



KENYATAAN MEDIA

KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAAN MALAYSIA

Blok C6 & C7, Kompleks C,
Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan, Presint 1,
62514, Wilayah Persekutuan Putrajaya
No. Telefon : 03 - 8090 4681

INDEKS HARGA PENGELUAR (IHPR) PENGELUARAN TEMPATAN, MALAYSIA OGOS 2024

**Indeks Harga Pengeluar Malaysia mereda kepada 0.3 peratus pada Ogos 2024,
paling rendah sejak Februari 2024**

PUTRAJAYA, 26 September 2024 – Indeks Harga Pengeluar Malaysia yang mengukur perubahan harga barangan di peringkat pengeluar, mereda kepada 0.3 peratus pada Ogos 2024, berbanding 1.3 peratus pada bulan sebelumnya. Ini merupakan kadar terendah yang dicatatkan sejak Februari 2024, disebabkan oleh harga komoditi utama Malaysia yang lebih rendah. Ini dilaporkan dalam laporan bulanan terbaharu **INDEKS HARGA PENGELUAR (IHPR) PENGELUARAN TEMPATAN, OGOS 2024** oleh Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin mengulas, "Kesemua sektor IHPR Pengeluaran Tempatan terus meningkat pada Ogos 2024, kecuali sektor Perlombongan. Sektor Pertanian, perhutanan & perikanan meningkat 2.7 peratus daripada tahun sebelumnya (Julai 2024: 3.4%) dengan indeks Penanaman tanaman kekal mencatatkan peningkatan 6.3 peratus. Sektor Pembuatan meningkat 1.0 peratus (Julai 2024: 0.9%) disumbangkan oleh indeks Pembuatan komputer, produk elektronik & optikal (5.8%) dan Pembuatan produk makanan (2.3%). Sementara itu, indeks Bekalan air dan Bekalan elektrik & gas masing-masing meningkat sebanyak 8.0 peratus dan 1.0 peratus. Walau bagaimanapun, sektor Perlombongan menurun 8.3 peratus berbanding peningkatan 2.2 peratus pada bulan sebelumnya, disebabkan oleh Pengekstrakan gas asli (-10.1%) dan Pengekstrakan petroleum mentah (-7.8%)."

Beliau menjelaskan lagi, “Pada asas bulanan, IHPR Pengeluaran Tempatan terus menurun sebanyak 0.9 peratus pada Ogos 2024 (Julai 2024: -0.2%). Penurunan ini disebabkan oleh sektor Perlombongan, yang turun 6.8 peratus (Julai 2024: 0.7%). Ini dipengaruhi oleh kedua-dua indeks Pengekstrakan gas asli (-9.1%) dan Pengekstrakan petroleum mentah (-6.1%). Sektor Pertanian, perhutanan & perikanan susut 2.7 peratus (Julai 2024: 1.1%), dengan indeks Penanaman tanaman kekal mencatatkan penurunan 2.9 peratus. Sektor Pembuatan terus turun 0.2 peratus (Julai 2024: -0.3%), disebabkan oleh indeks Pembuatan kok & produk petroleum bertapis (-1.6%) dan Pembuatan komputer, produk elektronik & optikal (-0.4%). Sektor Bekalan air juga menurun 0.8 peratus (Julai 2024: 0.8%). Sebaliknya, indeks Bekalan elektrik & gas meningkat sebanyak 0.6 peratus (Julai 2024: -0.8%).”

Mengulas mengenai IHPR Pengeluaran Tempatan mengikut peringkat pemprosesan, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia menyebut, “Indeks Barang siap meningkat 3.5 peratus (Julai 2024: 2.9%) disumbangkan oleh indeks Kelengkapan modal (7.1%). Indeks Bahan perantaraan, bekalan & komponen meningkat 0.2 peratus (Julai 2024: 0.6%) disebabkan oleh Bahan dan komponen untuk pembuatan (2.5%). Sementara itu, indeks Bahan mentah untuk diproseskan selanjutnya turun 3.5 peratus (Julai 2024: 1.5%) disebabkan oleh indeks Bahan bukan makanan (-4.2%).”

Pada asas bulanan, indeks Bahan mentah untuk diproseskan selanjutnya menurun 3.5 peratus, manakala indeks Bahan perantaraan, bekalan & komponen turun 0.8 peratus. Walau bagaimanapun, indeks Barang siap meningkat sebanyak 0.6 peratus.

Melihat kepada negara terpilih, indeks harga pengeluar Amerika Syarikat meningkat 1.7 peratus bulan ini, lebih perlahan daripada peningkatan 2.1 peratus pada Julai 2024. Indeks harga pengeluar Jepun terus meningkat 2.5 peratus, berbanding peningkatan 3.0 peratus pada Julai 2024, diredakan oleh indeks minuman & makanan, bahan kimia dan jentera elektrik. Harga kilang untuk barangan buatan United Kingdom juga meningkat 0.2 peratus, perlahan daripada 0.8 peratus pada bulan sebelumnya disebabkan oleh bahan kimia dan penyediaan farmaseutikal. Sementara itu, harga pengeluar China turun 1.8 peratus pada Ogos 2024, penurunan yang lebih besar berbanding negatif 0.8 peratus pada bulan sebelumnya. Ini disebabkan oleh permintaan domestik yang lemah dan trend penurunan pada beberapa harga komoditi global.

Bercakap mengenai harga komoditi Malaysia yang terpilih, beliau turut menyatakan bahawa, “Pasaran minyak dijangka kekal tidak menentu dalam tempoh terdekat, dipengaruhi oleh beberapa faktor seperti jangkaan kemelesetan ekonomi di Amerika

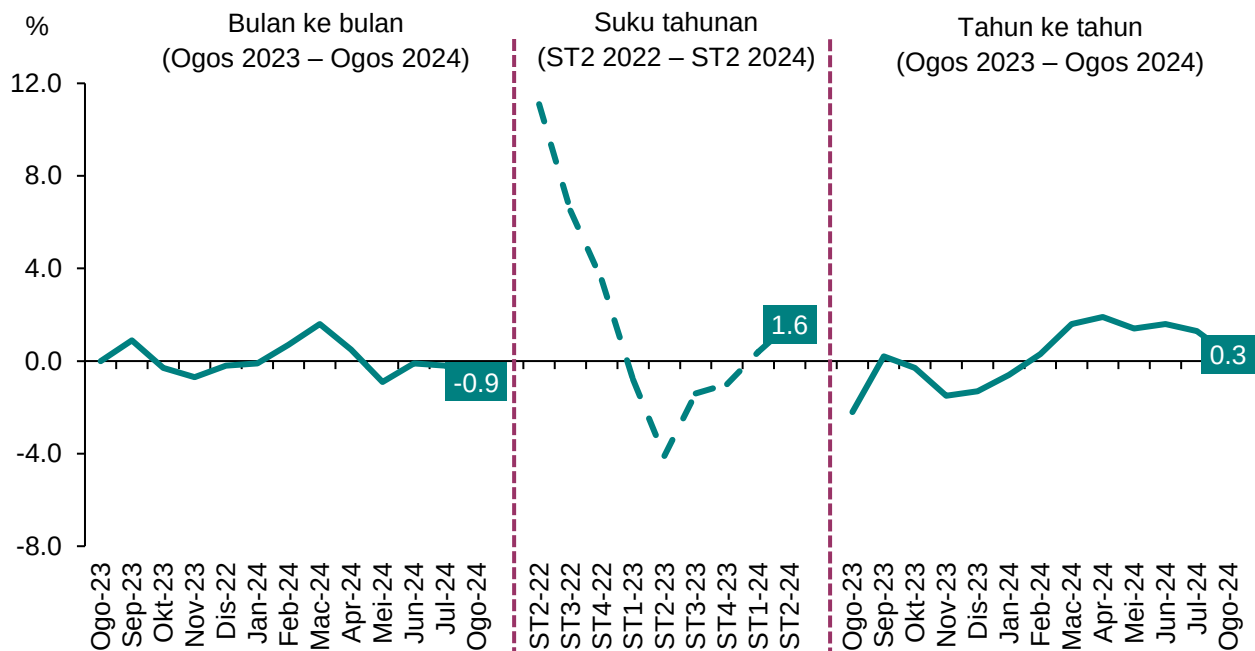
Syarikat (AS) serta ketegangan geopolitik di Asia Barat. Goldman Sachs turut meramalkan harga minyak mentah Brent akan jatuh kepada USD68 setong menjelang akhir 2025 jika permintaan minyak dari China kekal lemah hingga akhir tahun depan. Sementara itu, harga minyak sawit mentah (MSM) untuk pasaran tempatan turun pada Ogos 2024, disebabkan oleh peningkatan dalam pengeluaran buah tandan segar (FFB) dan MSM.”

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) telah melancarkan OpenDOSM NextGen sebagai medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

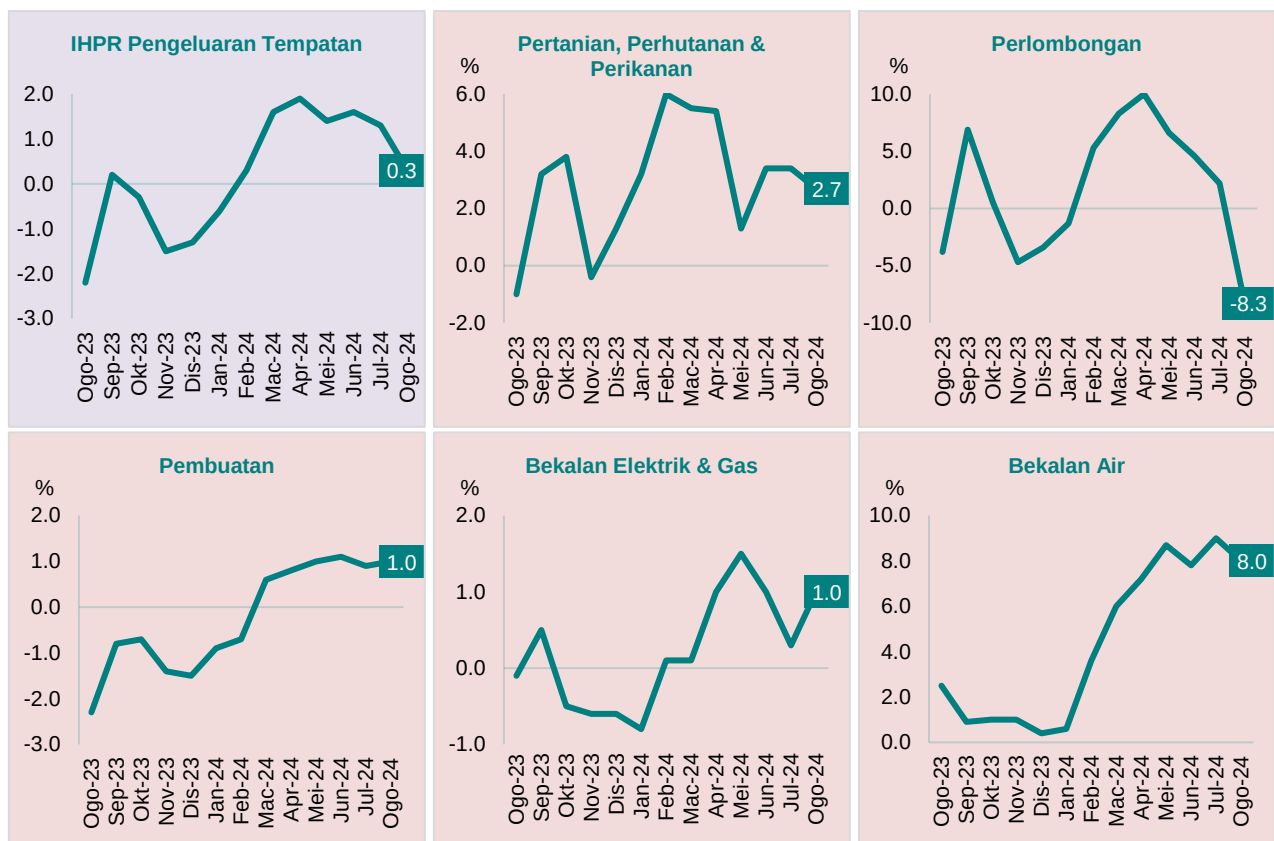
DOSM sedang menjalankan Banci Pertanian 2024. Sila layari <https://www.myagricensus.gov.my/> untuk maklumat lanjut. Tema adalah “Banci Pertanian, Kunci Kemajuan Pertanian.”

Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober setiap tahun. Tema sambutan MyStats Day adalah “Statistik Nadi Kehidupan”. DOSM menyambut ulang tahun ke-75 Jubli Intan pada tahun 2024.

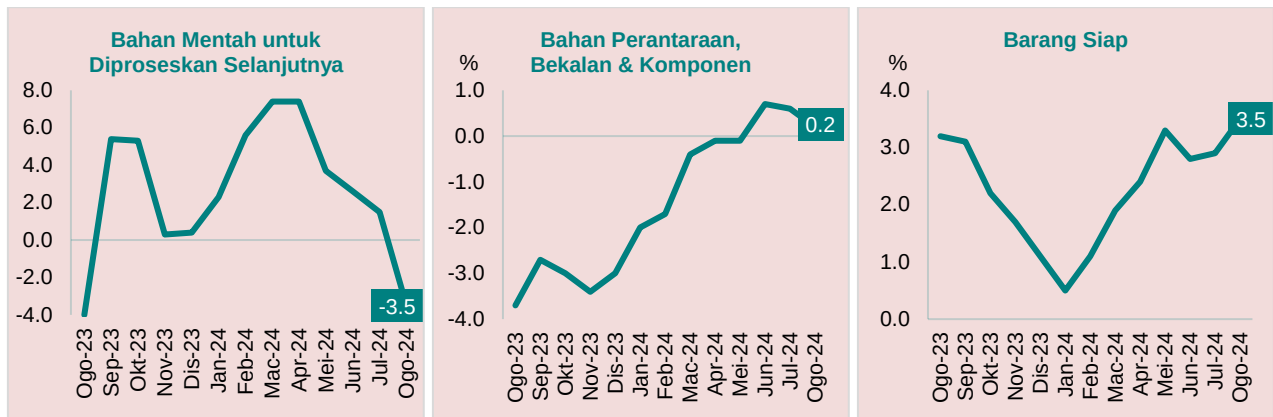
Carta 1: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) Pengeluaran Tempatan, Malaysia



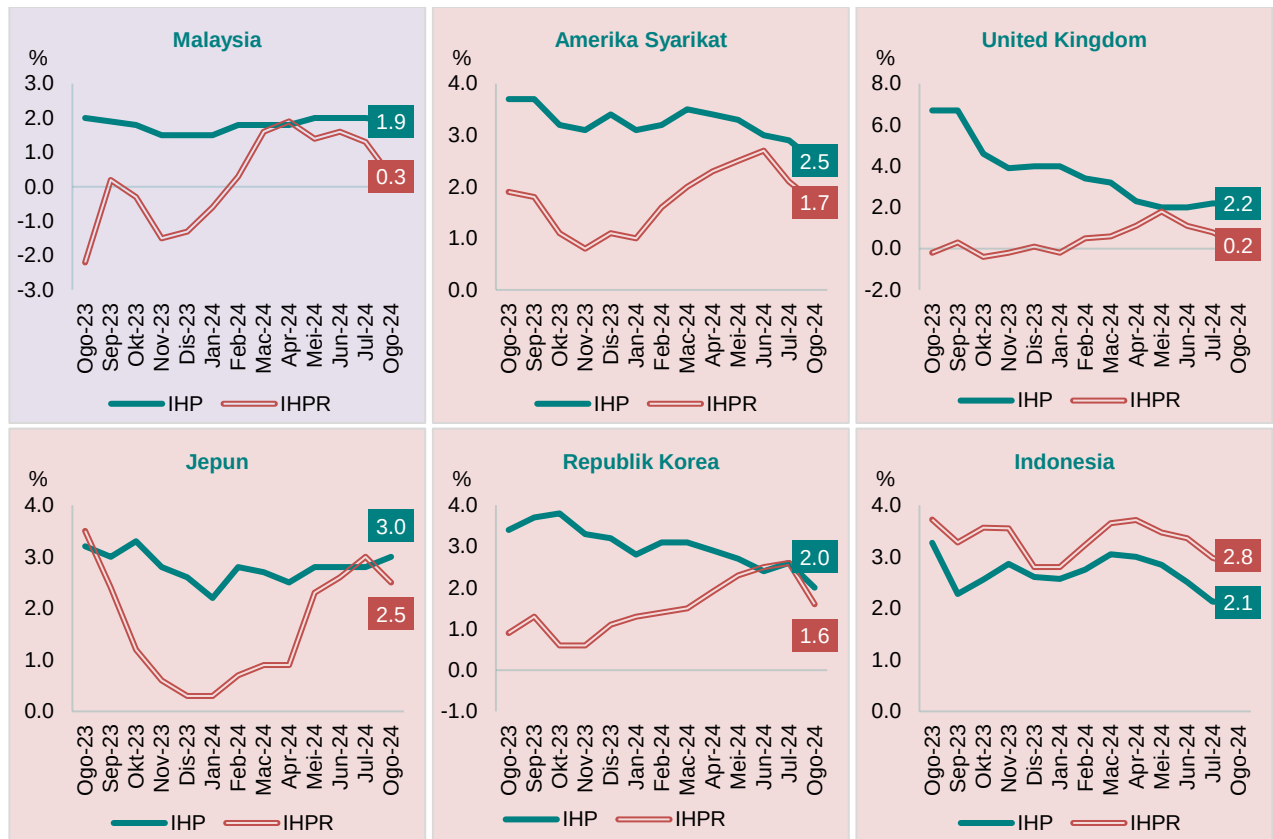
Carta 2: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) Pengeluaran Tempatan mengikut Sektor (Tahun ke Tahun), Malaysia

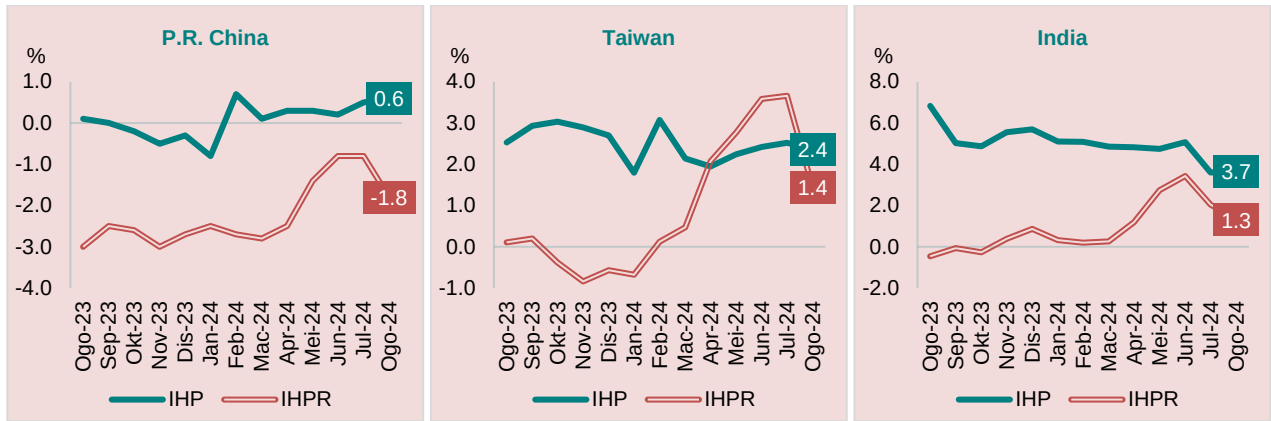


Carta 3: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) Pengeluaran Tempatan mengikut Peringkat Pemprosesan (Tahun ke Tahun), Malaysia



Carta 4: Peratus Perubahan Indeks Harga Pengguna (IHP) dan Indeks Harga Pengeluar (IHPR) bagi Negara-Negara Terpilih (Tahun ke Tahun)





Sumber: Laman web rasmi *National Statistical Offices (NSOs)* terpilih

Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN
JABATAN PERANGKAAAN MALAYSIA
26 SEPTEMBER 2024**



MEDIA STATEMENT

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

Block C6 & C7, Complex C,
Federal Government Administrative Centre, Precinct 1,
62514, Federal Territory Putrajaya
Telephone no. : 03 - 8090 4681

PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (PPI) LOCAL PRODUCTION, MALAYSIA AUGUST 2024

***Malaysia's Producer Price Index eased to 0.3 per cent in August 2024,
the lowest recorded since February 2024***

PUTRAJAYA, 26th September 2024 – Malaysia's Producer Price Index, which measures the price changes of goods at the producer level, eased to 0.3 per cent in August 2024, as compared to 1.3 per cent in the previous month. This was the lowest rate recorded since February 2024, attributed to a lower Malaysia's primary commodity prices. This was reported today in the latest monthly report of **PRODUCER PRICE INDEX (PPI) LOCAL PRODUCTION, AUGUST 2024** by the Department of Statistics Malaysia.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin commented, "Other sectors of PPI Local Production continued to increase in August 2024, with the exception of the Mining sector. The Agriculture, forestry & fishing sector went up by 2.7 per cent from the preceding year (July 2024: 3.4%) with the Growing of perennial crops index recording an increase of 6.3 per cent. The Manufacturing sector increased by 1.0 per cent (July 2024: 0.9%) reflected by Manufacture of computer, electronic & optical products (5.8%) and Manufacture of food products (2.3%) indices. Meanwhile, the index of Water supply and Electricity & gas supply increased by 8.0 per cent and 1.0 per cent, respectively. However, the Mining sector decreased by 8.3 per cent as compared to an increase of 2.2 per cent in the previous month, due to Extraction of natural gas (-10.1%) and Extraction of crude petroleum (-7.8%)."

He further explained, "On a monthly basis, PPI Local Production continued to decline by 0.9 per cent in August 2024 (July 2024: -0.2%). The decline was attributed to the Mining sector, which went down 6.8 per cent (July 2024: 0.7%). This was affected by both Extraction

of natural gas (-9.1%) and Extraction of crude petroleum (-6.1%) indices. The Agriculture, forestry & fishing sector edged down 2.7 per cent (July 2024: 1.1%), with the index of Growing of perennial crops recorded a decline of 2.9 per cent. The Manufacturing sector continued to decrease by 0.2 per cent (July 2024: -0.3%), owing to Manufacture of coke & refined petroleum products (-1.6%) and Manufacture of computer, electronic & optical products (-0.4%) indices. The Water supply sector similarly, went down 0.8 per cent (July 2024: 0.8%). Conversely, the Electricity & gas supply index increased by 0.6 per cent (July 2024: -0.8%).”

Commenting on the PPI Local Production by stage of processing, Chief Statistician Malaysia mentioned, “The Finished goods index edged up 3.5 per cent (July 2024: 2.9%) contributed by the Capital equipment (7.1%) index. The Intermediate materials, supplies & components index inched up 0.2 per cent (July 2024: 0.6%) due to the Materials and components for manufacturing (2.5%). Meanwhile, the Crude materials for further processing index was down by 3.5 per cent (July 2024: 1.5%), due to the Non-food materials index (-4.2%).

On a monthly basis, the Crude materials for further processing index decreased by 3.5 per cent, while the Intermediate materials, supplies & components index declined by 0.8 per cent. However, the Finished goods index went up by 0.6 per cent.

Looking at selected countries, the United States producer price index went up by 1.7 per cent this month, slower than a 2.1 per cent increase in July 2024. Japan’s producer price index continued to rise 2.5 per cent, as compared to an increase of 3.0 per cent in July 2024, eased by beverages & foods, chemicals and electrical machinery indices. Factory prices for United Kingdom-made goods also increased by 0.2 per cent, slowing from 0.8 per cent in the previous month, due to the chemicals and pharmaceutical preparations. Meanwhile, China’s producer prices contracted 1.8 per cent in August 2024, steeper than a 0.8 per cent decline in the previous month. This was due to persistently weak domestic demand and the downward trend in some global commodity prices.

Speaking about Malaysia’s current selected commodity prices, he further mentioned that, “The oil price is anticipated to remain volatile in the near term, influenced by several factors such as the expected recession in the United States (US) as well as geopolitical tensions in West Asia. Goldman Sachs forecast Brent crude oil prices to fall to USD68 per barrel by the end of 2025 if oil demand from China remains low through the end of next year. Meanwhile, the price of crude palm oil (CPO) for local markets decreased in August 2024, attributed to an increase in the production of fresh fruit bunches (FFB) and CPO.”

Embargo: Only to be published or disseminated at 1200 hour, Thursday, 26th September 2024

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

DOSM is conducting the Agriculture Census 2024. Please visit <https://www.myagricensus.gov.my> for more information. The theme is "Agriculture Census, Key to Agricultural Development".

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20th each year. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life". DOSM commemorates its 75th Diamond Jubilee in 2024.

Chart 1: Percentage Change of Producer Price Index (PPI) Local Production, Malaysia

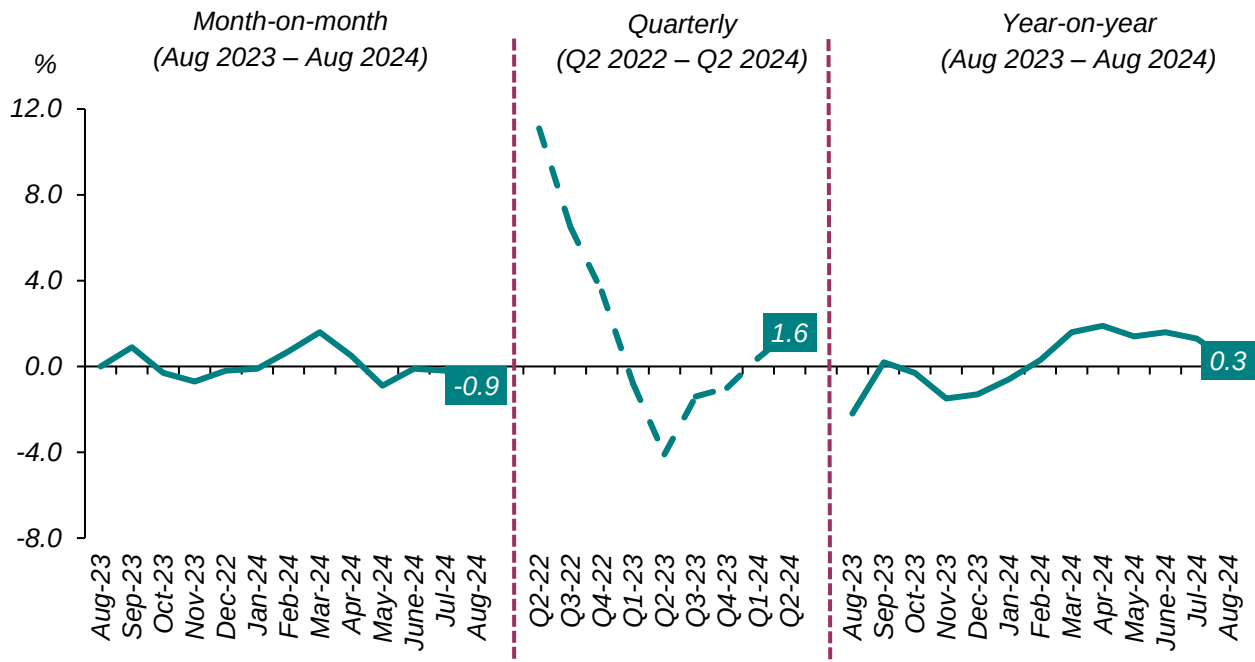


Chart 2: Percentage Change of Producer Price Index (PPI) Local Production by Sector (Year-on-Year), Malaysia

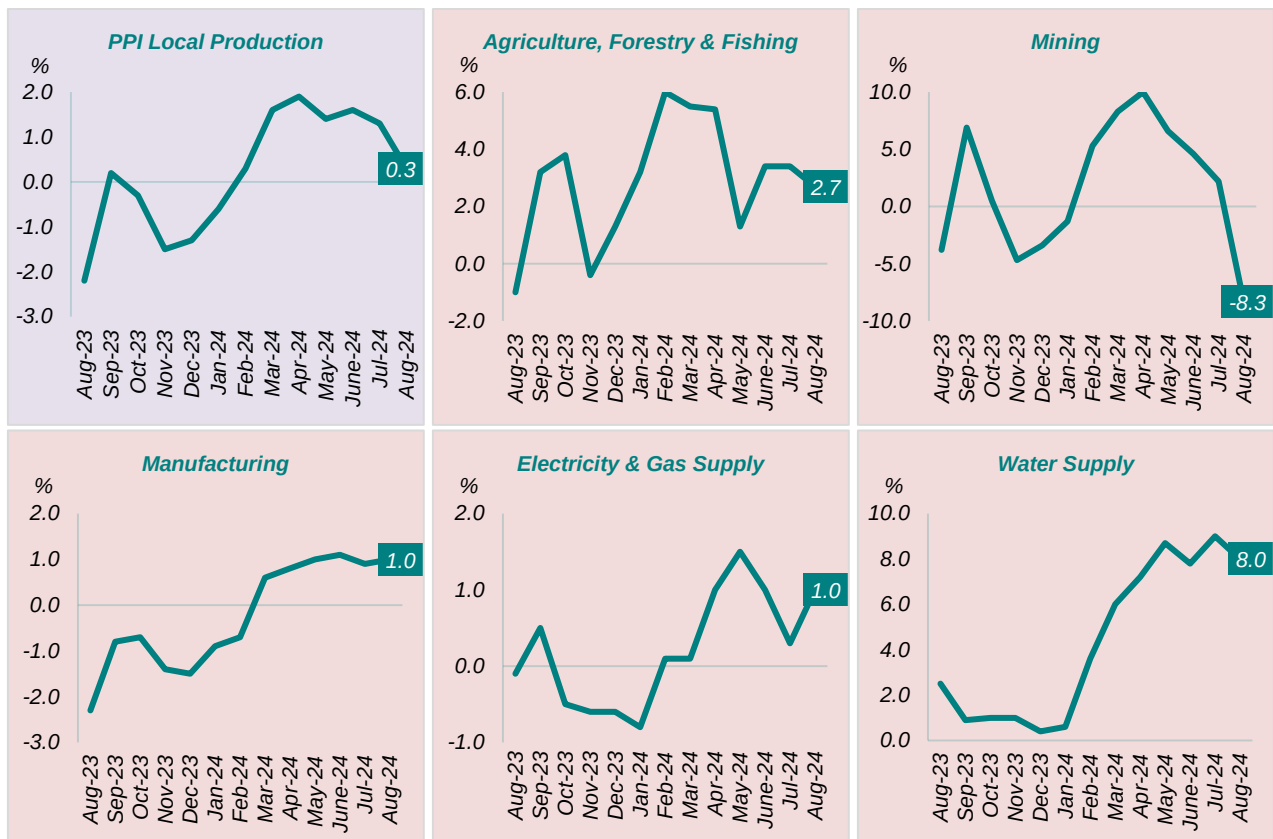
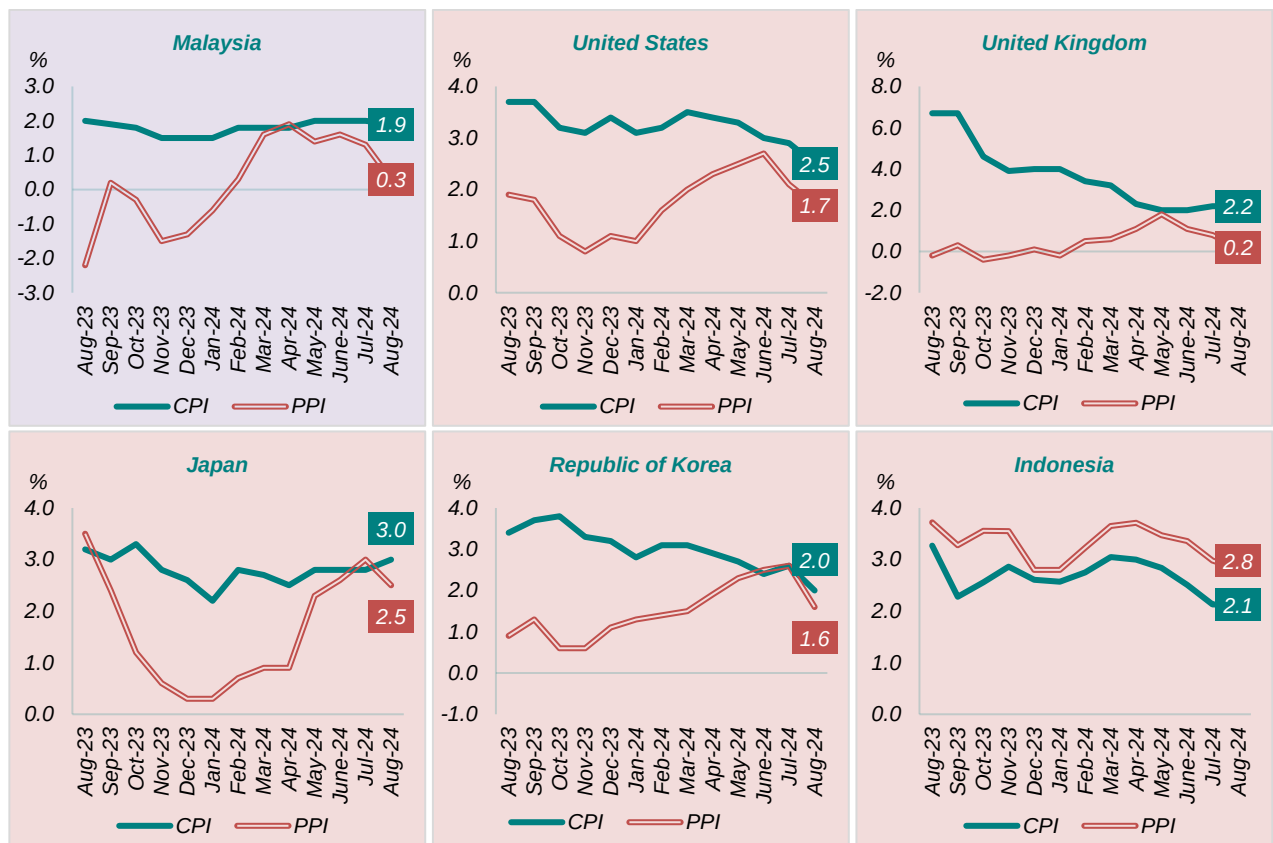
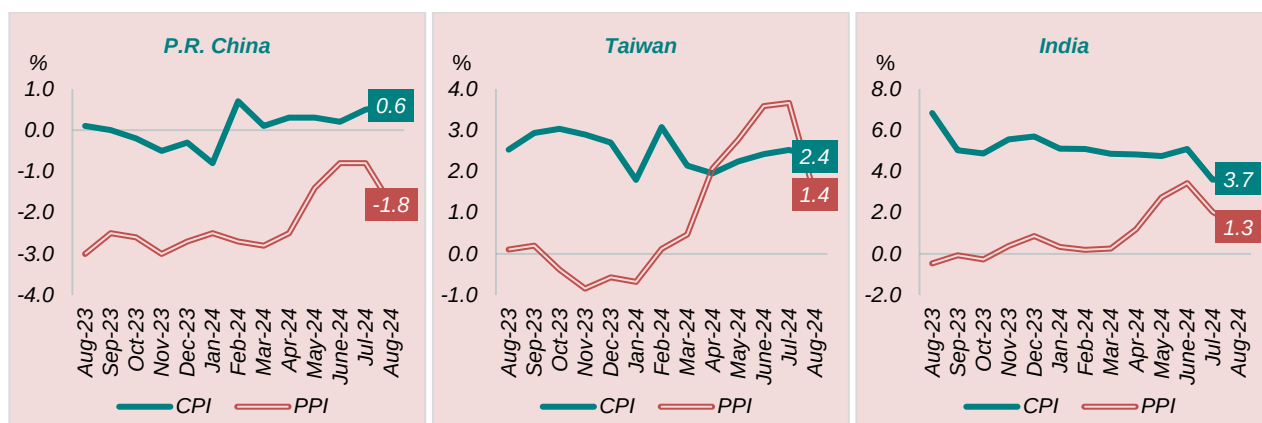


Chart 3: Percentage Change of Producer Price Index (PPI) Local Production by Stage of Processing (Year-on-Year), Malaysia



Chart 4: Percentage Change of Consumer Price Index (CPI) and Producer Price Index (PPI) of Selected Countries (Year-on-Year)





Source: Official websites of selected National Statistical Offices (NSOs)

Released by:

THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA
26th SEPTEMBER 2024