



KEMENTERIAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA

KENYATAAN MEDIA

**PRESTASI PERDAGANGAN BORONG & RUNCIT, MALAYSIA,
MAC 2026**

Perdagangan borong & runcit Malaysia meningkat 9.8 peratus kepada RM169.0 bilion nilai jualan pada Mac 2026, didorong oleh permintaan pengguna yang terus kukuh sempena musim perayaan

PUTRAJAYA, 11 MEI 2026 – Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) hari ini mengeluarkan **Prestasi Perdagangan Borong & Runcit, Mac 2026**, dengan jumlah jualan bulanan mencecah RM169.0 bilion, mencatatkan peningkatan 9.8 peratus tahun ke tahun.

Dalam satu kenyataan hari ini, Ketua Perangkawan Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd. Uzir Mahidin berkata, "Pertumbuhan jualan yang direkodkan pada Mac 2026 disokong terutamanya oleh subsektor Perdagangan borong dan Perdagangan runcit. Perdagangan borong mencatatkan jumlah jualan sebanyak RM78.4 bilion, meningkat RM10.6 bilion tahun ke tahun, dengan pertumbuhan 15.7 peratus. Sementara itu, Perdagangan runcit merekodkan jualan sebanyak RM72.0 bilion, meningkat RM5.0 bilion berbanding Mac 2025, mencatatkan pertumbuhan sebanyak 7.5 peratus. Sebaliknya, subsektor Kenderaan bermotor mengalami sedikit penyusutan sebanyak RM0.6 bilion dengan jumlah jualan sebanyak RM18.6 bilion."

Mengulas lanjut mengenai prestasi subsektor Perdagangan borong, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin menyatakan bahawa pertumbuhan tersebut didorong terutamanya oleh Lain-lain pengkhususan jualan borong yang melonjak 32.0 peratus kepada RM32.6 bilion. Peningkatan ini sebahagian besarnya disumbangkan oleh peningkatan jualan petrol, diesel dan pelincir susulan kenaikan harga minyak mentah dalam ekonomi global semasa. Selain itu, peningkatan jualan turut direkodkan bagi bahan binaan, baja & produk agrokimia serta gas petroleum cecair. Manakala, Jualan borong barangan isi rumah berkembang 7.9 peratus kepada RM15.6 bilion, disokong oleh pertumbuhan yang berterusan dalam jualan barangan farmaseutikal & perubatan, perabot isi rumah dan kasut. Jualan borong makanan, minuman & tembakau turut meningkat 5.4 peratus, dipacu oleh peningkatan jualan sayur-sayuran, buah-buahan dan biskut, kek, roti & produk bakeri lain. Seterusnya, Jualan borong bahan mentah pertanian & haiwan hidup merekodkan peningkatan 5.7 peratus kepada RM6.6 bilion, disumbangkan terutamanya oleh permintaan yang lebih kukuh bagi minyak kelapa sawit.

“Subsektor Perdagangan runcit terus mencatatkan prestasi yang stabil pada Mac, dipacu oleh Jualan runcit di kedai bukan pengkhususan yang berkembang 8.1 peratus kepada RM27.9 bilion. Pertumbuhan ini disokong oleh pengukuhan jualan bagi pasar raya, pasar mini dan gedung serbaneka. Jualan runcit di kedai pengkhususan turut meningkat 8.2 peratus kepada RM15.4 bilion, didorong oleh permintaan yang lebih tinggi bagi barangan farmaseutikal, perubatan & ortopedik, minyak wangi & kosmetik, pakaian dan barang kemas. Selain itu, Jualan runcit bahan api kenderaan meningkat 10.6 peratus, didorong oleh aktiviti perjalanan orang ramai sempena sambutan perayaan Hari Raya Aidilfitri,” kata Ketua Perangkawan.

Penurunan dalam subsektor Kenderaan bermotor pada bulan tersebut disebabkan oleh penguncupan sebanyak 12.5 peratus dalam Jualan kenderaan bermotor kepada RM8.9 bilion. Trend ini adalah selari dengan data daripada Persatuan Automotif Malaysia (MAA) yang melaporkan jumlah jualan kenderaan sebanyak 63,489 unit, manakala Jabatan Pengangkutan Jalan Malaysia (JPJ) merekodkan 67,846 pendaftaran kenderaan bagi tempoh yang sama. Walau bagaimanapun, kumpulan lain dalam subsektor ini terus mencatatkan pertumbuhan positif termasuk Jualan alat ganti & aksesori kenderaan bermotor (7.6%), Penyelenggaraan dan pembaikan kenderaan bermotor (9.8%) serta Jualan, penyelenggaraan dan pembaikan motosikal (0.6%) yang mencerminkan permintaan yang berterusan terhadap perkhidmatan penyelenggaraan kenderaan dan komponen selepas jualan.

Sementara itu, jualan runcit dalam talian terus merekodkan pertumbuhan positif pada Mac, dengan indeks jualan meningkat 6.4 peratus tahun ke tahun berbanding 5.8 peratus pada bulan sebelumnya. Ini menunjukkan permintaan yang kekal kukuh dalam segmen e-dagang.

Aktiviti pembayaran digital terus mengukuh pada Mac. Transaksi *e-money* melonjak 64.3 peratus tahun ke tahun kepada RM33.3 bilion, mencerminkan peningkatan penggunaan kaedah pembayaran tanpa tunai. Platform *Real-time Retail Payments Platform* (RPP) turut mengekalkan prestasi yang kukuh dengan jumlah transaksi sebanyak RM369.4 bilion, mencatatkan pertumbuhan 24.1 peratus. Sementara itu, transaksi FPX meningkat 20.4 peratus kepada RM48.7 bilion. Transaksi kad kredit dan kad debit masing-masing merekodkan RM20.1 bilion dan RM15.5 bilion.

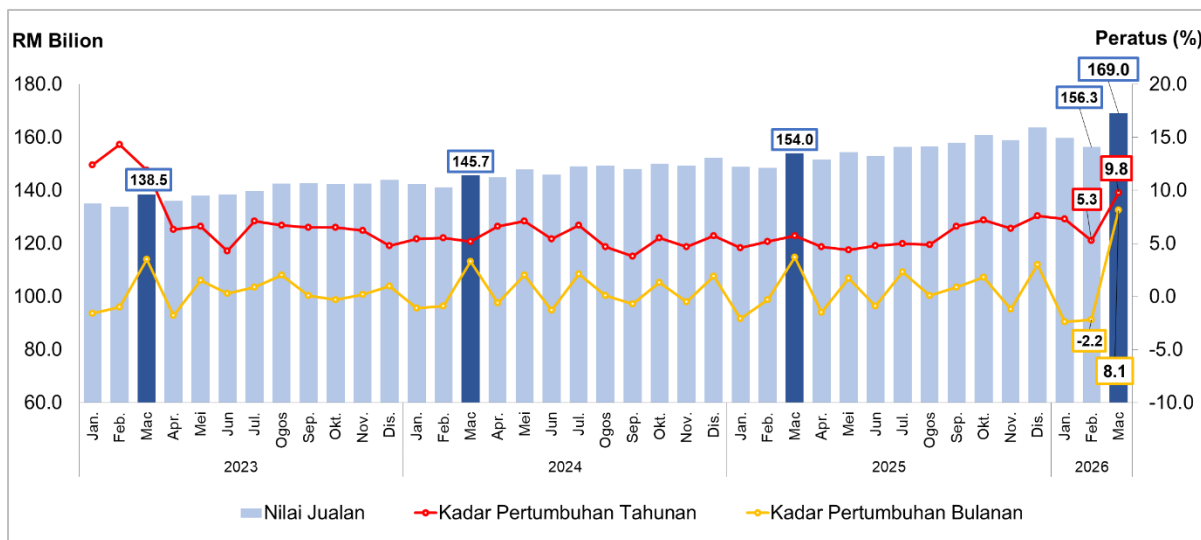
Dari segi indeks volum, Perdagangan borong & runcit merekodkan peningkatan sebanyak 4.4 peratus tahun ke tahun disokong terutamanya oleh subsektor Perdagangan borong dan Perdagangan runcit yang bertumbuh masing-masing sebanyak 5.9 peratus dan 5.2 peratus. Bagi pelarasan bermusim, indeks volum kembali meningkat sebanyak 3.5 peratus bulan ke bulan.

Jabatan Perangkaan Malaysia (DOSM) sedang melaksanakan **Banci Ekonomi 2026 (BE2026)** dengan tema “**Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat**”. Pelaksanaan Banci Ekonomi kali keenam ini berlangsung dari **5 Januari hingga 31 Oktober 2026**. BE2026 bertujuan untuk mengumpul data yang menyeluruh dan berstruktur daripada semua pertubuhan perniagaan berdaftar dan tidak berdaftar di Malaysia, bagi menilai prestasi, struktur serta ciri-ciri ekonomi negara secara komprehensif dan berasaskan bukti.

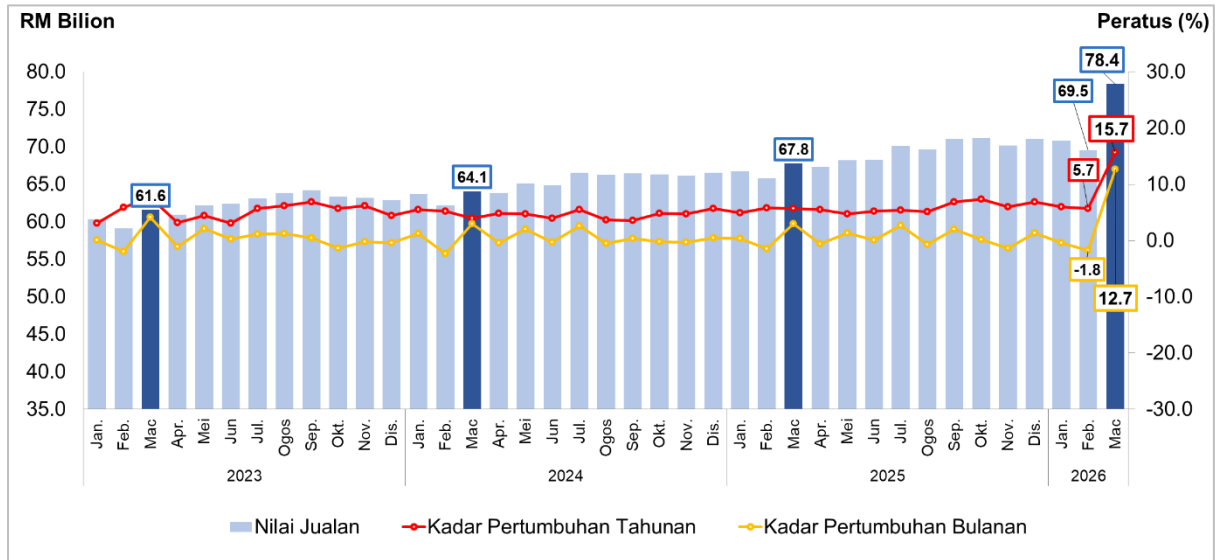
Malaysia buat julung kalinya telah menduduki **tangga pertama (1)** di peringkat global dalam laporan dwi-tahunan **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** yang dikeluarkan oleh Open Data Watch (ODW), mengatasi 197 negara lain. Pencapaian ini merupakan lonjakan ketara daripada kedudukan ke-67 dalam penilaian ODIN 2022/23.

OpenDOSM NextGen adalah medium yang menyediakan katalog data dan visualisasi bagi memudahkan pengguna menganalisis pelbagai data dan boleh diakses melalui portal <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

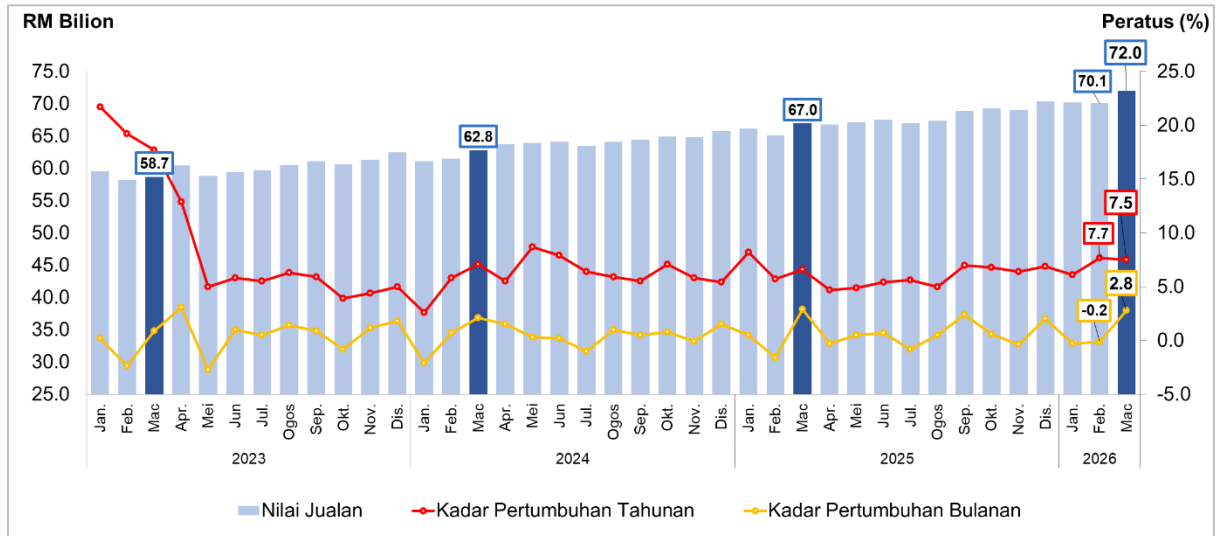
Carta 1: Nilai Jualan Perdagangan Borong & Runcit



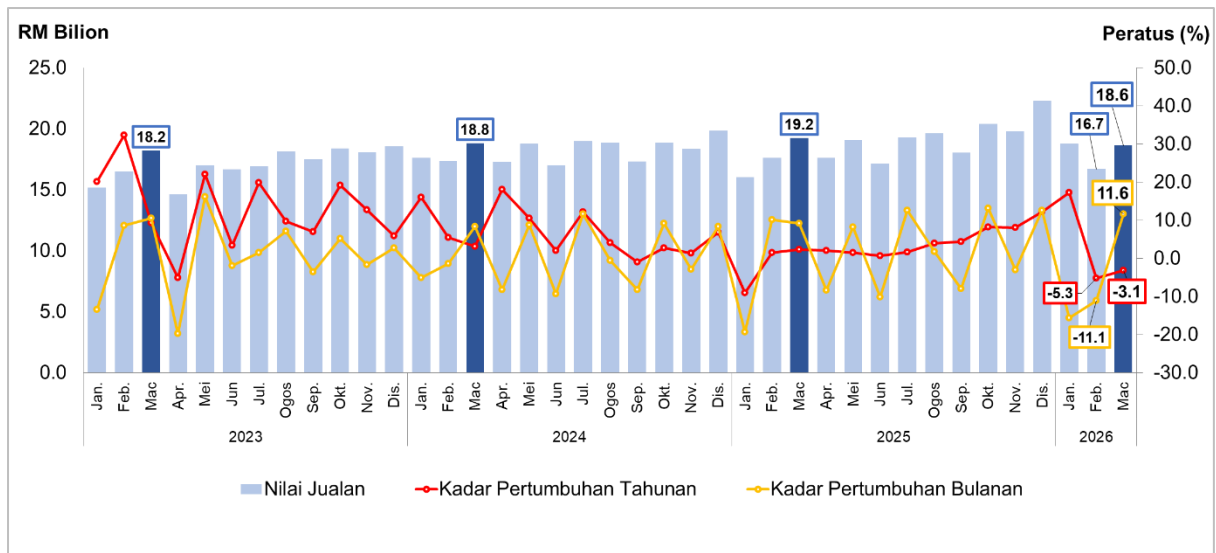
Carta 2: Nilai Jualan Perdagangan Borong



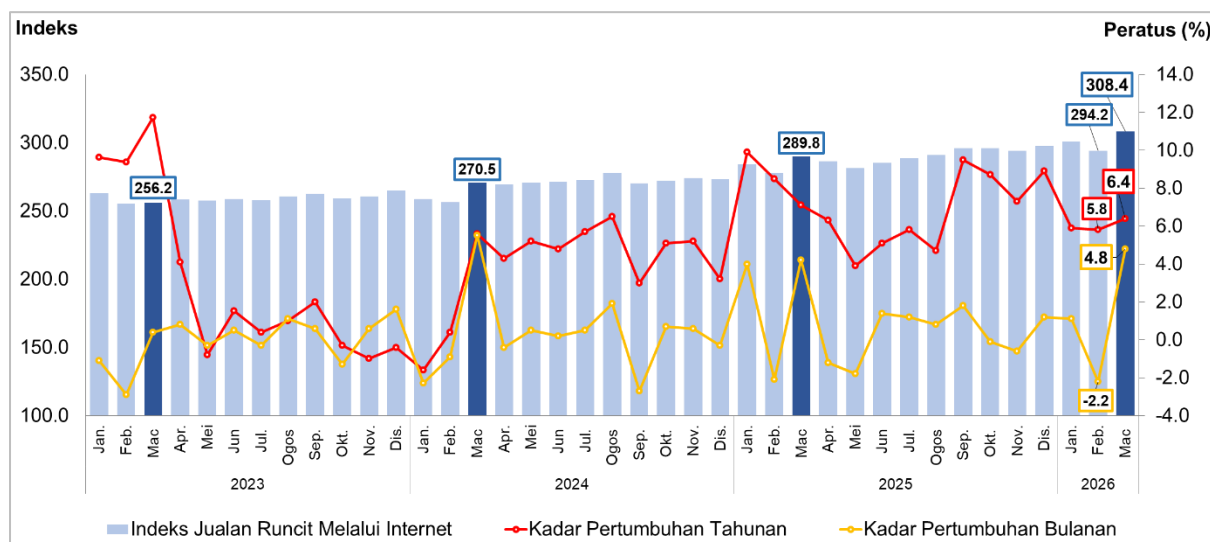
Carta 3: Nilai Jualan Perdagangan Runcit



Carta 4: Nilai Jualan Kenderaan Bermotor



Carta 5: Indeks Jualan Runcit Melalui Internet



**Jadual 1: Platform Pembayaran di Malaysia
(Januari 2025 – Mac 2026)**

Tahun	Bulan	Instrumen Pembayaran			Sistem Pembayaran				
		Kad Kredit	Kad Debit	E-money	(RM bilion)				
					Interbank GIRO	FPX	Direct Debit	JomPAY	RPP
2025	Jan.	20.1	14.9	19.5	142.0	38.6	6.4	5.0	290.7
	Feb.	16.8	12.7	17.3	118.1	32.9	6.0	4.9	250.3
	Mac	19.1	15.6	20.3	140.3	40.4	6.4	4.9	297.7
	Apr.	17.7	13.3	19.7	130.0	35.5	7.3	4.7	277.8
	Mei	18.7	14.1	21.5	130.0	39.2	6.9	4.9	289.4
	Jun	18.1	13.2	21.1	125.0	31.2	6.8	4.8	277.2
	Jul.	18.8	13.3	22.8	140.7	41.4	8.0	5.3	311.5
	Ogos	19.2	13.5	23.7	131.4	41.3	7.2	5.2	306.8
	Sep.	19.0	12.9	23.9	131.2	40.3	7.7	4.6	307.8
	Okt.	19.4	13.7	26.3	141.1	40.7	8.0	4.9	344.1
	Nov.	19.5	13.5	27.0	126.8	41.5	7.2	4.5	322.6
	Dis.	21.4	15.0	29.4	152.9	42.2	8.4	4.8	362.3
2026	Jan.	20.7	14.6	30.3	138.9	51.2	7.5	4.9	359.0
	Feb.	18.2	13.5	30.2	122.0	40.6	6.9	4.7	323.8
	Mac	20.1	15.5	33.3	143.4	48.7	8.4	4.9	369.4
Tahun ke Tahun (%)									
2025	Jan.	6.8	19.9	68.2	2.1	24.6	3.5	-1.0	26.6
	Feb.	-2.6	1.8	50.7	-2.3	19.3	3.8	2.8	20.6
	Mac	7.0	16.2	71.2	9.2	25.9	1.4	3.5	29.9
	Apr.	5.5	4.5	68.7	0.5	25.4	9.1	0.8	21.1
	Mei	5.4	8.0	70.2	-3.9	21.1	9.0	0.6	20.3
	Jun	5.7	3.8	66.7	5.2	11.4	20.2	3.8	20.3
	Jul.	6.0	5.4	69.8	1.6	23.4	16.9	3.2	21.6
	Ogos	7.8	6.3	67.0	-1.9	20.5	19.3	0.1	20.5
	Sep.	5.8	2.4	62.7	3.5	27.2	31.4	-0.6	26.1
	Okt.	4.7	4.2	66.7	6.4	27.6	25.4	0.7	31.0
	Nov.	6.9	6.8	66.9	-2.7	20.4	15.8	-3.7	23.6
	Dis.	4.2	1.4	64.2	6.5	20.6	23.7	-2.5	23.2
2026	Jan.	2.7	-1.9	55.4	-2.2	32.6	17.3	-1.7	23.5
	Feb.	8.5	6.3	74.8	3.3	23.3	15.5	-5.0	29.4
	Mac	5.5	-0.7	64.3	2.2	20.4	31.5	0.3	24.1

Sumber: Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM)

**Jadual 2: Agregat Kewangan M1 di Malaysia
(Januari 2025 – Mac 2026)**

Tahun	Bulan	M1 (RM bilion)	Tahun ke Tahun (%)
2025	Jan.	663.3	3.8
	Feb.	661.9	3.4
	Mac	667.5	3.4
	Apr.	662.9	3.8
	Mei	663.1	4.4
	Jun	681.6	6.1
	Jul.	680.2	6.8
	Ogos	679.5	6.6
	Sep.	694.3	7.7
	Okt.	693.5	7.5
	Nov.	700.5	6.9
	Dis.	726.3	9.0
2026	Jan.	722.2	8.9
	Feb.	727.8	10.0
	Mac	743.4	11.4

Sumber: Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM)

Dikeluarkan oleh:

**PEJABAT KETUA PERANGKAWAN MALAYSIA
JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
11 MEI 2026**



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

MEDIA STATEMENT

PERFORMANCE OF WHOLESALE & RETAIL TRADE, MALAYSIA, MARCH 2026

Malaysia's Wholesale & retail trade climbs 9.8 per cent to RM169.0 billion of sales in March 2026 supported by strong seasonal consumer demand

PUTRAJAYA, 11TH MAY 2026 – Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) today released the **Performance of Wholesale & Retail Trade, March 2026**, with total monthly sales amounting to RM169.0 billion, representing a year-on-year increase of 9.8 per cent.

In a statement released today, the Chief Statistician Malaysia, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, said, "The growth in sales recorded in March 2026 was primarily supported by the Wholesale trade and Retail trade sub-sectors. Wholesale trade registered total sales of RM78.4 billion, increasing by RM10.6 billion year-on-year, representing a growth of 15.7 per cent. Meanwhile, Retail trade recorded sales amounting to RM72.0 billion, up RM5.0 billion from March 2025, registering a growth of 7.5 per cent. In contrast, the Motor vehicles sub-sector declined by RM0.6 billion, resulting in total sales of RM18.6 billion."

Elaborating on the performance of the Wholesale trade sub-sector, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin stated that the growth was mainly driven by the Other specialised wholesale, which surged 32.0 per cent to RM32.6 billion. The increase was largely attributed to higher sales of petrol, diesel and lubricants following the rise in crude oil prices amid the current global economic conditions. Moreover, higher sales were recorded for construction materials, fertilizers & agrochemical products, as well as liquefied petroleum gas. In addition, the Wholesale of household goods expanded by 7.9 per cent to RM15.6 billion, supported by continued growth in the sales of pharmaceutical & medical goods, household furniture, and footwear. The Wholesale of food, beverages & tobacco also increased by 5.4 per cent, underpinned by higher sales of vegetables, fruits, and biscuits, cakes, bread & other bakery products. Furthermore, the Wholesale of agricultural raw materials & live animals recorded a 5.7 per cent increase to RM6.6 billion, mainly attributed to stronger demand for palm oil.

“The Retail trade sub-sector continued to demonstrate steady performance in March, led by Retail sales in non-specialised stores, which expanded by 8.1 per cent to RM27.9 billion. This growth was supported by continued strength in supermarkets, mini markets, and department stores. Retail sales in specialised stores also increased by 8.2 per cent to RM15.4 billion, underpinned by higher demand for pharmaceuticals, medical & orthopaedic goods, perfumery & cosmetics, clothing, and jewellery. In addition, Retail sales of automotive fuels rose by 10.6 per cent, supported by increased travel activity in conjunction with the Eid al-Fitr celebrations,” said the Chief Statistician.

The decline in the Motor vehicles sub-sector during the month was mainly attributed to a 12.5 per cent contraction in Sales of motor vehicle, which amounted to RM8.9 billion. This trend was consistent with data from the Malaysian Automotive Association (MAA), which reported total vehicle sales of 63,489 units, while the Road Transport Department Malaysia (JPJ) recorded 67,846 vehicle registrations during the same period. Nevertheless, other groups within the sub-sector continued to record positive growth, including Sales of motor vehicle parts & accessories (7.6%), Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles (9.8%), as well as Sales, maintenance and repair of motorcycles (0.6%), reflecting sustained demand for vehicle servicing and aftermarket components.

Meanwhile, online retail sales continued to record positive growth in March, with the sales index rising by 6.4 per cent year-on-year, compared with 5.8 per cent in the previous month. This indicates sustained strong demand in the e-commerce segment.

Digital payment activities continued to strengthen in March. E-money transactions surged by 64.3 per cent year-on-year to RM33.3 billion, reflecting the growing adoption of cashless payment methods. The Real-time Retail Payments Platform (RPP) also maintained strong performance, with total transactions amounting to RM369.4 billion, representing a growth of 24.1 per cent. Meanwhile, FPX transactions increased by 20.4 per cent to RM48.7 billion. Credit card and debit card transactions were recorded at RM20.1 billion and RM15.5 billion, respectively.

In terms of the volume index, Wholesale & retail trade recorded a year-on-year increase of 4.4 per cent, mainly supported by the Wholesale trade and Retail trade sub-sectors, which grew by 5.9 per cent and 5.2 per cent, respectively. On a seasonally adjusted basis, the volume index rebounded by 3.5 per cent month-on-month.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) is conducting the **Economic Census 2026 (BE2026)**, with themed “*Data Nadi Ekonomi Rakyat*”. The sixth Economic Census, will be carried out from **5th January to 31st October 2026**. BE2026 aims to collect comprehensive and structured data from all registered and unregistered business establishments in Malaysia to assess the nation’s economic performance, structure and characteristics in an evidence-based manner.

Malaysia has, for the first time, successfully secured the **top position** globally in the biennial **Open Data Inventory (ODIN) 2024/25** report released by Open Data Watch (ODW), surpassing 197 other countries. This achievement marks a significant leap from its 67th position in the ODIN 2022/23 assessment.

OpenDOSM NextGen is a medium that provides data catalogue and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

Chart 1: Sales Value of Wholesale & Retail Trade

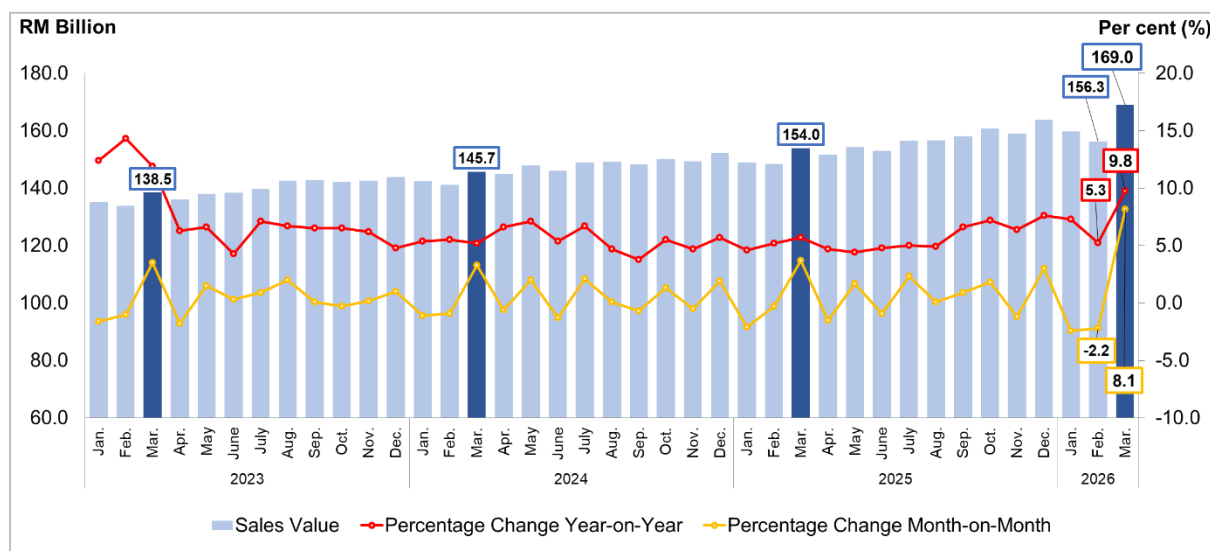


Chart 2: Sales Value of Wholesale Trade

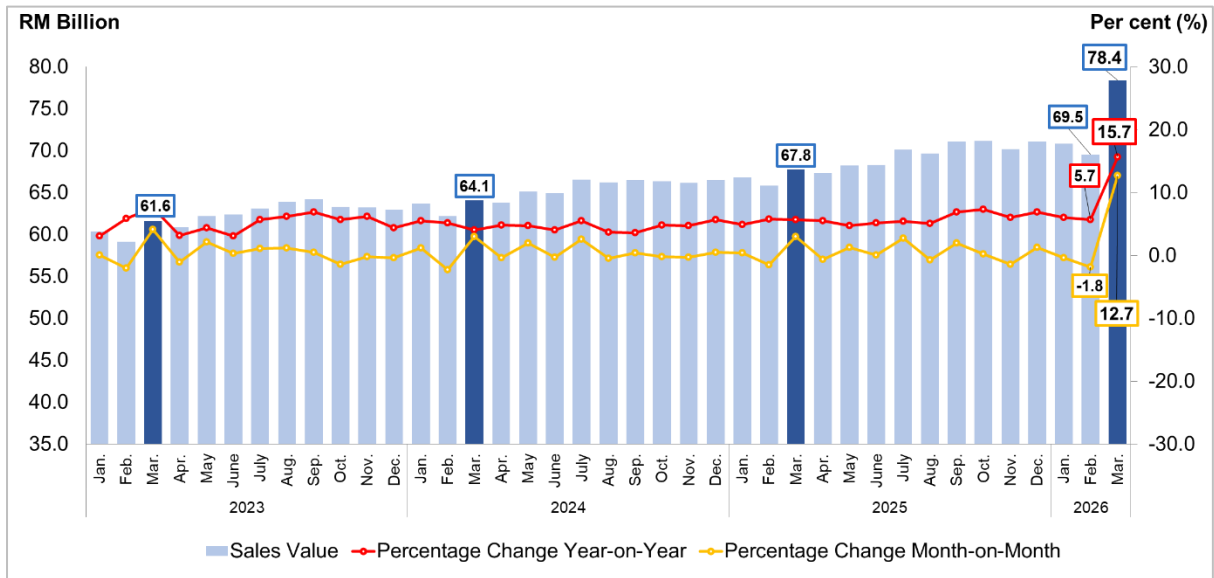


Chart 3: Sales Value of Retail Trade

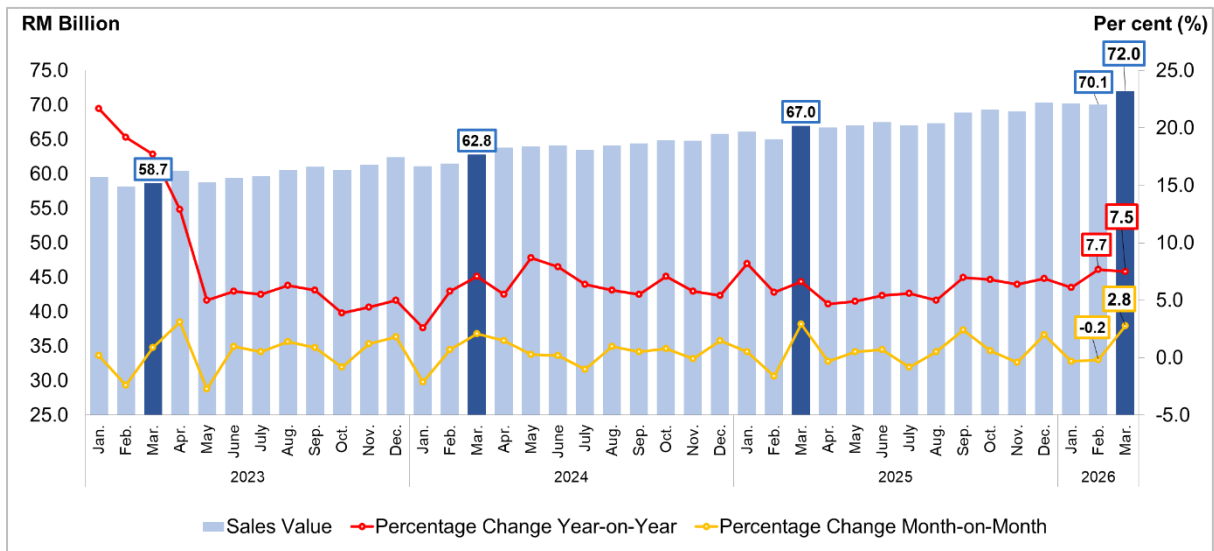


Chart 4: Sales Value of Motor Vehicles

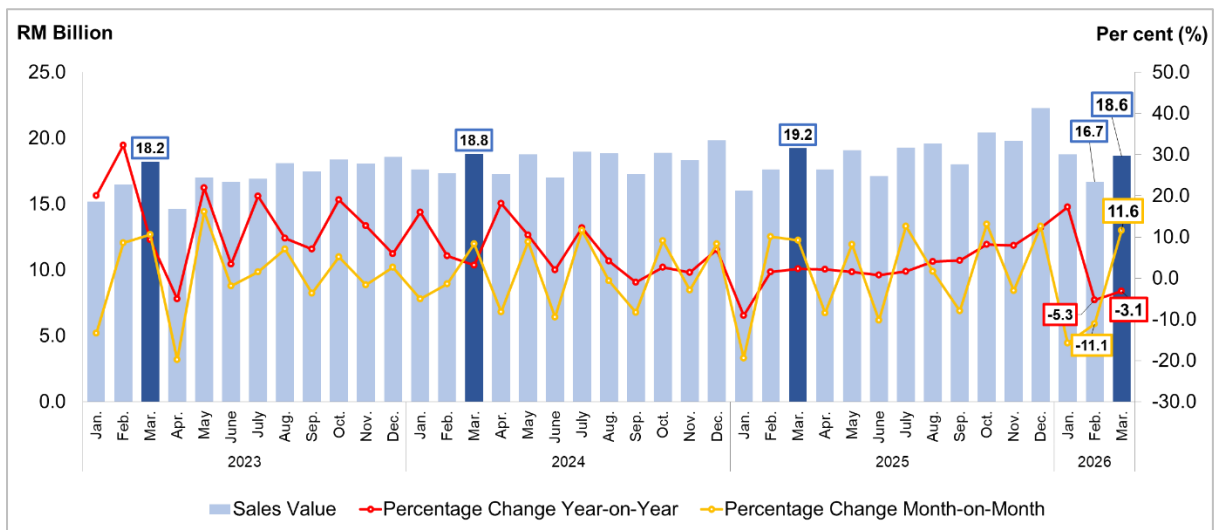


Chart 5: Index of Retail Sale Over the Internet

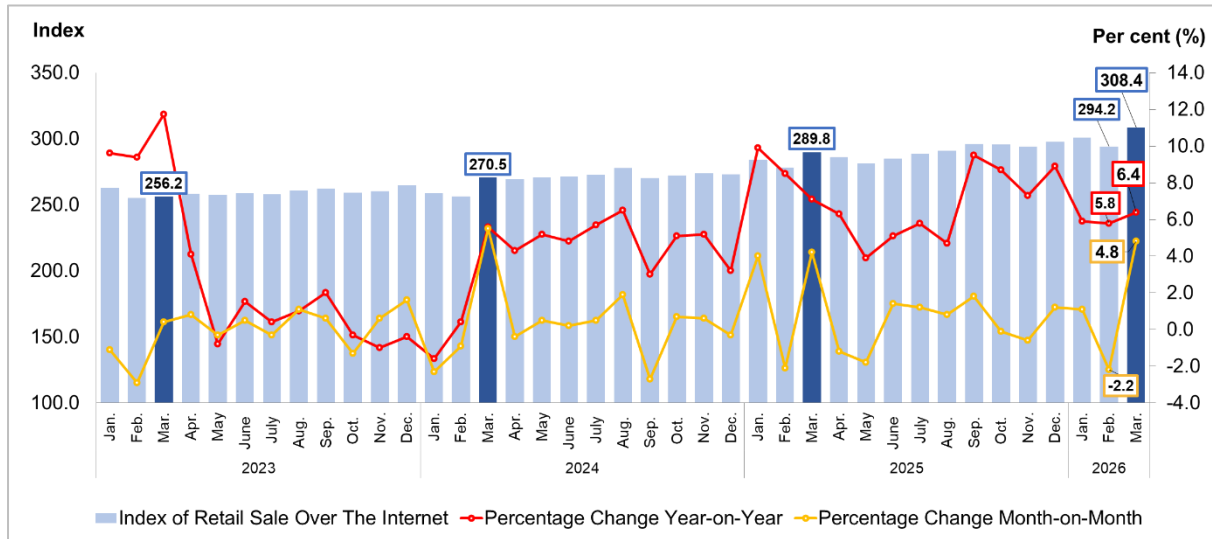


Table 1: Payment Platforms in Malaysia
(January 2025 – March 2026)

Year	Month	Payment Instruments			Payment System				
		(RM billion)							
		Credit Card	Debit Card	E-money	Interbank GIRO	FPX	Direct Debit	JomPAY	RPP
2025	Jan.	20.1	14.9	19.5	142.0	38.6	6.4	5.0	290.7
	Feb.	16.8	12.7	17.3	118.1	32.9	6.0	4.9	250.3
	Mar.	19.1	15.6	20.3	140.3	40.4	6.4	4.9	297.7
	Apr.	17.7	13.3	19.7	130.0	35.5	7.3	4.7	277.8
	May	18.7	14.1	21.5	130.0	39.2	6.9	4.9	289.4
	June	18.1	13.2	21.1	125.0	31.2	6.8	4.8	277.2
	July	18.8	13.3	22.8	140.7	41.4	8.0	5.3	311.5
	Aug.	19.2	13.5	23.7	131.4	41.3	7.2	5.2	306.8
	Sept.	19.0	12.9	23.9	131.2	40.3	7.7	4.6	307.8
	Oct.	19.4	13.7	26.3	141.1	40.7	8.0	4.9	344.1
	Nov.	19.5	13.5	27.0	126.8	41.5	7.2	4.5	322.6
	Dec.	21.4	15.0	29.4	152.9	42.2	8.4	4.8	362.3
2026	Jan.	20.7	14.6	30.3	138.9	51.2	7.5	4.9	359.0
	Feb.	18.2	13.5	30.2	122.0	40.6	6.9	4.7	323.8
	Mar.	20.1	15.5	33.3	143.4	48.7	8.4	4.9	369.4
Year-on-Year (%)									
2025	Jan.	6.8	19.9	68.2	2.1	24.6	3.5	-1.0	26.6
	Feb.	-2.6	1.8	50.7	-2.3	19.3	3.8	2.8	20.6
	Mar.	7.0	16.2	71.2	9.2	25.9	1.4	3.5	29.9
	Apr.	5.5	4.5	68.7	0.5	25.4	9.1	0.8	21.1
	May	5.4	8.0	70.2	-3.9	21.1	9.0	0.6	20.3
	June	5.7	3.8	66.7	5.2	11.4	20.2	3.8	20.3
	July	6.0	5.4	69.8	1.6	23.4	16.9	3.2	21.6
	Aug.	7.8	6.3	67.0	-1.9	20.5	19.3	0.1	20.5
	Sept.	5.8	2.4	62.7	3.5	27.2	31.4	-0.6	26.1
	Oct.	4.7	4.2	66.7	6.4	27.6	25.4	0.7	31.0
	Nov.	6.9	6.8	66.9	-2.7	20.4	15.8	-3.7	23.6
	Dec.	4.2	1.4	64.2	6.5	20.6	23.7	-2.5	23.2
2026	Jan.	2.7	-1.9	55.4	-2.2	32.6	17.3	-1.7	23.5
	Feb.	8.5	6.3	74.8	3.3	23.3	15.5	-5.0	29.4
	Mar.	5.5	-0.7	64.3	2.2	20.4	31.5	0.3	24.1

Source: Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM)

**Table 2: M1 Monetary Aggregates in Malaysia
(January 2025 – March 2026)**

Year	Month	M1 (RM billion)	Year-on-Year (%)
2025	Jan.	663.3	3.8
	Feb.	661.9	3.4
	Mar.	667.5	3.4
	Apr.	662.9	3.8
	May	663.1	4.4
	June	681.6	6.1
	July	680.2	6.8
	Aug.	679.5	6.6
	Sept.	694.3	7.7
	Oct.	693.5	7.5
	Nov.	700.5	6.9
	Dec.	726.3	9.0
2026	Jan.	722.2	8.9
	Feb.	727.8	10.0
	Mar.	743.4	11.4

Source: Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM)

Released by:

**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA
11 MAY 2026**