



## KENYATAAN MEDIA

KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI  
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

Blok C6 & C7, Kompleks C,  
Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan, Presint 1,  
62514, Wilayah Persekutuan Putrajaya  
No. Telefon : 03 - 8090 4681

### PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA DISEMBER 2024

**Jumlah perdagangan Malaysia mencatatkan rekod tertinggi sepanjang  
masa berjumlah RM2.9 trilion untuk 2024**

**PUTRAJAYA, 20 JANUARI 2025** – Dagangan Malaysia mengakhiri 2024 pada nilai tinggi dengan pertumbuhan dua angka dalam eksport dan import, menandakan asas ekonomi yang lebih kukuh. Jumlah dagangan Malaysia 2024 melonjak daripada RM2.6 trilion pada 2023 kepada RM2.9 trilion. Prestasi ini menyerlahkan peranan Malaysia yang semakin berkembang dalam perdagangan global dan ekonomi dalam menetapkan platform yang kukuh untuk pertumbuhan berterusan dan peluang baharu pada tahun akan datang. Prestasi ini didorong oleh pertumbuhan dua angka dalam eksport 16.9 peratus atau RM20.1 bilion dan import 11.9 peratus, mencecah RM119.3 bilion. Selain itu, imbalan dagangan melonjak 62.3 peratus kepada RM19.2 bilion pada Disember 2024 seperti yang dilaporkan hari ini dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, DISEMBER 2024**. Buletin ini juga membentangkan prestasi produk untuk eksport dan import serta rakan dagangannya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin menjelaskan prestasi eksport Malaysia meningkat selaras dengan kenaikan eksport domestik dan eksport semula pada Disember 2024. Eksport domestik (79.6% daripada

jumlah eksport), meningkat 13.3 peratus kepada RM110.2 bilion dan eksport semula (20.4% daripada jumlah eksport) meningkat 33.5 peratus berbanding Disember 2023, bernilai RM28.3 bilion. Selain itu, import bernilai RM119.3 bilion, meningkat 11.9 peratus atau RM12.7 bilion. Lebihan dagangan meningkat 62.3 peratus kepada RM19.2 bilion, lebihan bulan ke-56 berturut-turut sejak Mei 2020. Berbanding November 2024, eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan imbalan dagangan masing-masing mencatatkan peningkatan 9.7 peratus, 7.3 peratus, 8.5 peratus dan 27.4 peratus.

Melihat dari sudut kumpulan barangan, 138 daripada 256 kumpulan eksport dan 163 daripada 259 kumpulan import menunjukkan peningkatan berbanding bulan yang sama pada tahun sebelumnya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia turut menggariskan bahawa eksport yang lebih tinggi disumbangkan terutamanya ke Singapura (+RM6.9 bilion), diikuti oleh Amerika Syarikat (+RM4.3 bilion), Taiwan (+RM2.6 bilion), Hong Kong (+RM2.5 bilion), China (+RM1.7 bilion), Australia (+RM1.1 bilion) dan India (+RM991.5 juta). Selain itu, import yang lebih tinggi disumbangkan terutamanya dari China (+RM4.2 bilion), diikuti oleh Amerika Syarikat (+RM3.5 bilion), Taiwan (+RM2.6 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM1.9 bilion), Singapura (+RM1.7 bilion), Indonesia (+RM1.7 bilion) dan Angola (+RM759.6 juta).

Mengulas lebih lanjut mengenai eksport, kenaikan ini sejajar dengan peningkatan dalam barangan elektrik & elektronik (+RM12.8 bilion minyak kelapa sawit & keluaran pertanian berasaskan kelapa sawit (+RM1.9 bilion); barangan perkilangan lain (+RM1.3 bilion); barangan perkilangan logam (+RM1.2 bilion); jentera, kelengkapan & peralatan (+RM912.7 juta); dan produk petroleum (+RM763.5 juta). Di samping itu, peningkatan dalam import dicatatkan bagi barangan elektrik & elektronik (+RM10.2 bilion); jentera, kelengkapan & peralatan

(+RM2.6 bilion); keluaran pertanian yang lain (+RM684.3 juta); lain-lain (+RM598.5 juta); minyak sayuran lain (+RM435.6 juta); dan tekstil, pakaian & kasut (+RM377.1 juta).

Selanjutnya, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia juga memaklumkan pertambahan import mengikut Penggunaan Akhir adalah seiring dengan permintaan yang lebih tinggi bagi barangan modal, barangan perantaraan dan barangan penggunaan. Import barangan modal (14.6% daripada jumlah import), meningkat 41.5 peratus atau RM5.1 bilion mencatatkan nilai RM17.4 bilion. Import barangan perantaraan (51.0% daripada jumlah import), bernilai RM60.9 bilion, mencatatkan peningkatan 1.4 peratus atau RM853.1 juta berbanding Disember 2023. Barangan penggunaan (8.6% daripada jumlah import), meningkat 11.9 peratus atau RM1.1 bilion mencecah RM10.3 bilion.

Jumlah dagangan, eksport dan import bagi 2024 mencatatkan peningkatan. Jumlah dagangan meningkat 9.2 peratus, daripada RM2.6 trilion kepada RM2.9 trilion, sejajar dengan peningkatan dalam eksport (+5.7%) serta import (+13.2%). Sebaliknya, lebih dagangan menurun 36.4 peratus berbanding tempoh yang sama pada 2023 mencatatkan nilai RM136.9 bilion.

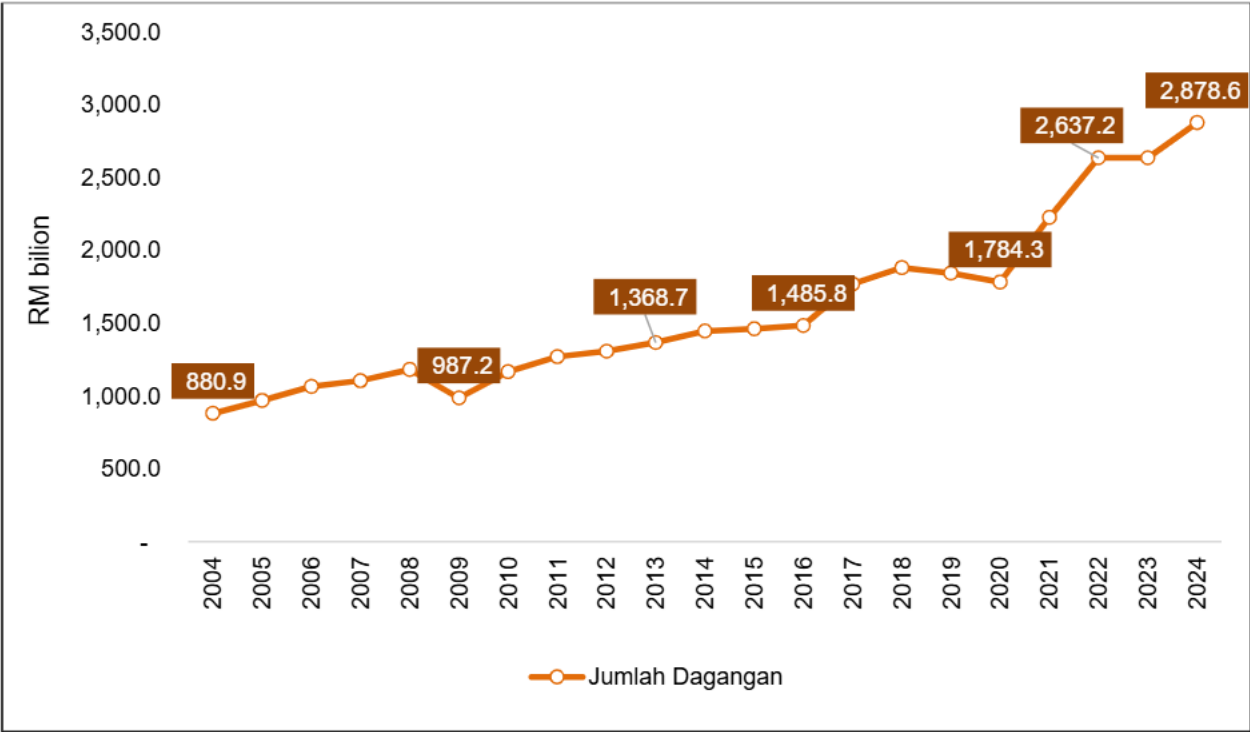
Prestasi bagi suku tahun keempat (ST4) 2024, eksport, import, jumlah perdagangan dan lebih dagangan mengalami peningkatan berbanding tempoh yang sama tahun lepas. Prestasi ekonomi yang menggalakkan membawa kepada pertumbuhan positif masing-masing 7.3 peratus, 5.3 peratus, 6.4 peratus dan 25.0 peratus.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) telah melancarkan OpenDOSM NextGen sebagai medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi

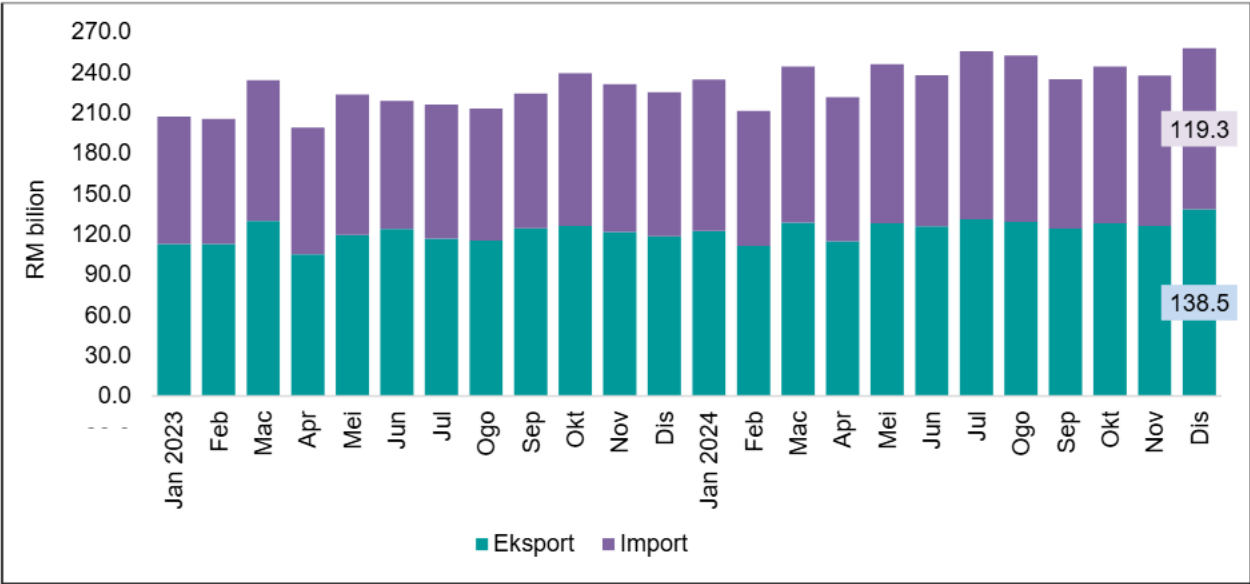
memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober. Tema sambutan MyStats Day adalah “Statistik Nadi Kehidupan”. DOSM menyambut ulang tahun ke-75 Jubli Intan pada tahun 2024.

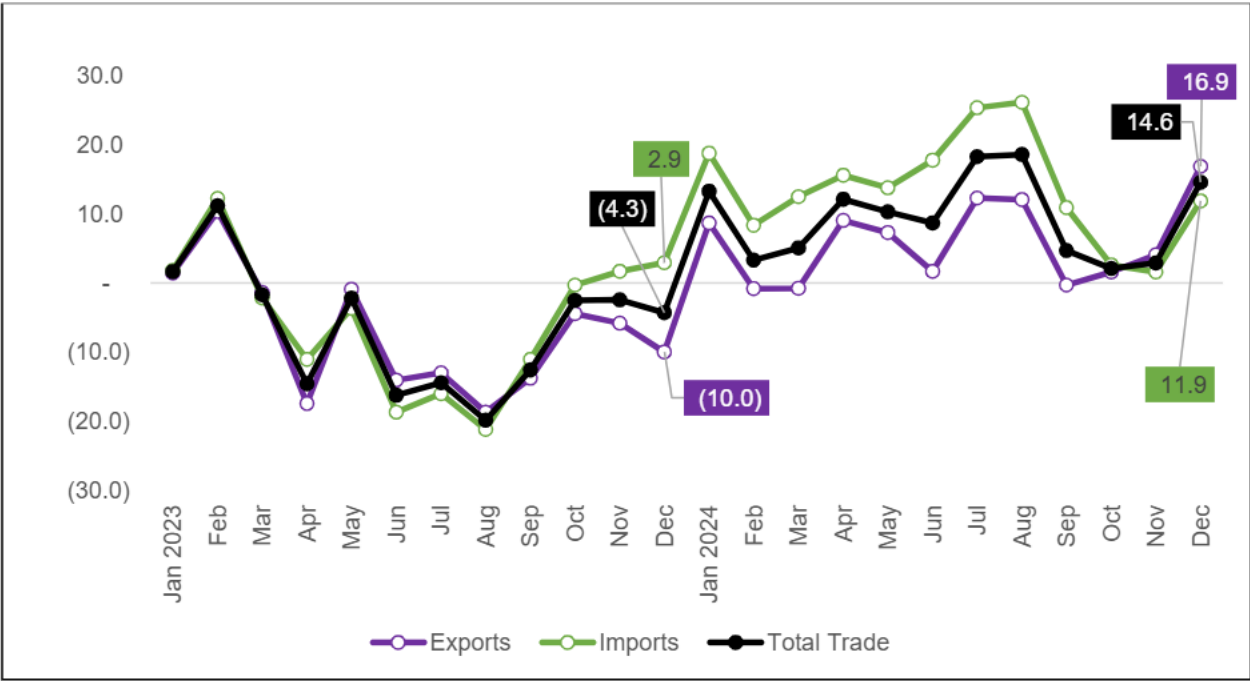
Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, 2004 – 2024 (Nilai)



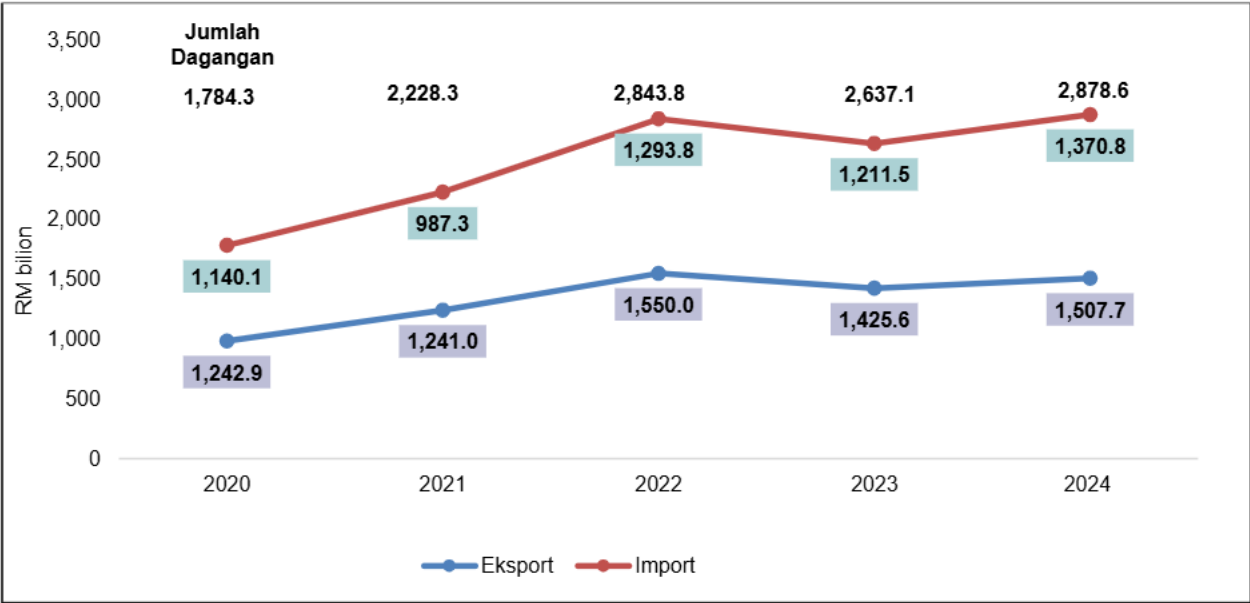
Carta 2: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2023 – Dis 2024 (Nilai)



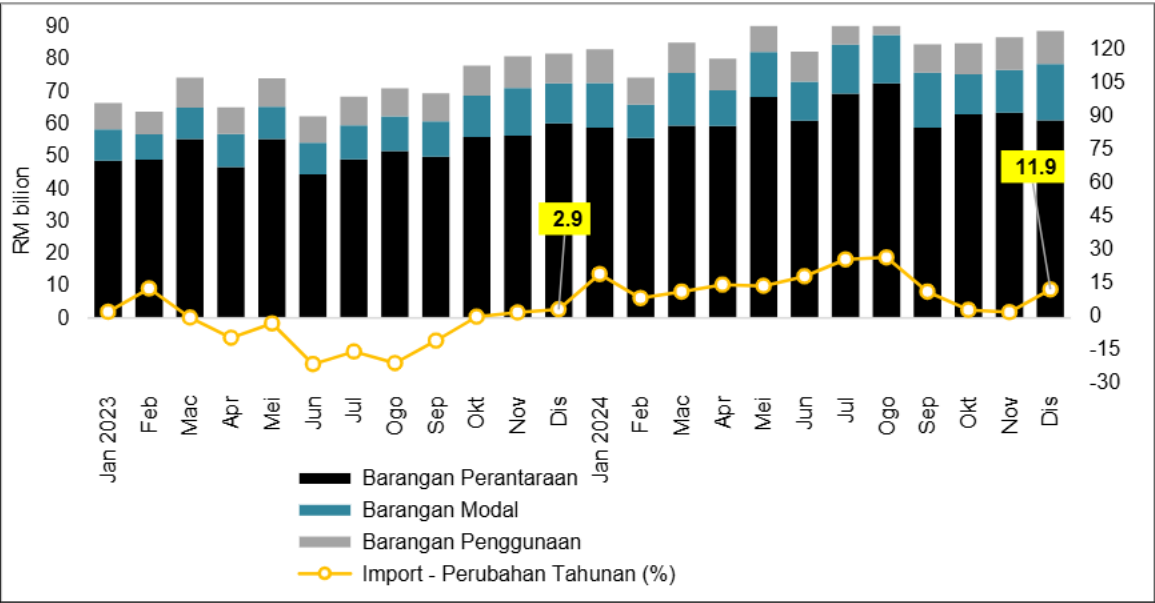
Carta 3: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2023 – Dis 2024 (Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



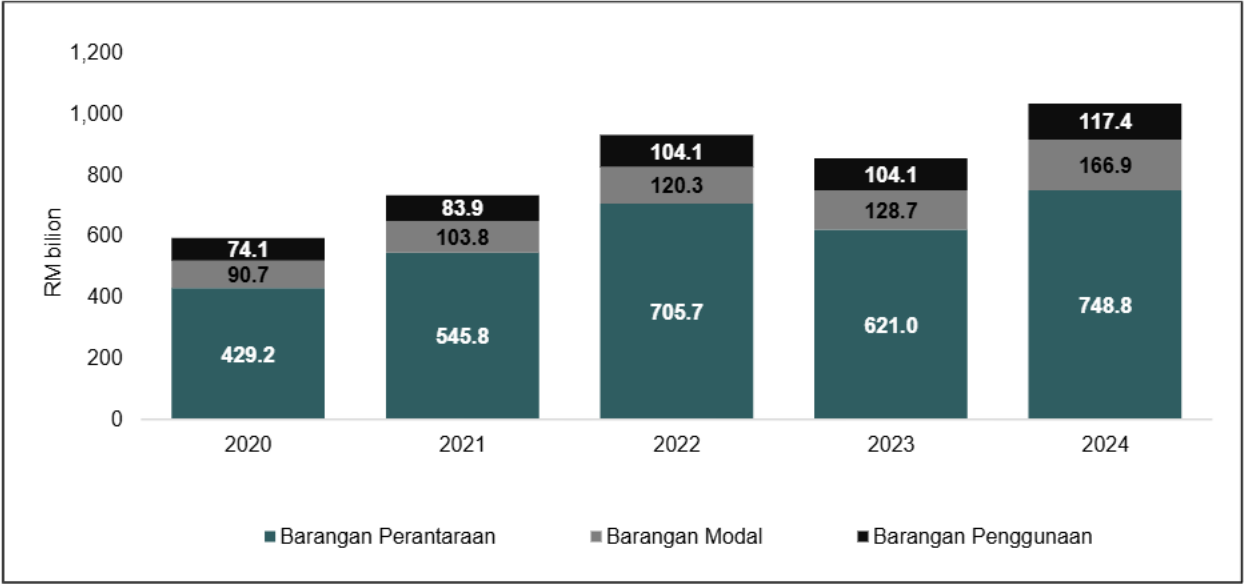
Carta 4: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, 2020 – 2024



Carta 5: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC), Jan 2023 – Dis 2024  
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Carta 6: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC), 2020 – 2024



Jadual 1: Sub-Sektor Penyumbang Utama kepada Eksport

| KETERANGAN KOMODITI                                              | 2023           | 2024           | 2024           | SUMBANGAN<br>KEPADA<br>JUMLAH % | Y.O.Y            |      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------|
|                                                                  | DIS<br>RM BIL. | NOV<br>RM BIL. | DIS<br>RM BIL. |                                 | NILAI<br>RM BIL. | %    |
| Jumlah                                                           | 118,447        | 126,310        | 138,517        | 100.0                           | 20,070           | 16.9 |
| Barangan Elektrik & Elektronik (E&E)                             | 45,969         | 51,123         | 58,750         | 42.4                            | 12,781           | 27.8 |
| Keluaran Petroleum                                               | 9,056          | 8,880          | 9,820          | 7.1                             | 763.5            | 8.4  |
| Minyak Kelapa Sawit & Keluaran Pertanian Berasaskan Kelapa Sawit | 6,250          | 7,354          | 8,192          | 5.9                             | 1,943            | 31.1 |
| Jentera, Kelengkapan & Peralatan                                 | 5,597          | 6,210          | 6,509          | 4.7                             | 912.7            | 16.3 |
| Kimia & Bahan Kimia                                              | 5,946          | 6,134          | 6,082          | 4.4                             | 136.0            | 2.3  |

Jadual 2: Sub-Sektor Penyumbang Utama kepada Import

| KETERANGAN KOMODITI                  | 2023           | 2024           | 2024           | SUMBANGAN<br>KEPADA<br>JUMLAH % | Y.O.Y            |       |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------|
|                                      | DIS<br>RM BIL. | NOV<br>RM BIL. | DIS<br>RM BIL. |                                 | NILAI<br>RM BIL. | %     |
| Jumlah                               | 106,631        | 111,259        | 119,341        | 100.0                           | 12,710           | 11.9  |
| Barangan Elektrik & Elektronik (E&E) | 32,409         | 39,353         | 42,627         | 35.7                            | 10,218           | 31.5  |
| Jentera, Kelengkapan & Peralatan     | 8,272          | 8,613          | 10,844         | 9.1                             | 2,572            | 31.1  |
| Keluaran Petroleum                   | 10,588         | 8,805          | 9,828          | 8.2                             | (759.7)          | (7.2) |
| Kimia & Bahan Kimia                  | 8,431          | 7,927          | 8,309          | 7.0                             | (122.6)          | (1.5) |
| Barangan Perkilangan Logam           | 5,952          | 5,548          | 5,901          | 4.9                             | (50.7)           | (0.9) |

Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA**

**JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA**

**20 JANUARI 2024**



# MEDIA STATEMENT

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY  
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

Block C6 & C7, Complex C,  
Federal Government Administrative Centre, Precinct 1,  
62514, Federal Territory Putrajaya  
Telephone no. : 03 - 8090 4681

## **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS DECEMBER 2024**

---

***Malaysia's trade reaches new heights, achieving an all-time high of  
RM2.9 trillion in total trade for 2024***

**PUTRAJAYA, 20 JANUARY 2025** – Malaysia's trade ended 2024 on a high note with double-digit growth in exports and imports, signaling a stronger economic foundation. Malaysia's total trade for 2024 surged from RM2.6 trillion in 2023 to an impressive RM2.9 trillion. This stellar performance highlights Malaysia's expanding role in global trade and its resilient economy, setting a solid platform for continued growth and new opportunities in the coming year. This performance was driven by a double-digit growth in exports by 16.9 per cent or RM20.1 billion and imports by 11.9 per cent, reaching RM119.3 billion. Moreover, trade balance rocketed by 62.3 per cent to RM19.2 billion in December 2024 as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, DECEMBER 2024**. This bulletin also presents the performance of export and import products with its trading partners.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin highlighted Malaysia's exports increased in line with the rise in domestic exports and re-exports in December 2024. Domestic exports (79.6% of total exports), grew by 13.3 per cent to RM110.2 billion and re-exports (20.4% of total exports) was up by 33.5 per cent

as compared to December 2023, worth RM28.3 billion. Moreover, imports worth RM119.3 billion, increased by 11.9 per cent or RM12.7 billion. Trade surplus escalated by 62.3 per cent to reach RM19.2 billion, 56<sup>th</sup> consecutive month of surplus since May 2020. Comparing with November 2024, exports, imports, total trade and trade balance recorded an improve by 9.7 per cent, 7.3 per cent, 8.5 per cent and 27.4 per cent, respectively.

From the perspective of the commodity group, 138 out of 256 export groups and 163 out of 259 import groups showed an increase as compared to the same month of the previous year.

Chief Statistician Malaysia further explained higher exports was attributable mainly to Singapore (+RM6.9 billion), followed by the United States (+RM4.3 billion), Taiwan (+RM2.6 billion), Hong Kong (+RM2.5 billion), China (+RM1.7 billion), Australia (+RM1.1 billion) and India (+RM991.5 million). Moreover, higher imports were mainly contributed from China (+RM4.2 billion), followed by the United States (+RM3.5 billion), Taiwan (+RM2.6 billion), the European Union (+RM1.9 billion), Singapore (+RM1.7 billion), Indonesia (+RM1.7 billion) and Angola (+RM759.6 million).

Commenting further on exports, the increase was in line with the rise in electrical & electronic products (+RM12.8 billion); palm oil and palm-based agriculture products (+RM1.9 billion); other manufactures (+RM1.3 billion); manufacture of metal (+RM1.2 billion); machinery, equipment & parts (+RM912.7 million); and petroleum products (+RM763.5 million). In addition, the increase in imports was logged for electrical & electronic products (+RM10.2 billion); machinery, equipment & parts (+RM2.6 billion); other agriculture (+RM684.3 million); others (+RM598.5 million); other vegetables oil (+RM435.6 million); and textiles, apparels & footwear (+RM377.1 million).

*Adding to this, the Chief Statistician Malaysia also emphasised the upsurge in imports by End Use which was in accordance with higher demand for capital goods, intermediate goods and consumption goods. Imports of capital goods (14.6% of total imports), grew by 41.5 per cent or RM5.1 billion to post a value of RM17.4 billion. Imports of intermediate goods (51.0% of total imports), valued at RM60.9 billion, registered an increase of 1.4 per cent or RM853.1 million as compared to December 2023. Consumption goods (8.6% of total imports), rose by 11.9 per cent or RM1.1 billion to reach RM10.3 billion.*

*Total trade, exports and imports for 2024 registered an increase. Total trade grew by 9.2 per cent, from RM2.6 trillion to RM2.9 trillion, in line with the rise in exports (+5.7%) as well as imports (+13.2%). On the contrary, trade surplus decreased by 36.4 per cent as compared to the same period in 2023 to post a value of RM136.9 billion.*

*Performance for the fourth quarter (Q4) of 2024, exports, imports, total trade and trade surplus experienced an increase as compared to the same period last year. The encouraging economic performance led to a positive growth of 7.3 per cent, 5.3 per cent, 6.4 per cent and 25.0 per cent, respectively.*

*The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.*

*The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20<sup>th</sup>. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life". DOSM commemorates its 75<sup>th</sup> Diamond Jubilee in 2024.*

Chart 1: Total Trade Statistics, 2004 – 2024 (Value)

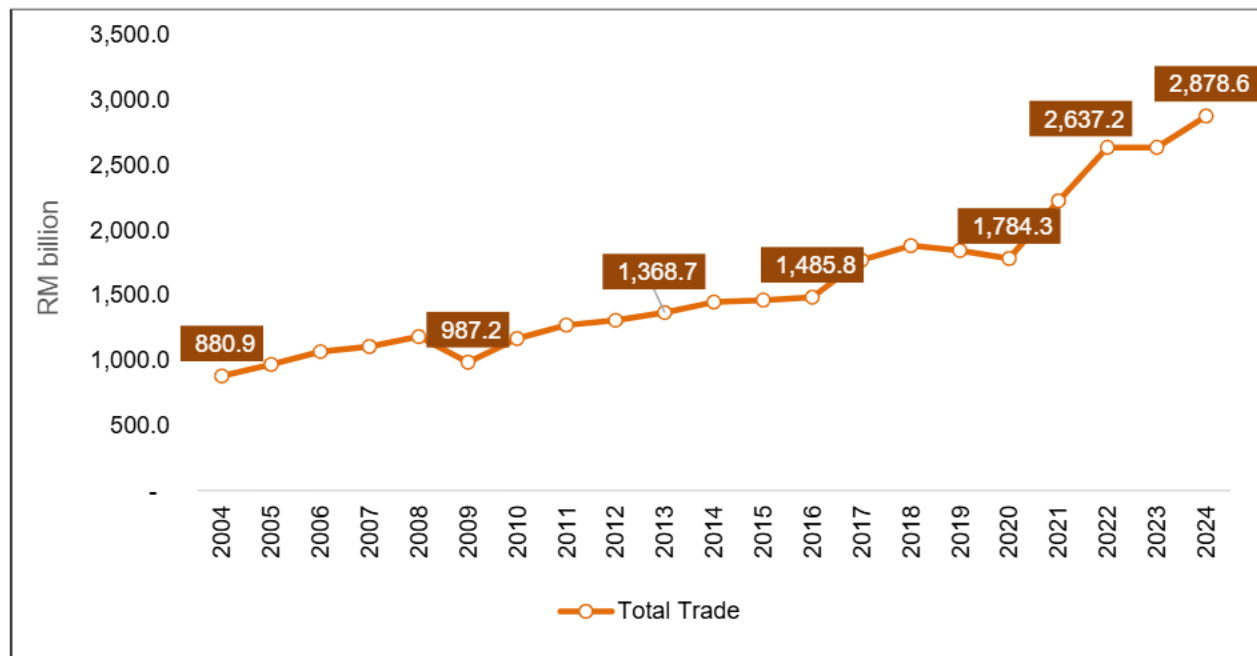


Chart 2: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2023 – Dec 2024 (Value)

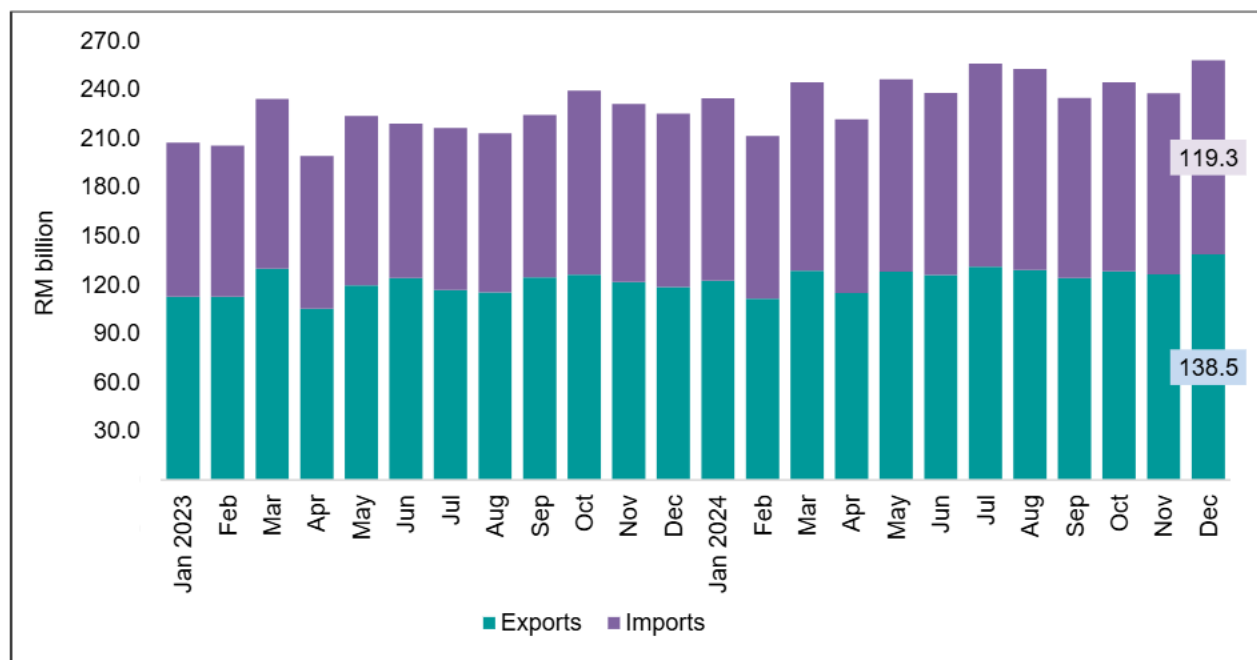


Chart 3: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2023 – Dec 2024  
(Annual Percentage Change)

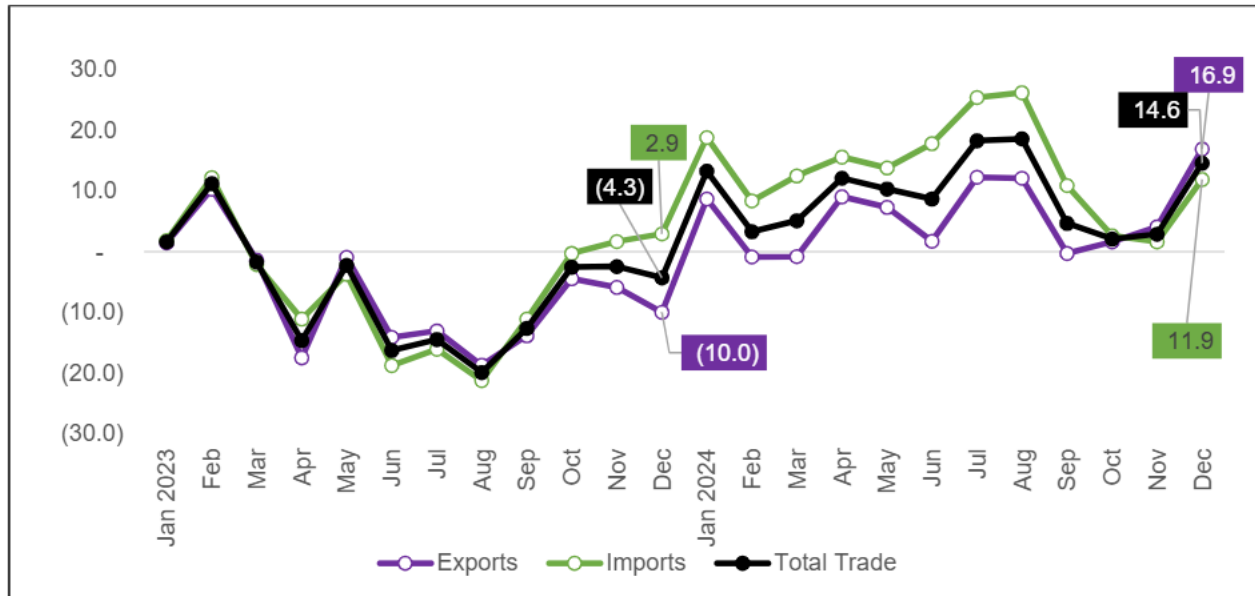
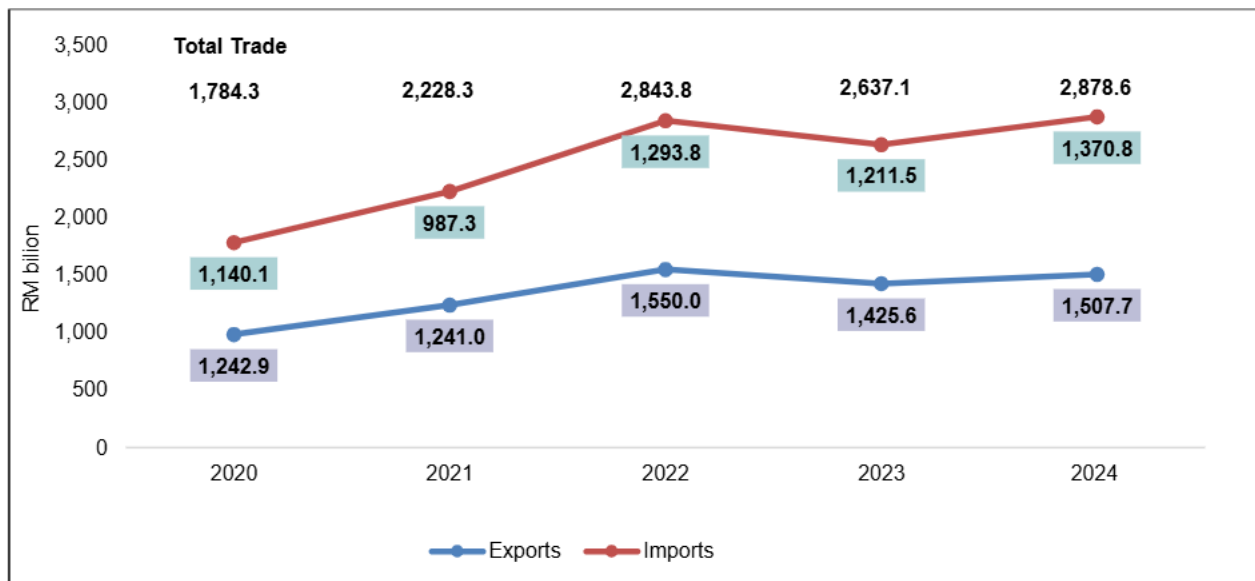
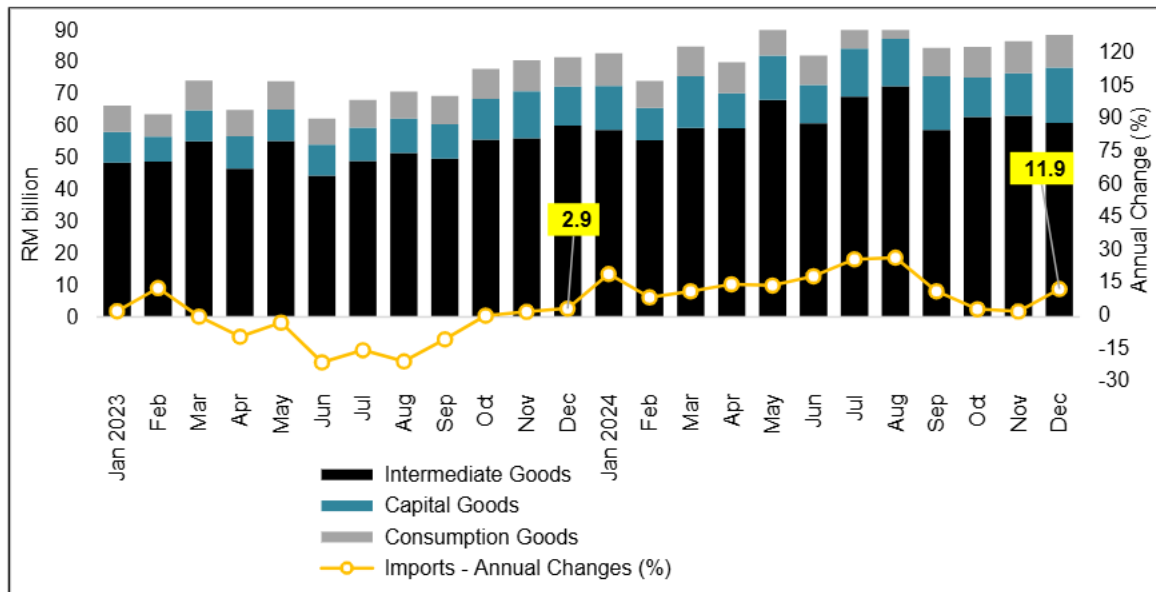


Chart 4: External Trade Statistics, 2020 – 2024



*Chart 5: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,  
Jan 2023 – Dec 2024  
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 6: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,  
2020 – 2024*

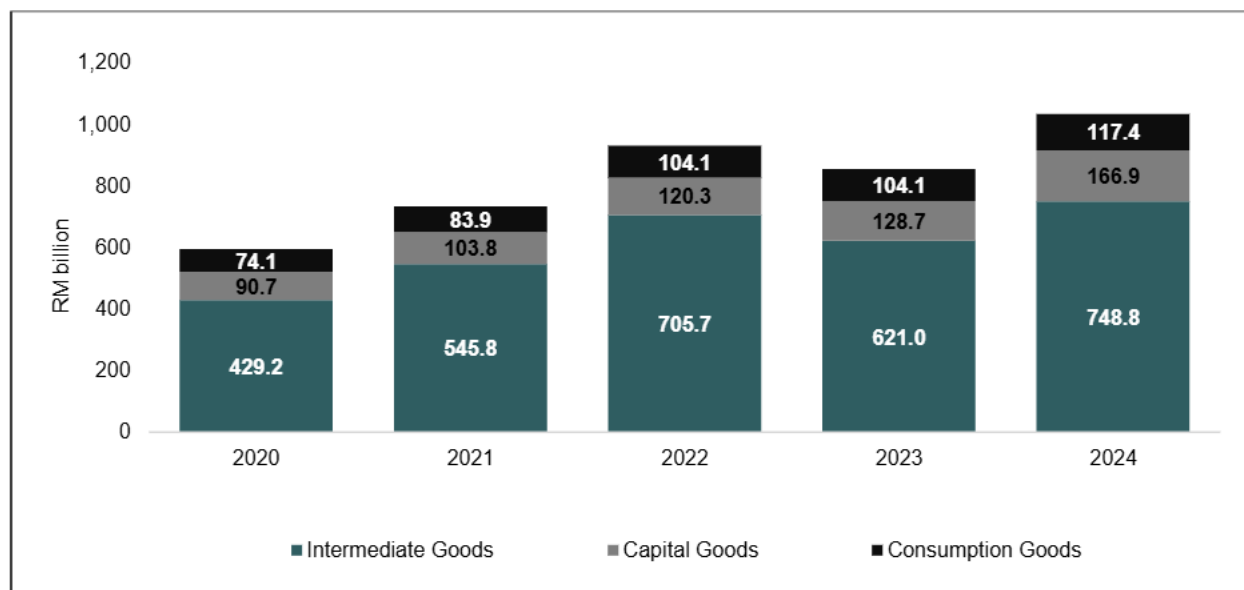


Table 1: Major Sub-sector Contributing to Export

| COMMODITY DESC                                        | 2023           | 2024           | 2024           | SHARE<br>TO TOTAL<br>% | Y.O.Y           |      |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------|------|
|                                                       | DEC<br>RM BIL. | NOV<br>RM BIL. | DEC<br>RM BIL. |                        | VAL.<br>RM BIL. | %    |
| <b>Total</b>                                          | 118,447        | 126,310        | 138,517        | 100.0                  | 20,070          | 16.9 |
| <i>Electrical &amp; Electronic Products (E&amp;E)</i> | 45,969         | 51,123         | 58,750         | 42.4                   | 12,781          | 27.8 |
| <i>Petroleum Products</i>                             | 9,056          | 8,880          | 9,820          | 7.1                    | 763.5           | 8.4  |
| <i>Palm Oil &amp; Palm-Based Agriculture Products</i> | 6,250          | 7,354          | 8,192          | 5.9                    | 1,943           | 31.1 |
| <i>Machinery, Equipment &amp; Parts</i>               | 5,597          | 6,210          | 6,509          | 4.7                    | 912.7           | 16.3 |
| <i>Chemical &amp; Chemical Products</i>               | 5,946          | 6,134          | 6,082          | 4.4                    | 136.0           | 2.3  |

Table 2: Major Sub-sector Contributing to Import

| COMMODITY DESC                                        | 2023           | 2024           | 2024           | SHARE<br>TO TOTAL<br>% | Y.O.Y           |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------|
|                                                       | DEC<br>RM BIL. | NOV<br>RM BIL. | DEC<br>RM BIL. |                        | VAL.<br>RM BIL. | %     |
| <b>Total</b>                                          | 106,631        | 111,259        | 119,341        | 100.0                  | 12,710          | 11.9  |
| <i>Electrical &amp; Electronic Products (E&amp;E)</i> | 32,409         | 39,353         | 42,627         | 35.7                   | 10,218          | 31.5  |
| <i>Machinery, Equipment &amp; Parts</i>               | 8,272          | 8,613          | 10,844         | 9.1                    | 2,572           | 31.1  |
| <i>Petroleum Products</i>                             | 10,588         | 8,805          | 9,828          | 8.2                    | (759.7)         | (7.2) |
| <i>Chemical &amp; Chemical Products</i>               | 8,431          | 7,927          | 8,309          | 7.0                    | (122.6)         | (1.5) |
| <i>Manufacture of Metal</i>                           | 5,952          | 5,548          | 5,901          | 4.9                    | (50.7)          | (0.9) |

Released by:

**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA**

**DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA**

**20 JANUARY 2024**