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**KENYATAAN MEDIA**  
**BAGI PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI**  
**MALAYSIA, OKTOBER 2021**

**Nilai Eksport Melepas Satu Trilion pada Sepuluh Bulan Pertama 2021,  
Berkembang 25.0 peratus**

**PUTRAJAYA, 29 November 2021** – Eksport Malaysia melepas paras satu trilion bagi tempoh Januari hingga Oktober 2021, berkembang 25.0 peratus berbanding tempoh yang sama 2020. Ini adalah tempoh terpantas nilai eksport mencecah satu trilion yang pernah direkodkan. Selaras dengan prestasi eksport, import juga mencatatkan pertumbuhan dua angka 21.8 peratus kepada RM801.2 bilion. Jumlah dagangan berkembang 23.5 peratus kepada RM1.8 trilion berbanding tempoh yang sama pada 2020 sebagai mana dilaporkan dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, OKTOBER 2021** hari ini. Laporan ini turut memaparkan prestasi import dan eksport mengikut produk dan rakan dagangan.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata "Nilai eksport yang kukuh bagi sepuluh bulan pertama 2021 adalah sejajar dengan pemulihan ekonomi global. Pembukaan aktiviti ekonomi di lebih banyak negara menandakan permintaan luar yang lebih baik. Seiring dengan prestasi cemerlang, eksport pada Oktober 2021 mengekalkan momentum pertumbuhan yang stabil dan mengatasi prestasi September dengan satu lagi rekod tertinggi, bernilai RM114.4 bilion, meningkat 25.5 peratus tahun ke tahun. Pertumbuhan itu didorong oleh kedua-dua eksport domestik dan eksport semula. Eksport domestik berjumlah RM91.3 bilion dan menyumbang 79.8 peratus kepada jumlah eksport, berkembang 23.3 peratus. Manakala, eksport semula mencatatkan RM23.2 bilion, meningkat 34.8 peratus berbanding Oktober 2020. Import meningkat 27.9 peratus kepada RM88.2 bilion dan jumlah dagangan meningkat 26.5 bilion daripada RM160.1 bilion pada Oktober 2020 kepada RM202.6 bilion. Lebihan dagangan pada Oktober 2021, dengan nilai RM26.2 bilion menjadikannya lebihan dagangan yang ke-18 bulan berturut-turut sejak Mei 2020. Selaras dengan pemulihan dalam aktiviti ekonomi domestik, prestasi bulan ke bulan eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan lebihan dagangan juga mencatatkan pertumbuhan positif, masing-masing meningkat 3.2 peratus, 4.1 peratus, 3.6 peratus dan 0.5 peratus.

Pertumbuhan ini digambarkan melalui, 173 daripada 255 kumpulan barang untuk eksport menunjukkan peningkatan berbanding bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya. Bagi import, 158 daripada 258 kumpulan merekodkan pertumbuhan positif.”

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia juga melaporkan bahawa peningkatan eksport disumbangkan terutamanya oleh eksport yang lebih tinggi ke China (+RM3.5 bilion), diikuti Indonesia (+RM1.9 bilion), Australia (+RM1.6 bilion), Jepun (+RM1.5 bilion), Amerika Syarikat (+RM1.4 bilion), Turki (+RM1.4 bilion), Viet Nam (+RM1.3 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM1.3 bilion), India (+RM1.0 bilion) dan Singapura (+RM1.0 bilion). Sementara itu, China terus menjadi penyumbang utama kepada peningkatan import (+RM4.4 bilion), diikuti Singapura (+RM3.6 bilion), Republik Korea (+RM2.1 bilion), Taiwan (+RM2.1 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM1.7 bilion), Indonesia (+RM1.6 bilion) dan Amerika Syarikat (+RM1.4 bilion).

Peningkatan eksport didorong oleh keluaran petroleum (+RM5.5 bilion); barang perkilangan logam (+RM4.6 bilion); barang elektrik & elektronik (+RM3.4 bilion); kimia & bahan kimia (+RM2.5 bilion); minyak kelapa sawit & keluaran pertanian berasakan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM1.9 bilion); gas asli cecair (+RM1.5 bilion); barang perkilangan berasakan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM1.3 bilion) dan jentera, kelengkapan dan peralatan (+RM1.2 bilion). Sementara itu, kenaikan import dicatatkan bagi barang elektrik & elektronik (+RM8.0 bilion); keluaran petroleum (+RM4.0 bilion); kimia & bahan kimia (+RM2.0 bilion); barang besi & keluli (+RM815.4 juta); dan minyak kelapa sawit & keluaran pertanian berasakan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM625.9 juta).

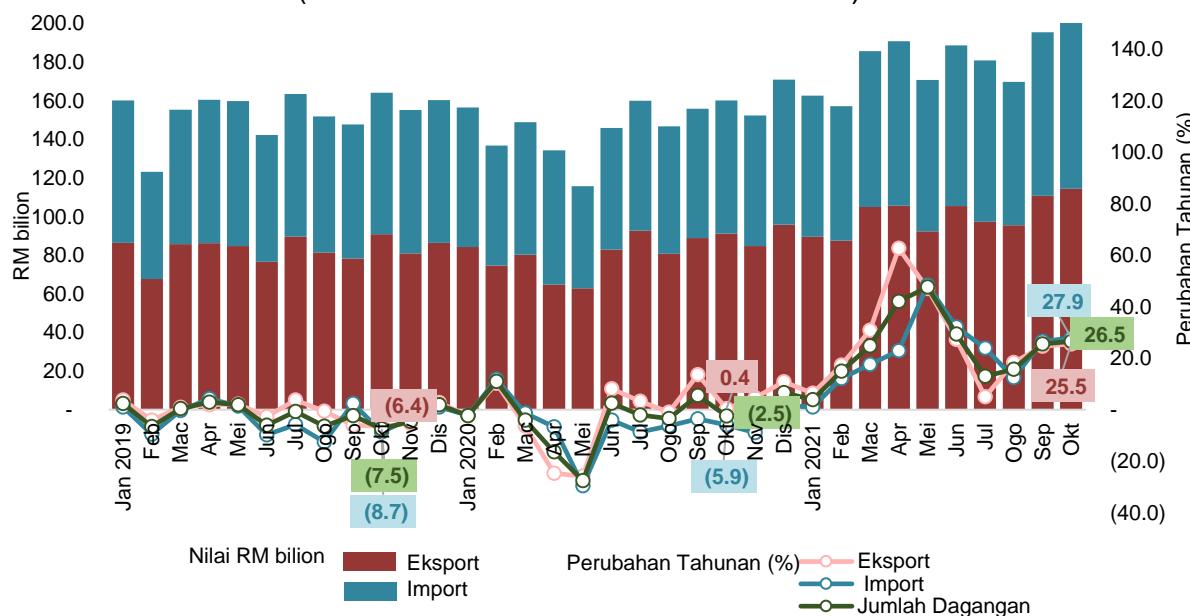
Pertumbuhan import bagi Penggunaan Akhir disokong oleh kenaikan permintaan bagi barang perantaraan, barang modal dan barang penggunaan. Import barang perantaraan (54.7% daripada jumlah import) berjumlah RM48.2 bilion, meningkat RM12.5 bilion atau 35.1 peratus. Barang modal (9.4% daripada jumlah import) mencatatkan kenaikan 15.1 peratus daripada RM7.2 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM8.3 bilion. Import barang penggunaan yang berjumlah RM7.0 bilion, meningkat 10.8 peratus berbanding Oktober 2020, dan merangkumi 7.9 peratus daripada jumlah import.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia komited dalam memastikan sistem penyampaian Jabatan yang efisien ke arah penyusunan maklumat yang berintegriti, bertepatan masa dan relevan. Pada setiap bulan hampir 4 juta transaksi ekport dan import diproses untuk penyusunan perangkaan perdagangan Luar negeri (PPLN). Bilangan ini semakin bertambah dari masa ke masa selaras kepesatan perdagangan barang negara. Selaras perkembangan teknologi, Jabatan telah mengambil langkah proaktif dengan menaik taraf Sistem Prosesan Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri sedia ada (METS) kepada versi terkini Trade 2.0 bermula rujukan Oktober 2021, bagi meningkatkan kecekapan proses kerja penyusunan PPLN. Sistem baharu ini antara lain memenuhi ciri-ciri capaian data di platform berpusat, fungsi analisis data yang lebih fleksibel dan pemodenan proses bagi modul data yang relevan.

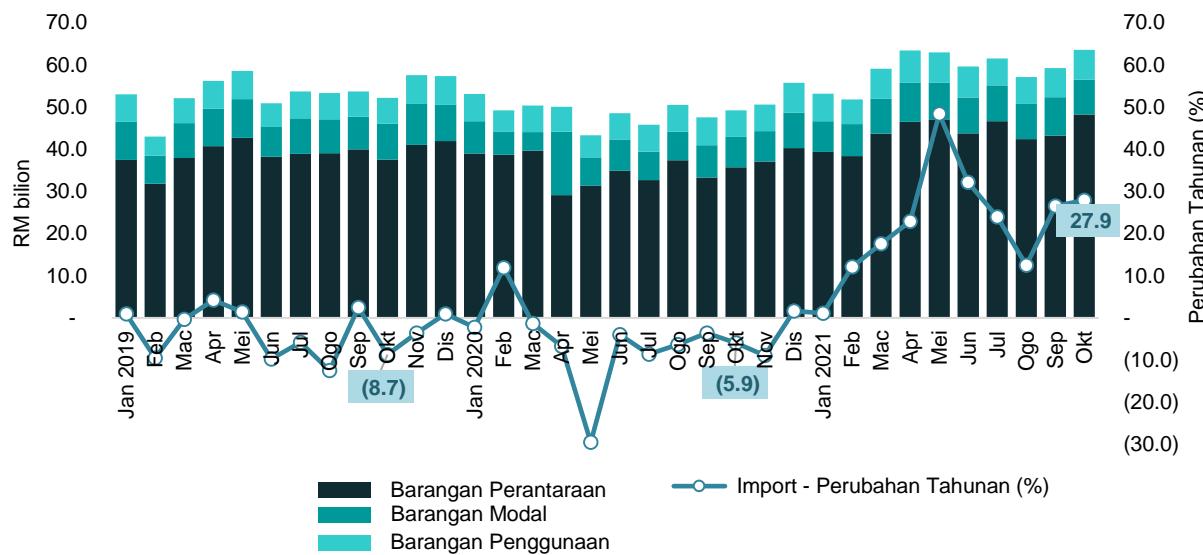
Sistem Trade 2.0 merupakan satu sistem yang digunakan secara dalaman di Jabatan. Namun, peralihan ini membuktikan komitmen DOSM dalam menyampaikan perkhidmatan statistik terbaik kepada pengguna. Peralihan kepada Sistem Trade 2.0 yang baharu ini diharap mampu memberi anjakan paradigma kepada DOSM melalui sistem yang lebih mesra pengguna dan menyeluruh, seterusnya memberi kesan positif kepada pengguna data sama ada pihak kerajaan, swasta atau pun dari luar negara dalam merancang dan membangunkan dasar yang lebih berkesan berdasarkan statistik perdagangan terkini dalam era globalisasi ekonomi pada masa kini.

Ucapan penghargaan dan terima kasih yang tidak terhingga kepada seluruh Penduduk Malaysia termasuk bukan warganegara yang telah memberikan kerjasama dalam menjayakan Banci Malaysia 2020. Bagi mereka yang masih belum berkesempatan mengisi borang soal selidik bincian, sila hubungi DOSM ditalian 1-800-88-7720 untuk maklumat lanjut. Aktiviti Semakan Kualiti (QC) dan Penyiasatan Liputan Banci (PES) bagi Banci Penduduk dan Perumahan Malaysia 2020 (Banci Malaysia 2020) sedang dilaksanakan sepanjang November dan Disember 2021. Semua penduduk Malaysia diseru untuk memberikan kerjasama dalam aktiviti yang dijalankan Banci Malaysia 2020 kerana "Data Anda Masa Depan Kita". Sila layari portal Banci Malaysia 2020 di [www.mycensus.gov.my](http://www.mycensus.gov.my) atau media sosial @MyCensus2020 untuk maklumat lanjut.

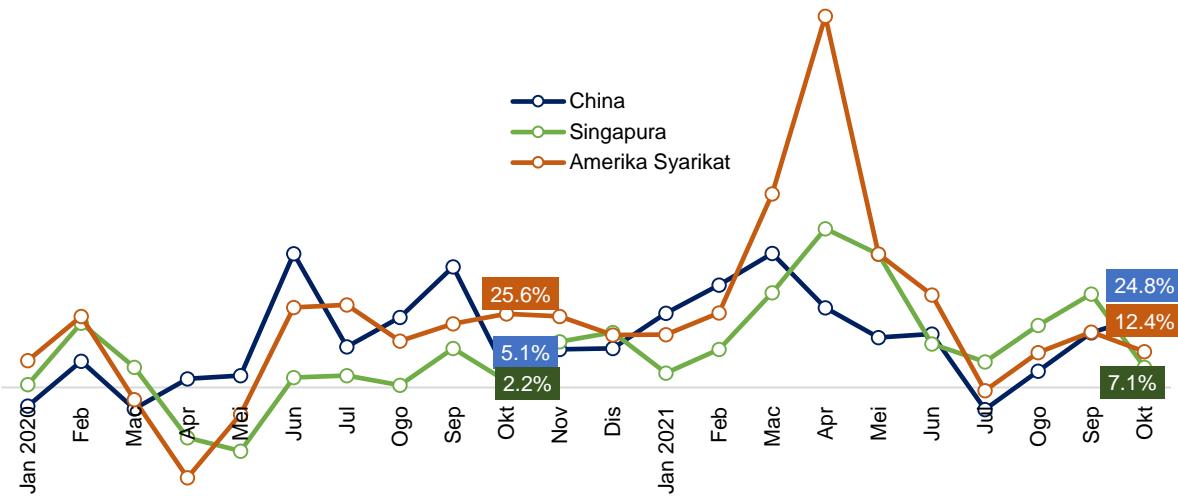
**Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2019 – Okt 2021  
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)**



**Carta 2: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC), Jan 2019 – Okt 2021  
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)**



**Carta 3: Prestasi Eksport mengikut Rakan Dagang Utama, Jan 2020 – Okt 2021  
(Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)**



Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA  
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA  
29 NOVEMBER 2021**

**Embargo: Only to be published or disseminated at 1200 hour, Monday, November 29<sup>th</sup>, 2021**



## **MEDIA STATEMENT**

### **FOR MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS, OCTOBER 2021**

***Export Value Breached One Trillion Mark in the First Ten Months of 2021,  
Expanding by 25.0 per cent***

**PUTRAJAYA, November 29, 2021** – Malaysia’s exports surpassed the one trillion mark for the period of January to October 2021, expanding by 25.0 per cent from the corresponding period in 2020. This was the fastest period export value breached the one trillion mark ever recorded. Consistent with the export’s performance, imports also registered a double-digit growth of 21.8 per cent to RM801.2 billion. Total trade expanded by 23.5 per cent to RM1.8 trillion compared to the same period in 2020 as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, OCTOBER 2021**. This report also presents the performance of imports and exports by product and trading partner.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said “The strong export value for the first ten months of 2021 was in line with global economic recoveries. The opening of economic activities in more countries signified better external demand. Along with outstanding performance, exports in October 2021 maintained its steady growth momentum and outperformed September with another record high, with a value of RM114.4 billion, rising by 25.5 per cent, year-on-year (y-o-y). The expansion was driven by both domestic exports and re-exports. Domestic exports stood at RM91.3 billion and contributed 79.8 per cent to the total exports, widened by 23.3 per cent. While, the re-exports registered RM23.2 billion, increased by 34.8 per cent as compared to October 2020. Imports was higher by 27.9 per cent to RM88.2 billion and total trade expanded by 26.5 billion from RM160.1 billion in October 2020 to RM202.6 billion. Trade surplus in October 2021, with a value of RM26.2 billion marked the 18<sup>th</sup> consecutive month of trade surplus since May 2020. In accordance with the recovery in domestic economic activity, the month-on-month performance of exports, imports, total trade and trade surplus were also remarked the positive growth, higher by 3.2 per cent, 4.1 per cent, 3.6 per cent and 0.5 per cent, respectively.

*This performance was portrayed in 173 out of 255 commodity groups for exports showed increases as compared to the same month of the previous year. As for imports, 158 of 258 groups posted positive growths.”*

*The Department of Statistics Malaysia also reported, with the rise in exports was attributable mainly to the higher exports to China (+RM3.5 billion) followed by Indonesia (+RM1.9 billion), Australia (+RM1.6 billion), Japan (+RM1.5 billion), the United States (+RM1.4 billion), Turkey (+RM1.4 billion), Viet Nam (+RM1.3 billion), the European Union (+RM1.3 billion), India (+RM1.0 billion) and Singapore (+RM1.0 billion). On a similar note, China continued to be the major contributor to the increase in imports (+RM4.4 billion), followed by Singapore (+RM3.6 billion), Republic of Korea (+RM2.1 billion), Taiwan (+RM2.1 billion), the European Union (+RM1.7 billion), Indonesia (+RM1.6 billion) and the United States (+RM1.4 billion).*

*The expansion in exports was driven by petroleum products (+RM5.5 billion); manufacture of metal (+RM4.6 billion); electrical & electronic products (+RM3.4 billion); chemical & chemical products (+RM2.5 billion); palm oil & palm oil-based agriculture products (+RM1.9 billion); liquefied natural gas (+RM1.5 billion); palm oil-based manufactured products (+RM1.3 billion) and machinery, equipment and parts (+RM1.2 billion). Meanwhile, the rise in imports were noted for electrical & electronic products (+RM8.0 billion); petroleum products (+RM4.0 billion); chemical & chemical products (+RM2.0 billion); iron & steel products (+RM815.4 million) and palm oil & palm oil-based agriculture products (+RM625.9 million).*

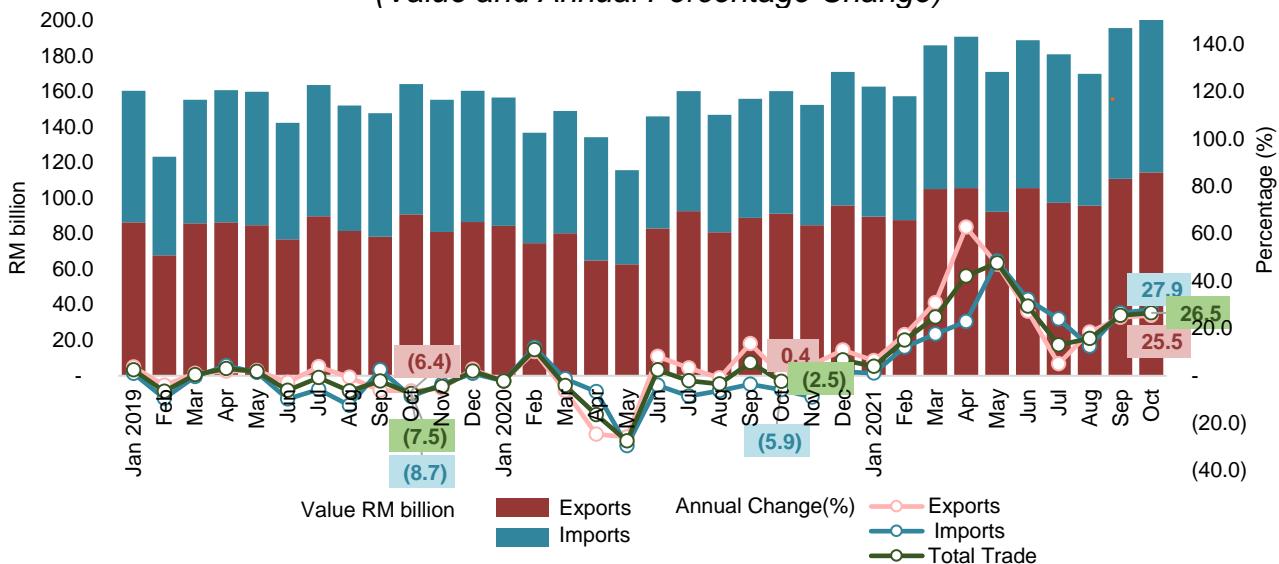
*An expansion in imports by End Use sustained by higher demand for intermediate goods, capital goods and consumption goods. Imports of intermediate goods (54.7% of the total imports) totaled RM48.2 billion, increased by RM12.5 billion or 35.1 per cent. Capital goods (9.4% of total imports) registered an increase of 15.1 per cent from RM7.2 billion in the preceding year to RM8.3 billion. Imports of consumption goods which amounted to RM7.0 billion, rose by 10.8 per cent as compared to October 2020, and comprised of 7.9 per cent of total imports.*

*The Department of Statistics Malaysia is committed to ensuring its efficient delivery system towards the compilation of timely, relevant and of integrity information. Every month almost 4 million export and import transactions are processed for the compilation of External Trade Statistics. This number is increasing over the time, along with the fast development in merchandise trade of the country. In line with recent technology developments, commencing with reference of October 2021, the Department has deployed a new, improved External Trade Statistics processing system to fulfil the current needs. The new system features one-stop data access platform, flexible data analysis functions and process modernization for relevant data modules.*

*The Trade 2.0 system is a system used internally in the Department. However, this transition demonstrates DOSM's commitment to deliver the best statistical services to users. The new Trade 2.0 system is anticipated to promote a paradigm shift to DOSM through a more user-friendly and comprehensive system. Thus, having a positive impact on data users, whether government, private, or international, in planning and developing more effective policies based on the latest trade statistics in the current era of economic globalization.*

*Thank you and highest appreciation to all Malaysian residents, including non-citizens, who have given their full support and cooperation in making the Malaysia Census 2020 a success. For those who have not yet had the opportunity to fill out the census questionnaire, please contact DOSM at 1-800-88 -7720 for further information. The activities of Quality Check (QC) and Post Enumeration Survey (PES) for Malaysia Population and Housing Census 2020 (Malaysia Census 2020) is ongoing in November and December 2021. All Malaysian residents are urged to cooperate with the said activities of Malaysia Census 2020 because "Your Data is Our Future". Please visit the Malaysia Census 2020 portal at [www.mycensus.gov.my](http://www.mycensus.gov.my) or social media @MyCensus2020 for more info.*

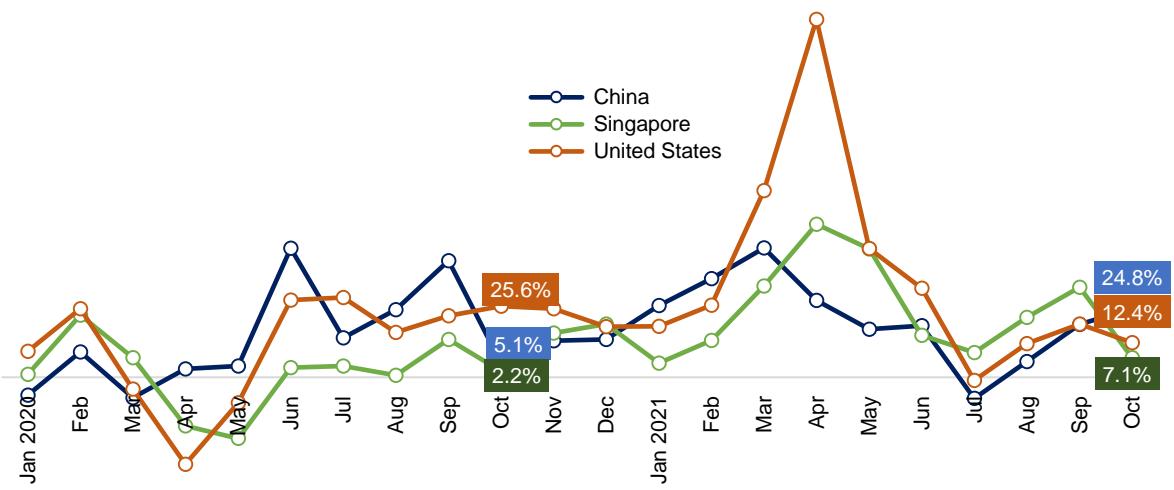
*Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2019 – Oct 2021  
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 2: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification,  
Jan 2019 – Oct 2021  
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)*



*Chart 3: Performance of Exports for Major Trading Partners, Jan 2020 – Oct 2021  
(Annual Percentage Change)*



*Released by:*

**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN  
MALAYSIA DEPARTMENT OF  
STATISTICS, MALAYSIA  
29 NOVEMBER 2021**

