



KENYATAAN MEDIA

KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAAN MALAYSIA

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INDEKS HARGA PENGELUAR (IHPR) PENGELUARAN TEMPATAN, MALAYSIA APRIL 2025

Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) Malaysia terus menurun 3.4 peratus pada April 2025

PUTRAJAYA, 28 Mei 2025 – Indeks Harga Pengeluar Malaysia yang mengukur perubahan harga di peringkat pengeluar, terus menurun 3.4 peratus pada April 2025. Ini dilaporkan dalam laporan bulanan terbaharu **INDEKS HARGA PENGELUAR (IHPR) PENGELUARAN TEMPATAN, APRIL 2025** diterbitkan oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, menekankan, "Sektor Perlombongan merupakan penyumbang utama kepada penurunan ini, mencatatkan 17.8 peratus (Mac 2025: -15.0%). Ini disebabkan oleh penurunan dalam Pengekstrakan petroleum mentah (-19.8%) dan Pengekstrakan gas asli (-11.6%). Sektor Pembuatan juga mencatatkan penurunan 2.6 peratus (Mac 2025: -1.8%), dengan penyusutan dalam Pembuatan kok & produk petroleum bertapis (-15.7%). Sebaliknya, sektor Pertanian, perhutanan & perikanan merekodkan peningkatan sederhana 2.6 peratus, disokong terutamanya oleh subsektor Penanaman tanaman kekal (5.9%). Sektor Bekalan elektrik & gas mencatatkan penurunan marginal 0.6 peratus, manakala sektor Bekalan air mencatatkan peningkatan perlahan 0.9 peratus."

Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin menjelaskan lagi, "Pada asas bulan ke bulan, IHPR Pengeluaran Tempatan menurun 1.0 peratus pada April 2025, berbanding penurunan 0.6 peratus pada Mac 2025. Sektor Pertanian, perhutanan & perikanan mencatatkan penurunan 6.0 peratus, disebabkan oleh subsektor Penanaman tanaman kekal yang susut 8.1 peratus. Sektor Perlombongan turut susut 1.2 peratus, disebabkan oleh Pengekstrakan

petroleum mentah (-3.6%). Dalam masa yang sama, sektor Pembuatan menurun 0.5 peratus, dengan penurunan dalam Pembuatan kok & produk petroleum bertapis (-2.0%) dan Pembuatan produk makanan (-1.0%). Namun begitu, sektor Bekalan elektrik & gas meningkat 0.3 peratus, manakala sektor Bekalan air mencatatkan peningkatan 1.3 peratus.”

Mengulas lebih lanjut mengenai IHPR Pengeluaran Tempatan mengikut peringkat pemprosesan, Ketua Perangkawan menjelaskan, “Semua kategori mencatatkan penurunan pada April 2025 secara tahun ke tahun. Indeks Bahan mentah untuk diproseskan selanjutnya mencatatkan penurunan ketara 9.2 peratus, terutamanya disebabkan oleh penyusutan ketara dalam Bahan bukan makanan (-11.2%). Indeks Bahan perantaraan, bekalan & komponen menurun 2.2 peratus, dipengaruhi oleh Bahan api yang diproses & pelincir yang susut 10.3 peratus. Sementara itu, indeks Barang siap mencatatkan penurunan sederhana 1.4 peratus, dipacu oleh penurunan 1.9 peratus dalam Kelengkapan modal.”

Pada asas bulan ke bulan, indeks Bahan mentah untuk diproseskan selanjutnya susut 4.2 peratus. Dalam masa yang sama, indeks Bahan perantaraan, bekalan & komponen dan Barang siap masing-masing menurun 0.2 peratus dan 0.5 peratus.

Perbandingan dengan negara terpilih menunjukkan trend bercampur dalam IHPR bagi April 2025. IHPR Amerika Syarikat meningkat 2.4 peratus, perlahan berbanding peningkatan 3.4 peratus pada bulan sebelumnya. IHPR Jepun juga meningkat 4.0 peratus, berbanding peningkatan 4.3 peratus pada Mac 2025, terutamanya dipacu oleh sektor Kelengkapan pengangkutan dan Petroleum & arang. Sebaliknya, harga pengeluar China terus menurun 2.7 peratus, selepas penurunan 2.5 peratus pada bulan sebelumnya. Ini merupakan bulan ke-31 berturut-turut harga pengeluar mencatatkan deflasi, mencerminkan permintaan domestik yang masih lemah, walaupun usaha berterusan oleh Beijing untuk memulihkan keadaan. Sementara itu, Thailand juga mencatatkan penyusutan 3.2 peratus, penurunan yang lebih besar berbanding penurunan 1.6 peratus pada Mac 2025, mencerminkan trend yang sama seperti di Malaysia.

Harga purata minyak mentah Brent adalah sekitar USD 68 setong pada April 2025, turun daripada USD 73 setong pada Mac 2025. Menurut *U.S. Energy Information Administration*, ini merupakan harga terendah dalam tempoh 24 bulan lalu kerana permintaan terhadap minyak dijangka akan mendatar dalam beberapa bulan akan datang. Penurunan ini juga didorong oleh jangkaan pertumbuhan permintaan minyak global yang lebih rendah susulan tarif baharu dan keputusan OPEC+ untuk meningkatkan pengeluaran bermula April 2025,

yang seterusnya meningkatkan inventori minyak global. Sementara itu, harga purata minyak sawit mentah di Malaysia turut menurun kepada RM4,320 satu tan, berbanding RM4,740 satu tan pada bulan sebelumnya. Menurut Majlis Minyak Sawit Malaysia, harga minyak sawit dijangka kekal dalam julat RM3,750 hingga RM4,050 pada Mei 2025 sebelum beransur pulih. Bermula Jun hingga September 2025, permintaan import minyak sayuran global dijangka beralih kepada minyak sawit, yang akan menghadkan tekanan penurunan harga selanjutnya.

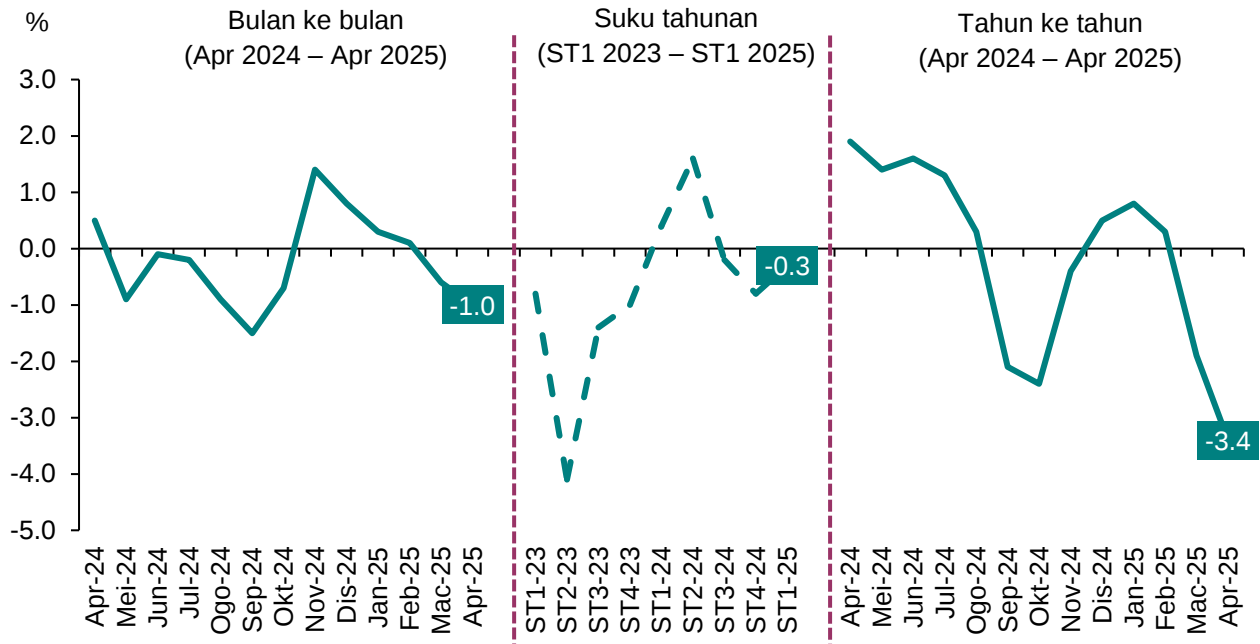
Kepengerusian ASEAN-Malaysia 2025: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) akan mempengerusikan Jawatankuasa Sistem Statistik Komuniti ASEAN Ke-15 (ACSS15) yang bertujuan untuk memperkukuh kerjasama statistik ke arah pembangunan serantau yang mampan.

Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki tangga pertama (1) di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan *Open Data Inventory* (ODIN) 2024/25 yang dikeluarkan oleh *Open Data Watch* (ODW), mengatasi 198 negara lain. Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

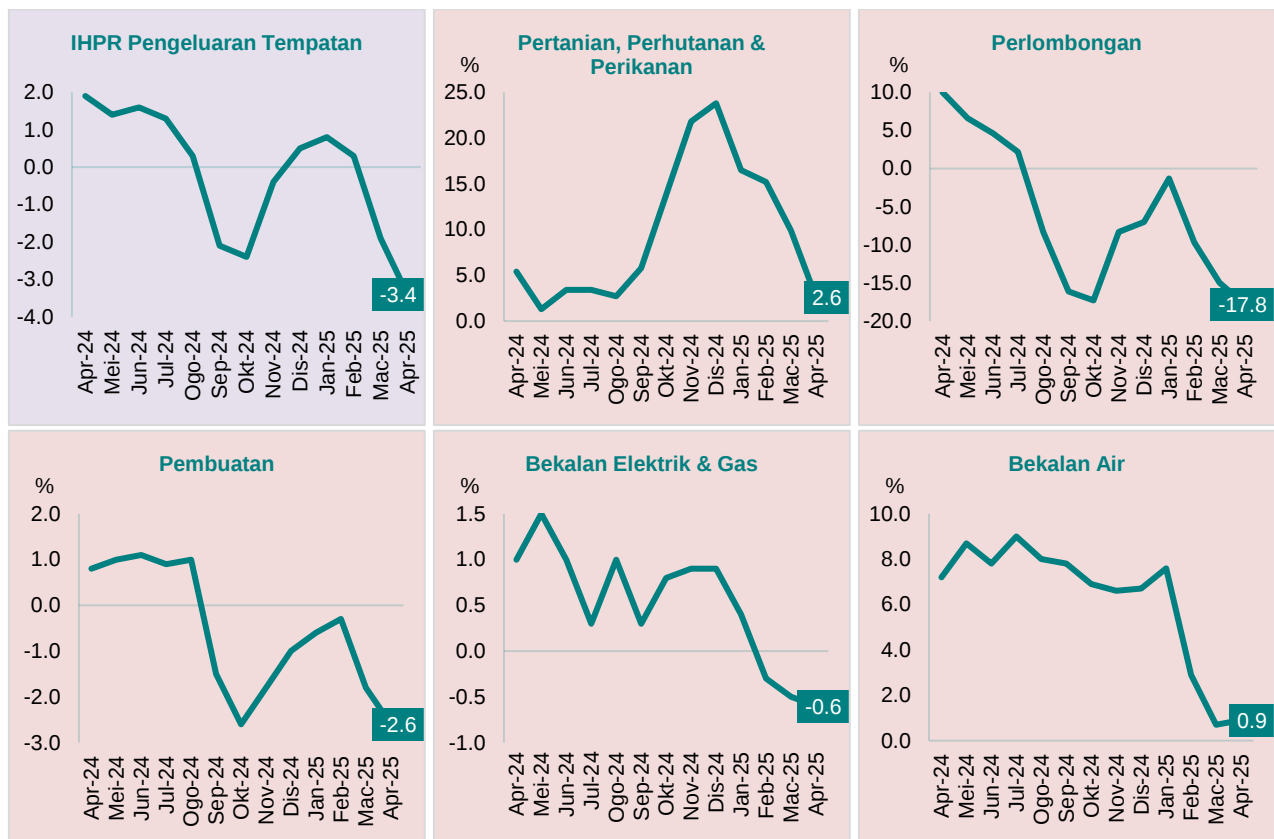
Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan 20 Oktober sebagai Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day), dengan tema 'Statistik Nadi Kehidupan.' Sementara itu, Hari Statistik Dunia Keempat akan disambut pada 20 Oktober 2025 dengan tema '*Driving Change with Quality Statistics and Data for Everyone*'.

OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

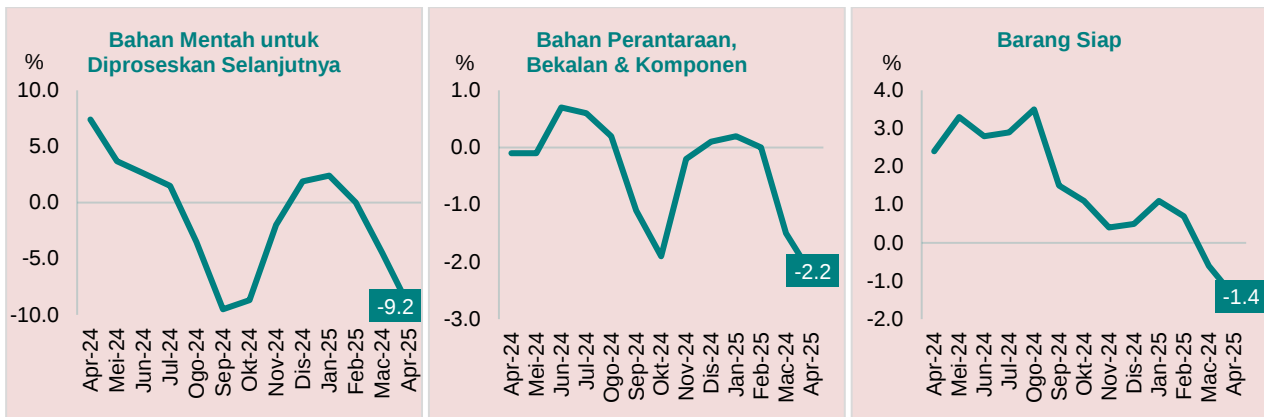
Carta 1: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) Pengeluaran Tempatan, Malaysia



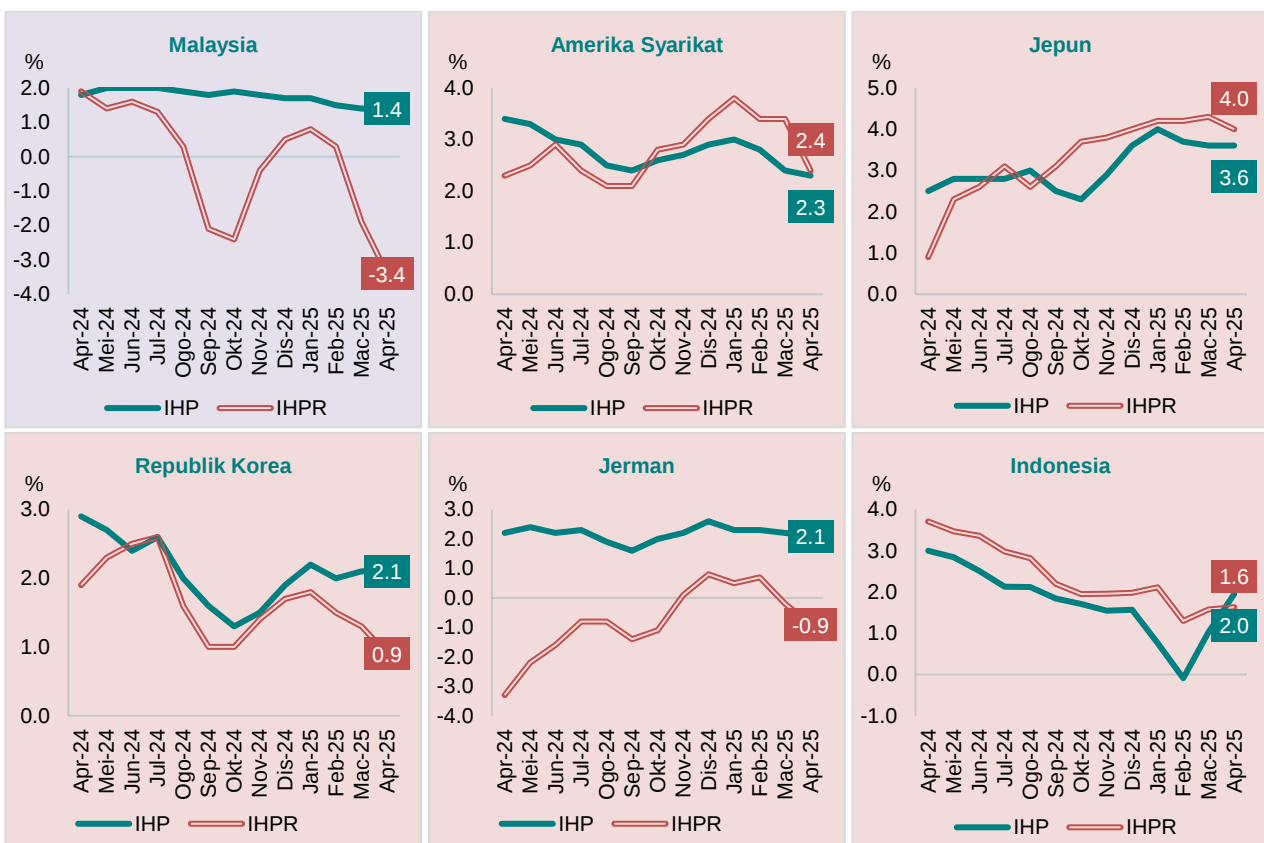
Carta 2: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) Pengeluaran Tempatan mengikut Sektor (Tahun ke Tahun), Malaysia

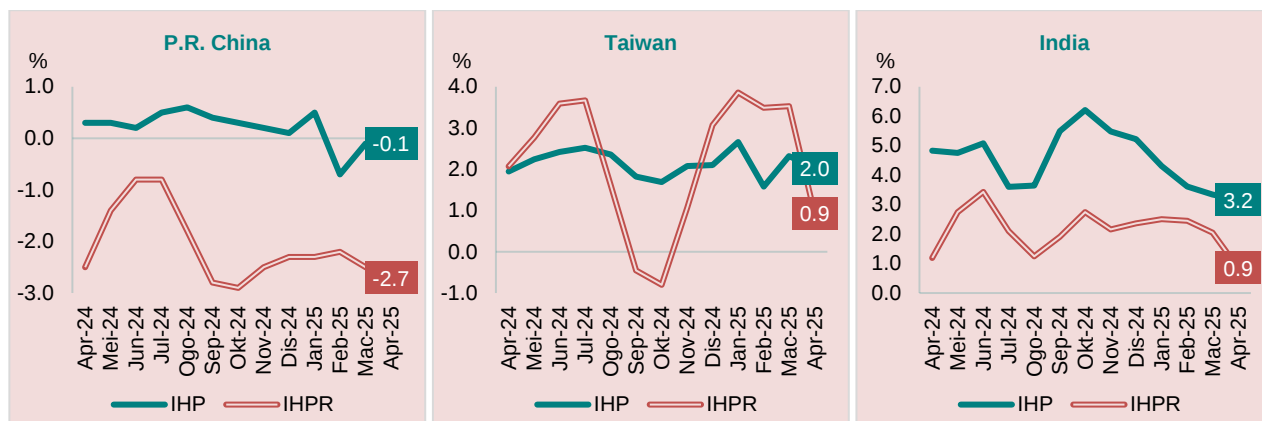


Carta 3: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) Pengeluaran Tempatan mengikut Peringkat Pemprosesan (Tahun ke Tahun), Malaysia



Carta 4: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengguna (IHP) dan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) bagi Negara-Negara Terpilih (Tahun ke Tahun)





Sumber: Laman web rasmi *National Statistical Offices (NSOs)* terpilih

Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
28 MEI 2025**



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PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (PPI) LOCAL PRODUCTION, MALAYSIA APRIL 2025

***The Producer Price Index of Malaysia continued to decline by 3.4 per cent
in April 2025***

PUTRAJAYA, 28th May 2025 – Malaysia's Producer Price Index (PPI), which measures price changes at the producer level, continued to decline by 3.4 per cent in April 2025. This was reported today, in the latest monthly report of ***PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (PPI) LOCAL PRODUCTION, MARCH 2025***, published by the Department of Statistics Malaysia.

The Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, highlighted, "The Mining sector was the main contributor to this decline of 17.8 per cent (March 2025: -15.0%). This was due to the decreases in the Extraction of crude petroleum (-19.8%) and Extraction of natural gas (-11.6%). The Manufacturing sector also posted a decline of 2.6 per cent (March 2025: -1.8%), with a contraction in the Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products (-15.7%). In contrast, the Agriculture, forestry & fishing sector recorded moderated increase of 2.6 per cent, supported mainly by the Growing of perennial crops index (5.9%). The Electricity & gas supply sector recorded a marginal decline of 0.6 per cent, while the Water supply sector registered a modest increase of 0.9 per cent."

Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin further explained, "On a month-on-month basis, the PPI Local Production decreased by 1.0 per cent in April 2025, as compared to a 0.6 per cent decline in March 2025. The Agriculture, forestry & fishing sector declined by 6.0 per cent, attributed to the Growing of perennial crops sub-sector, which fell by 8.1 per cent. The Mining sector also contracted by 1.2 per cent, attributed to the Extraction of crude petroleum (-3.6%). At the same time, the Manufacturing sector decreased by 0.5 per cent, with

decreases in Manufacture of coke & refined petroleum products (-2.0%) and Manufacture of food products (-1.0%). However, the Electricity & gas supply sector grew by 0.3 per cent, while the Water supply sector recorded an increase of 1.3 per cent.”

Elaborating further on the PPI Local Production by stage of processing, the Chief Statistician Malaysia, explained, “All categories recorded declines in April 2025 on a year-on-year basis. The Crude materials for further processing index dropped by 9.2 per cent, mainly due to a decline in the Non-food materials (-11.2%). The Intermediate materials, supplies & components index fell by 2.2 per cent, contributed by the Processed fuel & lubricants, which contracted by 10.3 per cent. Meanwhile, the Finished goods index recorded a moderate decrease of 1.4 per cent, led by a 1.9 per cent decline in the Capital equipment.”

On a month-on-month basis, the Crude materials for further processing index fell by 4.2 per cent. At the same time, Intermediate materials, supplies & components and Finished goods indices both edged down by 0.2 per cent and 0.5 per cent, respectively.

A comparison of selected countries showed mixed trends in the PPI for April 2025. The United States’ (U.S.) PPI rose by 2.4 per cent, slowing from the 3.4 per cent increase in the previous month. Japan’s PPI also increased by 4.0 per cent, compared to 4.3 percent increase in March 2025, driven by Transport equipment and Petroleum & coal. In contrast, China’s producer prices continued to decline by 2.7 per cent, after a 2.5 per cent drop in the preceding month. This was the 31st consecutive month of producer deflation, reflecting persistently weak domestic demand despite ongoing efforts by Beijing to break the trend. Meanwhile, Thailand also contracted 3.2 per cent, a higher decrease as compared to a 1.6 per cent drop recorded in March 2025, mirroring a similar trend observed in Malaysia.

Brent crude oil averaged approximately USD 68 per barrel in April 2025, down from USD 73 per barrel in March 2025. According to U.S. Energy Information Administration, this marks the lowest value in the past 24-month period as demand for oil was expected to stagnate in the coming months. In addition, this drop was followed primarily driven by expectations of lower global oil demand growth following new tariffs and OPEC+’s decisions to increase production starting in April 2025, further increasing global oil inventories. Meanwhile, the average price of crude palm oil in Malaysia also dipped to RM4,320 per tonne, as compared to RM4,740 per tonne in the previous month. According to the Malaysian Palm Oil Council, palm oil prices are expected to remain in the range of RM3,750 to RM4,050 in May 2025 before gradually recovering. From June to September

2025, global vegetable oil import demand is expected to shift in favour of palm oil, limiting further downside pressure on prices.

ASEAN-Malaysia 2025 Chairmanship: The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) will chair the 15th ASEAN Community Statistical System Committee (ACSS15) which aims to strengthen the statistical cooperation towards sustainable regional development.

Malaysia, for the first time, ranked as number one (1) globally in the biennial Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25 report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 198 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

The Government of Malaysia has declared October 20th as National Statistics Day (MyStats Day), with the theme 'Statistics is the Essence of Life'. Meanwhile, the Fourth World Statistics Day will be celebrated on 20th October 2025, with the theme 'Driving Change with Quality Statistics and Data for Everyone'.

OpenDOSM NextGen is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Chart 1: Percentage Change of Producer Price Index (PPI) Local Production, Malaysia

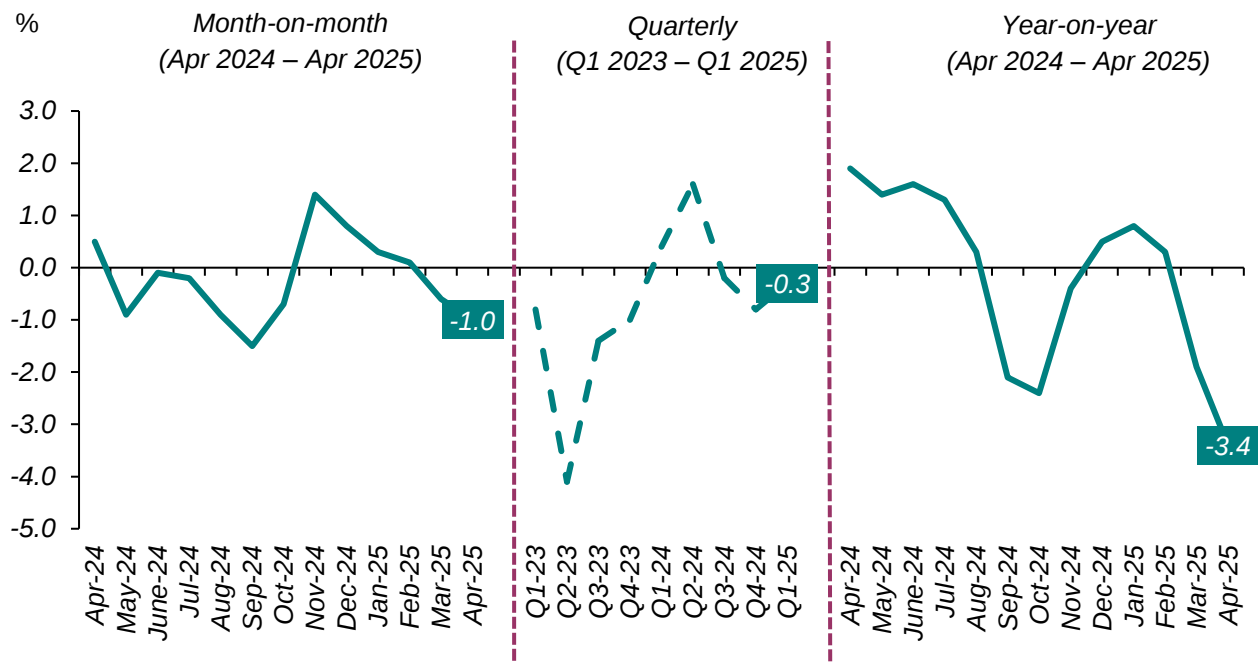


Chart 2: Percentage Change of Producer Price Index (PPI) Local Production by Sector (Year-on-Year), Malaysia

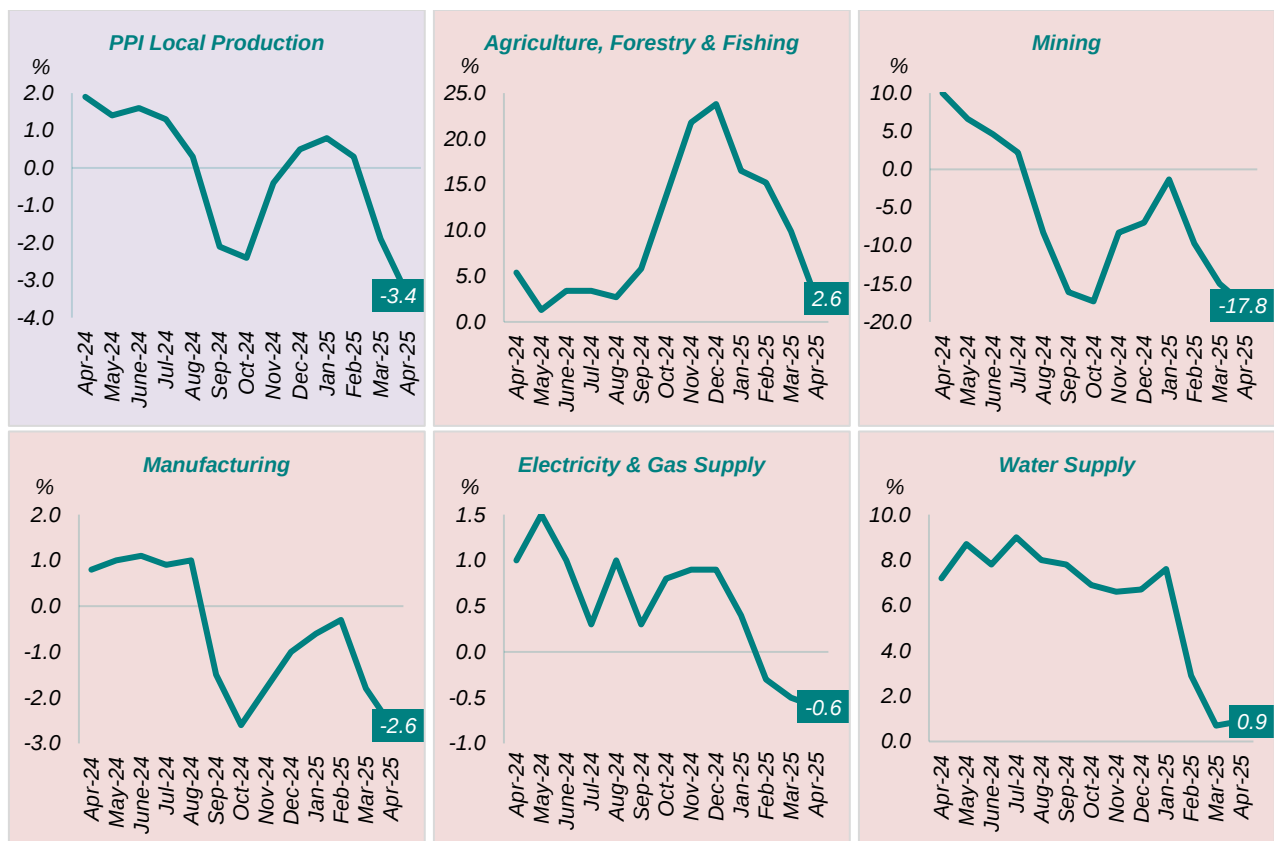


Chart 3: Percentage Change of Producer Price Index (PPI) Local Production by Stage of Processing (Year-on-Year), Malaysia

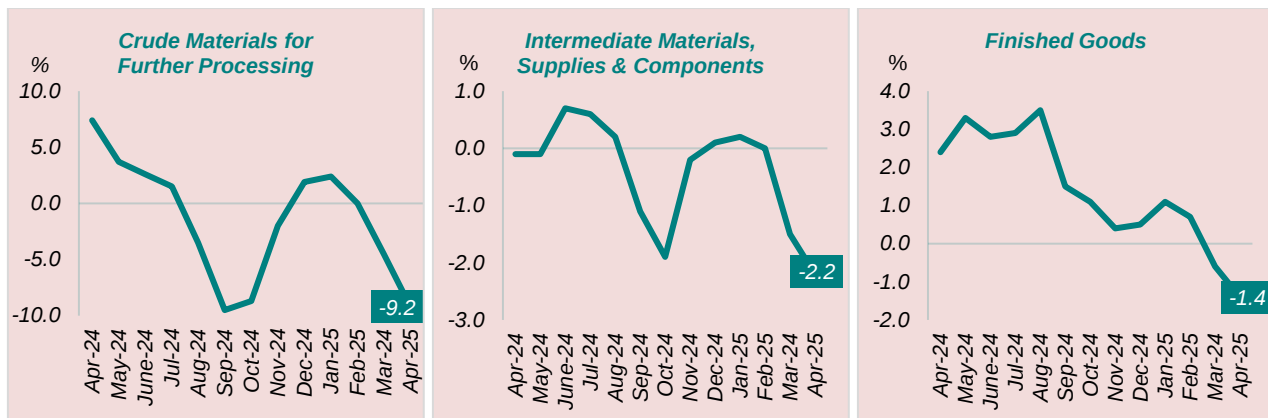
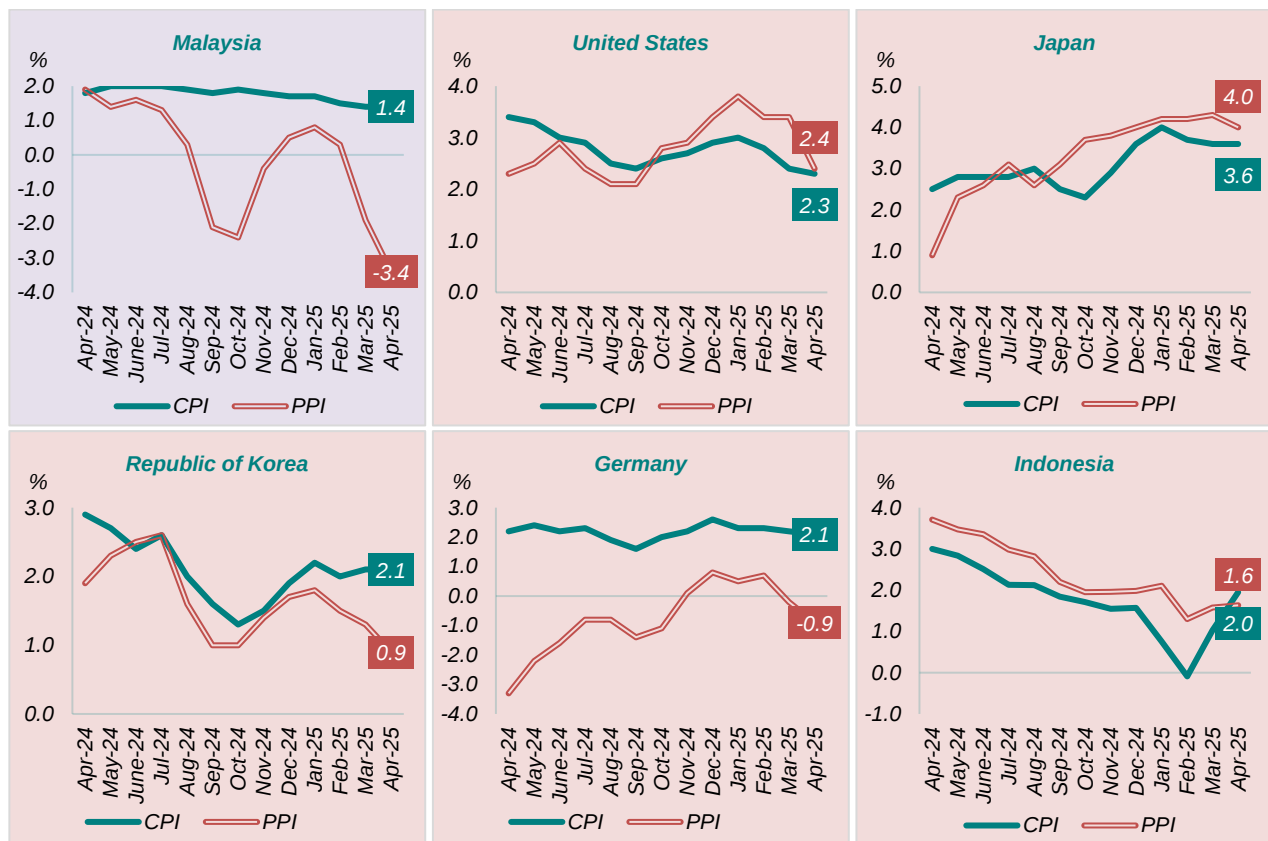
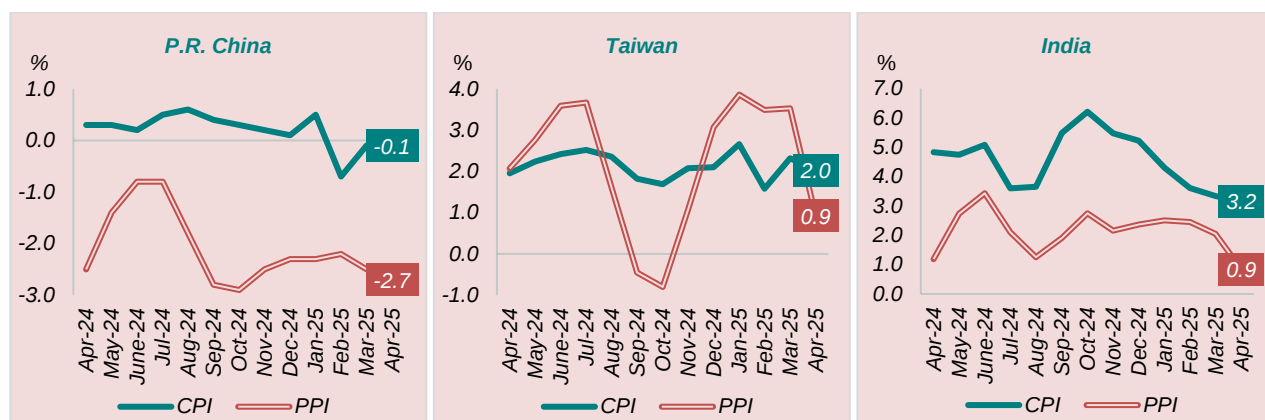


Chart 4: Percentage Change of Consumer Price Index (CPI) and Producer Price Index (PPI) of Selected Countries (Year-on-Year)





Source: Official websites of selected National Statistical Offices (NSOs)

Released by:

THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA
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