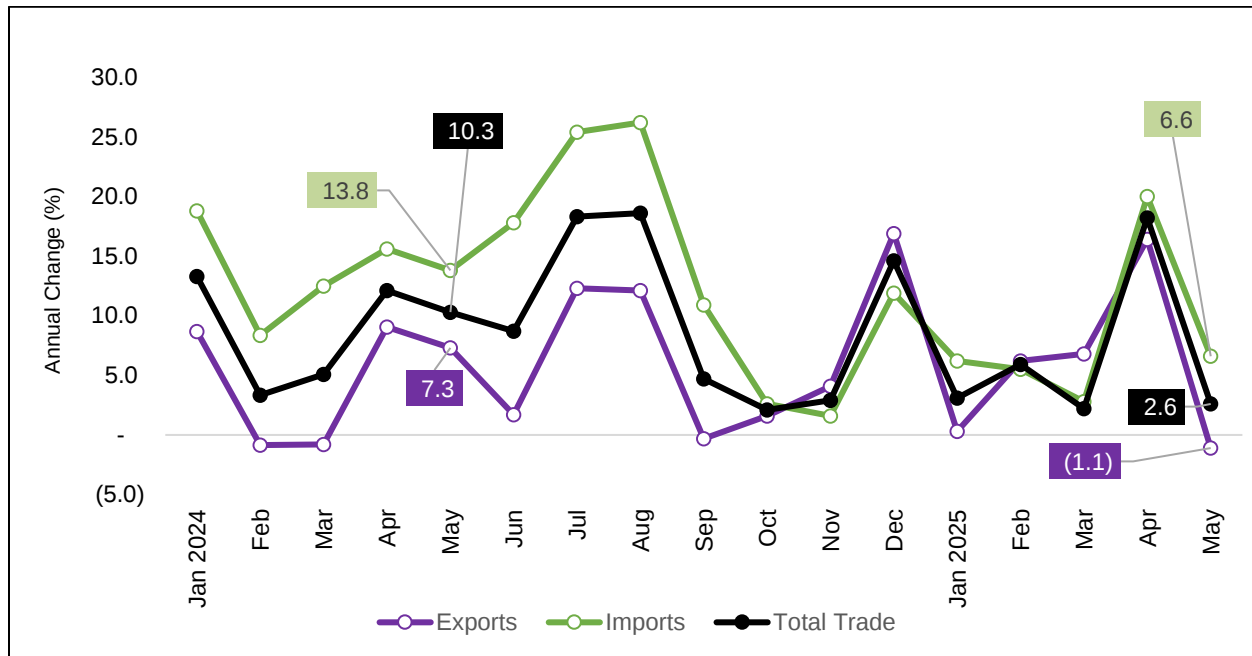
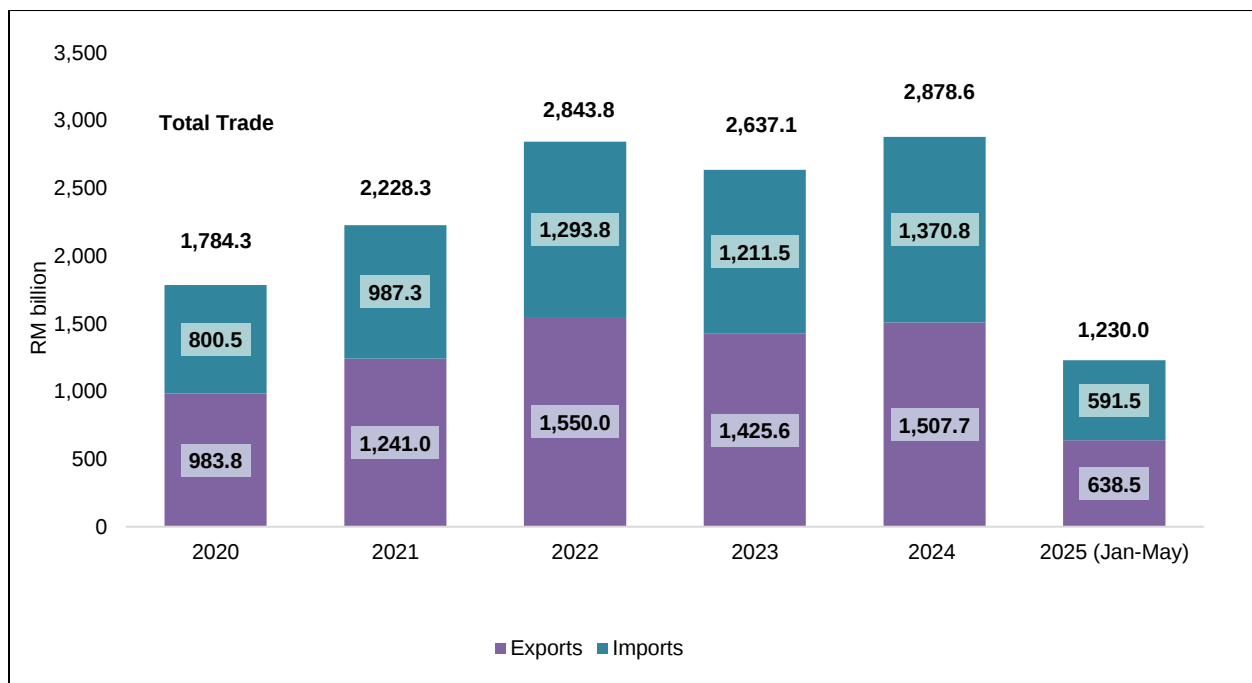
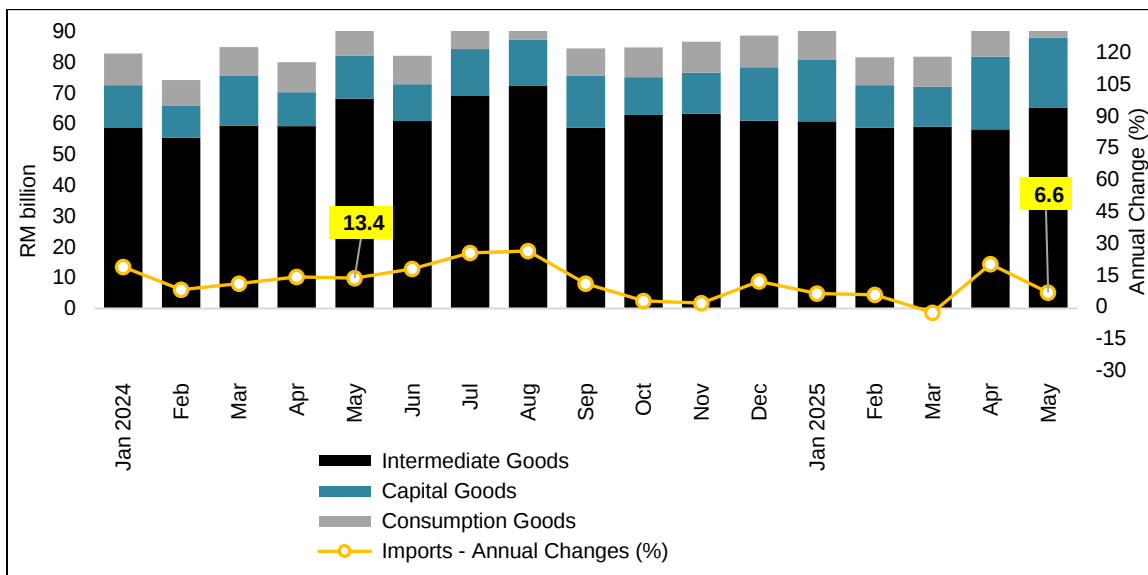


Chart 3: External Trade Statistics, 2020 – 2025 (Jan – May)



*Chart 4: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,
Jan 2024 – May 2025
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 5: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,
2020 – 2025 (Jan – May)*

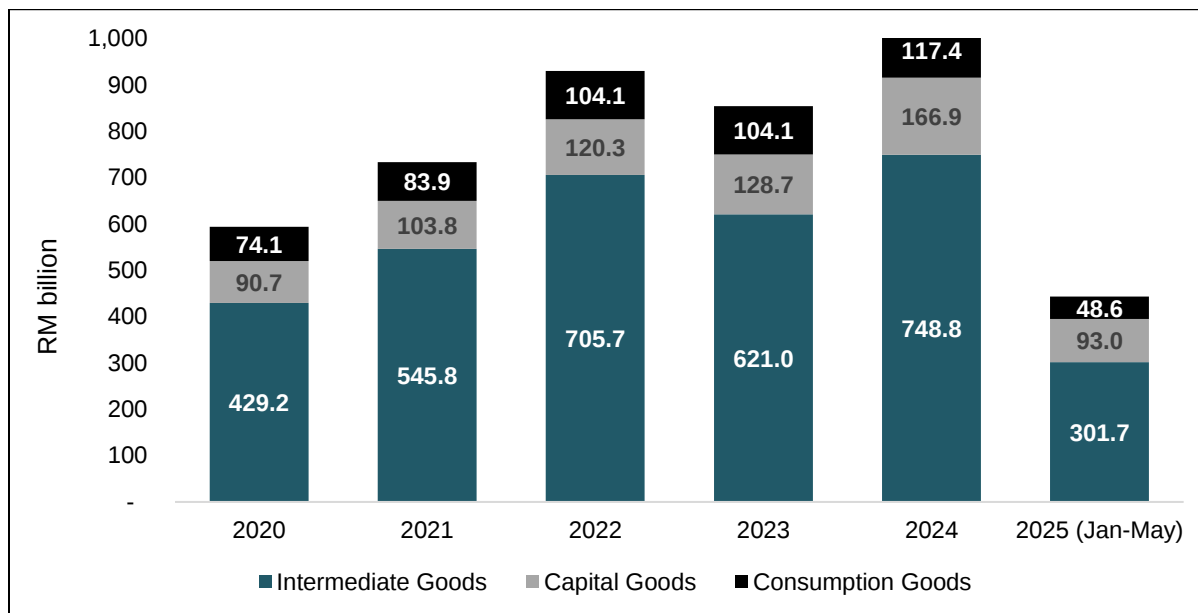


Table 1: Major Sub-sector Contributing to Export

COMMODITY DESCRIPTION	2024	2025	2025	SHARE TO TOTAL %	Y.O.Y	
	MAY	APR	MAY		VALUE	%
	RM BIL.	RM BIL.	RM BIL.		RM BIL.	
Total	128,037	133,499	126,623	100.0	(1,414)	(1.1)
Electrical & Electronic Products (E&E)	50,150	60,208	53,678	42.4	3,528	7.0
Petroleum Products	11,247	8,503	7,996	6.3	(3,251)	(28.9)
Palm Oil & Palm-Based Agriculture Products	6,803	6,307	7,368	5.8	565.1	8.3
Machinery, Equipment & Parts	5,496	6,468	6,395	5.1	898.6	16.4
Manufacture of Metal	6,017	5,103	5,830	4.6	(187.0)	(3.1)

Table 2: Major Sub-sector Contributing to Import

COMMODITY DESCRIPTION	2024	2025	2025	SHARE TO TOTAL %	Y.O.Y	
	MAY	APR	MAY		VALUE	%
	RM BIL.	RM BIL.	RM BIL.		RM BIL.	
Total	118,083	128,369	125,857	100.0	7,774	6.6
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Machinery, Equipment & Parts	10,103	10,806	10,163	8.1	59.3	0.6
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Petroleum Products	11,410	7,497	7,105	5.6	(4,305)	(37.7)
Manufacture of Metal	6,336	5,409	5,809	4.6	(527.7)	(8.3)

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DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

20 JUNE 2025