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KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA

PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA

OGOS 2023

**Imbangan dagangan Malaysia kekal positif dengan lebih bernilai
RM17.3 bilion pada Ogos 2023**

PUTRAJAYA, 19 September 2023 – Prestasi perdagangan Malaysia pada Ogos 2023 merosot 19.8 peratus atau RM52.7 bilion kepada RM213.0 bilion berbanding RM265.8 bilion pada Ogos 2022. Selaras dengan pengurangan jumlah dagangan, eksport mencatatkan penyusutan 18.6 peratus kepada RM115.2 bilion dan import turun RM26.4 bilion atau 21.2 peratus kepada RM97.9 bilion, tahun ke tahun. Bagaimanapun, lebih dagangan terus berkembang, meningkat 0.1 peratus kepada RM17.3 bilion pada Ogos 2023 seperti yang dilaporkan hari ini dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, OGOS 2023**. Buletin ini juga membentangkan prestasi produk untuk eksport dan import serta rakan dagangannya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata, "Eksport Malaysia pada Ogos 2023 berkurang RM26.4 bilion daripada RM141.5 bilion, selaras dengan penurunan yang ditunjukkan oleh kedua-dua eksport semula dan eksport domestik. Eksport semula berjumlah RM23.2 bilion, menyusut 33.5 peratus berbanding Ogos 2022. Eksport domestik bernilai RM92.0 bilion, menyumbang 79.9 peratus kepada jumlah eksport, berkurang 13.8 peratus. Import turun 21.2 peratus daripada RM124.2 bilion pada Ogos 2022 kepada RM97.9 bilion. Sementara itu, lebih dagangan Malaysia pada Ogos 2023 meningkat RM21.1 juta (0.1%) kepada RM17.3 bilion berbanding bulan yang sama tahun lepas. Ini merupakan lebih dagangan yang ke-40 bulan berturut-turut sejak Mei 2020. Eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan lebih dagangan menguncup masing-masing 1.4 peratus, 1.6 peratus, 1.5 peratus dan 0.3 peratus berbanding Julai 2023."

Meninjau dari sudut kumpulan barangan, 144 daripada 255 kumpulan barangan eksport dan 172 daripada 258 kumpulan barangan import menunjukkan penurunan berbanding bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia menjelaskan bahawa eksport yang lebih rendah disumbangkan oleh penurunan terutamanya ke Singapura (-RM4.0 bilion), diikuti oleh China (-RM3.7 bilion), Hong Kong (-RM3.2 bilion), Indonesia (-RM2.7 bilion), Jepun (-RM1.8 bilion), Amerika Syarikat (-RM1.5 bilion), Taiwan (-RM1.5 bilion), Thailand (-RM1.3 bilion), Myanmar (-RM1.2 bilion) dan Afrika Selatan (-RM1.0 bilion). Sementara itu, penurunan import terutamanya disumbangkan dari Taiwan (-RM4.8 bilion) diikuti oleh China (-RM4.4 bilion), Jepun (-RM2.6 bilion), Amerika Syarikat (-RM2.4 bilion), Arab Saudi (-RM2.0 bilion), Republik Korea (-RM1.8 bilion), Indonesia (-RM1.7 bilion) dan Emiriah Arab Bersatu (-RM1.0 bilion).

Mengulas lanjut mengenai eksport, penyusutan selaras dengan pengurangan oleh barangan elektrik & elektronik (-RM7.8 bilion); keluaran petroleum (-RM7.8 bilion); minyak kelapa sawit & keluaran pertanian berasaskan minyak kelapa sawit (-RM2.6 bilion); gas asli cecair (-RM1.6 bilion); barangan perkilangan lain (-RM1.6 bilion); barangan perkilangan berasaskan minyak sawit (-RM841.0 juta); petroleum mentah (-RM751.6 juta) dan kimia & bahan kimia (-RM669.4 juta). Sementara itu, penguncupan import dicatatkan bagi keluaran petroleum (-RM9.9 bilion); barangan elektrik & elektronik (-RM5.1 bilion); petroleum mentah (-RM2.2 bilion); kimia & bahan kimia (-RM2.1 bilion); barangan perkilangan lain (-RM1.4 bilion); gas asli cecair (-RM1.2 bilion) dan arang batu (-RM938.3 juta).

Selanjutnya, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata, "Penyusutan import mengikut Penggunaan Akhir seiring dengan permintaan yang lebih perlahan bagi barangan perantaraan dan barangan penggunaan. Import barangan perantaraan (52.6% daripada jumlah import) bernilai RM51.5 bilion, mencatatkan kemerosotan 22.6 peratus atau RM15.0 bilion. Barangan penggunaan (8.7% daripada jumlah import) mencatatkan pengurangan 5.4 peratus daripada RM9.0 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM8.5 bilion. Sebaliknya, barangan modal bernilai RM10.7 bilion menokok 5.4 peratus berbanding Ogos 2022 dan merangkumi 10.9 peratus daripada jumlah import."

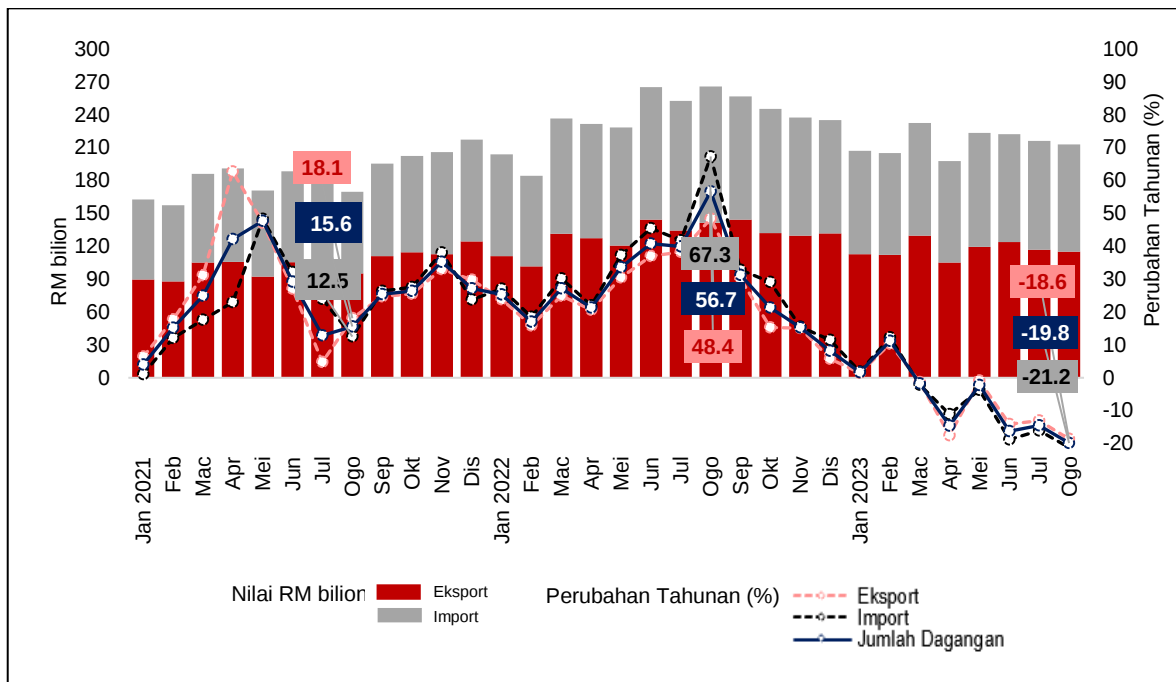
Di samping itu, terdapat penurunan dalam jumlah dagangan, eksport, import dan lebihan dagangan bagi tempoh Januari hingga Ogos 2023. Jumlah dagangan berkurang 8.1 peratus, sejajar dengan penyusutan eksport (-7.6%) serta import (-8.6%). Pada masa yang sama, lebihan dagangan merosot 2.0 peratus berbanding tempoh yang sama pada 2022.

DOSM sedang menjalankan Banci Ekonomi pada tahun 2023. DOSM amat menghargai kerjasama daripada responden dalam memberikan maklumat kepada DOSM serta menjayakan banci ini. Sila layari www.dosm.gov.my untuk maklumat lanjut.

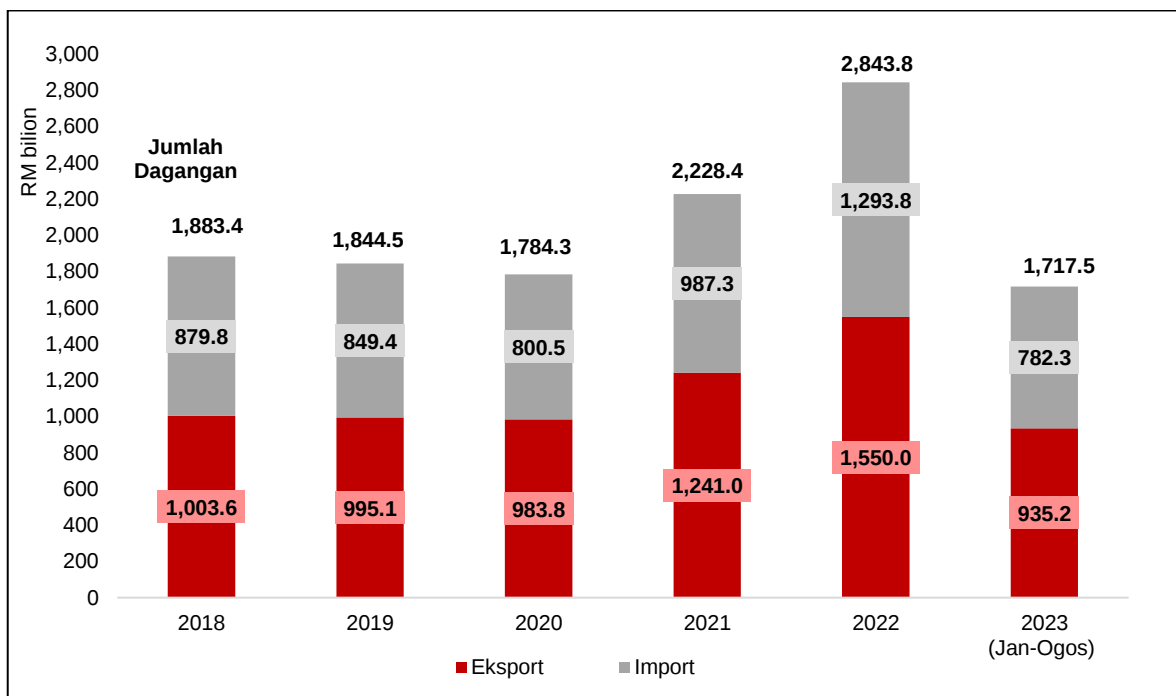
DOSM telah melancarkan OpenDOSM NextGen sebagai medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data. OpenDOSM NextGen ialah platform perkongsian data sumber terbuka dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober setiap tahun. Tema sambutan MyStats Day adalah "Statistik Nadi Kehidupan".

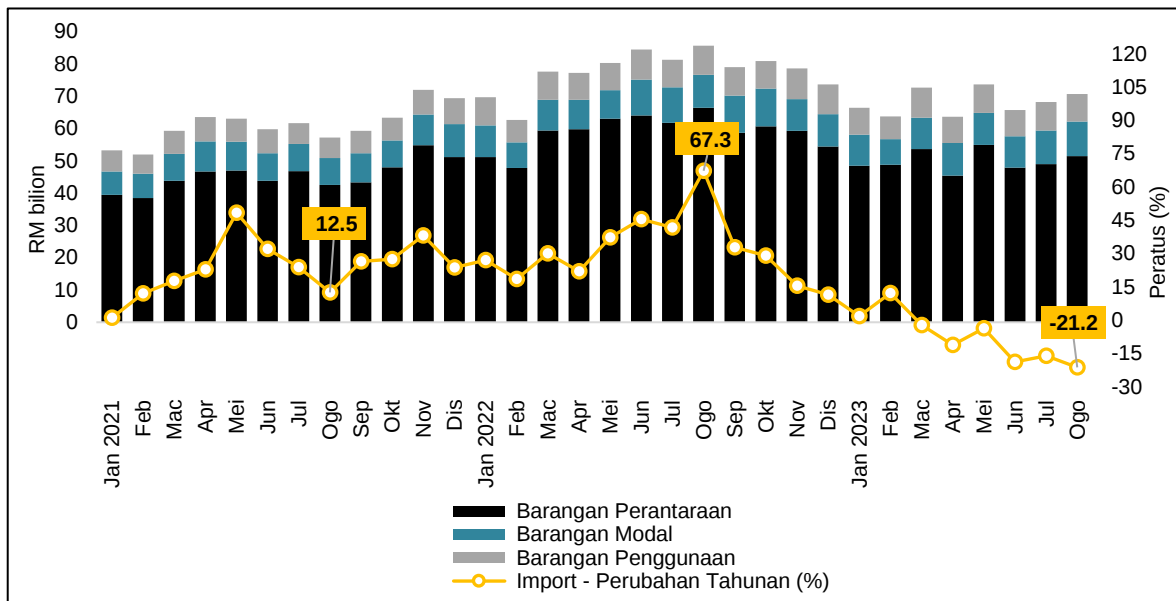
Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2021 – Ogos 2023
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



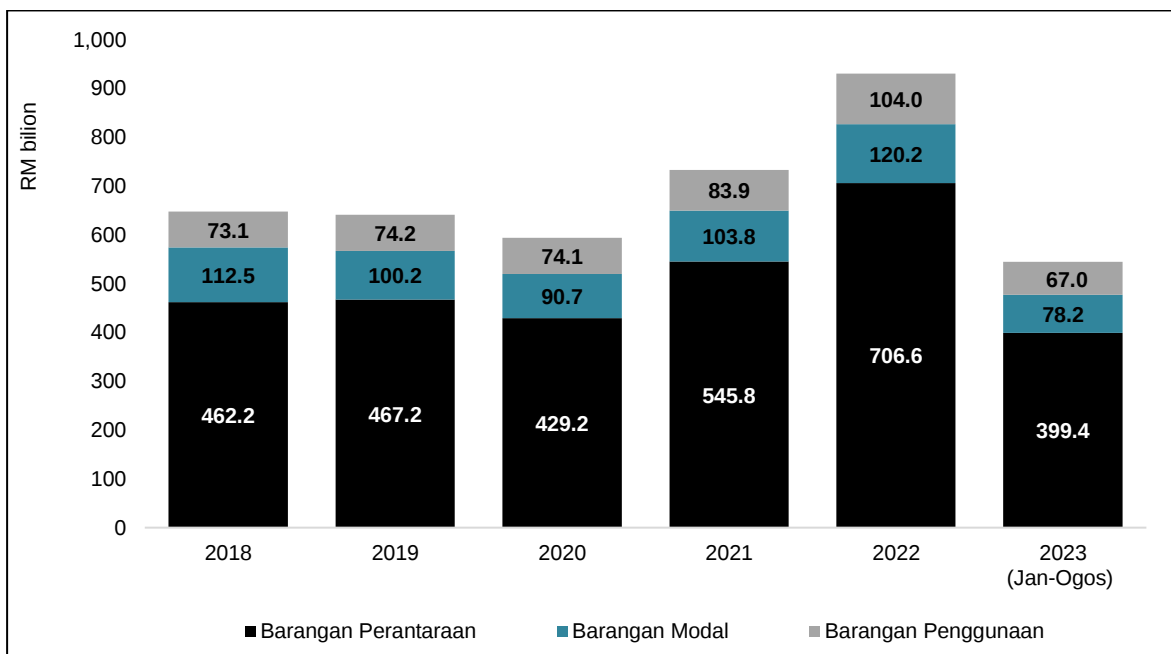
Carta 2: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, 2018 – 2023 (Jan - Ogos)



Carta 3: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC),
Jan 2021 – Ogos 2023
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Carta 4: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum
2018 – 2023 (Jan - Ogos)



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PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

19 SEPTEMBER 2023

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MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT
MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS
AUGUST 2023

***Malaysia's trade balance remains positive with a surplus worth
RM17.3 billion in August 2023***

PUTRAJAYA, September 19, 2023 – Malaysia's trade performance in August 2023 contracted by 19.8 per cent or RM52.7 billion to RM213.0 billion as compared to RM265.8 billion in August 2022. Consistent with the reduction in total trade, exports registered a decrease of 18.6 per cent to RM115.2 billion and imports declined by RM26.4 billion or 21.2 per cent to RM97.9 billion, year-on-year (y-o-y). Meanwhile, trade surplus continued to expand, rising by 0.1 per cent to RM17.3 billion in August 2023 as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, AUGUST 2023**. This bulletin also presents the performance of export and import products with its trading partners.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, "Malaysia's exports in August 2023 decreased by RM26.4 billion from RM141.5 billion, reflecting a decrease in both re-exports and domestic exports. Re-exports amounted to RM23.2 billion, shrank by 33.5 per cent as compared to August 2022. Domestic exports worth RM92.0 billion, contributing 79.9 per cent to total exports, contracted by 13.8 per cent. Imports fell by 21.2 per cent from RM124.2 billion in August 2022 to RM97.9 billion. Meanwhile, Malaysia's trade surplus in August 2023 widened by RM21.1 million (0.1%) to RM17.3 billion as compared to the same month last year. This was the 40th consecutive month of trade surplus since May 2020. Exports, imports, total trade and trade surplus contracted 1.4 per cent, 1.6 per cent, 1.5 per cent and 0.3 per cent, respectively in comparison to July 2023."

From the perspective of the commodity group, 144 out of 255 export groups and 172 out of 258 import groups showed a decrease as compared to the same month of the previous year.

Chief Statistician Malaysia explained that the slower exports was attributable to the decline mainly to Singapore (-RM4.0 billion), followed by China (-RM3.7 billion), Hong Kong (-RM3.2 billion), Indonesia (-RM2.7 billion), Japan (-RM1.8 billion), the

United States (-RM1.5 billion), Taiwan (-RM1.5 billion), Thailand (-RM1.3 billion), Myanmar (-RM1.2 billion) and South Africa (-RM1.0 billion). Meanwhile, the decrease in imports was mainly contributed from Taiwan (-RM4.8 billion), followed by China (-RM4.4 billion), Japan (-RM2.6 billion), the United States (-RM2.4 billion), Saudi Arabia (-RM2.0 billion), Republic of Korea (-RM1.8 billion), Indonesia (-RM1.7 billion) and the United Arab Emirates (-RM1.0 billion).

Commenting further on exports, the fall was in line with the drop in electrical & electronic products (-RM7.8 billion); petroleum products (-RM7.8 billion); palm oil & palm oil-based agricultural products (-RM2.6 billion); liquefied natural gas (-RM1.6 billion); other manufactures (-RM1.6 billion); palm oil-based manufactured products (-RM841.0 million); crude petroleum (-RM751.6 million) and chemical & chemical products (-RM669.4 million). Meanwhile, the contraction in imports was logged for petroleum products (-RM9.9 billion); electrical & electronic products (-RM5.1 billion); crude petroleum (-RM2.2 billion); chemical & chemical products (-RM2.1 billion); other manufactures (-RM1.4 billion); liquefied natural gas (-RM1.2 billion) dan coal, coke & briquettes (-RM938.3 million).

Adding to this, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, "The plunge in imports by End Use was in consequence of slower demand for intermediate goods and consumption goods. Imports of intermediate goods (52.6% of total imports) amounted to RM51.5 billion, posted a slump of 22.6 per cent or RM15.0 billion. Consumption goods (8.7% of total imports) recorded 5.4 per cent decrease from RM9.0 billion in the previous year to RM8.5 billion. On the other hand, capital goods with a value of RM10.7 billion went up by 5.4 per cent as compared to August 2022 and comprised 10.9 per cent of total imports."

In addition, there was a decrease in total trade, exports, imports and trade surplus in the January to August 2023 period. Total trade decreased by 8.1 per cent, in line with the decline in exports (-7.6%) as well as imports (-8.6%). At the same time, the trade surplus declined 2.0 per cent as compared to the same period in 2022.

DOSM is conducting the Economic Census in 2023. DOSM greatly appreciates the cooperation of respondents in providing information and ensuring the success of this census. Please visit www.dosm.gov.my for more information.

DOSM has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalogue of data and visualisation to facilitate users in analysing various data. OpenDOSM NextGen is an open source data sharing platform and accessible through <https://open.dosm.gov.my> portal.

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20 each year. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life".

Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2021 – Aug 2023
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)

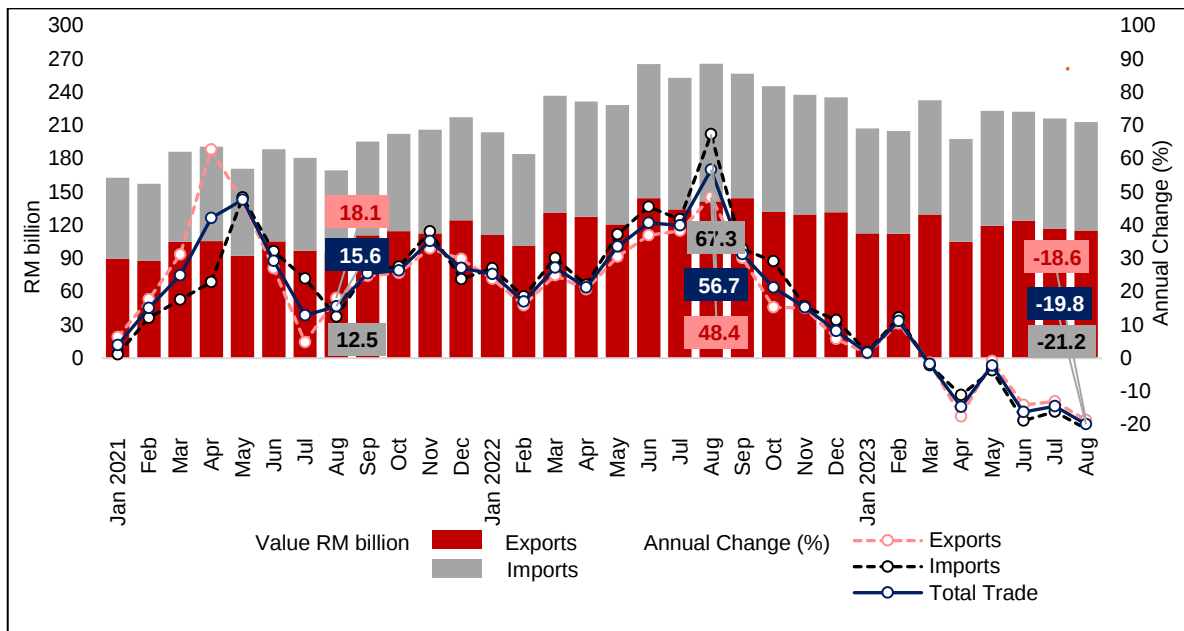
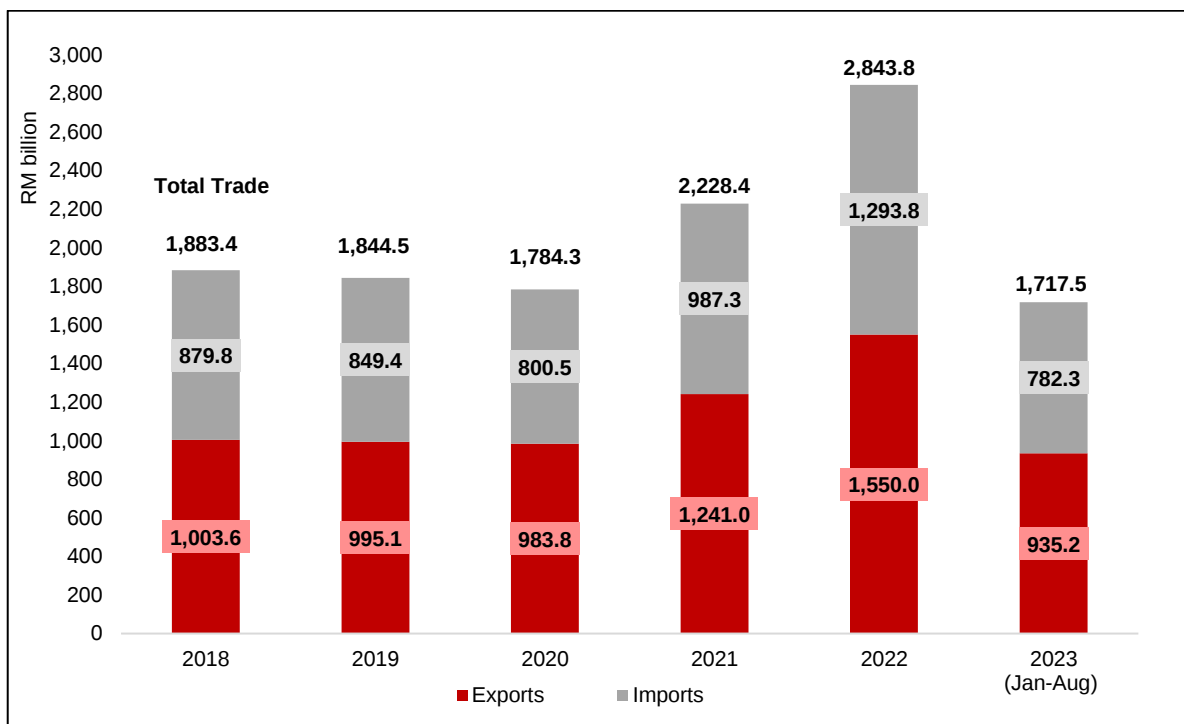
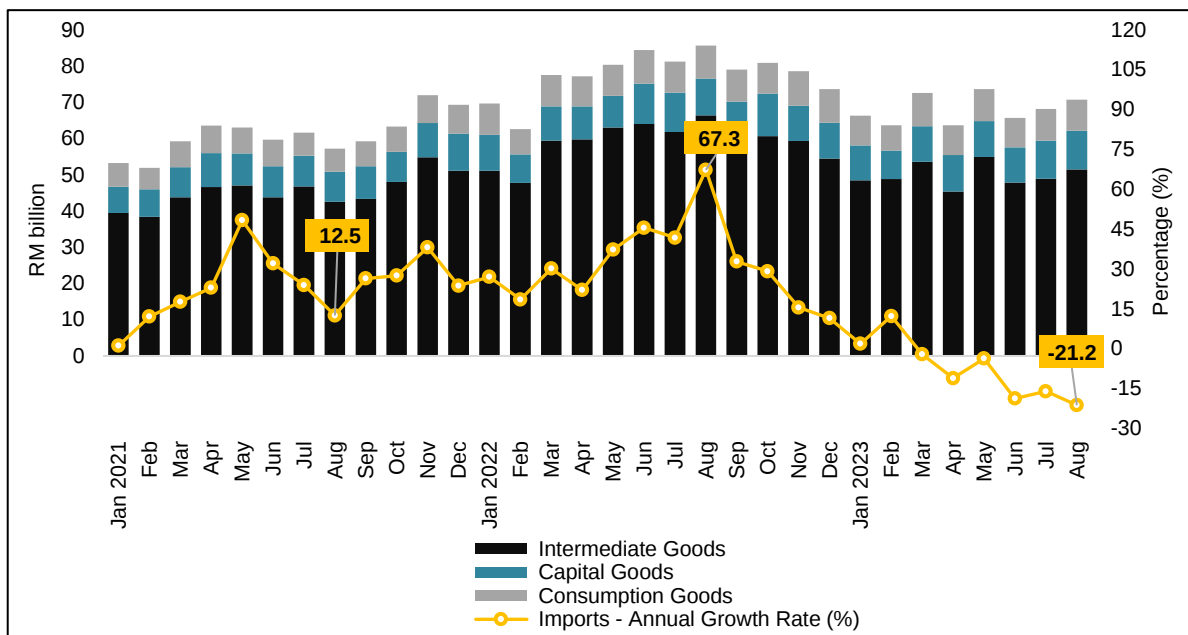


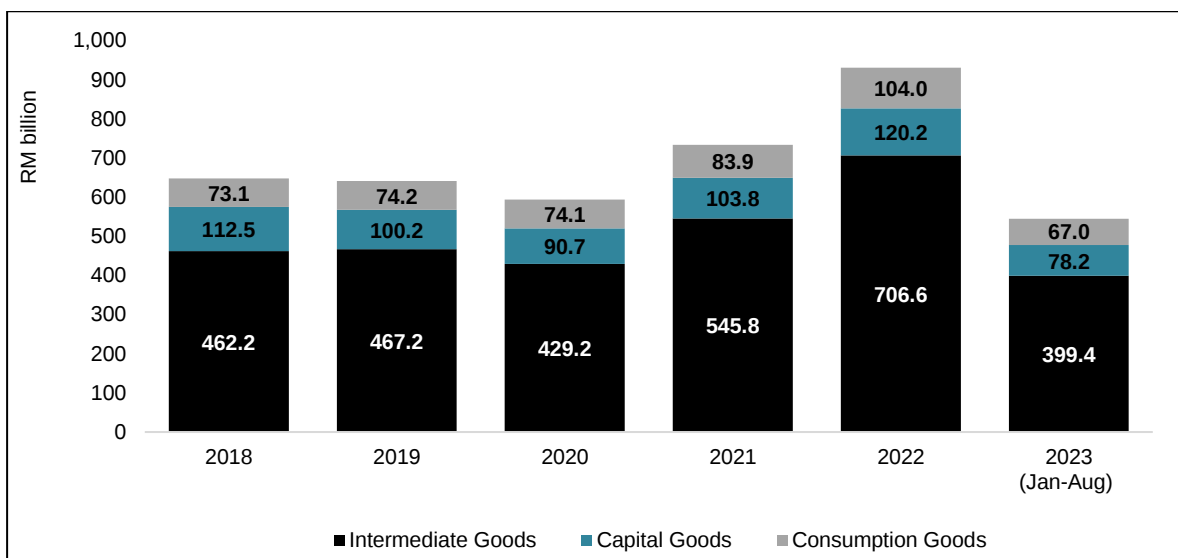
Chart 2: External Trade Statistics, 2018 – 2023 (Jan - Aug)



*Chart 3: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,
Jan 2021 – Aug 2023
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 4: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,
2018 – 2023 (Jan - Aug)*



Released by:

THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

19 SEPTEMBER 2023