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KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA

PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA

JUN 2024

Perdagangan Malaysia bertumbuh secara konsisten, meningkat 8.7 peratus pada Jun 2024 kepada RM237.8 bilion

PUTRAJAYA, 18 Julai 2024 – Malaysia menyaksikan perdagangan yang menggalakkan pada Jun 2024, didorong oleh perkembangan ekonomi global yang memberangsangkan. Jumlah dagangan menunjukkan peningkatan 8.7 peratus daripada RM218.8 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM237.8 bilion. Prestasi ini didorong terutamanya oleh pertumbuhan import 17.8 peratus, mencecah RM111.8 bilion dan eksport 1.7 peratus, bernilai RM126.0 bilion pada Jun 2024 seperti yang dilaporkan hari ini dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, JUN 2024**. Buletin ini juga membentangkan prestasi produk untuk eksport dan import serta rakan dagangannya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin menjelaskan prestasi eksport Malaysia meningkat pada Jun 2024 seiring dengan peningkatan eksport domestik, menyumbang 79.7 peratus kepada jumlah eksport, meningkat 7.1 peratus kepada RM100.4 bilion. Sebaliknya, eksport semula turun 15.1 peratus berbanding Jun 2023, bernilai RM25.6 bilion, menyumbang 20.3 peratus kepada jumlah eksport. Sementara itu, import bernilai RM111.8 bilion, meningkat 17.8 peratus. Lebihan dagangan menurun 50.8 peratus kepada RM14.3 bilion, mencatatkan lebihan bulan ke-50 berturut-turut sejak Mei 2020. Berbanding Mei 2024, eksport, import dan jumlah dagangan mencatatkan penurunan 1.6 peratus, 5.4 peratus dan 3.4 peratus, masing-masing. Manakala, imbalan dagangan meningkat 43.6 peratus.

Melihat dari sudut kumpulan barangan, 137 daripada 258 kumpulan eksport dan 160 daripada 259 kumpulan import menunjukkan peningkatan berbanding bulan yang sama pada tahun sebelumnya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia turut menekankan bahawa eksport yang lebih tinggi disumbangkan oleh kenaikan terutamanya ke Taiwan (+RM2.2 bilion), diikuti oleh

Amerika Syarikat (+RM1.9 bilion), Thailand (+RM1.3 bilion), Viet Nam (+RM623.1 juta), India (+RM404.8 juta), Mexico (+RM277.0 juta), Samoa Amerika (+RM216.2 juta), Kanada (+RM214.8 juta) dan Arab Saudi (+RM203.0 juta). Selain itu, import yang lebih tinggi disumbangkan terutamanya dari China (+RM5.6 bilion), diikuti oleh Amerika Syarikat (+RM2.6 bilion), Taiwan (+RM2.1 bilion), Singapura (+RM2.0 bilion), Republik Korea (+RM1.3 bilion), Emiriah Arab Bersatu (+RM1.3 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM956.7 juta), Brazil (+RM777.5 juta) dan Argentina (+RM543.9 juta).

Mengulas lebih lanjut mengenai eksport, kenaikan ini sejajar dengan peningkatan dalam jentera, kelengkapan & peralatan (+RM1.1 bilion); barangan perkilangan lain (+RM941.1 juta); gas asli cecair (+RM877.8 juta); produk perkilangan berasaskan minyak sawit (+RM461.5 juta); keluaran getah (+RM335.8 juta); dan barangan optik & saintifik (+RM315.8 juta). Tambahan pula, peningkatan import dicatatkan untuk barangan elektrik & elektronik (+RM8.9 bilion); jentera, kelengkapan & peralatan (+RM1.9 bilion); petroleum mentah (+RM1.6 bilion); pertanian lain (+RM829.6 juta); keluaran petroleum (+RM760.5 juta); dan gas asli cecair (+RM459.5 juta).

Selanjutnya, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia juga memaklumkan pertambahan import mengikut Penggunaan Akhir adalah seiring dengan permintaan yang lebih tinggi bagi barangan perantaraan, barangan modal dan barangan penggunaan. Import barang perantaraan (54.4% daripada jumlah import), bernilai RM60.8 bilion, mencatatkan peningkatan 37.2 peratus atau RM16.5 bilion berbanding Jun 2023. Barangan modal bernilai RM12.0 bilion, meningkat 23.5 peratus, mewakili 10.7 peratus daripada jumlah import. Barangan penggunaan (8.3% daripada jumlah import), meningkat 13.5 peratus daripada RM8.2 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM9.2 bilion.

Jumlah dagangan, eksport dan import bagi tempoh Januari hingga Jun 2024 mencatatkan peningkatan. Jumlah dagangan meningkat 8.4 peratus, daripada RM1.3 trilion kepada RM1.4 trilion, sejajar dengan peningkatan dalam eksport (+3.9%) serta import (+13.8%). Sebaliknya, lebihan dagangan berkurang 44.5 peratus mencatatkan nilai RM66.1 bilion berbanding tempoh yang sama pada 2023.

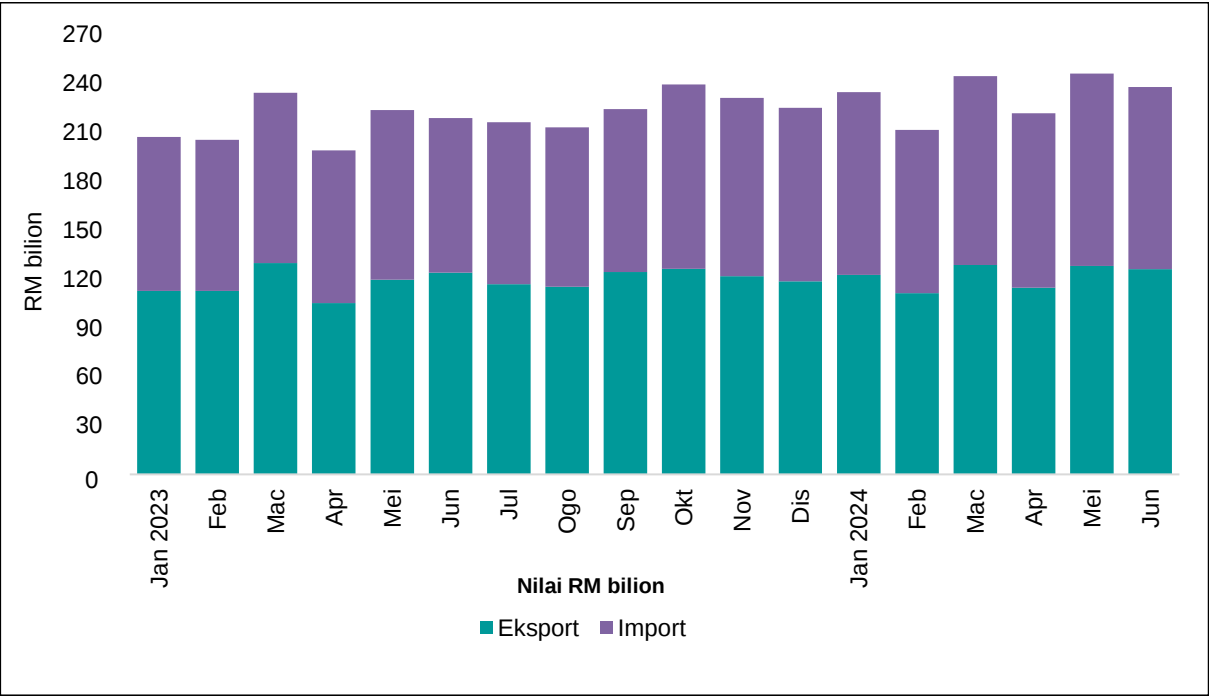
Prestasi bagi suku kedua 2024, jumlah dagangan, eksport dan import mengalami peningkatan berbanding tempoh yang sama tahun lepas. Prestasi ekonomi yang memberangsangkan membawa kepada peningkatan 10.0 peratus dalam jumlah dagangan, sejajar dengan peningkatan dalam eksport (+5.8%) dan import (+15.0%). Sebaliknya, lebihan dagangan berjumlah RM32.0 bilion, menurun 42.7 peratus berbanding tempoh yang sama pada 2023.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) telah melancarkan OpenDOSM NextGen sebagai medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

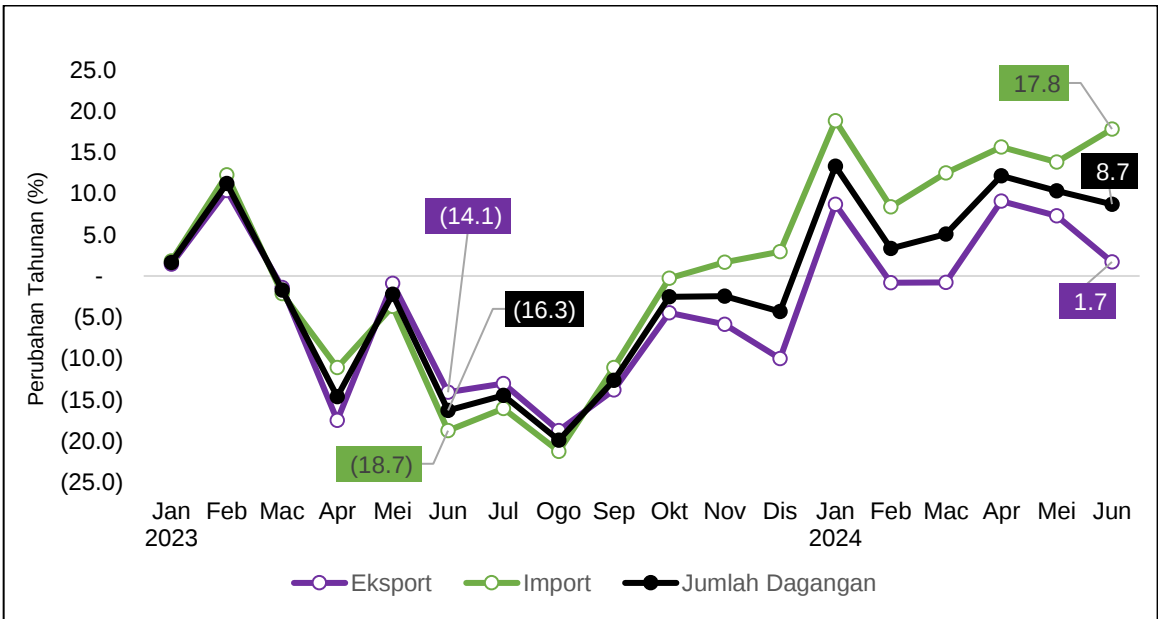
DOSM akan menjalankan Banci Pertanian pada tahun 2024. Sila layari <https://www.myagricensus.gov.my/> untuk maklumat lanjut. Tema adalah "Banci Pertanian, Kunci Kemajuan Pertanian."

Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober setiap tahun. Tema sambutan MyStats Day adalah “Statistik Nadi Kehidupan”. DOSM menyambut ulang tahun ke-75 Jubli Intan pada tahun 2024.

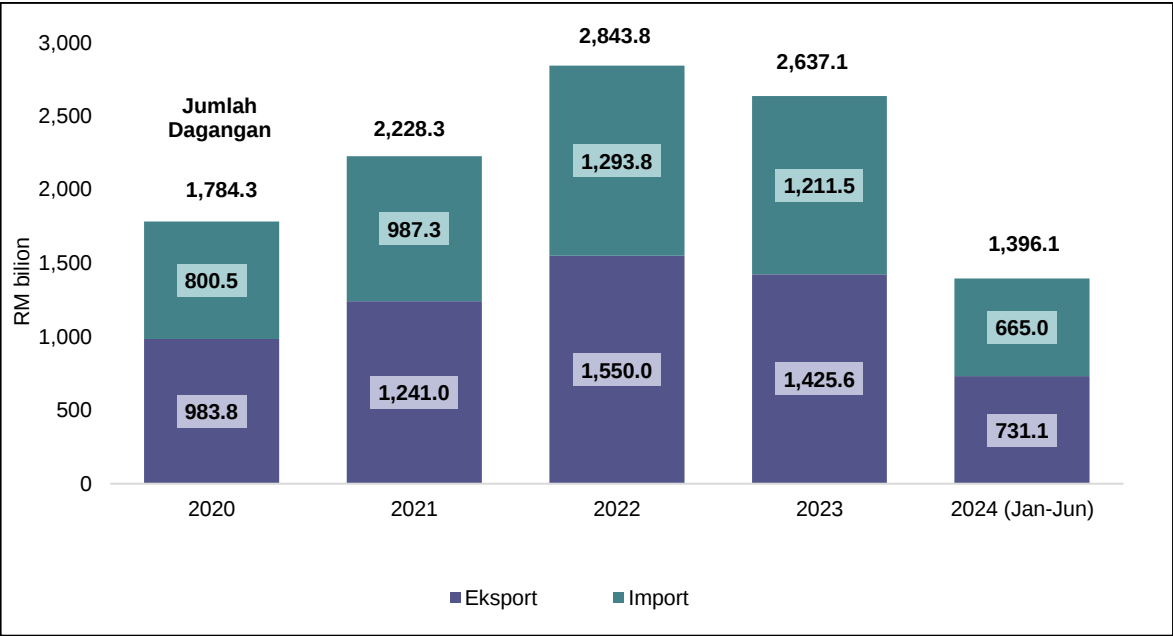
Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2023 – Jun 2024 (Nilai)



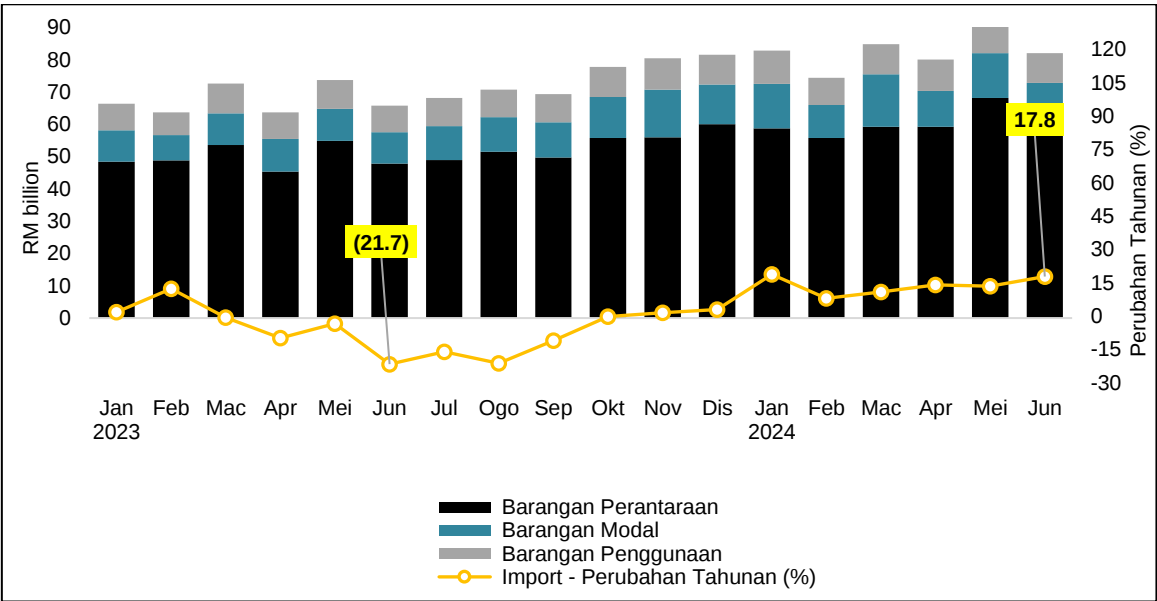
Carta 2: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2023 – Jun 2024 (Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



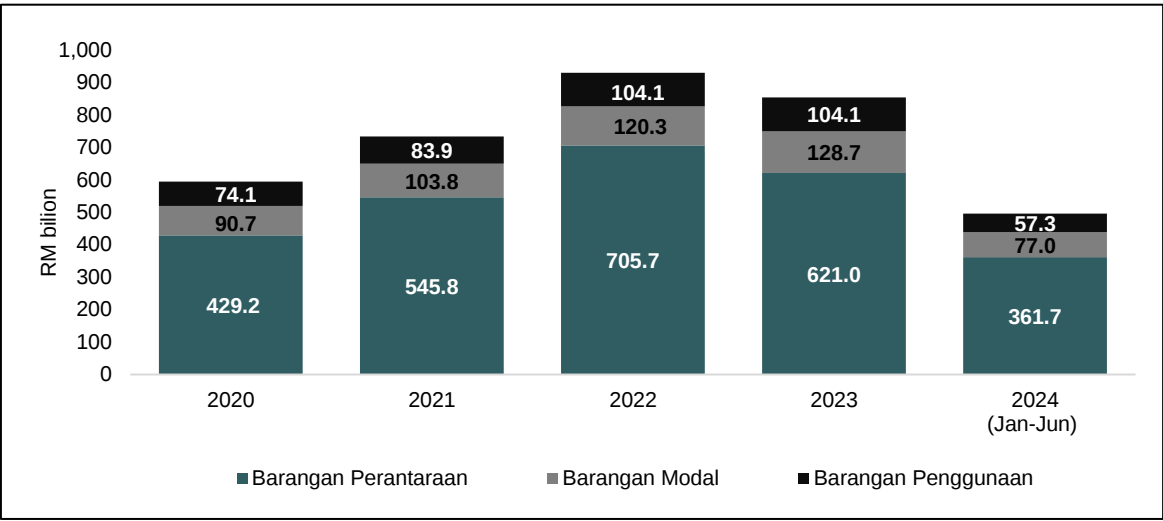
Carta 3: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, 2020 – 2024 (Jan-Jun)



Carta 4: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC),
Jan 2023 – Jun 2024
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Carta 5: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC)
2020 – 2024 (Jan-Jun)



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MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT
MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS
JUNE 2024

Malaysia's trade grew steadily, increasing 8.7 per cent in June 2024 to reach RM237.8 billion

PUTRAJAYA, July 18, 2024 – Malaysia saw an encouraging trade performance in June 2024, riding the wave of a strengthening global economy. Total trade exhibited a 8.7 per cent increase from RM218.8 billion in the previous year to RM237.8 billion. This performance primarily driven by the growth in imports by 17.8 per cent, reaching RM111.8 billion and exports by 1.7 per cent, valued at RM126.0 billion in June 2024 as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, JUNE 2024**. This bulletin also presents the performance of export and import products with its trading partners.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin highlighted Malaysia's exports increased in June 2024 in conjunction with the rise in domestic exports, contributing 79.7 per cent to total exports, rose by 7.1 per cent to RM100.4 billion. On the other hand, re-exports was down by 15.1 per cent as compared to June 2023, worth RM25.6 billion, contributing 20.3 per cent to total exports. Meanwhile, imports worth RM111.8 billion, increased by 17.8 per cent. Trade surplus decreased by 50.8 per cent to RM14.3 billion, the 50th consecutive month of surplus since May 2020. Comparing with May 2024, exports, imports and total trade recorded a decrease of 1.6 per cent, 5.4 per cent and 3.4 per cent, respectively. Nonetheless, trade balance increased by 43.6 per cent.

From the perspective of the commodity group, 137 out of 258 export groups and 160 out of 259 import groups showed an increase as compared to the same month of the previous year.

Chief Statistician Malaysia further explained higher exports was attributable from the increase mainly to Taiwan (+RM2.2 billion), followed by the United States (+RM1.9 billion), Thailand (+RM1.3 billion), Viet Nam (+RM623.1 million), India (+RM404.8 million), Mexico (+RM277.0 million), American Samoa

(+RM216.2 million), Canada (+RM214.8 million) and Saudi Arabia (+RM203.0 million). Moreover, higher imports were mainly contributed from China (+RM5.6 billion), followed by the United States (+RM2.6 billion), Taiwan (+RM2.1 billion), Singapore (+RM2.0 billion), Republic of Korea (+RM1.3 billion), the United Arab Emirates (+RM1.3 billion), the European Union (+RM956.7 million), Brazil (+RM777.5 million) and Argentina (+RM543.9 million).

Commenting further on exports, the rise was in line with the increase in machinery, equipment & parts (+RM1.1 billion); other manufactures (+RM941.1 million); liquefied natural gas (+RM877.8 million); palm oil-based manufactured products (+RM461.5 million); rubber products (+RM335.8 million); and optical & scientific equipment (+RM315.8 million). Furthermore, the increase in imports was logged for electrical & electronic products (+RM8.9 billion); machinery, equipment & parts (+RM1.9 billion); crude petroleum (+RM1.6 billion); other agriculture (+RM829.6 million); petroleum products (+RM760.5 million); and liquefied natural gas (+RM459.5 million).

Adding to this, the Chief Statistician Malaysia also emphasized the rise in imports by End Use which was in accordance with higher demand for intermediate goods, capital goods and consumption goods. Imports of intermediate goods (54.4% of total imports), valued at RM60.8 billion, registered an increase of 37.2 per cent or RM16.5 billion as compared to June 2023. Capital goods with a value of RM12.0 billion, rose by 23.5 per cent, representing 10.7 per cent of total imports. Consumption goods (8.3% of total imports), grew by 13.5 per cent from RM8.2 billion in the previous year to RM9.2 billion.

Total trade, exports and imports for the period of January to June 2024 registered an increase. Total trade grew by 8.4 per cent, from RM1.3 trillion to RM1.4 trillion, in line with the rise in exports (+3.9%) as well as imports (+13.8%). On the contrary, trade surplus decreased by 44.5 per cent to post a value of RM66.1 billion as compared to the same period in 2023.

Performance for the second quarter of 2024, total trade, exports and imports experienced an increase as compared to the same period last year. The encouraging economic performance led to a 10.0 per cent rise in total trade, aligning with the increase in exports (+5.8%) and imports (+15.0%). On the other hand, trade surplus amounted to RM32.0 billion, a decrease of 42.7 per cent as compared to the same period in 2023.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalog of data and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis of various data and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

DOSM will conduct the Agricultural Census in 2024. Please visit <https://www.myagricensus.gov.my/> for more information. The theme is "Agriculture Census, Key to Agricultural Development."

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20th each year. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life".

DOSM commemorates its 75th Diamond Jubilee in 2024.

Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2023 – Jun 2024 (Value)

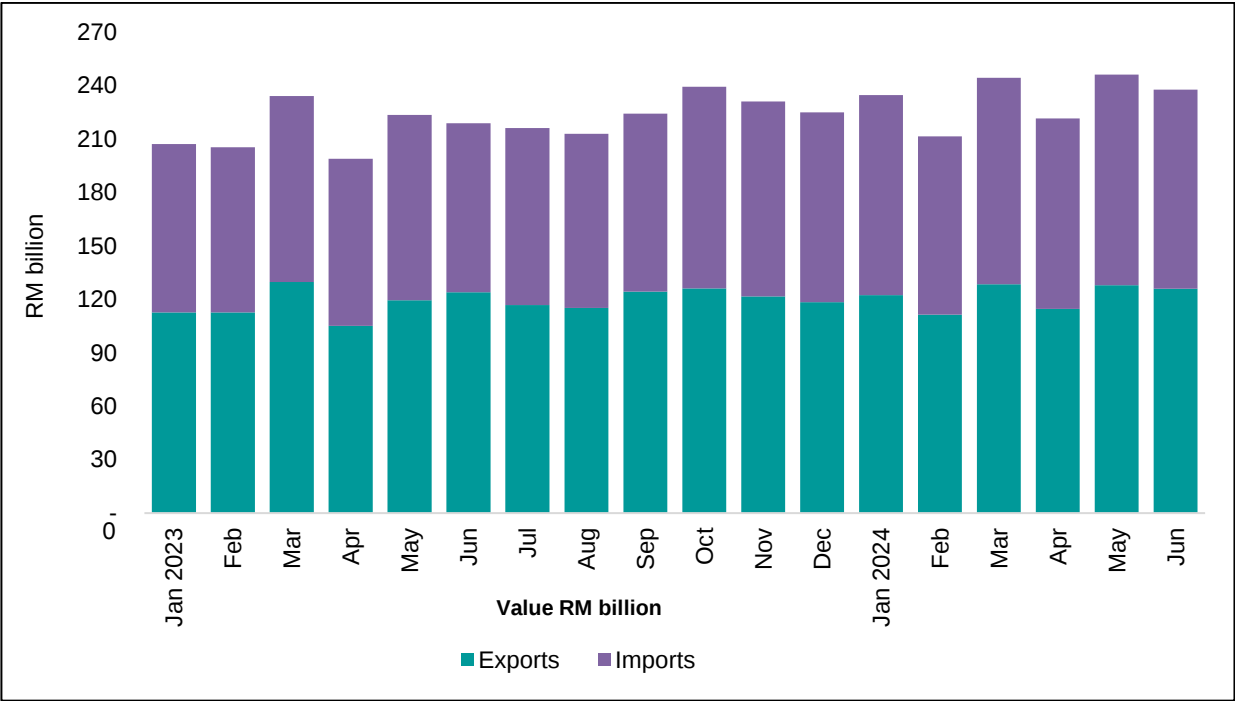


Chart 2: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2023 – Jun 2024 (Annual Percentage Change)

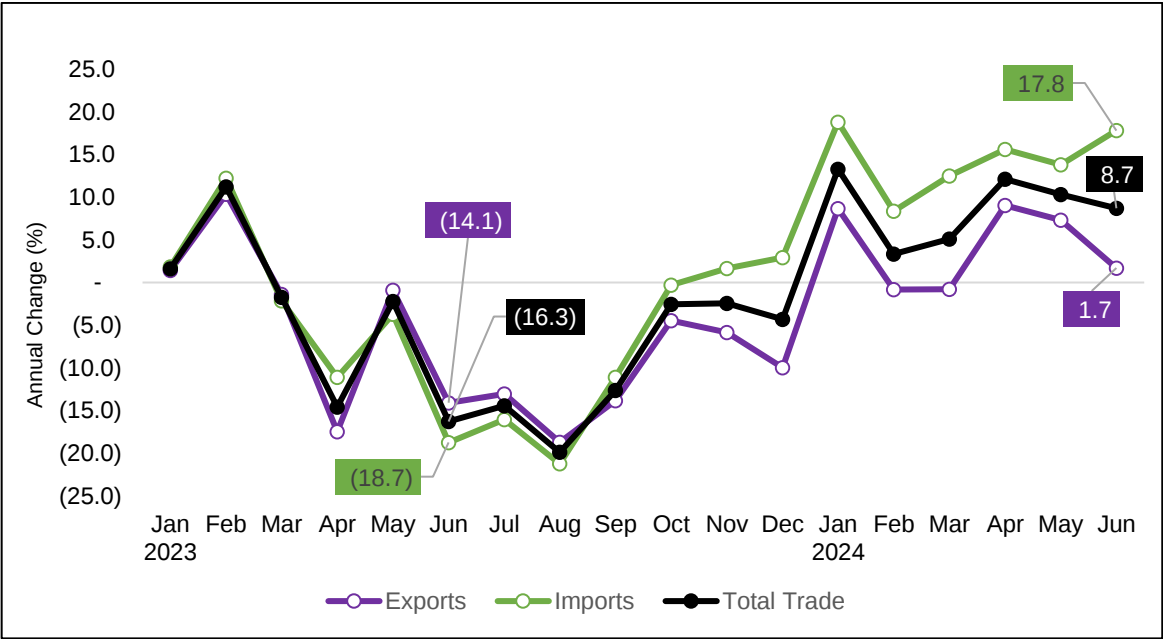


Chart 3: External Trade Statistics, 2020 – 2024 (Jan-Jun)

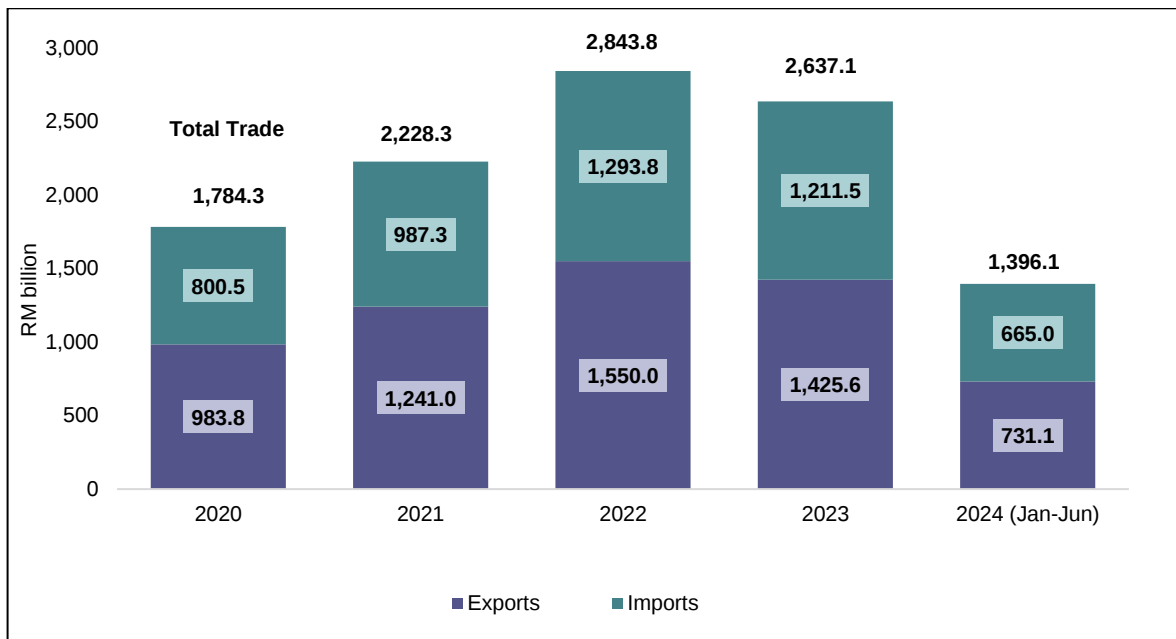


Chart 4: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification, Jan 2023 – Jun 2024
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)

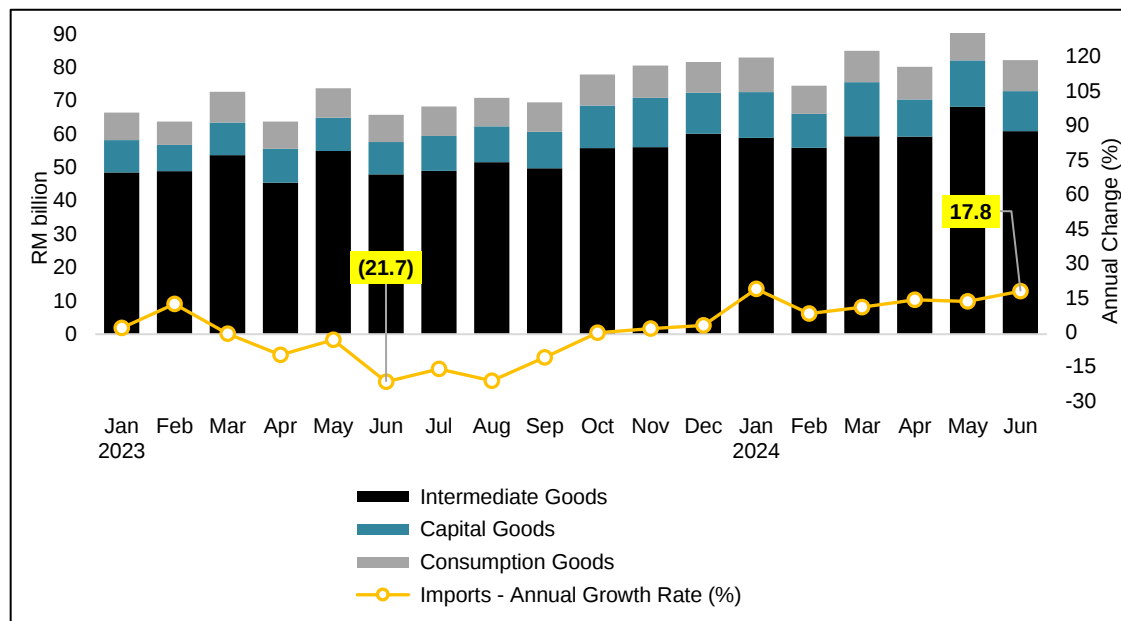
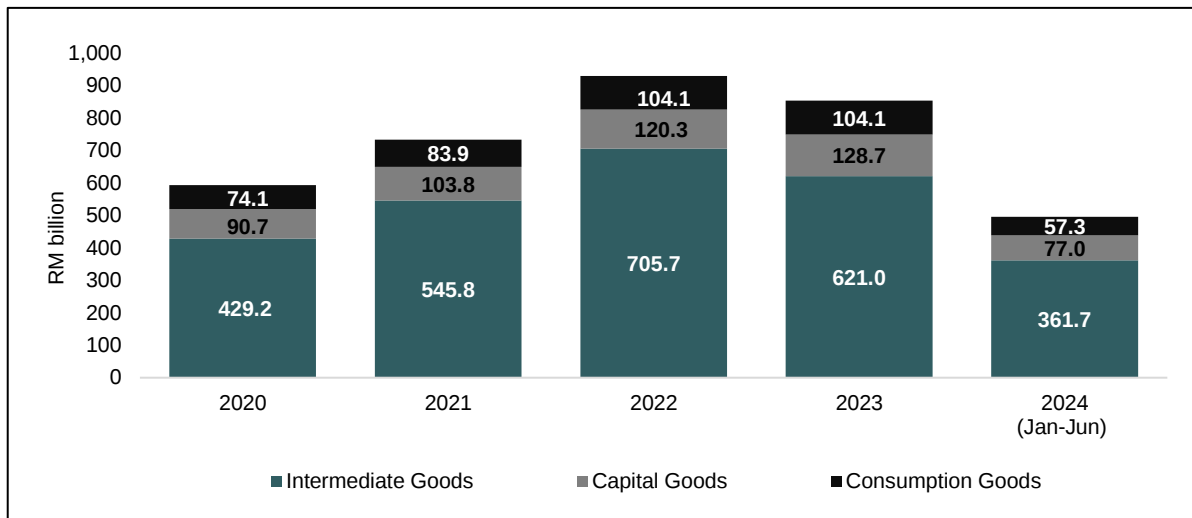


Chart 5: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification, 2020 – 2024 (Jan-Jun)



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THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

18 JULY 2024