

# KENYATAAN MEDIA



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI  
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

Blok C6 & C7, Kompleks C,  
Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan, Presint 1,  
62514, Wilayah Persekutuan Putrajaya  
No. Telefon : 03 - 8090 4681

## ANGGARAN KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR AWALAN SUKU TAHUN KEEMPAT 2024

**KDNK Malaysia dijangka berkembang 4.8 peratus pada ST4,  
mencecah 5.1 peratus pada 2024**

**PUTRAJAYA, 19 JANUARI 2025** – Pada hari ini, Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) menerbitkan anggaran Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) awalan<sup>1</sup> bagi suku tahun keempat 2024. Berdasarkan anggaran awalan, ekonomi Malaysia meningkat kepada 4.8 peratus pada suku tahun keempat 2024, berikutan pertumbuhan yang lebih kukuh 5.3 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Secara keseluruhan, ekonomi Malaysia berkembang 5.1 peratus pada tahun 2024 selepas mencatatkan pertumbuhan 3.6 peratus pada tahun 2023.

Menurut Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, "Pertumbuhan ekonomi Malaysia didorong oleh permintaan domestik yang kukuh serta pemulihan sektor luaran, disamping pelaburan strategik dalam bidang seperti tenaga boleh diperbaharui dan infrastruktur digital, termasuk pusat data. Usaha ini telah menarik pelaburan asing dan menyumbang kepada kestabilan ekonomi. Selain itu, peningkatan ketibaan pelancong dan kenaikan gaji penjawat awam dijangka merancakkan aktiviti peruncitan dan meningkatkan perbelanjaan isi rumah, seterusnya menyumbang secara positif terhadap momentum keseluruhan ekonomi. Berdasarkan indikator terkini yang diterbitkan oleh DOSM, nilai jualan Perdagangan borong dan runcit meningkat 5.5 peratus pada Oktober sebelum menyederhana kepada 4.7 peratus pada November 2024. Sementara itu, Indeks Pengeluaran Perindustrian masing-masing berkembang 3.3 peratus dan 4.6 peratus pada Oktober dan November 2024. Bagi sektor luaran, perdagangan Malaysia kekal kukuh pada bulan November, dengan mencatatkan pertumbuhan 4.1 peratus bagi Eksport dan 1.6 peratus bagi Import."

<sup>1</sup> Pengiraan anggaran KDNK awalan suku tahun keempat 2024 adalah berdasarkan kepada gabungan sumber data yang tersedia. Secara umumnya, terdapat perbezaan antara anggaran KDNK awalan dan KDNK preliminari disebabkan oleh ketersediaan data dari pelbagai sumber semasa tempoh penyusunan.

Pertumbuhan ekonomi pada suku tahun ini dipacu oleh sektor **Perkhidmatan** yang meningkat sebanyak 5.3 peratus (ST3 2024: 5.2%), diterajui oleh subsektor Perdagangan borong & runcit, Pengangkutan & penyimpanan dan Maklumat & komunikasi. Selain itu, sektor **Pembuatan** mencatatkan peningkatan 4.3 peratus berbanding 5.6 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya, disokong terutamanya oleh Produk elektrik, elektronik dan optikal serta Produk petroleum, kimia, getah & plastik.

Beliau menambah, “Sektor **Pembinaan** terus mencatatkan pertumbuhan memberangsangkan sebanyak 19.6 peratus berbanding 19.9 peratus berikutan prestasi kukuh dalam semua segmen, terutamanya Bangunan kediaman dan Bangunan bukan kediaman. Walau bagaimanapun, sektor **Pertanian** mencatatkan penurunan marginal -0.6 peratus berbanding peningkatan 3.9 peratus pada suku tahun ketiga 2024, dipengaruhi oleh penurunan dalam subsektor Kelapa sawit. Sektor **Perlombongan dan pengkuarian** menyusut -1.4 peratus berbanding -3.9 peratus pada suku tahun sebelumnya, dipengaruhi oleh penurunan dalam subsektor Minyak mentah & kondensat.”

**Jadual 1: Pertumbuhan KDNK mengikut Jenis Aktiviti Ekonomi,  
ST1 2023 – ST4 2024\* (YoY)**

Jenis aktiviti ekonomi	Sumbangan kepada KDNK (%) 2024**	2023	2024*	2023				2024			
				ST1	ST2	ST3	ST4	ST1	ST2	ST3	ST4*
KDNK	100.0	3.6	5.1	5.5	2.8	3.1	2.9	4.2	5.9	5.3	4.8
Pertanian	6.4	0.7	3.0	1.4	-0.7	0.3	1.9	1.7	7.3	3.9	-0.6
Perlombongan & pengkuarian	6.0	0.5	0.8	1.6	-2.1	-1.1	3.5	5.7	2.7	-3.9	-1.4
Pembuatan	23.5	0.7	4.2	3.2	0.1	-0.1	-0.3	1.9	4.7	5.6	4.3
Pembinaan	4.1	6.1	17.2	7.4	6.2	7.2	3.6	11.9	17.3	19.9	19.6
Perkhidmatan	60.0	5.1	5.3	7.1	4.5	4.9	4.1	4.8	5.9	5.2	5.3

Nota: \* Anggaran awalan

\*\* Tidak termasuk Duti import

Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

**Embargo: Hanya boleh diterbitkan atau disebarluaskan mulai jam 1200, Jumaat, 17 Januari 2025**

### **Jadual 2: Perbandingan Anggaran KDNK Awalan dan KDNK Preliminari, ST1 2023 – ST4 2024**

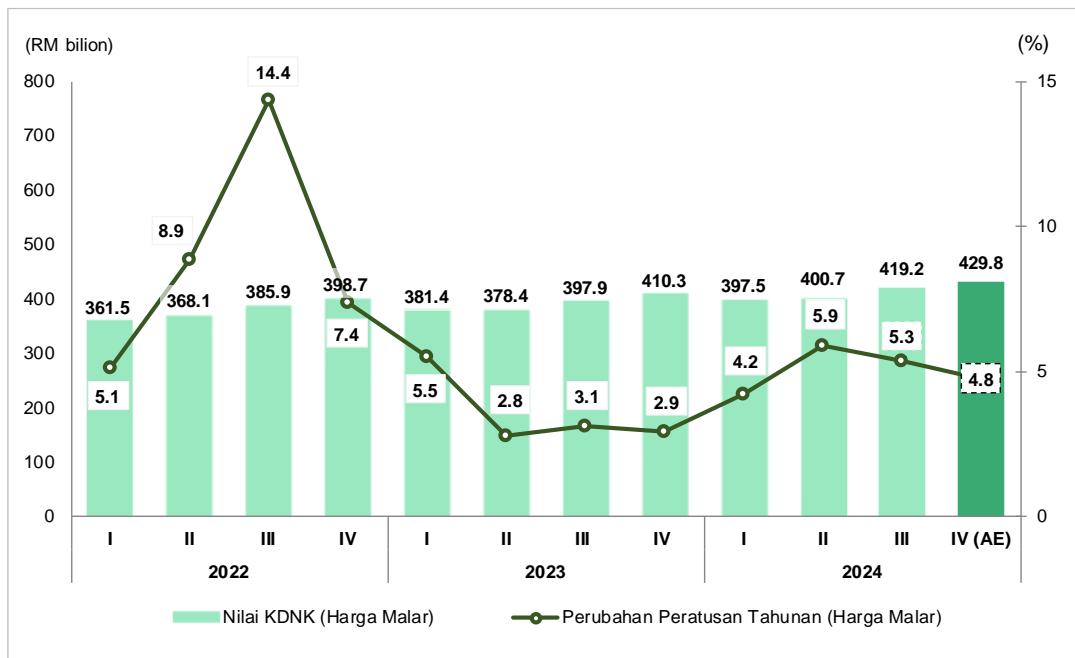
Aktiviti Ekonomi (YoY%)	2023								2024							
	ST1		ST2		ST3		ST4		ST1		ST2		ST3		ST4	
	AE	Preliminari	AE	Preliminari	AE	Preliminari	AE	Preliminari	AE	Preliminari	AE	Preliminari	AE	Preliminari	AE	
KDNK	5.4	5.5	3.1	2.8	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.9	3.9	4.2	5.8	5.9	5.3	5.3	4.8	
Pertanian	1.1	1.4	-2.2	-0.7	0.8	0.3	1.2	1.9	1.3	1.7	7.1	7.3	4.0	3.9	-0.6	
Perlombongan & pengkuarian	2.2	1.6	-0.4	-2.1	-0.1	-1.1	3.7	3.5	4.9	5.7	3.3	2.7	-3.4	-3.9	-1.4	
Pembuatan	3.2	3.2	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.3	1.9	1.9	4.7	4.7	5.7	5.6	4.3	
Pembinaan	7.3	7.4	6.3	6.2	5.8	7.2	2.5	3.6	9.8	11.9	17.2	17.3	19.5	19.9	19.6	
Perkhidmatan	7.1	7.1	5.0	4.5	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.8	5.6	5.9	5.1	5.2	5.3	

Nota: AE = Anggaran awalan

KDNK preliminari bagi ST4 2024 akan diterbitkan pada 14 Februari 2025

Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

### **Carta 1: Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK), ST1 2022 – ST4 2024\***



Nota: \*Anggaran awalan

Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

### **Prestasi KDNK Tahunan 2024**

Ekonomi Malaysia bertumbuh sebanyak 5.1 peratus pada tahun 2024, berbanding 3.6 peratus pada tahun sebelumnya dengan semua sektor menunjukkan pertumbuhan positif. Sektor Perkhidmatan mencatat pertumbuhan 5.3 peratus pada tahun 2024 berbanding 5.1 peratus pada tahun 2023.

**Embargo: Hanya boleh diterbitkan atau disebarluaskan mulai jam 1200, Jumaat, 17 Januari 2025**

Sektor Pembuatan merekodkan pertumbuhan 4.2 peratus (2023: 0.7%) pada tahun 2024. Prestasi yang memberangsangkan ini disumbang oleh industri berorientasikan domestik dan eksport.

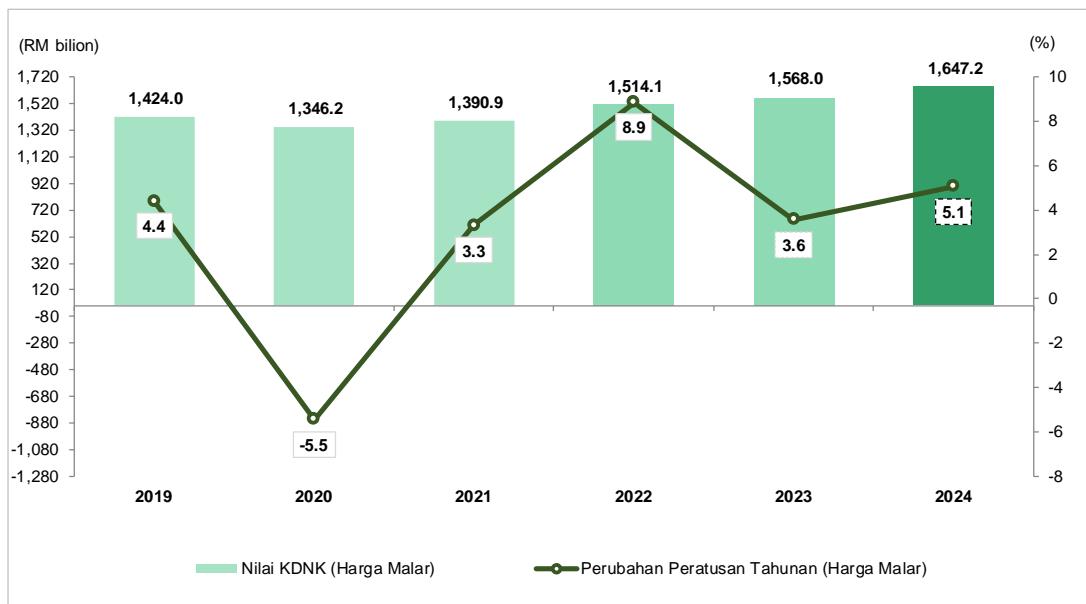
Selain itu, sektor Pembinaan meningkat ketara daripada 6.1 peratus pada tahun 2023 kepada 17.2 peratus pada tahun 2024. Sektor Pertanian turut meningkat sebanyak 3.0 peratus (2023: 0.7%), manakala sektor Perlombongan & pengkuarian merekodkan pertumbuhan marginal 0.8 peratus (2023: 0.5%).

Lanjutan daripada anggaran awalan ini, KDNK preliminari yang menyediakan set data analisis terperinci dan komprehensif bagi suku tahun keempat 2024 akan dikeluarkan pada 14 Februari 2025.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) telah melancarkan OpenDOSM NextGen sebagai medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisyiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober. Tema sambutan MyStats Day adalah “Statistik Nadi Kehidupan”.

**Carta 2: Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK), 2019 – 2024**



Sumber: Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia

Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA  
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA  
17 JANUARI 2025**

# MEDIA STATEMENT



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY  
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

Block C6 & C7, Complex C,  
Federal Government Administrative Centre, Precinct 1,  
62514 Federal Territory of Putrajaya  
Telephone : 03 - 8090 4681

## ADVANCE GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT ESTIMATES FOURTH QUARTER OF 2024

***Malaysia's GDP expected to grow 4.8 per cent in Q4,  
reaching 5.1 per cent for 2024***

**PUTRAJAYA, 17 JANUARY 2025** - Today, the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) released the advance Gross Domestic Product (GDP) estimates<sup>1</sup> for the fourth quarter of 2024. Based on the advance estimates, Malaysia's economy increased to 4.8 per cent in the fourth quarter of 2024, following a stronger 5.3 per cent growth in the previous quarter. Overall, Malaysia's economy grew 5.1 per cent in 2024 after posting a growth of 3.6 per cent in 2023.

According to the Chief Statistician of Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, "Malaysia's economic growth is supported by strong domestic demand and a recovering external sector, alongside strategic investments in areas like renewable energy and digital infrastructure, including data centres. These efforts have attracted foreign investments and contributed to economic stability. Additionally, recent increases in tourist arrivals and civil servant pay are expected to further boost household spending and retail activity, contributing positively to overall economic momentum. Based on the latest indicator released by DOSM, the sales of Wholesale and retail trade increased 5.5 per cent in October before easing to 4.7 per cent in November 2024. Similarly, the Industrial Production Index rose 3.3 per cent and 4.6 per cent, respectively, in October and November 2024. On the external front, Malaysia's trade remained robust in November, achieving a growth of 4.1 per cent in Exports and 1.6 per cent in Imports."

This quarter's economic expansion was propelled by the **Services** sector, which grew by 5.3 per cent (Q3 2024: 5.2%), led by the Wholesale & retail trade, Transportation & storage and Information and communication sub-sectors. Furthermore, the

<sup>1</sup> The computation of advance GDP estimates for the fourth quarter of 2024 is based on the availability of various data sources. In general, there are differences between the advance GDP estimates and the preliminary GDP due to the availability of data from various sources during the compilation period.

**Manufacturing** sector registered a growth of 4.3 per cent as compared to 5.6 per cent in the preceding quarter, mainly supported by Electrical, electronic & optical products as well as Petroleum, chemical, rubber & plastic products.

He added, “The **Construction** sector continued its remarkable growth of 19.6 per cent, from 19.9 per cent following a strong performance in all segments, mainly Residential and Non-residential buildings. However, the **Agriculture** sector declined marginally in this quarter at -0.6 per cent as compared to 3.9 per cent increase in the third quarter of 2024, influenced by the decrease in the Oil palm sub-sector. The **Mining and quarrying** sector decreased by -1.4 per cent from a -3.9 per cent drop in the last quarter, due to the contraction in the Crude oil & condensate sub-sector.”

**Table 1: GDP Growth by Kind of Economic Activity,  
Q1 2023 – Q4 2024\* (YoY)**

Kind of economic activity	Share to GDP (%) 2024**	2023	2024*	2023				2024			
				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4*
GDP	100.0	3.6	5.1	5.5	2.8	3.1	2.9	4.2	5.9	5.3	4.8
Agriculture	6.4	0.7	3.0	1.4	-0.7	0.3	1.9	1.7	7.3	3.9	-0.6
Mining & quarrying	6.0	0.5	0.8	1.6	-2.1	-1.1	3.5	5.7	2.7	-3.9	-1.4
Manufacturing	23.5	0.7	4.2	3.2	0.1	-0.1	-0.3	1.9	4.7	5.6	4.3
Construction	4.1	6.1	17.2	7.4	6.2	7.2	3.6	11.9	17.3	19.9	19.6
Services	60.0	5.1	5.3	7.1	4.5	4.9	4.1	4.8	5.9	5.2	5.3

Notes: \* Advance estimates

\*\* Exclude Import duties

Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

**Table 2: Comparison of Advance Estimates and Preliminary GDP,  
Q1 2023 – Q4 2024**

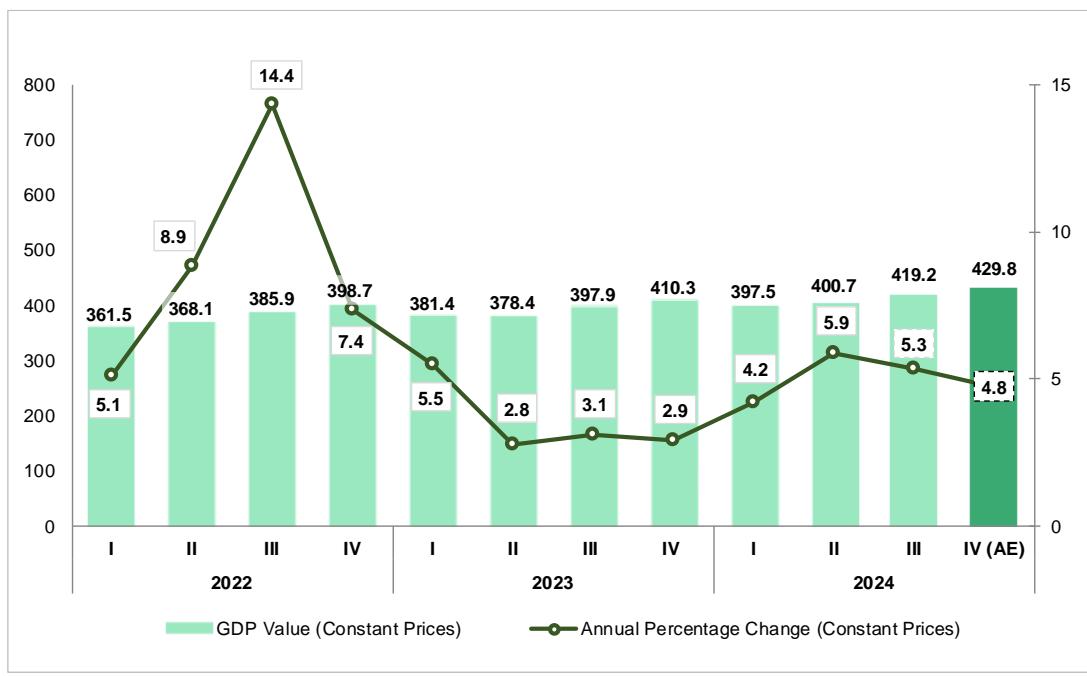
Kind of economic activity (YoY%)	2023								2024						
	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4		Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4
	AE	Preliminary	AE	Preliminary	AE	Preliminary	AE	Preliminary	AE	Preliminary	AE	Preliminary	AE	Preliminary	AE
GDP	5.4	5.5	3.1	2.8	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.9	3.9	4.2	5.8	5.9	5.3	5.3	4.8
Agriculture	1.1	1.4	-2.2	-0.7	0.8	0.3	1.2	1.9	1.3	1.7	7.1	7.3	4.0	3.9	-0.6
Mining & quarrying	2.2	1.6	-0.4	-2.1	-0.1	-1.1	3.7	3.5	4.9	5.7	3.3	2.7	-3.4	-3.9	-1.4
Manufacturing	3.2	3.2	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.3	1.9	1.9	4.7	4.7	5.7	5.6	4.3
Construction	7.3	7.4	6.3	6.2	5.8	7.2	2.5	3.6	9.8	11.9	17.2	17.3	19.5	19.9	19.6
Services	7.1	7.1	5.0	4.5	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.8	5.6	5.9	5.1	5.2	5.3

Notes: AE = Advance estimates

Preliminary GDP for Q4 2024 will be released on 14 February 2025

Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

**Chart 1: Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Q1 2022 – Q4 2024\***



Note: \* Advance estimates

Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

### **Annual GDP performance of 2024**

Malaysia's economy grew by 5.1 per cent in 2024, as compared to 3.6 per cent in the previous year with all sectors experienced positive growth. The Services sector registered a growth of 5.3 per cent in 2024 following a 5.1 per cent increase in 2023.

The Manufacturing sector recorded a growth of 4.2 per cent (2023: 0.7%) in 2024. The favourable performance of this sector was attributed to both domestic and export-oriented industries.

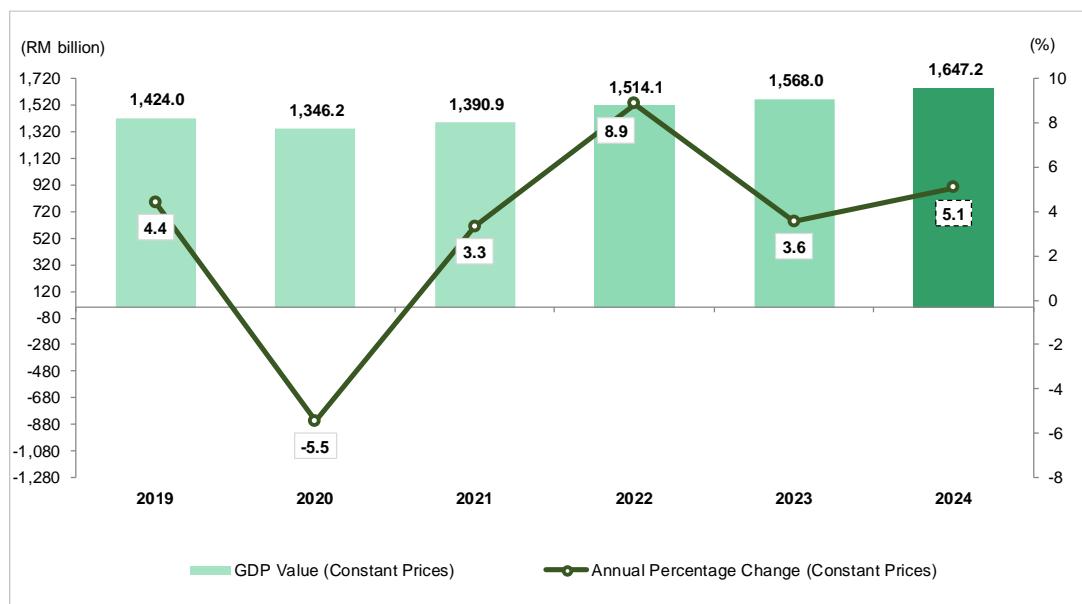
Furthermore, the Construction sector remarkably grew from 6.1 per cent in 2023 to 17.2 per cent in 2024. The Agriculture sector also rose by 3.0 per cent (2023: 0.7%) and the Mining & quarrying sector recorded a marginal growth of 0.8 per cent (2023: 0.5%).

Subsequent to this advance estimates, the preliminary GDP which provides a detailed and comprehensive analysis for the fourth quarter of 2024 will be released on 14 February 2025.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20th. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life".

**Chart 2: Gross Domestic Product (GDP), 2019 – 2024**



Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia

Released by:

**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA  
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA  
17 JANUARY 2025**