



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA

**STATISTIK PERLOMBONGAN PETROLEUM DAN GAS ASLI
SUKU PERTAMA 2026**

Pengeluaran Minyak mentah dan kondensat berjumlah 43.0 juta tong, menyusut 5.5 peratus pada suku pertama 2026

PUTRAJAYA, 5 JUN 2026 – Pengeluaran Minyak mentah dan kondensat mencatatkan jumlah 43.0 juta pada suku pertama 2026. Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) melaporkan hari ini mengenai keluaran **Statistik Perlombongan Petroleum dan Gas Asli, Suku Pertama 2026**.

Mengulas laporan ini, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia berkata, "Pengeluaran Minyak mentah dan kondensat merekodkan penyusutan 5.5 peratus tahun ke tahun pada suku pertama 2026, dengan pengeluaran sebanyak 43.0 juta tong berbanding 45.5 juta tong dalam tempoh yang sama tahun sebelumnya. Penurunan ini dipengaruhi oleh pengeluaran Minyak mentah yang terus mencatatkan penguncupan 9.4 peratus, dengan jumlah pengeluaran berkurang kepada 28.1 juta tong berbanding 31.5 juta tong yang direkodkan sebelumnya. Walau bagaimanapun, pengeluaran Kondensat menunjukkan pertumbuhan 3.0 peratus kepada 14.9 juta tong berbanding 14.4 juta tong pada suku pertama 2025.

Dari segi komposisi, Minyak mentah menyumbang 65.4 peratus daripada jumlah pengeluaran Minyak mentah dan kondensat, manakala Kondensat merangkumi 34.6 peratus. Sementara itu, Gas asli merekodkan pengeluaran sebanyak 765.8 bilion kaki padu, menyusut 2.1 peratus berbanding negatif 1.0 peratus pada suku sebelumnya. Namun demikian, prestasi bulanan sepanjang suku pertama 2026 menunjukkan kadar perubahan yang lebih tinggi pada Mac berbanding dua bulan terdahulu."

Purata Harga "Lifting" Berpemberat (WALP) bagi Minyak mentah dan kondensat di Malaysia melonjak kepada USD84.0 per tong pada suku pertama 2026 (ST4 2025: USD66.1 per tong). Peningkatan ini selari dengan aliran kenaikan global harga WTI dan Brent, masing-masing melonjak kepada USD72.0 per tong (ST4 2025: USD59.6 per tong) dan USD80.2 per tong (ST4 2025: USD63.6 per tong).

Mengulas mengenai prestasi perdagangan luar negara, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin berkata "Nilai eksport Petroleum mentah dan kondensat berkurang kepada RM5.2 bilion pada suku pertama 2026 berbanding RM6.1 bilion pada suku tahun sebelumnya. Penurunan ini selari dengan eksport Keluaran petroleum bertapis yang turut merekodkan pengurangan marginal kepada RM22.9 bilion berbanding RM23.9 bilion pada suku sebelumnya. Pada masa yang sama, eksport Gas asli cecair (LNG) turut merekodkan penurunan kepada RM12.9 bilion pada suku ini berbanding RM13.6 bilion pada suku sebelumnya."

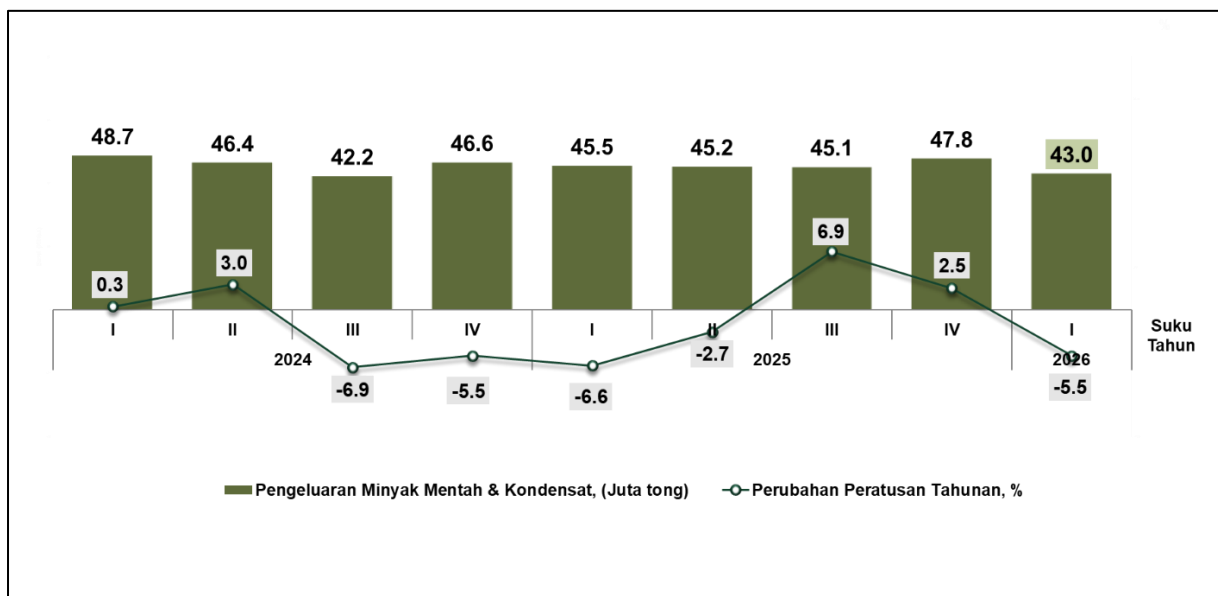
Ketua Perangkawan menambah, "Import Petroleum mentah dan kondensat mencatatkan penurunan kepada RM7.3 bilion pada suku pertama 2026 berbanding RM11.5 bilion yang direkodkan pada suku sebelumnya. Import Keluaran petroleum bertapis turut merekodkan penyusutan kepada RM22.3 bilion berbanding RM22.8 bilion pada suku keempat 2025. Sementara itu, import Gas asli cecair juga berkurang kepada RM1.3 bilion berbanding RM1.6 bilion yang direkodkan pada suku sebelumnya."

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang melaksanakan **Banci Ekonomi 2026 (BE2026)** dengan tema "**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**". Pelaksanaan Banci Ekonomi kali keenam ini berlangsung dari **5 Januari hingga 31 Oktober 2026**. BE2026 bertujuan untuk mengumpulkan data yang menyeluruh dan berstruktur daripada semua pertubuhan perniagaan berdaftar dan tidak berdaftar di Malaysia, bagi menilai prestasi, struktur serta ciri-ciri ekonomi negara secara komprehensif dan berasaskan bukti.

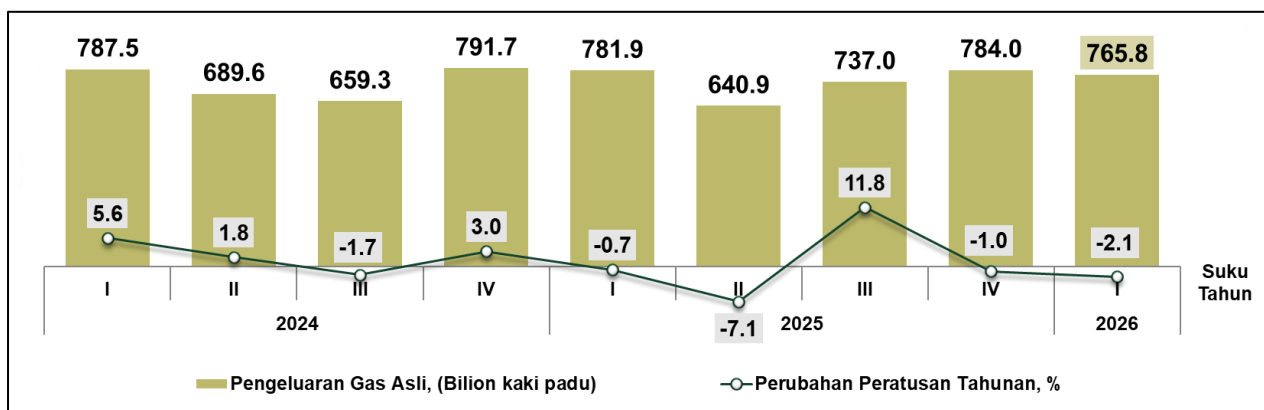
Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki **tangga pertama (1)** di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** yang dikeluarkan oleh Open Data Watch (ODW), mengatasi 197 negara lain. Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

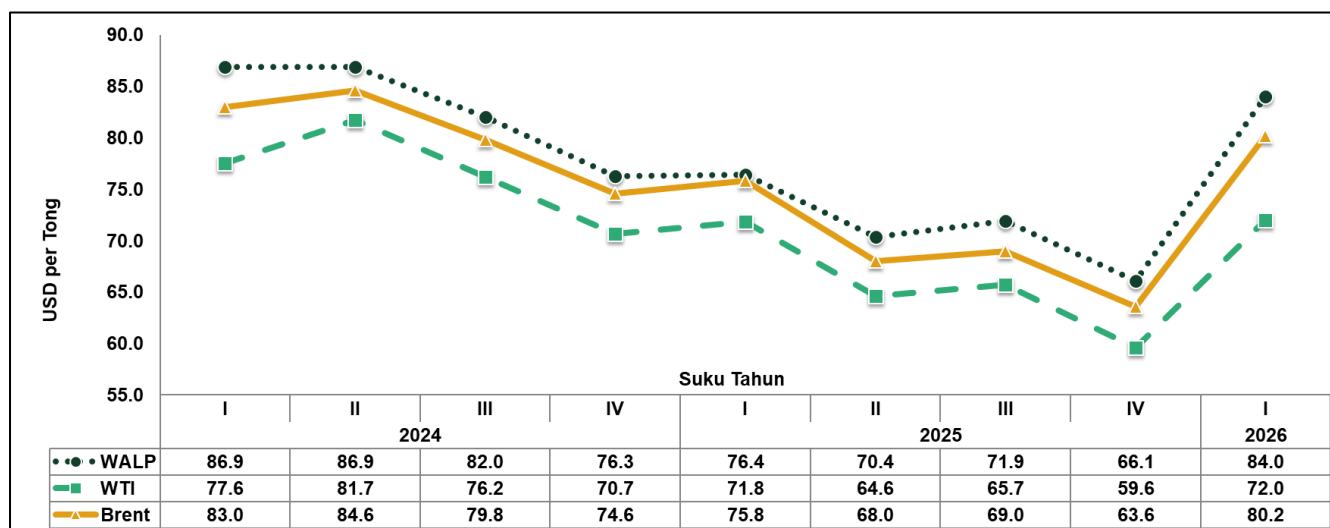
**Carta 1: Prestasi Pengeluaran Minyak Mentah dan Kondensat,
ST1 2024 - ST1 2026**



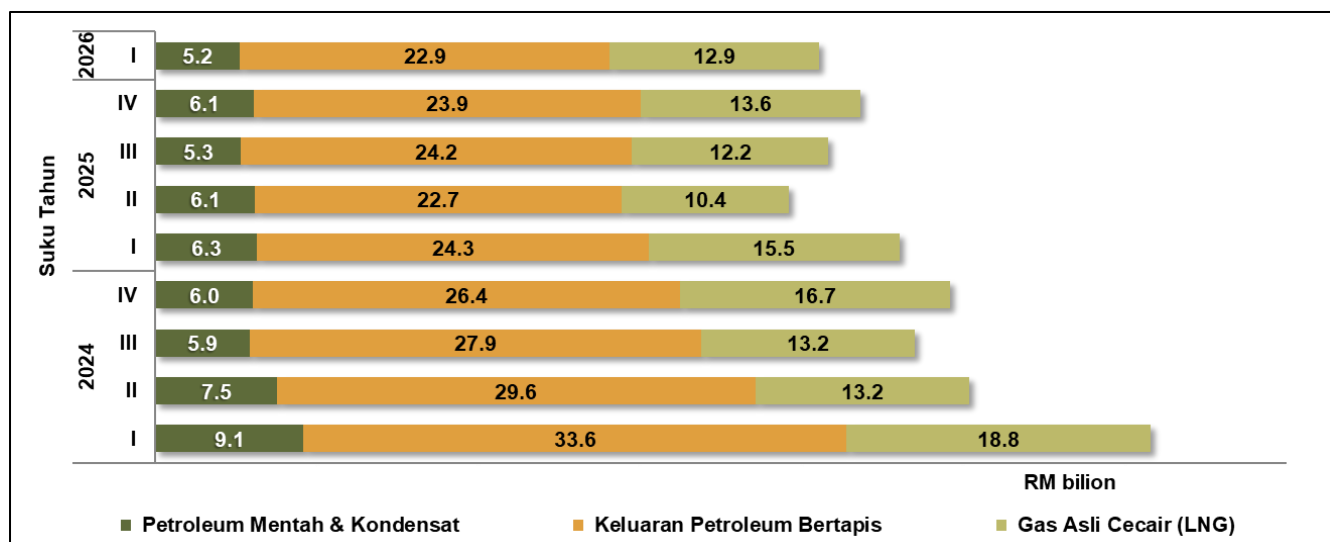
**Carta 2: Prestasi Pengeluaran Gas Asli,
ST1 2024 - ST1 2026**



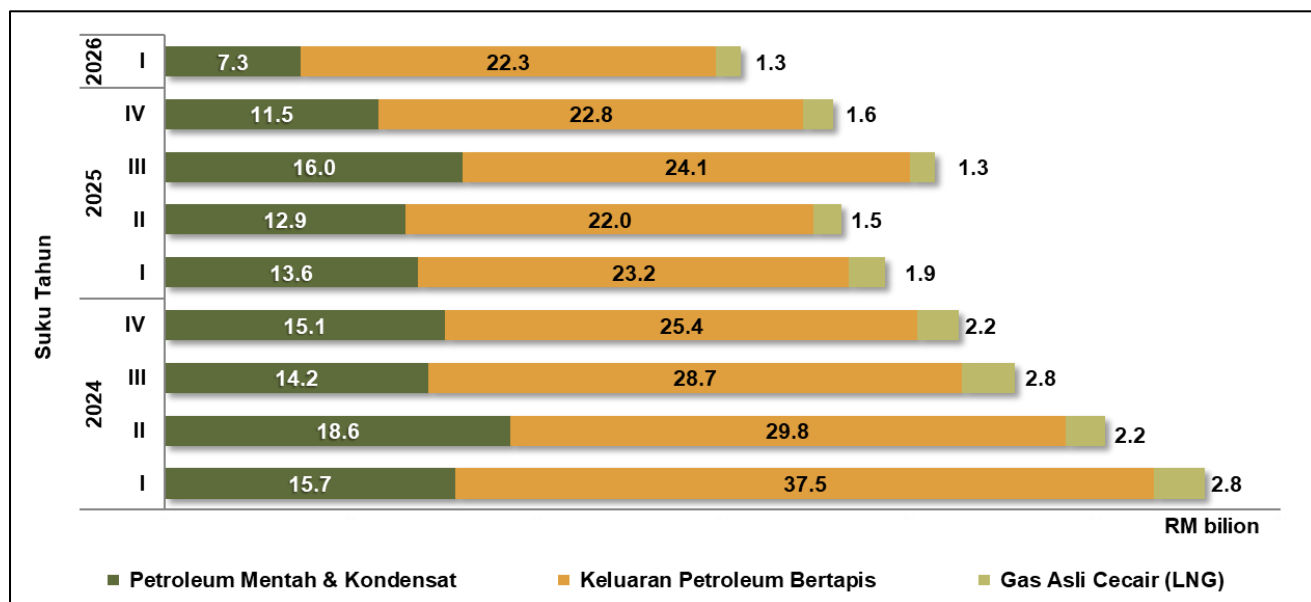
Carta 3: Harga Minyak Mentah dan Kondensat, ST1 2024 - ST1 2026



Carta 4: Eksport Petroleum Mentah & Kondensat, Keluaran Petroleum Bertapis dan Gas Asli Cecair (LNG), ST1 2024 - ST1 2026



Carta 5: Import Petroleum Mentah & Kondensat, Keluaran Petroleum Bertapis dan Gas Asli Cecair (LNG), ST1 2024 - ST1 2026



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PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
5 JUN 2026



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT

MINING OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS STATISTICS FIRST QUARTER 2026

Crude oil and condensate production totalled 43.0 million barrels, declining by 5.5 per cent in the first quarter of 2026

PUTRAJAYA, 5TH JUNE 2026 – Crude oil and condensate recorded a total of 43.0 million barrels in the first quarter of 2026. The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) reported today on the release of the **Mining of Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, First Quarter of 2026**.

Commenting on the report, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, Chief Statistician of Malaysia, said, "Crude oil and condensate production recorded a year-on-year decline of 5.5 per cent in the first quarter of 2026, with production amounting to 43.0 million barrels compared to 45.5 million barrels in the same period of the previous year. This decline was influenced by Crude oil production, which continued to register a contraction of 9.4 per cent, with production decreasing to 28.1 million barrels compared to 31.5 million barrels recorded previously. Nevertheless, Condensate production showed a growth of 3.0 per cent to 14.9 million barrels compared to 14.4 million barrels in the first quarter of 2025.

In terms of composition, Crude oil contributed 65.4 per cent of the total Crude oil and condensate production, while Condensate accounted for 34.6 per cent. Meanwhile, Natural gas recorded a production of 765.8 billion cubic feet, a declining by 2.1 per cent compared to a negative 1.0 per cent in the previous quarter. Nevertheless, monthly movements during the first quarter of 2026 showed a higher rate of change in March compared to the preceding two months."

The Weighted Average Lifting Price (WALP) for Crude oil and condensate in Malaysia surged to USD84.0 per barrel in the first quarter of 2026 (Q4 2025: USD66.1 per barrel). This increase is in line with the upward global trend in WTI and Brent prices, which rose to USD72.0 per barrel (Q4 2025: USD59.6 per barrel) and USD80.2 per barrel (Q4 2025: USD63.6 per barrel), respectively.

Commenting on the external trade performance, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said, "The export value of Crude oil and condensate decreased to RM5.2 billion in the first quarter of 2026 compared to RM6.1 billion recorded in the previous quarter.

This decline was in line with exports of Refined petroleum products, which also registered a marginal decrease to RM22.9 billion compared to RM23.9 billion in the preceding quarter. At the same time, exports of Liquefied natural gas (LNG) also recorded a decline to RM12.9 billion this quarter compared to RM13.6 billion in the previous quarter.”

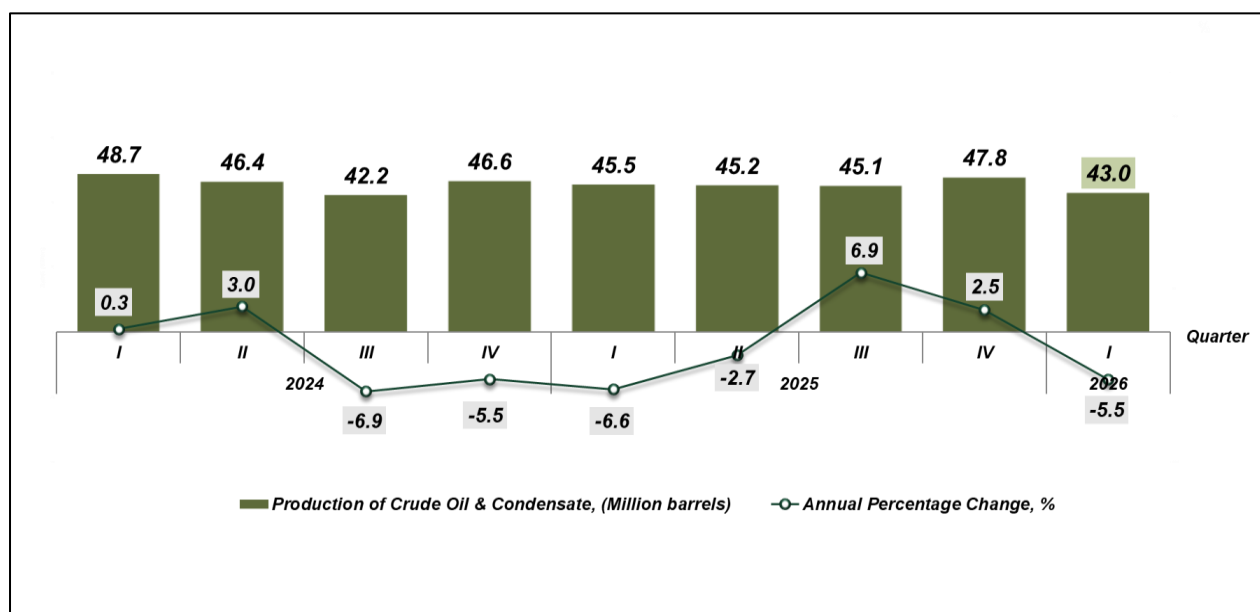
The Chief Statistician added, “Imports of Crude oil and condensate recorded a decline to RM7.3 billion in the first quarter of 2026 compared to RM11.5 billion recorded in the previous quarter. Imports of Refined petroleum products also registered a decrease to RM22.3 billion compared to RM22.8 billion in the fourth quarter of 2025. Meanwhile, imports of Liquefied natural gas also decreased to RM1.3 billion compared to RM1.6 billion recorded in the preceding quarter.”

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the **Economic Census 2026 (BE2026)**, with themed “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. The sixth Economic Census, will be carried out from **5th January to 31st October 2026**. BE2026 aims to collect comprehensive and structured data from all registered and unregistered business establishments in Malaysia to assess the nation’s economic performance, structure and characteristics in an evidence-based manner.

Malaysia has, for the first time, successfully secured the **top position** globally in the biennial **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 197 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

OpenDOSM NextGen is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users’ analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

**Chart 1: Performance of Crude oil and Condensate Production,
Q1 2024 - Q1 2026**



**Chart 2: Performance of Natural gas Production,
Q1 2024 - Q1 2026**

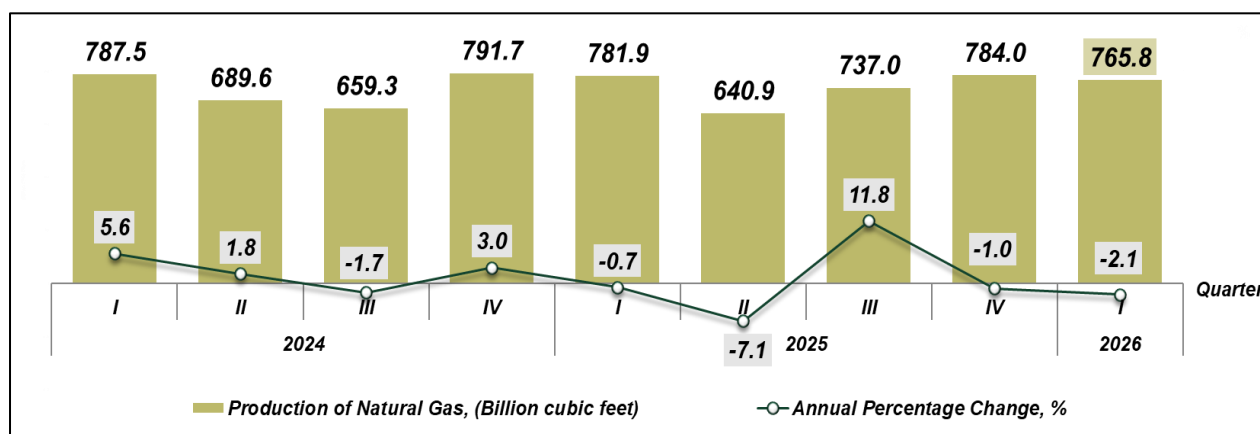


Chart 3: Prices of Crude oil and Condensate, Q1 2024 - Q1 2026

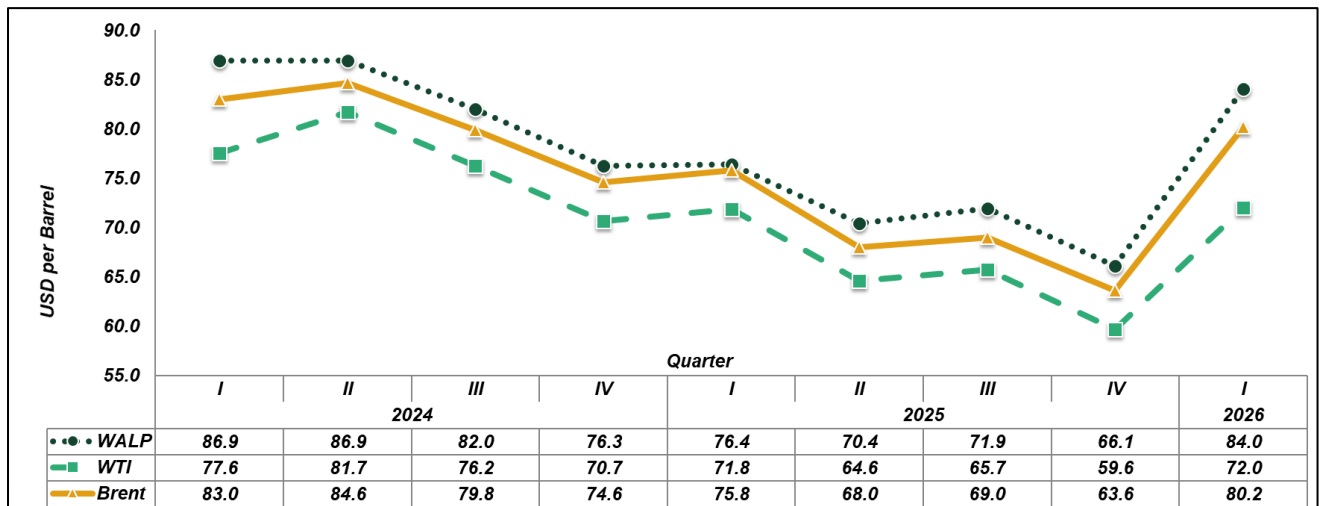


Chart 4: Export Value of Crude Petroleum & Condensate, Refined Petroleum Products and Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), Q1 2024 - Q1 2026

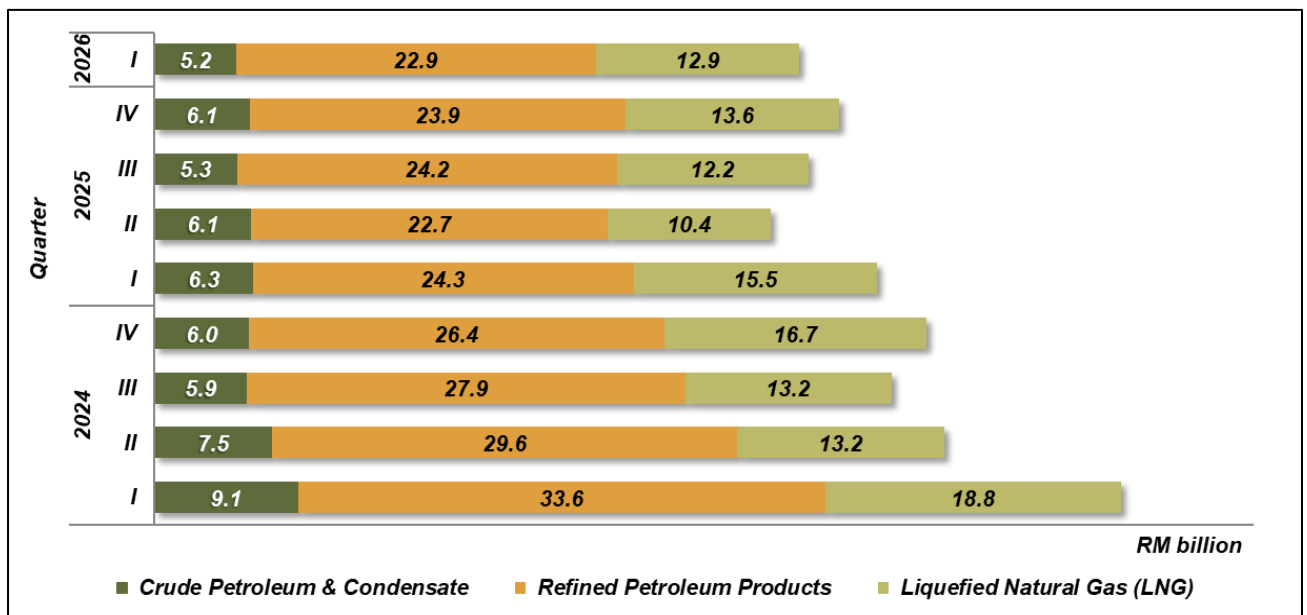
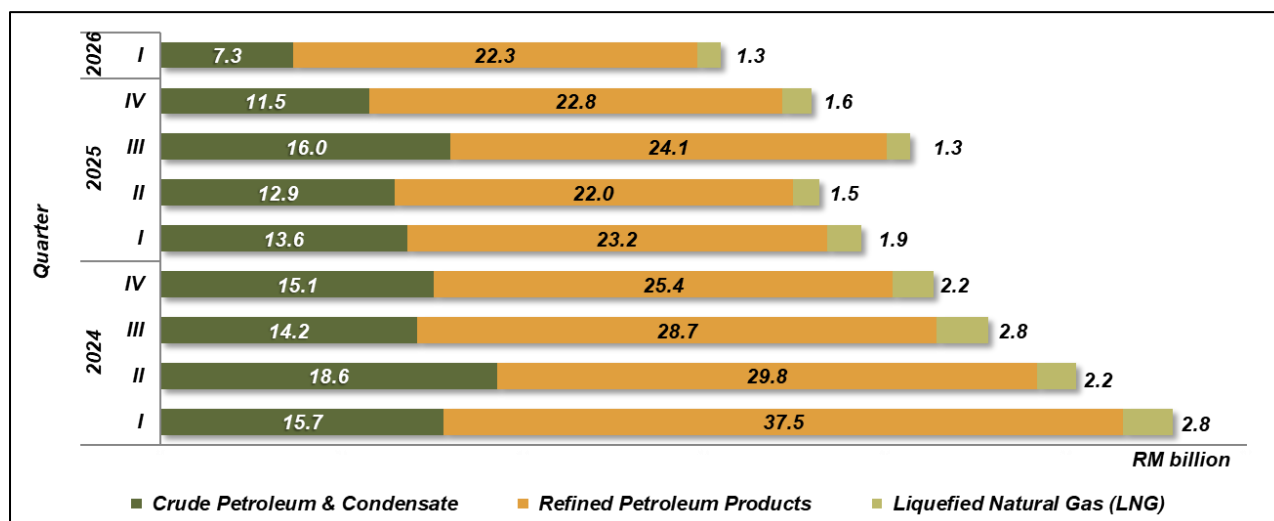


Chart 5: Import Value of Crude Petroleum & Condensate, Refined Petroleum Products and Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), Q1 2024 - Q1 2026



Released by:

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DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA
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