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KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA BAGI PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, APRIL 2023

**Eksport dan Import Malaysia pada April 2023 mencatatkan penurunan,
masing-masing susut 17.4 peratus dan 11.1 peratus**

PUTRAJAYA, 19 Mei 2023 – Di sebalik ekonomi global yang tidak menentu, prestasi perdagangan Malaysia menyusut pada April 2023, jatuh 14.5 peratus kepada RM198.0 bilion, tahun ke tahun. Seiring dengan itu, nilai eksport dan import masing-masing turut berkurang 17.4 peratus kepada RM105.4 bilion dan 11.1 peratus kepada RM92.6 bilion. Sementara itu, imbalan dagangan kekal mencatatkan lebih dengan nilai RM12.8 bilion, walaupun menguncup 45.3 peratus sebagai mana dilaporkan dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, APRIL 2023** hari ini. Buletin ini turut memaparkan prestasi produk bagi import dan eksport dan rakan dagangannya.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata, "Prestasi eksport Malaysia merosot 17.4 peratus daripada RM127.6 bilion kepada RM105.4 bilion pada April 2023 didorong oleh eksport domestik yang lebih rendah. Eksport domestik bernilai RM80.4 bilion, menyumbang 76.3 peratus kepada jumlah eksport, menyusut 22.3 peratus berbanding bulan yang sama tahun lepas. Sebaliknya, eksport semula berjumlah RM25.0 bilion mengukuh 3.8 peratus berbanding April 2022. Sejajar dengan prestasi eksport, import pada April 2023 turut mencatatkan penurunan 11.1 peratus daripada RM104.1 bilion kepada RM92.6 bilion. Jumlah dagangan berkurang kepada RM198.0 bilion, 14.5 peratus lebih rendah daripada RM103.5 bilion pada April 2022 dan lebih dagangan dengan nilai RM12.8 bilion, turun 45.3 peratus. Sementara itu, perbandingan bulanan menunjukkan prestasi eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan lebih dagangan juga mencatatkan penguncupan masing-masing 18.7 peratus, 10.1 peratus, 14.9 peratus dan 51.9 peratus.

Meninjau dari kumpulan barangan, 191 daripada 256 kumpulan barangan eksport dan 167 daripada 259 kumpulan barangan import menunjukkan penurunan berbanding bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya."

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia juga melaporkan bahawa pengurangan eksport disumbangkan terutamanya ke Kesatuan Eropah (-RM3.5 bilion), diikuti China (-RM3.4 bilion), Amerika Syarikat (-RM3.1 bilion), Taiwan (-RM1.9 bilion), Jepun (-RM1.6 bilion), India (-RM1.5 bilion), Viet Nam (-RM1.4 bilion) dan Thailand (-RM1.3 bilion). Sementara itu, penurunan import disumbangkan terutamanya dari Indonesia (-RM3.0 bilion), diikuti Jepun (-RM2.1 bilion), China (-RM1.7 bilion), Taiwan (-RM1.4 bilion) dan Amerika Syarikat (-RM1.2 bilion).

Mengulas lebih lanjut mengenai eksport, penurunan didorong oleh barangan elektrik & elektronik (-RM3.1 bilion); minyak kelapa sawit & keluaran pertanian berasaskan minyak kelapa sawit (-RM2.6 bilion); barangan perkilangan logam (-RM2.5 bilion); bahan kimia & keluaran kimia (-RM2.4 bilion); produk keluaran berasaskan minyak kelapa sawit (-RM1.7 bilion); keluaran getah (-RM1.6 bilion) dan jentera, kelengkapan & peralatan (-RM1.4 bilion). Sementara itu, penguncupan import dicatatkan bagi barangan elektrik & elektronik (-RM4.5 bilion); petroleum mentah (-RM1.9 bilion); bahan kimia & keluaran kimia (-RM1.8 bilion); bijih logam & serpihan logam (-RM1.6 bilion) dan hasil perlombongan lain (-RM836.7 juta).

Pada masa yang sama, penurunan import mengikut Penggunaan Akhir disumbangkan oleh permintaan yang lebih rendah bagi barangan perantaraan dan barangan penggunaan. Import barangan perantaraan (48.9% daripada jumlah import) berjumlah RM45.3 bilion, jatuh RM14.5 bilion atau 24.2 peratus. Import barangan penggunaan yang berjumlah RM8.2 bilion, menyusut 1.6 peratus berbanding April 2022, dan merangkumi 8.8 peratus daripada jumlah import. Sebaliknya, barangan modal (11.0% daripada jumlah import) mencatatkan kenaikan 11.8 peratus daripada RM9.1 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM10.2 bilion.

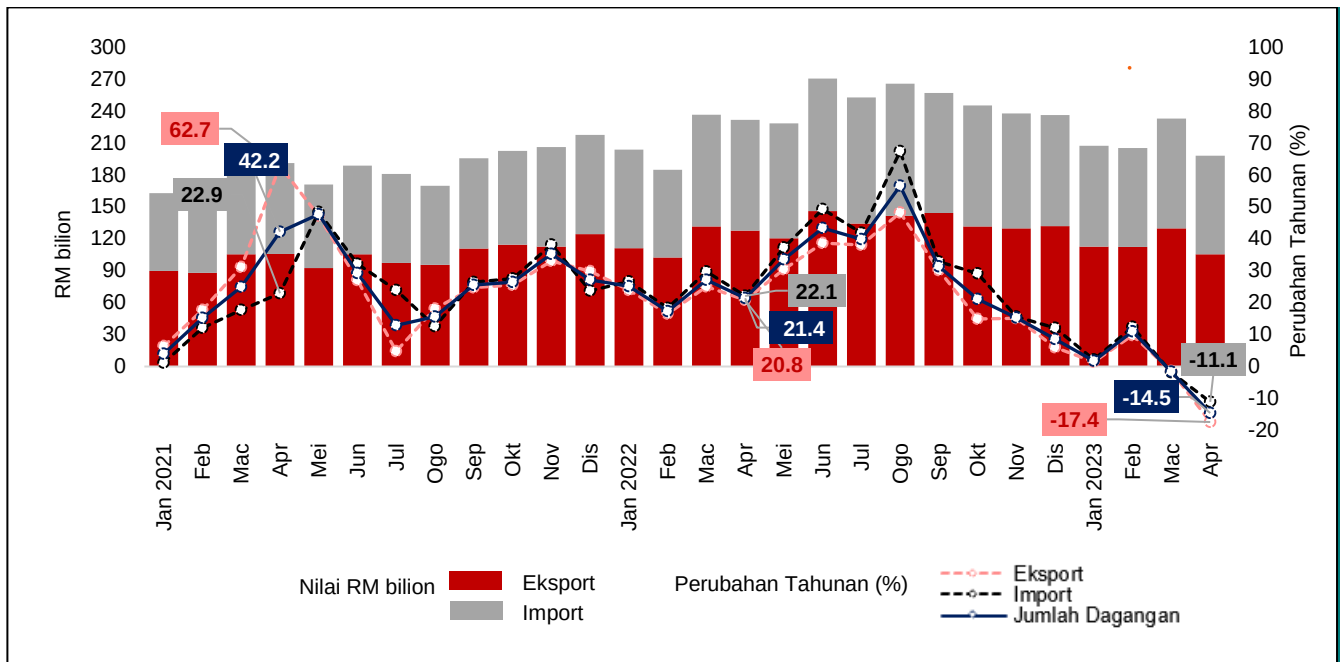
Di samping itu, prestasi keseluruhan bagi Januari hingga April 2023, jumlah dagangan, eksport, import dan lebihan dagangan merosot berbanding tempoh yang sama tahun lalu. Jumlah dagangan turun 1.6 peratus, selari dengan pengurangan eksport (-2.6%) serta import (-0.3%). Pada masa yang sama, lebihan dagangan mencatatkan penurunan 12.7 peratus kepada RM77.2 bilion.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang menjalankan Banci Ekonomi pada tahun 2023. DOSM amat menghargai kerjasama daripada responden dalam memberikan maklumat kepada DOSM serta menjayakan banci ini. Sila layari www.dosm.gov.my untuk maklumat lanjut.

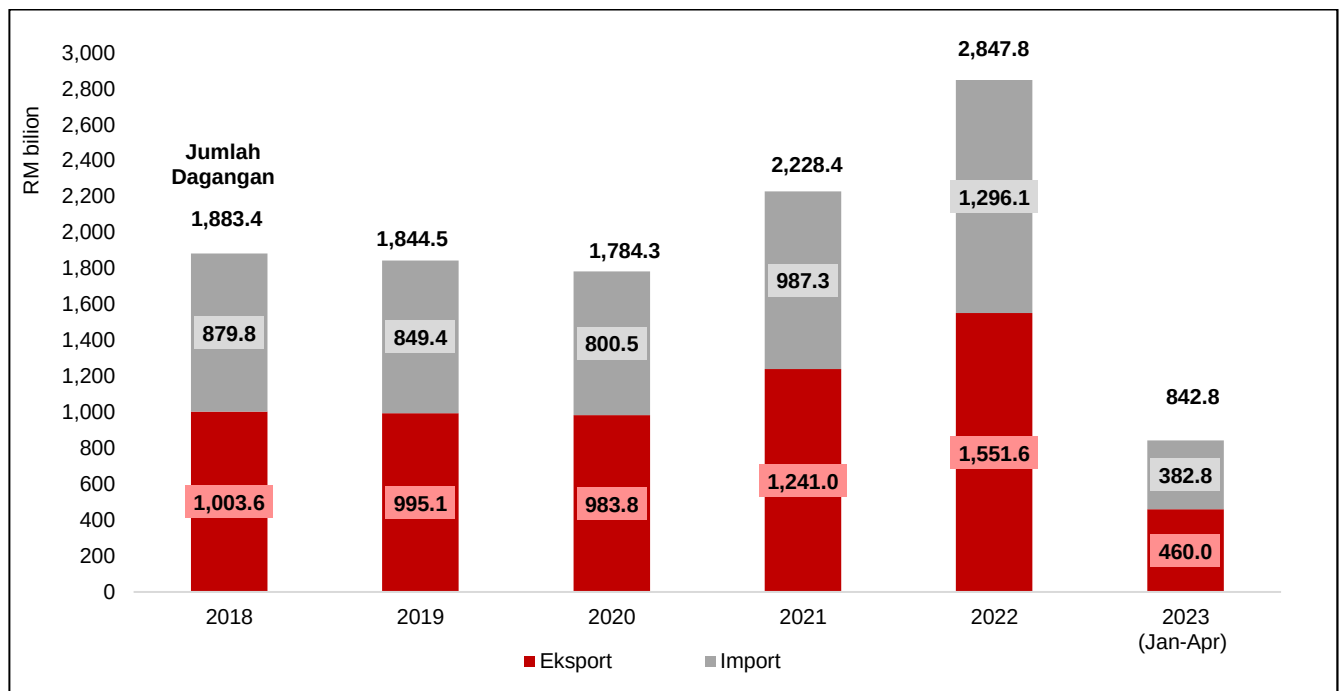
DOSM telah melancarkan OpenDOSM NextGen sebagai medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data. OpenDOSM NextGen ialah platform perkongsian data sumber terbuka dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Dimaklumkan bahawa Kerajaan Malaysia telah mengistiharkan Hari Statistik Negara (MyStats Day) pada 20 Oktober setiap tahun. Tema sambutan MyStats Day adalah *"Connecting the World with Data We Can Trust"*.

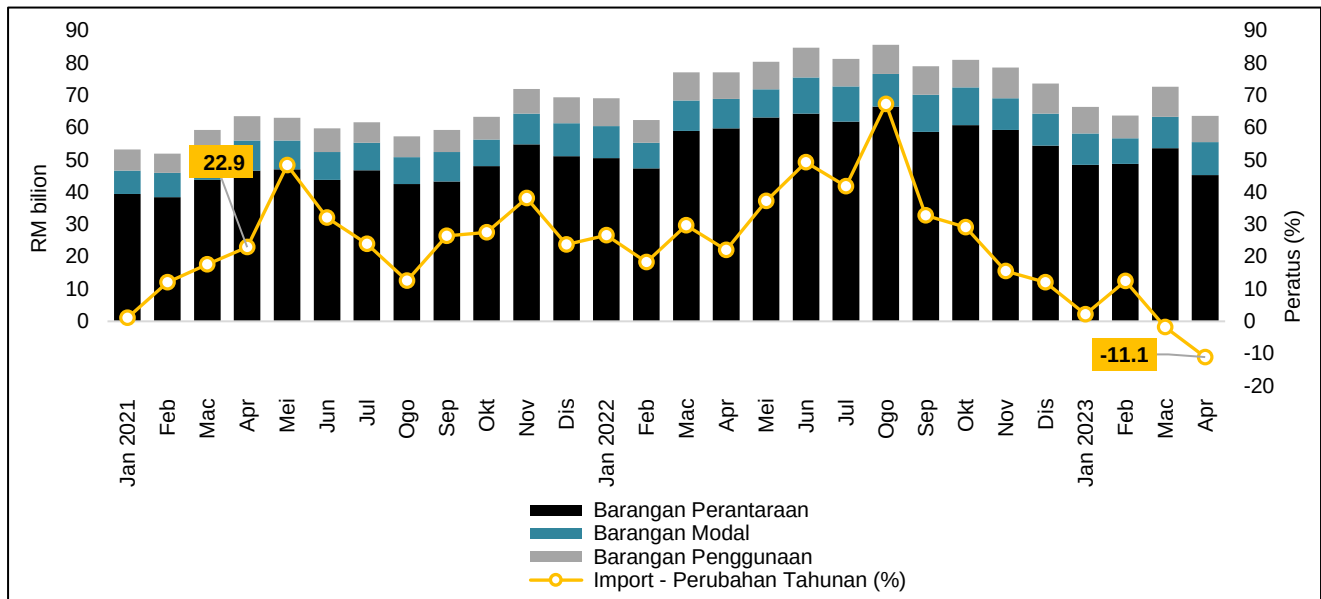
Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2021 – Apr 2023
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



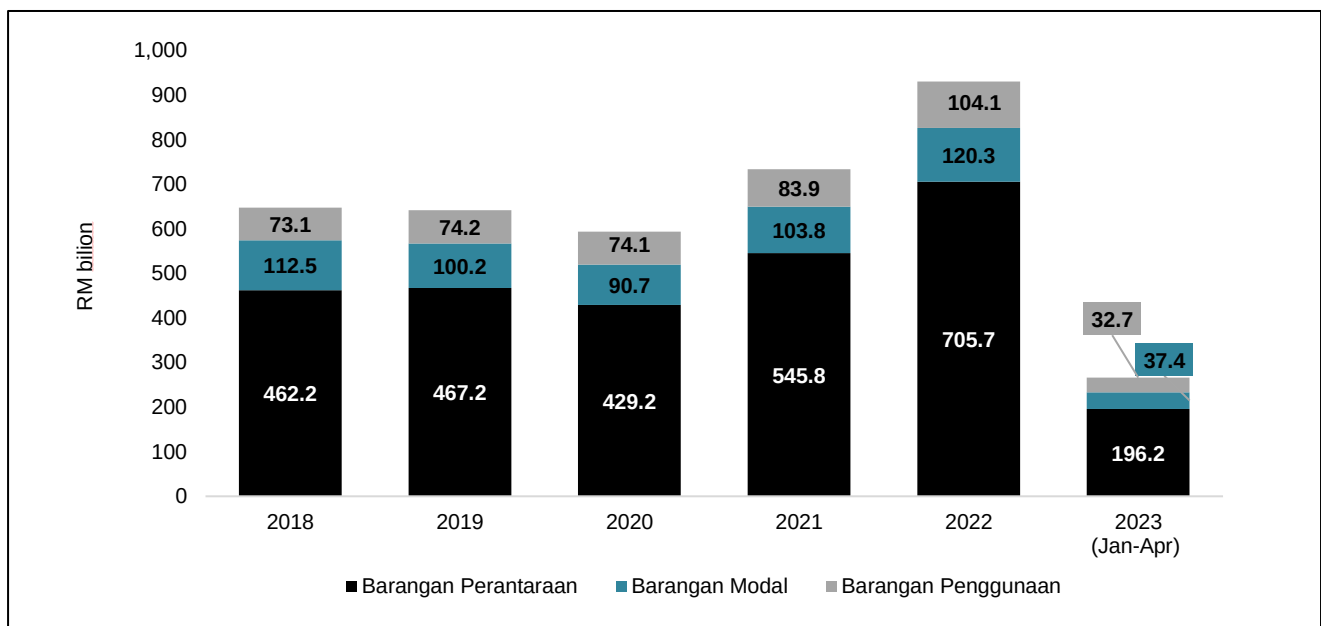
Carta 2: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, 2018 – 2023 (Jan-Apr)



Carta 3: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC),
Jan 2021 – Apr 2023
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Carta 4: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum
2018 – 2023 (Jan-Apr)



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MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT
FOR MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS,
APRIL 2023

Malaysia's Exports and Imports in April 2023 registering a decrease of 17.4 per cent and 11.1 per cent, respectively

PUTRAJAYA, May 19, 2023 – Amid global economic uncertainty, Malaysia's trade growth weakened in April 2023, falling 14.5 per cent year-on-year to RM198.0 billion. Alongside that, the value of exports and imports also decreased 17.4 per cent to RM105.4 billion and 11.1 per cent to RM92.6 billion, respectively. Meanwhile, the trade balance remained in surplus with a value of RM12.8 billion, albeit contracting by 45.3 per cent as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, APRIL 2023**. This bulletin also presents the performance of products for imports and exports and its trading partners.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, "Malaysia's export performance went down by 17.4 per cent from RM127.6 billion to RM105.4 billion in April 2023 driven by lower domestic exports. Domestic exports worth RM80.4 billion, contributing 76.3 per cent to total exports, shrank 22.3 per cent compared to the same month last year. On the contrary, re-exports amounting RM25.0 billion strengthened by 3.8 per cent in comparison to April 2022. In tandem with export performance, imports in April 2023 also recorded a 11.1 per cent decrease from RM104.1 billion to RM92.6 billion. Total trade decreased to RM198.0 billion, 14.5 per cent lower from RM103.5 billion in April 2022 and trade surplus with a value of RM12.8 billion, declined 45.3 per cent. Meanwhile, the monthly comparison showed the performance of exports, imports, total trade and trade surplus also recorded a contraction of 18.7 per cent, 10.1 per cent, 14.9 per cent dan 51.9 per cent, respectively.

With regards to commodity group, 191 out of 256 export groups and 167 out of 259 import groups showed a decrease as compared to the same month of the previous year."

Department of Statistics Malaysia also reported that the reduction in exports was mainly contributed by the European Union (-RM3.5 billion), followed by China (-RM3.4 billion), the United States (-RM3.1 billion), Taiwan (-RM1.9 billion), Japan (-RM1.6 billion), India (-RM1.5 billion), Viet Nam (-RM1.4 billion) and Thailand (-RM1.3 billion). Meanwhile, the decrease in imports was mainly attributed from Indonesia (-RM3.0 billion), followed by Japan (-RM2.1 billion), China (-RM1.7 billion), Taiwan (-RM1.4 billion) and the United States (-RM1.2 billion).

Commenting further on exports, the fall was driven by electrical & electronic products (-RM3.1 billion); palm oil & palm oil-based agricultural products (-RM2.6 billion); manufacture of metal (-RM2.5 billion); chemical & chemical products (-RM2.4 billion); palm oil-based manufactured products (-RM1.7 billion); rubber products (-RM1.6 billion) and machinery, equipment & parts (-RM1.4 billion). Meanwhile, the contraction in imports was recorded for electrical & electronic products (-RM4.5 billion); crude petroleum (-RM1.9 billion); chemical & chemical products (-RM1.8 billion); metalliferous ores & metal scrap (-RM1.6 billion) and other mining (-RM836.7 million).

On the same note, the decrease in imports by End Use was contributed by lower demand for intermediate goods and consumption goods. Imports of intermediate goods (48.9% of total imports) amounted RM45.3 billion, fell RM14.5 billion or 24.2 per cent. Imports of consumption goods amounting RM8.2 billion, decreased by 1.6 per cent as compared to April 2022, and comprised 8.8 per cent of total imports. On the other hand, capital goods (11.0% of total imports) recorded a 11.8 per cent increase from RM9.1 billion in the previous year to RM10.2 billion.

In addition, the overall performance for January to April 2023, total trade, exports, imports and trade surplus declined as compared to the same period last year. Total trade fell 1.6 per cent, in line with the reduction in exports (-2.6%) and imports (-0.3%). Consequently, trade surplus registered a decrease of 12.7 per cent to RM77.2 billion.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the Economic Census in 2023. DOSM greatly appreciates the cooperation of respondents in providing information and ensuring the success of this census. Please visit www.dosm.gov.my for more information.

DOSM has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalogue of data and visualisation to facilitate users in analysing various data. OpenDOSM NextGen is an open source data sharing platform and accessible through <https://open.dosm.gov.my> portal.

Please be informed that the Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20 each year. MyStats Day theme is “Connecting the World with Data We Can Trust”.

Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2021 – Apr 2023
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)

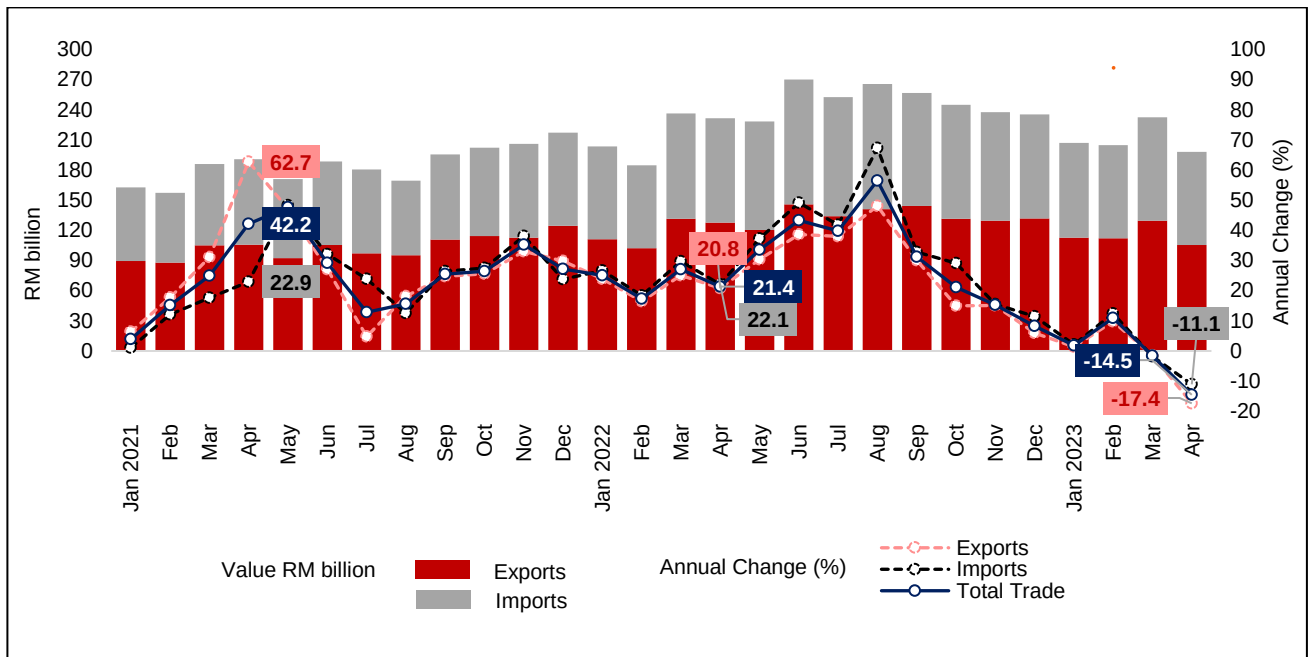
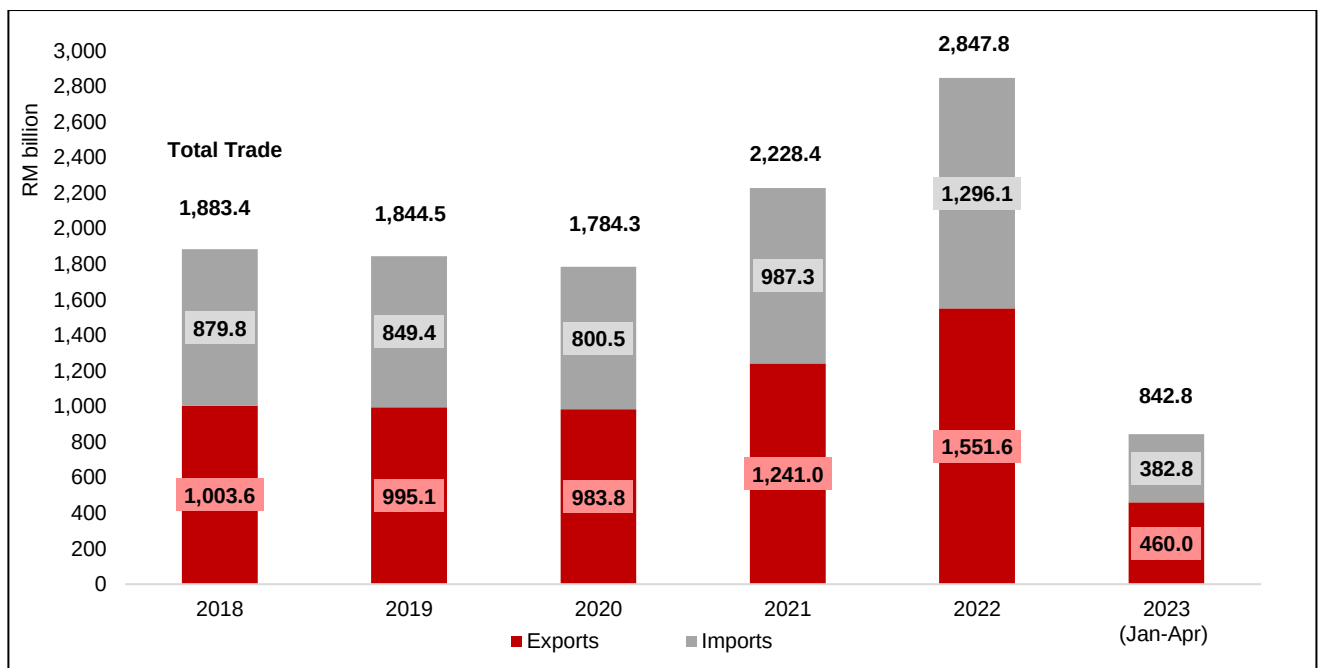
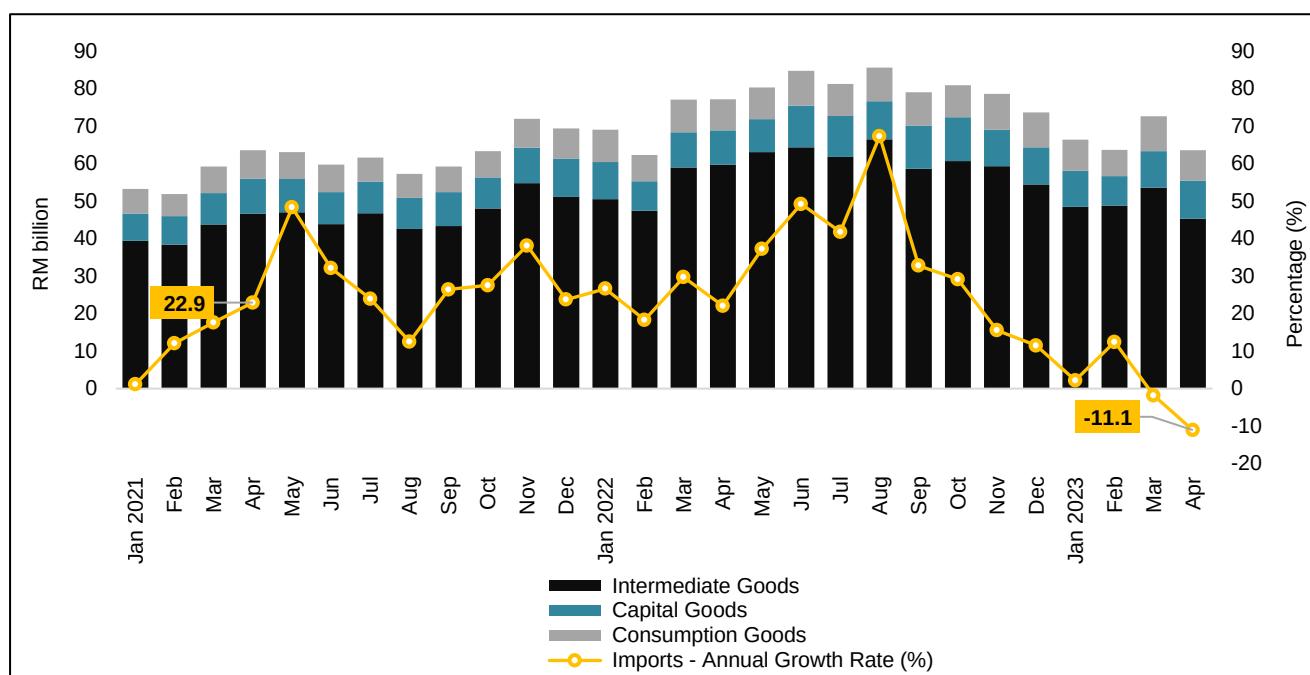


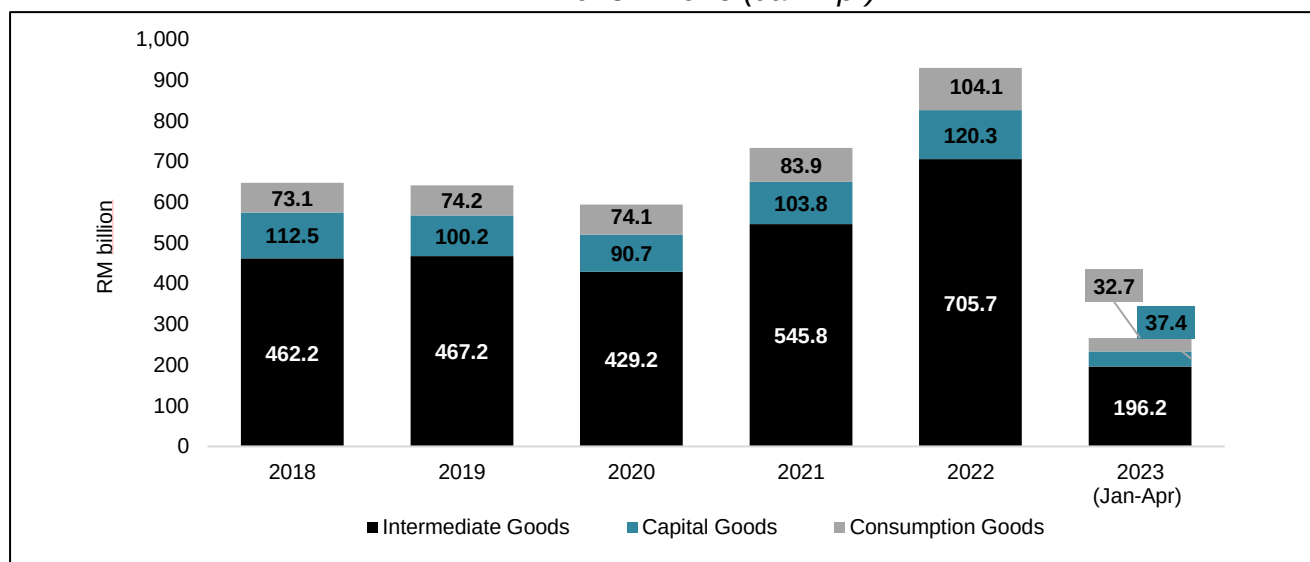
Chart 2: External Trade Statistics, 2018 – 2023 (Jan-Apr)



*Chart 3: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,
Jan 2021 – Apr 2023
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 4: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,
2018 – 2023 (Jan-Apr)*



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THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, MALAYSIA

19 MAY 2023