



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA

PERANGKAAN GETAH BULANAN, MALAYSIA, APRIL 2026

Pengeluaran getah asli Malaysia menurun 8.8 peratus pada April 2026

PUTRAJAYA, 11 JUN 2026 – Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) telah menerbitkan **Perangkaan Getah Bulanan, Malaysia, April 2026**. Penerbitan ini memaparkan statistik pengeluaran, import, eksport, penggunaan domestik, stok, harga, bilangan pekerja, gaji & upah dan produktiviti getah.

Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata, pengeluaran getah asli menurun 8.8 peratus pada April 2026 (18,515 tan metrik) berbanding pada Mac 2026 (20,310 tan metrik). Perbandingan tahun ke tahun menunjukkan pengeluaran getah asli meningkat 2.8 peratus (April 2025: 18,008 tan metrik). Pengeluaran getah asli Malaysia pada April 2026 disumbangkan terutamanya oleh pekebun kecil (88.5%) berbanding estet (11.5%).

Jumlah stok getah asli pada April 2026 menurun 6.2 peratus kepada 130,698 tan metrik berbanding 139,387 tan metrik pada Mac 2026. Kilang pemproses getah menyumbang stok akhir sebanyak 76.9 peratus diikuti kilang pengguna getah (23.0%) dan estet getah (0.1%).

Eksport getah asli Malaysia berjumlah 37,360 tan metrik pada April 2026, meningkat 12.7 peratus berbanding Mac 2026 (33,137 tan metrik). China terus kekal sebagai destinasi utama untuk eksport getah asli iaitu menyumbang 50.8 peratus daripada jumlah keseluruhan eksport pada April 2026 diikuti Jerman (15.8%), Amerika Syarikat (4.7%) Emiriah Arab Bersatu (4.2%) dan Portugal (3.7%). Prestasi eksport disumbangkan oleh produk berasaskan getah asli seperti sarung tangan getah, tayar, tiub dan benang getah. Produk sarung tangan getah merupakan eksport utama dengan nilai RM1.4 billion pada April 2026, meningkat 52.4 peratus berbanding Mac 2026 (RM0.9 billion).

Dari segi harga purata bulanan menunjukkan lateks pekat merekodkan 754.69 sen sekilogram pada April 2026 berbanding 665.40 sen sekilogram pada Mac 2026 (+13.4 peratus). Manakala sekerap merekodkan harga purata bulanan 691.26 sen sekilogram pada April 2026 berbanding 654.27 sen sekilogram pada Mac 2026 (+5.7 peratus). *The World Bank Commodity Price Data* melaporkan harga April 2026 bagi getah jenis TSR 20 (*Technically Specified Rubber*) adalah USD2.06/kg

meningkat 5.6 peratus daripada USD1.95/kg dan harga SGP/MYS (Singapura/Malaysia) adalah USD2.51/kg meningkat 5.0 peratus daripada USD2.39/kg pada bulan sebelum.

Menurut *Malaysia Rubber Board Digest* keluaran April 2026, pasaran getah Kuala Lumpur diniagakan pada arah aliran yang lebih kukuh pada April, disokong terutamanya oleh kenaikan mendadak harga minyak mentah global akibat daripada konflik Timur Tengah yang berpanjangan. Lonjakan ini telah meningkatkan kos pengeluaran getah sintetik dengan ketara dan memperkukuh permintaan penggantian terhadap getah asli, dengan harga minyak Brent diunjurkan sekitar USD100 setong sepanjang tahun 2026. Sentimen pasaran disokong oleh kebimbangan berterusan terhadap gangguan bekalan dan ketersediaan getah global yang lebih ketat di samping kos logistik yang melambung tinggi disebabkan gangguan penghantaran di sekitar Selat Hormuz yang memaksa kapal membuat laluan semula dengan menambah 10-14 hari perjalanan. Walaupun pengukuhan ringgit berbanding dolar A.S. menawarkan sedikit offset, data makroekonomi yang menyokong dari China dan aktiviti ekonomi A.S. yang berdaya tahan menyediakan asas yang kukuh untuk pasaran.

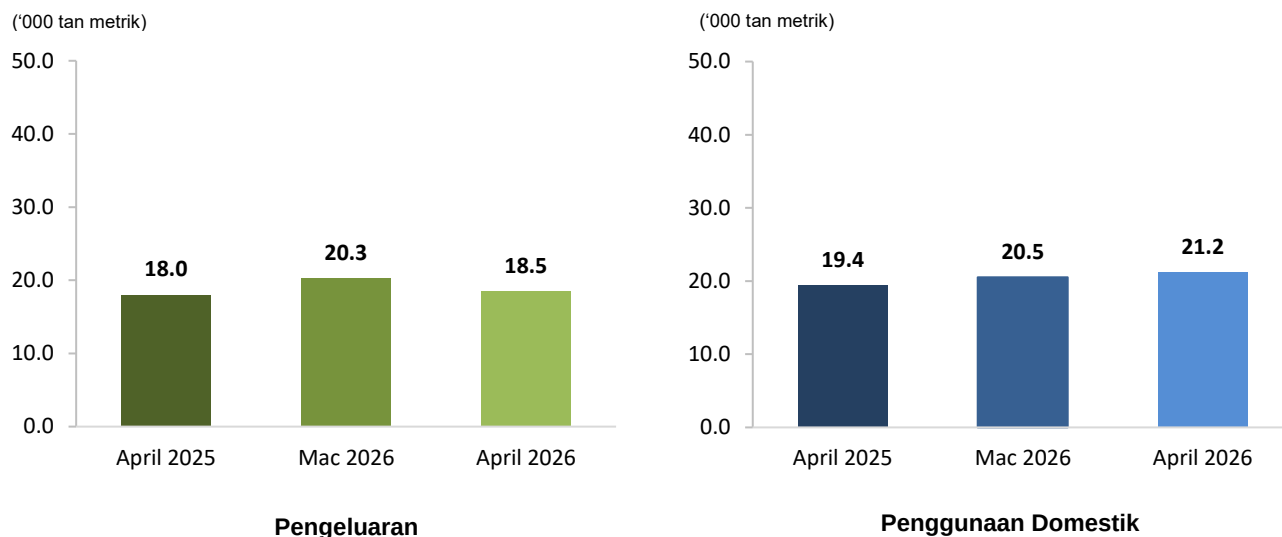
Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang melaksanakan **Banci Ekonomi 2026 (BE2026)** dengan tema “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. Pelaksanaan Banci Ekonomi kali keenam ini berlangsung dari **5 Januari hingga 31 Oktober 2026**. BE2026 bertujuan untuk mengumpul data yang menyeluruh dan berstruktur daripada semua pertubuhan perniagaan berdaftar dan tidak berdaftar di Malaysia, bagi menilai prestasi, struktur serta ciri-ciri ekonomi negara secara komprehensif dan berasaskan bukti.

Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki **tangga pertama (1)** di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** yang dikeluarkan oleh Open Data Watch (ODW), mengatasi 197 negara lain. Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

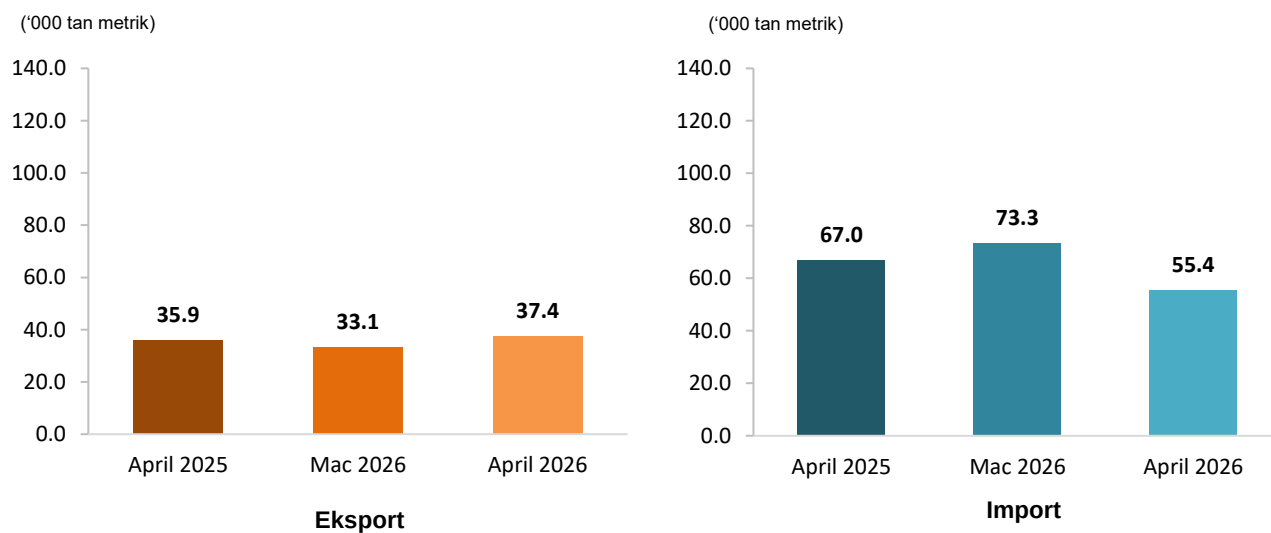
OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

TaniStats 2.0 merupakan hab utama maklumat pertanian bersepadu yang menyediakan paparan statistik berinformatif, berstruktur dan mesra pengguna bagi memperkukuh pemahaman awam terhadap corak dan perubahan sektor pertanian, sekaligus menyokong inisiatif transformasi digital ke arah dasar yang lebih inklusif dan berasaskan bukti. Akses TaniStats di <https://tanistats.dosm.gov.my>

Carta 1: Pengeluaran dan penggunaan domestik bagi getah asli April 2025, Mac - April 2026 ('000 tan metrik)



Carta 2: Eksport dan import bagi getah asli April 2025, Mac - April 2026 ('000 tan metrik)



Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
11 JUN 2026**



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT

MONTHLY RUBBER STATISTICS, MALAYSIA, APRIL 2026

Malaysia natural rubber production decreased by 8.8 per cent in April 2026

PUTRAJAYA, 11TH JUNE 2026 – The Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM) released the **Monthly Rubber Statistics, Malaysia, April 2026**. This publication consists of statistics on production, imports, exports, domestic consumption, stocks, prices, number of employees, salaries & wages and productivity of rubber.

Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, Natural Rubber (NR) production decreased by 8.8 per cent in April 2026 (18,515 tonnes) as compared to March 2026 (20,310 tonnes). Year-on-year comparison showed that the production of NR increased by 2.8 per cent (April 2025: 18,008 tonnes). Production of NR in April 2026 for Malaysia was mainly contributed by smallholders (88.5%) as compared to estates (11.5%).

Total stocks of NR in April 2026 decreased by 6.2 per cent to 130,698 tonnes as compared to 139,387 tonnes in March 2026. Rubber processors factory contributed 76.9 per cent of the stocks followed by rubber consumers factory (23.0%) and rubber estates (0.1%).

Exports of Malaysia's NR amounted to 37,360 tonnes in April 2026, increased by 12.7 per cent as against March 2026 (33,137 tonnes). P.R. China remained as the main destination for NR exports which accounted 50.8 per cent of total exports in April 2026 followed by Germany (15.8%), the United States of America (4.7%), the United Arab Emirates (4.2%) and Portugal (3.7%). The exports performance was contributed by NR-based product such as rubber gloves, tyre, tube and rubber thread. Rubber gloves were the main exports of rubber-based products with a value of RM1.4 billion in April 2026, an increase of 52.4 per cent as compared to March 2026 (RM0.9 billion).

In term of the average monthly price showed that concentrated latex recorded 754.69 sen per kilogram in April 2026 as compared to 665.40 sen per kilogram in March 2026 (+13.4 per cent). Meanwhile scrap recorded the average monthly price 691.26 sen per kilogram in April 2026 as compared to 654.27 sen per kilogram in March 2026 (+5.7 per cent). The World Bank Commodity Price Data reported the prices April for TSR 20 (Technically Specified Rubber) was USD2.06/kg has increased

5.6 per cent from USD1.95/kg and SGP/MYS (Singapore/Malaysia) was USD2.51/kg has increased 5.0 per cent from USD2.39/kg in previous month.

According to the Malaysia Rubber Board Digest published in April 2026, the Kuala Lumpur rubber market traded on a firmer trend in April, supported primarily by the sharp escalation in global crude oil prices arising from the prolonged Middle East conflict. This surge significantly lifted production costs for synthetic rubber and strengthened substitution demand toward natural rubber, with Brent oil prices projected around USD100 per barrel for the rest of the year. Market sentiment was further underpinned by persistent concerns over supply disruptions and tighter global rubber availability amid soaring logistics costs, as shipping disruptions around the Strait of Hormuz forced vessels to re-route, adding 10–14 days to journeys. While the strengthening ringgit against the U.S. dollar offered some offset, supportive macroeconomic data from China and resilient U.S. economic activity provided a solid floor for the market.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the **Economic Census 2026 (BE2026)**, with themed “*Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat*”. The sixth Economic Census, will be carried out from **5th January to 31st October 2026**. BE2026 aims to collect comprehensive and structured data from all registered and unregistered business establishments in Malaysia to assess the nation’s economic performance, structure and characteristics in an evidence-based manner.

Malaysia has, for the first time, successfully secured the **top position** globally in the biennial **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 197 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

OpenDOSM NextGen is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

TaniStats 2.0 is a centralised agricultural information hub that provides informative, structured and user-friendly statistical dashboards to strengthen public understanding of patterns and changes in the agricultural sector, thus supporting digital transformation initiatives towards more inclusive and evidence-based policies. Access TaniStats at <https://tanistats.dosm.gov.my>.

Chart 1: Production and domestic consumption of natural rubber April 2025, March - April 2026 ('000 tonnes)

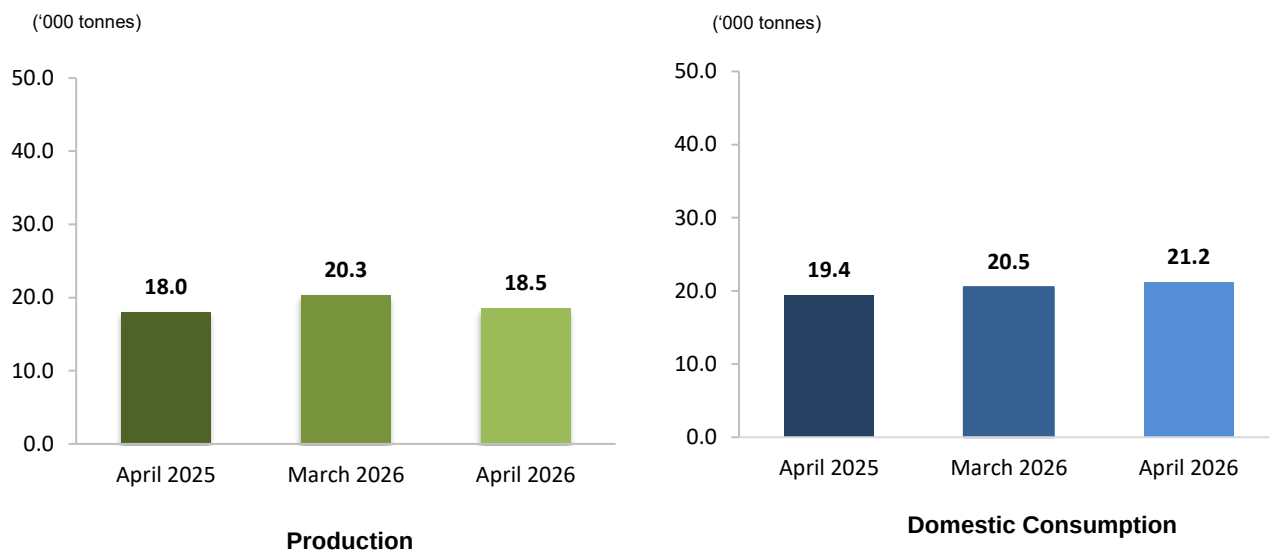
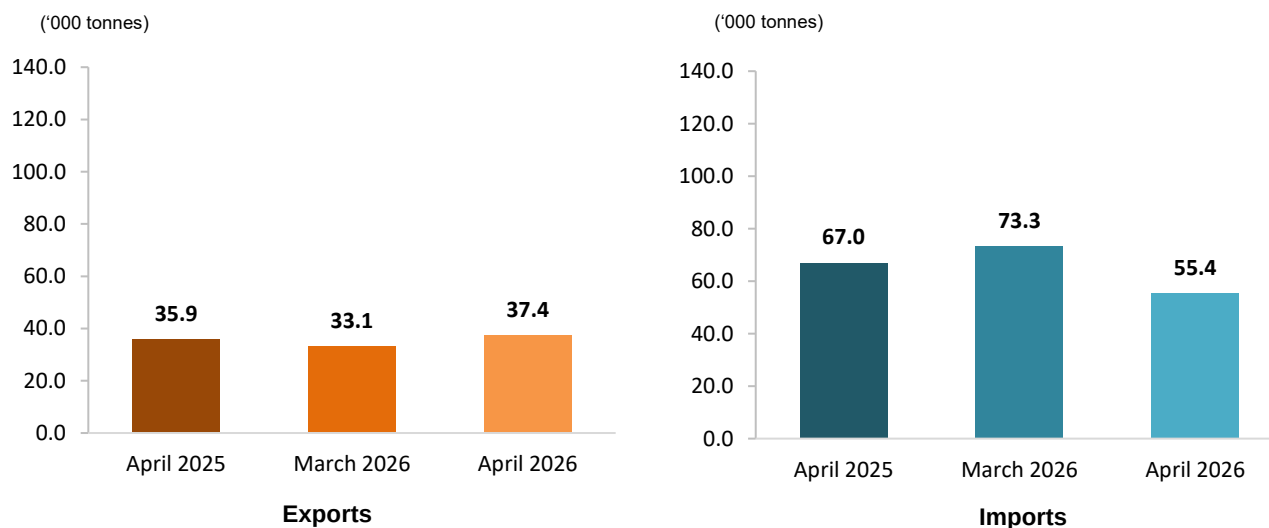


Chart 2: Exports and imports of natural rubber April 2025, March - April 2026 ('000 tonnes)



Released by:

**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA
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