

Embargo: Hanya boleh diterbitkan atau disebarkan mulai jam 1200, Isnin, 31 Julai 2023



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA BAGI PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI SARAWAK 2023

Prestasi perdagangan Sarawak melonjak ke paras tertinggi dalam tempoh sedekad dengan pertumbuhan dua angka pada tahun 2022

PUTRAJAYA, 31 JULAI 2023 – Pada tahun 2022, jumlah dagangan Sarawak melonjak ke paras tertinggi dalam tempoh sedekad dengan mencatatkan rekod RM217.2 bilion, menandakan pertumbuhan 44.0 peratus yang memberangsangkan, sebagaimana yang dilaporkan dalam laporan **PERANGKAAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI SARAWAK BAGI TAHUN RUJUKAN 2022** pada hari ini. Laporan ini memaparkan statistik perdagangan Sarawak dengan rakan dagangan bagi volum dan nilai barangan mengikut klasifikasi komoditi terperinci.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata, prestasi perdagangan Sarawak mengekalkan momentum pertumbuhan pada tahun 2022 dengan eksport, import dan lebihan dagangan melonjak ke nilai tertinggi baharu. Prestasi signifikan ini dirangsang oleh faktor permintaan luar yang tinggi serta harga komoditi yang kukuh. Eksport meningkat 50.3 peratus daripada RM101.8 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM153.0 bilion. Pertumbuhan eksport disumbangkan oleh prestasi eksport domestik yang memberangsangkan. Eksport domestik mengembang 51.6 peratus kepada RM151.7 bilion, tahun ke tahun dan menyumbang 99.1 peratus kepada jumlah eksport di Sarawak. Selari dengan prestasi eksport, import mencatatkan satu lagi pencapaian dengan pertumbuhan dua angka 30.8 peratus, tahun ke tahun dan mencecah RM64.2 bilion. Sementara itu, lebihan dagangan meningkat 68.6 peratus kepada RM88.8 bilion.

Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin mengulas lanjut, kenaikan eksport adalah sejajar dengan eksport yang lebih tinggi ke Jepun (sumbangan: 22.6%), iaitu pertumbuhan 71.3 peratus atau RM14.4 bilion. China, Semenanjung Malaysia, Republik Korea dan India merupakan lima destinasi utama eksport Sarawak pada tahun 2022. Eksport ke China dengan sumbangan 16.0 peratus daripada jumlah eksport Sarawak, meningkat sebanyak RM5.8 bilion hasil daripada eksport gas asli cecair (LNG) yang kukuh. Eksport ke Semenanjung Malaysia (sumbangan: 13.5%) meningkat sebanyak RM5.7 bilion susulan daripada eksport petroleum mentah dan produk keluaran logam yang lebih tinggi. Eksport ke Republik Korea (sumbangan: 10.0%) mengembang

RM6.7 bilion dengan mengambil kira eksport LNG yang lebih tinggi. Eksport ke India (sumbangan: 9.0%) juga mencatatkan peningkatan sebanyak RM4.7 bilion didorong oleh permintaan kukuh minyak kelapa sawit dan hasil keluaran berasaskan kelapa sawit. Di samping itu, import Sarawak adalah terutamanya berasal dari Semenanjung Malaysia, meliputi 43.4 peratus daripada jumlah import Sarawak dan meningkat RM4.7 bilion. Ini diikuti oleh China (sumbangan: 19.0%) mengembang RM3.8 bilion, manakala Indonesia (sumbangan 5.5%) dan Singapura (sumbangan: 5.3%) kedua-dua negara tersebut meningkat sebanyak RM1.6 bilion. Pertumbuhan ini didorong oleh import bahan kimia dan keluaran kimia, keluaran petroleum, jentera, kelengkapan dan alat ganti, alat kelengkapan pengangkutan serta bijih logam dan serpihan logam.

Mengulas lebih lanjut eksport mengikut sektor, hasil galian, barangan perkilangan dan keluaran pertanian merekodkan pertumbuhan dua angka, iaitu 71.0 peratus, 32.5 peratus dan 24.9 peratus, masing-masing. Pertumbuhan eksport yang mampan ini diterajui oleh LNG (+RM26.7 bilion); petroleum mentah (+RM6.5 bilion), keluaran logam (+RM5.3 bilion); minyak kelapa sawit dan hasil keluaran berasaskan kelapa sawit (+RM4.7 bilion) serta kondensat dan minyak petroleum lain (+RM3.0 bilion). Sementara itu, peningkatan yang ketara bagi import dicatatkan pada barangan bahan kimia dan keluaran kimia (+RM4.3 bilion); keluaran petroleum (+RM2.8 bilion); jentera, kelengkapan dan alat ganti (+RM1.8 bilion); alat kelengkapan pengangkutan (+RM1.3 bilion) serta bijih logam dan serpihan logam (+RM1.1 bilion).

Pada masa yang sama, pertumbuhan import mengikut kategori Penggunaan Akhir disokong dengan permintaan tinggi bagi barangan perantaraan, barangan penggunaan dan barangan modal. Import barangan perantaraan, bernilai RM34.9 bilion atau 54.3 peratus daripada jumlah import, meningkat 36.9 peratus, didorong oleh import yang lebih tinggi bagi bekalan perindustrian, diproses. Barangan penggunaan, berjumlah RM11.9 bilion (18.5% daripada jumlah import), meningkat 17.6 peratus, terutamanya disebabkan oleh peningkatan import makanan dan minuman, diproses, khusus untuk penggunaan isi rumah. Sementara itu, import barangan modal (13.1% daripada jumlah import) mencatatkan peningkatan 20.6 peratus kepada RM8.4 bilion, kesan peningkatan import yang lebih tinggi bagi barangan modal (kecuali alat kelengkapan pengangkutan).

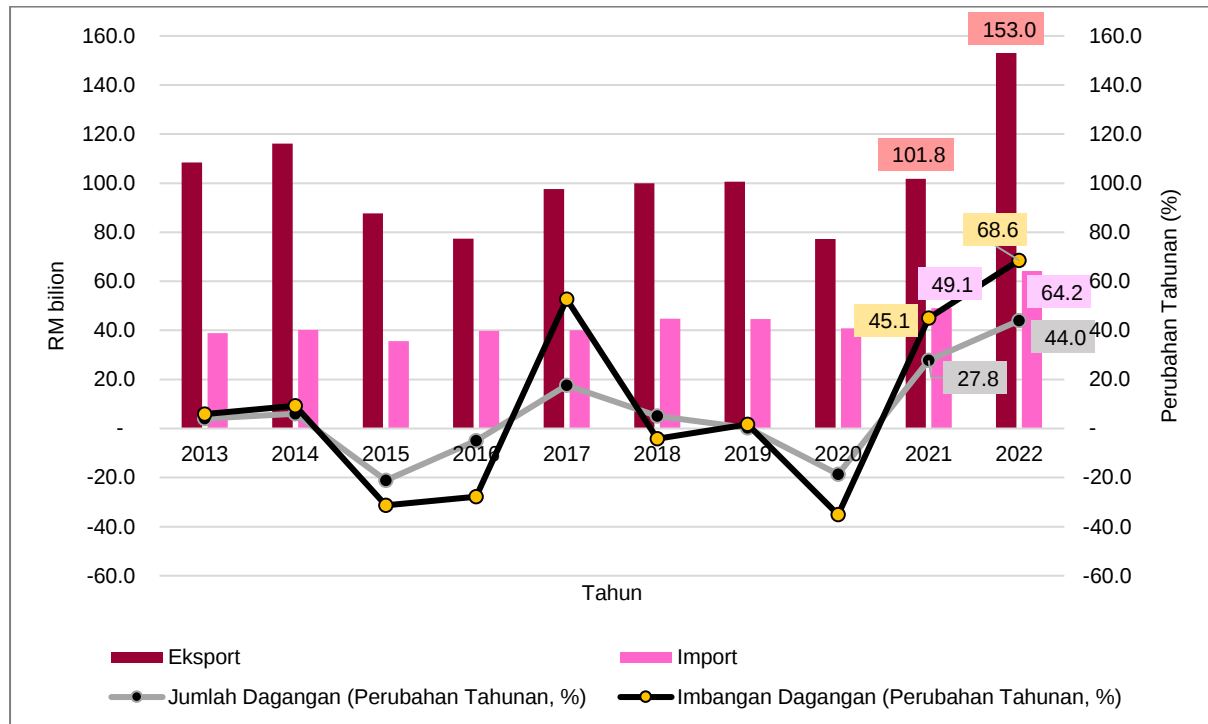
Di sebalik landskap ekonomi global yang mencabar, prestasi perdagangan Sarawak pada tahun 2022 masih mengekalkan momentum pertumbuhan.

DOSM sedang menjalankan Banci Ekonomi pada tahun 2023. DOSM amat menghargai kerjasama daripada responden dalam memberikan maklumat kepada DOSM serta menjayakan banci ini. Sila layari www.dosm.gov.my untuk maklumat lanjut.

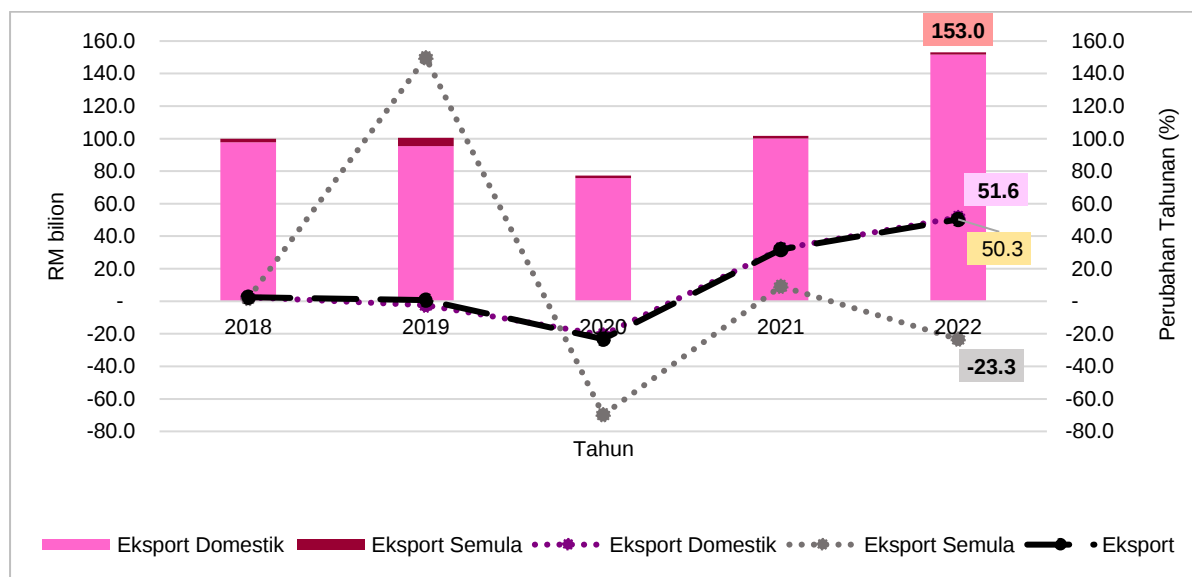
DOSM telah melancarkan OpenDOSM NextGen sebagai medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data. OpenDOSM NextGen ialah platform perkongsian data sumber terbuka dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengisytiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober setiap tahun. Tema sambutan MyStats Day adalah “Connecting the World with Data We Can Trust”.

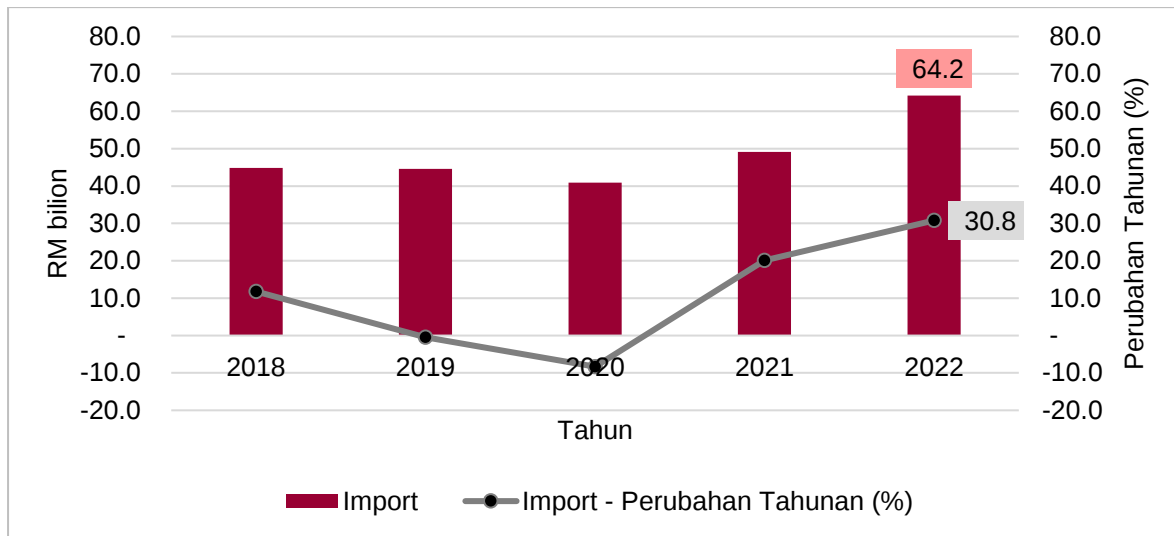
Carta 1: Eksport, Import, Jumlah Dagangan dan Imbangan Dagangan, 2013-2022



Carta 2: Prestasi Eksport, 2018-2022



Carta 3: Prestasi Import, 2018-2022



Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
31 JULAI 2023**

Embargo: Only to be published or disseminated at 1200 hour, Monday, July 31st 2023



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT FOR SARAWAK EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS 2023

Sarawak's trade performance soars to a decade high with remarkable double-digit growth in 2022

PUTRAJAYA, JULY 31, 2023 – In 2022, Sarawak's total trade soars to a decade high with a remarkable performance of RM217.2 billion, marking an impressive growth of 44.0 per cent, as reported today in **SARAWAK EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS FOR REFERENCE YEAR 2022**. The report presents Sarawak's trade performance vis-a-vis trading partners in terms of volume and value of merchandise goods by detailed classification of commodity.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, Sarawak's trade performance maintained its growth momentum in 2022 with exports, imports and trade surplus soaring to a new high. This significant performance was boosted by higher external demand and strong commodity prices. Exports surged by 50.3 per cent from RM101.8 billion in the preceding year to RM153.0 billion. The increase in exports was underpinned by significant performance in domestic exports. Domestic exports expanded by 51.6 per cent to RM151.7 billion, year-on-year and contributed 99.1 per cent to total exports in Sarawak. Consistent with the export performance, imports achieved another milestone with double-digit growth of 30.8 per cent, year-on-year and reaching RM64.2 billion. Meanwhile, trade surplus increased by 68.6 per cent to RM88.8 billion.

Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin further elaborated that, the rise in exports was in accordance with higher exports to Japan (share: 22.6%), which grew by 71.3 per cent or RM14.4 billion. China, Peninsular Malaysia, Republic of Korea and India were the top five export destinations for Sarawak in 2022. Exports to China with a share of 16.0 per cent of total exports from Sarawak, grew by RM5.8 billion on strong exports of liquefied natural gas (LNG). Exports to Peninsular Malaysia (share: 13.5%) rose by RM5.7 billion following higher exports of crude petroleum and manufacture of metal products. Exports to the Republic of Korea (share: 10.0%) expanded by RM6.7 billion on account of higher exports of LNG. Exports to India (share: 9.0%) also recorded an increase of RM4.7 billion supported by strong

demand for palm oil and palm-based products. Meanwhile, Sarawak's imports were mainly originated from Peninsular Malaysia, which accounted for 43.4 per cent of Sarawak's total imports and rose by RM4.7 billion. This was followed by China (share: 19.0%) expanding by RM3.8 billion, while Indonesia (share: 5.5%) and Singapore (share: 5.3%) which both countries increased by RM1.6 billion. The growth was driven by imports of chemical and chemical products, petroleum products, machinery, equipment and parts, transport equipment and metalliferous ores and metal scrap.

Commenting further on exports by sectors, mining products, manufactured products and agriculture products registered double-digit growth of 71.0 per cent, 32.5 per cent and 24.9 per cent, respectively. This resilient growth was led by LNG (+RM26.7 billion); crude petroleum (+RM6.5 billion); manufactures of metal (+RM5.3 billion); palm oil and palm-based products (+RM4.7 billion); as well as condensates and other petroleum oil (+RM3.0 billion). Meanwhile, a significant increase in imports was recorded for chemical and chemical products (+RM4.3 billion); petroleum products (+RM2.8 billion); machinery, equipment and parts (+RM1.8 billion); transport equipment (+RM1.3 billion) and metalliferous ores and metal scrap (+RM1.1 billion).

On the same note, the expansion in imports by End Use categories sustained with higher demand for intermediate goods, consumption goods and capital goods. Imports of intermediate goods, worth RM34.9 billion or 54.3 per cent of total imports, increased by 36.9 per cent, driven by higher imports of industrial supplies, processed. Consumption goods, amounting to RM11.9 billion (18.5% of total imports), increased by 17.6 per cent, mainly due to increased imports of food and beverages, processed, mainly for household consumption. Meanwhile, imports of capital goods (13.1% of total imports) registered an increase of 20.6 per cent to RM8.4 billion, as a result of higher imports of capital goods (except transport equipment).

Despite the challenging global economic landscape, Sarawak's trade performance in 2022 continued to maintain its growth momentum.

DOSM is conducting the Economic Census in 2023. DOSM greatly appreciates the cooperation of respondents in providing information and ensuring the success of this census. Please visit www.dosm.gov.my for more information.

DOSM has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalogue of data and visualisation to facilitate users in analysing various data. OpenDOSM NextGen is an open source data sharing platform and accessible through <https://open.dosm.gov.my> portal.

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20 each year. MyStats Day theme is "Connecting the World with Data We Can Trust".

Chart 1: Exports, Imports, Total Trade and Trade Balance, 2013-2022

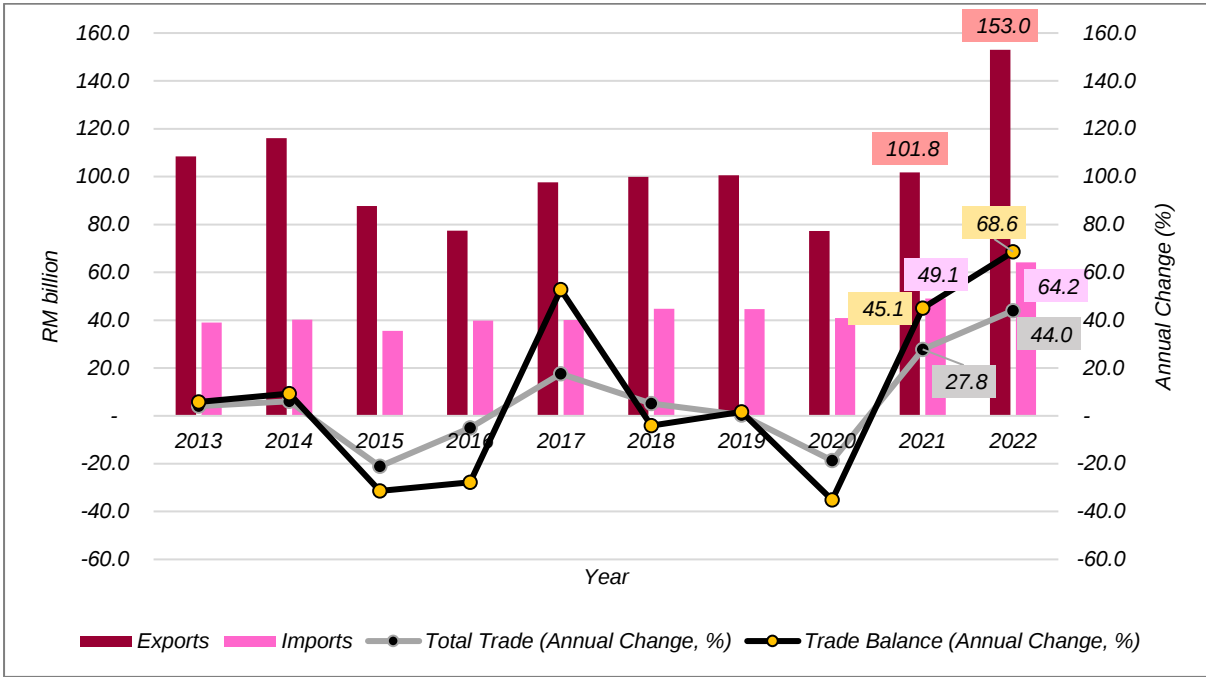
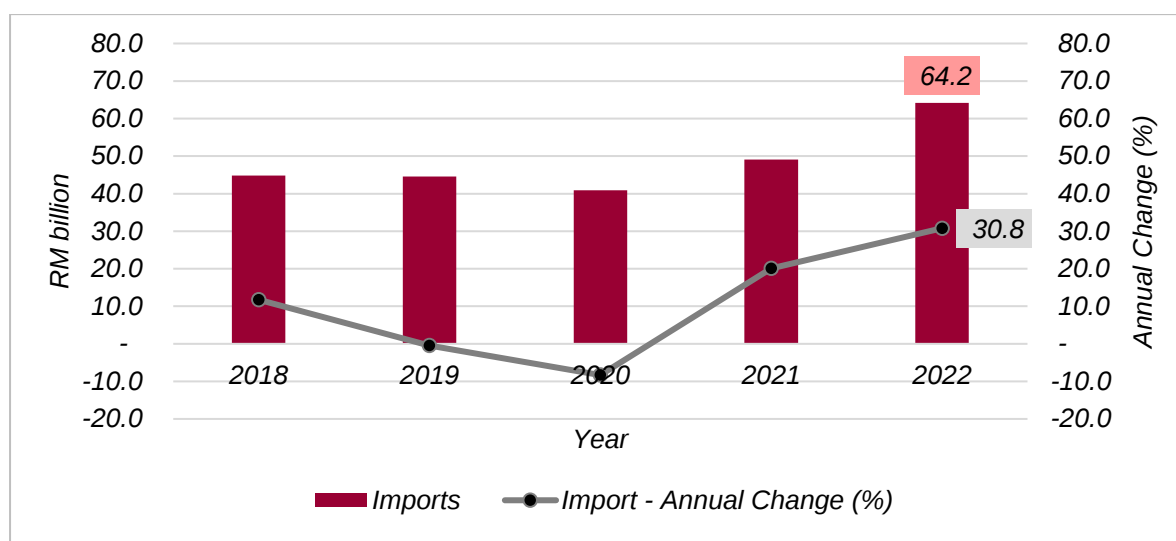


Chart 2: Performance of Exports, 2018-2022



Chart 3: Performance of Imports, 2018-2022



Released by:

**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA
31 JULY 2023**