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KENYATAAN MEDIA
BAGI PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI
MALAYSIA, JUN 2021

Jumlah dagangan Malaysia berkembang 29.3 peratus, mengekalkan momentum selama tujuh bulan berturut-turut.

PUTRAJAYA, 28 Julai 2021 – Jumlah dagangan Malaysia berkembang 29.3 peratus, mengekalkan momentum selama tujuh bulan berturut-turut tahun ke tahun selari dengan prestasi dagangan global. Eksport meningkat 27.2 per cent, sementara import bertumbuh 32.1 peratus. Berikutan itu, lebihan dagangan mencecah RM22.2 bilion, meningkat 11.7 peratus, sebagai mana dilaporkan dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, JUN 2021** hari ini. Laporan ini turut memaparkan prestasi import dan eksport mengikut produk dan rakan dagangan.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata "Pertumbuhan eksport pada Jun 2021 selari dengan pemulihan ekonomi global. Pembukaan aktiviti ekonomi di luar negara menandakan permintaan luaran yang lebih baik. Eksport Malaysia meningkat 27.2 peratus, didorong oleh eksport domestik dan eksport semula. Eksport domestik bernilai RM84.7 bilion menyumbang 80.3 peratus kepada jumlah eksport, meningkat 21.0 peratus, tahun ke tahun. Sementara itu, eksport semula mencatatkan RM20.8 bilion, meningkat 61.2 peratus. Import pada Jun 2021 berjumlah RM83.2 bilion, naik 32.1 peratus berbanding Jun 2020, melebihi pertumbuhan eksport bagi dua bulan berturut-turut. Jumlah dagangan Malaysia berkembang 29.3 peratus, mencapai RM188.7 bilion, tahun ke tahun. Di samping itu, prestasi bulan ke bulan bagi eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan lebihan dagangan juga menunjukkan trend menaik masing-masing 14.3 peratus, 5.9 peratus, 10.4 peratus dan 61.7 peratus.

Selaras dengan pertumbuhan tahunan, 144 daripada 254 kumpulan barang untuk eksport menunjukkan peningkatan berbanding tahun sebelumnya. Bagi import, 200 daripada 257 kumpulan merekodkan pertumbuhan positif."

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia juga melaporkan bahawa peningkatan eksport disumbangkan terutamanya oleh eksport yang lebih tinggi ke Amerika Syarikat (+RM3.1 bilion), China (+RM2.7 bilion), India (+RM1.8 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM1.7 bilion), Singapura (+RM1.7 bilion) dan Australia (+RM1.4 bilion). Sementara itu, China terus menjadi penyumbang utama kepada kenaikan import (+RM6.1 bilion), diikuti oleh Indonesia (+RM2.4 bilion), Republik Korea (+RM2.1 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM2.0 bilion), Jepun (+RM1.4 bilion) dan Taiwan (+RM1.3 bilion).

Peningkatan eksport didorong oleh keluaran petroleum (+RM5.1 bilion); barang elektrik dan elektronik (+RM4.6 bilion); keluaran getah (+RM3.7 bilion); minyak kelapa sawit dan keluaran pertanian berasaskan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM2.4 bilion); kimia dan bahan kimia (+RM2.3 bilion); barang perlindungan berasaskan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM1.3 bilion) dan barang perlindungan logam (+RM1.3 bilion). Sementara itu, kenaikan import dicatatkan bagi keluaran petroleum (+RM4.5 bilion), barang elektrik dan elektronik (+RM3.6 bilion); kimia dan bahan kimia (+RM2.9 bilion); barang perlindungan logam (+RM1.6 bilion); kelengkapan pengangkutan (+RM1.4 bilion) dan keluaran getah (+RM976.7 juta).

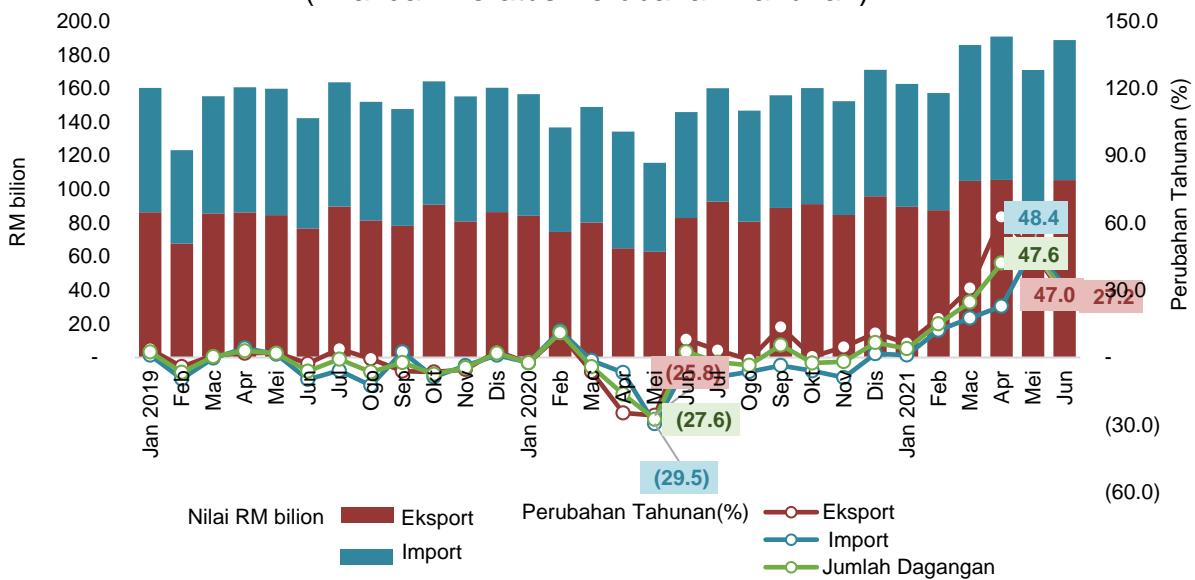
Bagi tempoh yang sama, pertumbuhan import bagi Penggunaan Akhir disokong oleh kenaikan permintaan terutamanya bagi barang perantaraan. Import barang perantaraan (52.5% daripada jumlah import) berjumlah RM43.7 bilion, meningkat ketara RM8.8 bilion atau 25.3 peratus. Barang penggunaan (8.8% daripada jumlah import) mencatatkan kenaikan 19.2 peratus daripada RM6.2 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM7.3 bilion. Import barang modal yang berjumlah RM8.6 bilion, meningkat 15.2 peratus berbanding Jun 2020, dan merangkumi 10.3 peratus daripada jumlah import.

Di samping itu, prestasi keseluruhan bagi suku tahun kedua (ST2) 2021 juga menunjukkan peningkatan yang signifikan berbanding ST2 2020. Eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan lebihan dagangan masing-masing meningkat 44.0 peratus, 33.3 peratus, 39.0 peratus dan 122.7 peratus.

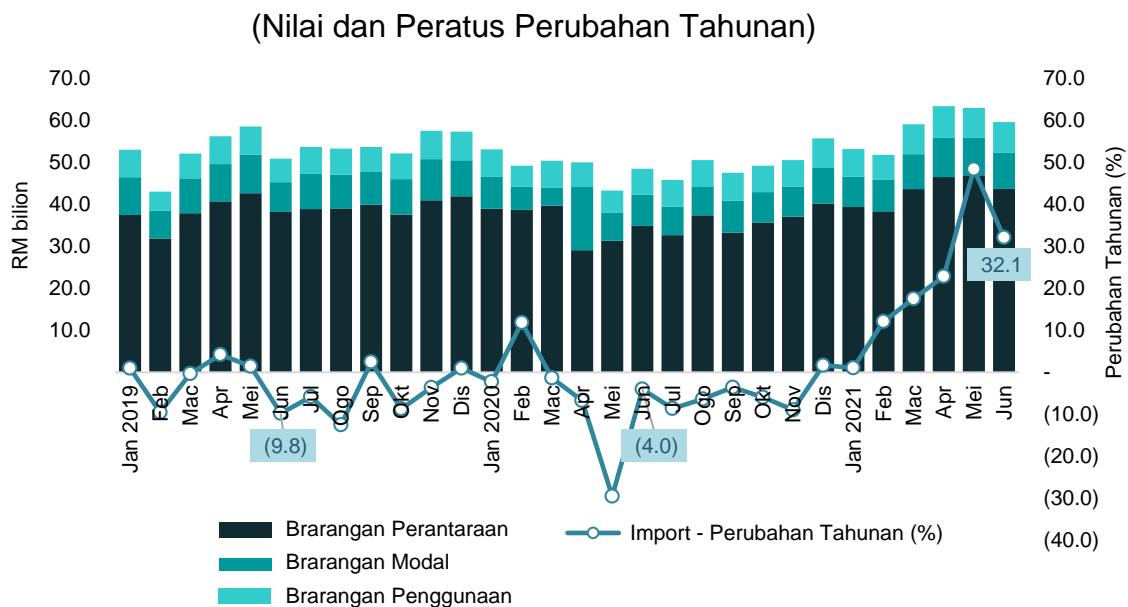
Hari ini, DOSM juga menerbitkan perangkaan perdagangan luar negeri muktamad bagi tahun rujukan 2020. Eksport bagi 2020 berjumlah RM983.8 bilion, menurun 1.1 peratus berbanding 2019. Import menyusut 5.8 peratus kepada RM800.4 bilion sementara jumlah dagangan berjumlah RM1.9 trillion, lebih rendah 3.3 peratus. Lebihan dagangan naik 25.9 peratus kepada RM183.3 bilion.

Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2020 (Banci Malaysia 2020) secara dalam talian (e-Census) sedang dilaksanakan di seluruh negara sehingga liputan penuh dapat dicapai. Semua penduduk Malaysia diseru untuk memberikan kerjasama dalam menjayakan Banci Malaysia 2020 bagi memastikan tiada yang ketinggalan kerana data anda masa depan kita. Sila layari portal Banci Malaysia 2020 di www.mycensus.gov.my atau media sosial @MyCensus2020 untuk maklumat lanjut.

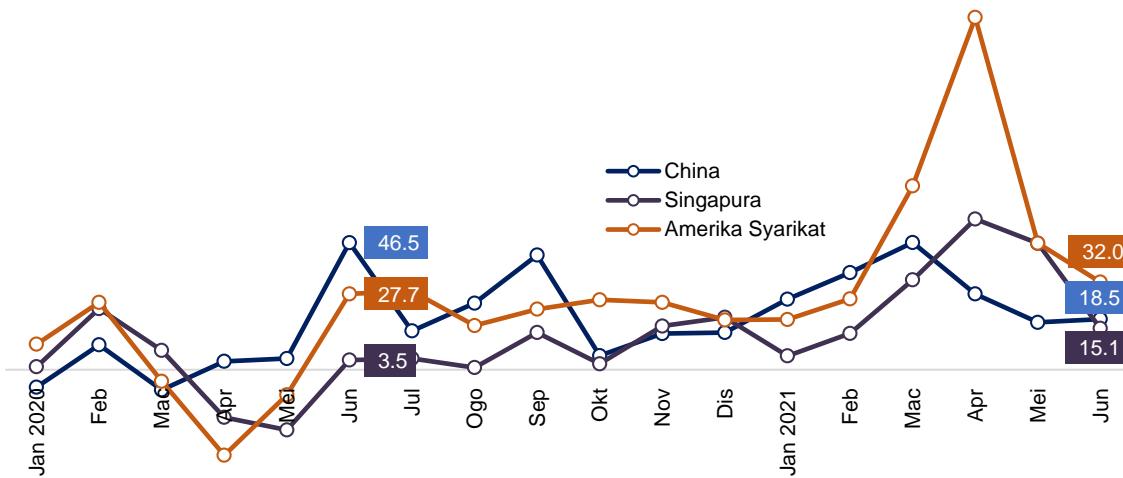
**Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2019 – Jun 2021
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)**



Carta 2: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC), Jan 2019 – Jun 2021



Carta 3: Prestasi Eksport mengikut Rakan Dagang Utama, Jan 2020 – Jun 2021
(Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



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MEDIA STATEMENT

FOR MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS, JUNE 2021

Malaysia's total trade expanded 29.3 per cent, continues its momentum for seven consecutive months.

PUTRAJAYA, July 28, 2021 – Malaysia's total trade expanded 29.3 per cent, continued its momentum for seven consecutive months year-on-year (y-o-y) in tandem with global trade performance. Exports increased by 27.2 per cent, while imports rose 32.1 per cent. Accordingly, trade surplus increased by 11.7 per cent as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, JUNE 2021**. This report also presents the performance of imports and exports by product and trading partner.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said “The expansion in exports in June 2021 was in line with global economic recoveries. The opening of economics activities in more countries signified better external demand. Malaysia's exports rose 27.2 per cent, driven by both domestic exports and re-exports. Domestic exports was valued at RM84.7 billion contributed 80.3 per cent to the total exports, grew by 21.0 per cent, y-o-y. Meanwhile, the re-exports registered RM20.8 billion, increased by 61.2 per cent. Imports in June 2021 amounted to RM83.2 billion, went up by 32.1 per cent as compared to June 2020, outpacing export growth for two consecutive months. Malaysia's total trade expanded by 29.3 per cent, reaching RM188.7 billion, y-o-y. In addition, the month-on-month performance of exports, imports, total trade and trade surplus were also showing upward trend of 14.3 per cent, 5.9 per cent, 10.4 per cent and 61.7 per cent, respectively.

In conjunction to the growth, 144 out of 254 commodity groups for exports showed increases as compared to the previous year. As for imports, 200 of 257 groups posted positive growths.”

The Department of Statistics Malaysia also reported that the rise in exports was attributable mainly to the higher exports to the United States (+RM3.1 billion), China (+RM2.7 billion), India (+RM1.8 billion), the European Union (+RM1.7 billion), Singapore (+RM1.7 billion) and Australia (+RM1.4 billion). Meanwhile, China continued to be the major contributor to the increase in imports (+RM6.1 billion), followed by Indonesia (+RM2.4 billion), Republic of Korea (+RM2.1 billion), the European Union (+RM2.0 billion), Japan (+RM1.4 billion) and Taiwan (+RM1.3 billion).

The expansion in exports was driven by petroleum products (+RM5.1 billion); electrical & electronic products (+RM4.6 billion); rubber products (+RM3.7 billion); palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products (+RM2.4 billion); chemical and chemical products (+RM2.3 billion); palm oil-based manufactured products (+RM1.3 billion) and manufacture of metal (+RM1.3 billion). Meanwhile, rise in imports were noted for petroleum products (+RM4.5 billion), electrical & electronic products (+RM3.6 billion); chemical & chemical products (+RM2.9 billion); manufacture of metal (+RM1.6 billion); transport equipment (+RM1.4 billion) and rubber products (+RM976.7 million).

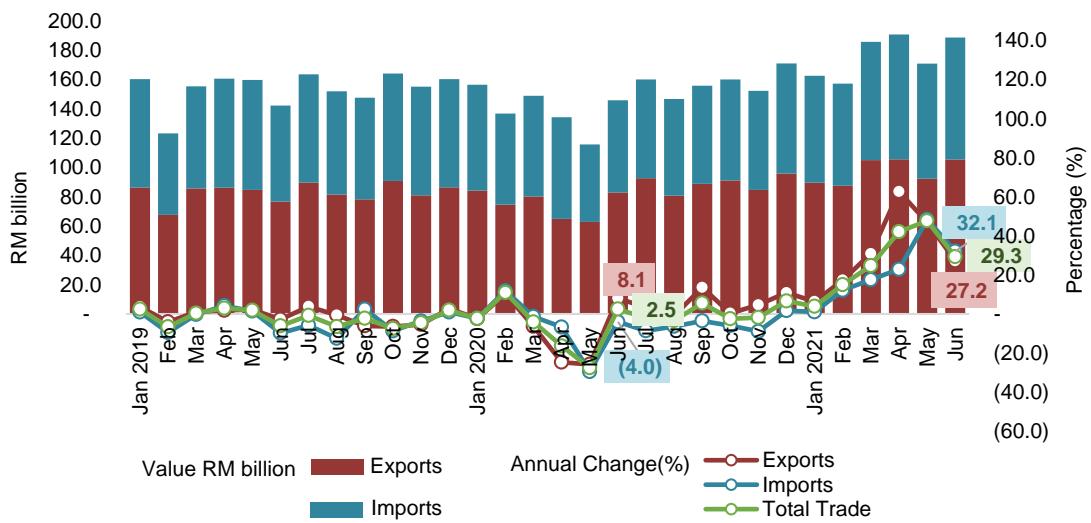
On the same note, expansion in imports by End Use sustained by higher demand primarily for intermediate goods. Imports of intermediate goods (52.5% of the total imports) totaled RM43.7 billion, increased significantly by RM8.8 billion or 25.3 per cent. Consumption goods (8.8% of total imports) registered an increase of 19.2 per cent from RM6.2 billion in the preceding year to RM7.3 billion. Imports of capital goods which amounted to RM8.6 billion, increased by 15.2 per cent as compared to June 2020, and comprised of 10.3 per cent of total imports.

In addition, the overall performance for the second quarter (Q2) of 2021 also experienced significant increase as compared to Q2 of 2020. Exports, imports, total trade and trade surplus expanded by 44.0 per cent, 33.3 per cent, 39.0 per cent and 122.7 per cent, respectively.

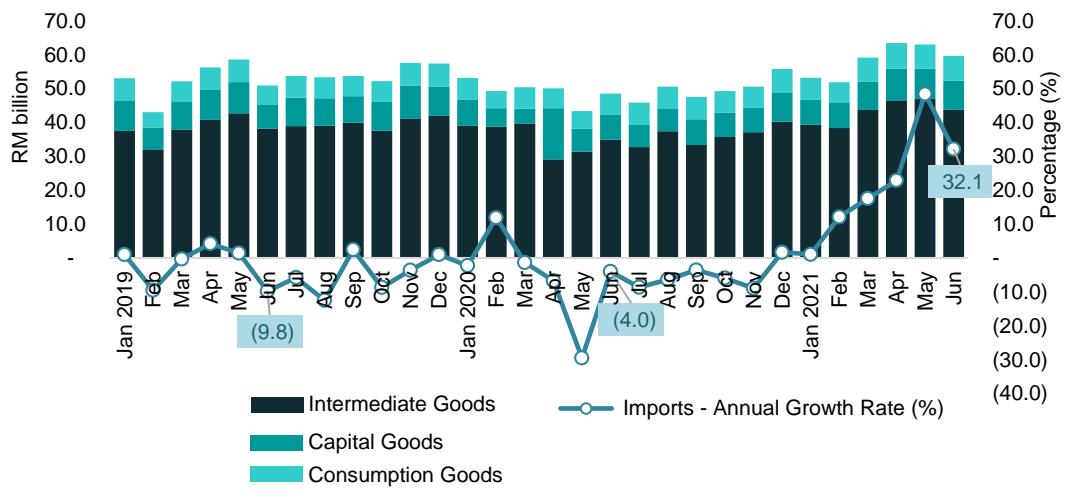
Today, in this report DOSM is also publishing the final external trade statistics for the reference year 2020. Exports in 2020 amounted RM983.8 billion, declined by 1.1 per cent compared to 2019. Imports shrank by 5.8 per cent to RM800.4 billion while total trade amounted to RM1.9 trillion, lower by 3.3 per cent. Trade surplus accelerated by 25.9 per cent to RM183.3 billion.

The Malaysia Population and Housing Census 2020 (Malaysia Census 2020) via online (e-Census) is being conducted nationwide until full coverage has been accomplished. All Malaysian residents are urged to cooperate in realising the success of Malaysia Census 2020 to ensure that no one is left behind as your data is our future. Please visit the Malaysia Census 2020 portal at www.mycensus.gov.my or social media @MyCensus2020 for more info.

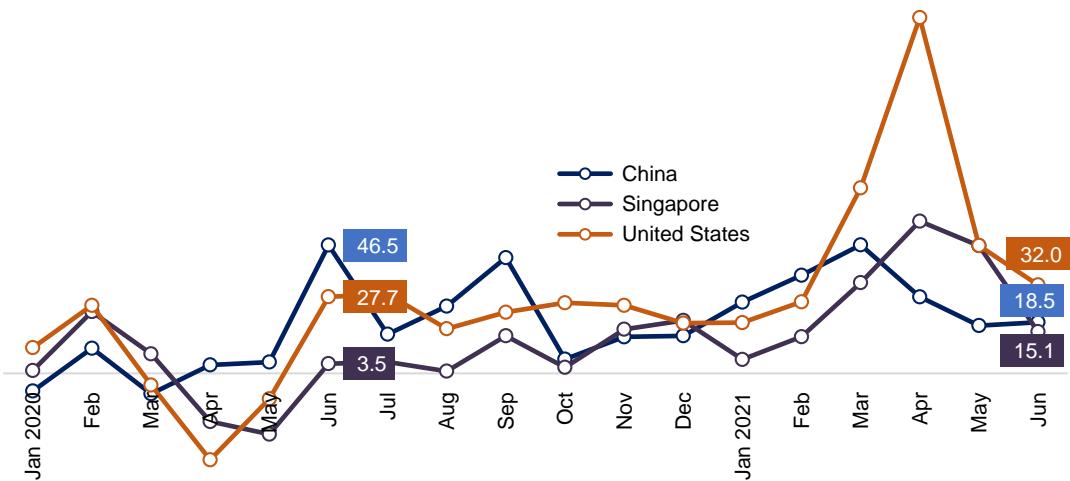
*Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2019 – Jun 2021
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 2: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,
Jan 2019 – Jun 2021
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 3: Performance of Exports for Major Trading Partners, Jan 2020 – Jun 2021
(Annual Percentage Change)*



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**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA
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