

Embargo: Hanya boleh diterbitkan atau disebarkan mulai jam 1200, Jumaat, 18 Februari 2022



KENYATAAN MEDIA
BAGI PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI
MALAYSIA, JANUARI 2022

Eksport Malaysia Mengekalkan Momentum Pertumbuhan Kukuh pada
Permulaan 2022, Meningkatkan 23.5 peratus

PUTRAJAYA, 18 Februari 2022 – Prestasi eksport Malaysia kekal stabil dengan mencatatkan pertumbuhan kukuh dua digit pada Januari 2022, meningkat 23.5 peratus daripada tempoh yang sama pada 2021 kepada RM110.7 bilion. Nilai eksport melepasi paras RM100 bilion untuk bulan kelima berturut-turut sejak September 2021. Selaras dengan peningkatan eksport, import juga mencatatkan pertumbuhan dua digit 26.4 peratus kepada RM92.3 bilion, tahun ke tahun. Jumlah dagangan berkembang 24.8 peratus kepada RM203.0 bilion berbanding Januari 2021 sebagai mana dilaporkan dalam **BULETIN PERANGKAAN PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI MALAYSIA, JANUARI 2022** hari ini. Laporan ini turut memaparkan prestasi import dan eksport mengikut produk dan rakan dagangan.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata "Pertumbuhan eksport pada Januari 2022 disokong oleh kedua-dua eksport domestik dan eksport semula. Eksport domestik berjumlah RM90.9 bilion dan menyumbang 82.1 peratus kepada jumlah eksport, meningkat 26.1 peratus. Manakala, eksport semula yang bernilai RM19.8 bilion, meningkat 13.2 peratus berbanding Januari 2021. Import meningkat 26.4 peratus kepada RM92.3 bilion dan jumlah dagangan berkembang 24.8 peratus daripada RM162.6 bilion pada Januari 2021 kepada RM203.0 bilion. Lebihan dagangan pada Januari 2022, dengan nilai RM18.4 bilion merupakan lebihan dagangan ke-21 bulan berturut-turut sejak Mei 2020. Berbanding dengan Disember 2021 prestasi eksport, import, jumlah dagangan dan lebihan dagangan menunjukkan penurunan masing-masing 10.6 peratus, 0.6 peratus, 6.3 peratus dan 40.6 peratus.

Pertumbuhan tahunan yang signifikan dalam eksport digambarkan melalui 186 daripada 253 kumpulan barangan menunjukkan peningkatan berbanding bulan yang sama tahun sebelumnya. Bagi import, 208 daripada 257 kumpulan merekodkan pertumbuhan positif."

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia juga melaporkan bahawa peningkatan eksport disumbangkan terutamanya oleh eksport yang lebih tinggi ke China (+RM3.8 bilion), diikuti Singapura (+RM2.1 bilion), India (+RM2.0 bilion), Amerika Syarikat (+RM1.8 bilion), Republik Korea (+RM1.2 bilion), Kesatuan Eropah (+RM1.2 bilion), Turki (+RM941.7 juta), Thailand (+RM902.2 juta), Indonesia (+RM850.2 juta) dan Hong Kong (+RM803.8 juta). Sementara itu, China terus menjadi penyumbang utama kepada peningkatan import (+RM6.3 bilion), diikuti oleh Kesatuan Eropah (+RM2.1 bilion), Taiwan (+RM1.6 bilion), Singapura (+RM1.6 bilion), Republik Korea (+RM1.1 bilion), Viet Nam (+RM789.3 juta), India (+RM777.6 juta), Indonesia (+RM754.2 juta) dan Amerika Syarikat (+RM750.2 juta).

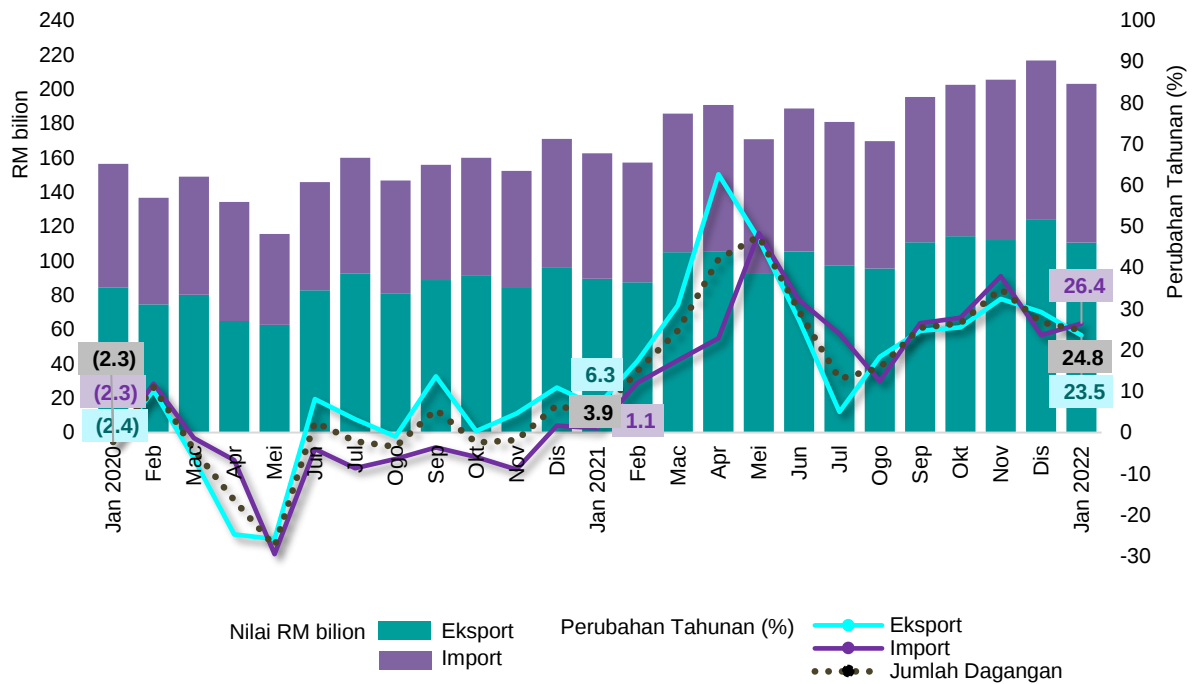
Mengulas lebih lanjut mengenai eksport, peningkatan mengikut produk didorong oleh barangan elektrik & elektronik (+RM8.1 bilion); minyak kelapa sawit & keluaran pertanian berasaskan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM3.6 bilion); barangan perkilangan logam (+RM2.0 bilion); keluaran petroleum (+RM1.8 bilion); gas asli cecair (+RM1.7 bilion); kimia & bahan kimia (+RM1.5 bilion); barangan perkilangan berasaskan minyak kelapa sawit (+RM1.3 bilion); jentera, kelengkapan & peralatan (+RM1.2 bilion) dan barangan besi & keluli (+RM971.0 juta). Sementara itu, kenaikan import dicatatkan bagi barangan elektrik & elektronik (+RM6.3 bilion); kimia & bahan kimia (+RM3.1 bilion); jentera, kelengkapan & peralatan (+RM2.1 bilion); keluaran petroleum (+RM1.8 bilion); barangan besi & keluli (+RM1.0 bilion) dan bijih logam & serpihan logam (+RM871.0 juta).

Pertumbuhan import mengikut Penggunaan Akhir disokong oleh kenaikan permintaan bagi barangan perantaraan, barangan modal dan barangan penggunaan. Import barangan perantaraan (54.7% daripada jumlah import) berjumlah RM50.5 bilion, meningkat RM11.1 bilion atau 28.3 peratus. Barangan modal (10.8% daripada jumlah import) mencatatkan kenaikan 37.7 peratus daripada RM7.2 bilion pada tahun sebelumnya kepada RM10.0 bilion. Import barangan penggunaan yang berjumlah RM8.6 bilion, meningkat 32.0 peratus berbanding Januari 2021, dan merangkumi 9.3 peratus daripada jumlah import.

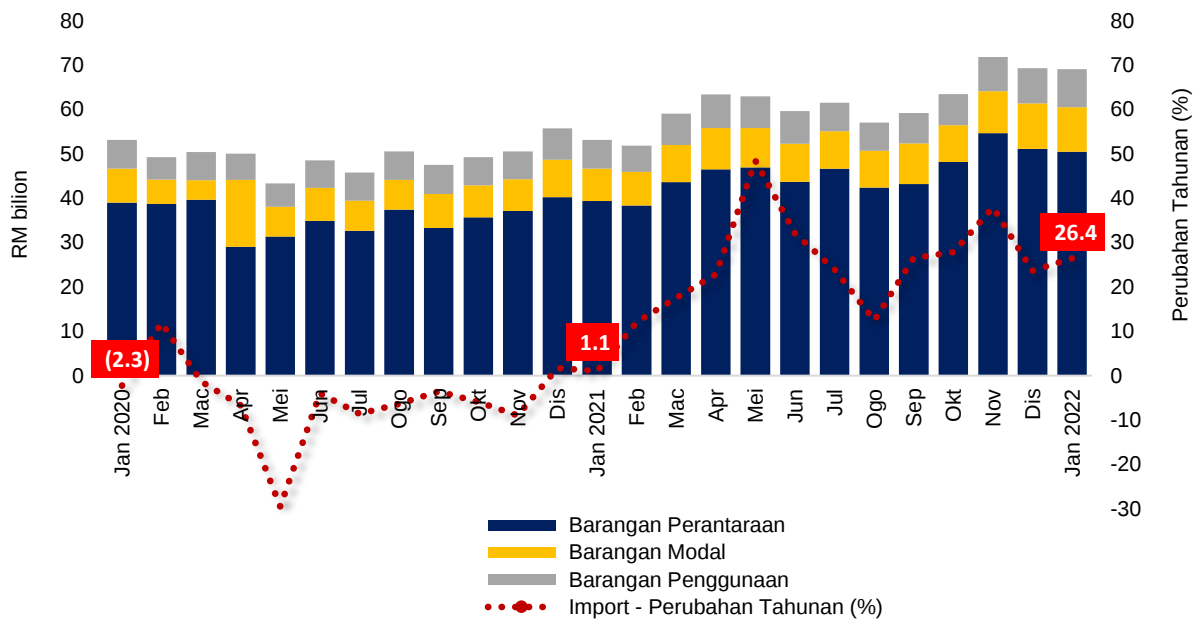
Mengambil kira keperluan untuk memaklumkan pembuat keputusan berdasarkan maklumat, Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) telah mengambil usaha proaktif untuk menyebarkan data perdagangan luar negeri Malaysia terkini yang lebih pantas melalui Buletin Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri Malaysia dalam tempoh yang lebih awal. Buletin ini adalah keluaran pertama yang disebarkan dalam masa dua (2) minggu selepas bulan rujukan seperti mana dimaklumkan terdahulu.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang menjalankan Survei Pendapatan, Perbelanjaan Isi Rumah dan Kemudahan Asas (HIES/BA) 2022 bermula dari 1 Januari 2022 sehingga 31 Disember 2022. DOSM amat menghargai kerjasama daripada responden yang terpilih untuk memberikan maklumat kepada DOSM serta menjayakan survei ini. Sila layari www.dosm.gov.my untuk maklumat lanjut.

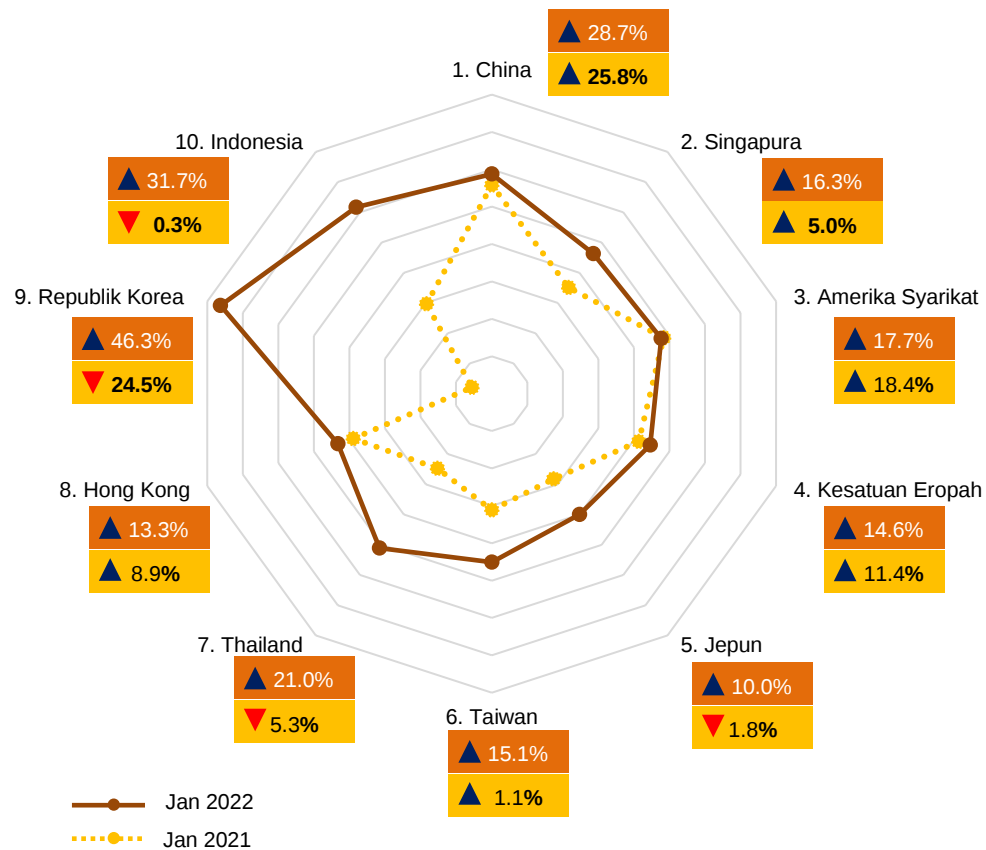
Carta 1: Perangkaan Perdagangan Luar Negeri, Jan 2020 – Jan 2022
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Carta 2: Import mengikut Klasifikasi Penggunaan Akhir & Kategori Ekonomi Umum (BEC), Jan 2020 – Jan 2022
(Nilai dan Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Carta 3: Prestasi Eksport mengikut Rakan Dagang Utama, Jan 2021 and Jan 2022
(Peratus Perubahan Tahunan)



Dikeluarkan oleh:

PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

18 FEBRUARI 2022

Embargo: Only to be published or disseminated at 1200 hour, Friday, February 18th, 2022



MEDIA STATEMENT

FOR MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS, JANUARY 2022

Malaysia's Exports Sustained its Stellar Growth Momentum in the Beginning of 2022 Soared by 23.5 per cent

PUTRAJAYA, February 18, 2022 – Malaysia's exports performance remained steady to record a strong double-digit growth in January 2022, growing by 23.5 per cent from the corresponding period in 2021 to RM110.7 billion. Export value surpassing RM100 billion mark for fifth consecutive months since September 2021. Consistent with the growth in exports, imports also registered a double-digit growth of 26.4 per cent to RM92.3 billion, year-on-year (y-o-y). Total trade expanded by 24.8 per cent to RM203.0 billion compared with January 2021 as reported today in **MALAYSIA EXTERNAL TRADE STATISTICS BULLETIN, JANUARY 2022**. This report also presents the performance of imports and exports by product and trading partner.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said "The expansion in exports in January 2022 was supported by both domestic exports and re-exports. Domestic exports stood at RM90.9 billion and contributed 82.1 per cent to the total exports, widened by 26.1 per cent. While, the re-exports with a value of RM19.8 billion, increased by 13.2 per cent as compared to January 2021. Imports was higher by 26.4 per cent to RM92.3 billion and total trade expanded by 24.8 per cent from RM162.6 billion in January 2021 to RM203.0 billion. Trade surplus in January 2022, with a value of RM18.4 billion marked the 21st consecutive months of trade surplus since May 2020. In comparison to December 2021, the performance of exports, imports, total trade and trade surplus showed declines of 10.6 per cent, 0.6 per cent, 6.3 per cent and 40.6 per cent, respectively.

Significant annual growth in exports was portrayed in 186 out of 253 commodity groups showed increases as compared to the same month of the previous year. As for imports, 208 of 257 groups posted positive growth."

Department of Statistics Malaysia also reported, the rise in exports was attributable mainly to the higher exports to China (+RM3.8 billion) followed by Singapore (+RM2.1 billion), India (+RM2.0 billion), the United States (+RM1.8 billion), Republic of Korea (+RM1.2 billion), the European Union (+RM1.2 billion), Turkey (+RM941.7 million), Thailand (+RM902.2 million), Indonesia (+RM850.2 million) and Hong Kong (+RM803.8 million). On a similar note, China continued to be the major contributor to the increase in imports (+RM6.3 billion), followed by the European Union (+RM2.1 billion), Taiwan (+RM1.6 billion), Singapore (+RM1.6 billion), Republic of Korea (+RM1.1 billion), Viet Nam (+RM789.3 million), India (+RM777.6 million), Indonesia (+RM754.2 million) and the United States (+RM750.2 million).

Commenting further on exports, the expansion by products was driven by electrical & electronic products (+RM8.1 billion); palm oil & palm oil-based agriculture products (+RM3.6 billion); manufacture of metal (+RM2.0 billion); petroleum products (+RM1.8 billion); liquefied natural gas (+RM1.7 billion); chemical & chemical products (+RM1.5 billion); palm oil-based manufactured products (+RM1.3 billion); machinery, equipment & parts (+RM1.2 billion) and iron & steel products (+RM971.0 million). Meanwhile, the rise in imports were noted for electrical & electronic products (+RM6.3 billion); chemical & chemical products (+RM3.1 billion); machinery, equipment & parts (+RM2.1 billion); petroleum products (+RM1.8 billion); iron & steel products (+RM1.0 billion) and metalliferous ores & metal scrap (+RM871.0 million).

On the same note, the expansion in imports by End Use sustained by higher demand primarily for intermediate goods, capital goods and consumption goods. Imports of intermediate goods (54.7% of the total imports) totalled RM50.5 billion, expanded by RM11.1 billion or 28.3 per cent. Capital goods (10.8% of total imports) registered an increase of 37.7 per cent from RM7.2 billion in the preceding year to RM10.0 billion. Imports of consumption goods which amounted to RM8.6 billion, rose by 32.0 per cent as compared to January 2021, and comprised of 9.3 per cent of total imports.

In view of the need to inform decision-making, the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has taken proactive effort to disseminate the latest and up-to-date trade statistics through Malaysia's External Trade Statistics Bulletin at an earlier period. This bulletin is the first release ever scheduled in two (2) weeks after the reference month as previously mentioned.

DOSM is conducting the Household Income, Expenditure and Basic Amenities Survey (HIES/BA) 2022 from 1st January 2022 to 31st December 2022. DOSM greatly appreciates the cooperation given by selected respondents by sharing their information with DOSM and making the survey a success. Please visit www.dosm.gov.my for more information.

Chart 1: External Trade Statistics, Jan 2020 – Jan 2022
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)

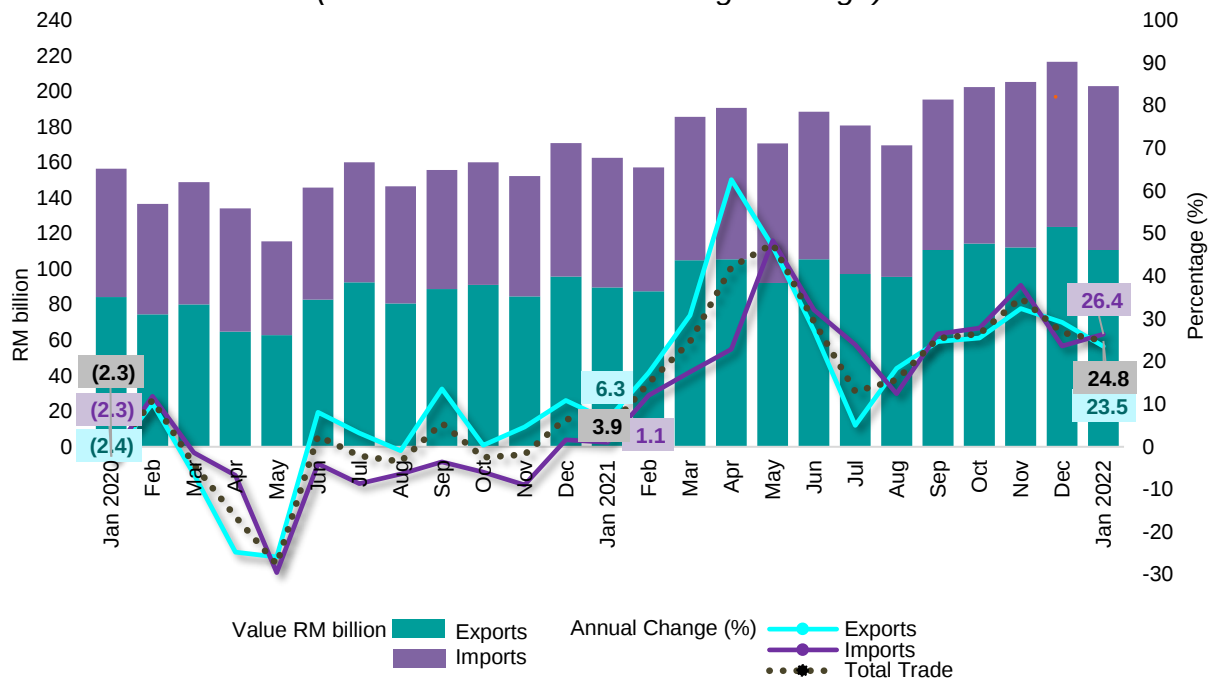


Chart 2: Imports for End Use & Broad Economic Categories (BEC) Classification, Jan 2020 – Jan 2022
(Value and Annual Percentage Change)

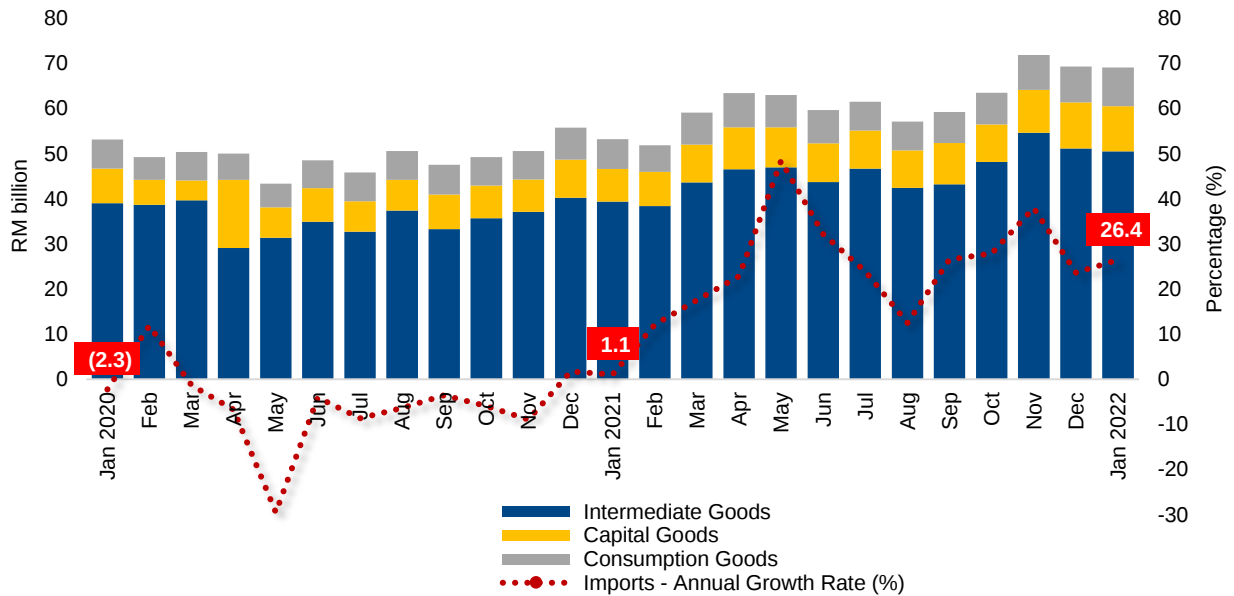
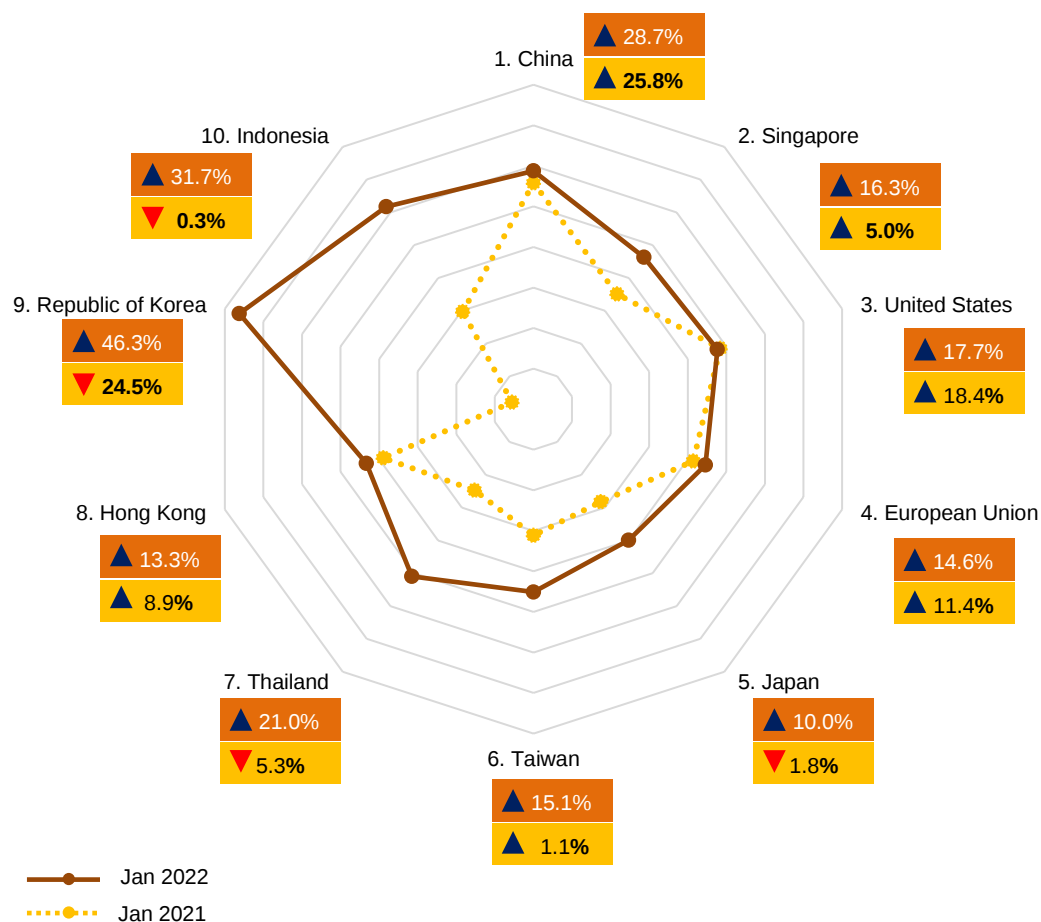


Chart 3: Performance of Exports for Major Trading Partners, Jan 2021 and Jan 2022
(Annual Percentage Change)



Released by:

THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN

MALAYSIA DEPARTMENT OF

STATISTICS, MALAYSIA

18 FEBRUARY 2022